FOR GOVERNOR,

FRS. R. SHUNK:

Subject to the decision of

THE DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

The Daily Morning Post.

THOMAS PHILLIPS, EDITOR.

PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 22.

SALE OF THE PUBLIC WORKS.—We regret to learn from the letter of our correspondent that it is probable that the project of selling the public works will again be sanctioned by the Legislature. It will be remembered that the Governor, in his annual message referred to the matter, and stated that if the bill should again pass, he should not feel himself justified in vetoing it, and our noble improvements will be thus filched from the people and pass into the hands of monopolists and stock jobbers.

Any man, who will honestly consider the matter for a moment, will assert that any real benefit could be derived from such a sale, or that it would relieve the citizens from the taxation necessary to retrieve the fallen credit of our state. It would, indeed, enrich the stock jobbers who have purchased the state stock for one third its par value, but it would leave the people in a more hopeless condition than they now are. As long as the public works are in possession of the state, and properly managed, the people have an assurance that at least a portion of the means necessary to meet our engagements can be realized from them, and the great increase of revenue for the past year, notwithstanding a reduction of tolls, gives good ground to hope that in a few years it would not be necessary to think of any additional taxation. But if the improvements are now sold, and even if they bring the sum at which they are estimated by those who advocate the sale, there will be still a debt of *twenty millions* hanging over the people, and no source from which the smallest portion of it can be realized but the *pockets of the tax payers*. With the improvements we have a reasonable ground of hope, that in a short time there will be no necessity for heavy taxes, but take them from us, and then there is no mode by which it can be avoided, except by *repudiation*.

When the people come to understand the gross injustice that a sale of the public works would inflict on them, we believe that men of all parties will join in execrating the authors of such a nefarious scheme, and if it is consummated, we would not be surprised to find those who were plundered regarding the doctrine of repudiation with a more lenient feeling. We hope the tax payers will bestir themselves in time, and take the proper steps to defeat this project of the eastern stock gamblers—if they do not, they will have cause to regret bitterly their indifference on a subject in which they are so greatly interested.

☞Some writer in the Gazette who signs himself Z, has taken exception to our notice of the meeting of Saturday last. We don't care about wasting words with a person who evidently writes from passion, and who does not even attempt to controvert anything we said in relation to that meeting. That the "resolutions were silly and canting" is sufficiently evident from the fact that out of half a dozen speakers, there was not one but opposed them; and Z himself is ashamed to defend them. The meeting was called for a specific purpose—a purpose in which persons of every hue of opinion could unite and harmonise. If the resolutions were what they should have been, why were they not passed? Why could they not call out some champion in their defence? So far from this they met with the condemnation of even the Abolitionists present. The fact is, Z and those who think with him, would be glad if Brown was hung, that they might have something to make capital out of—and the resolutions introduced at that meeting were well calculated to bring about that effect.

Mr CLAY is called the "*Farmer* of Ashland," and the "Mill Boy of the Slashes," to create the impression that he belongs to the working men, and sympathises with that large body of our citizens. This is another of the hypocritical devices of federalism to hoodwink the people. Mr Clay has never belonged to the working men of our country—he has ever disprised labor, and on various occasions has gave utterance to the most contemptuous expressions in relation to those who earn an honest livelihood by their own industry. This is well shown in the Emancipator, the editor of which very clearly establishes by quotations from his speeches, that Mr Clay has never been either a friend to labor or a laborer himself. "His real sentiments," it says, "with regard to the inherent dignity of labor itself, are not to be learned from a few cant phrases about "the mill boy of the Slashes."—There was a time when he spoke out, under the impulse of strong excitement, and gave utterance to the whole feelings of his soul. It was in the first debate on the Missouri Bill, Feb. 15, 1819, in committee of the whole, where he used these memorable words:

"If gentlemen will not allow us to have black slaves, they must let us have white ones; for WE CANNOT CUT OUR FIREWOOD, and BLACK OUR SHOES, AND HAVE OUR WIVES AND DAUGHTERS WORK IN THE KITCHEN."

Such is Mr Clay's opinion of labor, and we leave it to the people to say with how much right he can claim to be called the "*Farmer* of Ashland."

WHIG CONVENTION.—The union Convention of the Whigs and Antimasons who approved of the "three thousand" bargain, was held in the Court House, yesterday. The following gentlemen were appointed delegates to the State Convention, with instructions to support the nomination of GEN. JOSEPH MARKLE.

Gen. Wm. Marks, Thos. H. Stewart, C. Darragh, R. S. Cassat, and M. Hampton.

The Hon. Harmar Denny was appointed a delegate to the Baltimore Convention, and A. W. Loomis, Esq., was nominated for Presidential Elector. Mr Loomis, we suppose, is fully convinced that his office will be a sinecure or he would not consent to receive the nomination. Another Convention was called for the 2d of March to nominate a candidate for Congress. A number of resolutions were adopted, containing of course, the usual amount of abuse and misrepresentation of the democrats, and predicting the wonderful things that the Clay Coons will do in the coming contest.

