wondering interest. The patient was placed to his satisfaction. The Dr. then caught hold a flat piece of wood which lay near at hand, and suddenly commenced a slapping right up and down, a *posteriori* argument which at once convinced the charry pit that it was no use trying to maintain its position any longer. The fright excitement, and the blow brought on vomiting, which relieved the patient at once.—Our friend accompanied the Doctor down the street, and frankly told him he knew his face very well, but could not call to mind when or where he had seen him.

'Hush!' said the Doctor, with evident trepidation, 'Hush! don't be after saying a word, I used to drive Dr.——'s gig in New York, and so I picked up my *eddication*. I remember you, but don't say a word, I'm in a regular good practice; don't spile me.' Our friend could not help laughing, and so left the Doctor. We have no doubt he enjoys the confidence of the people among whom he is settled, but we could not help saying to ourselves, that there was little inducement for a man to study a profession, when the public will make no distinction between the pretensions of the quack and the claims of the well educated and competent practitioner. —*Brooklyn News.*

FOR PRESIDENT,

JAMES BUCHANAN

Subject to the decision of a National Convention.

DAILY MORNING POST.

THS. PHILLIPS & WM. H. SMITH, EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1843.

See First Page.

Assumption of the State Debts.

The advocates of the old Federal doctrines have been so long under the displeasure of the American people, and have found an open and honest course in politics so hopeless in advancing their rotten principles, that they have become systematically sly and hypocritical, in all their political movements. Their every proceeding is insidious and uncandid.

They are now covertly engaged in the grand scheme of an Assumption of the State Debts by the General Government. This invention is of pure federal parentage, having for a precedent the financial plan of Hamilton, by which he enriched his corrupt sattelites, and hoped to render the States subservient to, and dependent upon the Federal power.

This mode of getting rid of the State Debts, was broached by order of Daniel Webster, soon after his return from England. The Commercial Advertiser of New York, and the American of that city came out in its favor and put forth feelers to ascertain whether public opinion was prepared for so broad a stride towards a revival of the pernicious practices of old federalism. Mr. Webster himself, soon after the opening of the session of '38-'39, made some demonstrations of an intention to bring the subject before the Senate. Under the belief that he would do so, a committee was appointed to consider and report upon it. They did make a report, adverse to the principle, and several Democratic Senators made able speeches against it. A vote was taken upon it, and the report was adopted almost unanimously; Mr. Webster, if we remember aright, dodged on the occasion.

To Mr. Wm. Cost Johnson belongs the doubtful honor of bringing up this condemned proposition a second time. He laid it before the House, and upon taking a vote, but *four* persons were found with hardihood enough to vote for it.

But federalism does not give over its purposes so tamely.—In the absence of all other good qualities it has no lack of perseverance. Petitions in favor of Cost Johnson's plan are silently circulating every where; the origin and nature of the scheme, and the fact that it is a twice rejected measure of the whig party, is carefully kept out of view, and people are only told that it is an excellent way to "get rid" of State Taxes and State Debts.

We have no fear that the odious and unjust proposition can ever be adopted, but we deem it a duty to warn our friends against this insidious and specious attempt to saddle the general Government with a National Debt. There has been no wider point of difference between the great parties of this country, than this of incurring large indebtedness by the general government. It has been the pride and boast of our party that under Gen. Jackson's administration, the debt of the United States was all paid off, while it has always been a cardinal opinion of the federalists that a "national debt is a national blessing."

The scheme of Assumption adopted at the instance of Gen. Hamilton, was strenuously opposed by the early democrats, and yet there was far more apology for that measure, than can be offered for the one now on the tapis. The debts then assumed, were alleged to have been incurred for the defence of their common country, by the several states. For the debts now due by the states, no such plea can be set up. The money was expended by the States themselves, exclusively for their own benefit, and there is no shadow of excuse why they should now be made a common burden. It is impossible that the scheme can be adopted, without doing monstrous injustice to those States who have behaved prudently, and made no liabilities. For, notwithstanding the debt is to be paid by revenue from the public lands, there is no reason to suppose that it can ever so be paid. And finally, the non-indebted states will be compelled to suffer for the profligacy and extravagance of those that are involved.

