FOR PRESIDENT,
JAMES BUCHANAN,
Subject to the decision of a National Convention.

DAILY MORNING POST.

THS. PHILLIPS & WM. H. SMITH, EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS

FRIDAY, MARCH 31, 1843.

See First Page.

Excitement upon the Border—A Citizen of Aroostook County Arrested by British Authority and Rescued by American Arms.—We learn, says the Phila. Mercury, from the Bangor Whig, that an American citizen by the name of Daniel Savage, living within the jurisdiction of the State of Maine, and claiming the protection of her laws, has been carried off on a civil suit by individuals known to be authorized agents of the authorities of the Province of New Brunswick, on the 11th inst., and as the United States Troops aided in affecting this rescue, the case must be an exciting one; but no particular account of the circumstances has been given.

A meeting was held by the citizens of Hancock Plantations, and resolutions adopted recommending that measures be immediately taken to avoid collision with the authorities of New Brunswick, and appealing to the government through their representatives for protection.

The resolution also embraced a vote of thanks to Capt. Webster, commanding the U. S. Troops at Fort Kent, "for so promptly furnishing assistance to the civil authorities to recapture our citizens on our own soil, as defined by the late treaty, and to secure and bring the offender to justice."

What the result will be, is uncertain; but we fear that the difficulties will not end here.

Export of Bread Stuffs.—It appears from the official returns, that the whole quantity of flour exported from the United States in the year ending in September, 1841, was 1,529,647 barrels, of which 833,255 barrels, or considerably more than half, went to Great Britain and her colonies. The whole quantity of wheat exported in the same year, was 868,585 bushels, of which 850,865 bushels being nearly the whole, went to England and her dependencies. It is supposed that the late reduction of duties in England, will make the quantity taken still greater, and if the advocates of the entire repeal of the corn laws should succeed, it will become immense.

The case of young Mercer.—The Camden Eagle says that there is much testimony in Mercer's favor, more than the world is yet in possession of, and enough to constitute a full legal defence, and secure for him an acquittal. The bill of indictment found by the Grand Jury contains three counts, the first of which charges Singleton Mercer with shooting and killing Heberton with a ball from a pistol in the township of Camden, New Jersey. The second count charges the murder to have been committed with a ball from a six-barrelled pistol. In the third count, the killing is charged as having occurred on the river Delaware, within the concurrent jurisdiction of New Jersey and Pennsylvania—and Mercer was first arrested and prosecuted in New Jersey. Judge Elmer will preside at the trial, assisted by Judge Norris. A large number of witnesses have been named, but it is thought that many of them will refuse to go forward and testify, as the details are not likely to do much honor to the parties who were engaged, directly or indirectly, in the affair.

Fire in Louisville.—On Friday night last about midnight, to appearance from reflection, the whole city of Louisville was on fire. It was the buildings on the corner of Main and 7th streets. Several small brick building and the rear of the Western Hotel were damaged, also the tobacco warehouse of W. N. Bullet & Co. Several small frame buildings were entirely consumed. One hundred and fifty hogsheads of tobacco were destroyed.—The snow fell thick, which prevented the further spread of the conflagration. The whole atmosphere was illuminated. It was said to be the work of an incendiary.

Waylaid.—A man named Mullen, was recently waylaid in 5th street, Cincinnati, and cut so badly with an axe by a man named Collins, that his life is despaired of

Hon. George Robinson, Chief Justice of the Supreme Conrt of Kentucky, has resigned his office.

Murder.—A quarrel took place a week or two since at Napoleon, in Arkansas, between two young men, one named Anderson and the other Baily. Anderson fired a pistol, the shot taking effect in the breast of Baily, who expired in a few minutes. The homicide was instantly arrested and committed to jail.

Another.—One John H. Rawle, in Phillips county, in the same State, recently shot and killed a man by the name of Werner P. Loomis.

Another Earthquake in the West Indies.—The Charleston Courier learns from Captain Smith, of the schooner Francis Cannaday, arrived at that city, that a second shock of an earthquake was experienced at the north part of Guodaloupe, on the 3d inst. At the time a captain of a vessel off the north point of the island stated that it shook his vessel with much severity that it was with difficulty the crew could keep their feet. A dense cloud of smoke ascended from the vicinity of Bassatre, and serious fears were entertained for the safety of that place. It was quite sickly at Point Petre, caused from the offensiveness of the ruins of the town. A shock of an earthquake was also felt at St. Thomas on the 5th inst., about half past nine o'clock at night. No material damage was done.

