his family coach and fat coach-horses, looking like emblems of peace and plenty stopped at my door. I loved to measure his men for their liveries! There was a world of good living, sir, in their dimensions. The body coachman and gouty old footman must have weighed together nigh forty stone.

"He had two sons, had the old gentleman—likely little fellows as you'd wish to see, in their sugar loaf-buttoned jackets, and nankeen trousers; and by the time I had to stand on tiptoe while trying them on, young men of what is called the highest promise.—Old Foster couldn't be worth less than a hundred thousand pounds, and he had only a couple of daughters to provide for in addition to his handsome sons, (one, at least, of whom was sure of his share in the house of business,) they might be considered as easy for life. I, God knows, considered them so and was always careful to comply with their whims, and be punctual to their orders. Besides, they were good-looking youths, who did honor to my shop. You may not think it of much moment, sir, but I can tell you we travellers love to work for a man who is as well made as his coat!

"You see the fat footman and fat coachman were apt to gossip of their master's affairs, when they came about their plush waistcoats and velveteens, as servants, whether fat or lean, are apt to do more especially about Christmas time, when the family accounts being sent in family tradesmen are obliged to stand a glass or two as a token of respect to the servants hall; and it was the opinion of old Foster's people that he would divide the property between his two sons, having the oldest to succeed him in his business.

"The young men, however, were not equally favorites with the old servants. There was no end of faults to be found with Master Harry, or, as he was now beginning to be called, 'Mister Henry?'—Mister Henry kept them up late at nights—Mister Henry was himself late of mornings—Mister Henry required more brushing of coats and polishing of boots than any ten Mister Henries in the land. Mister Henry professed that he would sooner walk ten miles in the rain than undergo the penance of the family coach; Mister Henry had been heard to speak disparagingly of the homey browed of Bedford Row!—whereas the elder-born, the hope of the house, was a model young man—early to bed and early to rise—unimpeachable in morals, and so far from giving three pair of boots a day to be warmed, much addicted to gaiters. Yet such is the perversity of human nature, sir, that Henry was ten to one the favorite. The fat footman used to perjure his precious soul in trying to conceal from the old gentleman the indecent hours of the young scapegoat!

"John Foster, the elder brother, did his best, as perhaps in duty bound, to prevent his father from being deceived on such points. For it was doubtless for Henry's good, that he should be duly reproved; and though it was likely enough to banish him from the old gentleman's good books to learn that he was getting pretty deep into other people's, his brother took care that the amount of his debts should be no secret in Bedford Row.

"Don't suspect me, sir, of having aided or abetted this. I protest to you, that, from the time the young gentleman lived upon an allowance, many was the Christmas I let pass without doing more than add up the account of Mr Henry. For I know well enough, from the hints of the fat footman, that if ever so much sent in, it wouldn't be paid; so where was the use of bothering him? The family bill was, as usual, duly settled. John Foster used to pay ready money for his goods, for the sake of discount; and with such steady customers in the house, the less need to fret at the backwardness of the son.

"And to say the truth, like the old servants, I felt something of a weakness in favor of that young man! He was so good-looking, so affable, so pleasant,—he had such a way with him, as the saying is, that his faults were readily excused. For, as bad a paymaster as he was, and although I seldom sent him home a cost that he did'nt tell my foreman my quizzical cuts made him the laughing-stock of his acquaintance, I liked his saucines full as well as the dryness of the ready-money chap, who took discount, and gave neither blame nor praise. My wife used often to scold me, when she saw how Henry Foster's bill was running up; and swore she'd have it made out and sent in to his father. But I pacified her by assuring her he would pay me in the lump; and bade her take care how she slew the old goose in Bedford Row, for the sake of a few golden eggs.

(To be continued.)

MISSISSIPPI RIVER, June 19th, 1844.

On board the Steamboat Palestine.

NARROW ESCAPE FROM A TOTAL DESTRUCTION BY FIRE OF THE STEAMBOAT PALESTINE, *A new Boat, on her third trip from Pittsburgh to St. Louis.*