But if the plan were as just as it is iniquitous, it should not be adopted. The indebted states have rioted in extravagant expenditure, and they should be made to suffer from the effects of their wild imprudence. Similar causes produce similar effects upon both States and individuals. If it were possible to escape the penalties of debauch, the dissolute would be far more numerous than they are. So if the States which are now borne down by debt, should have their burdens removed, they would run the same course of borrowing and reckless expense. Let them rather toil on through the difficulties they have brought on themselves. It is not only strictly just that they should pay their own debts but their return to solvency by retrenchment, industry and economy, would be immensely salutary.

A situation Wanted—in the Penitentiary.—The Philadelphia Ledger says that a young Englishman, well dressed and intelligent, named Harding, was brought before Mayor Scott, at the instance of Mr. Thompson, warden of the Eastern Penitentiary, under circumstances of a very singular character indeed. Mr. Thompson stated that for several successive days, Harding had applied to him at the prison for admission, earnestly and determinedly insisting on being an inmate, stating that he had read Miss Martineau's work on America, containing a description of the prison, and that he had lef. England with the determiaatton to become an inmate, and test the condition of solitary confinement. His application, as a matter of course, was resisted, but every denial seemed but to increase his importunities, and finally he wished Mr. T. to inform him what crime would give him a term of four years in the prison his manner at the same time strongly indicating a design to commit a felony for the purpose of gratifying his singular desire. Under these circumstances Mr. T. thought proper to bring him before the Mayor, which resulted in his committal, in default of bail to keep the peace.

Astonishing Luck—Emory & Co. of Baltimore, sold at their office on Wednesday, three capital prizes in the Maryland State Lottery—one of $15,000 one of $1000, and one of $200. Such a rare freak of dame Fortune, at one office, is seldom recorded.—*Balt. Paper.*

These 'freaks of dame Fortune' may be very agreeable to drawers of the capital, prizes, but the editor who records the above has not a tear of sympathy for the poor gulls, who bought tickets, and find they have nothing but dismal blanks.

To be hung.—The Nashville Union of the 20th ult., says that sentence of death has been pronounced on Kirby, Carroll, and Payne for the crime of murder. They will be executed on the 10th of February. 'Whoso sheddeth man's blood, by man shall his blood be shed.'

Mount Etna is again kicking up a dust. It seems that considerable torrents of lava are flowing in the direction of Bronte. The damage already done is said to be immense. The fine weather allows us to roam about the whole night, admiring the extraordinary spectacle. Numerous strangers come to be near the scene, says a writer.

A man who robbed himself.—Haven Jackson, a drover, a short time since, pretended that his pocket was picked at Westfield, Conn., of $340, and offered $50 reward for detecting the robber, and recovering the money. He had sold his cattle for less than they cost him—and the sequel proved that he had cut off the skirt of his own coat, and feigned that he had been robbed, to excite the sympathy of his creditors. A sheriff followed him home to Hinsdale, Mass:, charged him with having robbed himself, which he confessed, and thus detected the robber, recovered the money, and claimed the reward.

Wheat at Buffalo.—The Buffalo Commercial of Monday says:—'The wheat market begins to move again. Within the past week contracts and sales have been made for 18,000 bushels of Ohio to arrive, at prices which have not transpired, doubtless, however, in the neighborhood of 62½ cents. Advices from the west represent the grain market as languid, with but light receipts. Along the lake shore 56 cents is paid from wagons, and in the interior half a dollar appears to be a ruling rate.'

Cost of a Marine Camel.—The Nantucket Marine Camel Company has expended the sum of $37,249.

Important from Mexico.—The New Orleans Tropic learns from letters, which appear in late Mexico papers, that the recent proceedings of Commodore Jones, at Monterey, are not the only grounds of complaint the Mexican government have against this country. *El Siglo Diez y Nueve* publishes three letters from the new Governor of California, stating the particulars of what he terms an outrage on his government, at the port of San Diego. From the statement given, it appears that during the month of November, a party of men entered that port, and spiked eight cannon belonging to the fortification. The officers of the brig Alert, bearing the United States flag, are charged with the perpetration of this offence, as she was seen off the port some days before, and and several boats with men were seen passing between the vessel and the shore about the time of the alleged offence. In his own peculiar style, the Governor invoked the action of the Supreme Government in this business.