Election of State Printer.

On last Monday the Legislature attempted to elect a State Printer, for three years, in accordance with the provisions of the law lately adopted, but after spending the day in balloting and debating, the matter was posponed until to day 12 o'clock. We observe that our neighbors of the Advocate and Gazette were candidates, and each got one vote. Mr. Hultz voted for D. N. White and Mr Sheridan voted for G. Parkin; we don't think that either of them will be elected. Mr. Bratton of the State Capital Gazette, and Mr. Dimock of the Reporter, appear to be the two prominent candidates. On the 2d ballot the former received 52 votes and the latter 53. Those who voted for Mr. Bratton were all democrats, while a majority of Mr. Dimmock's supporters were whigs and 'blue noses.'

We do not rightly understand the course pursued by the democratic members in this matter. Mr. Bratton, we believe was settled on in caucus as the candidate of the party, of his competency to perform the work, we think there could be no doubt, and so far as we have observed, his democracy is more reliable and consistent than that of any of the other Harrisburgh offices. We are at a loss then, to know why he was not elected, or why the democratic members would not support the caucus nomination. There were some democrats voted with the whigs that we were surprised to find in such company and we hope the reasons that induced them to pursue the course they did, are sufficient to justify their conduct.

Two thousand two hundred and fifty two dollars were realized at a fair lately held in Cincinnati, for the benefit of the orphans of St. Peter's Asylum.

New Paper.—We have neglected to notice, heretofore, the appearance of a new paper, at Harrisburgh, entitled the "Harrisburgh Argus." It is edited by Mr. V. Best, who is also, we believe, the editor and proprietor of the Danville Intelligencer. The Argus is of the largest size, and makes a very handsome appearance. It professes to be democratic and has hoisted the name of Gen. Cass as its candidate for the Presidency.

The town-clock of South Second street Philadelphia, wants veracity, greasingand 'that glib and *oily* art' that Cordelia speaks of. It frequently cheats men of easy habits out of their bitters, by not giving the true 'grog-time of day'

Extraordinary feat of Horsemanship.—The Cork Examiner states that an immense crowd flocked to all parts of that city, for the purpose of getting a chance to witness a daring exploit performed by a person named Hughes, in driving *fifteen horses in hand.* The horses were harnessed to a vehicle resembling a mail coach, and he handled the ribbons, and turned the different corners, with as much seeming ease as if he was only driving tandem. The horses were remarkably beautiful and docile animals, and obeyed with singular precision and unity of purpose the movements of their able whip.

This is a feat that McCullum, whose skillful management of four horses at the Amphitheatre, has made him so popular, might practice.

Emigration.—It is said in the eastern papers that emigration from England the ensuing year will be unusually large, as it is encouraged by the Government still more extensively than hitherto, in hopes perhaps of getting rid of a portion of the disconcerted and suffering among the population, to enjoy more quiet and security at home. It is stated in a Liverpool paper, that there will be a very large emigration of working people from that part to the United States. A considerable portion of them will proceed to New Orleans. They will not, probably, find so good encouragement here as they anticiparte, yet they may do better than in King-ridden, noble-ridden, tax-ridden, army-ridden and mammoth-bank-ridden Britain.

A new Indian Drama has been produced in Cincinnati.

The Reform Bill.

