green bushes in the humid valleys. The Feronia, with rustling wings, flies rapidly from tree to tree, while the Noctua Strix, the largest of the moth kind, sits immovably on the trunks with outspread wings awaiting the approach of evening. Myriads of the most brilliant beetles hum through the air, or sparkle like jewels upon the green leaves and fragant flowers. Meanwhile agile lizards, remarkable for their form, size, and brilliant colors, venomous serpents of a dark hue, or harmless ones which exceed in splendor the enamelled flowers, glide from the leafy covert, the hollows of the trees or from holes in the ground, and creeping up the stems, bask in the sun, and lie in wait for insects or birds. From this moment all is life and activity.—Squirrels, troops of gregarious monkeys, issue inquisitively from the interior of the woods to the plantations, and leap whistling and chattering, from tree to tree. Doves leave the branches and wander about in the moist ground or the woods. Other birds of the most singular forms and the most superb plumage, flutter, singly, or in companies, through the odoriferous shrubs—Green, blue, or red parrots, assembled on the tops of the trees, or flying towards the plantations or islands, fill the air with their screams. The toucan, sitting on the extremities of the branches, rattles with his large hollow bill, and in loud plaintive notes calls for rain. The busy orioles creep out of their long, pendent, bag-shaped nests to visit the orange trees, and their sentinels announce with loud screams the approach of man. The fly-catchers, sitting aloof watching for insects, dart from the trees and shrubs, and with rapid flight catch the hovering Menelaus or the shining flies as they buzz by. Meanwhile the amorous thrush concealed in the thicket, pours forth her joy in a strain of beautiful melody; the chattering manikins, calling from the close bushes, sometimes here, sometimes there, in the full tones of the nightingale, amuse themselves in misleading the hunters; and the woodpecker makes the distant forests resound, while he pecks the bark from the trees. Above all these strange voices, the metallic notes of the uraponga sound from the tops of the highest trees, resembling the strokes of the hammer upon the anvil, which, appearing nearer or more remote according to the position of the songster, fill the wanderer with astonishment.

While thus every living creature, by its actions and voice, greets the splendor of day, the exquisite humming-birds, rivaling in beauty and lustre diamonds, emeralds and sapphires, hover round the brightest flowers. When the sun goes down, most of the animals retire to rest; only the slender deer, the sly pecari, the timid agouti, the tapir still graze; the nasua and the opossum, the cunning animals of the feline race, steal through the obscurity of the wood, watching for prey, till at last the howling monkey, the sloth, with a cry like one in distress, the croaking frogs and the chirping grass hoppers, with their monotonous note, conclude the day; and cries of the macue, the capueria, the goat-sucker, and the bass tones of the bo, strong, announce the approach of night. My iads of luminous beetles now begin to fly about like *ignes fatui* and the vampyres (*vespertilio brazilienzis*,) hover like phantoms in the profound darkness of the night.

Remarks of Mr. Karns,

Of Allegheny county, on a Resolution offered by himself in the House of Representatives, prohibiting any member from speaking on any one question, more than 20 minutes.

Mr Karns commenced by observing that he rose to occupy the time of the House only a few minutes in the support of the resolution which could be read just offered, and which had for its object, the saving of time, the despatch of business, and an early adjournment of the Legislature.

