had refused. He told them it was their intention to take the vessel around Cape Horn. Three or more of the crew were colored men, and they gave as a reason for not informing Captain M., that they did not believe the mates would do what they proposed.

Captain Mouatt is 65 years of age, an old trader to south America, and much respected. He owned half of the vessel and cargo. He had had no difficulty either with the mates or the crew, but was rather remarkable for being too easy with his men, and too indulgent with his mates.

Both mates will probably be sent to Baltimore for trial. The wounds received by Captain Mouatt were highly dangerous in their nature, and the physician at Pernambuco expressed great astonishment that he survived them.

Legislative Eloquence.

Sir, said the gentleman, I rise in reply, Mr. Speaker, was you ever in Bath? I don't mean the English place, nor any watering place about Nahant or Ponchartrain—but was you ever in Bath? Sir, a rural residence, in a pagoda, is a great thing—a great thing, sir; it is sublimity made easy.

I wish to call the attention of the House to the Bath in Lousiana. Perhaps some in my presence may have heard of New Orleans; they know that it lies in the vicinity of Bath; but perhaps you don't know that Bath is a place itself; it is a 'place,' (as was once said by a learned and commercial man.) Yes, Mr. Speaker, Bath is no village, or town, or hamlet, or military post, or squatter's settlement, but it claims the grand and enviable position of a 'place,' and that in the noble state of Lousiana.—Oh, Mr. Speaker, did you ever hear of the Nashville railroad? That road had the facility of running near Bath; but, alas! the road is stopped, and Bathers are seen no more.

Sir, it is not the Florida war that is in Bath, nor is it the yellow fever, but the d—l is everywhere, and I believe the d—l has got there. I lived in Bath, sir—did you? Sorry for you if you never did. Did you ever wear gaiters? If you ever lived in Bath, you must have worn gaiters, for the citizens are alligators! I tell you, Mr. Speaker, I'm a horse; and any man that can't see it, is a long-eared animal of another genus. Sir, my constituents at Bath want a bank, and I should like to see them get it. Here, sir, I have the proposals of a company which proposes to lift Bath and the whole surrounding swamp into eminence—in fact, to kindle up a resplendent *ignis fatuus* that shall shine unremittingly until it burns out. Mr. Speaker, in the holy name of Liberty, and in the presence of all here who are not asleep, I present this bill. Let it be examined, let it be criticised, let it be amended; but as you are men, as you are guardians of the public good, pass the bill, gentlemen. For the sake of the great and transcendant universal principle of doing nothing in the most expensive manner, pass the bill. Mr. Speaker, for the cause of peace, improvement, our glorious land, palmettoes, potatoes, &c., pass the bill. Gentlemen, pass the bill, for I'm to have considerable of the printing of the paper when it gets a going, and if you should want to find a friend in Bath here. Pass the bill—incorporate the Swamp Light Bath Bank, and the soaring Eagle of America, high above the mountain's peak and the cloud, floating upon its broad pinions through expansive ether, will be very much obliged to you.—*N. O. Pic.*

Cowhiding.—There was an affair of this sort this morning about 10 o'clock, at the corner of Front and Walnut streets. One of the brothers Harley, the copper smiths, in Front street above Walnut, attacked Mr. Potts, of the late firm of Potts & Garwood, striking him on the back of the head and neck with the butt end of a cowhide, stunning him and felling him to the ground. He then seized him by the hair and kicked him in the face. Mr. Potts recovered, got up, and was getting the better of Harley, when the parties were separated. The rencontre, we understand, originated as follows:—The Harleys recently wanted to compel Potts & Garwood to take the benefit of the Bankrupt Act. So one evenings ago, Harley and Potts met at the theatre, had a dispute, and the latter struck the former. Since then Harley has been carrying a cowskin for Potts and looking out for him.—*Phil. Mercury*

Connubial Hooks-and-Eyes.

