In reply, the Baron hinted that I must be conscious of having written Colonel Plinth a letter.

Fearing that Plinth's suspicions had been aroused, and that this was a *ruse* to trap me into a confession—remembering my precautions—and feeling sure that nothing could, by any possibility, be brought home to me, unless I turned traitor to myself—I denied the imputation point blank! Indeed, what else could I do?

Colonel Plinth uttered an exclamation of bitter contempt, and hobbled towards the door.

Baron Cahoos handed me his card. Nothing further could be done. He hoped the friend whom I might honor on the occasion would see him as early as possible, in order to expedite the necessary arrangements.

I made a last effort. Advancing towards the door, where Plinth stood, I begged to protest that I was mystified—that he must be labouring under a mistake.

"A mistake!" shouted he, in that tremendous tone, which for a moment had once appalled the tiger-hearted Tippoo—"A mistake, Major Mocassin! There's no mistake, sirrah! Will you deny your own handwriting?"

So saying, he threw the letter in my face, and retired, followed by Cahooz.

In another moment the veil was torn asunder. Having never before attempted an anonymous letter, and acting under the influence of confirmed habit, I had concluded the fatal epistle, without disguise, in my customary terms:—"*Yours, ever*, JOHN MOCASSIN!"

NOTE.

The foregoing paper was drawn up and sent to his cousin in Kentucky, by Major Moccasin, a few hours after Colonel Plinth and Baron Cahooz had quitted him. On the inside of the envelope appears the following: "'Tis now midnight—Rear Admiral Jenkinson has settled every thing with the Baron to their mutual satisfaction; we are to be on the ground by six in the morning. If I fall ——"

After considerable research, we have discovered two announcements in the public prints, which form valuable appendages to Major Moccasin's document. The first extract is from a London journal, published in 1819, the second, from a Bath paper, of two years later date.

No. I.

"Yesterday, at his own residence in Wimpole street, by special license, Colonel Plinth, K C. B., to Rebecca Louisa Maggs, a native of Masulipatam. The gallant Colonel went through the ceremony with his only remaining arm in a sling—having a few hours before, exchanged shots—both of which took effect—with Major Moccasin."

No. II.

"The busy tongue of fame reports that a gallant Major, who served with distinction, and lost an arm, under Sir David Baird, in the East Indies, is about to lead to the altar the dashing relict and sole legatee of a brave and affluent brother officer, who recently died at Cheltenham. A mutual attachment is supposed to have been long in existence; for the bridegroom elect fought a duel on the lady's account, with her late husband, on the very morning of the marriage. Pecuniary motives may perhaps have influenced the fair one in giving her hand on that occasion to the gallant Major's more fortunate rival."

The Daily Morning Post.

THOMAS PHILLIPS, EDITOR.

PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY, MAY 29, 1844.

FOR GOVERNOR,

H. A. MUHLENBERG.

☞ We learn from various sources that there is a strong feeling of rivalry among some of the coon office hunters who are electioneering for nominations at their approaching Convention. We believe it is pretty well understood among the whigs that the old line antimasons are to get nothing, if they can be choaked off by any thing short of open proscription. This is in retaliation for the manner in which the whigs were proscribed by the antimasons in former years, when they were forced to do a great portion of the labor and receive but a small division of the spoils. But, if they were tyrannical, they had the merit of political sagacity and indomitable perseverance, and knew how to manage the affairs of the party, while the whigs who then growled against their tyranny possessed no qualities that should entitle them to political supremacy. They had no tact or sagacity in their party movements, were headstrong and imprudent, and all they were good for was to be used by the antimasons to carry out schemes that were planned by them. As long as this was the case, federalism maintained an ascendancy in Allegheny county, and in every contest the democrats knew they had to contend with a party that was well drilled, and led by old experienced politicians.

But in the course of events a change took place, and the whigs that followed in the hunt more to make up the cry than for any good they done, and who were continually under the lash of the whippers-in, are now the uppermost, and they are determined to retaliate upon their former drivers. Many of the old antimasons who are spoken of for nomination, are already marked by the whigs for vengeance, and we suppose all of them, or at least the most prominent of them will be immolated by the convention.

Among others, we understand that Mr. FRANCIS KARNS, who is an original antimason and was one of the principal pillars of the party, desires to be nominated for the State Senate. The emancipated whigs have become very indignant at this, and think it a great piece of impudence on the part of an antimason to ask for any favors from a party that is lead by Clay whigs. Mr GEORGE DARSIE is their favorite, and as he is a mason, of course, he will receive the entire support of the Clay faction.

There is also some talk among them about dropping Mr DARRAGH and nominating for Congress a "mason-ic-whig" who has for the last seven or eight years waged a continual and bitter war against antimasonry and its followers. If they would do this it would be a most gross insult to Mr DARRAGH. In every respect he is the equal of the whig who is spoken of to succeed him, and among the coons we do not know a man that all parties would rather have for a representative. But he was an antimason and this is the only objection they can make to him, but it may be sufficient to trip him out of the nomination.