Effects of Millerism—An aged lady, says the Boston Bee, residing in Charlestown, became the victim of this delusion, and laid down her life in consequence on Sunday evening last. Her husband had died a few days previous, and the old lady's nerves were doubtless weakened by the event; and when, on Sunday evening, the clouds were tinged with the hue of fire reflected from the conflagration at Cambridge, no reasoning or persuasion would induce her to believe otherwise than that the world was then about being destroyed by fire. Her apprehension and excitement threw her into strong convulsions, which terminated her life the same evening.

Supposed Foul Play.—From circumstances which have transpired since the body of Mr. Ogden, late President of the Canal Bank, at New Orleans, was found in the canal, it is rendered certain that the late Mr. Ogden did not meet his death by drowning, but that his body was thrown into the canal after life was extinct. It is therefore palpable enough that he died not by the hands of assassins, or by one of those visitations which must remain a mystery to all except that Providence who giveth life and who hath taken it away. Distinguished physicians have examined the body, and the result of this examination has been, as stated above, that he came to his death before he was placed in the water.

The Philadelphia Ledger, speaking of the prospects of trade, says, "with a little forbearance and a reasonable degree of confidence present difficulties may be shorn of much of their poignancy, and future brightened with well grounded hope."

A Vermont editor thus advises the young ladies in those diggins.—'When you have got a man to the sticking point—that is, when he proposes—don't turn away your head or affect a blush, or refer him to pa, or ask for more time; all those tricks are understood now, but just look him right in the face, give him a hearty smack, and tell him to go and order the furniture."

A Literary Dog.—The Boston Post says that a gentleman at West Cambridge has a large dog, who, every day, upon the arrival of the omnibus runs out to receive the newspapers, which he regularly conveys to the family.

The Iron Ship, now presents a ship like appearance. It is the greatest curiosity in this city at the present time.

We learn from the New Orleans paper of the 16th instant, that the cases of small pox in that city increase daily in number and in malignity of character.

The Bulletin cautions parents not to allow young children to be vaccinated on the legs This it appears is the Creole practice there.

This loathsome disease is also said to be prevailing very generally at Jackson, Mississippi.

Shocking.—On Sunday morning, at an early hour, a female in Baltimore was seen to descend the steps of a basement and to ascend again in less than a minute. A young man, who observed this, went down and found an infant at the foot of the steps, covered with the door mat, The wretched woman had deposited the child (probably her own) in that place, where it must have perished at that early hour, but for the accidental discovery of the young man. The child was properly taken care of.

The Court Martial in the case of Alex. Slidel McKenzie will assemble in New York on the 1st of February. The Court of Enquiry have unanimously acquitted him, and the Court Martial was instituted at his own request. The veteran, Commodore Downes, will preside over the deliberations of that tribunal, and among its members are Captain George C. Reed, Daniel Turner, Isaac McKeever, Chas. W. Skinner, John H. Aulick, John Gwinn, and Commanders Henry W. Ogden, Thos. W. Wyman, W. W. McKean. The Court will be composed of thirteen members, and the Judge Advocate.

Millerism.

The Vermont Chronicle says 'that from much inquiry and various facts which have come to our knowledge, we have no confidence in the idea that Miller himself believes his doctrine.'

The resolution of the Wisconsin Legislature, requesting the President to remove Gov. Doty, has passed by a vote of thirty to two.

Franconia Forever.—A Franconia correspondent of the New Hampshire Argus, states that in that town, on the 4th instant, the mercury sunk into the bulb of the lowest thermometer, more than forty degrees below zero!

Burglars are flowing extenively into Baltimore.

Legislature in Alabama—A regular fisticuff took place in the capitol of Alabama, between two grave legislators, growing out of some misunderstanding in debate. No damage done.

Proceedings in Common Council.

Monday Jan. 31st, 1843.

Council met—Present, Messrs. Borland, Bowman, Buckle, Edgar, Hamilton, Hays, Howard, Hunter, Irwin, Kelly, Litch, Magraw, Mason, Mitchell, Morrison, O'Neill, Patricks, Pratt, Small, Stoner, Wiggans, and President.