Notwithstanding the great efforts that are making by the friends of the different whig aspirants for Congress, the sensible and prudent portion of the party are insisting on a very modest and unobtrusive gentlemen who has done the state some service, and is not "unknown to fame." We mean JOHN SHERIFF, Chairman of the Water Committee. We have understood that he does not desire a nomination, but should it be tho't that the country needs his services Mr S. is not the man to decline the station. He has been long chairman of the Water Committee, is well acquainted with *pipes*, and would be an "uncommon" good candidate for the stone.

☞It is said that Mr Kendall will soon start a tri-weekly paper at Washington city, to support Mr Van Buren.

HARRISBURGH CORRESPONDENCE.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 17, 1844.

The legislative incidents of the past week have been varied and occasionally interesting. Some bills of a local nature passed, with now and then a display of oratory upon the whig humbug, which now goes by the name of Cooper's Resolutions here, but is nothing more nor less than a reproduction of Col Johnson's great panacea for the State Debts, in the shape of a National Debt of two hundred millions of dollars: a sort of political Brandreth Pill, which is to be a certain cure for all the ills of the state. By extravagant expenditures, abominable Bankism, and the delusive promises of canal and rail road manias, our state now lies bleeding, to be handed over for cure to whig empirics, whose grand panacea is to draw the patient with additions of the same stuff. Let the patient beware; their remedies are poisonous, and let the toscin be sounded to the democracy to stand to their posts. I solemnly believe these Cooper Resolutions are but a part of the machinery of the whig party; intended to be set in motion in every corner of the U. S., to seduce the unwary from the principles of Jefferson, by specious promises and siren songs, more dangerous than ever were the Tippecanoe melodies. When Mr. Cooper first brought forward his Resolutions for the relief of Pennsylvania, by the creation of a National Debt of two hundred millions, your member, Mr Brackenridge, had the sagacity to perceive that its bearings were more for the relief of the Barings & Brothers and all the tribe of London stockjobbers, at the expense of our National independence, and he immediately brought forward his counter project to pay our debts like other honest folks, as the antidote. Mr. Brackenridge was right, and by this bold move, completely disconcerted the whig game. Mr. Cooper, who is an able man, and would be so considered anywhere, and has been in Congress, thought he was going to have it all his own way, and actually made a strong impression in his opening speech, upon some of your political friends whose bumps of firmness were not very prominent. One of our clever fellows forgot himself so far as to take the bait and suffer himself to be fished up into the whig mud pond. He will soon flounder back, I hope, into his wonted element. This is all the damage done before Mr. Brackenridge took the floor, which he did upon the first opportunity. By common consent the honor was allotted to him to lead off in the advanced guard of democracy, in opposition to the whole of Mr. Cooper's mischevious schemes. He did so with powerful effect; and tore to pieces the silken net so artfully spread. He made a close, logical and apparently unanswerable argument, which gained him much reputation on all sides. His remarks dissolved the charms of the siren song. The able democrats of the House are following up—such as Mr. Rowmfort, Mr. McFadden, and Mr. McManus, all of whom wield heavy battle axes, and the Speaker with his mace to boot.

You have before this heard of the passage of the new county of Carroll through the House; quite a large majority for it; and much owing to the talents and clever qualifications of its chief advocate, Mr. McFadden, of Washington county, and a true democrat too.—Washington county democrats are well represented by him.

The new county of Lawrence has not fared so well. It was ably advocated by Mr. Saxtey of Mercer, and much desired by Mr Bennett, an excellent representative from Beaver, but all would not do. The new county would be quite small enough, and reduces Beaver to almost nothing.

The committee of ways and means, it is understood, will in a day or two, report a bill, to raise by state tax, $1,500.000 per annum, and will provide for a fairer mode of valuation, and efficient collection. The sale of the state improvements is considered a bitter alternative by all, but I fear the necessities of the state will compel it, and Pennsylvania have to sing as the poor sailor did to his sweetheart—

"When cash is low, the ring must go;
If that won't do, the buckles too."

Yours &c.

LOBBY.

BALTIMORE EXPORTS.—Lyford's Journal, of Saturday last, contains a table exhibiting the amount of exports from the port of Baltimore to foreign ports for the quarter ending December 31st, 1843, as the total for the whole year. The quantity of Tobacco exported during the quarter, was 21,001 hhds., valued at $582,696, and during the year 1833 it was 46,662 hhds, valued at $2,093,514. The amount of flour exported during the quarter was 61,046 bbls., valued at $267,-033—and during the year 1843 it was 273,325 bb s., valued at $1,268,921. The value of miscellaneous articles for the quarter, consisting of fish, buttor, cheese, hams, beef, biscuits, wheat, &c., was $277,799.

