The Daily Morning Post.

THOS. PHILLIPS & WM. H. SMITH, EDITORS.

PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 4.

☞ The American has already uttered a threat of making a *yearling* of T J Bigham, Esq, member elect to the Legislature. This threat is made, we believe, because Mr B does not admit very readily the right of Nova Scotians and other quondam subjects of Great Britain, to break up the whig organization, and let them form a *native* party for the benefit of a few interlopers, who have been in our city but a few months. From the impudent tone of the American, we infer that it has the promise of help from some influential quarter, that is opposed to Mr Bigham's advancement. But it is yet to be seen whether the *squatters* and "furriners" will succeed in breaking Mr B. down.

Mr James Gracey, whose name was affixed to the whig address, has published a card denying all knowledge of the paper, until he saw it in print. Inasmuch as we noticed Mr G's connection with the address, and called attention to the inconsistency of his conduct, we consider it our duty to publish his card of explanation. Here it is:

The Whig Address.

Mr. Middleton: The address published in the Gazette, purporting to be from the Whig Committee, I had no hand in framing, I did not advise its issue, authorise my name to be affixed to it, nor see it until it was published, nor have I acted with that committee since placing my name to the constitution of the American Republican Association of Allegheny county.

Yours, &c. James Gracey.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 2, 1844.

Nothing yet from Mr Wm. Bayne. Some curiosity is manifested to know whether he has abandoned his "Bible and his Flag," and again joined himself to Clay and the other whig idols.

Queer Discussion.—The editors of the New York Mirror have a dispute on hand with one of their correspondents who signs himself "A very plain man," as to who it is that supports the "upper crust" houses of ill-fame in New York. The plain man maintains that they are kept up by the very rich men, who, he says, are the most vicious. He also proves that they are not frequented nor supported by the poorer or middling class. The Mirror very adroitly draws the principal odium of encouraging the vice complained of from both classes of New Yorkers, and throws it upon "strangers in town," who are kept under "exemplary restraint, under the Argus eyes of small towns and villages." The Mirror tells of "a country gentleman" who complained that the very "announcement of a visit to New York was enough to lower every eyebrow upon a man in the village where he lived." The statements and arguments of the Mirror would be very much sought after by the village gossips of the interior of the Empire State.

☞ There are a great many good things in the Correspondence of the N Y Mirror. Here is a pleasant paragraph. It is a question whether the postscript adds to its interest, or detracts therefrom:—"Returning last spring from London to New York, as we neared the Banks of Newfoundland, the deep sea lead, with the hollow of its lower end filled with clean tallow, was hove at regular intervals. At length it struck bottom with ninety fathoms (540 feet) of line out. The passengers gathered round to see what sort of ground would be brought up by it, and when it was hauled up, they saw sticking to the tallow, among the gravel and shells, an English *fourpenny bit* of the coinage of William the Fourth! The lucky sailor who had hove the lead and drawn up the fourpence from that great depth, soon surrendered his bit of silver to one of the passengers in exchange for a dollar. The relic might have come from some ship which had there gone down, or might have been dropped overboard by some emigrant in one of the thousand vessels which yearly pass over that ocean highway. G.

P. S. On reading over what I have written, I find that I forgot to state that though there was no doubt of the silver four-pence having been brought up on the lead from the bottom of the sea, yet that fact is rendered less remarkable by the subsequent confession of the sailor that had silly attached the piece to the lead *before it went down.*"

Mr Buchanan.—This gentleman, while on his way from Lancaster to Washington city, was greeted with the warmest expressions of esteem at all the towns on his rout. But few public men in the country possess so large a share of the confidence of the people as Mr Buchanan. In his own state, not even his political opponents, can refrain from doing him honor and admitting his honest devotion to the welfare of the people. There is no statesman in the country who is more sincerely esteemed by his constituents, nor who is more admired by true republicans of every shade of political opinion.

Col. Benton Re-elected.—It will be gratifying to all who love to see talents, energy, and faithfulness to the cause of Democracy rewarded, to learn that the Hon Thos. H. Benton has been re-elected to the Senate. A portion of the Democrats formed an unholy alliance with the whigs last summer, with the view of electing legislators hostile to Col. B., and thus compass his defeat. The result of this election is a signal and shameful defeat of this most shameful coalition.

The Hon. D R Atchison was also elected to fill the vacancy caused by the death of the Hon L F Linn.

