The Daily Morning Post.

THOS PHILLIPS & WM. H. SMITH, EDITORS.

PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 10.

FOR PRESIDENT,
JAMES K. POLK,
OF TENNESSEE.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
GEO. M. DALLAS,
OF PENNSYLVANIA.

FOR GOVERNOR,
FRS. R. SHUNK:
OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
JOSHUA HARTSHORNE,
OF CHESTER COUNTY.

Congress,
ALEXANDER BRACKENRIDGE, Pitt.
State Senate,
CHAMBERS M'KIBBIN, City.
Assembly,
JAMES A. GIBSON, Pine,
JOHN ANDEREGG, Pitt,
JAMES WHITTAKER, Mifflin,
STEPHEN WOODS, Robinson,
Commissioner,
WILLIAM EWING, Robinson.
Auditor,
EDWARD M'CORKLE, Indiana.

Polk on the Tariff!

"I hold it to be the DUTY *of government to extend as far as practicable, by its revenue laws and all other means within its power.* FAIR AND JUST PROTECTION TO ALL THE GREAT INTERESTS OF THE WHOLE UNION, EMBRACING AGRICULTURE, MANUFACTURES, MECHANIC ARTS, COMMERCE AND NAVIGATION."

[Letter to John K. Kane, dated June 19, 1844.

Clay on the Tariff!

All parties ought to be satisfied with a TARIFF FOR REVENUE, and discrimination for protection.
[Clay's Speech at Raleigh.

"AGRICULTURE NEEDS NO PROTECTION."
[Henry Clay.

From the Savannah Republican, a leading Clay paper in Georgia.

"WE DENY THAT MR CLAY, OR THE WHIGS OF GEORGIA, WHOSE CANDIDATE HE IS, SEEK FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A PROTECTIVE TARIFF. BUT MR. CLAY *ADHERES TO THE PRINCIPLES OF THE COMPROMISE ACT.*"

BASE HYPOCRISY.—Now that Clay is out, "head and horns," for Texas, we might suppose that his supporters would not have the Satan-like impudence to advocate his election as an Anti-Texas candidate. But still they do seek to further his pretensions on that ground. The New York Tribune, which, we are sorry to say, is now one of the most shameless and unscrupulous [illegible] has a squib setting forth that a business firm in Mobile, who, he says, are Democrats, "inform the Alabama Planters that they will not be able to give a high price for human cattle until Texas is admitted," &c. The Tribune then gives the card of the firm, in which they advertise 'young Negroes' as always on hand, &c.

Now, there is no evidence that these slave dealers are Democrats, nor is there one word in their card about the Annexation of Texas having effect on the price of slaves. But if they *are* Democrats, what rascally hypocrisy is it for the Tribune to hold them up to the contempt of northern men, for the sake of casting obloquy on our party, while the Tribune itself is supporting a notorious breeder of slaves—a man who offered to sell his stock for *fifteen thousand dollars*—at least, that is [illegible] which Clay told Mr Mendenhall he must raise before he would *consider* Mr M's request to free his bondmen.

Henry Clay has grown rich—independently rich, on the profits of slave labor, (superadded to immense largesses from the U. S. Bank,) and so far from desiring to atone for his behavior in this particular, he boldly and tauntingly expresses his willingness to take the price of 'human cattle,' as the Tribune affectedly terms Slaves, from those who ask, in the name of philanthropy, that he will set his bondmen free! And not only is Henry Clay in practice a strong supporter of Slavery, but in theory he goes as far, if not further, to sustain the institution as any man in this nation. Not only does he keep, and breed, and sell slaves, but he declared that his title to property in these 'human cattle' is 'sanctified'—and of course placed above and beyond the efforts of mortal minds or human agitation. What public man, either great or small, has expressed himself more pointedly or more strongly for Slavery than this same bad and dangerous man, Henry Clay? Not one. Yet the Tribune and kindred presses claim for him Anti-Slavery support in the present canvass.

But if Henry Clay had not always been a slave-holder and a slave-breeder—if he had never offered his slaves for sale to Mr Mendenhall—if he had not declared that property in Negro Slaves bore a 'sanctified' title—he has said enough in his last Texas letter alone, to make any man who has any respect for the intelligence of the people, shrink from the attempt to gain favor for him from men who intend to cast their votes in such a manner as will most tend to the destruction of Slavery.

With the Liberty men, the question of Annexation is all important. Their *only* reason for opposing Annexation is the fear that it will extend the territory, increase the influence, and prolong the duration of the Slave power. In addressing them, whig writers and speakers have taken this as the basis of their argument, and have striven to convince the Liberty men that Henry Clay opposed Texas, chiefly because it would extend Slavery and the Slave Power. Whatever arguments others may use against Annexation, Anti-Slavery men have used none but this.

Now Clay, in his last Texas letter, says: "I DO NOT THINK THAT THE SUBJECT OF SLAVERY OUGHT TO AFFECT THE QUESTION ONE WAY OR THE OTHER. * * I DO NOT BELIEVE IT WILL SHORTEN OR PROLONG the duration of that institution."

