FOR GOVERNOR

FRS. R. SHUNK:

Subject to the decision of THE DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

The Daily Morning Post.

THOMAS PHILLIPS, EDITOR.

PITTSBURGH, FRIDAY, JANUARY 19, 1844.

HOURS OF LABOR.—A letter from Harrisburgh informs us that on the 15th, Mr. BRACKENRIDGE read in his place, a Bill entitled: "An Act to prevent overworking of children in Cotton and Woollen Factories, and the better to promote their health and morals."—We do not know the character of the Bill in detail, but we have no doubt it is such a one as will be approved by all who condemn the present slavish system that is pursued in our Factories.

Many efforts have been made to reform the evils of the Factory System, but from various causes, no reforms beneficial to the operatives, have resulted from legislative investigations. This, we believe, is owing to the fact that among all those who advocated a reform there were none who had a practical knowledge of the evils of the system, and all their good intentions were defeated, because they did not know the various matters that required reform. But it will be gratifying to the friends of the Factory children, to know that the matter is now in the hands of one who is thoroughly acquainted with all its evils, and who has had the best means of acquiring the necessary information to effect a salutary reform. Mr. BRACKENRIDGE, it is well known, was, a few years since, extensively engaged in manufacturing, and he is therefore practically acquainted with the different branches of the system that need improvement.

We are pleased that he has taken the matter in hand, for we feel assured that he will not give it up until some measures are adopted that will *humanize* the factory system, and improve the condition of the poor children who are now forced to toil from before daylight until long after dark, for what will barely afford them the means of living.

We would here take occasion to commend the zealous manner in which all our members attend to their duty at Harrisburgh. Thus far, Messrs. BRACKENRIDGE, GIBSON, STURGEON and ANDEREGG, have taken a leading part in the House, and evinced a warm desire to serve, not only the interests of their constituents, but the welfare of the whole community.

STATE TREASURER.—On Monday last JOB MANN was elected State Treasurer. The vote stood

For Mann	105
All others	21
Mann's majority	84

Mr MANN is a most excellent officer, and the almost unanimous vote which he received from the members of the Legislature is a just tribute to his worth.

POLLY BODINE'S counsellor has published a card in the New York papers, in which he states that the declarations made in her confessions, are a tissue of misstatements, scarcely sprinkled with truth; and that important facts, not now known to the public, will be presented at the proper time, which will give a new and milder aspect to her case.

☞ The "Razor Strop Man" is creating quite a sensation in New Orleans. He arrived on the 4th, and as soon as he landed he commenced the interesting inquiry, "Did any gentleman call?"

"They'll build a log cabin
To sing and to blab in."

The whigs of Richmond, Va. are preparing for another campaign of foolery and humbuggery. They are building a *log cabin* on a magnificent scale, calculated to hold two thousand persons. This, we suppose! may be taken as an indication that the whigs have resolved to place their fortunes once more on the merits of log cabins and coon skins, and as the contest warms, we suppose the conclusive argument of hard cider, adulterated with a liberal mixture of old Monongahela, will be brought in to warm up their enthusiasm.

We hope they may stick to the arguments of 1840; if they do, it will not be necessary for the democrats to make any exertions; the remembrance of the disgraceful doings in that campaign, will be sufficient to keep the people from falling into the federal snare a second time.

MR. HENSHAW.—The Senate has rejected the appointment of this gentleman as Secretary of the Navy. This will doubtless astonish many, as it is admitted by all that Mr. H. possessed all the qualifications necessary to make a good officer, and that not the slightest objection on the score of competency could be made against him. But unfortunately the political opinions of Mr. H. do not agree with those entertained by a majority of the Senate, and for this he has been sacrificed. This act is another illustration of the reckless policy of the whigs. It shows that they are utterly regardless of every consideration but political power, and that to reach this, or gratify their factious malice, they are willing to jeopardise the best interests of the country. If the President had appointed a whig, without a single qualification for the office, we have no doubt but the appointment would have been confirmed.

ECONOMY OF THE IRISH.—The New York Sun publishes a report from the officers of a New York Saving's Bank, and gives the occupation and birth-place of most of the depositors; from which calculation it appears that the most numerous depositors are beyond doubt the Irish, particularly the females, who seem to have imbibed a correct and rigid notion of economy, and yet they are by all accounts remarkably liberal. Let us suppose that the wages of Irish servant girls shall average $9 per month, or $72 per annum! they manage to deposit at least $40 out of their receipts, and in a few years the accumulations begin to tell. No other class of people are as saving, and the good results are felt in the event of losing their place. To their credit also it should be known that a year seldom passes by without their sending a bill for £5 to their father, mother, or some poor relation in the old country.

