ALLEGHENY COUNTY ELECTION RETURNS,

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1843.

DISTRICTS.	CONGRESS. William Wilkins.	CONGRESS. Neville B. Craig.	CONGRESS. H. M. Brackenridge.	CONGRESS. William A. Fenniman.	SENATE. John Negley.	SENATE. Charles Sullivan.	Alex'r Brackenridge.	James A. Gibson.	William Stedeson.	John Ambrose.	Hiram Hulett.	J. E. Sherrard.	Robert S. Cassatt.	ASSEMBLY. John J. Myers.	ASSEMBLY. John Riddell.	ASSEMBLY. Francis C. Flannigan.	ASSEMBLY. Robert Hillands.	ASSEMBLY. Fawnley Myers.	ASSEMBLY. John Walker.	ASSEMBLY. James Clarke.	ASSEMBLY. G. W. Strawn.	ASSEMBLY. Robert Wilson.	CANAL COMMISSIONERS. James Clarke.	CANAL COMMISSIONERS. Jesse Miller.	CANAL COMMISSIONERS. Wm. D. Foster, jr.	CANAL COMMISSIONERS. Benjamin Weaver.	CANAL COMMISSIONERS. Simeon Gilfoyd.	CANAL COMMISSIONERS. William Tweed.	SHERIFF. Elijah Trovillo.	SHERIFF. George S. Hays.	SHERIFF. John Morrison.	SHERIFF. James Jones.	PROTHONOTARY. George R. Riddle.	PROTHONOTARY. Alexander Jayne.	PROTHONOTARY. John Horner.	PROTHONOTARY. William H. Clark.	COMMISSIONER. James Cunningham.	COMMISSIONER. Robert Wallace.	COMMISSIONER. Jacob Gerr.	TREASURER. Robert Glass.	TREASURER. John Taylor.	TREASURER. Joel W. Lightner.	TREASURER. William Lawrence, jr.	AUDITOR. Robert Donaldson.	AUDITOR. Thomas Davidson.	AUDITOR. William S. Simonds.	AUDITOR. S. Power.	CORONER. David Hartz.	CORONER. John Kirk.	CORONER. Charles Craig.	CORONER. James Robb.
1st Ward, Pittsburgh,	193	143	91	15	185	210	191	199	188	181	150	147	155	136	136	65	110	80	86	63	21	16	19	195	134	195	165	159	164	220	140	69	16	182	142	60	60	166	84	69	164	113	85	52	178	130	77	17	134	79	198	18
2d " "	193	56	93	6	175	192	185	168	178	161	99	95	95	116	110	110	113	113	103	104	6	6	19	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000
3d " "	188	116	93	13	283	204	292	278	289	282	194	158	120	116	133	111	111	111	111	111	7	7	7	290	290	290	203	196	196	222	115	79	19	81	81	23	23	112	69	69	91	92	69	97	51	178	108	113	88	88	104	108	104	108
4th " "	112	118	93	5	185	227	193	181	181	170	110	117	129	106	116	111	106	72	73	104	74	74	74	277	178	196	196	196	222	212	122	79	5	23	11	97	67	120	91	69	91	72	92	95	19	282	178	108	104	113	88	16	8	22	22	21	47	77	47	8	52	101	104	104
5th " "	210	112	118	26	283	287	287	273	273	100	100	77	127	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	26	26	26	121	130	130	161	138	155	172	125	59	19	159	159	159	159	159	159	159	159	159	159	159	159	159	159	159	159	159	159	159	159	159
6th " "	205	93	75	25	185	187	187	181	189	173	113	100	77	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	20	20	20	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111
1st Ward, Allegheny,	116	76	93	15	102	167	100	97	97	97	97	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	11	11	11	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114
2d " "	79	45	76	10	82	118	118	91	86	103	100	54	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	12	12	12	118	118	118	118	118	118	118	118	118	118	118	118	118	118	118	118	118	118	118	118	118	118	118	118	118	118	118	118	118	118	118
3d " "	113	52	85	15	99	152	114	158	158	105	100	175	61	66	93	56	56	93	93	93	15	15	15	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105
4th " "	180	79	86	23	181	165	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	3	3	3	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000
Ross Township,	84	44	57	5	90	98	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	6	6	6	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62
Reserve,	71	12	59	12	95	46	27	27	27	27	27	27	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	3	3	3	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31
Sharpsburgh,	94	4	91	2	73	31	73	73	71	71	71	71	19	21	19	21	19	21	19	21	18	18	18	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Lawrenceville,	178	91	49	5	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	1	1	1	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000
Birmingham,	264	132	89	17	288	289	288	273	277	297	297	297	297	297	297	297	297	297	297	297	16	16	16	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105
Pitt,	150	100	15	1	135	132	108	97	103	98	125	145	136	136	136	136	136	136	136	136	3	3	3	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44
Versailles,	116	118	38	10	99	178	98	98	97	94	125	136	136	136	136	136	136	136	136	136	6	6	6	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	157	157
Indiana,	104	35	94	7	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	3	3	3	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140
Lower St. Clair,	190	88	56	00	163	160	170	170	171	171	171	171	171	171	171	171	171	171	171	171	12	12	12	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123
Upper St. Clair,	134	125	16	6	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	7	7	7	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102	102
Elizabeth,	176	91	64	53	000	000	119	119	119	119	119	119	119	119	119	119	119	119	119	119	10	10	10	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84
Jefferson,	83	101	30	00	94	92	85	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	7	7	7	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96
Versailles,	85	58	37	4	104	104	100	103	104	104	91	40	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	11	11	11	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98
Mifflin,	104	37	54	5	136	94	136	80	77	136	54	35	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	4	4	4	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
Fine,	103	56	86	23	000	000	148	136	136	136	63	63	63	63	63	63	63	63	63	63	3	3	3	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93
East Deer,	36	7	76	19	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	4	4	4	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56
Oakland,	69	18	76	26	67	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	4	4	4	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000
Findlay,	130	52	8	14	127	64	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	138	3	3	3	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31
Moon,	80	18	13	3	006	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	6	6	6	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64
Robinson,	123	53	38	1	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	3	3	3	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
Fayette,	166	68	39	15	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	4	4	4	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Franklin,	76	46	00	00	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	4	4	4	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73
Plum,	88	69	16	00	87	87	89	87	89	89	65	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	1	1	1	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72	72
Total,	3,511	1,707	1,804	270	4,000	4,000	3,900	3,800	3,800	3,700	3,500	3,500	3,400	3,400	3,400	3,300	3,300	3,300	3,300	3,300	200	200	200	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200	3,200

