kind of sacerdotal autocracy and supremacy. They will be so many friends that we shall have among our enemies.

'13 Sweden dismembered, Persia conquered, Peland subjugated, Turkey vanquished, our enemies assembled, the Black sea and the Baltic guarded by our vessels, it will be necessary to propose, secretly, first to the court of Versailles, then to that of Vienna, to share with her empire of the universe. If one of the two accepts, (which will infallibly be the case, by flattering their ambition and self-love,) make use of that one to crush the other, by engaging her in a struggle, the issue of which cannot be doubtful, Russia possessing all the East and a great portion of Europe.

'14 If (which is not at all probable) both refuse the offer of Russia, the latter must know how to raise quarrels between them, and make them exhaust each other. Then profiting by a decisive movement, Russia should fall upon Germany with her troops prepared beforehand, at the same time that two considerable fleets should sail—one from the sea of Azof, the other from the port of Archangel, freighted with Asiatic hordes, under the convoy of the armed fleets of the Black Sea and the Baltic. Advancing by the Mediterranean and the ocean, they would overrun France on one side, while Germany was so on the other; and these two countries vanquished, the rest of Europe would pass easily, without striking a blow, under the yoke.

'Thus may, and ought, Europe to be subjugated."

FOR PRESIDENT.

JAMES BUCHANAN,

Subject to the decision of a National Convention.

DAILY MORNING POST.

THS. PHILLIPS & WM. H. SMITH, EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS

WEDNESDAY, MAY 17, 1843.

See First Page.

State Printer.

We think there is now no doubt but Gov. Porter will refuse to approve the bonds of the State Printer elected by the Legislature, a few days before the adjournment. We publish to-day the opinion of Attorney General Johnson, which may be regarded as shadowing forth the views of the Governor on this question.

We had supposed that this fruitful source of annoyance and discord was settled for at least three years; and that hereafter the annual opening of our Legislature would not be disgraced by the scenes of intrigue and corruption that generally attended the election of a public printer. But it appears that his Excellency desires it to be otherwise, and will have the question once more brought into the Legislature, to disturb its deliberations and to waste its time.

The best cure for hard times.—A Maine paper gives the following prescription for the cure of that affecting malady called "Hard Times;" which is surely innocent in itself and can do no harm if it should fail to cure. We commend it to the attention of all, and as it is a personal affair, we hope that none will decline giving it a trial, merely because his neighbors may be sceptic of its medical qualities. Here it is:—'Drive all the drones and loafers, and unemployed men into some useful business or work—bring down salaries to the level with other things at the time being—reduce professional fees—be careful of health, that no time be lost by sickness—buy what is absolutely necessary, and pay for it down—rise early—work steadily—live prudently—wear your own clothes yourself, as long as they will do to wear—pay every dollar you owe, if you possibly can do it—buy what is raised or made in your town, county or state, rather than what is imported, and thus keep all the money in circulation in your midst that you can—live honestly with yourself, your fellow men and your God;—and when you do all these things the times will improve.'

Mysterious—Drowning himself to save his life:—The Grand Gulf Advertiser says,—Some of our citizens descried a large log floating down the Mississippi, and upon which there appeared a human being. A skiff was manned and rowed out within a short distance of the log, when lo! a stout negro fellow was astraddle of it. In attempting to relieve the darkie from his 'perilous situation,' he merely waved his hand, as much as to say, 'thank you sire,' slipped off the log, like a turtle, and went down, down below, and did not make his appearance again. He is either drowned, or concluded to pursue his journey by land taking the bed of the river as the best *highway*. It is supposed that he was a runaway from some plantation above; or it might have been Darkie Graves. But let it have been whom it may, he will not see much more trouble on earth.

A Deed of doubtful propricty.—Writing a long editorial about the weather. There is nothing more uncertain now-a-days; no sooner do you lay down your pen after having written an item on the subject than a change comes on.

Why was Solomon when he had the rheumatism like a favorite article of food? Because he was a *sore sage* (sausage.)—*Boston Post*, of course.