The antimasons are now in a worse plight in Allegheny county than ever the whigs were. The paper which they considered as their organ, has turned traitor and on the principle that "one renegade is worse than ten Turks," is now the most willing to persecute and proscribe them. If they act with the whig party, they must endure the tuition of a band of political bunglers, who have not prudence enough to manage themselves, let alone the party, and to crown their misery they hear it proposed to place in nomination a number of *squatters*, while in the same breath old citizens are proscribed merely on account of their antimasonry. Whiggery is indeed triumphant; they are enjoying the saturnalian feast to its greatest extent.

☞ The Hon Andrew Stevenson of Virginia, recently Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to the Government of Great Britain, has written and published his letter also touching the annexation of Texas.—It occupies nearly two wide and close columns of the *Richmond Enquirer*; but the spirit of his letter may be gathered from a brief extract, as follows:—"By this union we take the surest means of fortifying, not only the great defence of liberty, and securing the perpetuity of our glorious institutions, but we advance the cause of freedom, civilization, and Christianity, throughout this Western hemisphere, for all future time."

SABBATH CONVENTION.—A meeting is to be held at Harrisburgh, the object of which is to take some measures to impress on the public mind the propriety of a better observance of the Sabbath. The gentlemen who call the meeting recommend that public meetings be held in the various towns of the State, to appoint delegates and to suggest topics of general interest for the consideration of the convention. Where such meetings may not be held, churches are invited to make the appointments.

We hope the friends of Clay will take notice of this, and no longer desecrate the Sabbath by holding political meetings, and violating its sanctity by political processions, and political harangues as they did recently in New Orleans.

On Tuesday night last a fire broke out in Worcestor, Mass., which destroyed three large buildings, owned by Tower & Raymond and by Daniel Denny.—They were occupied by E. H. Rowen & Co, leather dealers, who were insured for about $6000; Perkins & Flanders, grocers, insured about $4000; Larkin & Basset, boot and shoe dealers, insured $4000; Denny & Rice, victuallers; A P. Lassare, tailor; J H Knight, hat and cap dealer; and S H Leonard, periodical depot. These were all totally destroyed. The buildings on the same ground were burnt on the 30th May, 1841.

UNNATURAL CONDUCT.—A female, named Latitia Stackhouse, was arrested in Philadelphia on Thursday, on a charge of beating her own mother, an elderly female, suffering from ill health. She was held to bail in $300 to take her trial.

MORE RIOTERS.—An oysterman, named Thos. Gausby, was arrested in Philadelphia on Thursday and brought before the Recorder, on a charge of being concerned in the destruction of St Augustine's Church. Gausby was seen actively engaged in throwing books, china bowls and furniture out of the Priest's house, and was also observed carrying off Dr Moriarty's vestments. He was fully committed for trial in default of bail.

☞ Last Friday and Saturday were great days with the Hebrews throughout the world, being the 3156th anniversary of their reception of the law. The Synagogues on those occasions, besides the usual symbols, are adorned with the choicest flowers, emblematic of the appearance of Jerusalem in days of yore. In New York the ceremonies are stated to be remarkably interesting and imposing.

☞ The latter end of May has reversed the promise of the beginning. The Albany Argus says:—"On Tuesday evening there was a hard frost in this vicinity, which, it is feared, has destroyed the fruit in blossom. We hear from Bern in this county, that it was equally severe there. Ice formed in this city during the night half an inch in thickness. The thermometer fell in 24 hours about 22 degrees."

On the same evening the frost was very severe in this vicinity, and did considerable damage to grain, vegetables, fruit, &c.

☞ The yellow fever was raging at Vera Cruz on the 5th inst.

☞ We learn from the Georgetown Advocate that a caucus of the delegates to the Democratic Convention, to meet in Baltimore on the 27th instant, was held in Washington, on Monday. The proceedings are said to have been very animated, and resulted in favor of the nomination of Martin Van Buren for President, and Richard M. Johnson for Vice President.

COUNTERFEIT NOTES.—We were shown yesterday, says the Baltimore Clipper, a $10 and a $20 bill, each purporting to be on the Bank of Chester County, Pa., which have been altered from the Tenth Ward Bank of New York, a broken concern. They are signed W. Darlington, President, and D. Townsend, Cashier. The $10's are made payable to W. Wilson, and the $20's to W. Bell. They may be easily detected.

TEXAS—A PROTEST.—The National Vindicator, a paper published in Washington, in Texas, and understood to be the official organ of the Texan Government, states that the British and French Government, have united in a protest against the annexation of Texas to the Federal Union.

FOR THE POST.

