The Daily Morning Post.

THOS PHILLIPS & WM. H. SMITH, EDITORS.

PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, AUGUST 6, 1844.

FOR PRESIDENT,

JAMES K. POLK,

OF TENNESSEE.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

GEO. M. DALLAS,

OF PENNSYLVANIA.

FOR GOVERNOR,

H. A. MUHLENBERG.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

JOSHUA HARTSHORNE,

OF CHESTER COUNTY.

Congress,

ALEXANDER BRACKENRIDGE, Pitt.

State Senate,

CHAMBERS M'KIBBIN, City.

Assembly,

JAMES A. GIBSON, Pine,
JOHN ANDEREGG, Pitt,
JAMES WHITTAKER, Mifflin,
STEPHEN WOODS, Robinson,

Commissioner,

WILLIAM EWING, Robinson.

Auditor,

EDWARD M'CORKLE, Indiana.

DEACON WHITE TURNED LINNER.—The "unbought editor of the Gazette" has drawn a feint sketch of himself, leaving out all the most disgusting features in his course, and says it is a portrait of the "Locofoco organ of this region." The picture is very striking, but still there are many points omitted which might have been put in it with good effect For instance, the real motives which induced him to sneak into the antimasonic ranks while he was still a member of the lodge, and the concealment of the fact that he was connected with the 'blood stained order' until he was unkenneled by the democratic papers. Next, his foul mouthed abuse of Clay; his denunciations of him for having "throttled the Tariff," for being an "immoral and profane man," for being a "gambler," a "duellist," a "mason" and a "slaveholder." These would have been strong features, and if he had only thrown them into the picture, along with the small vices which he has enumerated, (small we mean when compared with his other faults) no one could have failed to have recognized the immaculate Deacon at a single glance.

"Lying, deception, slander, meanness," are prominent carbuncles on the portrait. These *features* are strikingly visible in his dealings with the fifteen whigs; his loud denunciations of Clay and his friends, and his meanness in sneaking into their ranks without apologizing for his former slanders. We do not refer to his abuse of the democrats, as he has said nothing about them more vile than what he has published against those who now employ him. Deacon, you are a first rate painter. We were pleased with the likeness which you gave some time since of the whig candidate, but we had no idea that you could draw such a perfect portrait of *yourself* as the one which appeared in your paper yesterday morning

A UNITED STATES BANK, THE TRUE ISSUE.—In his Speech at Macon, Geo., in April last, HENRY CLAY made the memorable declaration which follows:

"*I am in favor of a U. S. Bank. All nations set us the example.*"

In a speech at Charleston, S. C., about the same time, Mr Clay spoke as follows:

"I contend that it is necessary to charter a National Bank to *regulate* and *control* the *monetary system*, and keep it from explosion and mischief—that a National Bank is necessary to secure a national currency, which is *as necessary to a nation as national laws.*"

Did HENRY CLAY made these declarations years ago—had we been left to infer his determination to recommend a Bank, if elected President, from his former votes, and acts, and speeches, the whigs might possibly have shuffled off and evaded this important issue—but he made the above declarations in electioneering speeches, since this contest was begun, and those of his supporters who are disposed to act hypocritically or unfairly in this business, as they did in 1840, cannot play this unworthy game. Mr CLAY is committed, unconditionally committed, in favor of a Bank,—"a Bank like the old one," and no man who is honestly opposed to such an institution will vote for him.

In parts of the country, where they think it will do, they are out "open mouthed" for a new "monster." The Hon Jos L WHITE, late a member of Congress from Indiana, but now residing in New York, lately addressed the Young Whigs of that city, on the Bank question, in the following emphatic words, as reported in the New York Express:

"*The whig party stand again, I am compelled to say, committed to the issue of* A NATIONAL BANK. (applause.) I know there are a set of men and politicians in the whig ranks who go against a Bank, but *it is idle to deny that this is a whig measure, and whenever a whig orator or editor denies the issue, his whigism should be* MISTRUSTED. He was either ignorant of what was a whig principle, or being wise, he sought to conceal it. For one I will rather surrender all claims to success, rather than abandon one whig principle. The whig policy was a comprehensive one. It embraced the interests of the whole Union. In the West a Tariff was conceded to the North to protect her in her manufactures, but the West, the Whole Valley of the Mississippi, asked for a National Bank to regulate the trade and exchanges of the country. The West demands a National Bank, and who says nay. The balance of trade and exchange is in favor of this city, and though we in New York did not desire a National Bank, there were those who did, and they were bound with us in one common bond of faith. (Applause.) *I speak from and for whig principles when I say that a National Bank was one of the issues of* 1840. Name the institution what you please, but give it the power and principles of a great national regulator, with power to equalize the currency."