We learn from the Reporter that this bill when last before the House proposed the following items of retrenchment. After January, 1845, the Governor is to be paid a salary of $3000 per annum. Chief Justice of the Supreme court (hereafter to be appointed) $1800. Associates $1600, and 3 per day while on circuit and travelling. County Associate Judges (hereafter to be appointed) $150 The Secretary of Commonwealth, after May next, $1200; and as Superintendent of Common Schools the additional sum of $500. Auditor General after May next, $1200, Secretary of the Land Office and Surveyor General, each $1000. State Treasurer $1200. Adjutant General $100. Attorney General $225. Deputy Secretary of the Commonwealth, Deputy Surveyor General, Deputy Secretary of the Land Office, First Clerk in State Treasurers office, each $700. Clerks in the various offices $600. Members of the legislature $2 per day and mileage. Canal Commissioners, $3 per diem and no traveling expenses. Secretary of the Board of Canal Commissioners, $900 and but one to be appointed. Clerks of the two Houses of the Legislature, each $3 per day during session and a salary of $200 per annum, and a reasonable compensation for indexing journals.—Assistant Clerks $3 per day, and a salary of $100 each. The Transcribing Clerks $3 and mileage. Sergeant at Arms and Door Keeper $2 per day during session, and 15 cents for travelling expenses, Assistants $2 per day. Messengers $1 50 per day. Principal Engineer of the State 1000 dol. salary, and 15 cents mileage, the office to be abolished after one year if the Canal Commissioners choose. Supprintendents of Motive Power 2 dols. per day. Supervisors 2 dol. per day. Collector at Philadelphia 1000 dols. At Columbia, Johnstown, Hollidaysburgh and Pittsburg, each 700, and $400 for Clerk hire. No additional Weighmasters to be appointed. All other Collectors whose receipts exceed 50,000 dols, 50 dolls. per month. Weighmaster at Philadelphia 60 dolls per month. At Columbia 40 dolls., and all others 30 dolls. per month.

More time and money has been spent in discussing the proposed reform, than would swallow all the savings it could effect in ten years. We have a wise and prudent set of legislators, very.

The Spring Trade—Checking.

Business has fully commenced in Philadelphia. Large numbers of Southern and Western Merchants are there, and the thoroughfares present an active and cheerful appearance. Bicknell's Reporter says:—"We have conversed with several buyers as well as sellers, and the sentiment is almost universal that affairs are gradually improving The disposition in the country is to get out of debt. This, the great mass of honest dealers are determined to do, no matter how painful the ordeal. There can be no true independence, they argue, where a man is pressed down by money obligations.—His thoughts, his movements, are not his own under such circumstances. The moral feeling, we are also told, is much better, while a spirit of economy is every where encouraged.—This is the true policy, and sooner or later will be productive of salutary consequences. The cash system is also a more prominent feature of the times than it has been for years. We know of some merchants from the West who have made all their purchases this Spring for cash. Sound traders, however, and good men, all, for example who have kept good accounts, and whose characters have been fully tested by experience, are readily trusted. The disposition among our wholesale dealers is liberal and fair. While they exercise due vigilance with regard to suspected persons or men who have deceived them heretofore they do not hesitate to sell freely at 3 6 and sometimes 9 months, to dealers who are a little in arrears, and who have exhibited a proper feeling heretofore in keeping up their credit. At one of our leading hotels last week, there were 250 persons, most of them merchants from the South and West.

Singular Escape.—An old man, named Tremange, living about fifteen miles from Baltimore, on the Bel air road, was out on Thursday afternoon, during the severe snow storm, looking for his sheep, and night coming on, he became bewildered, and remained all night in a snow drift. He was found next morning, about 10 o'clock, by some persons in search of him, and was speechless, but recovered soon after being taken home. He is nearly 80 years old.

Tribute to respect.—Efforts are now in progress in Baltimore, to obtain a gold medal, to be presented in honor of the six original Washingtonians, on the 5th of April next, the day of the contemplated great Temperance Jubilee in that city

One of the South Ward delegation in the great 'blue nose' convention, declared that he had always been an Antimason. If we are not mistaken, he is the same gentleman who renounced locofocoism in 1840, by a letter to a meeting of straight-outs held in a groggery behind the Court House.

Distress in England.—The distress at Newcastle, England, at the last accounts was so great that 5120 persons were receiving indoor or out-door relief; and there were 480 inmates in the Union Workhouse. In Leeds, the relief granted to outdoor papers, was £3000 more than it was three years ago, and the number of applicants had increased from 3481 to 14,839.

Great Fire in Boston—Loss of Life.—A very destructive fire broke out about a quarter past one o'clock this morning in the large and extensive storeshouse situated at the corner of Washington and School streets The building was occupied by W. R. and A. H. Sumner as a china and crockery store Wilkinsons & co's piano manufactory, and Benjamin Woods watch and jewelery establishment, and Wm. H. Dean's boot and shoe ware-house.

A wall fell down upon three persons whose lives are disparred of.