GREAT DUTIES.—The receipts at the New York Custom House on Thursday last, were $140,000; and for this month, so far, they have averaged about $100,-000 a day.

EXPECTED VISIT OF FATHER MATTHEW.—A correspondence has recently taken place between Father Matthew and Grinnell, Minturn & Co., of New York, owners of a London as well as a Liverpool line of packet ships. They offered him a free passage in any one of their ships to America, which he has accepted, and has signified his intention to make the voyage in June.

GOV. REYNOLDS.—The St. Louis New Era thus speaks of Gov. Reynolds, whose suicide we mentioned yesterday:—"For some time past he had been suffering under a chronic disease, attended with considerable depression of spirits. No special cause for his last act is known to us. He was a lawyer of considerable ability, a politician of much tact and talent, had been a member of the Legislatures of Illinois and Missouri, Speaker of the House of Representatives and a Judge of a Court in this state.

He left a wife and one son, a young man nearly twenty years of age. Gov Reynolds was a native of Kentucky and had resided in Missouri about fifteen years. He was in affluent circumstances, and had entered in to contracts for building a fine dwelling on his farm near Fayette. His untimely end is much to be regretted. Patriots and philanthopists of all parties must deeply regret the occurrence of such acts, on account of their unfavorable influence on public morals. For the character of our country and State, we would desire to see all our prominent politicians go out of office in peace and good credit, and we regret that the career of Gov. Reynolds has terminated in such fatal gloom. We suppose that Lieut. Gov. Marmaduke will immediately assume the Gubernatorial office.

MOBILE.—The last accounts from Mobile, state at the mosquitoes are very troublesome—green peas are in market—and little ice has been seen there this season. What a fine winter climate.

TOBACCO.—It has been ascertained of late that the climate of Florida is as well suited for the growth of the superior kinds of Tobacco, as the Island of Cuba.

BELVIDERA.—"It seems cruel to kill so many animals for their fur—thirty-six poor squirrels put to death to make a muff for us." *Emily*—"Yes it is cruel. Why don't the monsters take their skins off *without killing them?*"

TWENTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

[Reported for the Baltimore Sun.]

February 17, 1844.

This has been a day of little interest. The Senate was not in session. In the House the morning hour was occupied by Mr Campbell, by a speech on the report of the select committee on the rules. He was in favor of continuing the 21st rule, and gave the abolitionists some hard shots.

When he had concluded, the subject was once more laid over,

The speaker presented a letter from Mr. Gilmer, resigning his seat as a member of the House.

The remainder of the day was devoted to private business.

From the easy leisurely manner in which members treat every little question, it is evident that the legislative clock is set to strike about August. As for an adjournment in May, it is not to be thought of.

The celebrated Mr Pennington has located himself and his steam balloon at Todd's rooms, on the avenue, where he lectures morning and evening. If he could but take one journey through the air, how the mist would fall from the eyes of unbelievers. It is to be hoped that Congress will pass his bill.

It is said that Mr Gilmer enters upon his duties at the Navy Department on Monday. As he is the champion of retrenchment, I suppose there will be some pruning.

FROM PORT AU PRINCE.

Advices from Port au Prince of the 23d January, brought by the brig Gen Marion, states that the French Envoy left that place about the middle of January, without having concluded a treaty with the Haytien government. The latter declared they would abide by the treaty of 1838, and accordingly paid the Envoy the instalment due on the French claims—$350,000; the next payment, due in July, will be $600.000. One French frigate, three French brigs-of-war, and a British sloop-of-war, were at Port au prince when the Marion left. The markets for American produce were extremely dull.

FOR THE POST.

MR. PHILLIPS:—I have just had the mournful satisfaction of reading a letter written in Castle Perote, by one of the few survivors of the ill-fated Mier prisoners. It details the death of JAMES S. WHITE, of this city, whose spirit passed beyond the power of the fiendish Mexicans, on the 23th of last November. The letter bears witness to a kindness and generosity of disposition, bravery in time of danger, fortitude and energy amid the miseries of their situation, that had gained him the love and admiration of his comrades, and even the respect of his enemies. Written by one sick and destitute, in hopeless confinement, and daily expecting to follow him whose mournful fate he is relating, it is filled with thrilling interest. We can fancy his situation; his feelings—

He sat within his damp and mouldy cell,
Upon his brow a checkered light there fell,
As through the casement bars the moon
Stole in, to try to cheer the pris'ners gloom.

Hot tear-drops were coursing down his face,
While with trembling hand he tried to trace
The mournful fate that on his comrade fell:
He sighed:—the pris'ner had no other knell.

The loss of our townsman is lamented by many friends who sympathise deeply and truly with the widowed mother of the fatherless brothers and sisters of the deceased; who were already bowed beneath the hand of affliction in consequence of the recent death of the father of the deceased. "*Sit tibi terra levis.*"

E.