This morning about half past three o'clock, thirteen miles above the mouth of the Ohio, the Engineer, Mr. Moore, discovered a smoke aft, and an unusual smell issuing from the hold of the boat; on examination it was discovered that the boat was on fire; the alarm was given; the Captain had retired, after having passed Cairo, about two o'clock, A. M.; the writer of this heard the first alarm, and immediately apprised the Captain, who promptly repaired to the scene of danger, and gave orders to run the boat on shore, and then descended amidst the smoke and flames of the burning materials, at the imminent hazard of his life; he groped his way along the hold until he discovered the location of the fire, which had made considerable progress, having nearly burnt through the beams and deck; he attempted to find his way out, but amidst the dense smoke and suffocating gasses, he missed his way, and passed the hatch; at length after falling two or three times, he called to the hands on deck, through whose aid he found his way out, barely escaping suffocation; he immediately ordered a hole to be cut in the deck, over the ascertained location of the fire; the hose was then immediately introduced and by dint of perseverance with the pump, the fire was in some ten or fifteen minutes mastered. About the time the location of the fire was discovered, the boat was run ashore or against some trees on a low point of an Island, to which she was made fast, the water at the bow being waist deep to the passengers, and it was about fifty yards to a small strip of land just above water, the river being very high.—Many of the passengers, including most of the ladies and children, had walked the plank into the water, and succeeded in gaining the strip of land alluded to. After the fire was extinguished, and the alarm had in a measure subsided, they returned to the boat, which immediately got under way to seek for passengers, who, it had been ascertained to the number of fourteen were missing; three or four of whom at the first alarm cut away the yawl, and as is frequently the case in the hurry of a fright, cut only part of her fastenings, which caused her to capsize; the others it is supposed jumped overboard.

The boat now run down about two miles, and rounded to, on the Missouri side—hailed some persons at a wood yard, who said that two of the missing had called there, and immediately proceeded up the coast, to regain the boat, provided she should be saved; the boat then proceeded up the Missouri coast, but saw nothing of the two, or any of the missing. It was ascertained that the fire originated in a box of drugs, taken on board at Evansville, the day previous, among which were aquafortis and muriatic acid, in bottles pac'd in straw. The box was completely charred inside.

The fire had extended more than fifty feet before it was got under, burning to a coal the deck; plank and beams.

After the alarm had subsided, and quiet restored, the passengers assembled, appointed a Chairman and Secretary, and passed the following resolutions:

Resolved, That it is with profound gratitude to Divine Providence, we are allowed again to assemble and exchange our congratulations upon our narrow escape from an alarming conflagration, which no human prudence could have foreseen or prevented.

Resolved, That it is in consequence of the extraordinary exertions of the officers of the boat and crew, and their devotedness to the safety of the passengers, that we are saved from that alarming element, in the dark hour of peril.

Resolved, That the conduct of Capt. Hough, thro' this trying scene, whereby he nearly sacrificed his own life, to the preservation of our own lives and property, deserves our lasting gratitude. Also the coolness and intrepidity of Mr. Blashford, the pilot, of Mr. Irwin, the mate, and Mr. Burtes, the stewart, is worthy of all praise.

Resolved, That it is with regret we are obliged to record the fact, that several of our fellow-passengers are now missing, and we heartily sympathise with the friends of those whose fate is yet uncertain.

Resolved, That it is with the utmost pleasure and confidence we recommend the Palestine to the public, for her speed and superior accommodations, and above all, on account of her vigilant and gentlemanly officers. Thos Manly and wife, James Borland and lady, N Ewing, Rob I Jones, Samuel Shaffner, John H Ward, Wm H Grant, W H Peck, Charles E Baston and family, A C Swan, John Machii, R P Bonfils, C Randall, John S Newlin, Henry Hobitzell, S H R Tuck and lady, Richard W Roberts, W Cresby, Mrs Culbertson, Miss Culbertson, Thos J Bohannan, Thomas Brown, Chas Becker, Eliza Connor, W G Reed, Wm Diller, D Heinsohn, T H Miendsohn, J K Poindexter, S P Kimball, R M Parott, G Busbyshell, Wm W Boyden, C W Grier, Samuel Blake, John C Taney, J Turbett, Elizabeth Morton, Charlotte Wilson, Samuel Read, Elias Skinner and family, Henry Hopson and family, A Davis, James Cameron, Allen Wait, Wm Willet, Charles H Bennet, Thomas Hanan, W R King, A Chine, A Shinn, Wm Brown, Wm Ryan, James Conegan, Wm Hurst, H Rogers, G Weir and daughter, Lee Chambers, E C Shepherd and family, Benj Davis, Amos S Burke and family, David Smith,

C. PRESTON, Chairman.

F D REED, Secretary.

The Daily Morning Post.

THOS PHILLIPS & WM. H. SMITH, EDITORS.

PITTSBURGH, MONDAY, JULY 1, 1844.

FOR PRESIDENT,

JAMES K. POLK,

OF TENNESSEE.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

GEO. M. DALLAS,

OF PENNSYLVANIA.

FOR GOVERNOR,

H. A. MUHLENBERG.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

JOSHUA HARTSHORNE,

OF CHESTER COUNTY.

Congress,

ALEXANDER BRACKENRIDGE, Pitt.

State Senate,

CHAMBERS M'KIBBIN, City.

Assembly,

JAMES A. GIBSON, Pine,
JOHN ANDEREGG, Pitt,
JAMES WHITTAKER, Mifflin,
STEPHEN WOODS, Robinson.

Commissioner,

WILLIAM EWING, Robinson.

Auditor,

EDWARD M'CORKLE, Indiana.

Papers for the Campaign!