I ask, (said Mr. K.,) the members of this House, to take a retrospective view of the legislation of the present session. We have now been in session nearly two months, and what has been done for the benefit of the people? There have been but two or three bills, of a general interest, which have passed the two Houses, and become laws. All the important business, which we were sent here to transact, has been left to slumber on our table, while we sit here, day after day, listening to long, tiresome, and unprofitable speeches, not pertinent to the questions before the House, and which are only made to be published in the newspapers, for electioneering purposes, at home. Did the people only know, that most of the speeches which they see in print, are made for *Buncombe*,' and not for this House, they would be careful and send no man here, who would not stop speaking, when he had nothing to say. What gain is to this House, these daily speeches of an hour long? No one! The whole business of legislation is suspended; one is folding documents to send home to his constituents; another is writing letters; some are talking, and others are oscillating, as if called to drowsiness, by the opiate administered. Notwithstanding all this, the prosecution, continuing the time of the Commonwealth, at the rate of about $1,000 per day. I ask, and Mr K. if this is right? Is it not our duty to put an end to it, and to devote ourselves, with diligence, to the public business? If so, let us at once pass this resolution. What does it propose? Anything unreasonable? Anything to prevent members from giving their views on subjects? No! It only proposes a man from letting his thoughts, expressed in this House, wonder, 'like the eye of the fool, towards the ends of the earth.' The allowance of twenty minutes to speak on any one subject, is closing no man's mouth. It will have a tendency, only to make gentlemen condense their ideas, and address the House with more directness of purpose, and of better effect. It is unreasonable for members to talk here by the hour, when the public and private business is neglected. There are more than ten members in the House, who usually speak upon subjects which are discussed. Should they all speak, even the twenty minutes allowed by the resolution, it will give three hours discussion, on every question. Is this not latitude enough for discussion? Now, an important question is debated for days, and that, too, without throwing any new light upon the subject. Even the most trifling resolution is discussed, during a whole morning's session, and great and important business is delayed, until the patience of the people is beginning to be exhausted.

But it seems that in offering this resolution, to cut off useless debate, and confine members to the business before the House, I have brought down upon myself the indignation of the gentleman from Fayette, and the gentleman from the city, as well as from the county of Philadelphia. I expected this, as in offering the resolution. I have 'trodden rather heavily upon their corns.' The wrath of these gentlemen cannot deter me from my course. I shall do what I conceive to be my duty to this House, regardless of the smile or favors of any one.

To conclude, let me call upon the members of this House, who desire expedition in the public business—who wish to finish the public business and return home, to come up to my assistance with their votes. Let us pass this resolution and put an end to useless, unprofitable debate, and go to work in earnest for the good of the State.—Having done this, we shall be able to have an early adjournment, and return to our homes and our families. But if the contrary course is taken if we are to continue, as we have been engaged in wasting our time in long speeches to the neglect of the business which we are expected to do, we shall soon hear from the people, as we did last session, a murmur of discontent.

FOR PRESIDENT,

JAMES BUCHANAN,

Subject to the decision of a National Convention.

DAILY MORNING POST.

THS. PHILLIPS & WM. H. SMITH, EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS

MONDAY, MARCH 13, 1843.

See First Page.

Prospects of Trade—Cheering news from New York.

The Journal Commerce gives most encouraging account of the business prospects of that city. It says:—There are two or three features of the market just now, which are worthy of particular attention. The excresences of a bad currency have been removed, until they are reduced with in so small a compass, that that they have no power to agitate the general business of the country. State stocks have come to a position in which they can frighten nobody, let them go which way they will.—There is on no side any institution or interest liable to fall into dishonor, which has sufficient importance to disturb the general peace. The basis of affairs, therefore, is firm and stable. In the second place, there is a great superabundance of money, Real specie has accumulated until it has become burthensome. The Banks are full of specie and deposits of money lying idle. For a dozen years, and we might probably as well say for thirty years, money has not been so superabundant as now, not with such decided indications of long continued plenty. In Philadelphia, after all the losses, money is offered at six per cent. on bond and mortgage, quite beyond the wants of borrowers; and here, altho' that particular kind of security is not yet in vogue except with a few of the most wealthy capitalists, yet money goes a begging at five per cent on six months paper, and temporary loans have been made at four per cent. Still specie is pouring in from all quarters. In the third place, the stocks of all sorts of foreign goods are well nigh exhausted. This is equally true of groceries, dry goods, and all other merchandise At a time since our acquaintance with business, have the supplies of merchandise both on sea-board and through the interior, been so exceedingly small. The fact is, that of a large number of important articles there is but the smallest quantity which can be called a stock, and there no great supplies on the way. So stands the case just at the commencement of the spring trade. The products of our own industry alone are superabundant, and pressing upon our ships to be carried abroad, that more specie may be returned.

The Cabinet.