THE LATE DUEL.

At the last accounts, young Cochrane was still lying in a most critical state, with but the faintest hopes of recovery. He was conveyed, after the fatal shot, to the house of Mr. Nelson, near the ground, where every attention and care have been paid that the emergency of the case could require. The services of the several medical gentlemen of our city have been engaged. God grant that these efforts may be successful, and that this unfortunate youth may be rescued from that grave to which his rashness and folly had so nearly consigned him. None of the parties have as yet been arrested.

The name of the person with whom the difficulty originated, and who acted as a second in the affair, is Ponder, and not Poole, as we published on Saturday.

P. S. Since the above was in type, we regret to learn that Mr. Cochrane expired about 1 o'clock, yesterday morning.—*Washington Whig Standard of Monday.*

PROTECTION.—The Boston Post, speaking of the present Tariff, and the attempt now making to modify it, thus shows its operation on labor and on capital:—

"The wages of labor have been reduced since 1840, and on the ground that unless reductions were made, the mills at Lowell, &c., must stop working. Supposing this reason to have been valid in 1842, it is not so now, as the dividends on factory stocks prove. It is stated in the English papers that a considerable portion of Lowell factory stock is held by Englishmen, and perhaps their influence induced the sending to Canada for operatives at low rates, to depress American labor.

TEN per cent has been the average of dividends, including all from their start as corporations; and the rule has been rigidly adhered to, of keeping their stock good by reservations amply sufficient to renew their machinery, &c. Moreover, the holders of manufacturing corporations stocks in this State are nearly exempted from taxation as personal property, it being valued by law at only *one-fifth*, so that a *millionaire* holder of factory stock is taxed for but $200.000, and some of them run out of Boston before the first of May, even at that valuation."

We observe by the newspapers that practitioners on the hydropathic method of treatment are commencing operations in various parts of the country, and especially in New York and New Orleans, proposing to cure the ills that flesh is heir to, by the internal and external application of water alone, according to the new system of Priessnitz of Græfenberg. The patients ought to get along swimmingly in the aquatic infirmaries, and if they can be cured thus, it is a proof that water has other uses besides "doing much for navigation." Your cold water has of late become a very respectable and important personage. Time was when it was scarcely admitted into society at all, and now it takes its degree as a doctor and aspired to found a medical school. Perhaps Galen was a duck and Hippocrates neither more nor less than a queer fish. It is at least a curious coincidence that the traditional expression of dislike for your medical attendant consists in sneering at him as a "stupid old pump." Was this prophetic of Græfenberg and hydropathy, or was the "*wassur cur*" known in remote antiquity, just after the deluge, for instance, when the very recollection of water must have been a dose, and when the whole world had just been put to rights by a recourse to hydraulics?—*Penna.*

A LONG, LOW, BLACK SCHOONER.

There is lying at the bulkhead opposite No. 84 South street, a savage looking Baltimore built craft, which could say some strange things if only she could speak, and in truth her appearance speaks for itself. She is a schooner with heavy, raking masts, and spars enough for a ship, with a hull 80 feet long on deck, 16 feet beam, and 10 feet hold, with high bulwarks, pierced for 6 guns and 24 sweeps. She had made five successful voyages from Africa to Brazil, with cargoes consisting of about 500 slaves each, and had just taken on board another cargo of 500, and when the slaves were yet almost all of them standing on deck, the boats of a British cruiser made their appearance, and rapidly coming up, fired, killed seven of the slaves, and captured the schooner. The slaves were liberated, the vessel was condemned and sold, and she is now owned by a British merchant at Sierra Leone. She has brought to this port a cargo of palm oil, and is loading with tobacco, flour, &c. for her return.—*Jour. of Com.*

☞It appears from careful examination, that the average of grain grown in the United States is 32 bushels to the inhabitant, first deducting a tenth for seed. The average of the Northern States (Virginia and the district of Columbia included) is 22 bushels; that of the southern and Western States and Territories, 42 bushels: and that of the cotton growing States alone, 44 bushels to each person. Sir Robert Peel states that the consumption of wheat in Great Britain is 192,000,000 bushels a year which gives an average of near eight bushels to the inhabitant.

WOMEN, ARE WOMEN, all the world over, says the proverb, and we were never more struck with the truth of the remark, than we were yesterday on looking over the Compendium of the last U. S. Census, just from the press. The very same peculiarity is there shown to exist, in relation to the two sexes, in every state of the Union, viz, the anxiety of the women *to be thought young*, and their disposition never to acknowledge themselves under 15 or over 20 years of age, until they cannot help it. The Census shows throughout the Union, more males than females, in every State between the ages of 5 and 10, between 10 and 15, between 20 and 30, between 30 and 40 and so on up; while in every State the number of females *exceeds* the number of males between 15 and 20! Of course the women always said they were only 20 until they were 30. Ah! vanity.—*Phila. Times.*

BALCK TONGUE.—This dreadful disease is prevailing in Cincinnati. The Times says, that two ladies recently died with it in the western part of the city.—This disease is said to be derived from a bad cold—we would, therefore, respectfully suggest to the many persons who are affected with heavy colds to be extremely careful, as numerous deaths have lately occurred from this fatal disease in Indiana, Illinois and Missouri.

