From the Boston Evening Transcript.

ARRIVAL OF THE COLUMBIA.

TEN DAYS LATER FROM ENGLAND.

The Royal Mail steamship Columbia, Captain Miller, (late Judkins) arrived at her wharf, East Boston, on Tuesday morning at a quarter past 5. She left Liverpool on the 20th, at 2 P. M. and arrived at Halifax on the 22 inst. at 11 A. M. and sailed again at 2 P. M., for Boston—thus making the entire passage in 13 days and 15 hours.

The Britannia, Cap Hewit, arrived at Liverpool on the 14th inst. with the news of the ratified treaty.

Cotton was rather drooping at Liverpool, owing partly to the unsettled relations between the employers and the operatives.

The duty on foreign wheat had risen to 16s. and on flour to 2s. 7½d. per bbl. During the week ending 13th, American flour advanced 6d. per bbl, but subsequently this advantage was lost.

Queen Victoria had returned from Scotland.—She visited Woolwich on the 17th, where she was received with great enthusiasm.

There is nothing later from India and China.

The news from America," says the Liverpool European of the 20th, "relative to the ratification of Lord Ashburton's treaty with the U. States by the Senate, and the settlement of the American tariff, has been much commented upon in mercantile circles and by the press. By some, important and immediate benefits to trade on this side of the Atlantic are predicted from the operation of this latter measure; whilst, by others, the conclusion come to respecting its practical working is not at all favorable, and it is confidently asserted that it will neither answer as a question of revenue, nor as a protection to American manufactures. The adjustment of the points of difference upon which Lord Ashburton was empowered to negotiate has been viewed with pretty general satisfaction. The effect which will be produced in France, by the conclusion of the treaty with America, has been a point of interest and curiosity, in discussing the merits of the question; and more especially, as it relates to the article in the treaty providing for the reciprocal right of search for the suppression of the slave trade on the coast of Africa."

The failures for the preceding fortnight were quite numerous, chiefly arising from the non-success of the late extensive speculation in grain. Richard Roberts, the celebrated speculator in cotton, bank, and railway shares at Manchester, has also failed. His liabilities to the Bank of Manchester are some £60,000.

There is very little alteration in the money market. A good deal of caution is used in the discount market as to the character of the paper presented for negotiation.

The return of the Bank of England liabilities and assets for the quarter ending the 10th, is generally satisfactory, an increase being exhibited in all branches of its business, as compared with the statement of Aug. 13th.

Much complaint is made in London of the high price of bread, notwithstanding the abundant crops. Bread continues to be just about twice the price by weight in London that it is in Paris.

Her Majesty's steamer Kite arrived at Lisbon on the 22d ult., from the coast of Africa, having on board the remaining persons who formed the Niger expedition.

MORE RIOTS IN MANCHESTER.—An attack was made on several mills in Salford, and, in one instance, the hands were all turned out by the rioters. In another attack the hands proved too strong for the mob, and one of the rioters was killed by the severe beating he received. After considerable skirmishing, quiet was restored, but detachments of police and specials were constantly parading different districts. A few more hands had come to work, but it was supposed that at least 5,000 weavers were still out. At Stockport, however, out of thirty-two had resumed work.

At Bolton, the hands employed in Hargreaves' mill turned out on Saturday evening, the 10th, and it was expected that the turn-out would be general.

At Staleybridge, the turn-out was almost general. A shout from the idlers was all that seemed necessary to produce an instant strike.

In the manufacturing districts generally, the presence of armed troops was all that prevented actual rebellion.

FRANCE.—The secret societies at Paris appear to be still at work on the project of overturning the regal government. Another 'infernal machine' had been discovered.

The Prince de Joinville was about to re-embark in the Belle Poule frigate.

The French government had at last resolved to grant the million of francs demanded by the Greek Cabinet.

The Tribunal of Brest had sentenced to hard labor for life, the captain and officers of a Portuguese vessel, captured off Mozambique by a French cruiser, for piracy and slave-trading.

The Court of Cassation annulled the decision of the Royal Court of Paris, which condemned the editors of the Temps to 20,000 francs fine, for an informality in the publication of the journal—The affair is, therefore, to come "de novo" before the Court of Amiens.