Mr. Eichbaum, President in the chair.

The returns of the election held in the Second Ward on Tuesday the 24 h day of January, 1843 for one member of the Common Council, having been presented, it appeared that Mr. F. Irwin was duly elected, to whom the oath of office was administered by Alderman Miller, and who took his seat as a member.

Mr. Edgar presented a petition from J. Ivory and John Harper, which was read and referred to the committee on streets, grading and paving, with instructions to report by Ordinance or otherwise, concurred in by Select Council.

The President laid before Councils a communication from James W. Biddle relative to the recent disposal of the City Printing, which was read and referred to a special committee of 3, and Messrs. Stoner and Morrison appointed on part of this Council, reference concurred in by Select Council and Mr. Galway appointed on their part.

The President presented the report of the special Committee to whom was referred the communication of the Hon Wm. Wilkins asking a settlement of his account, accompanied by the following resolutions, Report accepted, and resolution read three times and adopted; concurred in by Select Council, viz: Resolved, That the Mayor be and he is hereby authorized and required to draw his warrant on the Treasurer in favor of the Hon. Wm. Wilkins for $330 in full for services in the Battery Case and charge the same to the contingent fund.

Mr. Small offered the following preamble and resolution, viz: Whereas, a mistake occurred in recording the vote of one of the members of the Common Council in voting for Solicitor in the joint convention of Councils on the 17th inst by the correction of which mistake it appears that no election was then had for that office, therefore

Resolved, That the Councils will forthwith meet in joint Convention for the election of a person to act as City Solicitor for the present year, which was then read and laid on the table by the following vote, the Yeas and Nays having been called for by Mr. Magraw, viz: Yeas—Messrs Borland, Bowman, Buckle, Edgar, Hamilton, Hays, Howard, Hunter, Irwin, Kelly, Litch, Mason, Mitchell, Morrison, Pratt, Stoner, Wiggans, and President, 18

Nays—Messrs Magraw, O'Neill, Patrick, and Small, 4.

The following Bills were read and referred to the Committee on Claims and Accounts and concurred in by Select Council, viz:

A Bill of	T. Scott nominating to	$22,35
" "	L. McFarlane "	1,50
" "	B. Larkin "	3,00
" "	J. G. Backofen "	1,00
" "	J. Herring "	1,25

Mr. Edgar offered the following resolution which was read 3 times and adopted, and concurred in by Select Council viz:

Resolved, That the Committee on markets be and they are hereby requested to enquire into the expediency of expelling all Hucksters from our markets and report at the next meeting of Councils.

The Clerk of the Select Council presented An Ordinance entitled 'An Ordinance making appropriations for the year 1843,' as having passed, which was read three times and concurred in.

Also, An Ordinance entitled 'An Ordinance relative to the Wharf Master, as having passed, which was read 3 times and concurred in.

Also, An Ordinance entitled 'An Ordinance for increasing the rent paid by the Weigh Master of the Markets' as having passed. Mr. Edgar moved to amend by striking out the words 'one hundred' and inserting 'seventy five' which was lost and the Ordinance read 3 times and concurred in

Also A Communication from the Eagle Fire Company with reference of same to the Committee on Fire Engines and Hose, which was concurred in.

Also, a petition on the subject of Wallis street with reference of same to the Committe on Street Grading and Paving, which was concurred in.

Also, a Report from the Trustees of the Pittsburgh Gas Works with reference of same to the Committee on Gas Lighting, which was concurred in.

Also, a number of resolutions relative to the Fire Department with reference of same to a Special Committee, and Mr. Jackson appointed on their behalf, which was concurred in, and Messrs. Edgar and Litch appointed on behalf of this Council.

Also, the resignation of R. E. McGavin as one of the Regulators of Streets and Lots, as having been accepted, which was concurred in.

Also, a Report from the Water Committee with the Estimate of the Engineer relative to the completion of the New Water Works with reference of same to the Committee on Finance, which was concurred in.