Mr. Editor:—I observed a piece in your paper under date of 27th inst., headed "Base Misrepresentations," respecting a case of hydrophobia, which occurred in East Liberty. I know not from whence the writer of the piece referred to obtained his information, but am compelled, in justice to myself, to correct his errors. He says, "as the statement is almost entirely false, and casts a foul slur upon the character of respectable physicians" he deems it his duty, as the attending physician, to lay down the facts as they occurred. I am an entire stranger to the writer, but feel it a duty, in self-defence, to say that the statement given by him (it matters not from what source obtained) is anything but a *true* one. He says, "news was sent to Riceville to the relations of the patient. Dr. Fahnestock happened to be there when the news came, and upon hearing the news, remarked that there was a blister under the man's tongue that should be removed, and the man would recover. He was then requested to visit the patient and perform the operation." Now, sir, the above statement is so very far from being the truth, that I am compelled, in justice to myself, to pronounce it a base fabrication, as I had not been in Riceville that day to the best of my recollection. A messenger arrived at my office, about nine o'clock in the evening, stating that he had been sent for me to visit a man in East Liberty, laboring under hydrophobia. I obeyed the summons, and on my arrival found the man laboring under the above disease, and gave it as my opinion that the case was a hopeless one. Dr Wm Morgan of Washington was present. I gave him three pills, which with great difficulty he swallowed, at the same time stating that in my opinion nothing would save him, and that in all probability he would die the next day. As for the blister under the tongue, I consider it too ridiculous to refute.

The writer must have been grossly misinformed, or he must be endowed with a most prolific imagination, as I can assure the gentleman that I had no share in contributing anything to the statement referred to by him in the Pittsburgh Mercury.

In regard to the curability of hydrophobia, I have always been sceptical, believing that nothing short of *excision of the part bitten, immediately after the reception of it, the only preventative.*

P. FAHNESTOCK, M. D.

Pittsburgh, May 29th.

FOR THE POST.

MR. EDITOR:

The canvass for the Senatorial nomination is warmly contested by the different whig aspirants, and some of Mr. Darsie's friends complain very much at the attempt of his opponents to make him accountable for the passage of the present militia law, and strongly suspect that the turn out of the "*Darsie Division*" on last Saturday, was suggested, if not procured by the friends of another, who is a candidate for Senatorial honors. If it is true that the friends of Mr. Karns are electioneering on that ground, would it not be well that his views on the subject of the repeal of Mr. Darsie's Law, be made known. Mr. D., we are informed, is ready to justify his conduct, before the people, on that as well as all other subjects, including his change from "Loco-focoism" to exclusive whiggery—from "Masonic Whiggery" to exclusive anti-masonry—and then back again from exclusive antimasonry to coonism in general—also, if necessary he will give a small touch on the Poor House law.

SNAKE ROOT.

FOR THE POST.

THE TEMPERANCE CAUSE AND POLITICS.

MR. EDITOR:—In common with many other friends of the Temperance cause, I regret to witness the attempts lately made by some indiscreet friends, to render it subservient to party purposes.

No later than Monday evening, Mr. FRANCIS KARNS, who is seeking a nomination for the Senate, was taken to one of our meetings and called upon, no doubt in pursuance to previous arrangement, for a speech.

It is time for all who have the cause at heart, to look seriously at this matter, and frown down all attempts, come from what quarter they may, to make it the instrument whereby party demagogues and office seekers may bring themselves into notice, for depend upon it, if this practice is once suffered to obtain a foothold, we may bid farewell to much of the real usefulness, as well as the design of our Temperance Societies.

A WASHINGTONIAN.

CONGRESS.

The *Senate*, to day, after passing upon several private bills, took up the resolution fixing the 17th of June for the adjournment of the present session of Congress, *sine die;* when, on the motion of Mr Sevier, its further consideration was, by a vote on yeas and nays, of 24 to 21, postponed till Friday next. The Senate then resumed the consideration of the resolution of the Committee on Finance for the indefinite postponement of the bill introduced by Mr McDuffie to reduce the rate of duties under the present tariff, to the standard of the compromise act. Mr Atherton spoke out the remainder of the day's session upon the subject, making an able argument in opposition to the prohibitory policy of the present tariff, by which the labor employed in every other branch of industry is taxed to foster a hot-bed system of domestic manufactures. Mr Rives intimated a desire to address the Senate on the subject; and, at his suggestion, the Senate adjourned till Monday at 11 o'clock.

This being private bill day, the *House* went into Committee of the Whole on the Private Calendar, and acted on such bills as did not give rise to debate, and reported a number of them favorably to the House.—Mr Pratt introduced a joint resolution, which received its first and second readings, providing that the Committee on Public Buildings be authorized to cause to be divided into lots, and to sell at public auction or otherwise, the reservations to the north and south of the Capitol, or any of the lots that remain unsold at this time, for the purpose of defraying the expense of fencing and laying out the walks, and planting the trees in Monument Square, in order to complete the plan proposed by the Committee on public buildings and Grounds; and that the Washington Monument Society be permitted to erect thereon their monument, under the direction of the President of United States; and that the said Commissioner shall sell, under a condition that at least a three-story brick, marble, or granite building shall be erected within five years after the sale, of all lots contiguous to or near the Capitol.