TO the Honorable the Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the county of Allegheny:

The petition of Isaac V. Davis, of Elizabeth Township, respectfully sheweth—

That your petitioner hath provided himself with materials for the accommodation of travelers and others, at his dwelling house in the township aforesaid, and prays that your honors will be pleased to grant him a license to keep a public house of entertainment. And your petitioner, as in duty bound, will pray.

ISAAC V. DAVIS.

We, the subscribers, citizens of Elizabeth township, do certify that the above petitioner is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation of travellers and others.

James Menown,	Isaac M'Laughlin,
John Healy,	Isaac Snyder,
Franklin Menown,	Hugh M'Meechan,
Wm. M'Clure, Jr.	James Allen,
Daniel Peairs,	Jonathan Peairs,
Joel Keauchum,	Wm. M'Lean.

f22-3t*

To the Honorable the Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace in and for the county of Allegheny:

The petition of Jacob Drake, of Robinson township, respectfully sheweth—

That your petitioner hath provided himself with materials for the accommodation of travellers and others, at his dwelling house in the township aforesaid, and prays that your honors will be pleased to grant him a license to keep a public house of entertainment. And your petitioner, as in duty bound, will pray.

JACOB DRAKE.

We, the subscribers, citizens of Elizabeth Township, do certify that the above petitioner is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation of travelers and others.

W. M'Michael,	Charles Lorain,
Wm. Ewing.	James Crooks,
Hugh Cowan,	Wm. Tidball,
John C. Morrow,	Archd. Liggett,
Matthew Logan,	John S. Phillips,
William Adams,	Isaac A. Ewing.

f22-3t*

To the Honorable the Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace in and for the county of Allegheny:

The petition of Michael Robottom, of Pitt Township, respectfully sheweth—

That your petitioner hath provided himself with materials for the accommodation of travelers and others, at his dwelling house in the township aforesaid, and prays that your honors will be pleased to grant him a license to keep a public house of entertainment. And your petitioner, as in duty bound, will pray.

MICHAEL ROBOTTOM.

We, the subscribers, citizens of Pitt Township, do certify that the above petitioner is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation of travelers and others.

B. Murray,	M. Kissick,
W. Black,	Phillip Drane,
Wm. Henrici,	F. Henrici,
Henry Rominy,	Robert Culbert,
Samuel Parsely,	Geo. Stech,
E. Douglass,	J. M'Laughlin.

f22-3t

REMOVAL.

JAMES HOWARD & CO.

HAVE removed their WALL PAPER WARE-HOUSE to

NO. 63, WOOD STREET,

between Diamond alley and Fourth street.

Where they have on hand a large and splended assortment of WALL PAPER and BORDERS, suitable for papering Parlors, Chambers, Halls, &c.

Also, a general assortment of Writing, Letter, Printing, Wrapping and Tea paper, Bonnet Boards, &c.

Which they will sell low for Cash, or in exchange for Rags, Tanners Scraps, &c. feb 22, 1844

150 GROSS Dr M'Lane's American Worm Specific in store, one of the most surprising medicines in expelling worms from the system—the experience of ten years by hundreds of persons who have the Dr's Worm Specific, establishes this fact; the testimony of public men who have used it in their practice, is additional evidence of its efficacy. A full supply of the genuine Worm Specific always on hand at the Wholesale and Retail Drug store of JONA. KIDD.

Feb 22. No 60, Corn. 4th & Wood sts.

PURE NITRIC ACID, for Medical and Chemical purposes, just received and for sale at the Drug Store of JONA. KIDD,

Feb. 22 No. 60, Corn. 4th & Wood sts

JUST RECEIVED, 50 oz German Kreosote; also, Fresh Canary Seeds, White Squills, Dross Black, China Vermillion, Orange Shellac; with a general stock of genuine drugs in store and for sale on reasonable terms at the Wholesale and Retail Drug Store of

Feb. 22 JONA. KIDD,

No. 60, Corn. 4th & Wood sts.

BADGES FOR WASHINGTON'S BIRTH DAY

On hand, an assortment of beautiful pink and blue satin ribbon badges, with a handsome head of Washington and two eagles on each, at 12½. Ladies and gentlemen, Washingtonians, military and youth will be accommodated by the dozen or single.

ISAAC HARRIS,

Agent and Commission Merchant, No 9, 5th st.

f22

BIRMINGHAM

LOCK AND SCREW FACTORY.

