be mistaken, until, at this critical juncture an Alderman more sagacious than the rest, being anxious to ward off the impending storm, moved that the 'legally' elected Common Council should adjourn to the court room in Hall's buildings, which was carried, as the whigs contend, but the democrats vow it to be illegal because an alderman voted who had no right, as they state, to a seat in the Board. Both Common Councils then commenced work in grand style, and, as appointments will of course be made by both, we may now expect a smart chance for the lawyers. It was truly exhilarating to see how actively both did business after the separation.

N. Y. Sun

FOR PRESIDENT,

JAMES BUCHANAN

Subject to the decision of a National Convention.

DAILY MORNING POST.

THS. PHILLIPS & WM. H. SMITH, EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS

MONDAY, MAY 15, 1843.

See First Page.

The Rail Road.

We desire no controversy with a "non-resident tax payer." He seems to be a person who cannot allow rectitude of intention and honesty of purpose, to those differing in sentiment from him, and accordingly charges us with advocating an equal division of property, and similar pernicious schemes. The question as to whether the Councils of the city of Pittsburgh have a right to tax the citizens and property holders for the construction of the proposed Rail Road, is easily answered. What is the duty and business of the Councils of this, or any other city? To legislate for the good, and advance the interests of the city. If, in discharging this duty, they disregard the will of their constituents or transcend their authority, the people's remonstrances are seldom unheeded, and the evil done them is speedily righted. The Councils of Pittsburgh saw, or thought they saw, the vast importance of a Rail Road from this city to Connelsville, to connect with the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, and its incalculable advantages to the trade and commerce of Pittsburgh. They therefore voted an appropriation of $300,000 on the part of the city for the contemplated work. Where are the indignant remonstrances of the people who are to be taxed for the payment of this subscription, against what this "non-resident" would persuade us, is an unlawful act. Where the solemn protest of our property holders? Have any such been heard. Not but with unanimity never excelled, the citizens have hailed the proposition, and sustained the subscription. Our largest property holders have been the first to come forward and support the proposed subscription to the stock.

All the resident tax payers—men whose industry and skill contribute something valuable to the wealth of the city and whose interests are connected with every improvement that will add to its commercial importance, approve the conduct of the Councils, and so far as our information extends, are willing to pay the additional tax necessary for the completion of the Rail Road. But one small voice is raised against the enterprise, and that from a non-resident tax payer; who, according to his own statement, contributes nothing to the wealth of the city, but on the contrary, draws an annual income from some of our industrious population, to be spent among those, who if we are to judge them by their neighbor, a 'non-resident,' have no friendly feeling for any project that would be of advantage to our city.

This writer may be all that he tries to induce the public to believe he is. *Providence* may have *blessed* him with sufficient wealth to make him feel that he is a personage of vast importance in this community, and to justify, in his mind, the notion that persons less fortunate in worldly matters, should not be permitted to express even an *opinion* on questions of public interest. We regret that the same kind power that bestowed such boundless wealth (it must be boundless, else the man would not boast so much about it) upon a 'non-resident taxpayer,' did not endow him with a more generous feeling towards those who have not been so favorably provided for in sublunary affairs. The importance of wealth, as set forth in his article of Saturday, exceeds in illiberality, any thing that was ever broached by the Algerines of Rhode Island, and indicates the writer to be a man who would not only make the rights of citizenship depend on the amount of wealth possessed, but would also decide the liberty of speech and opinion by the same standard. He assumes that the man who is not a property holder, can have no real interest in such projects as the contemplated Rail Road; has nothing at stake in its success or failure, and according to his notions, has no right to a voice in deciding on the propriety of such improvements.