WASHINGTON, MAY 24.

It is confidently stated that Hon N P Tallmadge has been offered the Secretaryship of the Treasury, and that he promptly declined it.

It is also stated with a show of certainty that Hon C J Ingersoll is to succeed Mr Everett, to be recalled from London when Congress adjourns.

Mr McDuffie has offered in the Senate a *joint resolution, providing for the annexation of Texas to the United States!* It lies over one day.

New York Tribune.

This looks as though the friends of annexation had given up all hope of the Treaty being ratified by the Senate.

INTELLIGENCE FROM NEW ORLEANS.

Criminal Court.—Comb Marchesseau was yesterday found guilty of keeping a gambling house, by an immediate verdict, the jury being absent from the court but a few minutes. Conviction carries with it a penalty of not less than one and not more than five thousand dollars. This is a very important judgment as it makes a clean sweep of all the Ronda tables throughout the city. *Republican, 18th.*

A company of amateurs proposes to the respectable public of this city, to give a diversified BULL FIGHT with three Bulls, selected from among the best kind in Attakapas. The fight to be given at Algiers, opposite Canal street landing, on SUNDAY, the 19th instant.—The company will guarantee that nothing will be omitted on their part to make the scene agreeable to the spectators. *Adv. in Picayune.*

A Strange Street Walker.—About 3 o'clock yesterday morning an Alligator, some five feet long, was noosed and captured in St Charles street, nearly opposite the Theatre, and within a square of the St Charles Hotel. His alligatorship was probably wending his way from the dry swamps to the river, in search of water, when he was seen and secured. Although out of his element, he was getting over the ground at a tolerably rapid rate. *Pic.*

Specie.—$10,408 were received on the 17th, from Tampico.

Sugar—Common to middling, 5¼@5¾; fair, 6a6¼; prime, 6¼@9¾. Moderate demand.

Molasses—Oak bls per gallon 25; Cypress, 26 — Demand moderate.

Explosion.—One of the boilers of the steam engine manufactory, at Fox Point, exploded yesterday afternoon at about 6 o'clock, with terrible effect, tearing the building to pieces and scattering every thing in confusion and ruin. The boiler was torn into pieces like strips of cloth, and burst through the buildings at different sides. One piece went through the side of an adjoining building, passing not far from a man who was writing at the desk. No one was seriously injured.

A man employed, in Capt. Steamhauer's coal yard had his face grazed by a fragment of the building but was not badly hurt. The workmen had gone out a few minutes before the explosion, and only two remained in the establishment. Had the accident taken place when the works were in operation many lives would have been lost, and it is most providential that no person in the street or in the neighborhood was injured. It is impossible to estimate the loss with any accuracy; it can hardly be less than four or five thousand dollars.

This is the third explosion which has taken place in the city within a few years.—*Providence Journal.*

ROBBERS.—The New York Sun gives an account of an organized band of robbers that have been committing considerable depredations in Orange county. The leader of the band, Alfred Corwin, an athletic young scoundrel, aged about 21, had his retreat upon the top of Shonemok Mountain, near Monroe village, where he concealed his plunder and dissipated with his companions. The band gradually increased in strength and boldness until Saturday last, when, in conformity with a reward of fifty dollars offered by the Sheriff for Corwin's body, a company of seventy or a hundred men sallied out, with arms, to take Corwin. He fled to a high range of woodland near Blooming Grove, whither he was pursued and surrounded. Two young men, named Merritt and Hall, discovered him in a thicket, when he presented one of his large horse pistols at Hall, but the pistol did not go off; and as he was preparing to fire a second time, Merritt levelled his rifle and shot the daring outlaw through the head, killing him instantly. The ball passed into the back of his skull and came out between his eyes, carrying away the bridge of the nose. The coroner held an inquest and committed Merritt for the present. But he will be discharged and get the reward besides. Corwin's band dispersed, but the Sheriff will probably arrest many of them. Just before Corwin was shot, he is supposed to have fallen into a brook, as his pistols were wet, which prevented the first shot taking effect on Hall.

Attempt at Arson and Murder.—On Tuesday night last, an attempt was made to burn the office of the Natchez Courier, in the upper part of which were the editor and his family, with some of those employed in the office. The fire was placed in a closet under the stairs on the lower floor, and was fortunately discovered in time to extinguish it without damage. Had the stair case been consumed, there was no way of escape to those in the upper part of the building. We hope the miscreant who would thus have destroyed life and property may be discovered and properly dealt with.—*Picayune.*

Confession at Last.—"The Midnight Cry" giving up the ship, emphatically says:

"We confess that our *published* time is *past*, and that, as honest men, we cannot point to definite days in the future. We believe the 2300 days will extend to the END; and that the end can only be delayed so long as our published time, reckoning by uninspired chronology, may have varied from God's time."

