other, early in June, and painted the wounded part with white lead, to keep out the moisture, then split open the bark, by running a sharp pointed knife from the ground to the first set of limbs, in the latter part of the same month, which prevents the tree from becoming bark bound and gives the inner wood an opportunity of expanding. In July, I pluned one peck of oyster-shell lime around each tree, and left it piled about the trunk until November, when I dug the lime in thoroughly. The following year I collected from those trees 1,700 barrels of fruit, some of which was sold in New York for $4, and the balance in London at $9, per barrel. Strange as it may appear, they are literally bending to the ground with the finest fruit I ever saw, a specimen of which is before you. The other trees in my orchard, not treated as above, are barren, next year being their bearing year.

ROBERT L. PELL.

The Daily Morning Post.

THOS. PHILLIPS & WM. H. SMITH, EDITORS.

PITTSBURGH, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 30.

NATIVISM IN MARYLAND.—The Baltimore Clipper has hoisted the Native American flag, and for some time passed, has been advocating the doctrines of that party in a mild form, without an of the Churchburning predilections evinced by some of the leaders in this city and elsewhere. The Clipper makes strong appeals to its friends to organize and take measures to effect an extension of the Naturalization Laws, but from its tone we should judge that its appeals meet with but small encouragement from the people, nor do we think that all its arguments will be sufficient to get up an excitement on the subject. We believe the people of Baltimore, view this narrow-minded and proscriptive portion, made up of the odds and ends of all parties and nations, that has impudently assumed the name of *Native American*, in the proper light, and that its illiberal and persecuting principles will receive no encouragement from them. In this city, where, a short time since, it threatened to carry every thing by storm, it and its *foreign* leaders have found their proper level, and are repudiated by prudent men of all parties. The reputable portion of the whigs will have nothing to do with them; even Deacon White cannot understand what they are good for, and the Nova Scotian of the American, who threw all his *fat* into the enterprise when it first started, is now drawing off. Nativism, as advocated by its present leaders, cannot thrive in the free soil of the United States, or find any favor among those who truly revere the liberal institutions of our country. It may be advocated by the bigots and persecutors imported from the old world, and those of our own country who are imbued with the anti-republican principles of foreign fanatics, but with the *true American*—the sincere lover of our free institutions, it can never find any favor.

DEMOCRATS TANNED FOR SKINNING COONS.—A whig Tanner in Buffalo, has discharged seventy of his workmen, because they helped to tan the coons at the late election. This is whiggery without disguise. In every city of the Union, they are practising the same species of persecution; by depriving democratic workmen of the means of furnishing their families with bread, they hope to convince them that the whigs are the friends of the workingmen.

We now admit that Mr Clayton was right, when he said in one of his speeches last summer, that the late contest was a question of *bread*. It was, indeed, a question of bread so far as the whig party was concerned. If the people would vote for Clay, Clayton and his party would permit them to earn their bread by the sweat of their brow; but if they did not, he and his friends would use every effort to *starve* them into an admission of the truth of his remark.

AMOS KENDALL.—We learn from the following that this veteran and sterling democrat has resolved to retire from the editorial Chair, and devote himself to other business less laborious and better suited to his time of life. During Mr. Kendall's connection with the Democratic press he has rendered essential service to the cause of the people, and his powerful mind has labored incessantly in exposing the errors of federalism, and defending the principles of Democracy against the assaults of those who wished to steal into power in opposition to the will of the people.

We hope his success in his new vocation may be commensurate with his high merits. His exalted integrity, scrupulous honesty, is admitted by his most bitter opponents, and will ensure him the confidence of all who desire to employ his services.

Mr. Kendall says:

"Our purpose is to devote ourself *constantly and faithfully* to the Agency business in this city (Washington) to the procuring of contracts, settlements of accounts, procuring of pensions and patents, and advocating just claims before the Executive Departments and Congress, and attending any business here of a public or private nature with which our friends and countrymen may think proper to entrust us.

"So far in life, we have served our friends and the public much more faithfully than we have ourself; and as the approach of old age admonishes us that we shall not be able to serve any body much longer, may we not hope that our friends and the public will not only excuse us for giving a different direction to our labors, but aid us to make those labors conducive to the comfort and happiness of ourself and family.

SERVANTS IN LIVERY.—The Philadelphia Sun, a Native paper, notices the "elegant turnouts," lately got up in New York, which are attended by servants in livery. This anti-republican innovation has no terrors for the Sun, who notices it without reproof. The Sun sees no danger to our institutions in this miserable aping after the customs of monarchies—it sees no degradation in putting upon a free citizen of this republic, a badge of servitude. But the Sun is alarmed lest some of those who have been compelled to endure oppression in a foreign land should feel a noble desire to free themselves from thraldom and attain the equal rights of man. We are willing to let all true republicans decide whether their liberty and our free institutions have not more to fear from those who would mark their fellow-citizens as an inferior class, by putting a livery upon them, than from those who desire to trample these badges of tyranny under foot, and assume the duties of freemen.