☞ We heartily subscribe to the following ideas about reading aloud. It is strange that a practice, in every way so full of advantage to both young and old, should not have been adopted and cultivated in every family; to the exclusion of the many insipid, not to say injurious modes of killing time, which now prevail:

Reading Aloud.—Charles Kemble has been reading Shakspeare to London audiences, and it would be well if, from among the thousands who listened to him, a few could be induced to carry the practice into private life. We know of no accomplishment so valuable as that of reading "with good emphasis and discretion," of catching the meaning and spirit of an author, and conveying them to others with a distinct and intelligible utterance; and yet, strange to say, there is no department of modern education so much neglected. Indeed, so general is this neglect, that scarcely one young lady or gentleman in a dozen who boast of having "finished" their education, can, on being requested, read aloud to a private company with that ease and graceful modulation which is necessary to the perfect appreciation of the author. There is either a forced and unnatural mouthing, a hesitating and imperfect articulation, or a monotony of tone so thoroughly painful, that one listens with impatience, and is glad when some excuse present itself for his absence. Whatever may be the imperfections of our school tuition, this defect is rather to be attributed to a want of taste, and consequent neglect of practice on the part of grown-up individuals, than to any defect in their elementary training. There may be a deficiency of good models; but the main evil arises from the unequal value which seems to be attached to good reading as compared with music, dancing, and other fashionable acquirements. Why it should be so, we discover no good cause, but, on the contrary, see many substantial reasons why reading aloud should be cultivated as one of the most useful and attractive of domestic accomplishments.

Holiday Present.—The publishers of the New York Mirror, issued, on the 1st inst, an edition of the *Mirror Library*, comprising, as they say, "the best contributions to the Literature of Europe and America ever collected in one volume." The selections are made by Willis, and this alone is a guaranty that they are of the first order. The price is five dollars. See advertisement.

An infant, supposed to be three months old, was found a few days since in Darby creek, Chester, Pa., enclosed in a grain sack, with three large stones. A colored man, named Harris, has been arrested on suspicion of being the murderer.

Pretty Good.—The Woonsocket Patriot heads its advertising department with this pithy line. It is full of good practical sense: "Here plant your dimes and pluck your dollars."

☞ Speculation is busily engaged in making up a cabinet for President Polk, but it is pretty much confined to the Whig public. It is not probable that Col. Polk will try very hard to please this querulous portion of this community.

By all Means!—It is suggested in the N Y News, that the first duty of the "Native" Members of Congress elected from Pennsylvania and this city, should be to take down the portrait of Lafayette which fronts that of Washington in the Hall of Representatives in the Capitol. Of course—by all means. And let the motion be amended so as to demolish the monument of *Pulaski*, at West Point, and change the name of "*Kosciusko's* Garden."

A Noble Reply.—The following is the reply of Josiah Quincy, the whig candidate for Mayor of Boston, to the interrogatories of a Native American Committee:

Boston, 22d Nov., 1844.

Gentlemen—Your favor of yesterday, requesting my opinion of the second Article of the Constitution of the American Association, is before me. In reply, I can only say, that if called to the office of Mayor, I shall do all in my power to preserve the purity of our Elections, and to enforce all laws on the subject that now are, or hereafter may be in existence. As to the modifications proposed on those laws, I have not as yet attained so definite a conclusion on their policy, as to render me willing to allow my fellow-citizens to vote for me on the ground that I am pledged to advocate any particular change.

The gentlemen who have done me the honor of placing me in nomination have not required of me, any disclosure of my sentiments, or any pledge as to my policy; and the only one I can give to my fellow-citizens, is that which is contained in the oath of office, "faithfully and impartially to discharge and perform all the duties incumbent upon me, according to the best of my ability and understanding."

I am respectfully,

JOSIAH QUINCY.

[Signed]

Messrs. Geo. W. Taylor,
Oliver Dimon,
Thomas Ford.

From the New York Herald.

THE MONEY MARKET.