Also the following Resolution as having been adopted, which was read three times and concurred in, viz:

Resolved, That the Committee on Gas Lighting be instructed to enquire into the expediency of making some arrangement with the individual stockholders of the Pittsburgh Gas Works whereby the City Councils might obtain the sole control of the same and receive all the profit that may accrue therefrom.

Also the following resolution as having been adopted, which was read three times and concurred in, viz:

Resolved, That the attendance of a constable at the Scotch Hill Market be dispensed with for the present.

Also, a petition of T. Redpath and others on the subject of Huckstering, with reference of same to the Market Committee which was concurred in.

Mr. Magraw presented a remonstrance on the same subject which was read and also referred to the Market Committee and concurred in by S. C.

Mr. Hays moved That the Report of the Special Committee in relation to the Accounts of the City Treasurer presented to this Council at its last meeting be published, which was adopted.

The Clerk of the S. C. presented the following as having been adopted, which was read three times and concurred in, viz:

Resolved, That the Presidents of Councils be requested to petition the Legislature to pass such laws as will enable the City Authorities to punish persons who may wantonly injure that portion of the water works lying out of the city as fully as they now can that portion lying within the same, also to enable the said city authorities to collect the Water Rents both within and without the said City in the same way as the City Taxes are now collected.

He also informed the Councils that the S. C had elected the following persons Gas Trustees, viz:

Thomas Bakewell, } to serve for
John Caldwell, } 3 years.

J. H. Ralston for 1 year, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of John Sheriff.

The Common Council elected the following persons Gas Trustees:

Wm. Eichbaum & } to serve for
Alex M Anderson, } 3 years.

J. H. Shoenberger to serve for 1 year in place of M. Brunot who was not eligible. Adjourned.

Mission to China.—A resolution is now before Congress to appropriate $10,000 for the expenses of a mission to China. It is thought that it will be adopted.

Dr. Buchanan is driving his *neurology* team with great success in Albany. His lectures are 'deeply interesting,' and draw full houses at 25 cents a head.

The last Hernando Phœnix—a paper published in Mississippi—contains legal advertisements, on which (aggregate) the printer's fee amounts to $12,000!

Fight between the 'American giant' and Tipton Slasher.—Freeman, who is known by the sobriquet of the 'American Giant,' is upwards of seven feet in height, 18 stone weight, and 29 years of age, has been pitted in a match with Tipton Slasher, a powerful man, also, and who claims to be the champion of England. The first time the belligerents met, Freeman had the advantage, but night terminated the sport without deciding the battle.

They met again on the 15th ult., but owing to the interference of the magistrates and the police, the object was frustrated. They met again on the 10th, near Gravesend, on the Thames, about 20 miles below London, whither they proceeded in a steamboat hired for the occasion, accompanied by about 400 of the 'fancy,' each of whom paid two dollars and a half for the passage. Freeman, the American was attended by Tom Spring, who acted as his second, and the Tipton Slasher by Jonny Broome, who officiated for his friend in a similar capacity.

They fought 37 rounds in 35 minutes. The fight throughout was in favor of Freeman, who was superior in height and muscular power, and in activity to his opponent. The Slasher often dropped down to avoid the American's blows, and indeed the fight was prematurely brought to a conclusion by one of these ingenious feints on his part to avoid punishment. The referee, when appealed to, announced it foul, and the stakes amounting to 200£ were given up to Freeman.

DIED:

Yesterday, at 7 o'clock, WM. B. STEWART, in the 32d year of his age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, at 10 o'clock to-day from his residence on Sandusky street, opposite the Rev. Sproul's Church, Allegheny city.

To Southern and Western Merchants.

THIS advertisement is to inform the class of Merchants from the South and South West, and part of the West, who visit New York in February and March, that we are prepared to show the largest assortment of *Domestic Goods*, ever offered to Country Merchants and Western Dealers. Our experience during the past 15 years has shown us that the early buyers are poorly prepared for, but few buying being prepared for them. In that view of the case, we have made arrangements with manufacturers to be supplied more extensively with goods by the first of February, at which time, with our present stock, we shall have the best assortment of the following goods of any house in this city: Brown Sheetings and Shirtings of all the known brands—also, nearly 100 other styles, ranging only ¾ kinds from 2¼ cts. to 4½ cents, and on ½ widths, from 3¼ cts. to 12½ cts.—*Best heavy* 37 *inches wide* at 6¼ cents, such as were worth 7½ last fall—most of these goods are on consignment and will be sold lower than by the jobbers for ready money as below—Bed Ticks in great variety, from 1 to 2 cents per yard less than last fall. *The very best* 7 8 *Tick at* 12½ *cents*—worth 15 cents last fall. Blue Merrimack and other American callicoes, from 1 to 3 cents less per yard than last fall prices—Colored Cambrics, Bleached Goods, Drillings, Cloths, Satinets and all prominent articles of Domestic Goods.