A Boston paper says that it is not more difficult for a Frenchman to make olive oil out of lard, than to make a fricassee out of a pair of old slippers.

The Virginia Legislature have adjourned on Satu-

A Tough Tale.

The Cincinnati Sun gives, what it calls the "Full Particulars of the Wonderful Sights seen by the Pilot of the Wm. Penn in the Sky, on Tuesday night, March 21." We do not know what to make of it upon the whole; for we cannot think that the editor would attempt to hoax the public with such a story, if he did not think it true.

About 11 or 12 o'clock, P. M., it being a star light night, Mr. Francis, the pilot, saw a light burst forth which appeared to light up the whole face of the earth. The Captain, who was sitting in the cabin, also saw the light and ran to the guard to discover the cause.

Mr. Francis now being very anxious to discover whence this strange light came, looked diligently out at the side of the pilot-house, in rather a south-west course, but nearly overhead, when he saw the outlines of a *Serpent* in the sky, in a crooked position, except the tail, which was straight the head toward the East. It turned to a livid bright red, deep and awful, and remained stationary in the stars. Mr. Frances watched it for two or three minutes, when the tail part disappeared nearly to the middle, and the remainder in a gradual manner formed into a distinct Roman

G

Mr. F. had time now to mind the channel of the river, and deliberate upon the beauty and grandeur of a letter in the sky! It was remarkably interesting to him, as may well be supposed, from the accuracy of its formation. After about one minute and a half, he watching it and the boat alternately, it changed, turning into a distinct

O

as perfect as was ever seen, in which position it remained as before. Mr. F. stated that he was surprised greatly at this, but not scared or frightened in the least, and immediately tapped the bell for the Captain to witness the scene. The Captain did not come immediately, but after a moment or two appeared, but ere this, the figure in the heavens had changed to a plain distinct letter

D

The Captain said to Mr. F. 'What's wanting.

'Come here quick,' said Mr. F., 'and look up yonder, did you ever see the like?'

The Captain answered, 'I see it!' and looked at it till it disappeared.

Mr F. states that when the O turned to a D it formed a kind of oblong shape, and then came straight on one side as a D should be. When it disappeared, it turned into the same oblong shape as before, and, gradually the sky returned to its original appearance.

Mr. Frances states that he did not leave the wheel of the boat, but steered it to this city. He declares that let others think or say as they will, what he has related is strictly true. He is no Millerite, neither is he crazy or frightened, and if gentlemen or ladies will call upon him he will convince them that what he has told is truth. Captain Pratzman remarked at the time, that it was something quite inexplicable, and was sorry he did not come to the deck sooner so as to have had a full view of this grand, wonderful and unaccountable phenomenon.

Santa Fe Trade:—The Western Missourian of the 8th, published at Independence in that State, says:

'We are assured upon the most respectable authority, that there is now a combination forming on the Indian territory on the Western border of this county, for the purpose of robbing the Santa Fe and Chihuahua traders as they return this spring; and we have so much confidence in the source of this information that we cannot for a moment doubt its authenticity. Men are engaged in the combination who are well known to this community, and an exposition of their names, (which by the by, prudence dictates would not be expedient at this time,) would strike many with surprise and chagrin. There are several either actually engaged with this banditti or conniving at their purposes, who pass among us as respectable citizens and honest men; and who, but for this accidental discovery might have consumated their designs with impunity. Such are the *facts* the *particulars* may be given herafier.'

The Missouri Reporter says:—A petition signed by many citizens of Jackson co., has been forwarded to the Secretary of War, requesting him to order the troops now stationed at Fort Levenworth, to march immediately to the protection of the traders We are surprised that any citizens of this State should be concerned in so villainous a conspiracy, and we think justice requires a full exposure of their names and rascality.

The Educated Woman.

The *educated* woman forms the nucleus of society at home. Her husband loves her because she is good, venerates her because she is wise. Her domicile becomes his library and his reading room, and there is the repository of solid wisdom—not merely the gilded annuals spread out for show, but some of the perrenial too—the Miltons, the Popes, and Addisons, and Johnsons. Not the mere butter-fly wing productions of the day, with gaudy covers and virgin pages, unsoiled and untouched, unless where the pictured Medora droops her languid head, or My Uncle Toby peeps in the Widow Wadman's Eye: but volumes of history, philosophy, poetry, elocution and divinity, whose merits have redeemed them from all destroying time.