The Hon. John C. Spencer entered on his duties as Secretary of the Treasury, on the 8th inst. On the same day Judge Porter, of Pennsylvania, took charge of the War Department.

It was said at Washington that Mr Webster would take a trip "down east," and on his return retire from the Cabinet, and be provided for in some other way; perhaps going to England, as Mr Everett's successor, who is to be sent to the Celestials.—There is much excitement at Washington, and the city is thronged with persons asking office or old clothes. The President's house is beseiged by a standing army of those patriotic gentlemen who wish to serve their country in a civil capacity, or get their hands into the Treasury in some other manner. The Captain holds out manfully, notwithstanding the annoyance of office hunters added to his onerous official duties, he is in fine heath and spirits.

Great times in Boston—A cowhiding affair.—Prof. Lovering of Cambridge, got into a difficulty on Saturday week, in Boston, *all for love!* The Professor, it appears, had been paying his attentions to the young, beautiful and accomplished sister of Dr. Hawes, but all at once withdrew his attentions to another fair one—the brother of Miss Hawes, (having learned that the professor made a habit of gaining conquests in this way) took a good cow-skin and gave the professor a superb dressing! We hope it may do him good.

Another death from fire—A little girl daughter of Mr. Gutsuch, a hatter in Baltimore, was so severely burned on Monday, by her clothes taking fire, as to cause her death. When will we have done recording deaths by the same distressing means.

The Fur trade in Maine, amounts to 50,000 dollars annually.

British Philanthropy.—The N. Y. Courier says, the British frigate Madagascar, Capt. Foote, recently destroyed several slave barracks on the Coast of Africa, and had in the course of the proceeding, several skirmishes with the natives. in which some of the crew of the frigate were killed; but the English succeeded in capturing about twelve hundred slaves, who were taken to St. Helena, and *and put to labor as "hired apprentices."*

Ex-Gov. Corwin was in New Orleans with Henry Clay, but it was not known until after he had left. The colored gentlemen surrounded him during his stay, and the whigs could not distinguish him from them.

One hundred guns was fired on Boston Common on the fourth of March, in honor of the adjournment of the late Whig Congress.

A Strike at Providence.—The Journal of Thursday says: "About a hundred block printers, in the print works of J. Dunnell & Co., had a strike a month ago on account of a new regulation introduced relating to the wages of the boys. One of the men left the compact and returned to his work; and one evening last week as he was on his way to his boarding house he was attacked by six men and badly beaten."

A fellow took laudanum in Baltimore last week. Streeter says he took *exactly* the right quantity!

A funny editor says that a simple way to detect the presence of moisture on the surface of the earth, is to wear boots with holes in the soles.

A bill for the relief of the heirs of Robt Fulton, was defeated in the Senate on the last day of the Session

Lord Bacon beautifully said:—If a man be gracious and courteous to strangers, it shews he is a citizen of the world, and that his heart is no island cut off from other lands, but a continent that joins them.

The Philadelphia Firemen are preparing a grand celebration. Delegations from New York, Baltimore and other places will be present.

A newspaper paragraph cannot keep down any excitement when once it has got thoroughly hold of the town.—*Bost. Bulletin.*

It is very efficient, however, in keeping it *up*.

Miss Hamblin, who murdered Ewing is delivering a series of Dramatic readings in Vicksburg.

The S. of the Times says that the death of Fanny Elsler's father is the end to all her *pas*.

FOR THE DAILY MORNING POST.

Messrs Editors:

The communication of McDowell and Cowden which appeared in the Gazette of the 7th inst. as a kind of prelude to the Transporters' petition to the legislature, conveyed the idea that great injustice had been done the old lines, that goods carried in Portable Boats were not to pay the usual motive power toll.

I would therefore respectfully ask for the following from the Gazette of the 10th inst., an insertion in the "Post."

The item of $22 90 given below under the head of Motive Power, is the one which Messrs McDowell & Cowden, by a forced construction of their own, represented as not being charged. I will only add that since the explanation of the Collector at Johnstown appeared in in the Gazette, I have seen letter from one of the Canal Commissioners confirming his construction. Yours, &c. Z.