The election of Col. Polk to the Presidency, settles all *hope* of the assumption of the debts of the States by the federal government. We say *hope*, because we do not believe, in any event of the late election, that these debts would have been assumed. The citizens of Pennsylvania will never, in any way, submit to pay the debts of the citizens of Illinois, whose *per capita* liabilities are more than twice as great as their own. Nor will the citizens of New York ever consent to pay the debts of the citizens of Pennsylvania, being, as they are, nearly double their own. The constitution, in the first place, absolutely forbids any such provision, and Congress and the Executive could not, if they would, arrogate to themselves the power. The evil nature of such a precedent would of itself preclude the idea. Where would such a thing stop? What inducement would be held out to future improvident legislation? But independent of any objection arising from constitutional law or abstract principle, the solvent States will never consent to pay the debts of the insolvent ones, simply because there is no reason why they should. They are, in this respect, wholly independent in reputation as they are in legislation; and in the eyes of persons who will take the trouble to inquire, the citizens of New Jersey or New Hampshire can never bear the blame of the insolvency of the State of Illinois or of Pennsylvania. The debt of each particular State, then, rests on the faith and honor of each particular State. And, in the name and honor of faith, is not this enough? Whence arises any doubts as to these debts being ultimately paid?—The case of Mississippi is altogether peculiar. In that State the Constitution contains a provision—would that it were inserted in every State constitution—that the people shall not be bound by any act of the legislature pledging the faith of the State, unless such act shall be submitted to, and passed upon, by the people themselves in their primary capacity. The act in question creating the Mississippi debt was passed by the legislature only, and not submitted to the people.—More accurately stated, the matter stands thus:—the people ratified the issue of fifteen millions of these bonds to stand security for the liabilities of the bank, in case the capital should be subscribed by third parties. The legislature directed the bonds to be sold, without waiting for the subscription of the capital, the proceeds paid into the bank; and the people thus became principal stockholders in the institution, instead of security for a capital subscribed by private persons. If this statement of the case is correct (and we believe it is) how can a question arise? How can the people be bound when they have expressly declared they will not be bound. They have published their power of attorney (their constitution) to the world. Their agents have acted in the teeth of it, and yet it is pretended they are holden. This certainly is neither law nor equity. It never can be asserted that foreigners are not to be held to a knowledge of our State constitutions. "Ignorance of the law excuseth no man," is a maxim to which all should be held. The constitution is the declaration of the fundamental will of the people, and all persons dealing with the people must be supposed to be conversant with its provisions.—Hard as it may fall on the creditor, the provision in question is far too important to be slighted with impunity. Were the sum ever so trifling, the people should not permit the precedent of a fundamental clause in their constitution being treated as if it did not exist at all. If any legal doubt exists, as to the liability of the State, or the constitutionality of the act, the question should be submitted, *ex gratia*, to the Supreme Court of the United States, and the State should abide their decision. But in Pennsylvania, and we believe in every other State, this answer cannot be made. They have created their liabilities through their legally authorized agents; they have received the money and they *must* pay it. It is said, in some cases, that the bonds or certificates have been sold under par, contrary to the provision of acts by which they were authorized. This can offer no legal or moral reason for not paying what the States have actually received—nay, more, all that they have promised, if it be that they have promised more than reached the treasury. The question lies in a nut shell. The States have received large sums of money and promised to pay them—it does not belong to them, and their promises are extant—let them pay it where it does belong, and maintain their faith and honor.

We have another panic in the stock market, and prices of "fancies" within the last two days have simultaneously, here and at New York, fallen off from 1 to 5 per cent. These fluctuations are becoming to be pretty well understood. The real substantial holders have learned from dear-bought experience, that it is better to wait until they see the alleged *causes* which are to affect prices, than to anticipate the *effect* by acting upon some interested individual's wish. The market is rarely free from those who either wish to raise or depress prices; and in the latter operation nothing is more effectual than some bugaboo story, leaving the impression that prices are soon to be lower, and a large *show* of sales, the majority of which are probably adjusted without the passage of a single dollar between the parties.

"You're a queer chicken," as the hen said when she hatched out a duck.

New Counterfeit.—An extract from the office of Thomson's Bank Note Reporter, says that counterfeit $5 notes of the Northampton (Mass) Bank, exceedingly well executed, are in circulation. The Reporter remarks—

"Police Officer Bowyer has just shown us $100 of these notes, and says that he could have sold them at any office in Wall street, the brokers all pronouncing them genuine.

"We learn that some have been put in circulation in the upper part of the city. They are as near like the genuine as possible—The engraving being the genuine work of the New England Bank Note Company—probably for some broken Bank.

"The officer's names are of a similar cast of writing, and there is something slightly suspicious about '*Northampton*' and '*Massachusetts.*'"

They Tried to Escape.—Speaking of the "Mier prisoners"—the Texan captives recently liberated at Perote, the Galveston News says, a portion of them were endeavoring so effect their escape from the castle when their release was made known to them. They were confined in four separate rooms, twenty-six in each; in one of the rooms they succeeded in cutting a hole through the wall sufficient for a man to get out and replace the rock, so as to leave no possible chance of detection. This had been done for several days, and they were daily secreting provisions for their flight, when Gov. Shannon visited the prison. Their object was made known to the Minister, who requested them to desist until his arrival at the capital, as it was his intention to make an effort to have them liberated.—The result of his influence in the cause of humanity was made manifest by their immediate release, which no doubt prevented the loss of several lives and the endurance of many hardships and difficulties, they would have had to encounter before effecting their escape from the country.