It is a strange doctrine for a *stranger* to enforce on the tax paying merchants, mechanics and workingmen of Pittsburgh, whose enterprise, skill and industry have made it what it is, that they have not as much right to decide on what will be advantageous to them in their several callings, as the non resident, who, from motives of speculation, chooses to invest his capital in property in our city. How directly opposite are the facts of the case to the position assumed by this man of wealth. *Their* all is invested in the prosperity of the city; destroy the business or thwart the improvements that will give scope to their enterprise and industry, and they are ruined.—Not so with the property holder, he has still resources left, his wealth may diminish, but something still remains on which he can rely to preserve him from actual want. While a stagnation of business may ruin the *producers* of wealth and leave them without a dollar, the *non-producing* property holder has always the pleasant assurance that no change of the times can have the same effect on his capital that it has on that of the industrious portion of the community. It is clear then, that the poorest workingman of our city, has a deeper interest in any improvement that will add to the chances of improving the condition of the producing classes, than the most purse-proud "non-resident taxpayer," and although it may sound in the ears of such gentlemen as "Agrarianism," we do not hesitate to say, that their opinions should be entitled to a more respectful consideration in all such cases, than the notions of any or all of those who by accident or speculation are entitled to talk pompously of their wealth under the signature of "A non-resident taxpayer."

This property holder very prudently assails the rights of the citizens from an ambush impenetrable to public scrutiny, and we are hence deprived of the opportunity to investigate either his claims to wealth, the means by which he obtained it, or his assumption of superior judgment in matters concerning the rights and privileges of every class of citizens. The property which he takes such pains to inform the public of, was, perhaps, fairly acquired. It may be the fruits of a life of honest industry, the product of toiling enterprise, which should entitle the possessor to the respect of the community—not on account of his wealth, but on account of the worthy means by which it was gained. Or it may be inherited from wealthy relatives and never cost its present possessor an hour's actual labor, except the mental efforts used to increase it without toil. It may be the profits of cunning speculation, stock gambling or traffic in slaves, for aught we know. If we are right in our first supposition, we can find some apology for his boasting; but if his wealth was obtained by the accident of his father or his grandfather being born before him, or by speculation in lands, stocks or his fellow beings, whose skin happens to be a shade darker than his own, our respect would be greatly diminished, and we think the community would be reluctant to admit the importance which he claims on account of his wealth.

We have permitted this notice to extend to an inconvenient length, and must postpone our remarks on some other portions of the article of a "non-resident," for the present.

Virginia Elections.

The Richmond Enquirer of the 9th brings us some further information from the Old Dominion. It states that the Sheriff of the Richmond district did not meet on Monday as the Sheriff of Louisa was unable to attend on account of the session of his court. It was thought that nothing would, consequently be done before Wednesday (to day.)

The 12th Congressional, is the Banner district. It runs through thirteen counties, and the entire majority for General Chapman amounts to 2,401—and Chilton's majority in the District over Smith, is only 25 in a District, too, which gave Gen. Harrison a majority of 901!

Hubard's majority over Toler in the Campbell District, 129. In 1840, the same counties gave a Whig majority of 225—nett Republican gain 354!

Chapman's majority over Watts in the Monroe District, 1,231—Democratic majority in 1840, only 361—nett gain 870.

A letter from Charlottsville, to the editor of the Enquirer says: "I send you the final and accurate result of our Congressional Elections. Up to this evening we were in some doubt. All uncertainty, however, is now dispelled. The majorities are as follows:

	Gilmer.		Goggin.
Madison,	401	Bedford,	356
Greene,	87	Nelson,	101
Orange,	16	Albemarle,	60
Amherst,	34		
	538		517
	517		

21 maj. for Gilmer.

The Legislature stands: Democrats 73, and Whigs 59—Democratic majority 14. Braxton and Lewis 1, and Randolph 1, to be heard from—last year Democratic.

The Lynchburgh Virginian states that there is an overwhelming Democratic majority in the popular vote.

Suspected Foul Play.