N. B.—We are the only Wholesale Dry Goods Dealers in New York city, who sell only for cash. In the last 2 years we have not sold one dollar on credit. We can undersell the credit houses for the following reasons—We have no bad debts to *eat up profits*. We get our rent at about ½ Pearl st. prices. *In cash business* Clerk hire is not half what it is in credit business We get most of our goods direct from the manufactories & not of other Commission Merchants. We sell a much larger amount than could be done on time And last of all *we live cheap*, and are contented with moderate gains, having spent 12 years previous to the last two in making money ON PAPER. Most every Merchant has more or less money to spare. Those without any *need not call*, as we have no time to waste with those looking for Amusement. All judges of goods buy, we have observed, off hand, and this advertisement is only addressed to that class of Merchants.

HUNTINGTON, CAMPBELL & Co.
Commission Merchants, warehouse No. 28 Liberty st. New York. feb 1.

An Ordinance making Appropriations for the year 1843.

BE it ordained and enacted by the citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Council assembled, That the amount of monies to be collected upon the persons, professions, trades and property of the City of Pittsburgh, made taxable, together with the monies now in the Treasury, as well as all monies arising from rents, fines, forfitures, licences, &c. shall be, and the same are hereby appropriated in the following manner, viz:

No. 1—Salaries of City Officers.

Mayor		$700 00
Treasurer		500 00
City Solicitor		250 00
Wharf Master		500 00
Street Commissioner		500 00
Clerk of Markets		200 00
High Constable		300 00
3 City Constables each	$2,50	750 00
Clerk of Councils each	$2,00	400 00
Messengers each	$50	100 00
Recording Regulator		2,50 00
Sup't of Water Works including Engineer		1200 00
Assessor & Reg'r of Water rents		400 00
Assessor of City Taxes for which he must furnish two sets of Duplicates		75 00
		$6,125 00

No. 2.

Interest on City loans	29,346 70	
do on Gas Stock	4,989 00	$34,235 70

No 3.—Public Printing		300 00
No. 4.—Engine and Hose Companies keeping their apparatus in repair		1,300 00
No 5.—City watch		3,500 00
No. 6.—City Water Works		4,000 00
No. 7.—Repairing paved Cartways		1,000 00
No. 8.—Cleaning do do		1,500 00
No. 9.—Redemption of City Scrip		250 00
No 10.—City loans, viz:		
due Wm. Smyth	3,000 00	
do Geo. Rapp	2,500 00	
do A. Horbach	2,500 00	
do James Ross	1,000 00	
do Bank of Pittsburgh	3,000 00	
do William Barr	500 00	12,500 00
No. 11.—Outstanding Warrants	3,735 77	
Interest of 1842	4,529 85	8,315 62
No. 12.—Monongahela Wharf		150 00
No. 13.—Sanitary Fund		100 00
No. 14.—Cortingent Fund		5000 00
		$78,376 32

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 30th day of January, A. D. 1843

ATTEST: WM. EICHBAUM, Pre-ident Common Council.
E. J. ROBERTS, Clerk Common Council.
JOHN SHIPTON, President Select Council.
A. MILLAR, Clerk Select Council. feb. 1.

AN ORDINANCE *for increasing the Rent paid by the Weigh Master of the Market.*

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the citizens of Pitt-burgh in Select and Common Councils assembled, That the rent of the Weigh Scales at the Market for the pres-nt year and hereafter, be fixed at one hundred dollars per annum.