Democratic. (Antimasonic. Whig. (Abolitionist. LEGEY, volunteer for Sheriff, —. DECKER, do., —. WILKINS do., —. HERLEY, volunteer for Commissioner, —.

ALEXANDER MILLER, volunteer for Prothonotary, —.

FOR PRESIDENT,

JAS. BUCHANAN,

Subject to the decision of THE DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL CONVENTION.

The Daily Morning Post.

PHILLIPS & SMITH, EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 12.

THE RESULT.—We scarcely know in what terms to announce the result of the late election in this county; it exceeds the expectation of many of our most sanguine friends, and is fully equal to what we predicted would be the result. The election of WILLIAM WILKINS, ELIJAH TROVILLO and GEORGE R. RIDDLE, against our open opponents and secret enemies, is a triumph of which the democracy of Allegheny may well be proud, and gives gratifying evidence of the detestation with which our citizens look upon the efforts of those reckless calumniators and sneaking slanderers who have left no means untried to injure the standing of our candidates, as democrats and citizens. The federal papers teemed with the grossest falsehoods against them, and charges, too vile to appear in the columns of a public journal, were secretly scattered over the county. The honest citizens, however, have stamped this vile mode of electioneering with their disapprobation, and have attested their appreciation of the worth of the gentlemen who were so basely persecuted. The moral inculcated in the result of the recent canvass, we trust may be a lasting one, and that our elections, hereafter, will not be disgraced by the frauds and falsehoods that characterized the present and previous contests.