DEATH OF A NAVAL OFFICER.—Capt. Dovett of the ship Shaw at Boston from Cadiz, April 16th, announces the death of Capt. SHUBRICK, of the U. S. frigate Columbia. Captain S. died on the 23d March, on the passage from Rio Janeiro to Cadiz. The news of the arrival of the Columbia at Cadiz, the 6th of April, was received here by the steamer Hibernia, on the 5th inst. but this is the first announcement we have seen of the death of Capt. Shubrick.—*Tribune.*

From Havana.—By the arrival, at an early hour this morning, of the steamship Alabama, Capt. Windle, we are in receipt of our Havana letters as late as due, but are only able to give a summary of their contents.

In the case of the sergeant and soldier, on trial for the murder of young Murphy, an American, there has been no decision yet.

The contemplated insurrection is supposed to have been completely thwarted. All free foreign negroes have been compelled to leave the Island. No executions have taken place yet, and very few are looked for.

A new Dramatic Company had arrived from Spain. The Opera is shortly to open.—*Picayune, 18th inst.*

☞ Rather an important proposition passed the House of Representatives in Committee on Thursday; abolishing Corporeal Punishment in the Navy—Ayes 67, Noes 63. We are in favor of the principle here asserted, but the provision is an odd sort of an appendage to an *Appropriation* bill.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

FLOOD IN THE ARKANSAS.—The Little Rock Gazette of the 15th, has the following:

The late freshets in Red, Washita, Saline, Arkansas, and White rivers, have done immense damage to property, along the whole extent, and greatly disappointed the just expectations of our farmers and planters. Along the Arkansas river, of which we know most, the damage done to the crops, and the loss of stocks, &c., must amount to from eighty to one hundred thousand dollars. The high water came when the cotton was just up, and continued until a period too late successfully to plant. Even if it were not too late to plant, the fences are generally swept off, and, before they could be repaired, the season would be too far advanced. In addition to this, seed is very scarce, and it is more than probable half the planters will not be able to procure it.

A Frontic Outrage—Carrying off a Steamboat.—We learn from the Brockville (Canada) Recorder, that the steamboat Swan was on Friday night week taken from the wharf of Mr Sanderson, of that town by some persons from this side of the St Lawrence. She was towed over to Morristown so stealthily that, although the captain and three men were on board, and a gentleman sitting up in the cabin waiting for the Pioneer, and who did not go to sleep, they were unaware of the removal until the gentleman went on deck in the morning and found the boat was lying at Morristown. The Ogdensburgh Club Row Boat was used for that purpose, the consent of the owners not having been asked. Steam was got up on the Swan in the morning, and she was taken down to Ogdensburgh under color of some legal process. The boat is still detained there in the absence of the proper officer to whom application for her release should be made.—"We doubt," says the Recorder, "if any law can be found on either side of the St Lawrence to countenance such proceedings. Most assuredly if the individuals concerned in the theft (for it can bear no other name) be caught and identified on the Canada side, they will stand a fair chance of seeing the inside of our Provincial Penitentiary. Even in the United States they are not safe, as the late Ashburton Treaty provides for delivering up felons on demand by either government."

GEN. THOMPSON, SANTA ANNA AND THE MEXICANS.

A grand public dinner was recently given by the citizens of Greenville, S. C., to Gen Waddy Thompson, in honor of his return from his mission to Mexico. So numerous was the assemblage, that the tables filled the piazza of the Mansion House, as well as the dining room. In his speech responsive to a toast in his honor, Gen. Thompson spoke of Gen Santa Anna, and related many anecdotes of him, greatly to his honor. His career had been remarkable from his boyhood.—He had risen from the rank of ensign, unaided but by his own courage and talents; both of which Gen T. thinks he possesses in an eminent degree. His whole career has been marked by incidents, showing a mind always fruitful in resources, and a courage, moral and physical, that shrinks from nothing. He was a man of high impulses, strong feelings, and at times, of stormy passions, which had sometimes led him to the commission of acts which cannot be justified or excused. But his natural disposition is not only not cruel, but kind and benevolent. Gen. T., mentioned many anecdotes to prove this, and said emphatically, that he on no occasion allowed an opportunity to pass unimproved of doing a generous action, when he could with propriety have done it. How widely does Gen Thompson's estimate of the Mexican President differ from that generally entertained in this country.

He also spoke of the Mexicans as a polite, kind, warm-hearted people. He had met with nothing at their hands but politeness and kindness, although the circumstances under which he first went to Mexico, had induced him to anticipate a different reception.—He should be ungrateful not to bear testimony to their many amiable qualities, and said that there was no other foreign people in whose prosperity and advance in the great career of civil liberty he felt an equal interest. Mexico was the first-born of our revolution, and nobly and gallantly had she struggled for the establishment of institutions of which ours was the model. Her advances had already been great, and she possessed the elements of a great people. There was no country with which he would so much regret to see ours involved in a war; every consideration of duty, policy, and humanity forbade it; and he added, that although the Texan war had caused a good deal of exasperation against us, there was a very strong disposition to cultivate friendly relations with us; of this she had given repeated proofs.—*N. Y. Republic.*

☞ The question of slavery still occupies the Methodist Episcopal General Conference.