DEMOCRATIC JUBILEE.—The democrats of old Westmoreland, intend to have a grand Jubilee on Friday the 6th of December, in commemoration of the glorious triumph of Democracy, in the election of POLK, DALLAS and SHUNK. An Ox will be roasted on the occasion, and a number of addresses delivered by distinguished speakers, who are invited, and will be present.

☞ A correspondent of the Greensburgh Republican, recommends BENJAMIN BYERLY, Esq, of Westmoreland county, for the office of Marshal of W. D. Penn.

N. O. PICAYUNE.—This lively and interesting sheet appears in a new and beautiful dress, which adds much to its previously handsome appearance. Mr A C BULLITT, of the New Orleans Bee, has become a co-partner and co-editor in the concern, and will no doubt do his part in keeping up the high reputation of the Picayune.

TRICKS OF TRADE.—We noticed yesterday, the advertisement of a whig merchant, stating that since the election of Mr Polk, he had bought Goods in the eastern markets, cheaper than they had ever been purchased before. A democratic merchant just from Philadelphia, assures us that there is not a word of truth in the story about the fall in the price of Goods in the eastern markets, but on the contrary, he never knew prices higher, or the market more firm, than at the present season. So, the whig merchants *did not* buy as cheap as they say, and their advertisement is merely a trick of the trade, by which they expect to catch purchasers.

☞ The other night, as we were passing along the street, we observed a spot before us somewhat darker than the prevailing darkness, which proved to be a pile of coal. Just as we approached it, a young fellow was drawing near it on the opposite side, carelessly humming a tune. It was evident that he did not see the obstacle in his path, and we were about to warn him of the danger he was in, when we found he was singing that ill-natured coon song, "O Poor Jemmy Polk." Thought we, your tune will be changed presently; and the next moment, the musical coon was scrambling on all fours up the coal-pile. Although accustomed to climbing, the animal was very angry at his involuntary and sudden feat in that line, and began to discourse after the manner of Clay when he told Polk to go home. We left him making a soliloquy on the person who left the coal on the sidewalk, and went on reflecting on the contumacy of the coons in nicknaming the President in their nasty songs.

TENNESSEE.—The Nashville Union, of November 23, brings us the Official Returns of the late election in this State. As it is so close, it cannot fail to be interesting, (except to the losers of votes,) and we therefore copy it entire.

TENNESSEE ELECTORAL VOTE.

(OFFICIAL.)

H L Turney,	59,901	John Bell,	60,033
Levin H Coe,	59,902	G A Henry,	60,033
T A Anderson,	59,903	T A R Nelson,	60,028
G W Rowles,	59,904	R H Hynds,	60,020
J H Savage	59,903	John H Crozier,	60,028
J C Rogers,	59,903	T L Bransford,	60,024
J H Thomas,	59,903	D L Barringer,	60,029
D M Currin,	59,902	Neil S Brown,	60,032
Jos C Guild,	59,902	R L Caruthers,	60,032
L B Chase,	59,903	T R Jennings,	60,017
F P Stanton,	59,903	John D Tyler,	60,031
T Ewell,	59,901	Robertson Topp,	60,031
L C Haynes,	59,902	W T Haskell,	60,027

The above does not include 20 votes polled at Tait's precinct, in the county of Warren; 14 of which were given to the democratic candidates, and 6 to the whig candidates—which are not counted because they were made in a separate return, and not made in the time prescribed by law.

Aggregate vote of the State, 119,937.

RECAPITULATION.

East Tennessee,	18,986	15,717
Middle Tennessee,	27 030	30,905
West Tennessee,	14,005	12,295
	60,030	50,917
	59,917	
Clay's majority,	113	

☞ The New York Mirror has an article in regard to the exclusion of Americans from the Clubs of London, in which he shows how hard it is for Englishmen to surrender the prejudices, and see our country as it is. We extract:

"Another real difficulty is, that no mere passing traveller can realize the crowning glory of our country and of our institutions—the general diffusion of comfort and intelligence. A traveler is looking out for the salient points—something striking or marvellous—something that will tell in his book and his memory. A thousand comfortable or even elegant private dwellings that he might pass, would not make upon him so vivid an impression as one splendid palace—while the former would indicate a thousand families living in comfort and abundance, and the latter that there was one family of over-grown wealth with a presumption against possessing the average worth of the former, or even enjoying their average happiness.