If our full vote had been polled in all the districts, there is not a doubt but it would have exceeded that of both factions of the opposition. As it is, the fact is beyond all cavil that there is a clear and certain democratic majority in Allegheny county. This is satisfactory for the present, and the democracy stand ready to beat their opponents combined, whenever they may see proper to put us to the test.

☞ During the contest just over, we stated our opinion that the whigs were the only formidable opponents of the democrats, and that it was with them the contest would be. For this we were abused by the blue-nose journals, and all kinds of hard names were showered upon us. The result shows that we were correct in our statement. Mr. MORRISON, the whig candidate for Sheriff, has beaten Dr. HAYS, notwithstanding the latter had two papers, and all the experienced tacticians of the party, electioneering for him. The Doctor himself has been canvassing the county for months, and, being of popular manners and easy address, no doubt gained hosts of friends from all parties. Mr. Morrison was kept, for the greater part of the time, at home, attending to his duties as County Commissioner. And yet he beat the antimasonic candidate, with all his popularity and his efforts, and had he possessed any portion of the Doctor's advantages, would have left him far behind.

As to Congressman, every effort was made to induce the whigs to support Craig. It was represented that Brackenridge could get but a few hundred votes, and that the only way to defeat the democratic candidate was to unite on the Antimason. Very many Whigs, deceived by such representations, abandoned their candidate, and voted for Craig. Mr. Brackenridge was also one of the most unpopular candidates that could have been selected; there were many matters that made him obnoxious, and a large number of his party preferred even Craig. Yet, with all the tricks of his opponents, and his own unpopularity, he treads close upon the heels of Craig; and had any other man been selected the democratic majority would not, probably, have been so large as it is. However, we are very well satisfied that he was our opponent, and we make these remarks merely to show, that the result will justify our opinion that the whigs were the only formidable opponents of the democratic party in this county.

GOING TO "SEE ABOUT IT."—The Blue Nose Committee of Correspondence has been called together doubtless for the purpose of enquiring into the causes of their late disastrous overthrow. Perhaps they may follow the example set by Burrowes, Stevens anc Ritner, and resolve to "treat the election as though it had never been held." That something desperate is in contemplation, we have no doubt. We are told they meditate to re-organize the Antimasonic party throughout the State, with what hopes or prospects we confess we confess we cannot see. In the present broken and discomfitted state of the Blue Nose phalanx, thn man that would propose to re-organize, and rally, would be a fit leader for any rash and daring enterprise—there should not be a forlorn hope without him.

DESERTION.—Many pro f were wanting that Antimasonry is dead and doomed, the desertion of the Blue Nose standard by the editor of the American is sufficient and strong testimony. That paper yesterday made a decided demonstration against the organization he has been so zealously fighting for, and the editor even goes so far as to tauntingly call the Antimasons the "Mormon Church Party." Alas! for the blessed spirit.

INDIANA DISTRICT.—A friend of ours in Blairsville sends us the following as the result in that town. If the vote in Blairsville is any indication of the manner in which the respective candidates will be supported throughout the district, we fear that Dr. LORAIN wil be defeated.

BLAIRSVILLE, 10th October, 1843.

T. PHILLIPS ESQ.

DEAR SIR:—I herewith send you the official account of the election in this District, as just now counted off. I will send to you the results of the election, every evening as I receive them.

BLAIRSVILLE DISTRICT.

Congress.

Dem.	Whig.
Lorain 91.	Buffington 99,

Assembly.

Lawson, (vol.) 155	McEwen, (Anti.) 13
John Graff, (Liberty) 10	

County Commissioners.

Barckley, (vol. Dem.) 100	Jamison, (vol. Anti.) 54
Henderson, (vol. Dem.) 1	Harbison (nom. Anti.) 21

Canal Commissioners.