The Gazette and Advocate are engaged in a furious controversy as to whether a certain *Henry Clay*, senior, who advertises a runaway slave named Somerset, is Henry Clay, the candidate for the Presidency. They publish a copy of the advertisement, which is dated 'Bourbon County, Ky." If we mistake not, the great Clay lives in Fayette county, Ky. This fact would seem to us conclusive enough that *Henry Clay* the bargainer is not the advertiser for Somerset, and we are sorry our neighbors should have quarrelled so much about a matter so easily settled.

To those who wish to join an Industrial Association, we recommend the Sylvania, (located in Pike county, Pa.) which is now in complete operation. Young men with small families, or none at all, who are able to purchase one or two hundred dollars, worth of stock, and who can give good testimonials of character, would be well received at that place. As it is not possible that the Exchange Company will get into operation for some months, if indeed during the present year, there are many who feel unwilling to wait so long, and who desire to join an Association already in the full tide of experiment. The one at Sylvania offers greater inducements than any other within our knowledge.

Money Plenty.—From notice given in the New York papers, it would seem that money is going a begging in that city.—Commissioners of the Canal fund offer to redeem the five and six per cent stocks issued for the construction of the Erie and Champlain Canals, payable in 1845, immediately, on surrender and transfer of the original certificates of the Manhattan Bank.

We wish some of our Pittsburgh friends would try and get a loan; it would suit many of them "uncommon" for the surplus funds in New York to come "a begging" out this way.

A fight for a Bride—A plot for a play,—where's Bannister?—Not long ago, says *the Caledonia Mercury*, a bride of the parish of Libster and her party set out to meet her intended; they had to cross an unfrequented moor, and when about half way were attacked by a party armed with guns and other offensive weapons. The bride's party at first imagining that it was a frolic, passed quietly on; matters assuming a somewhat alarming appearance, the males of the bride's party fell to the rear, and determined to act on the defensive. The aggressors were headed by the bride's rejected, and as "dernier a resort," he adopted this mode of wooing. A scuffle ensued, and after a keen contest the aggressors were defeated, and their guns broken. This action was fought on the identical spot that the Keiths and Gunns fought for "Helen," the beauty of Braemore, in which the former was defeated.

A letter from Cuba in the Charleston Courier states that the number of slaves killed, or who committed suicide, during the late insurrection near Cardenas, is about 300. The writer says, 'the scene a few days afterwards was very revolting; none of the dead were buried, and their swollen corpses lying on the ground, or hanging from the limbs of trees, presented a horrible spectacle; while the deserted estates, the burnt fields and dwellings, added still more to the air of desolation spread around."

The Warren Murder.—The Trenton Gazette says that the funeral of the victims took place on Thursday last. About two thousand persons were present, an immense concourse to be gathered in an agricultural district. The discourse was well suited to the occasion, was preached in the open air, and made a most thrilling impression. The boy, Jesse Force, had recovered so as to walk about on Monday.

Alarming.—The New Orleans Tropic of the 10th inst., has the following very alarming statement:

"We learn that a gentleman from Washington county in this State, over the Lake, arrived in this city last night, with a demand upon Governor Mouton, for a detachment of troops to aid in quelling a most alarming insurrection, attended with serious loss of life. The facts, as we understand them, are as follows:

Several hundred men from Hancock co., Mississippi, joined by many from Washington county, in this State, had formed themselves into a band of freebooters, for the pillage of property and the destruction of life. It is stated that they are well organized and armed—and are regularly encamped. Many lives have already been taken, and extensive robberies have been committed.

We take it for granted that a detachment of troops will be ordered to the scene of difficulty in accordance with the demand made upon the Governor."

Broke Down.—The Canal bridge on Race street, Cincinnati, broke down on the 10th inst. A three horse team with a load of sand, dropped through into the canal, but were rescued by the citizens. One of the horses died of the injuries received.

Close Running.—Atkinson, Democrat, has been elected to Congress from Virginia by 4 majority. Gilmer, Dem, has been elected by 21 majority.

Another Outrage in New York.—A young girl, the daughter of a Porter House keeper in Davidson street, N. Y., deposed that a fellow named Margeson, had violated her person. He was arrested.

The London papers state that insanity is decidedly on the increase in England. Can it be, as Othello says, that "the moon comes nearer the earth than she has wont, and drives men mad?"