From the Georgia Federal Union.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

The result of the recent election in this State for Congressmen, and members of the State Legislature, (who choose the Presidential Electors,) is as follows:

	Democrats.	Whigs.
Senate,	42	00
House,	124	00
Dem. mj on j't ballot	166	00

Of the Congressional Delegation, the Democrats have elected the whole. The popular vote stands:—Democrats about 50,000; Whigs 3,045; Democratic majority about 47,000.

☞ There is a most characteristic difference in the way a man and a woman take to introduce a desired topic: the one, like a knight, claps spurs to his steed, and rides straight into the field; the other, like an Indian, fights behind cover, and watches her opportunity: the knight often misses the enemy, the Indian never. L. E. L.

Virginia Legislature—Political Information.—We take the following from the Norfolk Beacon of Thursday:

"The Legislature of Virginia meets on Monday.—The election of a Senator of the United States for six years from the 4th of March, 1835, will devolve upon the General Assembly. There is said to be a *tie* on joint ballot, owing to the change of position of Mr. Bowden, of Williamsburg, since the last session of the Legislature. James City, York and William-burgh, the election district, each gave a whig majority at the Presidential election. One of the delegates from Mecklenbug is a whig, but pledged, it is said, to vote for Senator as the county went at the Presidential election. It gave a majority of 349 for Polk.

"The seats of the members from Bath and Pendleton were contested by their whig competitors last spring. The majority of the returned member from Bath was one, and of Mr Hiner from Pendleton, two. A correspondent of the Richmond Enquirer, writing from Franklin in the last named county, on the 7th of November, says the contest for a seat in the next Legislature from this county is withdrawn by the whig contestant."

A Boy Strangled.—A correspondent of the Mobile Advertiser, under date of the 14th inst., from Claiborne, (Ala.) gives the details of the death of a lad named H. C. Steele, under these circumstances:—

"He was in the daily habit of amusing himself by swinging himself on a rope suspended from the limb of a tree near the dwelling of his parents. The day on which he came to his death being rainy, he went to an outhouse by himself, with the evident intention of indulging in his favorite amusement. Nothaving rope enough to form a loop of sufficient size to admit his body, he untwisted the lower end, tying a knot in the same, after fastening the other to a joist above, and was probably attempting to balance himself in the opening through the strands of the line, when the staging (an old trunk placed on end) he had erected to get within its reach gave way, leaving him suspended by the neck, and thus strangled to death before assistance could reach him or even before he was discovered.—He was eleven years and four months old—was the youngest child of Stephen and Elizabeth Steele."

How large is Texas!—It contains 318,600 square miles, and is full as large as the following States united:

	Sq. miles.	Pop. in 1840
Louisiana,	48,000	852,411
Mississippi,	48,000	375,651
Alabama,	50,000	590,767
Georgia,	62,000	694,392
S. Carolina,	33,000	614,398
Virginia,	97,000	1,239,797
Total,	311,000	3,844,505

Mr Polk and the office seekers.—For the next four months James K. Polk need expect very little peace. He will be, terribly afflicted, in the language of astrology, by the troops of office-seekers, and expectants, some of whom have already started on a pilgrimage to Tennessee, not having the patience to wait till Mr Polk shall arrive at Washington. It is fortunate for this gentlemen that he possesses sufficient closeness to keep his own counsel, and enough firmness to follow his own judgement, otherwise he would fall, like General Harrison, a victim to the incessant annoyances of office Beggars. The only chance for peace left him would be to decamp immediately, take a journey to Texas, travel incog, do anything by which he would escape the appeals, solicitations and importunities of this hungry hoarde. The individuals who have taken so early an opportunity to annoy him will probably come back as wise as they went, having the expenses of their journey for their pains. A fellow of this kind, before the election, visited Col Polk, in Tennessee, and endeavored to extort a promise, in case of the success of the Democratic party, that he should be continued in office. After talking for an hour, the anxious man, "Well Colonel, what do you say to this?" "Why," replied Mr Polk, "when you talk it is a *great pleasure to listen.*'