Dem.	Whig.
Clark 140	Weaver 47
Miller 141	Tweed 46
Foster 140	Guilford 43

Armagh.

Dem.	Whig.
Clark 98	Weaver 84
Miller 126	Tweed 65
Foster 126	Guilford 65

11 o'clock P. M.

BEAVER COUNTY.—We have good news from Beaver county. All the districts were in but three, and Dickey was 144 ahead, the remaining townships will make his majority about 200. If Washington county does her duty, Dickey will be defeated. S. Bennett, Democrat, and T. Nicholson, Whig, are probably elected to the Legislature. This will dovery well for *Beaver*, "under the circumstances."

SENATOR.—From the returns received it is probable that Mr. NEGLEY will have from 1 to 2 hundred majority in this county. This, we feel confident, will be the result, if he receives Judge Wilkins' vote in the districts to hear from, and Sullivan does not poll more than the combined vote of Craig, Brackenridge and Penniman. If the democrats of Butler have supported their candidate as well as we were given to understand they would, they will have a democratic Senator at last.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.—We learn from Washington county that the whole democratic ticket, except Mr. Rider, a candidate for the Legislature, has been elected by about 200 majority. We have strong hopes that Mr. LEET's majority will be sufficient to beat Dickey in Beaver.

MARYLAND ELECTION.—The Baltimore Sun of Monday, says:—"We have already given full and correct returns from all the counties in the state, except Dorchester, Queen Anne's, Frederick, Prince George's, Somerset, St. Mary's, Washington and Worcester.—We proceed to supply the vacancies as far as possible.

Dorchester.—The returns before given from this county were incorrect. Instead of three democrats and one whig being elected, the delegation is equally divided—two and two.

Queen Anne's.—We have not yet heard any returns from Kent island. One whig and one democrat are certainly elected in this county. How the third member will stand depends entirely upon the vote of the island.

Frederick.—Here, as before stated, four whigs and one democrat were elected.

Prince George's.—We have not yet received the vote, though there is no question of the election of four whigs.

Somerset.—The same remark applies to Somerset. The full vote has not been received, though it is conceded that four whigs have been chosen.

St. Mary's.—The whigs are elected.

Worcester.—A letter from the editor of the Snowhill Banner us informs that the whig ticket is elected. The letter says:—It is understood here that all the gentlemen elected will go for the sale of the state's interest in the public works—for an entire severance of connexion between them and the state:"

RECAPITULATION.

	1842. W.	1842. D.	1843. W.	1843. D.
Allegany.	1	3	1	3
Anne Arundel,	0	5	2	3
Baltimore city,	0	5	4	1
Baltimore county,	0	5	0	5
Calvert,	1	2	1	2
Caroline,	1	2	2	1
Cecil,	2	2	0	4
Charles,	1	0	3	0
Carroll,	0	4	1	3
Dorchester,	4	0	2	2
Frederick,	2	3	4	c
Harford,	3	1	3	1
Kent,	3	0	3	0
Montgomery,	2	2	4	0
Prince George's,	4	0	4	0
Queen Anne,	2	1	0	0
Somerset,	2	2	4	0
St. Mary's,	2	1	3	0
Talbot,	0	3	0	3
Washington,	0	5	0	5
Worcester,	3	1	4	0
	35	47	45	34

We have not yet received Queen Anne in our recapitulation. The result there can, in any event, make but a difference of one either way. The whig majority in the Senate is five. On the vote in Queen Anne's depends whether the whig majority will be 15 or 17 on joint ballot. The result of the election in this state is considered important by politicians, as it secures the election of a whig U. S. Senator for six years, in place of the Hon. John L. Kerr, whose term has expired. It also gives to the whig party the power of laying off the state into congressional districts, under the late law of Congress.

Arrival of the GREAT WESTERN.

FOUR DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE

The Steamship Great Western, Capt. Hosken, arrived at New York on Saturday morning with Liverpool papers to the 23d, four days later than by previous advices.