HON. JAMES BUCHANAN.—The noble and disinterested course of our Senator, in withdrawing his name from the Presidential canvass, is calling forth the admiration and eulogium of the democracy throughout the Union. At a meeting of the democrats of St Louis city and county the following Resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That the Hon James Buchanan, of Pennsylvania, deserves the highest confidence of the Democratic party of the United States, for his disinterested devotion to the cause, and that by his recent withdrawal from the Presidential contest, he has given new proof of his patriotism and high moral worth.

FIRE.—We learn by the Natchez Courier that during the storm which raged in the vicinity of Natchez, on the night of the 31st ult, the gin house on the plantation belonging to the heirs of the late Joseph Sessions, about twelve miles east of that place, was struck by lightning, and burnt to the ground, with the entire stock of cotton, about forty bales, which was stored in the gin house. We learn further that there was no insurance.

FROM CANADA.—The Montreal Gazette Extra, of Saturday afternoon, contains the proceedings of a large loyal meeting in Beauharnois county, and an account of the dinner given in honor of Mr. Wakefield, the county member. The Gazette claims that the policy of the Governor General was fully supported, and that the "ex-Ministerial faction" were annihilated. In short, that a county where they felt confident of a majority, had "declared unanimously and enthusiastically in favor of the Monarchy and Constitution." It says that Mr Wakefield was fully sustained in his opposition to the Lafontaine-Baldwin Ministry.

THE YELLOW BOYS.—The N. Y. Sun notices the coinage at the Mint in New Orleans, and remarks that when Col. Benton said, that the effect of the specie clause would be to make gold flow up the Mississippi—when he shook his purse exultingly filled with yellow boys, and said, in advocating the establishment of a mint in New Orleans, that he expected three millions would be coined in a single year, the world imagined that the Western statesman was giving reins to his fancy. It seems, however, that he was right—that there was no romance about it, and that the mint has coined *four* instead of three millions a year.

COUNTERFEIT.—A man named, (or calling himself,) Candler Brown, lately passed a large amount of counterfeit $100 notes of the Northern Bank of Kehtucky, dated Lexington, Nov. 10, 1842. payable at Paris. Letter D., signed M. T. Scott, cashier, and John Tilford President.

PRESENT TO ROBERT TYLER, ESQ.—The Philadelphia Evening Mercury says—"Daniel O'Connell, the Liberator, has presented Robert Tyler with a very handsome old family chair. It is an antiquity, and a great curiosity, having been three hundred years in Mr O'Connell's family. It is made in the antique style of those days, and formed of old Irish black oak, polished in the finest manner. The back, legs and arms are curved and grooved, and form very handsome scrolls where the work allows of it. The seat and centre of the back are lined with a cream-colored plush, richly ornamented in fine colors, with fancy figures and national etchings. It was received at Washington, via Philadelphia, on the 9th inst.

FIRE AT MILLINGTON.—We learn from the Centreville Times, that a great portion of the town of Millington, Md was destroyed by fire on Monday last. The fire commenced in Mr Thomas Walker's store and communicated thence to the other stores and houses, sweeping away the principal and handsomest part of the town.

☞ We understand that the Canal Commissioners have re-appointed JOHN SNODGRASS, Esq., Superintendant of Motive Power on the Allegheny Portage Rail Road.

FINANCIERING.—Mr Beach of the New York Sun, who was fined $250 for a libel, published an extra a day or two ago, containing the whole proceedings in the case, by which means he realized about $60 over and above the sum paid.

AN EDITOR SHOT AT.—The Editor of the Hempstead (Long Island) Inquirer, says that some person fired a ball, a day or two since, about the size of a pea, through the front window of his office, which passed very close to his head; and grazed the hair of one of his apprentices.

☞ There are about four thousand men engaged in the lumbering business in the State of Maine. They are employed eight months in the year.

MASQUERADING IN BALTIMORE.—The Clipper says that "this has become quite a fashionable amusement; we judge so by having met, during the past week, numbers of men fantastically attired. We have heard of an incident, however, which is any thing but complimentary to these affairs. A masked individual called at the house of one of our first merchants: chatted, took a glass of wine—compliments flowed profusely, when lo! and behold, the visitor turned out to be a *gentleman of color!* He was first complimented with a sound thrashing, and then kicked out of doors."

TOBACCO TRADE.—The Baltimore Sun states that the tobacco trade of that city has increased so greatly during the present year, that the necessity of another new state warehouse is daily felt. Lyford's Journal of Saturday last, in alluding to this subject, states that during the last year, there were stored at various times, from one to three months, 6,600 hhds of tobacco, at a cost to the state, including drayage and insurance, of $3,415 14! And besides this amount, agents stored largely on their own account; which tobacco would have been sent to the state warehouses had there been sufficient room for storing it.