This is strong and plain language, and was received, the Express says, with "applause." Mr WHITE comes manfully up to the work, and sustains his leader with a generous ardor that does him credit. "*Whenever a whig orator or editor denies this issue* [the Bank] HIS WHIGISM SHOULD BE MISTRUSTED." Hear this, ye shuffling, time-serving editors and orators of the Coons, who seek to evade this issue. "I am for a National Bank," says Mr. CLAY, and whoever goes against one, says Mr WHITE, is to be "MISTRUSTED." That is the fair and proper way to talk about this matter. The democrats gladly accept the issue, and will carry every honest man in the country, who is opposed to the corruptions of the Bank, and its stalking-horse power, against CLAY and his project.

☞ The following is the "code of ethics" which the editor of the Gazette lays down to govern his conduct:

"Lying, deception, slander, meanness, are all venial sins, to be forgiven on a slight penance, or rather, as we should say, no sins at all, but *the absolute virtues.*"

What a wicked scamp the Deacon must be, to avow such principles! The fifteen whigs have a great deal to answer for.

THE MEETING AND PROCESSION

The unprecedented turn out of the people, on Saturday, has been a fruitful subject of conversation among all classes. It has elated the hopes and confidence of the democrats still higher than they were before the meeting, and has extinguished every spark of hope among our opponents. Nothing approaching it, in magnificence and effect, was ever before witnessed in Pittsburgh, nor will the like be seen again, until the insolent misrepresentation of the whigs, as regards public feeling in this quarter, impel the democracy to get up another procession. It was an epoch in the history of our city, and will be related to posterity by some of the 'oldest inhabitants' as one of the wonderful events of 1844.

Below we give a description of the order of the procession, with the inscriptions on all the banners and transparencies that we could obtain. We regret that we could not obtain all, but what we have will suffice to give our distant friends some idea of the spirit displayed on the occasion.

CITY OF PITTSBURGH.

FIRST WARD.

Band of Music.

Banners.—First Ward Democracy, Polk, Dallas and Muhlenberg.

SECOND WARD.

This ward made a magnificent display, and when they marched into the yard, they made a splendid and formidable appearance. They were preceded by a

Band of Music.

Banners.—Monument: 'Sacred to the memory of the murdered Cilley.'

A transparency representing the duel between Clay and Randolph.

A decapitated coon, with Clay's head. Inscription. Whig Principles—That same Old Coon—No Protection for Protection—U. S. Bank—Distribution of the Public Domain—Assumption of the State Debts.

Coons dare not say Bank or no Bank—Whig Principles—Two days for One Dollar, instead of Two Dollars per day.

Third Transparency.

Inscriptions.—We oppose H. Clay, the father of the Bankrupt Law, by which thousands of the honest yeomanry were defrauded of their just dues.

Mr Clay has left his Tariff friends and united with Calhoun.—*H. Denny's Letter.*

The South Ward Democrats have no Bankrupt Committees.

If the Bankrupts have no modesty, they should have some shame.

There is no necessity of Protection for Protection.—*Henry Clay.*

Equal Protection to All.—*J. K. Polk.*

My exertions have been directed to a reduction of Tariffs.—*Henry Clay.*

I should have preferred if 20 per cent duties had been adhered to.—*Henry Clay.*

J. K. Polk, opposed to a National Bank.

SOUTH WARD DEMOCRACY.

J. K. Polk and a Protective Tariff.

THIRD WARD.

Band of Music.—Banners.

Inscriptions.—The Ticket—Polk, Dallas and Muhlenberg—No National Bank.

It was a Social game of cards, nothing worth mentioning at stake; Crittenden can tell.

"The Ohio River is frozen half the year and dry the other."—*H. Clay.*

"High Tariff duties fill the coffers of the Government, and empty the pockets of the people."—*H. Clay.*

"My exertions since 1832 have been directed to a reduction of the Tariff."—*H. Clay.*

"I brought forward the Compromise Act; I have adhered to its provisions, and shall do so in future."—*H. Clay.*

"Mr Clay has left his Tariff friends."—*H Denny's Letter.*

"Clay "throttled the Tariff."—*Unbought Gazette.*

"Fair and just protection to all the interests of the whole Union, embracing Agriculture, Manufactures, the Mechanic arts, Commerce and Navigation."—*Jas. K Polk.*

FOURTH WARD,

Band of Music.

Banners:—North Ward Huge Paws.

We RISK to conquer—We go for Tariff and protection—Equal Rights to all and no Whig misrule.

"My negroes are fat and sleek".—*Henry Clay.*

"Agriculture needs no protection."—*Henry Clay.*

No 50 million United States Bank.

POLK, DALLAS AND MUHLENBERG.

Pennsylvania, good for 20,000 majority.