Here, then, he makes a direct issue with Liberty men. Some persons may oppose Texas because a war may follow annexation—some because they think the Texans unfit to enjoy rational liberty—but Liberty men oppose it because it will extend slavery—and Clay treats *that* objection with sovereign contempt. Yet his presses have the assurance, in the face of this conduct of his, to attempt to gull and deceive anti-annexation men into his support.

CONVENTION AT WHEELING.—The Democrats of western Virginia are to hold a Convention at Wheeling on Thursday, the 12th. Our friends in that section are working like beavers, and deserve to be sustained and cheered on by their brethren elsewhere. How large a delegation can we send them from Pittsburgh? They promise to send to us on the 19th, double the number we send them, and we doubt not they will do so. We trust that Pittsburgh will be well represented at Wheeling on the 12th.

ANOTHER FALSEHOOD CORRECTED.—We publish the following from the American of the 5th of August.

"Mr Shunk made a speech in Dutch to his Catholic friends of that language. He told them that the Democrats were their friends, and in all their difficulties with the Protestants were side by side with them.—That the whigs were friends of the Native Americans, who wanted they should be here twenty-one years before they could vote. That Mr Muhlenberg, who had been a Protestant preacher, had quit the calling to defend them in their rights, and that in this he was supported by the democratic party.

This publication was made prior to the death of Mr Muhlenberg, and by an editor whose character for veracity is too well known here to entitle him to any notice. Lately we perceive this slander is republished by whig papers and gravely commented upon as the speech of Mr Shunk. This may justify a passing notice of it.

We have conversed with a number of Germans who were present when Mr Shunk, on being called upon to speak at the mass meeting of the Germans, made a short address to them in their native tongue.

We are assured by those who were present, and who understood what he said, that Mr Shunk did not utter or allude to a single sentiment imputed to him by the American. He made only a few remarks in which he alluded to the oppressions which induced his German fellow citizens to leave the land of their fathers and emigrate to this asylum of the oppressed, where, under their own vine and fig tree they might enjoy the rights which they derived from their Creator, unmolested by bad government; and without discussing the questions which are to be decided by the people at the next election, he urged his hearers to examine them fully and carefully, in order that their decision might be made so as to secure and perpetuate the rights of all.

We have full authority from those who were present, and heard and understood every word that Mr SHUNK said, that the whole publication in the American is an entire fabrication. No man can be found who was present and understood what was said, who will not confirm what we say.

It is for the whigs who prate about decency, to publish the inventions of the editor of the American; for the whole speech rests upon his authority, as a ground of accusation against Mr SHUNK.

VERMONT.—Some idea of the terror which pervades the whig ranks may be formed from the fact that the Tribune heads its election returns from this State—"Unconquered Vermont!" What better evidence can there be that they expected to lose Vermont, than their gratulation because Vermont is "unconquered." We have a few returns which show a small whig gain over '43, when the whigs succeeded by some 10 or 1500 majority. We shall publish the returns as soon as they are complete. For the present, we will merely say that the present election will show a great gain on 1840, and that the prophecies of the whigs of 10 and 12,000, &c., will be wofully falsified.

NEW YORK DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.—This body met on Wednesday last, and unanimously nominated the HON. SILAS WRIGHT, for Governor, and ADDISON GARDNER, Esq., for Lieut Governor. If the success of the Democracy in the Empire State, had been at all doubtful before this nomination, it is now placed beyond peradventure. SILAS WRIGHT, it will be remembered, voted for the Tariff of 1842, and saved it from *Nine Whig* Senators, who like Speaker WHITE of Kentucky, had determined to "kill the Bill."

NEW JERSEY.—In no State in the Union is the cause of Democracy making more rapid strides than in New Jersey. A new Constitution, formed and adopted by Democratic efforts, went into operation on Monday the 2d inst. The Democratic State Convention, which met at Trenton on Wednesday, unanimously nominated for Governor, JOHN R. THOMPSON, Esq., of Princeton, a leading advocate of the new Constitution. The nomination was responded to and confirmed by the *largest meeting ever held in New Jersey.*

The very best spirit prevails among the Democrats of New Jersey, and that State will most assuredly go for POLK and DALLAS.

DEMOCRATIC MEETINGS.—It would be impossible to notice, even in a single line for each, the immense and enthusiastic gatherings of the Democracy which are daily taking place. We have only space briefly to notice the mammoth assemblages which have been held.

On Thursday there was a Mass Convention at West Chester, which numbered, according to the Philadelphia Mercury, 20,000!! It was addressed by Col. J K. Findley and Judge Barton, of Lancaster, and many other leading speakers.

The Mass Meeting at Trenton, New Jersey, was also a glorious and most animated gathering. The lowest estimate of its numbers that we have seen is 20,000!

In Ohio the Democratic meetings surpass all precedent for their numbers and enthusiasm. In short, from all directions we have nothing but cheering and gladdening news. Push on the column!!