"DAILY POST," AND MERCURY AND MANUFACTURER.

In order to give all an opportunity to obtain information during the pending political contest, we propose to furnish the "Daily Morning Post" to all such as may not wish to become yearly subscribers, at the following rates, to be paid to the carriers, or at the office, in advance:

Per week	10 cents.
" month	42 cents.
" quarter	1 25 do

We will also furnish our weekly, the "Mercury and Manufacturer," to all who may wish it, for the campaign—that is from the 10th of July, until the 10th of November (four months) for 50 cents, payable in advance.

We can also confidently recommend those papers to such as take no particular interest in political matters, for their general news. We possess facilities equal to any of our contemporaries, for procuring early information, on subjects of interest to every class of readers.

PHILLIPS & SMITH.

THE GAZETTE AND ITS EDITOR.—In a note concerning the article of S. W. BLACK, Esq. published in the Post of Tuesday last, the editor of the Gazette takes occasion to insinuate that we have coined and uttered 'slanderous imputations' against his character. We cannot permit this charge to go unnoticed. We have always studiously forborne to mingle personal attacks with political discussions, and devoid of principle as we have always believed the editor of the Gazette to be, we would not wilfully utter one sentence against him, that could be construed into a false or 'slanderous imputation.'

The editor evidently alludes to his transaction with the 'fifteen whigs,' which was first laid before the public in the columns of the 'Post.' Let us examine whether we are liable to the harsh accusation of having uttered a 'slanderous imputation' on the editor of the Gazette, in publishing the history of a political transaction between the said 'fifteen whigs' and himself.

The indenture signed by WM. EICHBAUM and others, in which they severally agree to give $200 for the use of Mr WHITE, for certain reasons therein set forth, and the annexed paper for the signature of Mr W, defining his part of the contract, are the basis of the 'imputations' that we are alleged to have 'cast off.' Now, the truth or falsehood of these 'imputations' depends, not upon our assertions, but upon the genuineness of those papers. The editor of the Gazette has not taken any measures to show that these papers are not genuine. He denies, we believe, that he ever signed his part of the contract, but has made no attempt to show that Messrs Eichbaum, Bakewell, Lorenz and others did not, in good faith, and with a full understanding of the object for which they were paying out their money, affix their names to the paper which we published.—From the tenor of the indenture they signed, it appears that they were assured that they could 'enlist the services of the Pittsburgh Gazette to promote their views,' and that 'D N White had *agreed to support* the nominee of the National Whig Convention.' Now who authorized Messrs EICHBAUM and others to *attest this in black and white upon a legal instrument.* Will the Gazette assert for one moment that the editors of the Post were the authors of the information? Unless he takes this ground he cannot say we "slandered him, but must lay that charge at the door of those who wrote the paper, and those who certify *as of their own knowledge*, that "*D. N. White agrees to support the nominee of the Whig Convention*," and this fact Mr EICHBAUM and his friends, in signing the promise for $200 each, solemnly set forth.

But possibly the editor will say that the most injurious portion of the "imputation" is contained in the part of the contract intended for his signature, and which is appended to the document signed by Messrs EICHBAUM and others. Perhaps this may be so. But as this portion was doubtless written by the same legal hand that penned the paper signed by Mr EICHBAUM and his friends, the author of that paper, and not the editors of the Post, are chargeable with the "slanderous imputations" it is alleged to contain. That paper asserts for Mr WHITE that "*as long as the purchase money remains unpaid*" by him, he "*will sustain the nominee of the Whig Convention for the Presidency, and the political principles necessary to support such nominee.*" This is the important part of the document. If it was penned without the knowledge or consent of Mr. WHITE, and if he had no intention of doing what he is made to promise in that paper, we will agree with him that it is a "slanderous imputation," and that the author should be punished. But subsequent facts do not justify the conclusion that the principal "imputation" is either false or "slanderous." It is notorious that the Gazette HAS "*sustained the nominee of the Whig National Convention*,"—a thing it did not do previous to the drawing of this paper. It is notorious that, to the neglect and in contravention of former opinions, it *has* supported "*the political principles necessary to support such nominee.*" Where, then, is the "slanderous imputation?" Not surely in stating (what is now a well known fact) that the Gazette would change its course.

We beg pardon of our readers for taking up so much time with this matter. But we have been charged with uttering "slanderous imputations" against a neighbor, and we must vindicate ourselves.

It is not pretended that the documents on which we have predicated our remarks on the course of the editor of the Gazette, are forgeries—the first of these is signed by respectable men, who, if they have made false statements in regard to what Mr WHITE promised to do, are amply able to pay exemplary damages. We do not believe these highly respectable and responsible gentlemen would wantonly slander any one; first, because they are not addicted to it as far as we know, and secondly, because they might be made to suffer. As for the document for Mr WHITE's signature, we have too high an opionion of the legal acuteness of its putative author, to suppose that he would pen so gross a libel as that would be if it were untrue.