Amelia Simcox, in a letter to a western editor, unbosoms her wrongs as follows:—'I married Simcox eight years ago, at which time my gowns were fastened by eight hooks-and-eyes. Now, sir, you will readily conceive that no woman can completely hook-and eye herself. Whilst a spinster, she obtains the aid of her sister, cousin, mother, or Betty, the maid. When she becomes a married woman, the hook and eye duty naturally devolves upon the husband. For the first year of my marriage, Simcox, like an affectionate husband, hooked and eyed the whole eight, the second year, he somewhat peevishly restricted his attention to seven, the third to six; the fourth to five; the fifth to four, and so on decreasing, until this morning the anniversary of our eighth wedding day; when you would have supposed him possessed of the dearest and fondest recollections, he dropped another hook-and eye, intimating to me that for the term of his natural life he should restrict himself to one—the hook-and eye at the top. As I know, Mr. Editor, you have a crowd of female readers, I thought it a duty I owed to my sex to warn them, through the medium of your columns, of the craftiness and—I may say it—the selfishness of men.—They will, I hope, take warning by my condition, and ere they enter into matrimony, stipulate for a due performance of toilette attention on the part of their husbands. Whilst in my life, we women remember that marriage has its bonds, let not the men forget that it has also its Hooks-and-Eyes.'

FOR PRESIDENT,
JAMES BUCHANAN,
Subject to the decision of a National Convention.

DAILY MORNING POST.

CHAS. PHILLIPS & WM. M. SMITH, EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1843.

See First Page.

Harrisburg Correspondence.

Harrisburg, Feb. 7, 1843.

GENTLEMEN:—In the House, on yesterday, the Bill to abolish the Board of Canal Commissioners, and to elect a new one by the Legislature, came up for consideration. Mr. Elwell offered an amendment, giving the election *to the people*. Upon this proposition, the most violent discussion arose that has taken place at the present Session.

Mr. Heckman led off in opposition to the present commissioners. He was exceedingly bitter and virulent. He was followed by Mr. Speaker Wright in the same strain, and with a feeling of the most embittered animosity towards two of the Canal Commissioners. No acts of theirs could justify the abuse which the Speaker heaped upon them. He however passed a just and merited ecomium upon the President of the Board, Mr. Butler, for the honesty, integrity, and capacity, which he displayed in the discharge of his official duties.

Mr. Lowry made an excellent speech in defence of the Board. He stated that they might be unpopular *with the politicians*, but they were not so *with the people*, and such I presume is the fact. They are unpopular with the politicians, because in the reduction made in the number of officers, they have been compelled to discharge *hundreds of pets* which have heretofore been usefully billeted upon the public works.

To day, this subject was under consideration again. Messrs. Karns, Heckman, Barrett, Hahn, and Kerr of Mercer addressed the House. The hour of adjournment arrived, before the debate ended.—Mr. Kerr has the floor to-morrow. The discussion to-day was as violent as it was yesterday. Mr. Barrett was exceedingly severe upon Mr. Speaker Wright.

Mr. Deford also spoke upon the subject. He was for letting the appointing power rest where it now does—and if a change was made, to elect the Commissioners by the Legislature. His remarks were conciliatory, and to the point.

TOBIAS.

Gen. Jackson's Fine.

The Legislature of Pennsylvania has sanctioned that great act of public justice, the refunding of Gen. Jackson's Fine.—The resolution instructing our representatives to vote for the repayment of the harsh exaction of Judge Hall, has now passed both Houses. In the Senate, there were but *three* votes against it, Messrs *Darsie, Kline* and *Spackman* were the Senators who sought disgraceful distinction by voting against this righteous act of restitution. 'One renegade is worse than ten Turks,' is an old saying, and Mr. George Darsie's bitterness may be accounted for by the fact that he (like Messrs. Craig and Sheridan) once was, or professed to be a devoted admirer of Gen. Jackson; and used to pour out from his shallow reservoir, the most fulsome adulation of that great man.

Mr. Hultz, the representative from this county who had manliness enough to break the shackles of his party, and vote for doing justice to the old General, will feel proud to find himself sustained by the very decisive vote of the Senate. He occupies a position far above that of his federal colleagues or Mr. Senator Darsie.