The National Intelligencer of a recent date, states that "there was much excitement during the whole of yesterday in this city, growing out of a suspicion that a person had been murdered and dragged into the Washington Canal, in the rear of the vegetable market house. It is possible, if not probable, that a *hoax* has been practised upon the public; yet *appearances* seem to favor the idea that there has been some foul play. We shall merely testify to what we have seen, and let others form their own opinions of the matter. It is certain, then, that blood and human hair, with small fragments of a human skull, were found, with a sprinkling of brains, (believed also to be human,) early yesterday morning, on a woodpile near the edge of the canal, and that blood and marks of blood were discovered on the north side of the canal, in the location above described. The canal near the spot was dragged for more than two hours, but no human body, or part of a human body, could be found. A pair of old worn-out pantaloons were discovered not far from the blood-stained earth, but no blood found on them. Various are the conjectures which have arisen from these circumstances. Many believe that a barbarous and bloody murder has been committed; others incline to regard the matter as a hoax:"

Trial of Thomas Thorn and Louisa Wilson for Murder.—The Spirit of the Times says: This trial is going on rapidly. On Friday, the evidence for the prosecution closed. No new facts have been elicited. Thorn accounts for the death of Wilson in the following manner: 'Elisha was in a fit, he had frothed dreadfully at the mouth, he has thrashed about the bed and the head board, and has fell out, and has broke a hole in the side of his head, and bled badly from the wound, and is dead.

The following paper written by Thorn, while in prison, was read in evidence.

'peor loiso i pity you and my hart akes for you and you must mind when you come to cort and clear me if you dont they will hang me and you must mind how you talk; i will wright to you once in fore days i whant to see you once more and then if you dont clear me i shall be willing to dy for you; i whant you to wright to me.'

The Reading Press says:—An extraordinary phenomenon occurred in the lower part of this country. On Saturday last during a hail storm, a large number of 'Coons were observed to fall to the ground The phenomenon is a perfect stumper.—The other 'Coons near began to bawl *'more pipe'* until upon closer inspection, the 'Coons vanished into *grease spots*. Has that Roast Beef or Millerism anything to do with it?

A regular scheming, shrewd, hard working, money making chap 'out west,' who rejoices in the various occupations of doctor, gun smith, lawyer, tooth extractor, dry goods merchant, justice of the peace and schoolmaster, has recently by an advertisement, added the following to his list of pursuits and qualities:—

"N. B.—Auctioneering of the loudest kind, interwoven with ventriloquism and the use of the globes. The advertiser would have no objection to teaching a singing school in the evenings, and might possibly find an hour each morning for breaking colts to harness, or carrying on a small garden at halves."

A Picture that suits more than one.—A Mississippi editor thus describes a candidate for office in that State:—

'He is a man of more ambition than discretion—more vanity than reason—more professions than practice—more dreams than realities—more ends than means—more sail than ballast—more whig sycophants than democratic friends—more suckers than tests—and more impudence than the devil.'

The excess of female authorship is becoming quite an evil. Women generally make poor authors, in comparison with men. They make much better wives and mothers.

Accident on the Central Rail Road.—The Macon Telegraph, of the 2d inst says: "Yesterday morning while the workmen were engaged in a deep cut on section 62, of the Central Rail Road, the bank caved in and entirely buried four negroes, two were killed, the others were taken out alive, but very seriously injured. The negroes were valuable, and belonged to Messrs Charles & Robert Collins.

Deplorable.—A son of Mr Milliman, near Chicago, snapped a rifle at the head of his little sister in sport and by direction of his father, which proved to be loaded, and was discharged into the forehead of the child, killing it instantly.

There was frost in the vicinity of Elkton, Md nearly every morning last week, and on Tuesday morning the ice was as thick as window glass. Bad for fruit.

They have great times in New York just now with their anniversaries. The papers are filled with their reports.

Resignation.—We learn that E W Hutter, Esq, has resigned his situation as Deputy Secretary of the State. In speaking of his resignation the Keystone observes that Mr H has always been found nobly battling on the side of Democracy, and has never permitted himself to be led off from the great principles of the party by any clique or faction.