The Delaware Peach Orchards are said to be in fine condition, and give promise of an abundant crop.

Some of the eastern papers are predicting that this year (1843) is "locust year." A slight mistake, we think. We may look out for them in 1846.

A gentleman, the other day, on asking a market man the price of eggs, was answered, 'Eggs are eggs now.' 'I am glad to hear it, with all my heart; for the last I bought of you were half chickens.'—*Bost. Post.*

Shad are so plenty in Philadelphia that the fishermen were compelled to desist their labor long before the usual time, for fear of having a great number spoiled in their hands.

A French Cook at the U. S. Hotel, in Philadelphia, receives 1,000 dollars per year. This is as good as a berth in the Custom House.

The city of New York is now crowded with clergymen of all denominations.—We hope they may be able to effect some good, for no place in this world needs reformation more.

Mr Secretary Upshur was at Norfolk on Monday, and visited the various ships of war at that anchorage.

The mint at New Orleans, during the month of April, coined $380,000 in gold and $67,000 in silver.

Wheat was sold in Peoria on the 3d inst. for 40 cents.

There is a report that Lord Brougham intends visiting the United States.

Dan Marble is in Philadelphia at the Walnut street.

The London Literary Fund Society has expended since 1790, in donations to distressed authors and their families, $195 000.

Miss Sedgwick, the authoress, has gone to Europe.

Low Enough.—The price of admission to the People's Theatre, Cincinnati, is—Box 20 cents, Pit 10 cents.

It is said that the streets of New York are infested at night with women in men's clothes, who keep the company of gamblers and pick-pockets.

Good Example.—The following resolution was adopted by the Board of Trustees of the village of Jamestown, N Y at a meeting held on the 10th of May, 1842:

"Resolved, That every person who shall, within one year from the first of June next, set out or caused to be set out and protected, one or more good and thrifty trees, shade or ornamental, upon the outer edge or verge of the side walks opposite their village lots in this village, said trees to be locust, sugar maple, horse chesnut, mulberry, elm, sycamore, willow, basswood, butternut, hickory or chesnut, which shall be in good healthy condition on the first day of June, 1844, shall be entitled to a rebate of one half day, upon his or her highway tax for the year 1844, for each tree to be set out and protected, provided that in no instance shall any person be allowed for any number of trees a sum greater than his or her tax for the year 1844.

Very good, indeed. Let it be tried whether bounty will not overcome that deadly hostility to every thing in the shape of trees, which has descended to our people from the pioners. There are folks who regard trees and birds as sort of skin, and kill both whenever opportunity presents itself. Can they not be bribed into better taste—coaxed into a little shade—rewarded into fancy by the picturesque?—And then as for the little birds—are there no means of interposing a plea of mercy for them? Are great lumbering boobies, with long guns, to exterminate every tomtit in the land?—*Pennsylvanian.*

A murder was committed at the 90 miles station of the Georgia Central Rail Road, on Tuesday evening, 2d May, on the body of a Mr. Harbard. It appears that Mr. H. had some difficulty with a Mr. Goulding, and went to his house for the purpose of inflicting chastisement. Goulding, however, had prepared himself with a double barreled gun, with which he deliberately shot Harbard, as he approached his house.

Look Out.—Mr. E. Cheever, Pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church at Newark, N. J. cautions the public against a young man, aged 18 years, calling himself Hugh Carlisle, who pretends that he came to this country from Ireland, in order to obtain an education for the Ministry.

United States Government Stocks have been sold in London at 107.

The State Printer—"Opinion" of the Attorney General.

Attorney General's Office,
Philadelphia, May 8th, 1843.

Charles McClure, Esq, Secretary of the Commonwealth—Dear Sir:—I had the honor to receive yours of the 25th ult. in due time, submitting for my consideration the question, whether the election of I. G. M'Kinley as State Printer to do the English Printing, on the 15th day of April, was such a valid election, under the Act of the 24th March last, entitled, "An Act to create permanently the office of State Printer," as will justify the approval of his bond by the Governor, preparatory to his entering on the duties of his office? As the answer to this question involves the legality of a solemn act, performed by the joint concurrence of the members of the two Houses of the Legislature, I have given it the most careful examination, and have arrived at a conclusion upon what appears to my own mind, to be the most clear and solid legal grounds.