A SPECIAL PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CONVENTION, for the Diocese of Pennsylvania, met in Philadelphia on the 5th inst. for the purpose of considering the proposed resignation of Bishop H. U. Onderdonk, and the election of an Assistant Bishop.

There are 116 churches in the Diocese. Delegates from 71 of these answered to their names. In all 122 Delegates.

REV DR BULL was chosen presiding officer on the second ballot; he took the chair, and briefly returned thanks for the honor conferred.

After discussing a resolution to appoint a committee on elections, and a committee to examine certain communications of claimants for seats, the Convention adjourned.

☞The whigs charge James K. Polk with having voted against the Tariff of 1828. This is the same Tariff that Mr Clay boasts of having *opposed*, and has said that the law itself was a disgrace to the country.

DORR MEETING AT PROVIDENCE.

This grand meeting took place on Wednesday. Several steamboats conveyed a host of sympathisers from New York, who were received with cheers and acclamations of pleasure. An imposing procession numbering 5000 persons was formed, and proceeded to the place selected for the meeting. It was about a mile to the southwest of the city, on the hill at the rear of the prison where Dorr is confined. When the main part the procession arrived, upwards of two thousand ladies of beauty and fashion were seated in front of the rostrum, and the whole space, occupying about 12 acres, appeared to be covered with anxious spectators.

We gather these facts from an extra of the New York Herald.

Gov Hubbard, of New Hampshire, and Gov Marcus Morton were among the first speakers, and were followed by Alexander Wells, Esq., of New York, and John Cotton Smith, of Connecticut, Charles Newman, of New York, and others. The enthusiasm upon the ground was intense, and the presence of such a mass of ladies rendered the scene truly exciteing.

It appears however that the military were ordered out by Gov Fenner, at expense to the State of some thousands of dollars, and artillery was stationed in the yard of the State prison where Dorr is confined. The military companies were kept under arms in private houses on the hill, and did not exhibit themselves in any manner to the indignant assemblage. The whole affair passed off without anything to mar the enjoyment of the company. Mike Walsh was prominent at the meeting.

READ! READ!

☞In consequence of the great demand for our paper of Saturday, containing the refutation of a base lie which was put in circulation to injure FRANCIS R. SHUNK, we republish the article this morning, and ask for it a candid perusal by men of all parties:

THE FLAG SLANDER.—We publish with pleasure, the following card from the officers of the Volunteer Companies that were present during the ceremony of laying the corner stone of the German Church in the Fifth Ward:

TO THE PUBLIC.

"We have noticed for some days past a charge made by the editor of the "American" against FRANCIS R. SHUNK, Esq., that, at the laying of the corner stone of the German Catholic Church, in the Fifth Ward, he had trampled on the American Flag, and had it spread out for the Priests and the Procession to walk over it. A more absurd or unfounded charge could not be made against any person, than this, that is now urged against Mr Shunk for the purpose of injuring him in the opinions of his fellow-citizens. We were present during the whole of the ceremony of laying the corner stone, as Commanders of the Military Companies that were out on the occasion, and we can state from our personal observation, *that no such proceeding took place as the trampling on the American or any other Flag.* There was no National Flag on the ground, nor had any of the Volunteer Companies their flags with them, as it was deemed by us unnecessary to carry them on such an occasion. Nothing approaching in the most distant manner to what is charged upon Mr Shunk, took place during the whole ceremony, and we regret most sincerely that any one should utter so unfounded a calumny against a gentleman who is esteemed by all who know him as one of our most worthy and patriotic citizens.

HENRY ITIN, Major.
LEOPOLD SAHL, Captain
JOHN N. STRAUB, Captain
CONRAD MUSLER, Captain.
JOHN ANDEREGG, Captain.
VICTOR GUTZWEILER, Lieutenant.
FRANCIS FREYVOGLE, do.
PHILIP PFEIL, do.
PHILIP VOGEL, do.
F G HEINMAN, do.
JOS. DUBAIL, do.
PETER KRAFT, do.

Among the above names, we recognize some gentlemen who are prominent members of the *whig party*, and by looking at the programme of the whig Convention, we see that Major ITIS and Capt SAHL, have been appointed *assistant Marshals* for the Grand Procession. It cannot be supposed that either of these gentlemen have any political sympathy with Mr Shunk, or that they would volunteer a contradiction of the calumny, if they did not know that it was one of the most unfounded falsehoods that was ever uttered.

We may also state that a majority of the gentlemen who sign the above card are members of Protestant Churches, and if any thing had taken place that was offensive to their religious feelings, they would not, of course, attach their names to a contradiction of the charge. But they know, as does every other man who witnessed the ceremony, that nothing took place that could give offence to any portion of the religious community, and they have promptly refuted the foul slander which was intended to operate upon the minds of members of their respective Churches.