Gen. Soloman Van Rensselaer has been removed from the Albany post office, and Mr. Wasson appointed in his place.

Dixon H. Lewis is not ill.

From the Life of Sir Astley Cooper, which has been published in London by one of his relations, we take the following annexed account of the professional income of this distinguished surgeon:

"'My receipts,' says he, 'for the first year were £5 5s; the second, £26; the third, £64; the fourth, £96; the fifth, £100; the sixth, £200; the seventh, £400; the eighth, £610; the ninth, (the year he was appointed surgeon to the hospital,) £1,100.' He himself appends a remark, which sufficiently shows his feeling on this subject—'Although I was a lecturer all the time on anatomy and surgery.'"

The extent of practice which he subsequently obtained may be inferred from the fact that his professional income for the year 1815, exceeded £21,000, nearly a hundred thousand dollars.

Heroism of an Affghan Girl—An Ungazetted trait of Ghuznee.—While the Affghans were disputing the entrance of the British army into the citadel, an incident occurred which for a moment diverted the attention of the combatants, and turned their fury into pity. Amongst the foremost of the party who signalized themselves by their desperate gallantry, was an aged chieftain, the richness of whose costume excited general attention, his turban and weapons being resplendent with jewels. The hope of plunder immediately marked him out as an object of attack, and numbers at once assailed him. He defended himself like a man who knew there was no chance of life, but who was resolved to sell it as dearly as he could.—He had killed several of the Queen's Royals, and severely wounded Captain Robinson, when a grenadier of the company to which the latter belonged, seeing his officer in danger, rushed to his assistance, and with a thrust of his bayonet, brought the gallant old chieftain to the ground. The grenadier was about to despatch him, when a beautiful girl, about seventeen, threw herself into the *melee*, and plunged a dagger in his breast. She then cast herself on the body of the chieftain, for the purpose of protecting it, and the Affghans, forming a sort of rampart before them, maintained their ground until the heroic girl succeeded in getting it conveyed into the interior of the citadel. Shortly after the place was taken, she was found weeping over the remains of the brave old man; who, on enquiry, we learned was her father. She was treated with the utmost respect and tenderness by our men, who neither obtruded themselves on their grief, nor offered any interruption to the preparations which she made for his interment.—*Boston American.*

The Frenchman and the Kentuckian.—A little travelling Frenchman chanced to breakfast at a tavern in company with a tall, bony Jonathon, whose appetite was in proportion to the magnitude of his form, and who ate more in a meal than little Monsieur would in a week. The Frenchman was astonished at his gastronomic performances, and, after restraining his curiosity for some time, asked with a flourishing bow—'Sare, vil you be so polite as to tell me is dat your breakfas or your dinnair vat you make?' The Yankee at first made no reply, but Monsieur, not satisfied, again asked—'Do, sare; ave de politeness to tell me is dat your breakfas or your dinnair vat you make!' 'Go to the devil,' says Jonathon, feeling himself insulted. A challenge ensued and the Kentucky rifle proved too much for the little Frenchman's vitality. While he was writhing in his last agonies, Jonathan's compassion was awakened, and he entreated the little Frenchman, if there was any thing he could do for him, though it cost years to perform it, to let him know, and it should be done. 'Oh, Monsieur,' replied the little dying man, 'tell me is dat your dinnair or your breakfass vat you did make, and I vill die happie.'

A First Rate Certificate.—The following certificate was sent to a patent medicine inventor. The orthography is peculiar, to say the least:

"sur—i Take the Libburty of addressing yew abowt the brandy and salt i was afflicted with dreadful lowness of sperits and rewmatism which having freely aplide the abuv has boath disappeared. sur my way of Applying is the sawlt outside wonst a day & the brandy in twice every hour. its effex is sumtims really Astonishing. my wife allzo takes the abuv Meddisin in her Tea, & finds grate benefits.

sir yewr most obedient
TUMMUS SPOONEY.

P. S. A neybur of mine Tride the Abuv on his wife bean Bad skalded killing a pig but Unlukky forgot to put in the sawlt. however it was all Very wel. for the brandy aloan Cured his wife & now he's got the sawlt to Cure his bakun.