ANOTHER DEFALCATION.—Providence, Rhode Island, is determined to contribute its quota to the calendar of crime. But a few weeks ago, we announced a most foul murder that had been committed in that city. Close on the heels of this comes the account of a defalcation to the amount of $1500, by a clerk in an extensive house. It seems that he made false entries of cash upon the books; not crediting all received, but having pocketed enough to swell up a sum of $1500 He has heretofore been above suspicion himself, though a brother of his, not long since; defrauded a city bank out of a large sum of money.

The Chronicle, remarking upon the developements of crime which are daily making, talks as follows:

"Truly, this is a woful age! Rogues are every day becoming thicker, and we may calculate, by and by, upon a state of things, wherein neither persons nor property are safe. Defalcation follows defalcation, theft, theft, and murder, murder, with the velocity almost of light itself, and we may shortly arrive at that blessed state of security, when every man's house must be a castle well fortified; with tower, trench and draw bridge, and when, in order to walk the street in safety, we must not only go armed and clad in a coat of mail, but surrounded by a faithful body guard."

INDIANA.—The Committee of Ways and Means has reported a tax bill for 1844. By the following synopsis it will be seen that it is inadequate to meet the exigencies of the state:—

The 1st Section levies a tax of 20 cents on the $100 on all property entered on the tax list, and a poll tax of 50 cents, for the year 1843.

The 2d and 3d set apart 13 cents on the $100 of the above rate, for the redemption of Treasury notes; and 5 cents on the $100, and on each poll, is made applicable to the ordinary expenses of the State Government.

The 4th directs the application of any money in the Treasury to the redemption of Treasury notes or other liabilities of the State.

The 5th repeals so much of the Revised Statue, as exempts from taxation property exempted from execution.

SICKNESS IN WISCONSIN.—The small pox is raging with much severity in many of the western villages of Wisconsin, and is working its way outward toward Madison, the seat of government. In Platteville, at the latest dates, there were twenty-one cases.

☞ James Morrison has been elected President of the Indiana State Bank. The vote stood, for Morrison 77, for Mr. Merill, the old President, 67.

THE NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.—The New York Express says—"There is an improvement in the money market. The Banks discount freely at 4 to 5 per cent, and money is very abundant at even 3 on short loans, and large loans continue to be made at 3 per cent. Money has been put out in considerable sums at 5 and 5½ per cent. on bond and mortgage. Those that have held on to their money for a long time past, are now obliged to put it out at this rate of interest. The Banks continue their deposit line as high as ever, and it is on this that they run up their discounts to a very large sum, and are enabled by this to make pretty liberal dividends. If there should be a revival of business, there will be an increased demand for money; but under no circumstances can there be any raise of interest for some months to come."

FINALE OF THE POMEROY TRUNK DRAMA—DEATH OF LACHNER, THE ROBBER, BY SUICIDE.

The New York Express of Monday says:

Never, probably, in the history of crime was there a chain of events shewing, as it were, the hand of Providence, in exposing crime and absolving the innocent from unmerited reproach and censure, as that which occured in relation to the Pomeroy Trunk. Within about 72 hours the only bill which could have been identified out of the whole $48,000 which were in the trunk, was passed away by the robber, himself arrested, the whole of the money discovered, and even the cinders of the documents he had burnt brought to light, presenting by this means full and satisfactory evidence of what had been done with them. To this has been added the confession of his wife, and we have now to record the appalling finale of self-destruction in his cell by the guilty individual who has been the cause of so much anxiety, and so much reproach to innocent and injured parties.

Mrs Lachner, it appears, was permitted to return home the night of the arrest, in charge of an officer, and was subsequently conveyed to the City Prison, where she has been imprisoned in one of the cells of the Female department; closely guarded and denied access to visitors. Justice Taylor, Mr Livingston, officer M'Grath and others, succeeded on Sunday in finding several cinders of the uncompleted bills which had been burnt, a considerable distance up the chimney of the room in which they resided, and they repaired late in the afternoon to the city prison with a view of announcing the fact to Lachner and his wife. They went into the cell of the latter first, and she finally confessed that every thing which had been in the trunk was destroyed with the exception of the money recovered.—She stated that her husband burnt a large quantity of bills and several letters in a stove which was in their room. This story coincided with the facts in the case, as on the cinders of the papers could be clearly traced "Union" and other banks, and the signature of the Comptroller. The various gentlemen then proceeded, accompanied, by Mr Fallon, keeper of the prison, to the cell of Lachner, with a view to ascertain what he would say in regard to the discovery, when, on opening his cell door, they found the unfortunate man hanging by the neck from his bunk, which he had set on end, and was suspended by a silk handkerchief, perfectly dead. An effort was made to resuscitate him but in vain: the there mercy for him in the future. The wretched man was cut down and placed upon his mattrass, which lay on the floor.

A coroner's inquest was held, and a verdict of suicide rendered.

One of the deputy keepers of the City prison testified that only an hour had elapsed between the time of his handing Lachner his food at 2 o'clock, and the finding him dead.