The Gazette maintains the correctness of its calculations about our State Debt. It says that Cost Johnson's plan will certainly remove 20 millions of it, and reduce the interest on the remaining 20 millions from 5 to 3 per cent: because, it says, the holders of the unpaid State Stocks will abate 2 per cent of their interest to *insure* the payment of the interest and principal. This, however, on the part of the Gazette, is like its favorite scheme, a mere piece of *assumption*. There is no certainty that the holders of the State bonds would throw off the 2 per cent., especially if Mr. Johnson's plan would prove effectual to pay all the rest. They would think they might as well have their full interest. But suppose they would throw off the 2 per cent., would the Gazette think it right to ask them to do so? Would not such a proposition smack of the spirit of repudiation?—Would it not be of the same practical effect? And would it not be trifling indeed, for Mr. Cost Johnson, after paying all the balance of our State Debt, to falter at a paltry 2 per cent on 20 millions?

The French Papers announce that the fourteen steamers destined shortly to the most important ports of the American continent and the East Indies, will be ready for sea in June next. Four of them will ply between Havre and New York.

Abduction Case.

Terrible Result—Hutchison Heberton Shot Dead by the Brother of the Young Lady.—The Spirit of the Times of the 12th gives the following particulars of an abduction case and its melancholy results, that recently took place in Philadelphia:—The affair, involving the suspected abduction of a young lady of Southwark, which has created so much excitement in that district, and caused so much talk and speculation all over the city, since Monday last, has had an awful termination. Hutchison Heberton, the individual who was alleged to have abducted the young lady, last evening fell by the hand of the brother—having been shot dead by him in a closed carriage, in which he was being privately conveyed out of the city by a friend, on board the steam ferry boat John Fitch.

The occurrence took place just as the boat, which had left Market street wharf about 6 o'clock, was coming into the slip at Camden. We forbear at present saying more about the matter than to give briefly the particulars.

The name of the brother who committed this deed is Hall W. Mercer, clerk in the store of Carson & Newbold, South Wharves. He had been pursuing the *rouc* Heberton for two or three days. He proposed to fight him, but could not bring him to the field. He then determined to revenge summarily the outrage upon the fair fame of his family, and receiving intelligence of Heberton's intended flight to New Jersey, he laid his plans.

A carriage was hired by a legal friend of Heberton, which was driven all about town. Then it drew up to the lawyer's door. Heberton got in. The blinds were closed. The carriage drove down to the Ferry-boat John Fitch. In the meantime Mercer had taken a position on board the boat, behind a coal-box. There he remained unobserved, until the boat neared the Camden Ferry.

He then stepped forward, presented a revolving pistol, and discharged four of its barrels into the carriage. The first ball entered Heberton's body just under the left shoulder blade, passing through the blinds of the carriage. The second penetrated the body, the third and fourth the door of the vehicle. Heberton was conveyed, as soon as the boat reached the shore, to Cake's Tavern, where he breathed his last in about 10 minutes.

White and Black.—The most important items of business that engage the attention of the Massachusetts Legislature, are efforts to abolish all legal restrictions against a free intercourse between whites and blacks. The law prohibiting a connubial mixing of the colours, has been repealed, and some editors say it has brought joy to the heart of many an old maid, who expected to be hopelessly husbandless all her life. The *fair* sex of the opposite complexion are however very much displeased with the repeal, as they fear that their capricious beaux will now attach themselves to the white belles and leave Africa's daughters to pine away in single blessedness.

Short Session.—The Legislature of South Carolina has adjourned after a session of two months. The most important items of business transacted was the passage of resolutions assert ing the right of instructing her Senators in Congress; one reprobating the present Tariff law, as protective in its character and as violating the compromise act of 1833; one condemning the Bankrupt Law, one recommending the unqualified remission of General Jackson's fine, and one by a vote of 63 to 42, declaring the Veto power to be a necessary conservative function of government.

Another Richmond in the Field.—A writer in the Carlisle Volunteer nominates Col. *Charles McClure* as the favorite of the democracy of "Old Mother Cumberland" for next Governor.