The whig gentlemen who have signed the above card, have done themselves great credit in the eyes of the community. If they were as destitute of truth and political honesty as the knaves who invented this slander against Mr Shunk, they would let the lie take its course, and consent to bear the infamy of the act for the advantage their party might derive from such an infamous calumny upon a citizen who is held in the highest estimation by honorable men of all parties. But although they are whigs, they cannot countenance such vile falsehoods as some of their leaders resort to in their desperation, and they have refuted the slander of Biddle, and rebuked those who keep him to commit such acts of baseness, in a manner that reflects the highest credit upon themselves.

If the whig leaders do not desire to participate in the infamy of such falsehoods as appeared in the American against Mr SHUNK, they should have the card as signed by Major ITIS and others, published in some of their journals that have a little regard for truth and political decency, and publicly disclaim having taken any part in the concoction or circulation of the slander.

FOR THE POST.

LOOKING OUT FOR A PLACE OF RETREAT.

On the 16th of February, 1843, Mr D N White, editor of the Gazette, had a long editorial from which the following is an extract:

"The Whig party is deeply infected with the spirit of abolitionism—the spirit of equal right to all. It is, like leaven, rapidly leavening the whole lump. This is one of the reasons, and a strong one, why Mr CLAY cannot be elected President by the Whigs. *It is useless to try to oppose the tendencies to freedom, and if the leaders persist in forcing Mr Clay on the party, it is ruined. It will be the last of the Whig party.*"

This is a very clear and emphatic prediction. Mr White then spoke out manfully and truthfully; he was then well aware, as he said on the 16th of February, that the "moral sense of the community was outraged" by pressing Mr Clay, and he only yielded to his own honest convictions when he declared that if the whig leaders persisted in forcing Mr Clay on the party, *it is ruined. It will be the last of the Whig party.*"

Unfortunately, however, for the whig party the leaders had some of them declared five years ago, that they would "rather be defeated with Clay than succeed with any other man." so they "forced him on the party," and now even the blindest among them perceive that Mr White was a true prophet, and that the next presidential election will be last of Whiggery. Already are some of the shrewdest among them, such as Thomas Williams, preparing a place of retreat. They have already organized a Native American association, but have postponed further action, until whiggery gives its last kick and is decently buried. They wish to give the old "critter" a fair chance for its life, but seeing clearly that it cannot get through the mud with such a load of *clay* on its back, they are ready to commence operations anew with some less odious leader than "Harry of the West."

John Q. Adams once very emphatically remarked, that the whig party was *instinctively treacherous*, and that "*treachery was its vocation.*" How well illustrated is this remark in the present conduct of our Pittsburgh whigs! Perceiving that Mr White's prediction is rapidly approaching, Mr Williams, Mr Cordell, and several whig masons and their tools set to work to prepare an asylum, a kind of orphan asylum for bereaved whigs, and take special care to place its management almost exclusively in the hands of whigs, reserving to the antimasons just enough offices to show that they are not utterly proscribed. This, too, is done in Allegheny county, where antimasonry under its old and fearless leaders was once so powerful and triumphant.

FOR THE POST.

☞Why is it that not a whig paper so far as I have see, has published the notice for a Convention of Farmers, which appeared in your paper about three weeks ago? Surely there can be no honest objection to farmers meeting together, and comparing votes, even if they can do nothing for their own benefit. The manufacturers, wool growers, cotton planters, have held meetings, and why not the farmers?

PEEBLES TOWNSHIP.

We confess we cannot answer the questions of our correspondent, but we publish them with the hope that perhaps the editor of the Gazette, or some of the "fifteen whigs," can give satisfactory replies.

Indian Battle.—The St Louis Republican says:—We learn from a gentleman from the Missouri, that a battle took place, three or four weeks since, on the Indian Territory, between a party of the Sacs of the Missouri, and a party of Pawnees. The latter had eight men killed, and the Sacs one. The Sacs returned to their village with five scalps. The Pawnees stole five horses from their enemy, and thus brought on the fight.

The Missouri Reporter says:—Whilst one of the hands on the steamer Nimrod was attempting to chastise a negro yesterday, he was pushed overboard by the negro and drowned. The black was arrested.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION ON THE NINETEENTH OF SEPTEMBER.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENT.

Sept. 9, 1844.—The Committee met pursuant to adjournment. On motion, it was

Resolved, That the chairman appoint a committee of three to select a place in the city of Allegheny in which to hold the Democratic Convention.

Resolved, That the Convention will organize at Mr John Smith's, corner of Grant and 4th streets, and march in procession to the place that shall be selected by the Committee, and, after the exercises of the day, return to Mr Smith's and adjourn.

On motion of Mr Moorhead,

Resolved, That we will have a Torch light procession on the evening of the 19th inst., and the Townships, Wards and different Delegations, are requested to prepare their Banners, Torches and Transparencies for the occasion.

Resolved, That the following programme of the procession be adopted.