Mr Justice Taylor said:—I have had several conversations with Mrs Lachner, and have heard several of his papers translated, from which I understand that he is a Swiss by birth, and arrived in the United States from Europe on the 9th of June last,—and that he was married at 32 Rivington street, on the 18th of December last. His age, from all the circumstances which have come to our knowledge, we suppose to be 28 or 30 years.

The Express adds.—It is a singular fact that a criminal committed suicide, (also by hanging,) in the same cell about three years ago, and the cell is nearly adjoining to that in which the unhappy John C Colt put a period to his existence, a year or two since, when about to be executed for the murder of Adams—this being 51 and that 54.

The deceased is gone, and it is unnecessary to say any more in regard to him. He exhibited, it is said, considerable finesse towards persons residing in other portions of the house in Rivington street in relation to the trunk, frequently joined in the sentiment expressed that it must have been a very bad man that stole it &c. This shows he was fully aware of the nature of the offence. His unhappy wife is truly an object of pity, having grieved incessantly since the arrest, and threatened self-destruction. She requires, therefore, to be constantly watched. The intelligence of her husband's death is studiously kept from her, it being supposed that the shock in her present state of health, would be more than nature could bear. She came to this country, it is said in the same vessel with deceased, was much attached to him, and they were married five days after the recent robbery had been committed. In relation to the property stolen by the unhappy deceased it is believed that the whole has been recovered, the depository of the goods he bought have been acknowledged, and all restored.

COUNTY CONVENTION.

To the Editor of the Post:

Having visited the city to-day for the purpose of disposing of some produce, I thought it a favorable opportunity to make some inquiry as to the time when our County Convention will assemble to appoint delegates to the State Convention that is to meet on the 4th of March next. It has been customary to elect these delegates in January, and the Committee of Correspondence has always given the people of the county four or five weeks notice, so that they could be fully prepared for their township meetings. But our present committee appears to have forgotten all about this important matter, and many of my neighbors are apprehensive that some trick is intended by which the people can be overreached in the appointment of delegates. I address you this note for the purpose of asking information on the subject, and to request you to state in your next weekly paper the time when you suppose the Convention will be called.

AN UPPER ST. CLAIR DEMOCRAT.

P. S. Who are the gentlemen that constitute the present Committee of Correspondence? Perhaps if we knew their names we could guess their motives for not calling the Convention at the usual time.

We regret that we are unable to give our friend of Upper St. Clair, the information required. We are not in the secrets of the Committee of Correspondence, and although we have made many inquiries on the subject, we have no knowledge as to the time when the Convention will be called. But, if Allegheny county is to be represented in the State Convention, we suppose the call will shortly appear, as the people will not have sufficient notice of the township meetings if much more time is suffered to elapse. We have not the names of the Committee at hand, and if we had we do not know that it would serve any useful purpose to publish them.

FOR THE POST.

Mr Editor: I see a proposition to relieve the county of the costs of our Courts of Justice by taxing parties at as much as would defray the expenses of juries, judges, &c. In all civilized countries the ambition of legislators has been to secure to suitors the trial by jury without delay, denial, or exorbitant costs. It appears your correspondent believes the evils of our present system is owing to poor men contending for their just rights against the oppressor—and these he would now drive out of Court by onerous taxation. Your correspondent must be one who has had little experience in our Courts of Justice, or his object is a total denial of justice to the poor man, whose rights under every civilized government has been the object of just regard in the old world as well as the new. Your friend does not understand that it is the convention of our taxes from their just uses that is the true cause of our present embarrassment. This false philosophy that would hold out abroad, that the rich should educate the poor, is one of the causes, while the industry of the country is ground down for the relief of paupers and loafers of every kind, who hasten here to reap the fruits of a false system worked on Pennsylvania by demagogues and politicians, and until we are relieved from that no legislation can improve our condition.

A TAXPATER AND AN OLD INHABITANT.

By Last Night's Mail.

TWENTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

[*Reported for the Baltimore Sun.*]

WASHINGTON, January 16, 1844.

SENATE.

A communication was received from the Secretary of the Treasury, giving the amount of yearly value of imports, &c; also an estimate of the probable amount of revenue from the last quarter of the year.

The resolution of Mr Breeze, enquiring whether the act repealing the sub treasury does not require amendment, was taken up. After some remarks in explanation, the resolution was adopted.

Mr Berrien from the judiciary committee, among other bills, reported one to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to compromise with the sureties of Sam'l Swartwout.

The Senate then went into executive session on the remaining cabinet nominations.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

J R Ingersoll presented a memorial, numerously signed, asking a reduction of postage. After some remarks from Mr Ingersoll, in which he declared we were clearly behind the age in this matter, the memorial was referred to the post office committee.