FIFTH WARD.

Band of Music.

AMERICAN FLAG.

Polk, Dallas and Muhlenberg, the true friends of constitutional measures.

The People can and of right ought to govern themselves without a US Bank.

Fifth Ward Democratic Tariff Club.

The Working men are coming.

Portraits of Polk and Dallas.

The whole preceded by a splendid Star Spangled Banner, and a band of music.

ALLEGHENY CITY,

FIRST WARD,

Band of Music.

SECOND WARD,

Band of Music.

Banner:—POLK, DALLAS and MUHLENBERG. We are opposed to the man who 'throttled the Tariff.'

No United States Bank.

SECOND WARD DEMOCRACY.

THIRD WARD,

Band of Music.

Banners—Democrats of the 3d Ward, Allegheny,

POLK, DALLAS AND MUHLENBERG.

FOURTH WARD,

Transparency (drawn by four horses, driven by postillions, tastefully dressed,) on which was painted

MANCHESTER DELEGATION.

Equal rights and unlimited freedom of opinion;

Polk, the Young Hickory,

Dallas and Victory.

Polk, Dallas and Muhlenberg.

MR CLAY'S SOUTHERN & NORTHERN FACES

PITT TOWNSHIP.

Band of Music.

Banners.

Pitt township, for a Protestive Tariff and no Compromise Bill.

Equal protection and no monopoly,

POLK, DALLAS and MUHLENBERG.

Democracy—its principles and its candidates.

Specie currency, and no U. S. Bank.

Where are the "two dollars a day and roast beef?"

Echo answers where?

Clay arguments, a brace of pistols.

Truth crushed to earth in 1840 will rise again in 1844.

Henry Clay the inveterate (armory) enemy of Pittsburgh.

Darragh and Darsie taxed Pitt township without the consent of the people.

BOROUGH OF LAWRENCEVILLE.

Band of Music.

Banners.

Lawrenceville Democratic Delegation.

"Don't give up the ship."

The price of liberty is eternal vigilance.

POLK AND DALLAS.

These are but a part of the banners and transparencies that appeared in the procession, but not having taken them down as they passed, it is impossible for us to remember them all now.

The following resolve was offered by R. H. Kerr, and adopted by acclamation—

Resolved, That the following gentlemen be, and are hereby constituted a committee to invite the Hon. GEO. M. DALLAS, H. A. MUHLENBERG and any other Democrats they may deem proper, to visit this county after the Bedford Convention, and that the committe have power to call a Convention at any time they may think advisable:

COMMITTEE.

P M'Cormick	D Wertz
John Turbett	Thos Hamilton
J K Moorhead	J Hunker
Rody Patterson	Wilson M'Candless
R Galway	Robert H Kerr
John Bisminghan	John B Butler
F R Shunk	H C Moorhead
John Anderson	J D Miller
Thomas Phillips	Thos Blackmore
C M'Kibben	George P Smith
W H Smith	W H Lowrie
A Burke	H S Magraw

THE COONS ARE SCARED.—The whigs have for some days past been advertising a Mass Meeting in Allegheny for Thursday evening next. When they saw our meeting on Saturday, they felt that they could not arouse the spirits of their men so that they could be got out on Thursday, so *they have postponed it till Saturday.* The coons were so frightened, and driven so far in their holes by the great outpouring of the people on Saturday, that it will take them *three days to get out!*

☞ Let the whigs now "stand from under." They have aroused the Lion of Democracy, and he will devour them bodily. Since the Procession of Saturday, the Democrats have determined to carry Allegheny county. They had not made up their minds about it previous to our Great Mass Meeting, but that has aroused all their energies, and the blagging, boasting whigs will have to take the consequences. Again we say, "let the whigs stand from under."

☞ The *decent* whigs were acting on the principles of their leader, who, according to the Gazette, is an "*immoral and profane man.*" They threw stones at the North Ward Banners, and broke them. At various corners they stood and insulted the procession as it passed. One *very* decent whig stood on the curbstone, in the Fifth Ward, and as the banner with the portrait of Polk passed, he shouted till he was hoarse, "there goes the d——d son of a Tory.'

IS THERE NOTHING IN THAT?—Five of the broad columns of the Albany Argus of Thursday last, are filled with the names of men who have renounced the whig party, and come over to the support of Polk and Dallas. Dates, residence, and other incontestible evidences are given with them.

MAKE ROOM FOR CLEVELAND, OHIO.—The Louisville Democrat says:—The Cleveland Plaindealer comes to us with a letter and certificate, signed by ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-SIX electors who voted the whig ticket in 1840, who have renounced the whig party, and enrolled their names upon the glorious banner of Democracy. Truly, the work goes bravely on.