SPAIN.—The Barcelona journals continue to be filled with distressing accounts of the ravages occasioned by inundations in Catalonia. It appears that rain fell in torrents during several days.

It was still reported that a modification would shortly take place in the cabinet. Nothing positive, however, was known on the subject.

M. Calatrava, the minister of Finance, was actively prosecuting the reform of his department, into which he had already introduced many useful and important alterations.

Texas and its Resources.

Mr. James Izod, of Natchez, formerly a resident in Texas, a gentleman who is well acquainted with that country, has handed the editor of the Natchez Courier the following statistics, which are of interest to every reader. They were taken from correct authority, during the sojourn of Mr. Izod in the Republic of the lone star.

Estimated area of Texas in acres, as defined by the acts of Congress of 1836,		203,520,000
Amount of land granted by the Mexican Government and confirmed by the Gov't of Texas,	52,311,369	
Amount of land granted by the Gov't of Texas, since the Declaration of Independence,	5,697,356	
Additional amount granted by the Gov't of Texas since the 1st of October, 1837,	3,535,974	
Amount granted as bounties to those who served in the army,	4,363,974	
Amount of land scrip, issued and sold by the Gov't of Texas,	1,500,000	67,408,673
Amount of unappropriated land, (acres)		136,111,327

Another Monster out of the Way.—Halsey Coon, who caused the death of his wife, in East Haddam, Conn. in April last, by throwing burning coals upon her, as she lay drunk upon the floor, has been found guilty of manslaughter, and sentenced to 20 years in the State Prison and $500 fine. He is supposed to have murdered his first wife in the same way, some fourteen months before.

"Bitter Coons" are dreadful bad fellows, and the public should be on their guard against them.—*Baltimore Republican.*

DAILY MORNING POST.

THO. PHILLIPS & WM. H. SMITH, EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS

MONDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1842.

Democratic County Ticket.

ASSEMBLY.
ALEX'R BRACKENRIDGE, Allegheny city.
JOHN STEVENSON, Moon township,
JOHN ANDEREGG, Pitt township,
WILLIAM KARNS, Allegheny city.

COMMISSIONER.
JAMES CONNER, Upper St. Clair.

CLERK OF COURTS.
THOMAS FARLEY, Allegheny city.

RECORDER.
WILLIAM H. SMITH, City.

REGISTER.
JAMES A. GIBSON, Pine.

AUDITOR.
JOSEPH E. M'CABE, Fayette.

See First Page.

Harmony Restored.

We are pleased to learn that the difficulty existing among the democrats of the Tioga Senatorial districts have been happily adjusted and that the whole party will now act harmoniously together. Mr. Clover, of Jefferson and Mr. Lowry of Tioga have withdrawn and Judge Wilcox of McKean is now the only democratic candidate, and of his success by a triumphant majority, there is not a doubt Tioga promises to give him 1500 and pledges the district for 4000!

The difficulties in the Northumberland districts, are likewise settled and the party is now united on *Jesse C. Horton*, who has been unanimously nominated.

In speaking of the elections in the Senatorial districts, the Keystone says we shall have beyond dispute carry all vacant democratic districts, and secure Eyer of Union, and Bailey of Chester, in lieu of whigs. This will give us a clear majority in the Senate of Three. Then we have the strongest possible hopes of carrying Judge Champneys in Lancaster and York—Reiter in Dauphin and Lebanon—Parke in Washington—and possibly Emlen in Philadelphia. Let our friends then every where rejoice and be glad at the certain prospect of redeeming our State Senate for once from the galling thraldom of federal whiggery!

Remember this, democrats of Allegheny, and rally one and all to the polls on Tuesday next and vote *the ticket, the whole ticket*, and *nothing but the ticket.*

CLAY AND CHANGES.—We are told that Henry Clay is already pledged, in case he is elected to the Presidency, to remove every democrat and Tyler man from office at one swoop. He is opposed to the plan of removing one now and then, his policy is to make but one job of the matter—knock off all their heads at once. A whig who was an applicant to President Tyler for an office, but was rejected, thinks this an excellent plan, and has already signified the office he would like to be appointed to. We are afraid this gentleman will find it "all *dickey*" with him and his party about the time the returns of the next Presidential Election come in.