LATER FROM MEXICO.

The New Orleans Picayune of the 17th instant, says.—We yesterday received advices from the city of Mexico as late as the 2d instant. The most important intelligence we have yet read is the refusal by the Mexican Executive to carry on the campaign against Texas. A majority of the committee to which the subject was referred reported that the Executive should be authorised to obtain a loan of three millions of dollars. On the 15th ult., this policy was strenuously advocated by Senors Tornel and Rodriguez, and was as earnestly opposed by Senors Segaceta and Russ. The vote was taken on the 26th of October, and the Chamber then refused, by a majority of 44 to 17, to entertain the *projet de loi*, recommended by the committee. The debate on the occasion is said to have been full of interest. The house was filled with spectators, who applauded the different speakers in their turn most vociferously. Those members opposed to the loan, maintained that to save the republic from the embarrassments and dangers with which she was menaced, there must be a complete change of ministry. We are confirmed in the belief that Santa Anna does not carry with him a majority of the best disposed part of the republic; but this portion of the Mexican population appears disposed to insist, as strongly as any, that Texas must be recovered. They make this a point of national honor; but in our humble opinion it is more the dictate of a national pride than of any reasonable expectation of success.

Those best informed in Mexican affairs think a revolution inevitable—many that the train is already laid, and that the explosion will be heard immediately.

The Minister of Finance, Trigueros, has resigned his position. Grievous charges had been made against him, and he had previously expressed his desire to retire from the administration, but the wishes of his associates in power induced him to remain.

Uruena, the miscreant who indicted an atrocious outrage upon a Frenchman at Matamoras, has been convicted and sentenced to eight years imprisonment. He has appealed, however, from the decision. Some of the Mexican papers assert that this man's crimes have been grossly exaggerated.

In Mexico there have been more Indian disturbances. An attempt was made to assassinate the Governor in his own house. Fortunately it was unsuccessful, and the criminal was himself killed. Various encounters between the Indians near Abiquich and the Mexicans had taken place, in which many men were killed. The Mexicans, as usual, attribute all these collisions to the enmity of the Americans, foolishly supposing that the Indians are supplied with their ammunition, &c., from the American trading posts.

The Censor of Vera Cruz announces the departure of President Santa Anna from his *hacienda* of Mango de Clavo, to meet his bride at Encero.

Senor D. Francisco Lombardo has been appointed provisionally Minister in place of Senor Trigueros, resigned.

STOCK GAMBLING.

The Ledger says:—"We have reason to believe that most of the recent sales are between what are known as speculators, and that comparatively few sales can be traced to persons who are selling stocks which were brought with the intention keeping them as productive investments; and in the purchasers, perhaps, even fewer are now buying with the view of holding them permanently. Ninty-nine out of a hundred of all those who have invested permanently in stocks, are quietly holding them. Those who are selling, and which make up the bulk of the sales reported, are those who make a business of hallying on the market—and who perhaps, consent to sell at a loss to day, in the hope that they may buy back the same stock at a loss lower price to-morrow If disappointed in this, they probably but lose what they gained the day before. So long as operations are confined to this circle of dealers, there is little in the quotations which shoul frighten beholders."

EFFECTS OF THE LATE ELECTION.—In addition to the many melancholy results recorded in the whig papers as following the election of Col. Polk, the Ohio Statesman has given us the subjoined. They are as bad as any furnished by the whig press:

"The worst of the story is, a young whig was engaged to be married, and the defeat of Clay so disarranged the monetary system of the country, that he sent word to his *love* that he feared starvation, and could not marry. She sent him an answer that she was "glad to see it," as a young Democrat had offered her his hand and heart, and she was gratified at the *change*.

Another. A whig physician was on his way to see a patient—hearing the news of Clay's defeat, he turned back, sending a messenger to the sick man's bed to inform him that as *medicine* would'nt take effect now, he declined calling. The sick man being a Democrat, the 'glorious' news cured him at once.

And still another. A whig minister being sent for to see a sick man in his last hours, returned this reply: As brother Bascom's certificate has failed to elect Mr. Clay, I have lost all confidence in the efficacy of prayer.

But greater calamities have occurred in the Eastern States. The Boston Post relates the subjoined startling and melancholy circumstance, which, is certainly a consequence of Clay's defeat:

"*More deplorable effects.*—Since the defeat of Mr. Clay, Mr. Crehore, the great PLAYING CARD MANUFACTURER, in N. York, has discharged 40 workmen.

MR. BUCHANAN.