A EUROPEAN TEMPERANCE SHIP.—The first whaler ever equipped at the free city of Hamburgh, left that port some time in May last, for the South Seas This vessel, called the Ancest, measures about 650 tons.—All of the crew had entered into a formal engagement to abstain, during the entire voyage, from every species of spirituous liquors, on conditions of receiving two rations a day of hot coffee. A very small quantity of brandy and wine was taken on board, to be administered only as a medicine and in pursuance of the express directions from the physicians

It seem a that temperance is of paramount importance onboard of whaling ships; for it is proved by reliable statistics, that nine-tenths of the disasters that have befallen Danish and Swedish whalers, have resulted from the abuse of spirituous liquors by their crews.

"THE PLAINDEALER."—Our friends of the Lancaster Intelligencer have revived the little Plaindealer, a campaign paper that was conducted with much ability in 1840. Under the management of the talented editors, it will render efficient service in the present contest.

☞ It having been stated that a fellow was recently arrested at Buffalo, for having counterfeit notes of the Mississippi Banks in his possession, the Natchez Free Trader looks upon his "captivation" as quite superfluous and altogether supererogatory, saying that if he had genuine notes of the same description, he could not pass them.

NORTH CAROLINA.—Speaking of the election which took place in this State on last Thursday, the Madisonian says that the Whigs finding that they could not sustain themselves in opposition to TEXAS, have generally declared in favor of annexation. Mr Graham, the Whig candidate for Governor, has been a Senator in Congress and Speaker of the House of Representatives. He is a popular man, and has fine talents, so much so that were it not for his being a Whig, he would have not been opposed by the Democrats. His competitor is a deserving man, but less known, and if elected it will be the triumph of the party—decisively in favor of the Democratic candidate. Our information is that the vote of the State is doubtful

GREAT DISCOVERY.—A whig has made the important discovery that there were *four* unnaturalized citizens in the Democratic Procession, who ought to be subtracted. Very well—let them be deducted. 4 from 3000 will leave 2,996—that will do for a Democratic evening meeting.

From Rio Janeiro.—The bark Eunomas, Captain Mansfield, arrived at New York on Wednesday, from Rio Janeiro, with dates to the 22d June. The U. S. Frigate Raritan, bearing the broad pennant of Com. Daniel Tournet, was at anchor in the harbor. No political news of importance.

The Strike—The tailors of this city, who have struck for higher wages, were joined yesterday by several hundreds from the city of New York, and marched through our streets, with banners, music, &c, attracting a good deal of attention. We trust that those employers who are making such a rich harvest from the tariff, will reconsider their determination, and do justice to the laborer.—*Newark Post.*

From Canton.—The Canton Press of March 16th, has the following paragraph:

The U. S. Frigate Brandywine, left Hong Kong last Sunday from Manilla, where we understand she is to be joined by two or three smaller ships of war, then return to Macao for Mr. Cushing, and with the Southerly monsoon proceed with the squadron to the Peiho. Commodore Parker was received by the Hong Kong authorities with all the honors due to his rank.

From the Lancaster Intelligencer.

STEAM-BOAT VOTING.

The coons are always boasting about the victories they achieve on steam-boats—forgetting that those who travel are generally whigs of the most violent character. A friend who has travelled considerably on the Western waters, since the Democratic nominations, undertook the task of keeping a record of the votes taken on the respective boats. His route lay from New Orleans to Pittsburgh, touching the intermediate points; the names of the boats on which he travelled will be found prefixed to every vote. The result is remarkable and cheering. We publish the table for the gratification of our readers:

BOATS.	PAS.	DEM.	WHIG.	DEM. MAJ.	WHIG MAJ.
Mermaid,	43	27	16	11	
Grace Darling,	51	25	26		1
Talma,	84	41	43		2
Macedonia,	121	83	38	5	
Oswego,	111	76	35	41	
Raritan,	81	73	8	65	
Little Ben,	168	101	50	51	
Passenger,	256	125	131		6
Diadem,	225	157	58	67	
Narragansett,	78	37	41		4
Neptune,	83	33	47		14
Brennett,	164	103	61	42	
Goddess of Liberty,	274	234	113	121	
West Point,	91	3	88		85
Ben Franklin,	142	75	39	40	
Belle of the West,	36	27	9	18	
Mendora,	29	28	1	27	
Champion,	325	308	17	291	
Clipper,	72	64	8	56	
Swiftsure,	169	143	26	117	
Wing & Wing	125	85	40	45	
Allegheny,	51	33	18	15	
Zephyr,	107	103	4	99	
Hibernia,	200	80	120		40
West Wind,	28	15	3	22	
Mail Herald,	43	39	4	35	
Ashland,	61	4	57		53
Lehigh,	254	110	144		34
Caledonia,	116	58	52	6	
Adaline,	72	1	81		70
Wm Penn,	41	41	40		1
Fashion,	128	115	13	102	
James Ross,	18	7	11	4	
Majesty,	537	213	144	69	
Eldora,	24	00	24	24	
Queen of the West,	205	83	100		17
Duet Franklin	43	32	4	28	
Monongahela	131	109	22	87	
Ben Franklin,	57	55	2	53	
Champion,	423	322	101	221	
Patriot,	3	1	2		1
Belle Air,	78	31	46		15
Harkaway,	15	15	00	15	
West Wind,	124	105	19	86	
Frolic,	10	10	00	10	
Natchez,	33	4	29	25	
Muskingum,	12	9	3	6	
Minstrel,	132	36	100		61
E. D. Monbickman,	227	180	47	133	
John O. Phaler,	112	91	21	70	
Madison,	315	215	100	115	
Pike,	72	53	19		34
North Queen	191	90	101		11
Alpa,	8	8	0	8	
Harry of the West,	85	58	27	31	
Mingo Chief,	3	3	0	3	
Scot,	339	367	32	337	
Lancet,	11	3	15		12
Cutter,	402	290	137	153	
Whole majorities,				2556	513
				513	
Democratic majority,				2043	

Murder and Attempted Suicide.—Captain Soule, of the brig France-Louisa, arrived at New York from St. John's, Porto Rico, reports that on the 22d of July, his mate, Mr Abel Moran, of Phipsburgh, Maine, died very sudden ly; it was believed that he had been poisoned by the cook, Michael Harrington, of Boston. On the 23d Captain Soule was advised that the cook had a loaded pistol, with which he intended to shoot the Captain. On being required to give it up the cook denied that he had any, but a search being set upon him he was seen drawing the charge from the pistol which contained three bullets. He was then searched and another pistol found upon him, also loaded with three balls. Both were taken from him, and also a quantity of percussion caps, which had been concealed in a pocket in his shirt. He was put in irons but allowed to remain on deck On the 29th off the Capes of the Delaware, he jumped overboard but was picked up by the pilot boat Henry Clay, of Baltimore, and was again put on the brig.

Swindling in a new Form—Yesterday evening as Capt Stubblefield with one of his hands was on his way to his vessel, lying at Long Dock, he was accosted by a man and asked to step aside and look at a curious box. It was put into his hands and he was told that he could not open it and take out a five cent piece which was said to be inside; at this moment another fellow stepped up and was recognized by a person standing by as a notorious character about town, who was evidently a confederate, and taking the box in his hand, the first man having stepped aside, pushed it open from the bottom, and took out the five cent piece; then hastily closing it as the other came up, he proposed to Stubblefield to bet that the man who had produced the box could not open it and take the coin out. A bet was accordingly agreed upon of $150 against Stubblefield's gold watch, which he produced, and the watch of the confederate, who holding both watches in his hand, the first party opened the box, or another like it, and took out a five cent piece. The bet was lost, and the fellow seizing the watches made off one way, and the confederate another, leaving the Captain to admire the combined dexterity and rascality of Baltimore "burners."—*Balt Sun.*

From South America.—The barque Mason Barnes, Capt Scott, arrived at New York on Wednesday, from Montevideo and Buenos Ayres, bringing intelligence up to June 8th. The U S frigate Congress was off Montevideo. Small skirmishes were occurring every day without advantage on either side. Commodore John Brett Purvis, commander of the naval forces of H B Majesty, on the Eastern coast of South America, had taken part with the enemies of the Confederation, in Montevideo. The local journals are loud in commendation of the British Commodore. Among the late accessions to the ranks of the besieging army are the names of Col. Olleros and St. Caine, aid-de-camp to the minister of war himself. The defection of the latter individual was generally regarded in Montevideo as very ominous to the rebel cause. The people generally have lost all faith in Rivera, from whom they expected succor, and the tide of emigration of foreigners from Montevideo to Rio Grande is very great.

From Hayti.—The Osceola, Sylvester, arrived at New York, on Wednesday, from St. Domingo, with advices to the 15th of July. There appears to have been another revolution in Hayti. A black philosopher, named Santa Anna, was proclaimed President on the 10th. It was his intention to discharge all the new officers and reinstate the old ones—those probably who served under Boyer. Polydillia had been appointed Vice President.

MEETING OF THE EAGLE ENGINE CO.