Shooting.—There resides in Front street a gentleman who, in Castle Garden, fired a rifle at sixty yards distance into a centre, and in a successive shot another ball on the other, so as to fasten them together: The same person, at the Thatched Cottage, Jersey city, made a trifling wager of 16 to 1, that he would with a duelling pistol shoot into the size of a dollar at 15 yards distance. He hit the exact centre, drove the nail, and had a sixpenny piece placed on the centre, and its edge traced with a penknife; the centre could not have been cut out more perfectly. He has also hit a visiting card 13 times in 15 shots at 10 paces. He has killed at sea 12, patrols in 14 shots; the size of the body of this bird is so small that it is impossible to hit it. The sailors are very superstitious regarding this bird, and many view their destruction with fear. *N Y Gazette.*

Old-Fashioned Wit and Courage.—A revolutionary patriot used to relate an anecdote of a man he knew when a boy, who had been a soldier in the old French war. On one occasion, the English, aided by the colonial militia, of which he was one, were besieging a French fort somewhere in or near Canada. In front was a space of the forest levelled by a tornado, and beneath the fallen trunks the besiegers sought shelter from the sharp fire of the fort—all save this one man. Like another Ethan Allen, he stood upon a tree elevated above the rest, returning the enemy's fire. His comrade below hailed him to know if he had any bullets to spare, as he was out. The reply was, "Hang you, come up here; you can catch a handful a minute!"

The Serenade.—The Cleveland (Ohio) Herald has a long piece of poetry with this title. The affair is described in the regular way. We give a verse or two:

Dismal sound has struck ill
Upon the tympans—hark!
Sounds it like a cuckle?
Or sounds it like a bark?
"Oh ho!—Oh ho!
Above—below!

Billing and cooing!—My eyes, here's a go!
Night is the time for prowling and creeping!
Night is the time when the old 'un is sleeping!
Whoever he is, he means to trepan her.
Ha! ha! my lad, I've caught you now sir!
Hark away there, seek him Towser!"

'That shout is my daddy's, that bark is old Towser's
Fly! Romeo! fly! for he's dreadful on trowsers."

Vanished quick, has the "minstrel boy,"
Over the fence you'll find him—
The old 'un shouting, "Seek!" "Suboy!"
Towser close behind him.

"Hark! hillaloo there—Seek him old Tow!
"Hark! hillaloo there!"—Bow, wow! wow wow!"
"Ha! ha! what a fright! how rapid his flight!
Ha! ha! swing a nimble dear!
C! 'tis my delight of a shiny night
In the season of the year!"

Flying through the air.—Mr Arago says that the atmospheric pressure principle, may be so applied as to insure safe transit, at the rate of six leagues a minute, or one thousand miles an hour.

THE MARKETS.

Saturday Morning, Nov. 23.

The transactions in Cotton yesterday were again on a very limited scale, having scarcely reached 2000 bales, part of which was taken for England and the remainder for the North. The market exhibits great heaviness, and prices are constantly tending in favor of buyers. We quote Louisiana and Mississippi. Ordinary 4 to 4¼; Middling to Good Middling 5 to 5¾; Middling Fair 5¾ to 5¾; Fair 6 to 6¼; Good Fair 7 to 7¼.

During the fore part of the day the weather was wet and disagreeable, but towards noon it cleared up and some business was transacted on the Levee. The demand for Sugar continues good, and sales are readily effected at our previous quotations. Molasses is likewise in good request, and moves off quickly at 20 to 20½c per gallon, the purchases being chiefly on Northern account.

The Four market remains dull, and is plentifully supplied. We quote Ohio $4 06¾ Missouri $4 12½ to $4 25. Business in the Provision Market was small, prices are about the same as before quoted.

Sales of new crop Rio Coffee have been made within the past two days to the extent of about 2000 bags, at 6¾c. for a good article. Two more cargoes arrived yesterday, comprising about 12,000 bags.

N. O. Picayune.

DEMOCRATIC
Mass Meeting and Jubilee.

A grand Mass Meeting of the Democracy of Pittsburgh and vicinity, will take place at Broadhurst's Lot, on WEDNESDAY, the 4th inst., at 6 o'clock, P M., at which it is expected that Wilson M'Candless, Esq., will preside; and many distinguished Speakers will be present.

Upon this cheering occasion let the Democracy turn out One and All, and testify their gratification at the glorious triumph which has rolled on from Maine to Louisiana, and secured forever to our favored country, equal privileges to all; Oregon, Texas, a sound and permanent Protective Tariff; and has chained the *Bank Hydra* to the people's footstool, for at least a *Thousand years.*

As this will be, perhaps, the last opportunity at which

FRANCIS R. SHUNK,

The Governor elect, can appear before the public, previous to his inauguration, let all come to cheer him onward in his path of executive duty and honor,

Immediately after the Meeting, sumptuous suppers will be on the table at the Washington Hotel and the United States Hotel, of which every Democrat who can make it convenient, is expected to partake.