Allegheny has not said any thing on this subject yet, but when she does designate her favorite, we think there are but few Democrats in the State who will not admit that he is worthy of the confidence of a great party and that he would faithfully watch over the interests of the State.

Great Fire at Port au Prince.—Letters received in New York state that the fire which occurred about the 16th of January destroyed *six hundred houses* and four million of property. It commenced on the south side of Courbe street, reached to the south of the street Bonne Foi, embracing on the west the space comprised between the streets Courbe, la rue Republicaine, la place Valliere, and the street Bonne Foi. To the north the fire traversed the street des Cæsars, and sparing only Pinckombe's drug store, extended to the houses to the north of the street Bel Air. The quarter of the city which has been burned contained the most valuable merchandize in the town, and trade must of course receive a terrible shock from it.

"Off with their heads."—Some fifteen or twenty removals from the New York Custom house have been made within a few days.

The Bank Question.

It gives us pleasure to see the presses in all sections of the country, taking decided ground against the odious scheme of Mr. Cost Johnson.

The Philadelphia Gazette (Whig) sustains the assertion that it is a British bantling, altho' Cost Johnson is its reputed father. The editor says that about 3½ years ago, while conducting a whig paper in N. York, he was called upon by the agents of large British houses in that city, and asked to broach and support such a measure.

The Philadelphia Pennsylvanian, Washington Globe, Baltimore Republican and many other prominent democratic papers, declare their opposition to Johnson's plan, and warn the democracy of its dangerous tendencies. It seems that we are indebted to the *Barings*, for the first hint of this grand project. They modestly proposed, in a circular issued while Mr. Webster was in London, that the United States Government should give some "comprehensive guaranty," for the payment of the State Debts. This "guaranty" is explained by *Overend, Gurney & Co.*, in their letter to Col. Robinson, to mean the surrender of the national domain, and the direct assumption of the State debts by the national government.

There can be little doubt that the whole machinery of the federal party will be put to work to accomplish this grand purpose of plunging the General Government into a vortex of debt for the benefit of the States. And if that machinery should be found inefficient, other and stronger means are to be used by the federalists and their British allies. The two subjoined paragraphs from the Globe will show upon what the Assumption plotters ultimately rely to carry their project:

"Mr Adams, in a speech made to-day on this subject, in a most emphatic manner indicated to the House of Representatives the irresistible power that was moving in this business. He told the Representatives of the people, sooner or later, they would be compelled to come up to the mark. He pointed to Great Britain's new and vast power in her steam ships, with Paixhan guns, which he gave the house to understand, might stem the current of the Mississippi, and bring those whom he characterized as repudiators to submission. Mr. Adams intimated that the result of resistance would probably be like that of the Chinese—a correct payment of the debt, together with all the cost of the war necessarily waged for that purpose."

If ever there was a traitor, the man who could stand up in the Legislative Hall of the U. States, and utter such sentiments as these should receive that appellation. The Globe thus comments upon them:

"From all this, it will be seen that Mr. Cost Johnson has strong backers to support his measures, and that while party policy beckons him on—promising success in grasping political power, by means of the aid furnished from foreign purses—the gigantic warlike power of England is conjured up to drive the country into his measures by its menaces."

American Iron Mountain Company.—The Legislature of Missouri has passed the bill to incorporate this company. The amendments designed to render the individual stockholders liable for the debts of the company, were rejected.

The question whether a man may marry his wife's sister came up a few days past in the Presbyterian Synod, sitting in Mobile. It was finally determined by a large majority to refer the matter back for reconsideration to the General Assembly, which, it will be recollected, decided at its last session that this degree is incestuous, and forbidden by the scriptures.

Important Decision.—It was reported in Philadelphia on the 11th, that the Supreme Court at Washington, have decided that the Stay Law recently passed by the Legislature of Illinois, is unconstitutional.

Somebody says, it often happens in company, as in apothecaries shops, that those pots which are empty, are as gaudily dressed and flourished, as those that are full.

A Good Move.—The friends of the Rhode Island sufferers in Philadelphia have taken the Chinese Museum, and intend giving on next Monday evening a democratic festival, the proceeds to be transmitted to a committee in Providence, for the use of those who have been discharged from employment, for differing in their political opinions, from their aristocratic employers.

