FOR PRESIDENT,
JAMES BUCHANAN
Subject to the decision of a National Convention.

DAILY MORNING POST.

THS. PHILLIPS & WM. H. SMITH, EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS

FRIDAY, MAY 12, 1843.

See First Page.

☞Our notice, a few days since, of its article about the working men has brought the Advocate out with two more articles on the same same subject. Of the first of these we shall say little, for the editor agrees with us, mainly, in all the matters treated of. But the second, which appeared yesterday, deserves a passing notice. The editor concedes that there should be no *"legal restraint"* to prevent combination of workmen, and appears to oppose such movements chiefly because of their "impolicy." It should be truly gratifying to any one who has the welfare of the working man at heart to find the principle of punishing men for "striking for wages," thus formally disavowed, and this too, by a gentleman of the extensive legal experience and attainments possessed by the editor of the Advocate. It shows that the example of that barbarous age when the working people were compelled to hire themselves under regulations prescribed by laws in the making of which they had no voice, is falling into contempt. It gives us an assurance that we have seen the last of those tyrannous prosecutions for combinations which were so common in this city a few years since, and which generally resulted in the imprisonment of those who were found guilty. The working men have gained much, when, in the face of the former practice of the courts in such cases—an able jurist "concedes that operatives may lawfully form combinations to control the rate of wages."

But the editor of the Advocate pronounces strikes "impolitic" and "injurious."—We might admit that their immediate consequences may not be good. But operatives are compelled to resort to them as a "lesser evil." The ingenuity and shrewdness of the capitalist, whose increasing wealth begets a stronger desire for more, are ever active in devising ways to depress wages that his profits may increase thereby. The infamous "order system" was one of the most successful of these devices. For while it annoyed and oppressed the workman beyond measure, the employer *seemed* to be paying them liberal wages. Against such contrivances and schemes the workingmen have no defence but to combine and "strike." As long as they do not resort to such demonstrations, it is taken for granted they are satisfied with their wages, and no increase is tendered. We are not aware of any instance of a voluntary addition to wages by employers in any branch of trade in this section of country. Such things may have occurred, in times of rapid expansion, as in 1836, but the rates of wages were not then what they should have been—nor so good as they are now—as compared with the prices of subsistence. To remedy these evils, and keep wages at their natural and just level, workmen must act themselves—how they are to act effectively otherwise than by means of "strikes," we confess we cannot see.

An Old Chair, and a proper seat for the Algerine Ruler.—The Newport Herald boasts that the identical chair in which Gov B Arnold sat, one hundred and eighty years ago, and received and displayed the Charter of 1663, in presence of all the free men of the Colony—was introduced into the Senate Chamber on Tuesday, and filled by Gov S W King. It is perfectly right that the Algerine *King* should preserve all the mementoes of the power that formed the laws by which he rules the freemen of Rhode Island, and while seated in the chair occupied by *Arnold*—what an appropriate name for a Rhode Island Governor—he will doubtless utter a fervent prayer for a long continuance of the proscriptive principles of government that deprives a large portion of the people of the state of the rights of American citizens.

Good Luck.—Some workmen engaged in building a wall in the yard of Mr Benj Wilcox, corner of 11th and Walnut streets, Philadelphia, found on Monday morning, a canvass bag containing upwards of one hundred and fifty Spanish dollars, all antecedent to the date of 1752, buried about four feet under ground. The bag was so decayed that it fell to pieces as soon it was handled, but the specie was of course as good as ever. Mr Wilcox refused to accept of the money, and it was shared among the laborers, four in number. Among the coins was a very rare old silver piece of the Province of Massachusetts Bay, one of the first ever struck in this country, and commonly known as a pine three shilling.

At St Louis.—The murderers of the Santa Fe trader, Chavis. They are John and David McDaniel, Mason and Barry. The two latter have turned States' evidence. The trial will come on in the U. S. Court immediately; Gen Doniphan and Blannerhasset defending the prisoners, who have plenty of money.