The steamboat "Dove" was sunk lately in White's river, about 20 miles below Batesville, and it is supposed will be a total loss. No part of the cargo can be saved.

The steamer "Favourite" was also snagged and sunk on the 26th ult, in the Alabama river, just above McCarthy's shoals, and is entirely lost. She had on board a full cargo of cotton.

It seems that a portion of the more ardent friends of Mr. Clay in Philadelphia, engaged an ingenious mechanic of that city to construct an anatomical effigy of that distinguished statesman, of sugar candy, after the plan of the Mannikin, by the celebrated Doctor Azzovu of Paris. It is is said to have been of singular fidelity to *nature* as well as the likeness of the original. At a recent wine party given by the grand Central Clay Club Committee at the Club rooms on Chesnut street, it was resolved to distribute portions of the sugar candy image among the leading friends throughout the state, and a gentleman of this city (formerly a leading friend of General Harrison) has received one of the most *delicate* and *curiously constructed parts* of it—classed by Prof. Silliman as an "Argillite."

The Comet among the Turks.—A letter from Constantinople, dated 30th March, says:—The comet continues to occupy the attention of the public. The Turks are for the most part, convinced that its appearance is one of the signs, forerunners, of the last day, and that it also predicts fearful misfortunes. The phenomenon, which is gradually becoming more faint, has carried off all the caloric from these parts. The weather has been colder since its appearance, than at any period of the winter. The thermometer has fallen at night as low as 25 deg Fahrenheit, and the mountains on the Asiatic coast, bordering the Propontes, have been covered with snow. The Malta Times states that on the 17th of March, the inhabitants of that island were both surprised and in some instances alarmed, by the appearance.

The Raritan Frigate.—It is stated in the Philadelphia Gazette that orders have been received at the Navy Yard, in that city, to prepare the frigate Raritan to be launched immediately.

THEATRE.

We are happy to learn that the benefit of that excellent and versatile actress, *Mrs Kent*, takes place on Wednesday next, when a galaxy of talent seldom congregated together on the boards of a theatre will appear in a variety of the most popular entertainments. To enhance the attractions, Mr Nichols and his equestrian company have volunteered their services; on which occasion an equestrian drama of magnificent splendor will be brought forward. Mr Hamlin, the celebrated posture master, will likewise go through his extraordinary performance; and though last, not least, the far famed representative of negro character, John Smith, and the piccaninny Coleman, will contribute their share to the amusement of the evening. The Beneficiare will appear in two favorite characters. It is almost needless to say that the private and professional character of this lady, independant of the great array of talent offered on that evening, will fill the house to overflowing.

Good Advice is thus given by the Louisville Penant:—

'Cease your grumbling about dull times—bring in your advertisements, and if you then have a chance to complain of business being dull, grumble as much as you please, but until the proper means of notifying your customers of what you may have to dispose of, have been resorted to, never expect any improvement in you business.'

Auction Sales.

NOTICE.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
April 22, 1843.

INFORMATION has been received, that on the 26th day of July last, a package was made up at the office of the Collector of the Customs at New Orleans, containing —— treasury notes of the United States, which had been received at that office, and had been paid and cancelled by writing upon their face, and by a receipt endorsed upon them, which package has not been received. It has been ascertained that some of the notes thus paid and cancelled have been paid into the custom-houses and to receivers of public moneys, bearing very slight indications, *if any*, of a prior cancellation; from which it is apprehended that others, of the same description may be in circulation. As these notes are wholly invalid, and cannot be received, or in any way acknowledged by the Treasury, it is deemed proper to publish the following abstract of them, that the public may be on their guard against receiving them.

J. C. SPENCER,
SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

List of Treasury Notes referred to in the above notice.