CONGRESS meets at Washington, on Monday next, and we already see the arrival of many members announced. Senator Buchanan, we learn, reached Philadelphia, on his way to the seat of government, on Friday, where he was waited on by a committee of citizens, and invited to a meeting with the Democrats of the city and county, at their Reading Room. Last evening had been assigned for the meeting. We are gratified to state, that this distinguished champion of the republican cause is in the enjoyment of uninterrupted health and spirits. He enters upon the discharge of his senatorial labors with fresh incentives to vigorous and determined perseverance in the path of duty. Having made an early demonstration in favor of the annexation of Texas, and the occupancy of Oregon, as two great measures of National policy, the administration of Mr. Polk will find in him a willing and powerful defender.

In the late excited conflict Mr Buchanan performed yeoman's service on the "stump," and freely exercised his giant powers in sustaining James K Polk before the people. Friend and foe attested the efficiency of his labors. He will continue to sustain an intellectual supremacy in a sphere, where his labors found still more important to that Nation. With a chief at the head of affairs, so upright and enlightened as James K Polk, a large republican preponderance in the popular branch of Congress, and an advocate in the U S Senate so eloquent and patriotic as JAMES BUCHANAN—the new administration cannot fail to prove pre-eminently acceptable and useful to the country.—*Union.*

☞ The book publishers of New York are about to present a gold inkstand as a tribute of deserved esteem to the venerable authoress, Miss JANE PORTER, whose beautiful fictions have been so long and so widely popular. Of this lady an American traveller writing home from England says:

"We sincerely think we never have seen a woman so beloved and so fascinating. She is the idol of many different circles of very high rank, and passes her time in yielding, month after month to pressing invitations from her friends who love her." The same author states that Miss Porter, now more than 60 years old, is still in mourning for her first and only lover, who died when she was about twenty.

The Bride of the Strong Wind.—We stated last week, on the authority of the "Sentinel," that the English bride of the Ojibbeway Indian had returned to the parental roof, in consequence of the parties not having been able to agree, a gentleman who called upon us a few days ago, has informed us that this report is incorrect, he having seen a letter which the bride had written to her father, stating that the happy couple had landed at New York, and giving evidence that they were living on the most affectionate terms.

Liverpool Albion.

We are happy to hear our friend of the "wind" has not blown his wife up.

London Sunday Times.

The Giantess.—We were politely invited, says the Cincinnati Bulletin, by Dr Strader yesterday, to visit the Infimary in order to view the Kentucky Giantess, now under treatment there for a disease of the eyes.—She was born and raised in Fleming co, Ky, of poor parents. Her father is of ordinary size, her mother is under the common stature. The giantess is rather a good looking girl of 22 years of age, and is six feet eleven inches high, well built, having a proportion corresponding to her height. Her general health is good, and we are glad to hear that the skill of the physician has partially relieved her of the disease in her eyes. She has had an offer of marriage from one nearly her equal, but, for reasons not known, refused to wed. She has also been offered $3,000 per year by a company, who intended to have offered her as an exhibition, but she would on no consideration accept.—We are warranted, we believe, in saying that she is the largest woman in the world.

The Washington Monument.—A correspondent of the United States Gazette says:

"As there *is will* enough and *money* enough, waiting only for the signal, let Mount Vernon be presented to our second Washington, and with a four years' Presidential salary."

Would it not be quite as well, asks the Pennsylvanian, for the *monied* patriots of Philadelphia to complete the monument to the *first* Washington which has, to our discredit, remained so long untouched?

We must say, too, that we have a better opinion of Henry Clay than to suppose he would accept of a "four years' Presidential salary," as a kind of compensation for the loss of a four years' Presidential office.

No Going up in unpleasant Company.—Among the many foolish freaks of Millerism, one circumstance is related as having occurred in Portland, on the 23d, which resulted in the conversion of at least one sister from Millerism to common sense. The story runs thus:—The weak sister, with her weaker spouse, had repaired to the grave yard near Munjoy to await the looked for moment; and while waiting, the fond husband proposed to his wife (it seems she was a second wife) to assist him in disinterring the body of his first wife, that she too might accompany them upwards.—The wife started, and then pouting her lips at him, says—"No! If you want your old wife to go with you, take her and be hanged; I won't go with her, that I won't."

The *Presse* states that a curious phenomenon occupies at present the attention of the Persian *savans*.—There is living in the Rue d'Enfer a young operative who can only see by the light of the sun. After sunset he can distinguish no object, even if it be lighted by the most powerfully concentrated artificial light.—This infirmity baptised by the name of *Nyctalopie*, appears to be at present irremediable.