Mr. Hoyt's Defalcation.—The New York Express says it is now disclosed from the Treasury Department that Mr. Hoyt, is a defaulter to the amount of two hundred and twenty six thousand dollars.

A drum major, a bugler, and a fifer of the U. S. Garrison at New Orleans, have been exhibiting themselves in the dress circle at the St. Charles, in the uniform of general officers.

We are indebted to an attentive friend at Harrisburg for the following list of taxables in the several counties of the State.

List of Taxables

In the Several Counties of the State, as furnished to the House of Representatives by the Secretary of the Common wealth.

Counties.	Taxables.	Deaf & Dumb.	Slaves.	Blind.
Adams	5,212	9	1	
Allegheny	18,610	14	1	13
Armstrong	4,398			
Beaver	6,670	14		13
Bedford	6,763	12	15	1
Berks	14,701	45		24
Bradford	7,197	10		3
Bucks	12,027	18		9
Butler*	5,800			
Cambria	2,433	6		1
Centre	4,484	12		
Chester	13,433			
Clarrion	3,311			
Clearfield	2,236	3		3
Clinton*	2,050			
Columbia	5,644	11		9
Crawford	7,516			
Cumberland	6,477	11	1	16
Dauphin	6,652	11		1
Delaware	4,403	12		4
Erie	7,288	25		14
Fayette	7,008	14	2	25
Franklin	7,766	4	2	9
Greene	4,277		1	
Huntingdon	7,430	18		7
Indiana	4,538	6		8
Jefferson	1,789			
Juniata	2,459			
Lancaster	18,967	26	1	34
Lebanon	4,901	10		10
Luzerne	7 651			
Lycoming	5,101	3		
M'Kean	1,089			
Mercer	7,256	7		7
Mifflin	3,122	3	1	5
Monroe	2,374	2		2
Montgomery	11,697	6		2
Northampton	9,604	11		8
Northumberl'd	4,472	11	1	9
Philada. city	17,559	150		82
" County	33,562	59	7	79
Perry	3,989	13		14
Pike	839			1
Potter	681			
Schuylkill	8,086			
Somerset	4,428			
Susquehanna	4,940	6		12
Tioga	4,091	21		3
Union	5,053	12		10
Venango	3,157	9		4
Warren†	2,307	1		
Washington	9,079	22		28
Wayne	3,078			
Westmoreland	10,353	26		5
Wyoming	1,540	1		
York	10,698			
	381,352	654	29	492

*Estimated, the returns not having been received.

†One township not heard from.

Swedenborgian Church.—The Swedenborgians in Boston, Mass. are about to erect a church in that city, in which to conduct their public worship. The estimated cost of purcasing a lot, and erecting a suitable building, is thirty-five thousand dollars.

Pretty Thieves—The ladies of the Chesnut st. Theatre are hooking each other's jewelry. Mrs. Seguin recently lost a valuable breastpin, she accused Miss Norman with stealing it; Miss N. in turn charged the theft on Clara Jones one of the dressing maids, and she, poor thing, after being examined before an alderman was committed to prison. Poor Clara!

ANTICIPATED APPOINTMENTS AT WASHINGTON.—A Washington correspondent of the Spirit of the Times hints that Mr. Anchinclop, of New York, will probable be appointed Consul to Glasgow; that Mr. Powell, late of New York, later of this city, and relative to Senator Choate—if so, Heaven befriend it!) will get an appointment to make up for his Rio disappointment; that if Mr. Smith our Collector should be rejected by the Senate, Mr. Porter or Gen. Keim will take his place; and that Dr. McHenry will not be transferred to the Consulate of Havre. See letter.

Sheriff of Philadelphia.—The Philadelphia Mercury of the 9th says that at the request of Governor Porter and with the approbation of the Sheriff himself, the Attorney General yesterday sued out a writ of *Quo Warranto*, against Sheriff Porter, in order to test his constitutional right to office. The Mercury adds:—'This movement shows such confidence on the part of the Sheriff and his legal advisers, that it is sufficient of itself to set at rest all questions concerning the validity of his appointment; though we believe no doubts on the subject have been seriously entertained.'