A S Nicholson,	S M'Kee,
Thos Fasley,	Henry M'Cullough,
John Anderson,	William Wilson,
R H Patterson,	Andrew Scott,
Wm Lehmer,	Wm Wilson,
John Keown,	John Sarber,
H S Magraw,	Alex Breckenridge,
J K Moorhead,	Geo W Bradley,
Wm Porter,	H Sproul,
Chas Barnett,	J Howarth,
John Divitt,	Henry Rea,
Peter Scully,	Daniel Wearts,
W M Edgar,	Ewd Fenderich,
H Blanchard,	W C Hern,
P M'Cormick,	G R Riddle,
James Ormston,	John Murray,
Wm Jenkins,	John M'Devitt,
John D Miller,	G W Lane,
L G Robinson,	Samuel M'Kelvy.

ALEXANDER BRACKENRIDGE, Ch'm.
Geo. W. Layng, Sec'y.

Pittsburgh, November 30th, 1844.

Died,

On Yesterday morning, Mrs Susannah Trovillo, wife of Wm Trovillo. The funeral will take place this afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from her husband's residence 4th st, near Wood.

MAGNIFICENT HOLIDAY PRESENT.

Will be Published on the 1st of December,

AN EDITION OF THE

MIRROR LIBRARY,

Complete in one Volume, and elegantly bound;

PRICE, FIVE DOLLARS.

The MIRROR LIBRARY comprises the best contribution to the LITERATURE of EUROPE AND AMERICA ever collected in one volume. The choicest gems in

PROSE AND POETRY

of some of the most brilliant and popular writers of the age—making in all about

ONE THOUSAND PAGES,

in the most beautiful sterotype. This Library has received the highest praise of literary press throughout the country—and as a GIFT BOOK for the

APPROACHING HOLIDAYS,

it is far more valuable and appropriate than most of the *ephemeral* works prepared for

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS.

For sale, wholesale and retail, by

MORRIS, WILLIS & FULLER,

at the Mirror Office, corner of Ann & Nassau sts.

Also, by J. S. REDFIED, *Clinton Hall*, corner of Beekman and Nassau streets.

N. B.—The usual discount allowed to booksellers.

New York, Nov. 21.

JOHN S. HAMILTON,

Attorney at Law,

OFFICE, North side of Fifth street, between Wood and Smithfield streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

N. B. Collections made on reasonable terms.

dec 4-1y

Fresh and Desirable Goods,

At Wholesale, at No. 107, Wood street.

THE Subscribers are now receiving a great variety of New, Desirable and Seasonable Dry Goods, which have been recently purchased under the most favorable circumstances, and at reduced prices.

Merchants are invited to call and examine our Stock, as we think we are prepared to sell them good bargains in the way of Dry Goods.

W M'COOPER & Co.

dec 3d—3tw.

1500 Bbls. No. 1 SALT; In Store and for sale by SAM'L. M. KIER,

nov 14 Canal Basin, near 7th street.

Wanted,

A YOUNG man under instructions to the Tailoring business. Inquire at this Office.

Lectures on Universal Philosophy.

OR the Science of the connexions of all the Sciences, Natural, Human and Divine, with explanations of the Laws of Being, Life, Health, Beauty, and Development.

THE MANIKIN,

Or, Artificial Man, dissected, and the important parts passed among the audience; most splendid Paintings on Geology, exhibited and explained, covering a surface of 1000 feet; three or four hundred fine engravings of Physiology, &c, presented to each auditor attending the Lectures; exhibitions of Flowers and Animals with the Magic Lantern, interspersed with Recitations by

PROF. BRONSON, A. M., M. D.,

In Duquesne Hall, over the Post Office,

Every Tuesday and Thursday evening according to patronage; commencing Dec 3d, at 7 o'clock.

Readings of first night—Extracts from Shakespeare, Milton and Thompson; National Glory, (Clay;) Liberty and Union, (Webster,) with presentations of engravings; exhibitions of Manikin, Geological Paintings, &c.

From an experience of nearly 20 years in the various branches of his profession, he anticipates giving satisfaction to those who may favor him with a call. Office and residence, corner of Seventh and Smithfield streets, Pittsburgh.

French Letter Paper.

C. H. KAY, corner of 3d and Wood, has received a small lot of French Letter paper, made entirely of linen, a very superior article—also, on hand a large and complete assortment of American letter and Foolscap paper. (dec 3.)