Sentenced.—Eugene Clifford, at St Albans Vermont, for drowning his wife, to one year solitary confinement in the State prison, and *then to be hung.*

Times in New-York.

Things are beginning to assume a brighter and more cheerful appearance. The Commercial Advertiser says:—"Business is gradually assuming a more healthy and satisfactory appearance. The improvement which may be noted is not rapid, and it ought not to be so if it is expected to be permanent. Bitter and dear-bought experience has taught the community that fortunes speedily accumulated are as rapidly dissipated, and for a time at least we may look for more moderate operations and more certain profits.

That the spirit of speculation may again pervade the whole community is by no means improbable. Two or three years of successful business an accumulation of profits to warrant increased risks, a restoration to a certain extent of the General prosperity of the country, would, under ordinary circumstances, excite a disposition which, if encouraged by an expansion on the part of the banks, would lead to a general and rapid improvement in prices, and prepare the way for another overthrow. The experience of years has shown these changes to occur with almost periodical certainty, and while the community look for them in due season they nevertheless plunge into the vortex, each one trusting to his own superior sagacity to escape from the danger which he is satisfied will sooner or later overtake his associates

One experience is apt to follow another, and it is by no means unlikely that the scenes of 1836 may be again enacted in 1843. Such, we are aware, are the views of some individuals, but we cannot express our entire concurrence in the probability of such a result.

TIMES IN PHILADELPHIA.

Bicknell's Reporter says:—We still state with pleasure, that indications in our business walks are of the most cheering kind. The Spring trade has thus far been very fair, and in conversing with an intelligent merchant yesterday, he expressed the opinion that in the aggregate, it would prove better than for the last two years. A goodly number of merchants from the South and West have already been here, and although in most cases, the purchases have been moderate, most of them brought a liberal supply of cash, and thus were able to redeem a portion of their former obligations. On the whole, the trade has been wholesome and sound, and even those who croak loudest, and with the most pertinacity, concede that there is a gradual improvement. We took a ramble at the close of the week along the wharves and through most of the business thoroughfares and were not a little pleased at the aspect of activity and bustle. The goods are of various patterns, many of them very beautiful, and the prices were never lower. The country has certainly passed through great difficulties, and many merchants and traders are sadly depressed. But patience and perseverance will overcome much, and these, we are glad to perceive, are very generally exercised.

Tragedy in Mississippi.—We copy the following from the Jackson (Miss) Southron, of the 25th ult:

We learn from a gentleman direct from Boston, Yazoo county, some of the particulars of a most melancholy occurrence. It seems a Mr Trice had been hunting, and on his return he heard a noise in his gin-house. He called out and asked the cause: no answer was returned. He got off his horse and opened the door. A runaway negro and his wife, the property of a Mr Vaughn, where inside of the door. The negro man raised a rifle loaded with slugs and fired at Mr Trice, the slugs entering his body and head. He asked the negro why he had shot him, no answer was returned, whereupon he raised his gun and fired shot the man down, at the same time severely wounding the woman. Mr T. walked a few steps and sat down, in a few moments died.

The celebrated slave Latimer is lecturing at Lowell. He is giving his experience as a slave and the difficulties of his escape.—He is said to be a good looking young man, and tells his story in a simple and artless manner, which makes it attractive. He confesses that he practised a good deal of deception in getting off from his master.

Another turn-out.—The girls in the Chicopee cotton mills, near Springfield, Mass., have given notice to the employers that they shall quit, because the employers are imposing more work upon them without increasing their pay.

The Buonapartes.—We see in Mr Walsh's Paris correspondence of the 'National Intelligencer,' that the Prince de Montfort, son of Jerome Napoleon, is about to marry Isabella, the young Queen of Spain. The Prince is a nephew of the Emperor of Russia, and cousin of Queen Victoria. A nice family arrangement, which it is to be hoped will conduce to a nice preservation of that vascillating index, 'the balance of power.'