It was the impression that these men would be the last to concoct a "slander" against a fellow partizan, superadded to the fact that *his paper had done precisely what they say he had agreed it should do*, that convinced us of the genuineness of these papers. Are we, then, justly answerable to the charge of having uttered "slanderous imputations" against the editor of the Gazette? We leave the public to judge.

In the mean time, we hold ourselves ready to publish any evidence that the gentlemen concerned in this business, (the "fifteen whigs") may have to offer to show that these contract papers are not genuine, or that their names were used without their knowledge or consent; and thus do all in our power to remove the "slanderous imputation" of which the Gazette complains.

☞ Mr DENNY's black muzzled Nova Scotia dog, which he keeps in a kennel on Third street, to bark at Democrats, was very abusive Saturday. We shall not notice the yelping of the loathsome, disgusting beast—but if the gentleman that owns him has any doubts about the truth of the statement that ANDREW STEWART at one time supported Gen. JACKSON, and of consequence the principles on which he was brought out, we shall be happy to give it to him.

MR. POLK'S TARIFF VIEWS.—The Gazette says that we have misrepresented Mr POLK's views on the Tariff. It is scarcely worth while to contradict any thing that paper says—for from the former course of its editor he may be expected to give the lie to his own statements, and that too before a long time The extract we gave we fearlessly assert, contained the views of Mr POLK, and we did not publish all that the Gazette published, because it was not necessary. He says he "IS IN FAVOR OF A MODERATE SCALE OF DUTIES" and that he wishes "MANUFACTURERS TO ENJOY THE INCIDENTAL ADVANTAGE WHICH THE LEVY OF SUCH DUTIES WILL AFFORD TO THEM." This, the Gazette's extracts show, and we defy it to prove that CLAY will go farther.

But the veritable editor says that Mr Polk "IS IN EVERY RESPECT OF THE SOUTHERN FREE TRADE SCHOOL OF POLITICS." If he had not said the same thing in reference to Mr CLAY, we might take some trouble to refute this charge, but by the editor's own showing, Mr CLAY is a better "free trade man" than POLK. In the Gazette of *Wednesday*, February 22, 1843, Mr WHITE says:

"So Mr CLAY is the *second* choice of the "chivalrous" South Carolina nullifiers. If they cannot succeed in securing the nomination of Mr CALHOUN, who is the devoted advocate of Slavery and FREE TRADE, they are willing to take Mr CLAY as SECOND BEST, who has also given as his creed, that "*whatever the law makes property is property*," and has expressed his determination to *abide by the principles of his own Compromise Act.*

There is a nearer affinity between these great Southern Statesmen [CLAY and CALHOUN] than most people imagine, or than the northern friends of Mr CLAY are willing to admit. The Southerners understand this matter better, and are always found willing to give up little differences for the sake of more important interests."

Now, we ask any honest or rightminded man whether the assertion of the Gazette that POLK is a "*free trade man*" ought to injure him. Mr CALHOUN is by all regarded as the foremost "free trade man" in the country, and the Gazette says that HENRY CLAY is 'second best." And the whigs of Pittsburgh, according to the assertions of their organ, are supporting for President, the "second best" free trade man in all this country. Has not the Gazette itself sustained our assertion that POLK is a better tariff man than Clay?—Mr CALHOUN is the first "free trade man"—Mr CLAY the "second best"—and Mr POLK cannot, by any possibility be in equal rank with him in that array—he must be at least of the third class of "free trade men."

☞ One of the numerous "squirts" or "squatters," whose genius shines through the Harry of the West, seems displeased with our notice of the Tariff Club of the 2d ward. He asserted that there was a large number of "straight-outs" in that ward who had joined the Club; we called on him for the names, but he declined giving them on the ridiculous plea that if they were made public we would abuse them. This they know is false; in 1840 they were not deterred by any such prudential motives from publishing the names of straightouts, they were proclaimed from one end of the Union to the other. But they have a good reason for this apparent caution—they have no names to publish, and they know that if any changes had taken place, they were stranightouts from whiggery to democracy. If this is not the truth, let the 'squirts' and 'squatters' who are now the leaders of the whig party publish the names.

POLK AND CLAY.—Some of the whigs on the Grand Jury which met at the beginning of the present Quarter Sessions, were very anxious to have a vote on the Presidential question. The Democrats at length gratified the anxiety of the gentlemen to make a little capital for their favorite, and the vote was taken. It stood as follows:

For POLK	10
" CLAY	8

And one Democrat, we are told, was absent. The whole number in attendance being 19. Of course nothing of this can be found in the whig organ.