Number & Letter.	Date of Note.	Amount of Note.	Rate per cent.
3354 C	10 November, 1837	100	2
6929 B	23 June, 1838	100	6
6643 A	25 August, "	50	6
388 A	1 May, 1840	50	2
252 C	6 " "	1,000	5 2-5
260 B	13 " "	100	2
213 C	11 " "	100	2
252 C	5 March, "	1,000	6
734 B	29 July, "	100	5
327 C	24 October, "	500	2
— B	17 December, "	50	—
2921 B	" "	50	3
66 B	2 January 1841	1,000	6
2942 B	30 " "	50	5
— C	12 February, "	100	2
200 B	16 " "	100	2
158 B	" "	50	2
154 A	" "	50	2
163 A	23 " "	500	6
218 B	" "	500	6
171 C	3 March, "	1,000	6
1230 C	6 " "	100	6
134 B	" "	1,000	6
135 C	" "	1,000	6
240 C	" "	500	6
249 C	" "	500	6
19 A	9 " "	100	6
77 B	11 " "	500	6
78 C	" "	500	6
76 A	" "	500	6
81 C	" "	500	6
64 A	12 " "	1,000	6
557 B	31 " "	500	2
709 A	" "	50	6
527 B	5 April, "	1,000	6
528 C	" "	1,000	6
537 C	" "	1,000	6
553 A	" "	1,000	6
772 A	23 " "	500	2
200 B	30 " "	500	6
602 B	23 May "	500	6
487 A	3 " "	50	6
806 B	5 " "	1,000	6
401 B	6 " "	100	6
805 A	5 " "	1,000	6
395 B	6 " "	1,000	6
396 C	6 " "	1,000	6
408 C	6 " "	1,000	6
879 C	3 " "	1,000	6
394 A	6 " "	500	6
673 A	13 " "	500	6
675 C	" "	500	6
674 B	" "	50	2
579 C	26 " "	1,000	2
30 C	31 " "	1,000	2
33 C	" "	1,000	6
1160 B	7 June, "	50	2
751 A	15 " "	500	2
356 B	18 " "	1,000	5 2-5
112 A	28 " "	500	2
558 C	7 July, "	100	5 2-5
610 A	12 " "	500	5 2-5
220 A	" "	500	5 2-5
221 B	" "	100	5 2-5
612 C	" "	50	5 2-5
537 C	" "	50	5 2-5
129 C	" "	50	5 2-5
83 B	" "	50	5 2-5
691 A	" "	50	5 2-5
397 A	" "	50	5 2-5
520 A	" "	100	5 2-5
265 A	" "	100	5 2-5
399 C	" "	100	5 2-5
483 C	" "	50	5 2-5
721 A	" "	100	5 2-5
567 C	" "	50	5 2-5
440 B	" "	50	5 2-5
441 C	" "	100	5 2-5
377 B	" "	100	5 2-5
387 C	" "	50	5 2-5
762 C	" "	100	5 2-5
337 A	" "	100	5 2-5
389 B	" "	100	5 2-5
563 B	" "	50	5 2-5
421 A	" "	50	5 2-5
293 B	" "	50	5 2-5
294 C	" "	100	5 2-5
535 A	" "	50	5 2-5
599 B	" "	50	5 2-5
594 C	" "	50	5 2-5
713 B	" "	50	5 2-5
780 C	" "	50	5 2-5
571 A	" "	50	5 2-5
576 C	" "	50	5 2-5
600 C	" "	100	5 2-5
614 B	" "	500	2
205 A	30 September, "	500	2
206 B	" "	500	2
717 C	7 October, "	50	2
1122 C	" "	100	2
1045 A	" "	50	2
1308 C	5 November, "	100	2
1313 B	" "	100	2
1340 B	" "	100	2
1346 B	" "	50	2
1429 A	13 " "	100	2
765 C	19 " "	50	2
1552 A	24 " "	500	2
1658 B	25 " "	100	2