A Hard Winter.—It is prophesied in various quarters that the approaching winter will be very severe—that much suffering will exist among the poor of the Atlantic cities. Whether these predictions be accurate or not, it were well for all benevolent persons to give the matter a thought, and in time make suitable provision for the relief of their suffering fellowbeings.

Results of Tight Lacing.—In the early part of the week, the daughters of a respectable citizen were taking a walk on the Upper-road, when one of the young ladies suddenly complained of illness, and, on being assisted into an adjoining house, symptoms of a rupture of a blood vessel became apparent.

She was immediately conveyed to her father's residence, where all that medical skill could devise was at once brought into effect but we are concerned to hear that the young lady still continues seriously and dangerously indisposed.—*Cork Reporter.*

"Don't give up the Ship."—Under this caption the Savannah Republican re-nominates Henry Clay, of Kentucky, as their candidate for President in 1848, and says that "if all others should desert our glorious old standard-bearer, we will remain by him to the last therefore

"We rail our colours to the mast,
And strike for Henry Clay!"

Caution.—Look out for counterfeit fives on the Merchants' Bank, Newburyport, vignette a ship and another ship in the distance. Letter C, payable C. Coles, dated Jan 5, 1844, and signed Samuel Mulliken, Cash., Henry Johnson Pres't.

Remarkable Circumstance.—We were informed yesterday by a fisherman just in from a cruise, that during his absence he had seen a most singular phenomenon, the like of which has never been known in this latitude. The smack in which he was had been unsuccessful, but very few fish having been taken, and on many of the old fishing grounds not one could be found. In returning along the south shore of Long Island, their attention was attracted to the beach, which was literally strewed with the bodies of the dead fish just washed up by the sea.

Black fish, cunners, lobsters, sea crabs, and many other species which inhabit our shores at this season, lay promiscuously on the sand. On examining the cause of the smack, it was discovered that the fish they had taken were also dead. As far as the shore was examined eastward toward Montauk Point, it was found to be covered alike with dead fish.

We are also informed that the smack Caroline, on Friday last, while about 15 miles from land, passed through a "rip of the sea" (formed by adverse tides We suppose,) and that as far as could be seen in either direction the "rip" was filled with dead fish. Soon after this the well of the smack was examined, and every fish in it found to be dead. The remarkable facts require scientific investigation. Similar phenomena have been observed in the Mediteranean after a volcanic eruption on some of the neighboring mountains; and it is quite probable, we think, that the destruction to the finny tribe noticed above was caused by a like eruption at sea, near our coast.—*New London News.*

THE MARKETS.

TUESDAY MORNING, Nov. 19, 1844.

Business was almost suspended yesterday, owing to the very unfavorable state of the weather. The sales of Cotton were inside of 1000 bales, which in itself was sufficient to throw a degree of dullness over the market. Prices, however, are the same as on Saturday.

Nothing was done yesterday in Sugar, Molasses, or Western Produce, and our previous quotations will apply to each article comprised under this notice.

There is no change in the Money market. Texas funds have still further improved; there were no transactions yesterday, as holders refused to sell. We may quote Red Backs 14 to 14½ c., Interest Notes 15½ to 16c., Eight per cent Bonds 18 to 18½c., Ten per cent. do. 20 to 20½c.—*N O Picayune.*

15000 BBLS. NO 1 SALT; on hand and for sale—having been housed from the weather; it is in prime order for shipping.

REINHART & STRONG,
nov 30 140 Liberty street.

Consumptives, read the Wonderful Cures performed by Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

The wonderful cures performed by this invaluable medicine, in Pulmonary Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Croup, Spitting Blood, Liver Complaint, Pain in the Side and Breast, Tickling or Rising in the Throat, and all diseases of the Lungs, and Breast, have excited the astonishment of all who have witnessed its marvellous effects; there is no account of a medicine, from the earliest ages, furnishing a parallel; the almost miraculous cures effected by this extraordinary medicine are unprecedented.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONY.

DR SWAYNE, Dear Sir:—In last October, while engaged with Mr Joseph Smith, in a saw-mill near Waynesburgh, I was attacked with a cough from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in the breast, loss of appetite, fever, &c. &c. which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet I was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as an incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing, in one of the public prints, an advertisement of DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY, procured me one bottle from Francis M'Clure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me; I continued until I had taken five bottles; I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known, so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine.

Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.

Lewistown, Del.