Another Strike by the Girls.—The girls in the Chicopee cotton mills, near Springfield, Mass have given notice to employers that they shall quit because the employers are imposing more work upon them, without increasing their pay. Perfectly right.

Qualifications for Office.—A man in Springfield makes the following announcement. He should be elected by all means.

'Phillip E. Barnett, federalist—has a wife and 13 children—poor—afraid to steal to lazy to work—and would like to be elected constable.'

Custom House Duties in New York in 1842.

Whole amount received, $12,272,070. Total accruing duties, $10,013,181.

The accruing duties for the first Quarter amounted to $3,929,762; second Quarter, $3,022,432; third Quarter, $1,892,246; fourth Quarter, $1,168,680.

An attempt was made on Monday afternoon last to assassinate Major Scott, of Philadelphia. He received a severe, but not dangerous flesh wound, in his body.

Wheat is getting up rapidly in Chicago. One person recently sold 10,000 bushels for 58 cents.

Upwards of 8,000 laborers will be employed on the Lachine Canal Canada, during the present season. The work will be finished in two or three years, when vessels of three hundred tons burden will be able to sail from the Atlantic to the Lakes.

Michigan will probably go for Gen Cass in the National Democratic Convention.

Lead.—The produce of the lead mines in the Mineral Point District of Wisconsin and Northern Illinois, was in 1842, upwards 32,000,000 lbs.

We Don't believe it.—An Ohio paper says that the Legislature of that State divorced a man from his wife, well knowing that his sole object was to marry another woman.

Coal.—The Forum says that several top sail brigs left Philadelphia on Monday loaded with coal.

The Whigs are crowing over the election of a Whig alderman in Detroit.

The mania for Stock speculations which has ruined so many, is again rife in the eastern cities.

Father Matthew is expected in this country in July.

A man named Cohen, is about to be tried at Charleston, S. C., for having robbed the mail when he was a boy, 6 years ago.

Mutiny.—Ten of the crew of the British ship Mersey, from London, were brought to Savannah on the 3d inst., in the Revenue Cutter Crawford, and lodged in prison on a charge of mutiny.

Steamboat Fare Reduced.—The fare on the steamboats between New Haven and New York is reduced to $1,50.

Peaches.—The peach orchards of Delaware are represented as promising an abundance of fruit this season.

The Shiners.—The Boston Bee says, the Hibernia brought out two millions and three hundred dollars in gold, and a full freight.

Humphreys, the celebrated line engraver unquestionably the first of his day, has recently left England, for a sojourn among his relatives and friends in the United States.

☞A slave named Andy, convicted in the Superior Court at Wilmington, N. C. last week, of arson, has been sentenced to be hung on the 19th of June next.

Hackett took his benefit at the Park Theatre last Monday evening. When will he be here?

On last Saturday a Soda Fountain in Allen's drug store, Cincinnati, exploded, hitting a clerk on the head and so injuring him as to endanger his life.

FLOUR—in Rochester is firm at 4,25—Wheat 80 to 90.

The Northumberland Bank now pays specie for all her obligations.

80,000 dollars from Matanoras and 25,000 from Mobile were received at New Orleans on the 27 ult.

The sale of the Miller papers in this city seems to be profitable.

The California War.—It will be remembered that sometime since a rumor went the rounds of the papers about the U S ship of war 'Alert,' spiking the cannon, &c at San Diego, in California. The Boston Post thus satisfactorily explains the rumor:—