ARTISTS' Oil and Water Colors just received and for sale at the drug warehouse of

JONA. KIDD & CO.,

dec 3 No 60, cor. of 4th and Wood sts.

JUST received, 5 bbls Alcohol, and for sale at the drug store of JONA KIDD & CO.

dec 3

By the desire of numerous Ladies and Gentlemen of this city,

MR. AND MRS. RANDALL, THE

SCOTCH GIANT AND GIANTESS,

And their diminitive companion,

GEN. TOM THUMB,

Will remain three days longer at the EAGLE HOTEL, on Third street, between Wood and Market, as they positively leave on Thursday, on their way South.

All those who wish to honor them with their visits, we advise them to loose no time in doing so.

Hours of exhibition from 10 to 1, from 2 to 5 and from 6 to 9 in the evening.

Price of Admission, 25 cents; children half price.

dec 3-3t

Splendid Annuals for 1845.

THE GIFT, for 1845; a Christmas, New Years' and Birthday present, magnificently bound and illustrated with eight beautiful engravings.

Leaflets of Memory: an Annual for 1845, edited by Reynell Coates, M. D., bound in the most elegant manner, and embellished with twelve splendid illustrations.

Friendship's Offering, for 1845: a Christmas, New Year's and Birthday present, beautifully bound and embellished with nine highly finished engravings, by the first artists.

The Opal: a Christmas gift for the holydays, edited by Mrs. Sarah Josepha Hale, and illustrated with eight fine engravings.

The Hawthorn: a Christmas and New Year's present for 1845, splendidly bound and embellished with ten beautiful illustrations.

The Casket: a Souvenir for 1845, consisting of choice selections from all the most popular authors in the world, and elegantly illustrated.

The Literary Souvenir, for 1845: a Christmas and New Years' present, finely bound and illustrated with ten engravings.

The Magnolia: a beautiful Christmas and New Years present, edited by Henry W. Herbert, and illustrated with numerous engravings.

The Hyacinth, for 1845: or Affection's Gift, designed for a Christmas and New Year's present, splendidly bound and embellished with numerous engravings, from the best artists.

The Youth's Keepsake: a New Year's and Christmas gift, for young people, with colored engravings.

The Drawing Room Annual: a present for all seasons, illustrated with several highly finished engravings.

Book of Christian Ballads: The illustrated book of Christian Ballads, and other poems, edited by Rufus W. Griswold.

Illustrated Book of British Ballads: The book of British Ballads, edited by S. C. Hall, Esq., F. R. S., magnificently bound.

The above for sale at the wholesale and retail book and paper warehouse of

CHARLES H. KAY,

dec 3 corner of 3d and Wood sts.

Consumptives, read the Wonderful Cures performed by Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

The wonderful cures performed by this invaluable medicine, in Pulmonary Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Croup, Spitting Blood, Liver Complaint, Pain in the Side and Breast, Tickling or Rising in the Throat, and all diseases of the Lungs, and Breast, have excited the astonishment of all who have witnessed its marvellous effects; there is no account of a medicine, from the earliest ages, furnishing a parallel; the almost miraculous cures effected by this extraordinary medicine are unprecedented.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONY.

Dr Swayne, Dear Sir:—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburgh, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c. &c. which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as an incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing, in one of the public prints, an advertisement of DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, procured me one bottle from Francis M'Clure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere teanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine.

Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewistown, Del.

BE CAUTIOUS to ask for the original and only genuine preparation from this valuable tree. DR. SWAYNE'S Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, whose office is removed to the North West corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

For sale by Dr Wm Thorn, Druggist and Apothecary Pittsburgh. nov 30

Magazines for December, and More New Works.

AT COOK'S, 85 Fourth St.

Graham's Magazine, for December;
Ladies' National Magazine, do.;
Ladies' Book, do.;
Arthur's Ladies' Magazine, do.;
Little's Living Age, No 27;
Illustrated Shakespeare, No 33;
Merry's Museum, for November;
Jno Manesty, the Liverpool Merchant, by the late Dr Maguire;
The Beautiful Unknown, by Professor Ingraham;
Onslow, or the Protege of an enthusiast, an historical tale, by a gentleman of Alabama.
The Belle of Boston, by Henry Hazell, author of the Burglars;
The United States Almanac, for 1845, a very useful Almanac for the coming year;
Afloat and Ashore, or the adventures of Miles Wallingford, by J Fenimore Cooper, now complete;
Beauty, by Walker, with engravings;
The Whist Player's Hand Book, also containing Boston and Euchre;
The Pretty Alphabet for Children;
All the Almanacs, for 1845;
Eastern Newspapers for this week;
Almanacs by the Gross, Dozen or Single;

Call at Cook's 85 4th st. and examine for yourselves. No charge for looking. Dec 3

EXHIBITION,

Of nearly one hundred Ancient Italian and Flemish Oil Paintings by Old Masters.