FLOOD IN THE WABASH.—The Tippecanoe Journal of the 20th inst, says the Louisville Courier, represents the late heavy rains and high rise in the Wabash to have been disastrous in the extreme. The whole country—or rather, the river and creek bottoms together with the leval prairies, have been submerged—and it is imposible to form any thing like a correct idea of the extent of the damages sustained. Fences have been swept away—entire fields have been destroyed—families have been driven from their dwellings, and forced to take refuge in boats or "flee to hills" for safety. The Wabash Canal was overflowed and the embankment had given away in a great many different places. It will cost the State a good many thousand dollars to effect the necessary repairs.

☞ The Louisville Courier of the 26th ult has the following paragraph in relation to the accident on board the Palestine:

We mentioned in our yesterday's paper, the accident on the Palestine, a short distance above the mouth of the Ohio. The following are the names of those who were in the yawl, when it upset, and who are undoubtedly lost:—Chas Harrington, of Pittsburgh; Mr Snodgrass, Mr Findley, Smith Moore, of Platte county, Mo. George W. Stevens, Wm Hopson, Mrs Levina Horn, of Haskell county, Ky., Joseph Neal, cook, colored man, and three fireman, making twelve in all; the fireman are supposed to be Germans; they had been on the boat but a day or two.

FOR THE POST.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE AGAINST HENRY CLAY.

Messrs Editors:—The excellent and very pointed extracts which you have copied during the last week, from the Pittsburgh Gazette, against Mr Clay, on the score of his opposition to the Tariff, his immorality, profanity, duelling, gambling and general debauchery, are powerful and overwhelming arguments in the hands of his opponents and are already doing much good among the moral and religious portion of our community, coming as they do, from the columns of the Gazette, the special organ of the Clay party, here.

As it is somewhat inconvenient, however, to carry the several numbers of your paper containing these valuable extracts, we would suggest the propriety of striking off some 15 or 20,000 copies of "Extra Posts," to be made up exclusively of extracts from the Gazette. In this form they can be extensively circulated over the country and the true character and claims of Mr. Clay be thus presented to the people upon authority which his most ardent friends and supporters will not dare to contradict. Let us have the extracts by all means, they will do a vast amount of good throughout the county.

ST. CLAIR.

[In accordance with the wishes of 'St Clair,' we shall issue an Extra containing choice excerpts from the Gazette, concerning the life and character of Henry Clay, for the especial use of our whig friends for a sort of text book.]

Steamboat Accident—Running through a Town.—The steamer Bell Air on her last trip from St Louis, did a feat seldom done by steamboats—she run through the town of Chester, below St Louis, passing over some of the house tops. In her course she ran into a brick house and demolished it! About one square below she ran into a stone house, shipping an immense quantity of stone on her bow, tearing off her guard from the bow to the wheel house, and demolishing her kitchen, besides doing much other damage. One man was knocked overboard, but finally saved. The accident happened about 12 o'clock on Saturday night last.—*Cin Com.*

STEAMBOAT COLLISION.

A Boat Sunk.—Yesterday morning at 2 o'clock near Ghent, below this city, the Yazoo Belle run into the Queen of the West, sinking the former boat immediately. The Belle was going down. She now lies with about one foot water inber cabin. The Queen was slightly injured. The freight on the Belle will be seriously damaged. No lives lost.—*Cin. Commercial.*

ITEMS FROM ST. LOUIS.

From the Reporter of June 21.

THE FLOOD.—The river is still rising at the rate of a foot in twenty-four hours. The levee from the Water Works to Mill Creek is entirely inundated. The first floor of all the stores on Front street are covered; many of them to the depth of three or four feet. The south part of the city along Mill creek is impassable except in boats, and many houses are submerged. Steamers at certain points on the levee lie against the stores, and no business is done except at the intersection of the cross streets. All of the rivers above are rising, and the lowlands are flooded, in some places to the depth of eight or ten feet. Below, the same melancholy scene is presented. The American Bottom is now under water; Illinoistown scarcely visible, and other villages on the bottom submerged. From appearances the present rise will exceed any which has taken place during the present century. Great distress will necessarily be produced along all our large rivers, and immense losses of property be sustained.

DROWNED.—The skiff connected with the ferry boat on the other side of the river was upset yesterday, and three men were drowned.

The steamer St. Croix was somewhat injured last Tuesday night, about eight miles this side of Warsaw, by the fall of a tree across her hurricane deck. She had him by for the night, and made fast to a large tree which was blown down by the violent wind.

AN IMPOSTOR.—An old man named Charles Morelly was arrested on Wednesday night last, at the instance of Bishop Kendrick. He has been collecting money, under pretence of being the accredited agent of the order of St Augustine, situated on Mount St. Bernard, France, and exhibiting forged papers to aid him in the matter.

We copy the following paragraphs from the Reporter of the 22d.

Several Mexicans arrived here yesterday from Santa Fe, bringing some furs. The Santa Fe company is expected in about ten days.