Com Jones' squadron must not monopolize all the glory of the conquest of California—a little of it belongs to the ship Alert, Captain Phelps, of this port. The vessel was at anchor in the harbor of San Diego, last October, and had nearly all her stores, and part of ballast on shore ready for taking in cargo, when intelligence was received of a declaration of war between the United States and Mexico, and of the capture of Monterey by Com Jones; and that the soldiers from San Pedro (a place about three miles from San Diego) had received orders to proceed forthwith and capture the Alert. On the 28th of October the intelligence was confirmed by a party of hunters (American) who came on board the Alert with all their property, seeking protection from the anticipated movements of the hostile troops Capt Phelps immediately took possession of the fort ashore, spiked the guns, and then got their stores on board and everything ready for slipping his cables, if necessary. The Alert had four six pounders on board, which were brought to bear on the shore, and, as the vessel lay within pistol shot of the land, her guns fully commanded the beach. With a crew of sixteen men and boys, half a dozen hunters, (excellent riflemen) and plenty of arms and ammunition, Captain Phelps determined not to slip his cables or abandon his cargo on shore without burning a little gunpowder. Happily for the Mexicans, they kept out of the way until peace was declared. On the 1st of November the official intelligence of the evacuation of Monterey was received, and, as a matter of course, Capt Phelps ceased warlike operations, and commenced putting his ship in order for taking in cargo. The Alert is a fine, strong-built ship of about 400 tons, has a flush deck unincumbered with houses, and sails very well. She arrived at this port on Thursday afternoon.

Appointment by the President.—President Tyler has appointed the Hon *Caleb Cushing* Commissioner to China. This appointment is regarded by many as an excellent one, as Mr Cushing is intimately acquainted with the interests of our trade with China, and is well qualified for a faithful discharge of the duties confided to him.

Fourierism—The Sylvanians.

Twenty men, five of them with their wives, are now in Lackawaxen, Pike county, preparing for about fifty more, who will be there in June. Nex October two hundred more are expected, if their edifice can be completed against that time. In May 1844, it is expected that 500 men with their families will be in the association.

England.—The prospect of better times in England is cheering. There has been an improved demand for goods in all the manufacturing districts.

For the Post.

Public Improvement by the General Government.

It appears by the public journals of this city, that certain improvements in the channel of the Ohio river, are about to be commenced by the general government, under supervision of Capt Saunders of the Engineer corps. These improvements contemplate the completion of works partly finished some two years since, but which for want of the necessary appropriations by Congress, had been suspended. The Ohio river is most assuredly, a great public highway; it is the outlet from Pennsylvania to a majority of the States of this Union. It numbers a section of country, unequalled upon this continent, for fertility, wealth and beauty. The commercial relations subserved by the free and uninterrupted navigation of the Ohio—the amount of manufactures shipped and transhipped upon its waters, are evidences to establish the claims of right and of interest, in favor of a liberal construction of the constitution for the improvements about to be made. Had the work been successfully prosecuted for the last two years, our citizens would have experienced benefits in the carrying trade of no inconsiderable value. Pittsburgh, will, under the effects of Capt. Saunders' judicious improvements, when completed, be truly the "head of navigation" upon the Western waters.

To the traveling community, it will be important to learn, that at all seasons of the year, (the closing of the river by ice only excepted) Steam boats will be in readiness at the Pittsburgh wharf to convey passengers to the various States bordering upon the Ohio and Mississippi rivers, and embracing a direct route to New Orleans.

But it was intended to speak of the works to be constructed, and we find ourselves viewing the ground in point of public utility. The works are matters only understood by practical Engineers, their effect may be judged by every man who wishes well to the public interest. We are fully persuaded the ability, intelligence and experience of Captain Saunders, will be manifest in the prosecution of these public improvements referred to.

CITIZENS.

The Murderer of Ellen Jewett.—Young Robinson is yet alive. A gentleman of New Orleans, who is acquainted with the whereabouts of the "innocent boy," and knows what his occupation has been for some years past, proposes to publish his life. Robinson has been drowned, shot, had his right arm severed from his body, and been vaccinated as a midshipman on board an U. S. ship of war, at various times and in various papers; it seems, however, that he still walks the earth beneath the heavy burden of a guilty conscience.

TO the Honorable the Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and the county of Allegheny.