BE CAUTIOUS to ask for the original and only GENUINE preparation from this valuable tree. DR. SWAYNE'S Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, whose office is removed to the North West corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

For sale by Dr Wm Thorn, Druggist and Apothecary Pittsburgh. nov 30

Sheriff's Sales.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in the City of Pittsburgh, on Monday, the 23d day of December, A. D. 1844, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following property, to wit:

All the right, title, interest and claim of James McVicker, of, in and to all that certain lot or piece of ground in Barnett's plan of Lots in Allegheny City, on Beaver street, fronting twenty feet on said street, and running back one hundred and ten feet to an alley, bounded on the north by property of John McVicker, and on the south by property of William Griffs; on which is erected a two story frame dwelling house and kitchen. Seized and taken in execution as the property of the said James McVicker at, the suit of William McCrea, administrator.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of James Gray, of, in and to, all that piece of ground situated in the city of Pittsburgh, being part of lot No 325, in Woods' plan of lots of Pittsburgh, beginning in the south westwardly corner of Market and Fourth streets, thence extending in front, on Market street, southwardly, about 28 feet, to property of James Riddle, and in depth along Fourth street, westwardly, preserving the same width about 142 feet, also to property of James Riddle, on which is erected a three story brick building, containing two store rooms fronting on Market street; seized and taken in execution, as the property of the said James Gray, at the suit of Avery Ogden & Co.

ALSO,

All the right, title, interest and claim of James Dickey, of, in and to, or out, of two lots, No. 46 and 47, situate in the town of Tarentum, East Deer township, Allegheny county, on which is erected a steam saw mill and a steam grist mill and appurtenances.—Also, of, in and to, a perpetual lease of land, situated about a mile below the town of Tarentum, aforesaid, beginning at a line of Lewis Peterson's land, and bounded by lands of said Peterson, and by lands of James Humes—containing about 7 acres, whereon is erected said works, lately occupied by Thomas Donnelly, with three or four small frame dwelling houses thereon erected. Seized and taken in execution as the property of the said James Dickey, at the suit of Childs & Nesmith, for use of Asa P. Childs, and to be sold by

E. TROVILLO, Sh'ff.

Sheriff's Office, Pittsburgh, }
Nov. 29, A. D. 1844. }
nov. 30-w3t.

Port Wine.

13 QUATER Casks of Port Wine, good quality. For sale low by JAMES MAY.
nov 29

Cognac Brandy.

1 HALF Pipe of Cognac Brandy, of Seignette Brand, for sale low by JAMES MAY.
nov 29

WESTERN EXCHANGE,
NO 9 MARKET, AND 74 FRONT STREET.

JUST RECEIVED, via. Baltimore, a small lot prime *Purton Bay Leviathan Oysters*, a very delicious article.

The above establishment has constantly on hand, and will continue to receive, through the Winter season, semi-weekly, (through in 36 hours) all the variety of *Duck Creek, Chesapeake and Delaware Bay* shell and can Oysters, with such luxuries as the Eastern markets may afford, served up at short notice, in every style.

The cellars and Bar amply supplied with the choicest *Wines and Liquors*—Shiras's *unequalled Ale, brewed to order* always on drought.

nov 30-1md HAWKINS.

N. O. Sugar.

15 HHDS Prime N O Sugar, for sale to close consignment by JAMES MAY.
nov 29

Sugar House Molasses.

40 BBLS. Sugar House Molasses, just received and for sale low by JAMES MAY.
nov 29

Tar.

40 BBLS. Tar, for sale by JAMES MAY.
nov 29

Cotton.

30 BALES damaged Cotton, for sale by JAMES MAY.
nov 29

Shot.

50 KEGS Shot, assorted numbers, for sale by JAMES MAY.
nov 29

Castor Oil.

35 BBLS. Cold Press Castor Oil, for sale low to close consignment. JAMES MAY.
nov 29

CHEAP CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES, CASSINETTS & VESTINGS.

WE have now received our entire stock of the above named goods, purchased at the Philadelphia Auctions, since the election of

JAMES K POLK,

at lower prices than we have ever before purchased similar goods. We confidently announce our stock to be the *largest* and *cheapest* we have *ever offered in this City*, among which may be found,

Old fashioned Fine West of England Cloths;
New fashioned Fine French and Belgian Cloths;
Double Mill Castor Beaver Cloths;
Bronzed, Beaver, Pilot and Flushing Cloths;
French and Belgian Habit Cloths for Ladies' Cloaks,

all of which are offered by the piece or single yard at prices that cannot fail to please those who do business on "THE CHEAP CASH PRINCIPLE."

ALEXANDER & DAY.
75 Market Street, North East corner of the Diamond.
nov 29

Number Fifty-Nine.
BARGAINS, BARGAINS!
NEW GOODS AT LOW PRICES.

PHILIP ROSS has returned from the East, and is now opening a very large supply of Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, which have been purchased since the recent

GREAT FALL IN PRICES,

and will be sold wholesale and retail at an unusually small advance on Eastern cost.