A Compliment.—The Legislature of Iowa have named a new county, in that Territory, BUCHANAN, after the distinguished Pennsylvanian.

RIVER NEWS.

41 feet water in the channel and rising.

Arrivals and Departures since our last report.

Tioga, Mason, Cincinnati
Express, Pitkinson, do
Little Mail, Gaskill, Brownsville
North Queen, McLean, Wellsville
*Cleveland, Hemphill, do.,
*Michigan, Boyes, Beaver,

DEPARTED.

Fulton, Foresyth, St Louis
Lehigh, Price, Cincinnati
Tioga, Mason, Wheeling
Belmont, Poe, do
North Queen, McLean, Wellsville
Zanesville, Duvall, Marietta
McIntire, Scoles, Zanesville
*Michigan, Boyes, Beaver,
*Cleveland, Hemphill, do,

Boats marked thus* are provided with Evan's Safety Guard, to prevent the explosion of steam boilers.

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

Reported for the Morning Post by Isaac Harris.

FRIDAY MORNING, March 31, 1843.

After a long hard winter, we have Spring weather. It is heartcheering to the business community, to see the activity and the business doing on the Monongahela wharf. The rivers are high, and about a dozen steam boats were loading and unloading yesterday, and a good many foreign and domestic goods and Pittsburgh manufactures, shipping for the West, and a large quantity of New Orleans Sugar, Molasses, Bacon, Pork, Flour Fruit, &c., &c., arriving and unloading.

The Brownsville and Beaver boats are also regular in their daily arrivals and departures, and we hope soon to see the Allegheny and our canals open and a good deal doing on them. In fact, we have great cause to hope for quite a revival of trade generally, in few days, and as the stock of goods in our city is fresh, good and cheap, and the country very bare of goods, nothing but the scarcity of money keeps business dull, and things must soon revive.

Flour—Our market is well supplied and sales generally at about $2 50; except for a few choice brands that brings 2 62½ per bbl. and from stores 2,75 a 2 87½, one lot sold sold from a store at 2,50.

Grain—Wheat 50; Rye 25; Corn 20 a 22; Oats 12 a 13 cts, per bush.

Fruit—Dried Peaches $1 ~~00 a 1 25~~; Dried Apples 37½ a 44; one lot of 75 bushels sold at 43 cts

Groceries—Sales of about 30 hhds. good N. O. Sugar in lots of 4 and 5 at a time, at 4 5-8 a 4¾ cts. and of choice at 5 a 5¼ cts. in bbls, sales 5¾ a 6¼ cts. per lb.

Coffee—Sales for par funds and currency, 8 9½ a 10 cts. and in small lots to the country 10 a 12½ cts. per lb.

Provisions—Bacon, 3¼ to 3½ for country and 4 cents for city cured hog round. Lard 4½ to 5 and ready sale. Sale of Cincinnati hams 5 cask at 5c. Pittsburgh hams 5½ a 6½c; per lb. Cheese 4½ a 5 cts. Lard 4½ a 5 per lb.

Iron—Blooms, Nominal price $46 a 50.

The price for Common Bar is 3c., and rises in proportion.

Nails 4½ for 10d, and other sizes in proportion

Pig Metal—Sales $17,50 a 18.

Auction Sales.

GOLD WATCHES AT AUCTION.

ON Saturday Evening next at 8 o'clock, I will sell 1 Gold patent Lever full Jeweled Watch. 2 Gold L'Epine Watches.
J B GUTHRIE,
mar 31—2t Auctioneer.

JUST RECEIVED.—An excellent assortment of Coffee Mills, cheap garden Hoes, Shovels, Spades, Axes, Hatchets, Dung and pitch Forks, Augurs, Louisville Lime, white Wash; sweeping, scrubbing, cloth and dusting Brushes, writing, letter and wrapping paper, English and country Quills, corn brooms and wisps, paper hangings and borders, window sash and glass, Tubs, Buckets and Churns, country Carpet, table salt, and other articles for sale on accommodating terms for cash, good negotiable paper, or barter, to suit consignees.
ISAAC HARRIS,
mar 31. Agent and Com Mer, No 9, 5th st.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny co., March Term, 1843, No. 1[illegible]

Mary Surner, by her next friend J. B. Love, vs John Surner. } Divorce a vinculo matrimonii.