Starting from Mr Smith's, at the corner of 4th and Ross streets, the Procession will pass down Ross to Second, down Second to Smithfield, down Smithfield to Water, down Water to Liberty, up Liberty to Marbury, down Marbury to Penn, up Penn to Mechanic street, across the Upper Bridge and up Bridge street to Ohio street, down Ohio street to the West Common, thence to the place designated by the Committee.—Return as follows:—Up Ohio to Federal street, down Federal and across the Allegheny to St Clair; up St Clair to Market, down Market to Fifth, up Fifth to Wood, down Wood to Fourth, and up Fourth to John Smith's.

The Chair, on motion, appointed the following Gentlemen as Marshals for the occasion. Rody Patterson, Gen. J. K. Morehead, Capt. John Birmingham, Abraham Hays, Wm M Edgar, Pollard McCormick, Col Elijah Trovillo, Thomas Blackmore, Alexander McClure, Henry Ingram, John D Miller, Robert Galway, Esq., Major Jonathan Large, J L Morris, J. C. Ritchie, Capt Valentine Short, James Taylor, Col. Thomas Hamilton, Milton Baldwin, Maj Hugh McClaren.

The Committee appointed Mr Rody Patterson, Chief Marshal.

Resolved, That Messrs J K Moorhead, John Birmingham and Pollard M'Cormick, be a committee to ascertain who shall be entitled to the Banner, to be presented by the Democratic Ladies, to the Working men.

Resolved, That Robt Galway, John Anderson and R H Kerr, Esqs., be a Committee to present the Democratic Flag, to the largest Delegation, (Allegheny excluded.)

Resolved, That the Democracy of Allegheny and Pittsburgh, be requested to designate their houses by Flags and "Young Hickory" branches, on the 19th inst.

Resolved, That these proceedings be signed by the Officers, and published in all the Democratic papers.
JOHN ANDERSON, Chairman.
THOMAS HAMILTON, Sec'y.

The Nomination of SILAS WRIGHT for Governor, and ADDISON GARDNER for Lieutenant Governor—Thirty Thousand Majority for POLK and WRIGHT in the Empire State.

Is there a single man who doubts our success? We presume not one. New York is safe; and the Union is safe. The great Democratic party in this State, and this Union, is now perfectly united. All elements of discord are dispersed. We are a perfectly united party. The CATO OF AMERICA is to be GOVERNOR of the EMPIRE STATE; and YOUNG HICKORY of TENNESSEE is to be the next PRESIDENT.

Friends, cheer up! For years we have been weakened by dissensions and divisions. Conservatism lost us the State in 1838, and the Union in 1840. We had long been in power; a temporary defeat seemed to be necessary to reconcile all the elements of discord and disunion that pervaded our ranks. It came; but Democracy is now to regain its ascendency. Federalism is doomed to a twenty years minority. Our State credit is to be preserved. Our National affairs are to be properly managed. We are safe from the frauds and corruptions of a FIFTY MILLION BANK.—

Who that has an American heart, and an interest in the welfare of our industrious population, but will rejoice in the prospect of so many blessings shortly to be realized?

We learn that the vote on the first ballot stood 31 for Bouck and 93 for Wright, and that Mr Wright was unanimously nominated on the second ballot.

P S. We learn from a passenger in this morning's boat that Mr Wright has accepted the nomination.
N Y Plebeian.

THEATRE.

MISS M CLARENDON, LESSEE.
N B CLARKE, STAGE MANAGER.
C T ROWE, PROMPTER.

GREAT ATTRACTION.
MR A A ADDAMS, for 5 nights.

This Evening, Tuesday, September 10th, will be performed the Tragedy of

OTHELLO.

Othello,	Mr A A Addams,
Iago,	N B Clarke.
Desdemona,	Miss Clarendon.

To conclude with the farce of
JOHN BULL IN FRANCE.

Doors open at half past 6 o'clock. Performance to commence at 7 o'clock precisely. Admission, Box 50c. 2d Tier 37½ cents, Pit 25 cents, Gallery 12½.

New Military Store,
Corner of Market and Fourth streets.

W. W. WILSON, Dealer in fine Watches, Jewelry, Silver ware, &c., and Repairer of fine Watches, Clocks, &c. sept 10 d1w

Fine Watches, Jewelry, Silver Ware, &c.

HAVING just returned from the East, with a well selected assortment of fine Watches, Jewelry, Silver Ware and other articles usually kept in Watch and Jewelry Stores, I would respectfully invite the attention of my old friends and the public generally, to my present stock, which will be disposed of at low prices for Cash only. W. W. WILSON,
sept 10 corner of Market and 4th st.

Great Attraction at the
J. M. WHITE CLOTHING STORE,
No. 176 corner of Sixth and Liberty Streets.

THE contest having become so hot between this and the little rival establishments, that they have found it necessary to assume a name that he had on canvas one week before his was thought of, purchasers will be on their guard, against the tricks of these establishments, in trying to palm itself upon the public as the J. M. White Clothing Store. The genuine is on the corner of Sixth and Liberty streets, J. M. White, Tailor, Proprietor, having now on hand, made from new materials, a most magnificent assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING, which he offers cheaper than any of those bragging establishments possibly can offer, and all he asks is fair play and no gouging.