For the Gazette.

MR. EDITOR:—You will confer a favor on the public by giving the following extract, from the Collector at Johnstown, a place in the Gazette. The impression has been created by the announcement of Messrs McDowell & Cowden, in your paper of the 7th inst, that *goods* carried *in Portable Boats on the trucks furnished by the State*, were not subject to the charge for motive power. Their statements represent the collectors on the side of the mountain as favoring this singular construction; and as the collector at Johnstown is the only one on this side that has to act under the resolution fixing the charge on trucks, his construction, as given in the extract, will set the public right upon the subject. Yours, &c., S.

JOHNSTOWN, Feb 23, 1843.

Dear Sir—Yours of the 21st inst. is before me, asking a construction of the resolution, relative to the charge for the use of the *trucks*. I cannot conceive why a diversity of opinion could be had on these resolutions, for they mean just what they say. The Captain of a section boat, whose boat and cargo are carried over the Allegheny Portage Railroad *on trucks belonging to the State*, shall pay in addition to the toll and motive power charge on the cargo, 25 cents per 1000 lbs. on all loading.

This charge of 25 cents per 1000 lbs. on cargo for the use of the trucks, includes the wheel toll, which is now charged on ordinary cars. To simplify so that it cannot be mistaken. I will make a clearance for the Portage Railroad.

A section boat has 300 bbls. Flour, and wants a clearance, thus:

Toll on 300 bbls Flour, 63 600 lbs.	Miles. 36	Rate pr. 1000 lbs. 5 mills	$11 45
Motive power,	" 10	"	22 90
Toll for use of Trucks,	" 25	"	15 90
			$50 25

This clearance passes the Boat and Cargo to Hollidaysburgh without any further charge by the State.

The resolution for the Columbia Railroad is undon the same principle as the above.

Premature Interment.

Thus far we have given cases on the authority of others; we now present two of our own. The first is that of a gentleman named L——G——, a Scotchman by birth, but emigrating early in life to Jamaica, became from long residence, as it were a native. Happening to be attacked with fever, after a few days he was supposed to be dead, and the body abandoned by the medical attendant. From the rapid decomposition which animal substances undergo immediately as the phenomena of life cease to manifest themselves, in the West Indies, interment generally takes place very soon after the breath leaves the body; and accordingly, in twenty-four hours from the time of his supposed death, this gentleman was shrouded and put in a coffin. Fortunately, however, for him, the preparations for the funeral were delayed for some hours, and when the undertaker proceeded to screw down the coffin, those about him perceived a moisture on the skin. This led to further examination, and it was discovered that he was alive. Remedies were instantly resorted to, and he recovered and lived many years afterwards to tell the story. A melancholy event, however, was connected with his recovery. A young female who had assisted to make his shroud and cap, whether from over-exertion, anxiety, or the malignant nature of the fever, fell ill as he recovered, died, and was buried in the same shroud which she had made for him a few days before.

Passing through Glasgow in 1825, we fell in at a hotel with a gentleman who had been in the West Indies, and as we had left Jamaica but twelve months before, it naturally followed that a sort of intimacy sprung up between us on the spur of the moment, and we conversed very freely on various subjects. He was an intelligent man; and presuming, therefore, on his good sense, we took the liberty of asking him the cause of a remarkable scar which he had on his forehead. He replied, without hesitation, that, when a youth, he had been sent to a relative in Dominica, a general merchant or storekeeper there, and that he became his clerk. After a short residence in the island, the relation, who lived some distance from Roseau, the principal town in Dominica, was attacked with fever, and, as was supposed, died. According to custom, he was, within a few hours after, shrouded and placed in a coffin, and as the narrator was the only white person within a considerable distance, he was requested by the brown housekeeper, and the other attendants of the supposed deceased, to sit up with the corpse. Feeling drowsy towards daybreak, he laid his head upon the table, his face being towards the coffin, and the foot to his right hand, and fell into a doze. He could not have been long asleep when he was awakened by a strange noise, and lifting up his head, to his horror he beheld the corpse shrouded in its hideous grave clothes, making desperate efforts to get out of the coffin, having pushed off the lid which had been laid over it, but not nailed down. His fears overcame, and for a few moments he could not stir; but as the corpse projected one leg, in the act of getting out of the coffin, his terror overcoming him with desperate resolution, he rushed to the door and plunged head long down the stairs, at the bottom of which he lay insensible. The noise of the fall, brought all the inmates to the spot, when they discovered that the gentleman was not dead, but had only been entranced. He recovered perfectly in a few days, and lived many years after; whereas our narrator had fractured his skull, and never thoroughly recovered his health until he returned to Scotland.—*Anatomy of Sleep.*