MASONIC NOTICE.

Members of Lodge No. 45, will meet at their Hall on Wednesday, the 29th inst, at 7 o'clock, P. M.—By order of Worshipful Master.

m29 A. McCAMMON, Sec'y.

More New and Cheap Works,
AT COOK'S LITERARY DEPOT, 4th St.

LADIES' MAGAZINE, for June, with three beautiful embellishments, Alice Mulvany, the Fashions, the Rice Bird, or Bob o'Linkum, illustrating bird and song, No 4.

Illustrated Shakspeare, No 7, edited by Gulian C. Verplanck, the most beautiful edition ever published.

A full and complete account of the late awful Riots in Philadelphia.

Politicians Register, containing returns of all elections in 1840 to 1844, second edition.

Banking House, a history in three parts complete for 12½ cts.

The Harp with a Sabbath Tone, containing Montgomery's world before the flood etc. being extra Mirror No 2.

Ashland Text Book, being a compendium of Mr Clay's speeches on various public measures etc.

Mysteries of London No 4.

Whig Songs for 1844, for only 6¼ cts.

Corsair of Casco Bay, or the Pilot's Daughter.

CAN I join the Church of Rome while my rule of faith is the Bible? An Inquiry presented to the conscience of the christian reader, by the Rev. Cesar Malan, D D., Pastor of the "Church of the Testimony," Geneva. Translated from the second French edition. "Thou art my portion, O Lord. I have said that I would keep thy words." Ps cxix: 57.

Cheap from Harper's edition. For sale at
COOK'S LITERARY DEPOT,
may 29 No 85 Fourth street.

TO ENGINEERS.

A PREMIUM of One hundred dollars will be paid for the best plan and complete specification of an aqueduct with wood or iron Trunk, either suspended or supported, to be constructed on the piers now standing in the Allegheny river opposite this city, provided the same be handed to the Mayor of this City on or before the 20th of June instant.

For further particulars apply in person or by letter, post paid, to

R. GALWAY
m29 Chairman of Aqueduct Committee.
Gazette copy.

IRON CITY LINE.

THE Iron City canal packet, Capt. Reed, Master, will depart for Cleveland and all intermediate landings, on Thursday the 30th inst at 10 o'clock A M., in tow with steamer Cleveland. For freight or passage apply on board or to BIRMINGHAM & TAYLOR.
may 29 No 54 Water st.

House and Lot for Sale.

FOR Sale low, a lot 72 feet front and 165 feet deep—on which is erected a frame house, and a good garden, in the town of *Minersville*, about two miles east of Pittsburgh. This property will be sold at a fair price, and on about half being paid of the purchase money—one, two, or three years credit will be given for the balance. For particulars enquire of Jared Irwin on the premises, or at Harris' General Agency and Intelligence office, No 9, 5th st.
may 29.

PITTSBURGH MANUFACTURES, &c.

FOR SALE, an assortment of sickles, cow-bells, 4 different kinds of coffee mills, augurs, footadzes, coal and common shovels, and spades, hatchets, tin-ware, sifters, ladies willow work baskets, assorted sizes; bedcords, lace, and country thread, brushes, window sash and window glass of all sizes, hoes, axes, hoe, spade and rake handles, washing boards, all sizes of tubs, churns, buckets, keelers, half bushel and peck measures, corn brooms and whips, carpet chain, butt hinges and screws, files and rasps, and a variety of other cheap Pittsburgh manufactures, for sale low at wholesale and retail for cash or good country produce to suit manufacturers.

ISAAC HARRIS, Agt.
m29 and Com. Merchant, No. 9 Fifth st.

FIVE HUNDRED A YEAR
OFFERED FOR SIXTY DOLLARS.

TO be sold, with immediate possession, the good will, fixtures, &c. of an old established coffee and boarding house, situated in the centre of the city, where any industrious couple may realize an independence, for the trifling sum of sixty dollars. For particulars direct post paid, Mr. Cash, post office, Pittsburgh: the proprietor retiring on a farm.
m28-1w*

FOR SALE.

A NEAT YORK WAGON, but little worn. Enquire of R. PATTERSON,
may 28 Diamond Alley.

Shot.

30 KEGS Nos 1 and 2 Shot just received and for sale by JAMES MAY.
may 28

In the District Court of Allegheny County, of April Term, 1844. No 129.

Benjamin Shurtleff, vs. James Benson. } Levari Facias.