Mr McKay, from the committee on ways and means, reported the following bills, which were twice read, and referred to a committee of the whole: A bill making appropriation for the naval service of the present year. A bill making appropriation for certain fortifications. A bill making appropriation for the payment of Revolutionary and other pensions.

Mr Davis, from the committee on public lands, reported a bill to repeal the Distribution Act. A bill was reported and twice read, to incorporate the Orphan Asylum and Female School of Alexandria.

Mr Wise, from the naval committee, reported adversely on the resolution relative to the construction of additional iron steamers on the Ohio.

A bill was reported by Mr. C. J. Ingersoll, to regulate the allowance to Secretaries of Legation and Counsuls, for extra services.

Mr Hardin, from the post office committee, reported a joint resolution, authorizing the Post Master General to make contracts without advertising for bids.—Committed.

Mr Smith, of Illinois, reported a bill to make Alton, in Illinois, a port of entry

After the disposal of several unimportant matters, the House resumed the consideration of a motion by Mr Cave Johnson, to reconsider the vote on the following resolution, adopted last evening.

Resolved, That the committee on ways and means be instructed to inquire what sum of money will be required to keep the boats now in use, and those in the process of preparation, designed to be employed in removing obstructions in the navigation of the Mississippi river and its tributaries, in constant active employment for the present fiscal year, commencing on the 1st of July next, and that they report to this House the sum for that purpose in the next appropriate bill.

A debate on this subject rose, which had not terminated when this was closed.

From the New York papers of the 16th.

EIGHT DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

The fast sailing ship Sea, Capt Edwards, arrived last night from Liverpool. She sailed thence on the 18th ult, and has, therefore made remarkable quick run over the Atlantic.

There is not much news of importance.

Ireland is quiet. Wales and Scotland are as they were. Parliament has been further prorogued to the 1st of February next.

The Queen and Prince Albert are gone to visit Warwick Castle and Birmingham.

Steamar Caledonia arrived out on the 14th. Cotton was down. The grain markets were dull. Spain seems to occupy general attention.

Louis Phillipe dislikes to see the Duke of Bordeaux in England.

The opinions of three eminent counsel, who have been consulted upon the legality of the degrees conferred upon Mr Everett, the American Minister, by the University of Oxford, having been submitted to the Vice Chancellor, they have all concurred in pronouncing the whole proceeding null and void.

Sir H Pottinger, British Plenipotentiary in China, and Sir C Metcalf, Governor General of Canada, have both resigned on account of illness, and are coming home.

IRELAND.

There have been various rumors afloat these few days respecting the delicate state of Mr O'Connel's health, none of them, however, sufficiently authenticated to warrant a notice of the matter one way or the other, had not his friends taken the alarm, and, by way of counteraction, published the following rebutting statement in the Repeal papers of this evening.

"By letters received in town this day from Darrynane, we have the gratification of stating that the Liberator is enjoying the wild sports of his mountain home, and is in possession of the highest health and spirits."

More perfect tranquility never reigned throughout the provinces than at present, and so vigilant are the local clergy and the repeal wardens in suppressing secret societies and violations of the law, that in several places they have caused to be arrested incendiaries that were going through the country attempting to swear in ribboumen.

TURKEY AND THE EAST.

Another Massacre of the Nestorians—Our private advices from Constantinople of Nov 22, announce the receipt of intelligence from Massoul of another slaughter by the Turks of the Nestorian Christians. Upwards of 200 of the latter were believed to have fallen under the Ottoman Cimeiar. Rhed-hid Pacha the newly appointed ambassador of the Porte in France, was to leave Constantinople for Paris on the 7th inst. Count de Flahault was expected from Vienna, and would, it is said, replace Baron de Bouiquency as Minister of France at the Porte.

The Chinese government has severely punished the authorities of Formosa, under whom certain proceedings too place respecting the destruction of two British ships.

U. S. STEAM FRIGATE MISSOURI.—We learn by the Oriole, arrived at New York on Saturday, from Malaga and Gibraltar, that about forty thousand dollars of property has been recovered from this vessel, by means of divers in submarine armor. It is feared, however, that all efforts to raise her will prove fruitless, as the bows are all blown out from the concussion of the magazine, preparations are now being made to blow up the wreck.

THE FRANKLIN BANK.—At a meeting of the stockholders of the Franklin Bank of Baltimore held on Monday last, a report was presented from the directors recommending that its active operations be resumed, which was adopted by the meeting. Resolutions were also adopted requiring the net receipts of the bank to be applied to reinstate the capital stock to par, and for the reduction of the number of directors from 16 to 8. 12,128 shares were represented.

BEST THREE MILE RACE EVER RUN IN AMERICA, came off over the Louisiana course on Friday, January 5th. The Picayune says that the weather was cold and raw, the course in excellent condition, and the attendance more numerous than on any previous day during the meeting.