The petition of Jas McDonnell of the township of Lower St. Clair, in said county, humbly shewth That he is well provided with house room and other conveniences for the accommodation of strangers and travelers, at the house now occupied by him as a tavern; and being desirous to continue in that business he prays your honors to grant him a license to keep an Inn or house of Public Entertainment.—And he will pray, &c.

JAMES McDONNELL.

The undersigned citizens of the township of Lower St Clair, respectfully certify that the above named applicant is a gentleman of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation for lodging of strangers and travelers, and that said tavern is necessary.

Bernard Flanigan,	John Silk,
John Graham,	Owen Flannigan,
John Alison,	Griffith Jones,
J P Ross,	Jeremiah Dunlavy,
Michael Carlan,	Nelson Jones,
Daniel Haughey,	B Hogan,

may 12—3t.

TO the Honorable Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the county of Allegheny.

The petition of Alexander Stewart of the 4th ward of Allegheny, in the county aforesaid, humbly sheweth. That your petitioner hath provided himself with materials for the accommodation of travelers and others at his dwelling house in the city and ward aforesaid, and prays that your honors will grant him a license to keep a Public House of Entertainment. And your petitioner as in duty bound will pray. ALEX. STEWART.

We the subscribers, citizens of the 4th ward Allegheny, do certify that the above petitioner is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniencies for the accommodation and lodging of strangers and travelers, and that the said tavern is necessary.

Samuel Hamilton,	G L D ane,
Mich Crawford,	James Wilson,
Robt Battie,	James Orr,
Hugh Sweeny,	Thos Gardner,
E Derby,	D Young,
S Lightcap,	Jas E Gordon

may 12—3t.

TO the Honorable the Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the county of Allegheny.

The petition of James Kearny of the Fifth Ward of the city of Pittsburgh in the county aforesaid, humbly sheweth. That your petitioner hath provided himself with materials for the accommodation of travelers and others at his dwelling house in the city and ward aforesaid, and prays that your honors will grant him a license to keep a public house of entertainment. And your petitioner as in duty bound, will pray.

JAMES KEARNEY.

We the subscribers, citizens of the Fifth Ward, city of Pittsburgh, do certify that the above petitioner is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniencies for the accommodation and lodging of strangers and travelers, and that said tavern is necessary.

Robert Glass,	Samuel Biggem
James Scott	Thomas Willson
John Young	Alexander Glass
Anthony Pfrangle	John Marken
Anthony Benitz	James Gosling
George Irwin	George Porter

may 12, 1843—3td&w*

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, May 8, 1843.

IN a descriptive list of Treasury Notes, constituting a package made up at the Custom House, New Orleans, and alledged to have been transmitted to the First Auditor of the Treasury, published on the 22d ult. the following errors exist:

No 602, B. 21 May, 1841, should be 23d May, 1841.
No 3489, C. should be 3490, and No 57, A. should be No. 67.

The papers that were authorized to publish the original list will make this correction.

J. C. SPENCER. *Secretary of the Treasury.*

NOTICE.
TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
April 22, 1843.

INFORMATION has been received, that on the 26th day of July last, a package was made up at the office of the Collector of the Customs at New Orleans, containing —— treasury notes of the United States, which had been received at that office, and had been paid and cancelled by writing upon their face, and by a receipt endorsed upon them, which package has not been received. It has been ascertained that some of the notes thus paid and cancelled have been paid into the custom-houses and to receivers of public moneys, bearing very slight indications, if any, of a prior cancellation; from which it is apprehended that others, of the same description may be in circulation. As these notes are wholly invalid, and cannot be received, or in any way acknowledged by the Treasury, it is deemed proper to publish the following extract of them, that the public may be on their guard against receiving them.

J. C. SPENCER.
SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

List of Treasury Notes referred to in the above notice.