1666 A	1 December, "	100	2
1667 B	" "	100	2
1668 C	" "	100	2
1669 A	" "	100	2
1670 B	" "	100	2
1671 C	" "	100	2
1678 A	" "	500	2
840 C	10 " "	100	2
1884 C	23 " "	100	2
1867 A	" "	50	2
1790 B	" "	100	2
1954 A	" "	50	2
1912 A	" "	100	2
1908 C	" "	50	2
1792 A	" "	50	2
1906 A	" "	500	6
543 C	30 " "	500	6
542 B	" "	500	6
541 A	" "	500	6
538 A	" "	500	6
539 B	" "	500	6
548 C	" "	100	6
1616 B	31 " "	100	2
2208 C	" "	50	2
2208 C	" "	50	2
2245 A	" "	100	2
2253 C	" "	100	2
2326 A	" "	50	2
2246 B	" "	50	2
2247 C	" "	50	2
2248 A	" "	50	2
2170 A	" "	100	2
2278 A	" "	100	2
2279 B	" "	500	6
985 A	5 February, 1842	50	6
3940 C	" "	50	6
3960 A	" "	500	6
3469 B	" "	500	6
887 C	" "	100	6
882 A	" "	100	6
3739 B	" "	100	6
3740 C	" "	100	6
3492 A	" "	100	6
3499 B	" "	100	6
3500 C	" "	50	6
3501 A	" "	50	6
3943 B	" "	50	6
3944 C	" "	100	6
3945 C	" "	100	6
3490 A	" "	100	6
3733 B	" "	100	6
3734 C	" "	100	6
3735 A	" "	500	6
3745 A	" "	500	6
883 A	" "	500	6
880 A	" "	500	6
884 B	" "	500	6
881 B	" "	1,000	6
30 B	7 " "	50	6
4725 C	12 " "	100	6
4468 A	" "	100	6
4469 B	" "	100	6
4470 C	" "	100	6
1733 A	" "	100	6
1739 B	" "	100	6
1853 A	" "	100	6
1208 B	" "	500	6
2300 B	" "	100	6
333 C	" "	500	6
606 C	" "	500	6
4525 B	" "	100	6
4526 A	" "	100	6
331 A	" "	500	6
4391 B	" "	100	6
4479 C	" "	100	6
4816 A	14 February, 1842	100	6
5174 B	" "	50	6
2849 B	16 " "	100	6
3597 C	" "	100	6
3599 B	" "	100	6
3600 C	" "	50	6
3536 B	" "	50	6
3541 A	" "	50	6
3534 C	" "	50	6
3538 C	" "	100	6
3065 B	" "	100	6
2852 B	" "	50	6
4656 C	" "	50	6
4528 B	" "	100	6
3014 B	" "	100	6
3058 A	" "	100	6
3674 B	" "	100	6
5308 A	18 " "	500	6
1233 C	23 " "	500	6
1214 B	" "	500	6
1217 B	" "	500	6
1213 A	" "	500	6
1218 C	" "	500	6
1222 A	" "	500	6
1219 A	" "	500	6
1220 B	" "	500	6
1221 C	" "	500	6
1229 B	" "	500	6
1138 A	" "	500	6
1139 B	" "	100	6
6205 A	" "	100	6
6206 B	" "	50	6
8191 A	" "	50	6
8194 A	" "	50	6
8195 B	" "	50	6
8198 B	" "	50	6
8209 A	" "	50	6
8210 B	" "	50	6
8214 C	" "	50	6
8225 B	" "	100	6
6550 A	" "	50	6
8192 B	" "	100	6
6393 C	" "	100	6
6395 B	" "	100	6
6547 A	" "	50	6
8200 A	" "	500	6
8193 C	" "	50	6
8215 A	" "	50	6
8212 B	" "	50	6
8219 B	" "	50	6
8223 C	" "	50	6
8226 C	" "	50	6
8194 C	" "	500	6
1140 C	" "	100	6
6532 A	" "	100	6