There were but three entries for the purse, *Saartin, Prima Donna, and Patrick H Galloway.* The following is the result:—

FRIDAY. Jan. 5, 1843.—Jockey Club Purse, $600. Louisiana weights—three mile heats.

Duncan F Kenner's ch. c. *Patrick H Galloway*, by imp. Jordan, dam by Shakspeare—3 y. o.,	1	2	1
Kirkman's br. g. *Saartin*, by imp. Luzborough, dam by Timoleon—4 y. o.,	2	1	2
A C Antill's (F S Hillman's) br. m. *Prima Donna*, by imp. Priam, dam by Tom Tough—5 y. o.,	3	dis.	

Time.	*1st heat.*	*2d heat.*	*3d heat.*
First mile,	2:07	1:56	1:51
Second mile,	1:58	1:53	1:53
Third mile,	1:51½	1:51	1:56½
Total,	5:56½	5:40	5:40½

We omitted to publish in the proceedings of the 8th of January, at the Washington Hotel, the following sentiment, sent by Col. JAMES A. GIBSON, in reply to an invitation given him by the Committee.

Gen. Andrew Jackson, the Hero of New Orleans: The foe of tyrants. The friend and protector of democratic principles; his name and fame, are coexistant with the boundaries of the earth.

By the Committee. Col. James A. Gibson: Honest and faithful; his constituents have full confidence that he will perform his duty.

TOM BURKE OF OURS.—This is one of "Charles O'Malley's" very best. It is for sale at Cook's, complete in one volume. All who can take pleasure in perusing a rich Irish story should have a copy of *Tom Burke.*

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

REPORTED FOR THE POST BY ISAAC HARRIS.

Friday Morning, January 19, 1844.

Since our last we have had warm, changing weather. Our rivers have all become clear of ice and risen, and steamers have went up and down all our three rivers. It has become cold again and snow has fallen. We have very few changes in prices or sales to report, and therefore make but few changes.

FLOUR: Is ready sale from boats and wagons, at $3 62½, and from stores at $3 75, a $4 per bbl.

GRAIN: Wheat 68, Rye 37½, Oats 20 a 22c and Corn 33c. per bushel.

HAY: Per ton $7 50 a $8.

ASHES: Pots 3¾ a 4, Scorchings 3¾ a 3½. Pearls 4¾ a 5c a lb.

COTTON YARNS: 19c a lb, par money and no discount, for Nos. 5 to 10.

GROCERIES—Coffee, Rio, 7¼ a 9. Domingo, 7 a 7½. Havana, Green 8 a 9 per lb. Sugar, New Orleans, by the hhd. 6½ a 7, and by the bbl. 6½ a 7½c. a lb. Tea, Young Hyson 40 a 75. Imperial 62½ a 80 lb. Molasses, sales at 29 a 31½c. a gallon.

FRUIT: Dried Peaches $1,12½ a 1 25. Dried apples 45 a 50. Green apples 75 a $1 25. Raisins box $2 25 a $2 50 per lb.

PROVISIONS: Butter, in kegs, 5 a 6; Rolls in bbls. 7 a 8c. Tallow, rough 4: in casks 6c. a lb. Beef Cattle, per 100 lbs. paid by Butchers $3 a $3 50. Hogs $2 75 a $3 per 100 lbs. Sheep 87½ a $1 25. Calves, $3 a $3 50 each.

IRON: Juniata Blooms $55 a $60 a ton. Pig Metal, sales of Allegheny a $25. Hanging Rock at $27 a ton.

SALT: Sales at the river $1 a $1 12½, and from stores at $1 25 a $1 37½ per bbl.

MARRIED—On Thursday evening last, at 8 o'clock, by Rev. Francis Heron, Mr. HENRY GENNING of Erie, to Miss MARY WILSON of this city.

Accompanying the above notice was a most delicious slice of the wedding cake; and, the editor not happening to be about just at the time; three gentlemen who take a deep interest in such affairs, freely indulged in the treat, and take this occasion to wish success and happiness to the adventurers.

DIED—On Wednesday morning the 17th inst., Mrs ELIZABETH HENDERSON, in the 66th year of her age.

In Ross township, on Sunday, the 14th instant, after a short illness, GEORGE DICKEY, in the 76th year of his age, much lamented by his friends and acquaintance.

Port of Pittsburgh.

9 FEET WATER IN THE CHANNEL.

ARRIVED.

Zanesville, Hutchison, Louisville.
Oella, Bowman, Brownsville.
Massachusetts, ——, do:
*Michigan, Boies, Beaver,

DEPARTED.

*Michigan, Boies, Beaver,
Harrisburgh, Wells, Louisville.
Alpine, Cockburn, Brownsville.
Muxahala, Parkinson, Mo. City.