Number & letter.	Date of Note.	Amount of Note.	Rate per cent.
3354 C	10 November, 1837	100	2
6929 B	23 June, 1838	50	6
6643 A	25 August, 1840	50	2
388 A	1 May, "	1,000	5 2-5
252 C	6 " "	100	2
260 B	13 " "	100	2
213 C	11 " "	1,000	6
252 C	5 March, "	100	5
734 B	29 July, "	500	2
327 C	24 October, "	50	—
— B	17 December, "	50	3
2921 B	" "	1,000	6
56 B	2 January 1841	50	5
2942 B	30 " "	100	2
— C	12 February, "	100	2
200 B	16 " "	50	2
158 B	" "	50	2
154 A	" "	500	8
163 A	23 " "	500	6
218 B	" "	1,000	6
171 C	3 March, "	100	6
1230 C	6 " "	1,000	6
134 B	" "	1,000	6
138 C	" "	500	6
249 C	" "	500	6
19 A	9 " "	500	6
77 B	11 " "	500	6
78 C	" "	500	6
76 A	" "	500	6
81 C	" "	1,000	6
64 A	12 " "	500	2
557 B	31 " "	50	6
709 A	" "	1,000	6
527 B	5 April, "	1,000	6
528 C	" "	1,000	6
537 C	" "	1,000	6
553 A	" "	1,000	6
772 A	23 " "	500	2
200 B	30 " "	500	8
602 B	23 May "	500	6
407 A	3 " "	50	6
806 B	5 " "	1,000	6
404 B	6 " "	100	6
805 A	5 " "	1,000	6
395 B	6 " "	1,000	6
396 C	6 " "	1,000	6
405 C	6 " "	1,000	6
879 C	3 " "	1,000	6
394 A	6 " "	500	6
673 A	13 " "	500	6
675 C	" "	500	6
674 B	" "	50	2
579 C	26 " "	1,000	2
30 C	31 " "	1,000	2
33 C	" "	1,000	6
1160 B	7 June, "	50	2
751 A	15 " "	500	6
356 B	18 " "	500	6
112 A	28 " "	100	5
558 C	7 July, "	100	5 2-5
610 A	12 " "	500	5 2-5
220 A	" "	500	5 2-5
221 B	" "	100	5 2-5
612 C	" "	100	5 2-5
537 C	" "	50	5 2-5
129 C	" "	50	5 2-5
83 B	" "	50	5 2-5
691 A	" "	50	5 2-5
397 A	" "	50	5 2-5
520 A	" "	100	5 2-5
265 A	" "	100	5 2-5
393 C	" "	100	5 2-5
463 C	" "	50	5 2-5
721 A	" "	100	5 2-5
567 C	" "	100	5 2-5
440 B	" "	100	5 2-5
441 C	" "	50	5 2-5
377 B	" "	50	5 2-5
307 C	" "	50	5 2-5
762 C	" "	100	5 2-5
337 A	" "	100	5 2-5
389 B	" "	50	5 2-5
553 B	" "	50	5 2-5
421 A	" "	50	5 2-5
293 B	" "	50	5 2-5
294 C	" "	100	5 2-5
535 A	" "	500	5 2-5
599 B	" "	100	5 2-5
594 C	" "	100	5 2-5
713 B	" "	50	5 2-5
780 C	" "	50	5 2-5
571 A	" "	50	5 2-5
576 C	" "	50	5 2-5
600 C	" "	100	5 2-5
614 B	" "	500	2
205 A	30 September, "	500	2
206 B	" "	500	2
717 C	7 October, "	50	2
1122 C	" "	100	2
1045 A	" "	50	2
1308 C	5 November, "	100	2
1313 B	" "	100	2
1340 B	" "	100	2
1348 B	" "	50	2
1423 A	13 " "	100	2
765 C	19 " "	50	2
1552 A	24 " "	500	2
1658 B	25 " "	100	2