At a meeting of the Eagle Engine and Hose Company, held on Saturday 3d inst., the following persons were elected officers of said company for the ensuing year:

President—William V. Robinson.
Vice President—William Hays, Jr.
Treasurer—Alexander Hay.
Secretary—Herman Eichbaum.
Captain—William Hays, Jr.
Lieutenant—William Sirwell.
Engineers—1st, William Gorman; 2d, Herman Eichbaum; 3d, Charles Packard; 4th, Jno. Barton
Hose Directors—1st, Henry Hays; 2d, Henry Eichbaum; 3d, James Harrison; 4th, Uziah Smith; 5th, Valentine Smith; 6th, Geo W Lawman.
Assistant Directors—John Gillespie, D C Herbet, N Wonderly Jos Bradley, A Cheatham, B F Peterson, T Wickersham, D Boland, Jos Long, Wm S H Scully, Geo Oliver, Henry Moreland, Chas Swan, A Summers, Richard Bradley, Robert Stackhouse, D Fagan, J F Ingles.
Axemen—T M Collingwood, Joseph Welsh.

HERMAN EICHBAUM, Sec'y.

Philadel. Advertisements.

HUTMAN, HARMAN & CO.

Wholesale Dealers in Dry Goods,

No. 99½ Market Street, South side, above 3d Street.

RESPECTFULLY invite the attention of Western Merchants to their stock of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, which they are now receiving for the Fall trade.

Their assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinetts, Jeans, Alpacas, Merinos, Prints, Muslins, Tickings, Checks, Flannels, Moleskins, Beaverteens and other desirable goods having been selected with the greatest care, will be well worthy the examination of buyers, and they pledge themselves to satisfy their customers and purchasers who may give them a call, by selling them every article at the very lowest market price, *for Cash or approved credit.*

aug 6-3t

JOSEPH TALLMAN'S

WHOLESALE

BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTORY,

No. 233 Market Street, Northeast corner of Sixth Street, Philadelphia.

WESTERN and Southern Merchants are respectfully invited to call and examine his stock, as he feels confident that it will be to their interest, before purchasing elsewhere.

aug 6-1y

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

SMITH, BROTHERS & CO.,

NO. 188 MARKET ST., PHILADELPHIA,

ARE now receiving in addition to their former stock a large assortment of FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC HARDWARE AND CUTLERY, to which they invite the attention of Western Merchants.

aug 6-1y

Notice.

WHEREAS, by an act of Assembly, dated April 18th, 1844, James Kelly, Daniel Negley, Francis Wilson, Jr., Robert Donaldson and George McCombs were appointed Commissioners to lay out a Turnpike Road, commencing at East Liberty and terminating at the juncture of the Frankstown and Leechburg Roads. In pursuance of the above the said Commissioners will meet at the house of JOHN BEITLER, in East Liberty, on MONDAY, the 2nd day of September next, for the purpose of receiving subscription for the stock of said Company.

ONE OF THE COMMISSIONERS.

East Liberty, August 1st, 1844-d1w1m ag6

Notice to Pensioners.

PENSION OFFICE,
August 1, 1844.

SIR:—It is proper that widows who are entitled to the benefits of the Act of June 17th, 1844, continuing certain pensions for four years longer, should be informed that Congress have made no appropriation for paying these pensions, and that therefore no payment can be expected before the latter end of December next. I am, respectfully, &c.

J. L. EDWARDS.

To THOS. M. HOWE, Pension Agent, Pittsburgh.

aug 6 d10t

EVERYBODY READ!!

More New Works received at Cook's Literary Depot, 85 Fourth Street.

A NEW NOVEL BY MISS PICKERING!

THE Grandfather, a Novel by the late Miss Ellen Pickering, author of the Grumbler, etc.

Martin Chuzzlewit, part 7—Harper's edition; also, Lea & Blanchard's complete edition, with 12 illustrations.

Eclectic Magazine, for August, containing a beautiful illustration of the Trial of Queen Katharine.

Living Age, No 11; also, the back numbers.

Leisure Hours, new select Library No 3.

Sloan, No 2, with upwards of 100 illustrations.

Illustrated Shakspeare, No 17.

Heaven and its Wonders, by Swedenborg.

Prose Fictions, written for the illustration of True Principles, in their bearing upon every day life by T S Arthur.

Boy's and Girl's Magazine for August.

Home—Family, and Six other Novels, by Miss Bremer, for only 12½ cents.

New York and Philadelphia Mammoth Newspapers.

Comic Blackstone, by Gilbert Abbott A Beckett; illustrated by George Cruikshank.

History of the Crusades for the recovery and possession of the Holy Land—by Charles Mills, author of a history of Chivalry, etc.

Rome's Policy towards the Bible; or Papal efforts to suppress the Scriptures in the last five centuries; exposed by an American citizen, author of a Voice from Rome, etc.

Whist Player's Hand Book, containing most of the maxims of the old school, and several new ones, to which are added observations on Short Whist Also, the games of Boston and Euchre; by an experienced player.