SECTION II. Be it ordained and enacted by the authority aforesaid: That all ordinances as rent of the Weigh House be and the same are hereby altered and repealed Ordained and enacted into a Law in Council's, this 30th day of January, A. D 1843.

ATTEST: WM. EICHBAUM, President Common Council.
E. J. ROBERTS, Clerk Common Council.
JOHN SHIPTON, President Select Council.
ALEX'R MILLAR, Clerk Select Council.

AN ORDINANCE *relative to the Wharf Master.*

Be it ordained and enacted by the citizens of Pittsburgh in Select and Common Councils assembled: That so much of the 5th section of an Ordinance passed on the 26th of February, 1825, as requires that the Wharf Master shall give bonds with sureties in the sum of one thousand dollars, be and is hereby altered so that he shall give bond with sureties as heretofore provided, in the sum of three thousand dollars.

Ordained and enacted into a Law in Councils this 30th day of January A. D. 1843.

ATTEST: WM. EICHBAUM, President Common Council,
E. J. ROBERTS, Clerk Common Council.
JOHN SHIPTON, President, Select Council.
ALEX'R MILLAR, Clerk Select Council.

Auction Sales.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

WILL be sold at Bausman's Commercial Auction Rooms, No. 110, Wood street, on Thursday, Feb. 2d., 1843, at 10 o'clock, A. M. by order of Assignees, the entire Stock of an extensive Variety store, comprising by far the largest and most complete department of the kind ever offered for sale in this city, in part consisting of

Horn, Pocket and Fine combs,
Toilet and Rainbow Glasses and Dressing cases,
Violins and Harmonica Canes,
Childrens Toys, Trinkets, &c
London and German pins,
Shaving and Snuff Boxes,
Shaving and Fancy Soap,
Razors and Razor Straps,
Glass, Amber and wax beads,
Gold and Silver Lace and Braid,
Gold and Silver Tinsel and Tin Foil,
Calico and Glazed Paper,
Turkish and German pipes,
Glass and Iron Lamps,
Slate and Slate Books,
Silver, Crayon and Lead Pencils,
Pocket Books and Purses,
Scarificators, Lancets and Snuffers,
Thimbles, Gimblets and Scissors
Horn and Bone Buttons and moulds,
Chess Boards and Chessmen; Playing Cards and Dominoes,
Tooth, Clothes and Hair Brushes,
Needles and Knitting pins,
Hooks and Eyes, Steel pens,
Fire steels and shoe Knives,
Spectacles, Goggles and fish Hooks,
Cigar and Needle Cases,
Glass and Dark Lanthorns,
Skates, Coffee mills,
Inkstands, Sealing wax.
Rattan Canes and Riding Whips.
Black and Oil Flints,

with an immense lot of other rare and valuable articles.

The attention of Country merchants, Pedlars, Speculators and traders generally is respectfully invited to this great chance for bargains. Sale positive without any reserve.

4t d. R. A. BAUSMAN, Auct'r.

TAKE notice that I have applied to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny county, for the benefit of the laws enacted for the relief of insolvent debtors, and that said Court has appointed the 3d Saturday of February next, at the Court House in the city of Pittsburgh for the hearing of me and my creditors, when and where you may attend if you think proper.

JAMES BOYD, 5th ward,
jan 31—3t. Late Grocer, Pittsburgh.

ESTATE of John Hunker, late of the City of Pittsburgh dec'd. Persons interested will take notice that letters of administration on the estate of the said decedent, has been duly granted by the Register of Allegheny County, to Susanna Hunker, widow of the said deceased; and all persons having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent, are requested to make known the same to her without delay. Her residence is in Hand street, city of Pittsburgh.

SUSANNA HUNKER,
feb 1—6w. Administratrix.

A GOOD FARM FOR SALE.—A fine Farm containing 170 acres, handsomely lying on the west bank of the Allegheny river, three and one half miles above Freeport, it has about 60 acres cleared and a good frame dwelling house and a small log house, stables and other improvements, and in a good neighborhood. It has plenty of coal and limestone, supposed plenty of salt, water on it. It will be sold together or divided to suit purchasers who can make a good payment in hand, and a good credit on a part. For particulars enquire at Harris' General Agency and Intelligence Office. Feb 1

☞ Eleven other cheap Farms for sale as above.