1666 A	1 December, "	100	2
1667 B	" "	100	2
1668 C	" "	100	2
1669 A	" "	100	2
1670 B	" "	100	2
1671 C	" "	100	2
1678 A	" "	500	2
840 C	10 " "	100	2
1884 C	23 " "	100	2
1857 A	" "	100	2
1790 B	" "	100	2
1954 A	" "	50	2
1912 A	" "	100	2
1908 C	" "	50	2
1792 A	" "	50	2
1906 A	" "	500	6
543 C	30 " "	500	6
542 B	" "	500	6
541 A	" "	500	6
538 A	" "	500	6
539 B	" "	500	6
546 C	" "	100	6
1618 B	31 " "	100	2
2208 C	" "	50	2
2203 C	" "	50	2
2245 A	" "	100	2
2283 C	" "	100	2
2326 A	" "	50	2
2246 B	" "	50	2
2247 C	" "	50	2
2248 A	" "	50	2
2170 A	" "	100	2
2278 A	" "	100	2
2279 B	" "	500	6
985 A	5 February, 1842	50	6
3940 A	" "	50	6
3960 C	" "	50	6
3469 A	" "	500	6
887 B	" "	500	6
882 C	" "	100	6
3739 A	" "	100	6
3740 B	" "	100	6
3492 C	" "	100	6
3499 A	" "	100	6
3500 B	" "	100	6
3501 C	" "	50	6
3943 A	" "	50	6
3944 B	" "	50	6
3945 C	" "	100	6
3490 C	" "	100	6
3733 A	" "	100	6
3734 B	" "	100	6
3735 C	" "	100	6
3745 A	" "	500	6
880 A	" "	500	6
883 A	" "	500	6
884 B	" "	500	6
880 B	" "	1,000	6
20 B	7 " "	50	6
4735 C	12 " "	100	6
4468 A	" "	100	6
4469 B	" "	100	6
4470 C	" "	100	6
1733 A	" "	100	6
1739 B	" "	100	6
1963 A	" "	500	6
1298 B	" "	100	6
2300 B	" "	500	6
333 C	" "	500	6
606 C	" "	100	6
4525 B	" "	100	6
4526 A	" "	500	6
331 A	" "	100	6
4391 B	" "	100	6
4479 C	" "	100	6
4816 A	14 February, "	50	6
5174 B	" "	100	6
2849 B	16 " "	100	6
3597 C	" "	100	6
3599 B	" "	100	6
3600 C	" "	50	6
3536 B	" "	50	6
3541 A	" "	50	6
3534 C	" "	50	6
3538 C	" "	100	6
3065 B	" "	100	6
2852 B	" "	50	6
4656 C	" "	50	6
4523 B	" "	100	6
3014 B	" "	100	6
3058 A	" "	100	6
3674 B	" "	100	6
5308 A	18 " "	500	6
1233 C	23 " "	500	6
1214 B	" "	500	6
1217 B	" "	500	6
1213 A	" "	500	6
1218 C	" "	500	6
1222 A	" "	500	6
1219 A	" "	500	6
1220 B	" "	500	6
1221 C	" "	500	6
1229 B	" "	500	6
1138 A	" "	500	6
1139 B	" "	100	6
6205 A	" "	100	6
6206 B	" "	50	6
8191 A	" "	50	6
8194 A	" "	50	6
8195 B	" "	50	6
8198 B	" "	50	6
8209 A	" "	50	6
8210 B	" "	50	6
8214 C	" "	50	6
8225 B	" "	100	6
6550 A	" "	50	6
8192 B	" "	100	6
6393 C	" "	100	6
6395 B	" "	100	6
6547 A	" "	50	6
8200 A	" "	50	6
8193 C	" "	50	6
8215 A	" "	50	6
8218 A	" "	50	6
8219 B	" "	50	6
8223 C	" "	50	6
8226 C	" "	50	6
8196 C	" "	500	6
1140 C	" "	100	6
6532 A	" "	100	6