Wandering Jew, by the author of Mysteries of Paris; translated from the French, by N H Herbert.

Two Sisters, or Life's Changes; by the author of Taylor's Apprentice, Little Pilgrims, etc.

London Punch, for June 29 and July 6; latest Nos received per steam ship.

The works of the Rev Sidney Smith, in 3 vols.

Shakspeare Illustrated, No 16.

Leisure Hours—No 2 Library edition.

A great variety of new works received lately The public are invited to call and examine for themselves, at Cook's Literary Depot, 85 Fourth street.

aug 6

READ THE FOLLOWING

EXTRACT OF A LETTER TO HON. AMBROSE SPENCER, IN ANSWER TO HIS INQUIRIES ON THE EFFECTS OF THE MEDICATED VAPOR BATH:

A PHYSICIAN in the first class of his profession had a patient affected with a diseased hip joint, for whom he prescribed the usual remedies but without success, at a time when his patient was so debilitated as to be unable to walk but very little even with the aid of crutches. It was determined after much enquiry and investigation to try the effect of the Medicated Baths, six Baths enabled the patient to walk about the house with crutches; six more were succeeded by the ability to walk in the streets with crutches; a succession of Baths has enabled the patient to walk the streets without them.

A person of great respectability in the western part of this State, had nearly a year been unable to walk without the aid of crutches, owing to a complaint in the knee: several of the most respectable medical gentlemen in that part of the country who were consulted on the case entertained such various opinions as to the nature of the disease as left it doubtful whether it was a white swelling or not. Their prescriptions afforded no relief, the patient was taken to Philadelphia and placed under the care of one of the first professional gentlemen of that city, obtaining no relief the patient left Philadelphia to return home almost hopeless of recovery. In this city, however, it was deemed advisable to consult the Physician alluded to in the case first stated, who having witnessed the efficacy of the Bath in that case, recommended it as most likely to afford relief in the present instance, the result proved the accuracy of his judgment and the efficacy of the remedy, for their patient after a few weeks use of the Bath was enabled to walk without crutches and to return home without the need or aid of them. The letter can be seen at length by calling at our office on Fifth street, next door to the Pittsburgh Foundry.

aug 6 FLEMING & BLACK.

DISSOLUTION.

THE firm of Huey & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent The business will be closed by John F Huey, at No 123, Wood street, who is duly authorized to use the name of the firm in so doing.

SAMUEL C. HUEY,
JOHN F. HUEY.

August 6, 1844—d3t

N. O. Sugar.

10 Hhds. prime N. O. Sugar;
2 " 2d Quality, do.
In store and for sale by
REINHART & STRONG,
aug 5 140 Liberty street.

Pepper.

4 Bags, Pepper; received and for sale by
REINHART & STRONG,
aug 5 140 Liberty street.

MARTIN CHUZZLEWIT COMPLETE!

THE LIFE AND ADVENTURES OF

MARTIN CHUZZLEWIT,

HIS RELATIVES, FRIENDS AND ENEMIES,

COMPRISING all his wills and his ways, with an historical record of what he did and what he did'nt.

Handsomely finished edition with upwards of TWELVE SPLENDID ENGRAVINGS.

For sale at Cook's Literary Depot, 85 Fourth st.

aug 3

Pittsburgh Flint Glass Works.

THOS. BAKEWELL AND J. P. PEARS

HAVING associated with them B. P. BAKEWELL, late of Louisville, will hereafter conduct the business under the firm of BAKEWELL, PEARS & Co, who are duly authorized to settle the outstanding accounts of the late firm, and who offer for sale both at their manufactory on Water street, corner of Grant street, and at their warehouse on Wood street, corner of Second street, a general assortment of Plain, Cut, and Pressed Flint Glassware.

aug 3-1w

Schiller's Poems and Ballads.

WITH his Life, by E L Bulwer. New supply just received and for sale at Cook's Literary Depot, 85 Fourth street. aug 3

MISS BREMER'S NOVELS.

HOME—FAMILY, Twins, Trulinnan, Axel, Anna, and other Tales, by Fredericka Bremer; translated by Mary Howitt, in one volume, being Harper's Library of Select Novels, No 83, for only 12½ cents. For sale at Cook's Literary Depot, 85 Fourth street.

aug 3

TRIAL OF

ROMAINE WEINZŒPFLIN, Catholic Priest of Evansville, Indiana, on a charge of Rape, preferred by Mrs ANN MARIA SCHMOLL, held at Princeton, Indiana, Circuit Court, March Term, 1844.—On a change of venue from the Vanderburgh Circuit. Reported by A E Drapier, Stenographer. For sale at COOK'S Literary Depot 85 5th street.

aug 3

Duquesne College.