The 'confidence' of the Sheriff is perhaps grounded on a knowledge of the feelings of those who have to try the question.

Massachusetts.—The corrected official vote for Governor is for Morton 56,563; Davis 55,039; Servall 6,458, scattering 176; whole number of votes 118,236. There are 58 vacancies in the House; making the number which could be chosen 410. The Senate, as now constituted, is just the reverse of last year; then it was 27 whigs, 13 democrats—now 27 democrats, 12 whigs, 1 abolitionist and whig.

Auction Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

WILL be sold by order of B. Weaver, Esq., Sheriff, at No. 61 Liberty street, on Friday, Feb'y 17th at 10 o'clock, A. M., a large and valuable lot of COPPER, TIN and SHEET IRON WARE. Terms—cash per money. R. A. BAUSMAN, Feb 11—1t. Auct.

BLANK LEASES.

A new and much improved form of Blank Leases, for sale at the office of the "Morning Post."

HOUSES AND LOT FOR SALE OR BARTER. Situated in Florence, Washington Co., (25 miles from Pittsburgh.) The Lot is 66 by 330 feet, on which is erected 1 Frame dwelling house 18 by 20 feet—1 store house 16 by 35 feet, 2 stories with a cellar under it—1 warehouse 12 by 24 feet 2 stories; a frame stable &c. A never failing well of water with a pump in the yard, and a choice selection of fruit trees and shrubbery. The above will be sold cheap for cash or exchanged for groceries, iron and nails, for particulars enquire at the store of &c. BY S. ANDERSON. No. 3 Ferry and 25 Liberty sts. Feb 14—

REMOVAL.

HOLDSHIP & BROWN.

HAVE removed their Paper Store from Market street to No. 64 Wood street, one door from corner of 4th, where they keep on hands their usual assortment of WALL PAPERS, for papering parlors, chambers, &c. and also PRINTING, WRITING and WRAPPING PAPERS, BONNET BOARDS, &c. all of which they offer for sale on accommodating terms. feb 14, 1843.—dtf

TURNPIKE ELECTION.—The stockholders of the Greensburgh and Pittsburgh Turnpike road company, are hereby notified that an election for Managers for the ensuing year, will be held on the first Monday in March next, at the Central Toll house, No. 3, on said road. JOHN M. DAVIS, Treasurer. feb 13—3t

MONONGAHELA BRIDGE, Pittsburgh February 6, 1843.

AN election for President, Managers and Officers of the Company for erecting a Bridge over the Monongahela river opposite Pittsburgh, in the County of Allegheny, will be held at the toll house on Monday, the 6th of March next, at 3 o'clock P. M. JOHN THAW, Treasurer. feb 7—3tw.

JUST RECEIVED—A complete assortment of Kettles, Pots, Bake and Dutch Ovens, and Skillets, Lids to suit all sizes—also, Stoves, Grates, &c., for sale on accommodating terms. ISAAC HARRIS, Agent and Com. Merch't No 9, 5th st. feb 8

FOR SALE OR BARTER.—10 dozen good Woolen Socks, 50 small bolts of twine. For sale low for cash or barter to suit. I. HARRIS, Ag't and Com. Merch't, 5th st. Feb 11

For Rent:

That handsome brick Cottage on the 4th st. road, three miles from this city, with three or more acres of land and garden abounding with fruit trees and shrubbery in high cultivation. This house which is most pleasantly situated on a gentle rise from the Turnpike, commanding a splendid view of the surrounding country; contains ten rooms well finished, the kitchen, which is large, affords every convenience, with a never failing running fountain and pump of the purest water at the door. Barn, Stable Room and out-houses at a proper distance from the house. Rent very low, to suit the times—for further particulars, apply at the store-house of A. Beeler, on Front street, or to the proprietor, adjoining the premises. DAVID BEELER. feb 11—1w. [Advocate copy 1w.]

FARE REDUCED.