The first section of the Act providing for the election of State Printers, prescribes in general terms that "there shall hereafter be elected, in the manner now provided by law for the election of State Treasurer, two State Printers," etc., etc.—No time is fixed in this section for such election, nor is any authority given to the two Houses to fix the time. This section simply prescribes the *manner* or mode, or form in which the State Printers are to be elected, to wit; as the State Treasurer is elected by law. And how is this? In the following "*manner*;" each house of the Legislature shall choose one teller and furnish a minute of the choice to the other. At the hour of twelve on some day to be designated, the Senate and House of Representatives shall meet in convention in the Chamber of the House of Representatives; the Speaker of the Senate, or in his absence the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall preside, and when the convention is organized, the members shall proceed to elect *viva voce*, and the ballotings are to be conducted, and the result announced in the mode described. This is obviously all that is meant or provided for in this first section. We have not yet a word said in relation to the *time at which the election is to take place*. The MANNER, it is true, is prescribed, but if no TIME be fixed, there can be no election.—The Legislature was not so negligent of its duty, as to leave this glaring defect in the law. Turn to the thirteenth section, which is drawn in these plain terms—"The first election of State Printers shall take place on the third day after the passage of this Act, unless that day be Sunday, in which case it shall take place on the Monday following, and they shall be elected on the first Monday of March in every third year thereafter, and their term of office shall commence on the first day of July next succeeding this election."

Here then we have the time clearly and unequivocally prescribed. No one can mistake it.—The first election is to take place on the third day after the passage of the law, unless that day be Sunday, and in such case, the election is to take place on the Monday following. No authority is given to the two Houses to adjourn from day to day. The law passed by the two Houses and sanctioned by the Executive has designated the day. The two Houses only, either in, or out of convention, cannot change the law by their bare resolution. If they could, the Executive is annihilated, and the constitution rendered the mere sport and mockery for the majority in them.

Against such legislative encroachments there could be neither safety nor protection. But the absurdity of such a pretence is too plain to require argument for its exposure. The whole question here is, whether the provision in the first section, that the State Printer shall be elected *in the manner* the State Treasurer is elected, qualifies the day designated in the 13th section, so as to authorise the two Houses in Convention to adjourn from day to day and elect on the 15th day of April instead of the 27th of March, the third day after the passage of the law. I think it does not; for the first section has sole reference to the mode of organizing the Convention and conducting its operations, and not to the day on which it is to meet, and to which its power is limited and confined.

Nothing is clearer than that when the law has designated a day on which an act is to be done, without authority to perform it on another day, it is void if done on any other day than that prescribed—such I conceive to be the case in this instance.

The fact amounts to nothing, that the State Treasurer, if not elected on the day designated, may be elected on such other day as the Convention adjourns to. The law specially provides for this contingency; but in the election of State Printer, it does not. It looks to no other than the one named, and doubtless it is a wise and salutary provision. Surely it is no more impracticable for the Legislature to elect a State Printer in one day, than it is for the people of Pennsylvania to elect a Governor and members of the Legislature on one day. If the members of the Legislature know it is their duty to elect on a particular day, they will unquestionably perform it. But let them understand they may adjourn from time to time, as whim, caprice or management happens to dictate, and there is a field open for combination intrigue and bargaining which may tend to produce the most disastrous results to the public interest. I say nothing of what has in fact or in allegation characterised the present election: I am speaking in the abstract of the sound, wholesome policy of the law, as I interpret its meaning. It is a principle of construction not to be overlooked; it is one of the fundamental canons of statuary construction in doubtful cases if this be so, to advance right and repress wrong. It cannot be too rigidly applied.

In this view of the case, the election of Mr M'Kinley was invalid, and the Governor ought not to approve of his bond. Fortunately little if any inconvenience can result from this construction of the law, for no public printing to any considerable amount, will be required to be done before the meeting of the next Legislature, and it will rest with that body to correct the interpretation of the law which I have given, if it be deemed wrong.—I feel much less reluctance in expressing the opinion I have formed on this subject, while there is an appeal open to the representatives of the people, elected with this question fresh before them, for all parties who may be dissatisfied, than I would it it was to be final and conclusive upon their rights. I do not of course expect to convince those whose interests may be deeply affected by this opinion, but entertaining not the slightest doubt as to the entire soundness of every position maintained, I commit it with great confidence to the judgement of the enlightened and impartial, regarding with perfect indifference whatever course others may see fit to pursue.