Lord Morpeth.—The Satirist, speaking of the letter of this gentleman to Mrs. Chapman's 'Liberty Bell,' says that when he had finished it all out for ty, and subscribed himself 'Your most faithful servant, Morpeth,' he turned round in his library chair, and ejaculated through his teeth, 'Damnation to dear Mrs. Chapman, and all the whole brood of trans-atlantic, low-bred, bustling, boring snobs!' We shouldn't wonder! From the specimens of English politeness which have been vouchsafed to us on this side the water, we should imagine the story very probable.—[N. Y. Au.

TO the Honorable the Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace in and for the County of Allegheny:

The petition of Silas D. Pryer, of Upper St. Clair Township, in the county aforesaid, humbly showeth—

That your petitioner has provided himself with materials for the accommodation of travelers and others, at his dwelling house in the town-ship aforesaid and prays that your Honors will be pleased to grant him a license to keep a Public House of Entertainment. And your petitioner, as in duty bound, will pray. SILAS D. PRYER.

We the subscribers, citizens of Upper St. Clair do certify that the above petitioner is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation and lodging of strangers and travelers and that said tavern is necessary.

John Cowan,	Presley Irwin,
Wm. Canan,	Samuel Canan,
James McAnulty,	D. McKelley,
John Patrick,	Philip Kline,
Jonathan Walker,	Alexander Long,
Joseph Wilson sen.,	Thomas Blackmore.

March 13—3t.*

TO the Honorable, the Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the county of Allegheny:

The petition of Zerah Wayden, of Elizabeth Township in said county, respectfully showeth—

That he occupies a house on the turnpike road leading from Williamsport to Robinstown, which is well calculated for a Tavern or house of Public entertainment; and prays your Honors to grant him a license for that purpose.

ZERAH WAYDEN.

The undersigned citizens of Elizabeth Township, respectfully certify, that Zerah Wayden, the above named applicant, is a gentleman of repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation and lodging of strangers and travelers, and that said tavern is necessary.

Henry Westlay,	Zachias Scott,
Uriah Applegate,	John Barlie,
Joseph Hutchison,	A. McKinley,
Jas. Yankirk jr.,	Wm. McKinley,
Alexander Wilson,	Thomas Warren,
William Woods,	Culbert Manes,

March 13, 1843—3t

Late from Rio Janeiro.—The barque Columbia, Capt. Young, arrived at New York on Monday evening, from Rio Janeiro, bringing intelligence from that place to the 12th of January, a few days later than our previous advices. Capt. Young reports that when he sailed, the market was dull for all kinds of American produce—Baltimore flour $14; Richmond $16; coffee, prime quality, scarce.

Governor.—The whig paper of Butler co. has nominated Joshua Stoolfire or Spitfire for Governor.

PROF BRONSON'S LECTURES ON ORATORY AND MUSIC, with dissections of the MANIKIN, Monday, Tuesday and Thursday evenings, in CONCERT HALL, at 7 o'clock. For particulars see the circulars. There will be THREE or FOUR RECITATIONS, and FOUR or FIVE appropriate SONGS by Mr. Nash, every evening. Among the Recitations are—Genevra, or the lost Bride; Majesty of the Law; Victim Bride and Miser; The Whiskers, or the Power of Fashion; Aaron Burr and Blannerhassett; Othello's Apology; the Nun; John Adam's Speech, &c., and among the Songs, Rockaway; Old Sexton; Erin is my home; Life on the Ocean Wave; Mistletoe Bough; Sailors Grave; Miss Myrtle; and a dozen others. Season tickets $1,00; for a Lady and Gentleman $1,50 Admission for one evening 25 cents.

mar 13—4t.