THE subscriber having opened a shop No. 62 Second street, between Market and Wood sts., Pittsburgh, in connection with the Factory in Birmingham, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he will be happy to be favored with their orders for any articles in his line.

Door Locks and Fastners, of various descriptions, on hand and made to order.

Tobacco, Mill, and Timber Screws.

Large Screws for Iron Works, and Screws for Presses, made as may be required

Carpenters and Builders are requested to call before contracting for jobs, and examine his articles and prices.

Locks repaired and jobbing generally done in the best manner, and on the lowest terms.

may 2—6m JAS. PETERSON, Jr.

Groceries.

10 HHDS, Prime N O Sugar;
250 Bushels Dried Peaches;
4000 lbs. W R Cheese;
75 dozen Corn Brooms;
No 1, 2 and 3, Mackerel. bbls and hf bbls;
Connecticut mess Shad:

In store and for sale, by J D WILLIAMS,

feb20 No 28 Fifth street.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF

NEW GOODS!

SUPERFINE DOUBLE MILLED

Cloths, Cassimeres, Tweeds, Vestings, Cassinetts, &c. &c.

P. DELANY,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 49, LIBERTY STREET,

TWO DOORS ABOVE VIRGIN ALLEY.

THE subscriber has just returned from the Eastern cities, where he has purchased the most magnificent assortment of

CHOICE AND FASHIONABLE GOODS

Ever offered in this City!

which he is now receiving, and to which he invites the attention of his customers and the public generally who wish to supply themselves with

GOOD, SUBSTANTIAL AND FASHIONABLE CLOTHING, AT CHEAP PRICES.

The very liberal patronage which his friends and the public have heretofore been pleased to bestow on his establishment, has induced him to purchase

A GREATER VARIETY

of all kinds of goods in his line, and of a superior quality to any thing which has heretofore been offered. The following is a list of a part of this assortment which he offers to the public, all of which he guarantees are in the most fashionable Eastern styles, and of the best quality, suitable for the season.

SUPERFINE BLACK, BLUE, INVISIBLE GREEN AND FANCY COLORED ENGLISH, FRENCH & AMERICAN

CLOTHS,

FOR DRESS AND FROCK COATS.

He particularly refers to a lot of beautiful French clothe and cassimeres, new style, which he is confident cannot fail to please. They are of a most excellent quality.

SUPER. SATIN AND VELVET VESTINGS,

Rich and exquisite patterns, in the latest styles.

ALSO, LONDON PLAIDS,

A large variety of patterns.

MERSEILLES CACHMERE.

beautiful patterns, and common vestings of every description.

TWEED CLOTHS.

French and English Fancy styles—suitable for every description of

SACK COATS.

Also, all kinds of goods which can be found at any establishment in the city, which he offers for sale, made or unmade, as cheap as any dealer in the city.

The undersigned offers the above extensive and varied assortment of reasonable goods for sale at a small advance on their original cost, and keeps them constantly on hand, ready to make for his customers. His prices are to suit the times. His goods are all made by Pittsburgh workmen, and are warranted to be of

SUPERIOR QUALITY

☞The public are invited to call and examine for themselves. P. DELANY.

f21 tf No 49 Liberty st. 2 doors from Virgin alley.

IMPORTANT FACTS.

DR. LEIDY'S Sarsaparilla Blood Pills are applicable in all cases, whether for *Purgatives* or *Purification*. They possess all the boasted virtues of other pills, and are additionally efficacious, containing Sarsaparilla in their composition, which is not contained in any other pills in existence. They are also different from other pills in composition, being purely *vegetable*, and can be employed at all times, without any danger, and requiring no restraint from occupation or usual course of living.

Notwithstanding Dr. Leidy never pretended his Blood Pills would cure all diseases, yet it is not saying too much of them, from the innumerable cures performed by them in every variety and form of disease (certificates of many of which have been published from persons of all denominations, physicians, clergymen, and others) that they seem to be almost universal in their effect; and persons using them for whatever sickness or disease, may rest assured that they will be found more efficacious than any other pills in existence.

From the known reputation of Dr. Leidy's Blood Pill, it is necessary to remind the public where they can at all times procure the genuine, as it is attempted to impose other pills, called the 'Blood Pills' upon the public on the reputation of Dr. Leidy's. ☞Be particular and ask for Dr. Leidy's Sarsaparilla Blood Pills, and see that the name of N. B. Leidy is contained on two sides of each box, (the boxes being of paper, and oblong, square shape, surrounded by a yellow and black label.

PRICE—25 cents a Box.

Prepared only, and sold wholesale and retail, at Dr. Leidy's Health Emporium, 191 North Second street, below Vine, Philadelphia, and by *B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.*, corner of Wood and Sixth streets, Agents for Pittsburgh. jy 12—1y

A BOON TO THE HUMAN RACE.