Yours, &c,
Very respectfully,
OVID F. JOHNSON.

TO the Honorable Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the county Allegheny

The petition of Wm McKeever of the 4th ward of the city of Pittsburgh, in the county aforesaid, humbly sheweth, that your petitioner hath provided himself with materials for the accommodation of travelers and others at his dwelling house in the city and ward aforesaid, and prays that your honors will grant him a license to keep a public house of entertainment. And your petitioner as in duty bound will pray.

WM. McKEEVER.

We the subscribers citizens of the 4th ward Pittsburgh, do certify that the above petitioner is of good repute for honesty and temperance and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation and lodging of strangers and travelers, and that the said tavern is necessary.

Henry Kennedy	John Gray
James McAffee	James McKenna
David McGonnigle	Geo. W. Smith
John Ferrall	James Parker
Jas. Armstroog	Robert Bell
Dawson Downing	James Anderson Jr.

may 17 3t

TO THE PUBLIC.

This is to certify that the subscriber has been for some time afflicted with the Rheumatism very severely, from which he could get no relief, until, being advised to procure some of Dr. Fitch's INDIAN VEGETABLE ELIXIR, which he accordingly did, and from which after a few doses, he was entirely relieved.

Columbia, April 6, 1752. SAM'L PEARSE:

Near Rice Creek Springs,
Richland District, S. C, April 30, 1838.

I certify, that my son, Thomas Mitchell, Jr., aged 15 years, has been troubled for eight years last past with the Rheumatism, and for the last three years has been unable to help himself; his pain was very severe, so that he could not be moved without great agony; his limbs were paralized and drawn up, and he presented an object hopeless to all who knew him. I resorted to several Physicians for relief for him, without effect. Having heard of Dr. A. Fitch's Indian Vegetable Elixir, I procured the same for my son. On taking it he was much relieved, and by continuing it to the fourth bottle, has entirely removed the pain, his flesh is restored and he is now enjoying good health. I would, in a case of Rheumatism, earnestly recommend it to those who are affected with this excruciating pain. THOS. MITCHELL

We being neighbors and acquaintances of Mr Thomas Mitchell, and having often seen the situation of his son, fully corroborate the above case, and, as we believe has been cured by the Indian Vegetable Elixir.

SAMUEL MEEK,
DAVID D. HAY,
BRITTON SPELLING,
ROBERT THOMPSON,
BUCKNER HAIGOOD.

The above, with a *very large assortment* of other valuable medicines, have just been received and are for sale by the quantity or single bottle, at TUTTLE'S, 86 Fourth st.

ICE CREAM SALOONS.

ANDW. BUNKER respectfully gives notice that he has opened his Ice Cream Saloons for the season, at his Confectionary on Fifth street, a few doors from Market. Ladies and Gentlemen can be served with a superior article of Ice Cream, at any hour of the Day or Evening. Their patronage is solicited.

N. B.—On hand, as usual, a choice assortment of Fruits and Confectionaries at reduced prices.

may 17—1w A. H.

HERRINGS & SHAD,—A fresh lot of the above, just received and for sale by J. W. BURBRIDGE & Co Water, between Wood & Smithfield.
may 17.

NEW TEMPERANCE & S. SCHOOL BOOKS AND TRACTS.

JUST received from New York, 3050 Youth's Advocate and Journal for May; 100 Lyres and Harps, Bacchus and anti-Bacchus, permanent Temperance documents, and quite a variety of the latest Temperance publications. Also, 24 packages assorted English tracts and 2000 small reward, library and Hymn Books of the American Sabbath School Union, for Temperance Societies, private families, Sabbath Schools, and the friends of Temperance and the benevolent generally. For sale in any sized lots by ISAAC HARRIS, Agent and Commission Merchant, No 9, Fifth street, Pittsburgh.
may 17

TO the Honorable the Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and the county of Allegheny.