OVERSEER OF THE POOR.

I offer myself as a candidate for re-election to the office of over-seer of the Poor; the duties of which I have discharged the past year to the best of my ability, and trust I shall receive the cordial support of my fellow-citizens.

March 10—d 1w WM ALEXANDER.

OVERSEER OF THE POOR.

The subscriber respectfully offers himself to his fellow citizens as a candidate for the above office at the election to be holden on the 17th inst.

March 13. I. J. ASHBRIDGE.

OVERSEER OF THE POOR.

I offer myself as a candidate for the office of Overseer of the Poor, and respectfully solicit the support of my friends,

mar 9—d&c. WM. STEVENSON.

OVERSEER OF THE POOR.

To My Fellow-Citizens—I offer myself as a candidate for the office of Overseer of the Poor, and if elected will fulfill the duties of the office faithfully, to the best of my ability, rendering a strict account of all money received and expended. ROBERT P. STEEL.

March 7—10t

OVERSEER OF THE POOR.

At the solicitation of several of his friends, the subscriber offers himself as a candidate for Overseer of the Poor, at the ensuing election, and if elected will discharge his duty to the public with fidelity. JAMES BORBIDGE.

March 10—d&c.

OVERSEER OF THE POOR.

I offer myself as a candidate for Overseer of the Poor, and respectfully ask the support of my fellow citizens

March 10th 1843 EBENEZER KERR.

OVERSEER OF THE POOR.

We are authorized to announce that Capt. E. F. Pratt will be a candidate for Overseer of the Poor at the ensuing election. mar 11—te

Auction Sales.

50 Boxes Lemons.

ON Tuesday afternoon, March 14th, at 2½ o'clock, I will sell 50 Boxes Lemons

J. B. GUTHRIE, Auc'r.

March 11th, 1843

ON Tuesday next, March 14 in a 3 o'clock P. M. I will sell on credit, payable monthly,

18 doz Smith's 4 prong Manure Forks,
12 doz do 2 prong Hay do
12 " Cazaux 4 prong dauure do
6 " do 3 prong do do
4 " do 3 prong Hay do
10 " do 2 prong do do
19 " Goodyear's 4 prong Manure do.

March 10. J. B. GUTHRIE, Auc'r.

CARPETS FOR SALE.

JUST RECEIVED and for sale at Bausman's Auction Rooms, No 110 Wood st.

A large lot of Fine and Superfine Ingrain Carpets, Venitian stair Carpets, Oil Floor Cloth, Rugs, &c. which will be sold at private sale 20 per cent cheaper than any ever before offered in this market.

March 7. R. A. BAUSMAN, Auc.

THE sale of Fresh Spring Goods will be continued at *Bausman's Auction Rooms*, No 110 Wood st every day this week, at 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. A rare chance for bargains is now offered, as the goods offered are entirely new, the assortment complete, and the qualities of the very best.

March 7. R. A. BAUSMAN, Auc'r.

Farms to Lease.

THE undersigned will lease two Farms situated in East Deer township, with the necessary tenements, and from 75 to 100 acres cleared on each. Also, one farm situated in West Deer township Allegheny county, with from 50 to 75 acres cleared. The above described property is in reasonably good repair, laying about 15 miles from the city of Pittsburgh, and within two miles of the Penn'a Canal, and will be leased on reasonable terms for from 1 to three years, to good tenants.

BARTRAM MURRY.

March 13th—tf.

FOR RENT.

AND possession given on the 1st of April next; a brick house on the bank of the Allegheny river, two stories high, 4 comfortable rooms, big dry cellar and kitchen. It is very pleasantly situated just out side the city line, with a full view of the city of Allegheny, and within 20 minutes' walk of the heart of the city—rent very low.

mar 13 JAMES BLAKELY, House Agent, 5th Ward.