She made the passage in less than fourteen days, and brought out one hundred and thirty-five passengers, among whom were the Rev. Bishops Chubert and Hughes, and Mr. Ogilby, British Vice-consul for the port of Charleston.

The overland mail from India had not yet arrived, and it was nearly three weeks beyond its time, considerable alarm was beginning to mingle with the annoyance felt by commercial men.

Ex-President Boyer, of St. Domingo, his wife and suite, are reported among the passengers by the Dee, from Jamaica, arrived at Falmouth on the 19th of September.

Mr. Stewart, the British minister at Bogota, died there about the middle of August.

IRELAND.

At the meeting of the Repeal Association, September 18, a Mr. Connor offered the following resolution:

"That until the national right of self-legislation in the possession of our own Parliament, and of a valuation and perpetuity of his farm to the tenant, we repealers shall pay no rent, county cess, rent charge, tithe, poor rates, or any other charge out of land."

Mr. John O'Connell, in the absence of his father, could not agree to this, and begged "his friend" to withdraw it; but the friend sturdily refused. Some altercation ensued, Mr. O'Connell declaring that he would not put the resolution, as it pledged repealers to do what would be in violation of the laws of the land.—The matter then dropped, for a time, but subsequently Mr. O'Connell said he felt called upon, by Mr. Connor's action, to offer a series of resolutions, as follows:

"That this association has heard with horror and indignation the doctrines put forward by Mr. Connor respecting the payment of rent, county cess, tithes, poor rates, or rent charge, this day, in the attempt he made to put upon the books a notice plainly and grossly illegal, and directly tending to create and encourage criminal outrage and violence throughout the country.

"That if anything can add to those feelings, it is the consideration of the time Mr. Connor has chosen for making such remarks—a time when in the county of Carlow, where Repeal has yet made little progress, a violent and criminal opposition to rents has, according to the public prints, already begun to manifest itself.

"That this association indignantly rejects, and refuses to insert on its books, or to allow to be for a moment entertained, Mr. Conner's motion; and that they declare that all who put forward such doctrines and offer such advice to the people as is contained in that motion, be either madmen or traitors to the glorious cause of Repeal, to the noble people who support that cause and old Ireland."

The resolutions were seconded, when another scene occurred:

Mr. Connor again essayed to address the meeting amid cries of "put him out," and "strike him off, he's an enemy to the cause." He said he appealed to the generosity of Irishmen to hear him, while he referred to the extermination of tenants by landlords—(hear.) The Quakers are a peaceable set, and they have adopted a similar resolution with regard to tithes, and every thing else; therefore—

Mr. O'Connell again rose to order, and said he would hear no further discussion upon the subject; but if Mr. Connor regretted having brought it forward and abandoned it, he would receive the approbation of the meeting; on the contrary, if he refused to do so, and persisteded in disturbing the proceedings, he (Mr. O'Connell) was prepared to adopt sufficient means to prevent its discussion. (Hear and cheers.)

Mr. Connor (with vehemence)—I have disclaimed any connection with the associatiation in the preparation of this resolution, and by it I will stand or fall. I am fully determined as to how I shall act, and I will not flinch, whether I stand or fall. (Renewed cries of "put him out at once," and increased confusion.)

Mr. O'Connell, after the confusion had somewhat abated, rose, and having with great difficulty obtained a hearing, said that the time had come when he felt compelled to take the course alluded to at an earlier stage of that unpleasant discussion—(uproar.) He was constrained to adopt it, because Mr. Connor had avowed principles which they earnestly disavowed, and persisted in pressing them in opposition to the association—(hear, hear.) Having done so, he could not be considered a member of the body; therefore, according to the forms and rules by which their proceedings were regulated, he begged leave to give notice that he would on the next day of the meeting, move that Mr. Connor's name (unless he in the interim disclaimed the sentiments he had expressed) should be struck off the roll of the association—(cheers.)