The petition of Robert Young of the third ward of city of Pittsburgh Allegheny co., humbly showeth That he is well provided with house room and other conveniences for the accommodation of strangers and travelers, at the house now occupied by him as a tavern; and being desirous to continue in that business he prays your honors to grant him a license to keep an Inn or house of Public Entertainment.—And he will pray, &c.

ROBT. YOUNG.

The undersigned citizens of the 3d ward of city of Pittsburgh respectfully certify that the above named applicant is a gentleman of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation for lodging of strangers and travelers, and that said tavern is necessary.

Wm Gilmore,	James Cherry,
Wm Paul,	Alex Cupples,
Samuel Harper,	Robt Logan,
Thos O'Neill,	C Von Bonhorst,
Samuel Baird,	Wm Stevenson,
Jas Montooth,	James Kerbey.

may 17

50 BBLS N. O. MOLASSES, 7 Casks Bacon Hams this day received and for sale by
J. G. & A. GORDON,
may 15 12 Water St.

GROCERIES! GROCERIES!!

JUST opened a splendid lot of Groceries, fresh from the East, and as the subscriber intends selling for *nothing but cash*, bargains may be expected.

☞ Don't forget to call at 140 Liberty street
may 16 STACY LLOYD.

TO the Honorable Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the county of Allegheny.

The petition of Henry Knox of the 3d ward of Allegheny, in the county aforesaid, humbly sheweth, That your petitioner hath provided himself with materials for the accommodation of travelers and others at his dwelling house in the city and ward aforesaid, and prays that your honors will grant him a license to keep a Public House of Entertainment. And your petitioner as in duty bound will pray.

HENRY KNOX.

We the subscribers, citizens of the 4th ward Allegheny, do certify that the above petitioner is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniencies for the accommodation and lodging of strangers and travelers, and that the said tavern is necessary.

Chas Von Bonhorst,	Robt Porter	Wm Gilmore
James Marshall	Jackson Hesson	A Cupples
Wm Stevenson	Wm Paul	James Kirbey
Robt Paul	Jas Cherry	E Ried

may 16—d4 w3t

FIRE, STEAM BOAT AND GARDEN HOSE.

HAVING made extensive arrangements for the manufacture of the above article, I am now prepared to fill all orders for *COPPER AND IRON RIVETED HOSE*, and which I intend shall be made of the very best material and workmanship, equal in quality, and ten per cent, less than the Eastern manufacture.

Orders left with A Fulton, Brass Founder, 2nd street, or at my Saddle, Harness and Trunk Store, No. 36 Wood street, corner of Diamond alley, will be promptly attended to.

R H HARTLEY.

N. B.—All kinds of Fretted Machine Bands made as above; also, all kinds of Hose repaired.
may 15—4t

BETTER BARGAINS THAN EVER AT THE THREE BIG DOORS.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his customers and the public generally, that notwithstanding the unprecedented sales at the Three Big Doors, during the present season; he has still on hand the largest and most varied assortment of elegant CLOTHING that can be bought west of the mountains. The public may rest assured that all articles offered at his store are manufactured from FRESH GOODS, purchased in the Eastern markets this Spring and made into garments by Pittsburgh workmen.

In consequence of the multiplication of slop shops in our city, filled with pawn-brokers clothes and the musty, cast off garments of former seasons, from the eastern cities, the public should be cautious to ascertain the character of the establishments in which they are invited to purchase, before they part with their money. The articles offered at several of the concerns in this city, are the mere offals of New York and Philadelphia slop shops, and sent out here to be palmed off on the Pittsburgh public. Purchasers should be on their guard against these impositions, and they may rely on the fact that no establishment that advertises *eastern made* Clothing, can give as good an article or as advantageous bargains as can be had at the "Three Big Doors."

The public will please remember that all the subscriber's garments are made in *this city*, by competent workmen, and not gathered up like the goods now offered by the "birds of passage" from the shreds and patches of eastern slop shops. It will always be his endeavor to maintain the reputation that the "Three Big Doors" have obtained for furnishing a superior style of CLOTHING in every respect, and at prices below those of any other establishment.