And sure as day succeeds to night,
He'll poke them all clean out of sight,
So keep quiet, little ones,
For J. M. White is risen.

sept 10-1w

A Brick House and Lot for Sale Cheap.

FOR Sale, a good Brick House and Lot in the City of Allegheny, near Manchester, adjoining the property of Mr Robert Greenlee. The Lot is 48 feet front and 140 feet deep. It has a good Brick House on it, 24 feet front by 32 feet deep—well finished; and the lot is well paled in with a variety of shrubbery; and a well of excellent water at the door. It will be sold cheap, and the money can lay any time on the interest being paid annually. For terms, please apply at HARRIS' Agency and Intelligence Office, No 9 Fifth street. sept 10-6d&1w

Stray Cow.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber living in Robinson township, about the 17th inst., a White and Red Cow, about 3 years old this spring; giving milk; no ear marks. The owner will come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away.
aug 30-3t JOHN NICKEL.

For Sale.

A SUPPLY of good cast steel. Axes and handled Hatchets, coal and common sized shovels and spades, corn brooms and brushes, wire sifters, coffee mills, tinware, matches, carpet chain, bed cords, writing letter and wrapping paper, quills, patent pens, slates, Ink stands, blank and school books, wash boards, window sash and glass, butt hinges and screws, fresh Louisville Lime, Sibbett's Counterfeit Detector, Historical Collections of the Church of Christ, National, Clay, Franklin, Antislavery and Temperance Almanacs, for sale by ISAAC HARRIS,
Agt. and Com Merchant, No 9, 5th street.
sept 10

N. B. Paper Rags in large and small quantities bought for cash or trade.

Great Arrival.

NO. 12, The Cyclopædia of Practical Medicine; Edited by John Forbes, M. D., T. K. S., Alex. Tweedie, M. D., T. K. S., and John Connolly, M. D.

The Lady's Musical Library for August and September, the cheapest Musical Work now published, 8 pieces of Music for 12½ cents.

Nos 16 and 17 Little's Living Age.

No 7 Mysteries of London.

The Heart, a social Novel, by Martin Farquar Lupper.

The Junius Tracts, bound, for 25 cents.

Sylvester Sound, by Henry Cockton, new supply.

Amber Witch, new supply.

Charles O'Malley, new supply.

Spanish and French without a master, new supply.

Mary of Burgundy, by James, new supply.

Mirror Library, complete.

No 2 Rambleton, by Seatsfield, new supply.

Heaven and its Wonders, complete, by Swedenborg.

Count D'Orsay's Etiquette, new supply.

The Cabin Book, by Seatsfield, complete.

Ivanhoe and Old Mortality, new supply.

Also, many new cheap publications.

Just received and for sale at COOK'S LITERARY DEPOT, 85 Fourth street.

WASHINGTON HEAD QUARTERS.

IN justice to the urbane proprietor of this establishment, on St. Clair street, we take occasion to notice that on MONDAY's and FRIDAY's of each week for a short time past, we have noticed, about 11 o'clock, A. M. of those days, an unusually large concourse of highly respectable citizens passing to and fro at that establishment. To satisfy ourselves in these enquiring times of the cause of the "commotion," we followed the multitude on Monday last, and on entering the Saloon we discovered a rich treat of FRESH FISH, of the most excellent quality. There was *Pike and Sturgeon* of the "nonesuch" character; and if we have been correctly informed, the *Pike* weighed forty one pounds as marked in Baltimore.

The enterprise and liberality of Mr ARMSTRONG in furnishing a *lunch* upon the New York plan should be countenanced by the Traveler and man of business, and as there is *daily* furnished a suitable and acceptable feast of the best of the market at this establishment we most heartily desire prosperity to "*home consumption*" in this particular, a *favorite Tariff* with all parties. sept 9 3t*

Cocoa Nuts and Ground Nuts.

1500 FRESH COCOA NUTS; 25 Bushels African Ground Nuts; Just received and for sale by
REINHART & STRONG,
sept 9 140 Liberty street.

Coarse Liverpool Salt.

A FEW sacks coarse Liverpool Salt, especially for salting meat; just received and for sale by
REINHART & STRONG,
sept 9 140 Liberty street.

Herring.

10 Bbls No 1 HERRING; 25 Boxes prime scaled, do.; just received and for sale by REINHART & STRONG,
sept 9 140 Liberty street.

Coffee.

100 Bags prime green Rio Coffee; 15 " superior old Government Java, do.; now arriving and for sale by
REINHART & STRONG,
sept 9 140 Liberty street.

Rice Flour.

2 Bbls Fresh Rice Flour, just received and for sale by REINHART & STRONG,
sept 9 140 Liberty street.

500 LBS. GARRETT'S SCOTCH SNUFF, just received and for sale at the Drug warehouse of J. KIDD & CO.
sept 9 corner Fourth and Wood streets.