And now to wit, March 28th, 1843. On motion of Mr Toner, the Court appoint J K Henderson, Esq. an Alderman of the city of Pittsburgh, commissioner to take testimony on the part of the plaintiff, in order that fifteen days notice be given the defendant by three publications in the Daily Morning Post of the city of Pittsburgh.
By the Court,
A. SUTTON, [illegible]

To John Surner above named: Take Notice, that in pursuance of the above order of Court, the deposition of witnesses to be read in evidence on the trial of the above cause will be taken before J K Henderson, Esq. at his office on Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, on Friday, the 14th day of April next, at the hour of 2 o'clock, on said day; when and where you may attend if you think proper.
MARY SURNER,
mar 31—3t. by her next friend J B Love, [illegible]

LECTURES ON ELOCUTION, MUSIC, &c.,

In the ORETOREAN, (late the Theatre) this (Thursday) evening, at 7½ o'clock, with Recitations, Singing and Other examination of the MANIKIN. Among the subjects are—Grand Diatonic Scale; old and new modes of Singing; Stammering; tones and colors; words and paints; three degrees of Speech and Mind: difference in Male and Female Minds; Music and Elocution inseparable; origin and objects of Music, Poetry and Prose; Bronchitis; palpitations of the Heart; &c. Among the Recitations are, the MANIAC; Whiskers; Victim Bride; Otiello's Apology; the NUN; Mohawk and Captive; the Old Bachelor; the Adam's Speech on adopting the Declaration &c; and among the Songs—Angel's Whisper; Mother Dear; Fairy Boy; Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep; Old Bolton; Boylston's Home; Miniature; Rockaway; &c.
Admission 25 cts. March 30—2t.

To Let,

A WELL finished store room on Market st. over Mr Carter's new Book store. Rent, $120.

A dwelling house on Market street between 3d and 4th sts. Rent $160.

A three story brick house and store on Market st. between 2nd and 3d streets, opposite N Holmes Exchange office. Rent low.

Two long rooms on Market street suitable for Printing offices, or Society rooms. Also a convenient 2d story office with entrance on Market street: Rent of each $60.

A dry and well lighted cellar below the cap and hat store of Mr Nardi, Market st. Also, a cellar on 3rd st. nearly opposite the Post Office.
Enquire of E. D. GAZZAM
mar 30. No 51, Third st.

DISSOLUTION of PARTNERSHIP.

THE partnership heretofore existing between Oliver P. and John W. Blair, has been dissolved by the death of the senior partner. The necessity of closing the business of the late firm, makes it necessary to request all indebted by note or book account, to settle the same as soon as possible, or the claims against them will be placed in the hands of proper officers for collection.
JOHN W. BLAIR,
Surviving Partner.

The business of the late firm will be continued by the undersigned, at the old stand, No. 120 Wood st. He will have constantly on hand a large assortment of Brushes, of his own manufacture, together with every variety of Shoe Findings, Combs, Variety Goods, &c. of which will be sold at reduced prices.
mar 27—3t. JOHN W. BLAIR.

TO LET.

A NEAT convenient Cottage built frame house, situate a short distance below the canal in Allegheny city. Enquire of
mar 28: JAMES MAY.

66 BBLS. PLANTATION MOLASSES, received per Steamers Little Ben and Fulton, and for sale by
J. G. & A. GORDON,
mar 27. 12 Water street.

MALE TEACHER WANTED.

A gentleman qualified to teach the usual branches in a good English education, is wanted in the Fifth Ward School of the City of Pittsburgh. Application made in writing to the Secretary or President (Jno Adams) at any time before the 25th of April, will be considered.
By order of the Board,
THOMAS HAMILTON, Secy.
mar 23 '43—1wd4w
Gazette copy once a week in daily three weeks.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Oliver P. Blair, late of the city of Pittsburgh, deceased, are hereby notified to make payment to the undersigned administrator, and all having claims against said estate are requested to present their accounts properly authenticated for settlement.
JOHN W. BLAIR,
mar 25—6t. Administrator.

PIG IRON.

60 TONS Soft Pig Iron, hot blast, for sale by
mar 28. JAMES MAY.

COTTON.

12 BALES Cotton—For sale low, by [illegible]
mar 28.