He would again return his thanks to his friends and the public for the unprecedented patronage bestowed upon his establishment, and believing that they have found it to their advantage to deal with him, he would repeat his invitation to all those who wish to purchase Clothing of every description at the lowest price to call at No. 151, LIBERTY ST. JOHN M'CLOSKY.

☞ Observe Metal Plate in the pavement. ap 26.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

ON the 14th inst. an Inquest, according to law, was made in presence of the undersigned upon a view of a *dead man* found in the Ohio river, at a point designated 'Hog Island,' about eleven miles from the city of Pittsburgh. The finding of the Jury is,—*that the deceased was drowned in a way and manner unknown to them; but, in view of the facts collected, they believe that the unfortunate occurrence was not an act of premeditated guilt by any individual.*'

The evidences upon the person of the deceased to mark an identity satisfactory to distant relatives are as follows, to wit:

Clothing: pair of black pantaloons—grey coat with black buttons—vest of red and black stripe—black silk cravat—one watch lately cleansed at Jamestown N. Y. Other personal property, sundry due bills, indicating that the name of the unfortunate man, is JONATHAN SMITH Jr. Fourteen dollars N. York currency with a Warren county shinplaster of 50 cents were found in his pocketbook.

The friends of the deceased will learn further particulars on application to the Commissioners of Allegheny county, with whom the papers of the deceased, have been deposited.

JAMES CALLAN.
may 16 3t. Ohio Township.

NEW GOODS, AT NO. 86 MARKET STREET.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his friends and the public in general, that he is now receiving from New York and Philadelphia, a large and well selected stock of Fancy and Variety Goods, which will be sold wholesale and retail at reduced prices for cash only. The stock comprises in part as follows:

Tortoise shell, Tuck, Twist, Side, Dressing and Pocket Combs; *Buffalo* Horn, Twist, Side, Dressing and Pocket Combs; Ivory Fine, Dressing and Pocket Comb; Horn Tuck, Twist, Side, Dressing and Pocket Combs, Wood Combs, Tapes, Hooks and Eyes, Pins, Needles, Threads of all kinds; Thimbles, Suspenders, Percussion caps, Sewing Silk, Buttons, Pocket Books, Pen Knives, Scissors, Cotton Cord, Boot and Shoe Laces, Palm Leaf Hats, German Silver Table and Tea Spoons, Fancy and Common Fans, Fancy Soap, Cologne Water, Slate Pencils, Willow Straw and Manilla Work Baskets; Basket Waggons, Chairs and Cradles.

Also, a large assortment of Rosewood Writing Desks, Dressing Cases, Work Boxes, Fine Showing cases and boxes, Backgammon boards, Chessmen, Walking Canes, Accordeans, Fine Hair and Tooth Brushes, Pin-cushions, Fancy boxes, Cigar-cases, Gold Finger-rings; Breast Pins and Ear-rings, Gold and Silver Pencils, Hair Pins; Boquet Holders and Fancy *Buffalo combs*.

The above articles may be had in connection with every article in the variety department. Call and examine
may 16 Z. KING EY.

LEMUEL WICK. JOHN D WICK.
L. & J. D. WICK,
Wholesale Grocers & Dealers in Produce,
116 Wood Street, 4 doors above Fifth st.
PITTSBURGH.
may 15.

Farms to Lease.

THE undersigned will lease two Farms situated in East Deer township, with the necessary tenements, and from 75 to 100 acres cleared on each. Also, one farm situated in West Deer township Allegheny county with from 50 to 75 acres cleared. The above desirable property is in reasonably good repair, laying about 15 miles from the city of Pittsburgh, and within two miles of the Penn'a Canal, and will be leased on reasonable terms for from 1 to three years, to good tenants.

BARTRAM MURRY.
March 13th—tf.

Auction.

S. FAHNESTOCK & Co., Successors to J. B. Guthrie, at the old stand corner of 5th and Wood sts. having complied with the requisitions of the new Auction Law, are prepared to make advances on Consignments and to sell on favorable terms. They hope by continuing to make ready sales and prompt returns, to receive a fair portion of business.

Pittsburgh, April 1st 1843.

In retiring from the Auction business, I take great pleasure in recommending to the public Messrs. Samuel Fahnestock & Co., who have complied with the requirements of the new Auction Law and will do business at my old stand.