JUST received, 10 gross Pieces Cough Candy, for sale at the manufacturer's price, at the Drug warehouse of J. KIDD & CO.,
sept 9 corner Fourth and Wood streets.

JUST received, 25 boxes Hyde's superior Shaving Soap, and for sale at the Drug warehouse of
J. KIDD & CO.,
sept 9 corner Fourth and Wood streets.

MAKE WAY FOR SEATSFIELD THE GREAT UNKNOWN.

NO. 2, RAMBLETON, Seatsfield's new Romance of Fashionable Life in New York, during the great speculation of 1836.

No 22 Illustrated Shakspeare.

Ladies' Companion for September, a splendid number.

Knickerbocker for September.

Democratic Review for September.

No 1 Silvester Sound the Somnambulist, by Henry Cochton, Esq. with illustrations.

No 4 Omnibus, the cheapest work extant, 6 novels for 25 cents.

Mary of Burgundy by G P R James Esq. otherwise called The Revolt of Ghent.

Mary Schweidler the Amber Witch, the most interesting trial for Witchcraft known.

The Old Jour and his Family, a temperance tale.

The Democratic Text Book.

The Politician's Register, a new supply.

Also many other new works. All for sale at Cook's Literary Depot, 85 Fourth st. sept 9.

Gun Manufactory.

A. S. JOY, Gun Manufacturer, has removed to 5th street, between Market and Liberty, one door from Market, where he will be happy to attend to all orders in his line that his friends and the public may favor him with. sept 7-3mw

Tanner's Oil.

20 BBLS. TANNER'S OIL; just received and for sale by
J. W. BURBRIDGE & CO.
sep 6 Water street, between Wood & Smithfield.

Tin Plate.

40 BOXES TIN PLATE; received and for sale by
J. W. BURBRIDGE & CO.,
sep 6 Water street, between Wood & Smithfield.

New Style Letter Copying Presses.

ON hand and for sale, 100 Copying Presses, equal in finish and availability to any either imported or of eastern make, at sixty per cent under their prices.

What business man will be without such a labor-saving machine, when they can be purchased for so small a sum as ten dollars. To be had by the dozen or single one at J. S. GWYNNE'S,
Franklin Manufactory, 2d street.
or at S. CUTHBERT'S,
sept 5 35 Wood street.

A Chance for Machinists.

THE Engine and Machine establishment, on the corner of Liberty and Front sts., is offered for sale. The buildings are of brick, the main one being 47 ft by 26 ft, and two stories high, having a Smith shop attached which contains two fires. The establishment is in complete order and has every necessary convenience for carrying on the business; there being one engine of four horse power, one Boring Lathe, two Turning Lathes, one Rack Lathe, and one small Lathe for wood—one Screw Cutting Machine. Also drills and bitts, Anvils and Bellows, and Blacksmith's tools complete; together with a large lot of patterns mostly new.

The buildings are on leased ground, there being nine years to run of the lease, which can be renewed.

Further information can be had at the establishment, or by applying to the subscriber, near the old Bridge, Allegheny City. JAMES KERR,
aug 27-3td4tw* Architect.

EUROPEAN AGENCY.

"H. KEENAN, European Agent," has returned to this city from the South, and will leave in a few days on his *Eighteenth* trip for Europe. Persons having Debts, Legacies, or Claims to collect; searches to make; remittances of money to their friends; or other business to transact there, will require to call on him *immediately*, at the Merchants' Hotel Wood street.

Remittances of Money can at any time be made to all parts of Ireland, England, Scotland, Wales, or the continent of Europe, through his agents in the various cities in the United States. During his absence in Europe, business entrusted to Mr JAMES MAY, Merchant, in this city, will be duly forwarded and promptly attended to H. KEENAN.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 6th 1844—1wd 1w.

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE, *Philadelphia*, Aug. 22d. 1844.

SEALED PROPOSALS are invited and will be received by the undersigned at this Office until 1 o'clock, P. M. of the 10th day of October next, for furnishing for the United States service, on or before the first of February 1845:

Four Hundred Dragoon Saddles complete, to consist of the following part or pieces, viz:

Saddle,	Stirrups,
Breast Strap and plate,	Stirrup leathers,
Crupper,	Girths, 2.
Sarcingle,	Horse Shoe Pouches, 2
Cloak Straps, 3.	Valise Strap, 3.
Carbine Socket & Strap,	Holster Straps, 2.