His stock contains a very full and complete assortment of new and desirable goods for Ladies wear, viz:

Rich new style figured and Chamelon Silks;
Black Italian Lustrings;
Black and blue black Gros d Swiss;
Black India Satins;
Blue, black and colored Satins;
Florences and high colored Plaid Silks;
Beautiful Cashmere de Cosse at 31 to 75 cts;
Handsome Chusans, only 25 cts;
Muslin de Laines, 25 to 50;
Alpaccas, as low as 25;
English and French Merines, of all colors and qualities;
Palmetto Cloths do do
Lupin's Bombazines;
Blanket Shawls, $1,00;
Turkerri Shawls, very cheap 4.00 to $8,00;
Fine French Blanket Shawls;
Plain and Embroidered Thibet do;
Plain and Embroidered Muslin de Laine do;
Brocade and Merino do;
Very rich and heavy silk do, entirely new;
Handsome high colored bonnet Ribbon 12½;
Bonnet Velvets;
Figured Velvets, bright colors,
Silk and Silk Velvet Cravats;
Best quality French Kid Gloves;
Silk, Cotton and Cashmere do;
Silk, Cotton, Cashmere and Alpacca Hose;
Gimps, Cords, Trimmings, &c, &c;

He has on hand a very large stock of woollen and low-priced cotton goods, to which the attention of purchasers is espicially invited. He will sell

Good yard wide unbleached Muslin at 6¼ cts;
Best do do do 8 cts;
Bleached Muslins 6¼ cts;
5-4 do do for sheeting, 12½;
Dark Calicoes, 6¼;
Fine Chintzes, best in the city, 12½;
Black Cambrics, 6¼;
Good Kentucky Jeans, 31½;
Cassinets—at reduced prices;
White, yellow and scarlet Woolen Flannels very cheap;
Canton Flannels all colors,
Plaid Linseys;
Gala Plaids;
Blankets, the best and cheapest in the market.

GOODS FOR GENTLEMEN.

French and English Broad Cloths of every color and quality, and at extraordinary low prices;
Beaver Cloths,
Fine Blue Mackinaw Blankets, for Overcoats;
Very Handsome Vesting;
Scarfs, Stocks and Cravats;
Fashionable Shirts, Byron Collars, &c;
Gloves, Pocket Hdkfs, Suspenders, &c;
Merino Shirts and Drawers;
Silk Shirts, cotton and woolen ½ hose.

The subscriber confidently assures his customers that he has at no time been able to offer the same quality of goods at lower prices than at present. Possessing peculiar advantages for purchasing his goods on the most favorable terms, and having on hand a very large stock which he is exceedingly anxious to convert into money, he will therefore be able and willing to furnish his customers with the

CHEAPEST GOODS
EVER SOLD IN THE PITTSBURGH MARKET.

PHILIP ROSS,
Northwest corner of 4th and Market streets.
nov 28.

Yale's Safety Lock
FOR DOORS, SAFES, BANKS, &c.

THE Proprietor will exhibit those Locks at the Exchange Hotel, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, for a few days from this date.

They are warranted beyond the skill of the pick lock—and in fact the best and cheapest *safe* lock in America. LINUS YALE.

Pittsburgh, nov. 11, 1844

Removal.

WM'DONALD has removed his BOOKSTORE to M'Clurg's store-room, No. 65 Wood st., near the corner of Wood and Fourth streets, and next door to Lynd and Bickley's Auction room.

A splendid assortment of Miscellaneous and Theological books, and every variety of School books and Stationary, he offers for sale, at wholesale and retail on as favorable terms as they can be purchased in the city. oct 6

GREATEST NOVELTY
IN THE WORLD.
THE CELEBRATED
SCOTCH GIANT AND GIANTESS,
THE LARGEST COUPLE IN THE WORLD!
MR. AND MRS. RANDALL,

Of Europe, late of the American Museum, New York, where they were visited by two hundred and fifty thousand people, and pronounced by all to be the finest specimens of human nature that ever were exhibited in this country.

They are contrasted with the
SMALLEST DWARF IN CREATION.
GEN. TOM THUMB,

Late of the American Museum, New York, where he was admired by all who honored him with their visits, and pronounced to be the smallest specimen of humanity which has ever been exhibited to public notice.

They are now exhibiting at the EAGLE HOTEL, on Third street, between Wood and Market, *for a few days only.*

Hours of exhibition from 10 to 1, from 2 to 5 and from 6 to 9 in the evening.

Price of Admission, 25 cents; children half price.
nov 27-dtf

EXHIBITION,
Of nearly one hundred Ancient Italian and Flemish Oil Paintings by Old Masters.
JUST IMPORTED FROM EUROPE.