And now to wit, May 18, 1844, on motion of Mr. Dunlop, the Court appoint Francis R. Shunk, Esq, Auditor, to audit and distribute the proceeds of sale, in this case. From the Record

GEO. R. RIDDLE, Proth'y.

The Auditor in the above case gives notice, that he will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office on Fourth street, in Pittsburgh, on Friday, the 21st day June next, at 2 o'clock, P M, at which time and place those interested are requested to attend.

FRS. R. SHUNK, Auditor.
m28-tj13

TO the Honorable, the Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the county of Allegheny.

The petition of George W. Holthouse of the 3d ward, of the city of Pittsburgh, in the county aforesaid, humbly sheweth, that your petitioner hath provided himself with materials for the accommodation of travelers and others, at his dwelling house, in the ward and city aforesaid, and prays that your Honors will be pleased to grant him a license to keep a public house of entertainment. And your petitioner, as in duty bound will pray. GEO. W. HOLTHOUSE.

We the subscribers, citizens of the 3d ward, do certify, that the above petitioner is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and other conveniences for the accommodation and lodging of strangers and travelers, and that said tavern is necessary.

Joseph Allender,	John S. Whitten,
S Baird,	A. Hunker,
Samuel Ashworth,	Samuel Keys,
Alex. Holstein,	Wm. Gilmore,
Wm. Stevenson,	James Henderson,
John Bishop,	E. Trovillo.

Chronicle copy.
m28-3t

TO the Honorable the Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the county of Allegheny.

The petition of Daniel Holden, 4th Ward, city of Allegheny, county aforesaid, humbly sheweth that your petitioner hath provided himself with materials for the accommodation of strangers and travellers, at his dwelling house, in the township and county aforesaid, and prays that your Honors will be pleased to grant him a license to keep a public house of entertainment. And your petitioner, as in duty bound will pray.

DANIEL HOLDEN.

We, the subscribers, citizens of said Ward, do certify that the above petitioner is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and other conveniences for the accommodation and lodging of strangers and travelers, and that said tavern is necessary.

Nelson Campbell	Abraham Hays,
N. Striner,	James McHaffe,
James Orr,	John Seager.
John C. Schinert,	Samuel W. Clark,
D. M. Pfeffer,	Victor Scriba,
David Sloss,	Solomon Lightcap.

m28-3t

Fresh Arrival.

10 BOXES superior Goshen Cheese;
10 do Oranges, in prime order;
10 do largest Raisins, a superior article;
600 large Cocoa Nuts, prime;
1 case Spanish Olives;
12 doz fresh Olive Oil,
Just received and for sale by
REINHART & STRONG, 140 Liberty st.
may 28.

SARSAPARILLA SYRUP.

A few dozen of superior quality, for sale by
ma 27 REINHART & STRONG,
140 Liberty street.

REMOVAL.

THE subscriber begs leave to return his grateful acknowledgments to his numerous friends and the public in general for their liberal patronage for years past, and would earnestly solicit a continuance at his new establishment, No 84, Third street, (south side) between Wood and Market sts., and 4th door from Wood street, adjoining Mr. Ihmsen's Glass Warehouse, where, in addition to the manufacture of cabinet furniture, he has commenced the Upholstering business in all its branches, and the manufacture of Windsor Chairs of every description, together with a new invention of bedsteds far superior to any of the patent humbugs of the day, the facility their construction affords will strongly recommend them to the public, as they are a perfect bug trap.

The subscriber is determined to spare neither pains nor expense in procuring the latest eastern French and English fashions, and having secured the services of some of the best workmen in the country he will be enabled to manufacture furniture of a superior style. Purchasers will find it their interest to call before purchasing elsewhere, as he will keep constantly on hand a general assortment of furniture, chairs, mattrasses, &c. M. KANE, jr.

N B. Steam and canal boats furnished with upholstery, chairs, and cabinet furniture, at reduced prices and with despatch. a16-tf

SUMMER DRY GOODS.
LATEST ARRIVAL.
HAMPTON & SMITH,
Wholesale Dry Goods Dealers,
112 Wood Street,

ARE now opening a very large and general assortment of Summer Dry Goods, purchased within the last 16 days, to which they invite the particular attention of city and country dealers. Their stock being unusually large, great inducements will be held out to buyers, who will find it to their interest to examine our stock, in which will be found every article usually kept in a wholesale house. m21-2w

DELAWARE CANAL COMPANY.

THE undersigned Commissioners named in the Act of Assembly passed the 30th day of April, 1844, entitled "An Act to authorize the Governor to incorporate the Delaware Canal Company," hereby give notice, that in pursuance of the provisions of the said act, they will attend at the Merchants' Exchange, in the city of Philadelphia, on MONDAY, the 5th day of August next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and there commence the sale of the stock of the Delaware Canal Company, on the following terms and conditions, to wit:

1st. The Delaware Division of the Pennsylvania Canal shall be divided into twenty-five thousand shares, of one hundred dollars each.