ON THE GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE, via NATIONAL ROAD AND BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAIL ROAD COMPANY.

NEW line of U. S. Mail Coaches for Washington City, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

This line is in full operation and leaves Pittsburgh daily at 6 o'clock A. M., via Washington Pa. and national road to Cumberland, connecting here with the rail road Co's. to all the above places. Travellers will find this a speedy and comfortable route, it being a separate and distinct Pittsburgh and Cumberland line, facilities will be afforded which have not been heretofore enjoyed. Extra coaches furnished at the shortest notice, with the privilege of going through, direct, or taking one, stopping rest at their option.

Fare from Pittsburgh to Baltimore, $10.00
Pittsburg to Relay house, $10.00 } 12.00
Thence to Washington 2.00
Pittsburgh to Philadelphia, 12.00

For through tickets, apply at our office at the corner of Exchange Hotel, or at our office at the Monongahela House. L. W. STOCKTON, President of N. R. Stage Co. Feb. 3d—dtf.

LINING SKINS. The subscriber has received a large assortment of Lining Skins, of superior quality, which he offers much lower than they can be had at any other place in the city—*for cash* only. WM. ADIAR. Liberty, opposite Smithfield st. Feb. 11, 1843—1w

OIL OF TANNIN.—This truly wonderful chemical preparation, restores old leather, and makes it as strong as ever—makes Shoes or Boots perfectly water tight, and of course much warmer—softens the leather, which gives a relief to your Corns. It can be used at any time, whether the leather be dry or damp, and your boots or shoes will receive as fine a polish as ever. The above can be had only at TUTTLE'S *Medical Agency*, 86 4th st.

TO the Honorable, the Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the county of Allegheny:

The petition of Alexander Stewart, of the Borough of Elizabeth, in said county, respectfully showeth:—

That he is well provided with house room and other conveniences for the accommodation of strangers and travellers, at the house now occupied by him as a tavern; and being desirous to continue in that business he prays your honors to grant him a license to keep an Inn or house of Public Entertainment. And he will pray, &c. ALEX. STEWART.

The undersigned citizens of the Borough and Township of Elizabeth, respectfully certify, that Alexander Stewart, the above named applicant, is a gentleman of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation and lodging of strangers and travelers, and that said tavern is necessary for the accommodation of the public.

John M Laughlin	J D Graham
J L Morris	Samuel Walker
James Scott	F McGow Jr
Garret Wall	J H Allister
A F Shields	B Boyd
Alex McCaughan	Henry Westhay
Wm Srader	James Douglass
James Power	C B Warren
Robert Galloway	J W Westhay
James A Ekin	Abner Warren
C F Diehl	Samuel Lyel
John Walker, Sen.	J H Watson
James Hutchison	John Power
Uriah Applegate.	

Feb. 11, 1843.—3t

PIG IRON.

64 TONS Tennessee Pig Iron. For sale low for close consignment, by JAMES MAY. feb 10.

LOST.

ON Tuesday, at the Military Ball, at Concert Hall, a BLACK MERINO SHAWL with a small border. It is supposed to have been taken away in mistake, as another Shawl of a different quality was left in its place. The person who has it will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at this office. feb 10.

FOR SALE.—A good Farm of 120 acres of excellent land, lying on the west side of the Monongahela river, 24 miles above Pittsburgh, 100 acres is improved; a good dwelling house, barn and tenant house, and will be sold a bargain—for terms enquire at HARRIS'S Intelligence office, 5th st. feb 10.

BOOTS, SHOES, SOCKS, &c.—Just received, a fresh assortment of Men's, Women's and Children's Boots and shoes—for sale cheap for cash or produce, at HARRIS'S Intelligence office 5th st. feb 10

FOR NEW ORLEANS,

Positively on the opening of navigation, the substantial built steamer, ALGONQUIN, Hiram Konarr, Master, will depart for the above and intermediate ports, on the opening of the navigation. For freight or passage apply on board, or to SIBRIGHT & CO., No. 60, Wood st.

N. B. The Algonquin is now undergoing repairs, and will be ready to receive freight on Friday next. feb 9-tf