The lower part of the city is submerged. Houses, stores, shops, &c., are under water. The river is still rising at the rate of a foot in 24 hours. There is four feet water in the stores on the levee. Brooklyn is at last flooded, and its inhabitants have appealed to our city council for aid. The present flood is the greatest which has occurred during the present century.

The Illinois river is reported at a stand. Peoria and Beardstown are the only towns of any considerable magnitude, near the river, which are not inundated.

The Mormon difficulties have not yet reached a crisis. Jo Smith and several others voluntarily surrendered themselves to a magistrate in Hancock county and were discharged The citizens in the neighborhood still threaten war, but have not yet made the contemplated attack upon Nauvoo.

A rise of fifteen feet in the Arkansas river is reported by the Alex Scott, and the previous information with respect to the inundation of many towns on the Lower Mississippi confirmed.

The Revoille gives the following account of the state of things on the Missouri river.

The steamer Balloon, in yesterday from Weston, has given us intelligence of further damages by the disastrous flood, which we particularize below. This steamer left Weston on Tuesday morning last, and the night previous to her departure the river had fallen ten inches at that place.

At Parkaville there was a depth of eight feet of water on the bottom land. The warehouses at Wyandot city have been utterly destroyed, and the entire bottom below the Kansas river covered with water, some ten to fifteen feet deep, and not a house left standing. At Westport, the ware-houses are gone, and at Chouteau's landing, all the buildings are swept away; Wayne city, as yet has received no damage. Water in all the ware-houses on Liberty landing and the loss of produce &c. estimated from five to seven theusand dollars. Owens' landing, uninjured. At Rocheport, warehouses gone, and other damage done.

All the tenements have been washed away at Camden Bend, with great loss of property. At Lexington the water is in the ware-houses, and the bottom opposite, covered to the extent of ten feet in depth—the estimate of damage done, is $5,000. Waconda prairie is entirely covered, the river extending from bluff to bluff, about *fourteen miles.* De Witt was completely covered, and great loss sustained. At Thornburgh, the warehouses are still standing, but there is from ten to twelve feet water around them. At Booneville the river was still rising, but no damage sustained. Six miles below Jefferson City, the Balloon took on board several families who were endeavoring to escape from the flood. The crops in that vicinity, it is presumed, will be entirely destroyed. The loss of property from Weston to the mouth, will be immense. Hundreds of families have nothing left them but the clothing which they have on; in short the scene of misery and distress is such as to almost defy description.

The steamer Wappello, materially assisted the sufferers at Nashville, the whole town being inundated, and the water still advancing. Two of the crew belonging to the steamer were drowned in their laudable exertions to rescue those in danger.

On the 19th inst., the steamer Admiral, on her upward passage, was lying to, at Dover, being unable to stem the current. The boats find great difficulty in wooding, as no wood can be obtained without hauling from the bluffs.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, ss.

IN the matter of the administration account of John M'Masters, Jr., one of the administrators of Joseph Haslett, late of Allegheny County, deceased.

And now, to wit; May 18, 1844: The Court refer the administration account above mentioned to Wm. Elder, Robert Robb, and F. R. Shunk, Esq., to audit and report the same.

By the Court, THOMAS FARLEY, Cl'k.

The undersigned auditors will attend for the purpose of their appointment at the office of F. R. Shunk, Esq., 4th street, city of Pittsburgh, on Saturday, 27th day of July next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at which time and place all persons interested are requested to attend.

ROBERT ROBB,
FRS. R. SHUNK,
WILLIAM ELDER.

july 1, 1844.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration have been granted to the subscriber on the estate of Joshua Henry, late of Pitt township, deceased.

All persons having claims against the estate will present them for settlement, and those knowing themselves indebted to the estate, will make payment without delay to the subscriber, at the corner of Wood and Second streets.

D. GILLELAND,
Administrator.

july 1-d4w

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a sale will be made by Public Vendue, at the late residence of Joshua Henry, dec'd., in Pitt township, on Monday the 8th day of July next, at 10 o'clock a. m., consisting of house and kitchen furniture; one Cow, three horses, harness and two drays; a silver plated Lever watch; Bees, bee boxes; one Gun, five Sleighs and a variety of other articles two numerous to mention. Terms at sale.—Attendance given by

D. GILLELAND,
Administrator.

july 1 -d1w.

LICENCES.

THE following dealers in Merchandize in the County of Allegheny, (exclusive of the cities of Pittsburgh, and Allegheny,) have taken out their Licences for 1844:

PITT TOWNSHIP.

Robert Ballantine, T & J Dickson,
James A Irwin, George L Rice.
Robt Miller,

PEEBLES TOWNSHIP.

Thomas Davidson, Daniel Negley.
Phineas Reynolds,

WILKINS TOWNSHIP.

Boyd & Stoner, E Thompson.
A Horbach, jr.

PLUM TOWNSHIP.

Henry Chalfant, Ab'm Taylor.
Hugh Logan,

VERSAILLES TOWNSHIP.