100 *BAGS RIO COFFEE.*
20 Chests Tea.
20 Boxes Tobacco.
15,000 lbs. Lump and Loaf Sugar.
20 Boxes Raisins.
10 " Sperm Candles.
10 " Starch
10 Kegs Ground Ginger.
2 " Nutmegs.
4 " Indigo.
100 Barrels Green Apples.

Received on consignment and for sale cheap for cash, by H. DEVINE.

U. States Line warehouse, Canal Basin, Liberty st.

mar 10, 1843.

COPARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned have associated themselves together for one year from the 1st January, 1st 1843. under the style of Devine & McAnulty, for the purpose only of receiving and forwarding Goods.

H. DEVINE.
mar 10. C. A. McANULTY.

TO LET.

ONE brick dwelling house, containing a large hall, two parlours, 4 rooms upstairs, with finished garret, dining room and kitchen, with carriage house &c. This house is pleasantly located with yard in front and rear, on the canal bank, corner of Chestnut street, leading to upper bridge, now in the occupancy of Mr. McClurg, rent to suit the times—Enquire of Dr. Whittaker, Allegheny City. mar 8.

DR. *DANIEL McMEAL*. Office on Fifth street between Wood and Smithfield streets, Pittsburgh.

dec 10—1y.

10 *BELS. Spirits Turpentine*, this day received and for sale by J. G. & A. GORDON,

mar 8. 12 Water street.

PIG IRON.

64 TONS Tennessee Pig Iron. For sale low to close consignment, by

feb 10. JAMES MAY.

TO the honorable, the Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the County of Allegheny.

The petition of Robt Binsley, of 5th ward Pittsburgh, in the county aforesaid, humbly showeth, that your petitioner hath provided himself with materials for the accommodation of travelers and others, at his dwelling house, in the ward and county aforesaid, and prays that your Honors will be pleased to grant him a license to keep a public house of entertainment. And your petitioner, as in duty bound will pray.

ROBERT BINSLEY.

We the subscribers, citizens of the 5th ward, do certify that the above petitioner is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation and lodging of strangers and travelers, and that said tavern is necessary

Robert Whiteside,	James Hamilton,
Geo. Porter,	Daniel Hamilton,
John L. McCormick,	James Andrews,
Wm. Hamilton,	John Kearney,
John Young,	Samuel McKelvy,
Wm. Gates,	John Lightner.
Jeremiah Frew.	

March 10—3t.

TO the Honorable, the Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the county of Allegheny.

The petition of Jas. Crooks, of Robinson Township, said county, respectfully showeth:—

That he is well provided with house room and other conveniences for the accommodation of strangers and travellers, at the house now occupied by him as a tavern; and being desirous to continue in that business he prays your honors to grant him a license to keep an Inn or house of Public Entertainment. And he will pray, &c.

JAMES CROOKS,

The undersigned, citizens of Robinson Township, respectfully certify, that Jas. Crooks, the above named applicant, is a gentleman of good repute for temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation and lodging of strangers and travelers, and that said tavern is necessary the accommodation of the public.

Robert Gibson,	John McFadden,
James H. Stewart,	Jonathan Phillips,
John M'Clurkey,	A. Phillips, jr,
Joseph M'Farland,	James C. Richey,
John Young,	Wm. M'Cormack,
C. M'Farland,	Jonathan Phillips, jr.

mar 10—3t.

To the Honorable the Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace in and for the County of Allegheny.

The petition of Michael Crawford, of 4th ward Allegheny city, in the county aforesaid, humbly sheweth—

That your petitioner hath provided himself with materials for the accommodation of travelers and others, at his dwelling house in the city aforesaid, and prays that your Honors will be pleased to grant him a license to keep a Public House of Entertainment. And your petitioner as in duty bound, will pray.

MICHAEL CRAWFORD

We, the subscribers citizens of 4th ward Allegheny, do certify, that the above petitioner is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation and lodging of strangers and travellers, and that said tavern is necessary.

John Long,	Thomas Gardiner,
Philip McLaughlin,	Solomon Lightcap,
Peter Dunn,	Henry Cupps,
Hugh Sweeny,	John C. Schmitz,
J. B. Turner,	Daniel M'Lane,
G. S. Korten,	Henry Kleber, sen,

mar 10—3t.