"Discover what will destroy life and you are a great man—discover what will prolong life, and the world will call you imposter."

"There are faculties, bodily and intellectual, within us with which certain herbs have affinity, and over which they have power."

DR B BRANDRETH'S External Remedy, or Liniment, which, by its extraordinary powers, abstracts pain or soreness; tires, sprains, stiff elbows, white swellings, rheumatic pains or stiffness, stiffness of the joints, tumors, unnatural hardness, stiff neck, sore throat, croup, contractions of the muscles, scrofulous enlargements, tender feet, and every description of injury affecting the exterior of the human frame, to be cured or greatly relieved by this never to be sufficiently extolled remedy.

CERTIFICATE.—The following letter from Major General Sandford, as to the External Remedy, speaks volumes.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9, 1842.

Dear Sir: Will you oblige me with another bottle of your excellent Liniment? It is certainly the best of the kind I have ever seen. It has cured entirely my son's knee, about which I was so uneasy, and I have found it productive of immediate relief in several cases of external injury in my family. A few evenings since, my youngest child was seized with a violent attack of croup, which was entirely removed in twenty minutes, by rubbing her chest and throat freely with the External Remedy. I think you ought to manufacture this Liniment for general use, instead of confining the use of it, as you have heretofore done, to particular acquaintances. Yours truly,

C W SANDFORD.

Dr B Brandreth, 241 Broadway, New York.

☞For sale at 241 Broadway, New York, and at the store of G H Lee, Diamond, Pittsburgh. Price, 50 cents, for bottle with directions. s10

Administrator's Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Andrew Hendrickson, late of the borough of McKeesport, in Versailles township, Allegheny county, deceased, are requested to make payment immediately to the undersigned; and all persons having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated to the undersigned for settlement, at his residence in McKeesport. JOHN H BOUGHMAN.

f16-6w Administrator.

Notice to all whom it may concern.

ALL persons having claims against the Estate of Oliver Ormsby Evans, deceased, as well as those knowing themselves indebted to the same, will please present their accounts for settlement to C. Evans, No 10 Water street, who is duly authorized to settle the said Estate. SARAH L. EVANS,

feb15 Administratrix.

EXCELLENT OFFICES TO LET.

AN excellent office for one or more lawyers, may be had by immediate application to EGOLF & FOSTER, Real Estate Agents, next door to Post Office.—One or more rooms—possession given on April 1st.

Jan 24.

FLANNELS AND BLANKETS.—

1 case super brown flannels,
12 pair large domestic blankets.

Just received on consignment for sale by

f16 GEO. COCHRAN No 26, Wood st.

750 BUSHELS Dried Peaches;
50 do cloverseed;
50 bbls russet and pippin apples;
75 doz corn brooms;
10 hhds prime N. O, Sugar;

Received and for sale by J D WILLIAMS,

THE No 28, 5th st.

4000 LBS Western Reserve Cheese;
1000 lbs superior hulled buck wheat flour;
150 " Hyde's palm soap;
2500 " assorted bacon;
150 boxes 8|10 and 10|12 glass;

In store and for sale by J D WILLIAMS,

f21 No 28, 5th street.

TO the Honorable the Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace in and for the county of Allegheny:

The petition of James Allison, of the 5th ward of the city of Pittsburgh, respectfully sheweth—

That your petitioner hath provided himself with materials for the accommodation of travellers and others, at his dwelling house, in the third aforesaid, and prays that your honors may be pleased to grant him a license to keep a public house of entertainment. And your petitioner, as in duty bound, will pray.

JAMES ALLISON.

We, the subscribers, citizens of the 5th ward of Pittsburgh, do certify that the above petitioner is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with conveniences for the accommodation of travelers and others

James Gosling,	William Lemmon,
Joseph Jenkinson,	George McIlwain,
George Porter,	Bernard Burkle,
Richard J Bugh,	William McKelvy,
Benjamin Hoover,	Robert Whiteside,
M. Martin,	M. Lowry.

f21.3tdaw*

Garden Seeds.

A CHOICE selection of seeds from the "Fredonia Gardens" (N. Y.) on consignment and for sale at

REINHART & STRONG,

feb 20. 140 Liberty st.

J D Williams,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCER, Forwarding and Commission Merchant, and dealer in Country Produce and Pittsburgh Manufactures, No 28 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

ON HAND AND FOR SALE CHEAP.—20 gross of matches, 50 dozen cut and dry tobacco in papers, and 10,000 common cigars. I. HARRIS,

f20 Agent and Com. Merch't, No 9, 5th st.

AMERICAN ANTI-SLAVERY ALMANACS. Just received, a new consignment of 550 American Anti-Slavery Almanacs for 1844, for sale by the hundred, dozen, or retail. ISAAC HARRIS,

f20 Agent and Com. Merch't, No 9, 5th st.