6535 A	" "	100	6
6217 A	" "	100	6
6218 B	" "	100	6
6394 A	" "	50	6
7645 A	" "	100	6
6203 A	" "	100	6
6577 A	" "	100	6
6571 A	" "	100	6
6541 A	" "	50	6
8213 B	" "	50	6
8222 B	" "	50	6
8220 C	" "	50	6
8217 C	" "	50	6
8216 B	" "	50	6
8199 C	" "	50	6
8227 A	" "	50	6
8224 A	" "	100	6
6253 B	" "	100	6
6230 C	" "	100	6
6231 B	" "	100	6
6221 A	" "	100	6
6229 A	" "	100	6
6232 B	" "	100	6
6233 C	" "	100	6
8214 B	" "	100	6
6251 B	" "	100	6
6237 C	" "	50	6
6237 B	" "	50	6
6558 A	" "	500	6
1144 A	" "	100	6
6244 A	" "	100	6
6245 B	" "	50	6
7662 C	" "	100	6
6241 A	" "	500	6
1133 B	" "	50	6
7660 A	" "	50	6
7663 B	" "	50	6
7664 B	" "	50	6
7665 C	" "	50	6
7661 B	" "	500	6
1147 B	" "	100	6
3147 A	" "	91	6
67 A	" "	100	5 2-5
517 A	" "	50	6
6492 B	" "	100	6
6259 A	" "	100	6
6219 C	" "	50	6
7688 C	" "	500	6
1142 B	" "	100	6
6214 A	" "	100	6
6215 B	" "	50	6
7635 C	" "	100	6
7405 A	24 " "	100	6
7406 B	" "	100	6
7448 B	" "	1,000	6
893 B	2 March, "	100	6
8292 C	" "	500	6
1536 C	" "	100	6
8418 C	3 " "	100	6
8416 A	" "	500	6
1554 C	" "	1000	6
342 C	4 " "	50	6
10655 B	" "	50	6
10647 C	" "	50	6
10653 C	" "	50	6
10721 B	5 " "	50	6
10722 C	" "	1,000	6
382 A	" "	1,000	6
383 B	" "	1,000	6
359 B	" "	1,000	6
360 C	" "	100	6
8940 C	" "	100	6
8941 A	" "	500	6
1763 B	8 " "	500	6
1757 B	" "	50	6
145 A	" "	50	6
405 C	12 " "	1,000	6
1330 A	" "	500	6
12197 B	31 " "	100	6
544 A	" "	1,000	6
12395 B	" "	100	6
14850 C	" "	50	6
506 A	" "	1,000	6
12458 B	" "	100	6
12395 C	" "	100	6
12538 A	" "	100	6
12539 B	" "	100	6
12540 C	" "	50	6
14852 C	" "	100	6
11860 A	" "	100	6
11861 B	" "	1,000	6
531 A	31 March "	1,000	6
571 A	" "	1,000	6
540 C	" "	100	6
12496 A	" "	100	6
12497 B	" "	100	6
12498 C	" "	100	6
12049 C	" "	100	6
12916 A	1 April "	100	6
12918 C	" "	100	6
12917 B	" "	100	6
12919 A	" "	100	6
13004 B	2 " "	100	6
15839 B	" "	50	6
15822 C	" "	50	6
225 A	5 " "	50	6
624 C	6 " "	1,000	6
623 B	" "	1,000	6
625 A	" "	1,000	6
17764 A	12 " "	50	6
572 B	13 " "	1,000	6
15791 B	18 " "	100	6
760 A	19 " "	1,000	6
761 B	" "	1,000	6
762 C	" "	1,000	6
2418 C	" "	500	6
2419 A	" "	500	6
2420 B	" "	500	6
2421 C	" "	500	6
2417 B	" "	500	6
2425 A	" "	500	6
2426 B	" "	500	6
2427 C	" "	500	6
2502 C	" "	100	6
16,17 A	" "	100	6
16118 B	" "	100	6