JUST IMPORTED FROM EUROPE.

THIS Grand Gallery of Art, consisting of nearly a hundred pieces of various subjects, viz:—Scripture, History, Portrait, Landscape; Sea, Battles, Animals, Flowers, Fish, &c.

And comprising specimens from the pencil of Reubens, Rosa, Caracci, Guercino, Cortona, Correggio, Durer, Baptiste and others are now on exhibition, and will continue for a few days at the Philo Hall, Fourth street.

Hours from 6 A M, until 4 P M, and from 7 until 9 in the evening, except Saturday evening. Admittance 25 cents; Tickets entitling visitors to the freedom of the exhibition during its continuance, 50 cts.

The proprietor respectfully solicits the patronage of this community, and trusts the display his collection affords will amply compensate the visitor.

N B The above paintings are for sale at reasonable prices. nov 26

WESTERN EXCHANGE,

NO 9 MARKET, AND 74 FRONT STREET.

JUST RECEIVED, via. Baltimore, a small lot prime *Purton Bay Leviathan Oysters*, a very delicious article.

The above establishment has constantly on hand, and will continue to receive, through the Winter season, semi-weekly, (through in 36 hours) all the variety of *Duck Creek, Chesapeake and Delaware Bay* shell and can Oysters, with such luxuries as the Eastern markets may afford, served up at short notice, in every style.

The cellars and Bar amply supplied with the choicest *Wines and Liquors*—Shiras's *unequalled Ale, brewed to order* always on drought.

nov 30-1md HAWKINS.

83 Market Street, Pittsburgh.

B. E CONSTABLE, respectfully invites the attention of his customers to a new lot of splendid French Broche Shawls Mode, blue and green ground, all wool, just imported; Rich Turkerri Shawls, newest style of patterns, do Cashmere, do new style at $9 worth $14; high colored Gala Plaids, blue Plaid Felisse Cloth; 5 cases Calicoes at 6¼, 8, 9, 10, and 12½ cts. per yd., received to day. nov 5

RED LION

CLOTHING STORE.

NO. 163, LIBERTY STREET,

Third door from the corner of 6th street.

The Proprietor of this New Establishment, respectfully informs the public that he has lately returned from Philadelphia, where he purchased the most splendid assortment of

SEASONABLE GOODS

Ever offered in this city, all of which he intends manufacturing into

Ready Made Clothing,

and to order, at the

SHORTEST NOTICE.

Having employed the best workmen—Cutters and Sewers—he will warrant all garments, made at his Establishment, to be equal both in make and materials to any other establishment of the kind in this city; his stock of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, SATTINETS, CASSINETTS, VELVETS, SATINS, VALENCIAS,

and other

VESTINGS,

Cannot be surpassed by any other establishment in Pittsburgh.

His stock of

READY MADE CLOTHING,

at this present time is complete and cannot fail to please the taste of every class of purchasers who wish to purchase to the best advantage; he therefore, invites the public and Country Merchants, to visit his establishment before they purchase elsewhere. He has at present

FINE CLOTH DRESS and FROCK COATS, OVER COATS of FRENCH BEAVER,

AND

PILOT CLOTHS,

A most splendid assortment, of

FRENCH AND ENGLISH TWEED SACK COATS,

Of all sizes, for Men and Boys;

PANTALOONS AND VESTS,

Of all sizes and quality to suit purchasers.

ROUNDABOUTS, WARMESSES, SHIRTS AND DRAWERS, SILK HANDKERCHIEFS,

And the finest Merino do., and Slips, a great variety of

SUSPENDERS, GLOVES, HOSE

And

HANDKERCHIEFS,

All of which he is prepared to exhibit and

OFFER FOR SALE

On the most moderate terms for Cash

AT THE

Red Lion Clothing Store.

OBSERVE THE SIGN OF

THE RED LION.

LAWRENCE MITCHELL.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 19, 1844—3md.

Cotton.

30 BALES damaged Cotton, for sale by JAMES MAY.

nov 29

Shot.

50 KEGS Shot, assorted numbers, for sale by JAMES MAY.

nov 29

Castor Oil.

35 BBLS. Cold Press Castor Oil, for sale low to close consignment. JAMES MAY.

nov 29

Tar.

40 BBLS. Tar, for sale by JAMES MAY.

nov 29