Hugh Rowland, Jacob Kiester,
Theodore Marlin & Co., Samuel Sinclair.
Samuel Stacy,

ELIZABETH TOWNSHIP

C F Diehl, Robert Galway.
John Walker,

MIFFLIN TOWNSHIP.

Adam Honthorn, Robert Whigham.
Asaph Atwater,

UPPER ST. CLAIR.

Aaron Brawdy.

LOWER ST CLAIR.

William M'Donald, James M'Donald,
Nathaniel Valentine, Fred'k Lorenz.
V Willman,

FAYETTE TOWNSHIP.

William Cavett, H C M'Farland & Co.

FINDLEY TOWNSHIP.

Guy & Boyd, David Cooper,
Alex Asdale, John Wilson.

MOON TOWNSHIP.

Joseph Cooper, James M'Clelland.
C & M Porter,

OHIO TOWNSHIP.

Clark Anderson, J H Starr.
David Shields,

FRANKLIN TOWNSHIP.

John Coulter.

RESERVE TOWNSHIP.

Andrew Boobe, Jonothan Grist.
Cyrus Townsend,

WEST DEER TOWNSHIP.

James Jones, John Blackwood.
William Porter,

EAST DEER TOWNSHIP.

James Clark, John Aber,
James Fulton, Jacob Ramaley.
Thomas Donnelly,

INDIANA TOWNSHIP.

George Powers, Chessman & Spaulding,
Robt Hanna, James M'Kee,
Thomas Gardner, Spang & Co

BOROUGH OF LAWRENCEVILLE.

Jeramiah Fleming, James O'Brien.

BOROUGH OF BIRMINGHAM.

William Magill, S M'Kee & Co.
George Dunlap, James Barr,
Daniel Betz, J & G Weihbrecht,
William Kiddoo, Robert Duncan,
Thomas W Briggs, Henry Von Olenhousen.

JEFFERSON TOWNSHIP.

John Moore, Thomas Kiddoo.

The following persons have not taken out their Licences for 1844.

James Herron,	Samuel Walker,
Clemans Hoevler,	C C Ihmsen,
Alex M'Kenna,	Daniel Bushnell,
T Newall,	David Carnahan,
T A Rowley,	Henry Bargessor,
John Sutton,	James Maxwell,
James Wilkinson,	Robert Todd,
Benjamin Carpenter,	George S Head.
James M Beeson,	Taylor & M'Donald,
David Soles,	John Robb,
Andrew Soles,	Robert Simpson,
Alex Day & Co.	J Laird.
David Roads,	David Duff,
William M'Connell,	John Oberly,
Arthur M'Whinney,	James Esler,
John Murry,	C Ihmsen,
Thos Kirby.	William Fawcett.
Sebastian Ochs.	Erastus Percival.

JOHN C. DAVITT,
Treasurer of Allegheny County.

June 29 jy 1—3t.

Hurrah for James' New Novel.

JUST received at COOK'S LITERARY DEPOT, 85 4th street, ROSE D'ALBERT, or Troublous Times; a Romance, by G. P. R. James, Esq., author of "Darnley, False Heir," etc.

Columbian, Lady and Gentleman's Magazine, for July.

Ladies Companion, for July.

Gibbon's Rome, part 15th and last, the work can now be had complete.

Shakspeare, Illustrated, No. 12.

Campell's Magazine, for June 16.

Gambler's Mirror, No 2.

London Punch, late Nos by the Acadia.

The Martyr Wife, a Domestic Romance.

History of Oregon Territory, accompanied by a Map, by Thomas F. Farnham, Esq.

Little's Living Age, No. 6.

Gambler's Mirror, by J. H. Green, the Reformed Gambler, author of Green on Gambling.

A Voice from Rome, answered by an American Citizen.

Monthly Mirror, for July, containing 4 beautiful Engravings.

Gems of Scottish Song, with Annotations Historical and Explanatory, and a glossary of the less familiar words, by J. G. Cumming.

Mirror Literary, No. 25.

All the cheap publications, Magazines, &c., that have been published, can be had at COOK'S, 85 4th Street. july 1

HANDS WANTED.—A few good hands who can aid in the harvest now going on in all parts of the country, are wanted immediately—good harvest hands who will call at *Harris'* Agency & Intelligence office; will find immediate employment and fair wages.

july 1.

RAGS!—50,000 LBS. RAGS.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—fifty thousand pounds clean linen and cotton Rags, for which $3.50 per 100 lbs. will be given in BOOKS and STATIONERY, at fair prices or the highest market price in cash will be paid on delivery at A ROBERTSON'S Brighton Paper Mill, or at the Book and Paper Warehouse of LUKE LOOMIS, Agt.,
No 89 Wood st, Pittsburgh.

july 1—l6t &1w.

STRAY HORSES.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber living in Moon township, Allegheny county, about the 18th inst., a stray Horse and a Mare.