Mr. O'Neil Daunt—I will second the motion for his expulsion—(here the uproar was again renewed, and by some it was deemed advisable that the meeting should be adjourned.)

Mr. Connor rose, greatly excited, and shouted out, "I will go to death in support of that resolution, because the pounds, shillings and pence are too long paying by the starving people of Ireland; they are not to famish while the means of living is thus wronging from them"—(the scene which took place at this stage of the proceedings could not be accurately described; several persons endeavoring to address the meeting calling for "order," and others clamoring for the summary ejectment of Mr. Connor from the room.)

Mr. Connor—I acted on the doctrine myself, and allowed my property to be sold sooner than flinch from it. Next summer millions of men, women and children will be starved out by the want of those crops.

(Here the entire assembly called to have the speaker put out.)

The chairman put the question for the adoption of the resolutions, which was carried unanimously.

LONDON MONEY MARKETS.

Consols for money to-day are 95½ to ¼, and for account 95½ to ⅜, with a good and firm market. A talk for the reduction of interest upon the French Treasury securities has, it would seem, to a certain extent, helped to raise the value of funds. India Stock is 265½ to 266½ Exchequer Bills 63s. to 65s. premium and new three and a half per cents 102½ to ¼.

Three o'clock—Consols, for money 95½ to ⅜, and do. account 95½ to ¾.

COMMERCIAL SUMMARY.—The Acadia took out very encouraging accounts respecting the transactions in cotton. The market, it will be remembered, between the interval of our departure and that of the previous packet, was in a state of extreme buoyancy; but it was a little checked shortly before the Acadia sailed, and at the present moment speculators evince a disposition to draw in, while the demand from the trade is both uniform and large. The latter buy with confidence, and the state of the trade shows a healthy feeling of activity, greater than has been exhibited for a long period. Freights to America by transient ships have been few of late, though a slight improvement has been visible during the last few weeks. All the transient vessels to New Orleans, Boston and New York, have been chartered by good parties, but the goods offering have not been numerous.—*Wilmer & Smith's European Times.*

THE WEATHER AND THE CROPS.—With increasing unfavorable reports respecting the yield of wheat, and a gradual improvement in most departments of business, there appears a strong probability of the staple article of food rising in value. With regard to other species of grain, there is less reason to calculate on an advance; still, should wheat continue to advance in price; barley and oats would be more or less influenced thereby; and on the whole we are of opinion that, as far as the corn trade is concerned, the lowest point has been passed, and that a healthy business may now be calculated upon.—*London Mercantile Gazette.*

The corn market has of late exhibited more firmness, and advance of a penny to two pence per bushel has taken place. A great breadth of wheat has been sown this year, and the harvest has been tolerably good; but as we do not raise enough for the support of our own population, and as an import becomes indispensable, the improved feeling of the market may be attributed to that cause, combined with the yield of the new crop not being equal to expectation.

It is very probable, therefore, that a considerable quantity of flour may find its way from Canada, through the act of last session. During the last few days an immense quantity of wheat and flour has been released from bond at the duty of fourteen shillings per quarter, which, at the present price of the market, would render the importation of Canadian flour a profitable speculation. The weather continues very fine—the finest, indeed, for the season, which has been for many years—and where the harvest has not already been gathered, the weather has materially aided the operation.—*European Times.*

MRS. GILMOUR.—On Thursday, Mrs. Gilmour was taken before Sheriff Campbell for examination till a late hour in the afternoon. What the nature of her declaration may be is known only to officials. She looks well, seems quite cool and collected, and was dressed in a black silk gown and satin bonnet. It is confidently anticipated, in well informed quarters, that it will be impossible to prove the allegation against her, so as to obtain a conviction.—*Glasgow Paper.*

FRANCE.

The following is an abtanct of a long report made by the Minister of Marine, on the financial position of the marine and colonies:

The Minister states that at the commencement of the year there was a deficit on the resources for the maintenance of the navy of 2,763 000f. on the material