Four Hundred Holsters and Holster Pouches.
Four Hundred Saddle Valises, and
Four Hundred Bridles complete consist of the parts of pieces, viz:

Curb Head Stall,	Halter head Stall or Bridoan,
Curb Reins, (long)	Snaffle Reins, (short)
Halter Strap or Shank,	Curb bit.
Curb Chain,	Snaffle Bit, or Bridoon.
Throat Strap,	

The whole to be of the best materials and workmanship, equal in all respects and conforming in mould and finish to the models or patterns deposited in this office, and in the office of the Quarter Master, at St. Louis, Mo., the Assistant Quarter Master at Newport, Ky., and the United States Military Storekeeper, at Pittsburg, Pa., which can be examined by any person disposed to make proposals. The saddle trees must be made of the best sound and seasoned ash timber, and of the exact model and dimensions of the patterns referred to, and will be subject to a strict inspection by such person or persons as the undersigned may, on the part of the United States, appoint for that duty: First, after the completion of the wood work and ironed, and again after ironing and before being [illegible] ed, and finally, the whole work will be inspected [illegible] offered for delivery to the United States. [illegible] the view of guarding still further the inte[illegible] rights of the Government against inferior mate[illegible] workmanship, the undersigned reserves to the [illegible] ment the privilege, through the Inspectors who [illegible] appointed to inspect the articles contracted for [illegible] *secting saddle or saddles as may be desi[illegible] the purpose of determining more [illegible] the quality of the covered materi[illegible]* which dissected saddle or saddles, if [illegible] respects to the pattern, will be re[illegible] wise will be turned upon the hand[illegible] *rejected;* and the undersigned re[illegible] the agent of the Government, the [illegible] ilege of regarding any defect in [illegible] workmanship, discovered by dis[illegible] all the other saddles offered for its [illegible] ting the rejection of all.

A contract in triplicate, based upo[illegible] proposals, will be executed by the parties [illegible] ful performance of which the usual bonds with two [illegible] more good securities, will be required. The Equipments in question may be delivered at either the Clothing and Equipage Depot at Philadelphia, or to the Officers or Agents of the Government at St. Louis, Mo., Newport, Ky., or Pittsburgh, Pa., with whom the models or patterns above mentioned may be deposited, as the contractor may find it most convenient.

Payments will be made for every hundred sets of Equipments received, if desired by the contractor.

Letters containing Proposals will be addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Proposals for Horse Equipments." HENRY STANTON,
Col. and Ass't Quarter Master General,
sept 3—tf U.S. Army.

LETTER OF THE REV. S. B. WYLIE, D. D, ON THE EFFICACY OF THE MEDICATED VAPOR BATH.

Messrs. Fleming & Black:

GENTLEMEN:—I have made trial of your *Vapor Bath.* The benefit thereof has much exceeded my expectations. I had not anticipated the degree of pleasure produced by the medicated vapor during the whole process of its operation. I could scarcely have spent *fifteen* minutes more pleasantly; while my lungs were inhaling an odoriferous perfumed atmosphere, and every pore of my system was exuding, in copious perspiration; noxious humors, injurious to the healthy state. I left the Bath greatly refreshed, and even exhilerated. I had been troubled much with rheumatic pains and worn down with fatigue of business; the pains were completely removed, and I received fresh animation. It cannot, it is true, cure broken bones, or reduce luxations of joints; to such things it makes no pretensions. But it *can* and *does*, expel from the body, such peccant matter as may, by its presence, be incompatible with a perfectly healthy condition of the human frame. Without hesitation, I can recommend the *Vapor Bath* to all afflicted by languor of constitution, or laboring under such diseases as it professes to alleviate or cure.
SAMUEL B. WYLIE.
Pittsburgh, Aug. 17, 1844. Philadelphia.

Persons afflicted with Rheumatic pains will see by the above letter that they can rely on being cured, as in no instance where the Bath and medicines were used have they failed to produce a similar result.
FLEMING & BLACK,
Office on Fifth near Smithfield streets.
sept 2 Chronicle copy

DAILY ARRIVALS

OF New Goods, at ALGEO & M'GUIRE'S Fashionable Head quarters, No 251 Liberty Street. The newest styles and most splendid goods that is brought to this market is to be seen at our establishment. We would invite the attention of purchasers to our present stock, which for variety and richness of style cannot be excelled. In catering for the taste of our customers we are determined not to be out done, as arrangements have been made by us to secure every new style of goods upon its arrival in the Eastern market, as well as the best *Paris monthly reports*, which we receive regularly; neither expense or pains shall be spared in making our establishment THE FASHIONABLE HEAD QUARTERS of the West; and we trust to be sustained by our old patrons, as well as a great many NEW ones, whom we shall not fail to please, as we trust our ability is equal to our inclination.
sept 2 ALGEO & McGUIRE,
Chronicle and Age copy.

Pittsburgh Gymnasium.
Third street, between Wood and Smithfield.

THE Subscriber having fitted up the Gymnasium in first rate style, will open his books for season subscribers, on Monday, the 2d inst.

As a place of exercise, the Gymnasium has no superior in this city. It has been fitted up with new apparatus, calculated to bring all the muscles into healthful action. This kind of exercise is recommended by all the best physicians in the city, as calculated to invigorate the body and improve the health generally.

It is especially recommended to persons of sedentary habits, who are liable to suffer from indigestion and its kindred evils, produced by want of proper exercise. Call in and examine the establishment for yourselves. JOHN M'CLELLAND.
sep 3 3m