FOR SALE on accommodating terms—
1000 quarter augers assorted. 10 doz c. p. spades, shovels and spades. 150 pa cheap paper hangings. 500 cuts carpet chain. 20 doz corn brooms. 250 doz window sash and glass to suit. Nails and brads, hay forks and grain shovels.

ISAAC HARRIS,
Agt. and Com. Merchant,
feb 1. No 9, Fifth street.

La! what makes your teeth so unusually white?
Quoth Jes'ka dulcinia to him t'other night,
To make yours look so, with a grin, replied Josh,
I've brought you a bottle of Thorns' Tooth Wash,
'Tis the best now in use, so the gentlefolks say;
And since they have tried this, cast all others away.
But to prove it the best, to make the teeth shine,
Look again, my dear Sal, at the lustre of mine.
Then try it is great tooth wash,
The Teaberry tooth wash,
And see if this Tooth Wash of Thorn's is not fine.

Having tried Dr. "Thorn's Tea Berry Tooth Wash," and become acquainted with the ingredients of its composition, I cheerfully say, I consider it one of the safest, as it is one of the most pleasant Tooth Washes now in use.

Pittsburgh Sep. 15, 1842 DAVID HUNT, Dentist.

I take pleasure in stating, having made use of "Thorn's Tea Berry Tooth Wash," that it is one of the best dentrifices in use. Being in a liquid form, it combines neatness with convenience. While it cleanses the enamel and removes the tartar from the teeth, its perfume yields a fragrance peculiarly desirable. J. P. TIBBETTS, M. D.

The undersigned have used "Thorn's Compound Tea Berry Tooth Wash," and have found it to be an extremely pleasant dentifrice, exercising a most salutary influence over the Teeth and Gums; preserving those indispensable members from premature decay, preventing the accumulation of Tartar, and purifying the Breath. Having thoroughly tested its virtues, we take pleasure in recommending it to the public, believing it to be the best article of the kind now in use.

M ROBERTSON, JAMES P JACK.
ROBT HEEBLES, CHAS S SCULLY.
C DARRAGH, WM MCANDLESS,
J M MOORE M.D. JAS S CRAFT.
H L RINGWALT, L S JOHNS,

Prepared only by WILLIAM THORN, Apothecary and Chemist, No. 53 Market street, Pittsburgh; for sale at all the principal Druggists', and Tuttle's Medical Agency, Fourth street. sep

BOLTING CLOTHS AT AUCTION.

ON Friday morning Feb. 3d, at 10 o'clock, A. M. at the corner of Fifth and Wood streets, I will sell 24 full pieces of Bolting Cloths, assorted, No. 5, 7, 8, and 9.

Those goods may be seen at any time previous to the day of sale. The attention of "Millers" is particularly directed to this sale.

J. B. GUTHRIE, *Auctioneer.*
Pittsburgh, Jan. 26, 1843.

FARM FOR SALE.—About eleven small, middle sized and large farms for sale at from 6 to 50 miles from Pittsburgh, and at prices varying from 10 to $40 an acre—persons wanting to purchase farms, will please call and examine the record at HARRIS'
jan 25. Gen. Agency & Intelligence office.

E. H. Heastings,

RECORDING REGULATOR. Office with Alderman Watson, 4th street, next door to the Bank of Pittsburgh; where applications for Regulating, Surveying, Laying out and Dividing Landed estates, will be received.

Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, &c. executed with legal accuracy and despatch.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 26, 1843.—3t

HEWES' NERVE AND BONE LINIMENT.

WE would advise all persons who may be afflicted with *Gout, Rheumatism, Sprains*, Contracted Cords and Limbs, and any stiffness of the back or body, which may be brought on by Cold, or Exposure to the Weather, to call at TUTTLE'S 86, 4th street, and procure a bottle of the above Liniment, which will give immediate relief and effect a certain cure.

☞ TUTTLE has also a first rate assortment of Havanna cigars and Virginia Chewing Tobacco.

'REMEMBER, 86 FOURTH STREET.'

Jan 18, 1842.

MOLASSES.—16 barrels Molasses. For sale by
Jan 28. JAMES MAY.