THIS Grand Gallery of Art, consisting of nearly a hundred pieces of various subjects, viz:—Scripture, History, Portrait, Landscape; Sea, Battles, Animals, Flowers, Fish, &c.

And comprising specimens from the pencil of Rembens, Rosa, Caracci, Guercino, Cortona, Correggio, Durer, Baptiste and others are now on exhibition, and will continue for a few days at the Philo Hall, Fourth street.

Hours from 6 A M, until 4 P M, and from 7 until 8 in the evening, except Saturday evening. Admittance 25 cents; Tickets entitling visitors to the freedom of the exhibition during its continuance, 50 cts.

The proprietor respectfully solicits the patronage of this community, and trusts the display his collection affords will amply compensate the visitor.

N B The above paintings are for sale at reasonable prices nov 26

Bullion's Grammars.

BULLION'S English, Latin, and Greek Grammars on hand, and for sale at Eastern prices, for cash or good country rags, by J. H. MELLOR,
nov 28. 122 Wood street.

Found,

NEAR the centre of the city, about the 6th or 7th of November, a sum of money in Bank Notes, some Scrip, and a paper of little value. The owner can have them again by identifying his property, and paying for this advertisement. Apply to JOHN DOBUS, or C Downey, 5th ward.
nov 28-2t*

Letter Copying Presses.

ON hand, and for sale, a supply of Copying Presses, Letter Books, and Copying Ink, at very reduced prices by J. H. MELLOR,
nov 28. 122 Wood street.

83 Market Street, Pittsburgh.

B. E CONSTABLE, respectfully invites the attention of his customers to a new lot of splendid French Broche Shawls Mode, blue and green ground, all wool, just imported; Rich Turkerri Shawls, newest style of patterns, do Cashmere, do new style at $9 worth $14; high colored Gala Plaids, blue Plaid Pelisse Cloth; 5 cases Calicoes at 6¼, 8, 9, 10, and 12½ cts. per yd., received to day. nov 5

RED LION
CLOTHING STORE.
NO. 162, LIBERTY STEET,
Third door from the corner of 6th street.

The Proprietor of this New Establishment, respectfully informs the public that he has lately returned from Philadelphia, where he purchased the most splendid assortment of

SEASONABLE GOODS

Ever offered in this city, all of which he intends manufacturing into

Ready Made Clothing,

and to order, at the
SHORTEST NOTICE.

Having employed the best workmen—Cutters and Sewers—he will warrant all garments, made at his Establishment, to be equal both in make and materials to any other establishment of the kind in this city; his stock of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, SATTINETS, CASSINETTS, VELVETS, SATINS, VALENCIAS,

and other

VESTINGS,

Cannot be surpassed by any other establishment in Pittsburgh.

His stock of

READY MADE CLOTHING,

at this present time is complete and cannot fail to please the taste of every class of purchasers who wish to purchase to the best advantage; he therefore invites the public and Country Merchants, to visit his establishment before they purchase elsewhere. He has at present

FINE CLOTH DRESS and FROCK COATS, OVER COATS of FRENCH BEAVER,

AND

PILOT CLOTHS,

A most splendid assortment, of

FRENCH AND ENGLISH TWEED SACK COATS,

Of all sizes, for Men and Boys;

PANTALOONS AND VESTS,

Of all sizes and quality to suit purchasers.

ROUNDABOUTS, WARMESES, SHIRTS AND DRAWERS, SILK HANDKERCHIEFS,

And the finest Merino do., and Slips; a great variesy of

SUSPENDERS, GLOVES, HOSE

And

HANDKERCHIEFS,

All of which he is prepared to exhibit and

OFFER FOR SALE

On the most moderate terms for CASH

AT THE

Red Lion Clothing Store.

OBSERVE THE SIGN OF

THE RED LION.

LAWRENCE MITCHELL.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 19, 1844—3md.

FOR SALE CHEAP.—An excellent assortment of Window Sash and Window Glass, Shovels and Spades, Fire Shovels, Axe Hatchets and Handles, Coffee Mills, Patent Buckets and Tubs, a small assortment of Seasonable Dry Goods, and an excellent stock of School Books—Almanacs for 1845, Writing, Letter, and Wrapping Paper, Slates, Pencils, cheap Family Medicines, Carpet Chain, &c., for sale cheap for cash or approved exchange.

ISAAC HARRIS.
nov 27 1w Agent and Com. Merchant.

☞ Wanted to buy, Paper, Carpet Rags, &c.

Wanted,

A YOUNG man under instructions to the Tailoring business. Inquire at this Office.