The Horse is a bay, blind of one eye, about 12 or 14 years old, 15 or 16 hands high, and shod all round.

The Mare is a sorrel, with one white foot and white face, about 4 years old, and about 15 hands high. The owner or owners will come forward, prove property and pay charges.

JAMES McCABE.

june 29—l3t*

TEMPERANCE Publications, &c. cheap, for the 4th of July—Sabbath schools, Temperance Societies, &c. On hand, a large supply of the cheap publications of the American Temperance Union and Tract Societies, and expected hourly from New York 5000 Youth's Temperance Advocate and Journal for July, 250 Chrystal Fount Melodies, Temperance Hymn Books, Washington Harp, Lyric, Pick nic Songs and a variety of cheap Publications and School Books.

ISAAC HARRIS, Agt. and
Com. Merchant, No. 9 Fifth st.

june 29-1w

A FAIR.

ON THE FOURTH OF JULY,

AT THE FIFTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

☞ THE Ladies of the Fifth Presbyterian Church will hold a sale of useful and fancy articles, to commence on the evening of the 3d of July, to which they would respectively invite the attention of their friends and the public.

They will also have dinner prepared on the 4th of July, from 12 to 3 in the afternoon; price 50 cents.—The proceeds of this Fair is to go towards paying the debts of the Church. Those ladies who collected for the Fair last winter, will please hand over the articles or money to the trustees of the church as soon as possible.

Of fancy articles, a rich profusion you will find,
And useful, pretty, tasteful things to suit each different mind.
And then to tempt the Epicure, perhaps you'll like a treat,
A table with rich viands spread, in choicest fashion dressed.
Hot Coffee, Ice Cream, Chickens, Salad, Pickels Ham and Tongue,
Apples, Oranges, Cakes and Candies are among
The number of enticing things with which we are supplied.

Allegheny County, ss.

IN the matter of the administration account of Geo. Cochran, acting Executor of the estate of Aaron Hart, deceased.

And now, to wit; June 17, 1844: On motion, Francis R. Shunk was appointed auditor to distribute the balance.

By the Court, THOS. FARLEY, Cl'k.

The above Auditor gives notice that he will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office on Fourth street, in the city of Pittsburgh, on Thursday the 25th day of July at 3 o'clock, P. M., where those interested are requested to attend.

FRS. R. SHUNK,
Auditor.

june 29.-d2w

Notice.

FOUND on the 1st day of May, a silver watch in the grate of the Bar room of the subscriber. The owner will come forward, prove property, pay charges and take it away. Jacob Tomer and Lenox Rea were present on that evening, and the watch was found a short time after they left.

HENRY REA.
Chronicle copy.

june 28-3t.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing between Thomas Crail & John H Mohler, under the firm of Crail & Mohler, in the Tinning business, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued by John H Mohler, who is authorized to settle all the business of the late firm.

THOMAS CRAIL.
JOHN H MOHLER.

june 26, 1844.
june 29-3t *

M. EGOLP,

WHOLESALE Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, No. 133 Wood street, above Fifth. je26—1y.

WM. WATSON,

POWDER MANUFACTURER,

j26—6m. NEAR PITTSBURGH.

Farmers' Deposite Bank.

1 SHARE of stock in the Farmers' Deposite Bank, for sale by j25. HUEY & CO.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

PURSUANT to an order of the Orphan's Court, held at the City of Pittsburgh, in and for the County of Allegheny, on the 17th day of June, A. D., 1844: Will be exposed to public sale, on Monday the 15th day of July, A D. 1844, at the New Court House, in the City of Pittsburgh, all those certain lots or parcels of ground, situate in the Manor of Pittsburgh, Pitt Township, Allegheny County, being part of out Lot number three (3) and known as Lots number seventy-three (73), seventy-four (74), and seventy-five (75), of Scott's plan of Lots, Recorded in the office for Recording of Deeds, in and for the said County of Allegheny, in Book V 2d, page 395, &c., the property of James Dunlap, deceased, late of said Allegheny County.

Terms made known by the administrator on the day of sale.

JAMES DUNLAP.
Administrator.

june 21-d3w

SUGARS.

4 BBLS Powdered and crushed Sugar, a beautiful article. Just received and for sale by

REINHART & STRONG.
140 Liberty street.

june 22

300 LBS. CHROME YELLOW, No 1, just received and for sale at the Drug Store of

JONA. KIDD,
corner of Fourth and Wood sts.

may 15

Tinners' Tools.

AN assortment of Tinners' Tools, manufactured by F Beeler—warranted. For sale by

GEO COCHRAN.

june 22

Fresh Fruit and Teas.

5 BOXES M R Raisins;
20 ½ & ¼ " "
30 " Prime Lemons;
3 " Genoa Citron;
6 half chests extra fine Imperial Tea;
3 " " " Young Hyson;