☞ All boats marked thus [*] are provided with Evans' Safety Guard, to prevent the Explosion of steam Boilers.

☞ NOTICE, Pittsburgh, Jan. 16, 1844:—R. M. DAWSON would return his sincere and unfeigned thanks to the people in general and the citizens of Pittsburgh, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him as a servant of the community in his profession, and as he intends leaving for the West on the first of February, he would request all his peculiar friends to call before that time and pay their debts as no longer indulgence will be given.

jan 19 R M. DAWSON.

Land for Sale.

I WISH to sell the tract of land on which I now live, containing 174 acres and the allowance, lying in Westmoreland county, Allegheny township, two miles from the river. There is one hundred acres cleared, eight acres of which are meadow, there is a mill seat on the premises and it is well watered with good springs of water: there is a good stone house and log kitchen, square log double barn one hundred and six feet long, and an apple orchard of bearing trees thereon growing. There is limestone and iron ore of both kinds on the land.

I will sell the whole or part between this and the 1st of April next. JOHN BEALE.

jan 19–3t*

Stray Cow.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber living on the Beaver Road, Ohio township, a brindle cow, with some white spots on her flank, white belly, short tail, no ear marks; supposed to be 16 years old. The owner is desired to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take her away, or she will be disposed of according to law. JAMES PARKS.

jan 19–3t

To Let.

A COMFORTABLE, well finished, new brick dwelling house, pleasantly situated on Coal Lane. It will be rented on reasonable terms. Inquire of JOHN M'CLOSKEY,

jan 19–tf Three Big Doors, Liberty street.

A RARE CHANCE FOR RETAIL GROCERS!

THE subscriber will sell the balance of the stock of Groceries, and also the fixtures of a retail Grocery Store at a low rate; to any person who wishes to engage in the business this is a favorable opportunity. In the stock is embraced a lot of superior Rio Coffee, which is lower than it can be purchased eastward.

J. R. MURPHY, Exe'r,

jan 12–tf Liberty, foot of 5th street.

Notice:

THE JOURNEYMEN TAILORS of the cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, and environs, are hereby informed that a special meeting of the society will be held on the 22d inst., at 6 o'clock, P. M., at their society room in the Diamond. A general attendance is requested as many things of importance will be laid before the society.

jan 18–3t *By order of the Society.*

TO the Honorable, the Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the county of Allegheny:

The petition of James Fleming, of the 1st Ward, Allegheny city, in said county, respectfully showeth—

That your petitioner hath provided himself with materials for the accommodation of travelers and others, at his dwelling house in the city aforesaid, and prays that your honors will be pleased to grant him a license to keep a Public House of Entertainment. And your petitioner, as in duty bound, will pray.

JAMES FLEMING.

We, the subscribers, citizens of Allegheny city do certify, that the above petitioner is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation of strangers and travelers, and that said tavern is necessary.

Wm. R. Phillips,	James Boyd,
Thos. Churnside,	J. M. Snowden, Jr.
Isaac J. Angney,	Wm. Carson,
James Sprout,	S. Scott,
David H. Scott,	James Graham,
Robert Scott,	Luke Dewsnap.

Jan 16–3t*

REPORT

OF COMMITTEE ON CLAIMS AND ACCOUNTS READ AND ACCEPTED AND ADOPTED, AND ORDERED TO BE PRINTED IN THE GAZETTE AND POST.

Jan. 11, 1844. H. S. LEMON, Cl'k.

To the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny:

GENTLEMEN:—

The Committee on "Claims and Accounts" beg leave most respectfully to report—

That in discharge of the duties assigned to them, they have carefully examined and investigated the accounts of all the City Officers for the year 1843, and have made out an account for each, showing the Debts and Credits, which we herewith lay before your honorable bodies, and refer you to the same for more full and complete information than can be communicated in a brief report.

The Treasurer's account presents a condensed statement of the receipts and disbursements of moneys of the City during the past year. By a reference to the Treasurer's account, and the accompanying documents it will be perceived that the Receipts from Market Houses, from Land, Gravel, and Wood, and from several other sources, during the year 1843, exceed the receipts from the same sources for 1842 to a very considerable amount. This gratifying result your Committee ascribe as well to the better system adopted during the past year, of conducting the city business and accounts, and the energy and efficiency of her Officers, as to the increase and prosperity of our happy and flourishing City.

Your Committee would call the attention of Councils to the fact that there still remains due and unpaid by Collectors of City Taxes the sum of Seven thousand Nine hundred and Seventy dollars and Eighty-nine cents, on Duplicates for 1843, subject only to deductions for lost Taxes and Commissions, which estimated, say at $970 89–100, would still leave the large sum of Seven thousand dollars due the City on Duplicates for 1843. The Duplicates for the four Wards of the City for 1843, amount in all to $9158 59–100, on which there has been paid up to the present date, (January 1st, 1844,) only $1187 70–100, leaving as above stated, the sum of $7970 89–100 due, (subject to deductions as before stated. In justice to the Collectors, (who are probably as efficient as any others that could be procured,) we will merely state that it is asserted that the Duplicates were put into their possession at a very late period and it is hoped that the collections will be heavy during the first quarter of the present year, (1844.) In balancing the several accounts of City Officers, your Committee have credited each Officer with his salary up to the expiration of the year for which he was elected.