AN examination of the Students in Duquesne College, will be held on Monday next, commencing at 9 o'clock, A M. The Latin Class will be examined on that day, and the Greek on Tuesday, beginning at the same hour. The intended Graduates will be examined in Mathematics, Natural Philosophy, Logic, and Moral Philosophy, on Wednesday. The friends of Literature and Science, are particularly invited to attend these examinations.

ROB'T. BRUCE.

aug 2-4t

Rice, Vinegar, &c.

4 BARRELS Rice;
10 do Cider Vinegar;
10 bushels Pea nuts;
225 lbs Grenoble walnuts;
1 bale cream nuts;
5 doz superior lemon syrup;
2 chests extra curious Y. H. Tea;
10 bbls No 1 & 3 mackerel.

Received and for sale by J. D. WILLIAMS,
No 28 5th street.

Sugar and Molasses.

100 Hhds. N. O. Sugar;
400 Bbls. " Molasses;
On hand and for sale by
J. W. BURBRIDGE & Co.
aug 2 Water street, between Wood and Smithfield.

FLOUR.

100 Bbls. Thompson's Extra Family Flour;
Received and for sale by
J. W. BURBRIDGE & Co.
aug 2 Water street, between Wood and Smithfield.

Extraordinary Case.

MR. JOSEPH MEANS, of this city, had been afflicted for two years with Dropsy, during all of which time he had been under treatment of the most eminent medical men he could find; being given up as incurable he was advised by a Physician to try the MEDICATED VAPOR BATH: after taking the Bath and medicines for five days, he went to work at his trade, and has been able to work at it every day since. Persons afflicted in the same way can be referred to Mr. Means himself, and other great men who are well acquainted with his case, by calling at our office on Fifth street, next door to the Pittsburgh Foundry.

july 31 FLEMING & BLACK.

Star Candles.

THE Subscriber having completed his machinery for making Star Candles, is prepared to supply the friends of home manufacture with an article equal in every respect to any made in the country, and at less price.

For the convenience of families and retailers they are put up in packages of from 10 to 50 lbs. Call and examine them. J S GWYNNE,

jy 20 Franklin Manufactory, Second street.

Indigo.

2 CEROONS INDIGO, (a good article,) in Store and will be sold low to close consignment,

HAILMAN & JENNINGS,
july 30 43 Wood street.

PRINTING INK.

A FRESH SUPPLY OF C. JOHNSON'S

SUPERIOR PRINTING INK,

IN LARGE AND SMALL KEGS,

Just received at the office of the "Post."

august 1

DR. CHARLES WHITLAW'S

MEDICATED VAPOR BATH.

THIS celebrated Bath is now established in Fifth street near Smithfield, where persons wishing to avail themselves of its benefits will be attended to at any hour of the day.

The effects of the Vapor Bath are—

To equalize the circulation of the blood, and hence to remove coldness of the hands and feet, and to lessen the determination or flow of blood to the head.

To promote sweat, and re-establish insensible perspiration, and thereby to relieve symptoms of incipient inflammation.

To diminish nervous irritability, and in no instance has it failed to cure tic doulouroux.

To promote cutaneous eruptions, and remove diseases of the skin,

To remove the effects of mercury from the system,

To promote absorption of dropsical effusions.

To relieve difficulty of breathing, and hence to cure Asthma and other diseases of the chest and lungs.

To strengthen the stomach and impart a tone to the digestive organs, and cure dyspepsia with its consequent disorders.

To promote the healing of Scrofulous and chronic ulcers.

To remove Gouty and Rheumatic pains, and swellings from the joints, and cure Lumbago, Sciatica, &c.

THE QUINCY.—The Bath has never failed to relieve it.

THE CROUP.—It may be regarded as a specific.

THE WHOOPING COUGH.—Gives great relief.

THE MEASLES.—No instance of death having taken place when the Bath has been employed.

To prevent and cure discharges of blood from the lungs and other internal organs of the body,

To cure acute and chronic inflammation, the bath judiciously medicated is a certain specific.

To cure Gout, in all its forms, in a shorter period of time than any agent hitherto employed.

The bath has proved a perfect specific in Influenza

july 26 FLEMING & BLACK.

Star Candles.

'ONE cent saved is two cents earned,' so said Benjamin Franklin, and so will all who make trial of J. S. Gwynne's STAR CANDLES. They will find on trial, that the price at which the subscriber sells them, makes them come as cheap as tallow candles. While in cleanliness and beauty, they are equal to spermaceti; at the same time, they remain perfectly hard at a temperature of 140 degrees, being much warmer than the summer's sun.

J. S. GWYNNE,

july 24 Franklin Manufactory, 2d street.

Bunting.

500 YDS. white, blue and red Bunting, a superior article, suitable for Flags and Ban