J. B. GUTHRIE.
april 3 1843.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

AT the solicitation of a number of friends of all political parties, I respectfully offer myself to the consideration of my fellow citizens for the office of County Commissioner. That my sentiments may not be misunderstood, either as to political or private affairs, I may free to say that I have been all my life a consistent Republican, in the true sense of the word. As the county is somewhat embarrassed in its financial affairs and the reduction of salaries of public officers has received the approbation of large majorities of the people, the undersigned would not should he be so fortunate as to be elected, in any manner attempt to resist this salutary reform; should it reach the office of County Commissioner.

SAMUEL HUBLEY.
apr 6:

BIRMINGHAM LOCK AND SCREW FACTORY.

THE subscriber having opened a shop No 68, Second street, between Market and Wood streets, Pittsburgh, in connection with the Factory in Birmingham, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he will be happy to be favored with their orders for any articles in his line.

Door Locks and Fasteners, of various descriptions, on hand and made to order.

Tobacco Mill and Timber Screws.

Large Screws, for Iron Works, and Screws for Presses made as may be required.

Carpenters and Builders are requested to call before contracting for jobs, and examine his articles and prices.

Locks repaired and jobbing generally done in the best manner, and on the lowest terms.

may 2—6m JAS. PATTERSON, Jr.

JUST RECEIVED, a large supply of Dr Swayne's Syrup of Wild Cherry, and for sale wholesale and retail by
WM THORN,
ap 21. No 53, Market st.

NOTICE to *Steam Boat Owners.*—The subscriber, in consequence of the difficulty of the times, has reduced the price of his *Safety Guard for the prevention of the explosion of steam boilers*, to $150 per boat.

It is hoped that all boat owners will avail themselves of these reasonable terms, not only on account of the perfect safety they afford, but also in point of economy. Boilers with the apparatus attached will wear about twice as long as those not provided with them.

March 1—3m C. EVANS.

WILLIAM DOUGLASS,

HAT AND CAP MANUFACTURER. Every description of Hats and Caps on hand, and for sale, wholesale and retail at prices to suit the times, at the old stand of Douglas & Moore, 73 Wood street. may 5.

SUMMER RESIDENCE FOR RENT.

A WELL furnished Brick House, with a well cultivated Flower Garden of about half an acre, and provided with all necessary stables and outbuildings, is offered for rent from the present time until the first of April next. It is pleasantly situated on the banks of the Ohio, a short distance from the city, and for convenience and comfort is not excelled by any other in the neighborhood of Pittsburgh. For a small family who will take good care of the premises, this is one of the most desirable locations that could be offered. For further information apply at this office, or to M. Kane, Jr, Liberty street.
may 9.—1w.

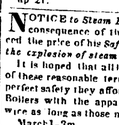
EXCHANGE HOTEL, Corner of Penn & St. Clair sts. Pittsb'gh.

THE Proprietors of this elegant and commodious establishment, beg leave to announce to their friends and the public, that their price for Board, from this date, is reduced to ONE DOLLAR PER DAY.

From the locality of this house, being situated midway between the Canal and Steamboat landings, and on the great thoroughfare to Allegheny city, the proprietors trust, that with continued exertions on their part, they will be enabled to afford every attention and facility required for the comfort and convenience of their guests, and hope to merit a continuance of the patronage that has hitherto been so liberally extended to them.

The principal Stage and Packet offices, are connected with the Hotel, and for the better accommodation of their guests, an *Omnibus* will at all times be in readiness to convey them to and from the House.

McKIBBIN & SMITH.



Regular Morning Packet
FOR BEAVER.
The fast running and well known Steamer
CLEVELAND.
SHARP HEMPHILL, Master, will depart daily from Pittsburgh at 9 o'clock, A. M., and Beaver at 1 o'clock P. M. For freight or passage, apply on board, or to
BIRMINGHAM & CO.
No 60 Water street.

N. B.—The regular canal packet to Cleveland, Ohio Greenville and Meadville Pa.; and Massillon on the Ohio Canal, connecting with steamer Cleveland at Beaver, will be in operation immediately on opening of navigation,
mar 16—tf.