TO the Honorable the Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace in and for the County of Allegheny:

The petition of Hugh Sweeny, of the 4th ward Allegheny city, in the county aforesaid, humbly sheweth—

That your petitioner hath provided himself with materials for the accommodation of travelers and others, at his dwelling house in the Ward aforesaid, and prays that your Honors will be pleased to grant him a license to keep a Public House of Entertainment. And your petitioner as in duty bound will pray HUGH SWEENY.

We, the subscribers, citizens of the 4th ward, do certify, that the above petitioner is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation and lodging of strangers and travelers, and that said tavern is necessary

James Kerr	John Freeman
Wm. B. Holmes	Jas. Laubie
W. D. Robinson	Ebenezer Derby
Samuel Patterson	Wm. G. Alexander
Wm. Davidson	Saml. Cooper
Isaac Patterson	Alex. Brackenridge

March 11, 1843—3t.

TO the Honorable, the Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the county of Allegheny

The petition of Jonathan Peters, of Ohio Township, respectfully sheweth, That he is well provided with house room and other conveniences for the accommodation of strangers and travelers, at the house now occupied by him as a tavern; and being desirous to continue in that business, he prays your honors to grant him a license to keep an Inn or house of Public Entertainment. And he will ever pray. JONATHAN PETERS.

The undersigned, citizens of Ohio township respectfully certify, that Jonathan Peters the above named applicant, is a gentleman of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation and lodging of strangers and travelers, and that said tavern is necessary for the accommodation of the public.

Robert McClinton,	Andw G. Pinkerton,
Frederick Merriman,	Peter Parke,
Samuel Merriman,	H. Bowers,
N. McPherson,	George Heinlee,
Thomas Birch,	D. O'Brien,
Wm. McDonald,	E. Warner.

mar 11—3t*

GREEN APPLES. Just received from Marietta, O. 40 bbls Green Apples, comprising every variety, in first rate order.

ISAAC CRUSE,
feb 4. 148 Liberty st

MR. BENJ. BOWN being about to decline business, will sell at Auction, at No. 140 Liberty st, all his remaining stock in trade, fixtures Household furniture, &c. on Monday, March 13th, at 10 o'clock, a. m. His stock consists of a great variety of GROCERIES, of the very best quality, and well suited for family use. The fixtures consist of—1 handsome Nest of Drawers; 1 handsome show Window; 1 Franklin Stove; 13 Tin Canisters; 4 doz Glass show Jars; 1 Stove and pipe.

The Furniture consists of—Chairs; Sofa; Astral and Mantel Lamps; 1 handsome Rocking Chair; Dressing Table; Carpets; Sideboard; Britannia Ware; China &c. Maple Bedsteads; Wash Stands; Looking Glasses; Oil Paintings; Declaration of Independence. The sale will be positive, and *without reserve*. Terms—Cash, Currency.

mar 10. R. A. BAUSMAN, Auct.

FOR ST LOUIS, BURLINGTON, GALENA and DUBUQUE.

The light draught steamer CICERO, T C MAY Master, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports on Monday 13th March.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to

feb 27 JAMES MAY, agt.

This boat is supplied with Evan's Safety Guard.

TO the Honorable, the Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the county of Allegheny:

The petition of McClelland A. Armor of Findley Township, in said county, respectfully sheweth—

That he is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation of strangers and travelers, at the house now occupied by him as a tavern; and being desirous to continue that business he prays your honors to grant him a license to keep an Inn or house of Public Entertainment.

McCLELLAND A. ARMOR.

The undersigned, citizens of Findley township, respectfully certify, that McClelland A. Armor, the above named applicant, is a gentleman of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation and lodging of strangers and travelers, and that said tavern is necessary.

John Cavit	Charles Stuart
John Maginnis	John Patton
James Maginnis	John Pollock
John Toyford	Wm. J Campbell
John Hood	James Hook
John Dickson	G. P. Nelson

March 11, 1843—3t.