PITTSBURGH MANUFACTURES.

THE subscriber, formerly agent of the Pittsburgh Manufacturing Association, having been appointed by a number of the Manufacturers and Mechanics of the city of Pittsburgh and its vicinity as their agent for the sale of their various manufactures, will be constantly supplied with a general assortment of those articles at the lowest wholesale prices.

The attention of Western Merchants and *dealers in American Manufactures* is respectfully invited to this establishment. Orders addressed to the subscriber will be promptly attended to.

GEO. COCHRAN.

feb 19 No 26 Wood street.

☞ON HAND.—Axes, Augers, Hoes, Mattocks, Spades, and Shovels, Sickles, Scythes, Traces and Log Chains, Spinning Wheel Irons, Coopers' and Carpenters' Tools, Machine Cards, Window Glass and Glassware, White and Red Lead; Patterson's Locks and Large Press Screws, &c. &c

Hat and Bonnet Pressing,

BY WILLIAM SCHOLEY,

DIAMOND ALLEY,

Between Wood and Smithfield Sts.

HAVING just returned from the eastern cities and purchased the most improved PRESSING MACHINES, is prepared to press gentlemen's hats and braid, straw, gimp or Leghorn bonnets on the most reasonable terms, in the neatest manner and at the shortest notice. The subscriber believes that his long experience in the business is a sufficient guarantee that all work entrusted to him will be properly performed.

Hats or bonnets cleaned, altered, trimmed or colored as heretofore. WM. SCHOLEY.

f17-3m*

Flaxseed Meal.

A FEW bbls. on hand and for sale by

REINHART & STRONG,

feb 20. 140 Liberty st.

Very Interesting.

A LARGE lot of new works just received at Cook's Literary Depot, 85, 4th street.

Lady's Book for March, containing the following embellishments, five engravings in all: Paul and Virginia, engraved by A. L. Dick; Laurel Hill, an original picture engraved by A. W. Graham, four elegant and true representations of the Spring Fashions, beautifully colored; Ancient Fashions, five figures: contents entirely original.

Hopkins on the British Reformation, 1 vol.

Old St Paul's, by W H Ainsworth.

Campbell's Foreign Semi Monthly Magazine, for February.

Life and Adventures of Elsworth, the American Pedestrian.

Mirror Library, containing songs and miscellaneous poems by Barry Cornwall.

Secret Guilt, or the Counterfeiters, an American tale.

Christian World for October, November and December.

Mystères De Paris, par Eugène Sue, part 4th.

Medical Examiner, No 3.

Mexico, by Brantz Mayer.

American in Paris during the Winter, by Jules Janin.

Also a new supply of *Lady Annabel*.

Chevalier De Faublas, No 3.

DR. WM. EVANS' SOOTHING SYRUP.

This infallible remedy has preserved hundreds when thought past recovery, from convulsions. As soon as the Syrup is rubbed on the gums, the child will recover. This preparation is so innocent, so efficacious, and so pleasant, that no child will refuse to let its gums be rubbed with it. When infants are at the age of four months, tho' there is no appearance of teeth, one bottle of the Syrup should be used to open the pores. Parents should never be without the syrup in the nursery, where there are young children, for if a child wakes in the night with pain in the gums, the Syrup immediately gives ease, by opening the pores, and healing the gums, thereby preventing convulsions, fevers, &c.—For sale wholesale and retail by

R E SELLERS, Agent,

sep 10 No. 20, Wood street, below Second.

LIVER COMPLAINT cured by the use of Dr Harlich's compound Strengthening and Aperient Pills. Mr. Wm. Richards, of Pittsburgh, Pa., was entirely cured of the above distressing disease. His symptoms were pain and weight in the left side, loss of appetite, vomiting, acid eructations, a distension of the stomach, sick headache, furred tongue, countenance changed to a citron color, difficulty of breathing, disturbed rest, attended with a cough, great debility, with other symptoms indicating great derangement of the functions of the liver. Mr Richards had the advice of several physicians, but received no relief, until using Dr Harlich's medicine, which terminated in effecting a perfect cure.

Principal office, 19 North Eighth street, Philadelphia. For sale by Samuel Frew, corner of Liberty and Wood sts. sep 10

BARON VON HUTCHELER HERB PILLS

These Pills are composed of herbs, which exert a specific action upon the heart, give impulse or strength to the arterial system: the blood is quickened and equalized in its circulation through all the vessels, whether of the skin, the parts situated internally, or the extremities; and as all the secretions of the body are drawn from the blood, there is a consequent increase of every secretion, and a quickened action of the absorbent and exhalent, or discharging vessels. Any morbid action which may have taken place is corrected, all obstructions are removed, the blood is purified, and the body resumes a healthful state. For sale wholesale and retail by R E SELLERS, Agent,

sep 10 20 Wood street, below Second.