All of which is most respectfully submitted,

O. S. PALMER,
THOMAS FARLEY,
JAMES McAULEY,
WALTER S. BLYTHE,
SAMUEL GROVE, } Committee.

Allegheny, January 1st 1844.

THOMAS H. STEWART, Esq., *City Treasurer*, IN ACCOUNT WITH THE CITY OF ALLEGHENY.

1843. DR.	
For amount (balance) received of John Hannen, Esq., former Treasurer,	$ 392 34
" Am't of "City Scrip," (new,) received from Mayor,	1,173 00
" Am't of balance due Wm. Robinson's (dec'd.) estate, collected by Solicitor.	251 52
" Am't received from S B. Smith, collector for 1st Ward, in 1842, on acc't.	1,215 33
" Am't received from Joseph Irwin, collector of 2d Ward, bal. of 1842, duplicate	988 46
" Am't rec'd from do. for 2d Ward on duplicate for 1843,	4 48
" Am't rec'd from Wm. Benson, collector 3d Ward, bal. of 1842 on duplicate.	97 01
" Am't received from do. for 3d Ward, in 1843, on duplicate,	634 50
" Am't rec'd from Wm. Davidson, collector 4th Ward, in full, for 1842, duplicate,	3,132 49
" Am't rec'd from do. 4th Ward, 1843, duplicate,	98 72
" Am't rec'd from Wm. A. Irvine, collector for 1st Ward, for 1843,	450 00
" Am't rec'd from Thomas Sample, late Mayor, on acc't.,	6 00
" Am't rec'd from A. Barclay, Esq., late Mayor, pro tem. in full,	7 00
" Am't rec'd from Wm. B. Foster. Esq., late Mayor, on acc't.,	14 35
" Am't rec'd from D. Hartz, former clerk of Market, in full,	6 12
" Am't rec'd from James Richey, Board Measurer, in full,	87 33
" Am't rec'd from James Richey, former Wharf master, in full,	200 42
" Am't rec'd from E. Derby, Board Measurer, in full,	22 90
" Am't rec'd from Joseph Irwin, do. in full,	1 22
" Am't rec'd from James McVicker, Weigh master, on acc't.,	116 00
" Am't rec'd from William Scott, clerk of Market, in full,	270 09
" Am't rec'd for rent of stalls in Market houses, Old, $429 00; New, $223 18	652 18
" Am't rec'd for Permits at Grave Yard,	53 55
" Am't rec'd from sales of Hogs, from T. Smith, High Constable,	5 50
" Am't rec'd on Subscriptions to Rebecca street,	125 90
" Am't rec'd from A. Montgomery, in full as Salt Inspector $2 99	
" Am't rec'd from do. on acc't as Wharf master, 157 74	—160 73
	$11,056 24
1844. Jan. 1st. To balance brought down,	$338 60

1843. CR.	
By am't of Warrants paid on appropriation, No. 1, Salaries,	$1,193 50
" Am't of do. on do. No. 2. Interest	2,034 00
" " " " " 3, Eng's. Hose,	637 46
" " " " " 4, Printing and Stationery,	50 00
" " " " " 5. Streets. &c.	2,620 72
" " " " " 6, Outstanding Warrants,	569 54½
" " " " " 7, Pub'c build's	1,000 00
" " " " " 8, Surveying & Regulating,	229 93½
" " " " " 9, Cont'g't fund	2,345 93
" Am't of Mutilated City Scrip, destroyed by Committee,	2 00
" Am't of Borough Scrip, dest'yed by do.	29 55
" Am't. of Counterfeit money, do. do.	5 00
Balance in hands of Treasurer,	338 60
	$11,056 24

ALLEGHENY CITY.

Jan'y 1, 1844 DR.	
To amount of loans on interest,	$37,371 00
" " city scrip issued,	12,500 00
" " warrants outstanding at this date,	525 79
" gross am't due city officers, balance of salaries	545 77
	$50,942 47

Jan'y 1, 1844. CR.	
By am't due by collect'rs,	$8,043 87
" " " other city officers	568 06
" " city scrip destroyed by committee;	2 00
" cash on hands,	338 60
	$8,952 53
Estimated value fire engines and apparatus,	4,500 00
Value weigh scales and weigh house,	500 00
Estimated value Nelson's Island,	6,000 00
Council House,	1,500 00
Estimated value Market House,	7,000