2d. The shares shall be set up for sale singly, giving the purchaser the right of taking at his bid any number of shares from one to one thousand: Provided, That no share shall be sold for a less sum than one hundred dollars; and provided further, that none of the said Commissioners, either in their own names, or in the names of any other persons, shall become purchasers of any of the stock at the sale authorized by the said Act of Assembly.

3d. Each purchaser, at the time of his purchase, shall deposit with the Commissioners the premiums or advance above the par value of the shares by him purchased, or if the bid or bids do not amount to five dollars per share, above the par value of the share or shares by him purchased, then and in such case the said purchasers shall pay five dollars on account and in part of each share thus purchased, the said sums to be paid in money, (or in the certificates of loan of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, at the option of the purchaser.)

4th. Payment for the remainder of the purchase money will be required to be made within thirty days from the purchase, under the forfeiture for delinquency of the amount paid to the Commissioners at the time of sale.

5th. A transfer to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of certificates of the loans of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, to an equal amount, will be received by the State Treasurer in payment for the shares of stock purchased, and any money deposited with the Commissioners at the sale, will also be exchanged by the State Treasurer for a transfer of the said loans to the Commonwealth, to an equal amount.

6th Should the whole of the shares not be sold on the first day, the sales will be adjourned to the next and succeeding days, if necessary, for nineteen days in succession, and if, on the twentieth day, it shall appear that less than twenty-five thousand shares shall have been sold, in that case the sales shall be declared void, and the deposites made with the commissioners shall be returned to the purchasers respectively.

7th. Every purchaser shall, at the time of his purchase, subscribe in a book which will be presented to him by the commissioners, the following agreement: "We whose names are hereunto subscribed do promise to transfer or cause to be transferred to the commonwealth of Pennsylvania, one hundred dollars, in the loans of said commonwealth, for every share of stock set opposite to our respective names, in case twenty five thousand shares shall be sold, pursuant to an act of the General Assembly of this commonwealth, entitled an act to authorize the Governor to incorporate the Delaware canal company. Witness our hands, this day of Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and forty four."

Joseph R Evans,	Franklin Vanzant,
Benjamin Gerhard,	Wm M White,
Henry Horn,	William Elwell,
Thomas McCully,	David D Wagner,
John Wiegand,	John S Gibons,
Jacob R. Olwine,	William S Ross,
Mahlon R Taylor,	Payne Pettibone,
George N Baker,	Jonathan Slocum,
Gideon G. Westcott,	William T Morrison,
John Stallman,	Benjamin Hill,
Augustus Shultz,	Stephen Balliot,
John N Lane,	Benjamin McIntire,
Samuel Sillyman,	James W Coulter.

P S—The commissioners will convene at the United States Hotel, in the city of Philadelphia, on FRIDAY, August 2d, 1844, at ten o'clock, A M, for the purpose of making the preliminary arrangements.
may 25-dta1

GOLD PATENT LEVER WATCHES.

RECEIVED, direct from the Importer, 2 fine gold case Detached Lever Watches, full jewelled. 1 very superior fine gold Hunting Case, Detached Lever Watch, full jewelled, warranted in good running order, and for sale by

J K LOGAN & CO.,
may 22 Fifth street.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE subscribers have entered into partnership under the name of BOWMAN & CRAIG, and have taken the Steam Saw Mill at the outlet of the Pennsylvania Canal, in Allegheny, and are now prepared to fill orders for any kind of sawed stuff, at the shortest notice.

They will also keep the following articles constantly on hand, viz: Deck Plank, Boat Plank, Gangway Plank, Wheel Arms, Sills, Studding, Joists, Laths, &c. Persons wanting Long Stuff, such as Flag-staffs, Boat Gunnels, &c., will find it to their advantage to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ Office on Craig street, opposite the mouth of Kilbuck street, Allegheny. JOS. BOWMAN,
may 24-d1w ISAAC CRAIG.

LARD.

12 KEGS LEAF LARD, Just received and for sale by J W BURBRIDGE & Co.
may 24 Water st between Wood & Smithfield sts.

Executor's Sale on Grove Hill.

WILL be exposed to public sale on the premises, on Thursday the 27th day of June A D 1844, the whole of the real estate of the late Aaron Hart, dec'd.; consisting of 76 lots on Grove hill, (including his late residence) a plan of which is duly recorded and will be exhibited at the sale.

Also, one lot in Sunmerville, 25 by 75 feet, being part of lot No 7, in Cummins' plan. From their vicinity to the new court house, the advantage of a turnpike road and the rapid extension and improvement of the city in their direction, these lots present most eligible sites for building, or investment, with a certain prospect of an increase in value. A liberal credit will be given for a part of the purchase money, and a moiety of the claims against the estate properly authenticated will be received in part payment. Title indisputable. GEO. COCHRAN,
may 24 Sole acting Executor.

TO the Honorable, the Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the County of Allegheny.

The petition of John