6535 A	" "	100	6
6217 A	" "	100	6
6218 B	" "	100	6
6394 A	" "	50	6
7645 A	" "	100	6
6208 A	" "	100	6
6577 A	" "	50	6
6571 A	" "	100	6
6541 A	" "	50	6
8213 B	" "	50	6
8222 B	" "	50	6
8220 C	" "	50	6
8217 C	" "	50	6
8216 B	" "	50	6
8199 C	" "	50	6
8227 A	" "	50	6
8224 A	" "	100	6
6233 A	" "	100	6
6230 B	" "	100	6
6231 C	" "	100	6
6221 B	" "	100	6
6329 A	" "	100	6
6232 A	" "	100	6
6243 B	" "	100	6
8234 C	" "	100	6
6251 B	" "	100	6
6237 B	" "	100	6
6237 C	" "	50	6
7656 B	" "	500	6
1141 A	" "	100	6
6244 A	" "	100	6
6245 B	" "	50	6
7664 C	" "	100	6
6241 A	" "	100	6
1133 B	" "	500	6
7668 A	" "	50	6
7663 A	" "	50	6
7664 B	" "	50	6
7665 C	" "	50	6
7661 B	" "	100	6
1147 B	" "	91	6
2147 A	" "	100	5 2-5
67 A	" "	50	6
517 A	" "	100	6
8402 B	" "	100	6
6250 A	" "	50	6
6219 C	" "	500	6
7680 C	" "	500	6
1142 B	" "	100	6
6214 A	" "	100	6
6215 B	" "	50	6
7635 C	" "	100	6
7405 A	24 " "	100	6
7406 B	" "	100	6
7448 B	2 March, "	1,000	6
393 B	" "	100	6
8292 C	" "	500	6
1536 C	3 " "	100	6
8418 C	" "	100	6
8416 A	" "	500	6
1554 C	" "	1,000	6
348 C	4 " "	50	6
10655 B	" "	50	6
10647 C	" "	50	6
10653 C	" "	50	6
10721 B	5 " "	50	6
10722 C	" "	1,000	6
382 A	" "	1,000	6
383 B	" "	1,000	6
359 B	" "	1,000	6
360 C	" "	100	6
8940 C	" "	100	6
8941 A	" "	500	6
1763 B	8 " "	500	6
1757 B	" "	50	6
145 A	" "	1,000	6
405 C	12 " "	500	6
1930 A	" "	100	6
12197 B	31 " "	1,000	6
544 A	" "	100	6
12395 B	" "	50	6
14850 C	" "	1,000	6
586 A	" "	100	6
12458 B	" "	100	6
12293 C	" "	100	6
12538 A	" "	100	6
12539 B	" "	100	6
12540 C	" "	50	6
14652 C	" "	100	6
11860 A	" "	100	6
11861 B	" "	1,000	6
530 A	31 March "	1,000	6
571 A	" "	1,000	6
540 C	" "	100	6
12496 A	" "	100	6
12497 B	" "	100	6
12498 C	" "	100	6
12048 C	" "	100	6
12916 A	1 April "	100	6
12918 C	" "	100	6
12917 B	" "	100	6
1919 A	" "	100	6
13001 B	2 " "	50	6
15839 B	" "	50	6
15822 C	" "	53	6
236 A	5 " "	1,000	6
624 C	6 " "	1,000	6
623 B	" "	1,000	6
625 A	" "	50	6
17784 A	12 " "	1,000	6
572 B	13 " "	100	6
15791 B	18 " "	1,000	6
760 A	19 " "	1,000	6
761 B	" "	1,000	6
762 C	" "	500	6
2418 C	" "	500	6
2419 A	" "	500	6
2420 B	" "	500	6
2421 C	" "	500	6
2417 B	" "	500	6
2425 A	" "	500	6
2426 B	" "	500	6
2427 C	" "	500	6
2802 C	" "	100	6
16117 A	" "	100	6
16118 B	" "	100	6