The Gazette of Friday has a column of matter misrepresenting the course of the democrats in Congress on the passage of the Tariff Bill. It would be labour lost, to reply to the brazen misrepresentations of that journal on the Tariff question; when it has shown that the following declarations of Daniel Webster, one of the apostles of federalism, are false, we may consider the falsehoods of the voracious Deacon, worthy a serious reply. In Mr. W's late speech in Boston, he says:

☞"IT IS NOT TRUE, THAT THE TARIFF SYSTEM WAS PASSED BY THE WHIGS ALONE!"

☞"WE ALL KNOW THAT THIRTY, SOME OF THEM, LEADING AND INFLUENTIAL WHIGS, VOTED AGAINST THE TARIFF, OUT AND OUT, ON ALL QUESTIONS, DIRECT AND INDIRECT."

☞"IT IS A TRUTH, THAT IS MORE FAVORABLE TO THE CAUSE, THAT A LARGE PROPORTION OF THE OPPOSITE PARTY CAME IN TO HELP THE TARIFF THROUGH, AND TO RESCUE IT FROM THE INSTABILITY OF MERE PARTY SUPPORT."

SANTA ANNA.—Gen. Santa Anna, President of Mexico, is a tax payer in New Orleans. The Crescent City says he owns some fine property in that city, purchased some years ago.

The Austin Gazette asserts that Gen. Houston received $100,000 as a bribe to release Santa Anna, after the battle of San Jacinto.—Don't believe it.

Federal Moans.—The Phila. Enquirer says eight or ten more Whigs have been removed from the New York Custom House, and their places supplied by Loco Focos. So much the better; the government will have better servants and more revenue by such a *change.*

The Hon. J. C. Calhoun is expected to visit New York in November.

The Cholera is said to prevail in India at the present time.

"William Karns, Laborer."

The announcement in the Workingman's Journal, of Friday, that "William Karns *Laborer*," had been placed on the ticket for the Legislature has created quite an excitement among the Gazette clique and the whole force of the antimasonic thunder has been turned against the nominee, with an apparent determination to annihilate him by a single charge. He is assailed in editorials, communications and handbills, and in all the leading objection is, that William Karns is a *laborer*—how disgraceful. Beware of Wm. Karns, *laborer*, shouts deacon White; beware of William Karns, LABORER, exclaims his correspondents; beware of William Karns, LABORER, chimes in the distributors of lying handbills.

To say that the placing of William Karns on the Workingmen's ticket was a "*trick*" of the democratic party, is absurd and false; it was neither sought or desired by the democrats; they supposed that Mr. Karns' worth was well enough known to the workingmen of the city and county, to insure him their support, and if his own merits would not induce them to vote for him, it was not likely that their favors could be secured by *trickery.*

But the leading objection urged against William Karns, is that he is a *Laborer*—this word so hateful to "all the decency," is arrayed in every obnoxious form that italic, caps. and small caps. will admit of. The party that sent a *laborer* to the watchhouse for speaking in a whig meeting, cannot entertain the thought of permitting one of that class, to receive the suffrages of his fellow citizens, and they attempt to rouse the indignation of the whole county against the workingmen for their "trick" in nominating a *laborer* for the Legislature.

But while these antimasons have discovered a *trick* in the nomination of Mr. Karns, they have no objection to make to the other democrats that have been taken up by the workingmen, and who, if supported must have a tendency to injure the democratic ticket more than that of our opponents. If there is any "trick" in this matter, it is on the part of the whigs and antimasons, and to turn public attention from their unfair doings, they make a charge of trickery against the democrats.

We hope that no member of the democratic party will think for a moment of supporting any ticket but the one which we publish at the head of our columns to day. It is the regularly nominated ticket of the party, and composed of honest, competent and deserving men. The candidates are, and always have been, the advocates of principles with which the interests of the workingmen are identified, and their election may justly be considered a triumph of the workingmen over a party that becomes indignant at the nomination of a *laborer* for an office of trust, and who have, on the eve of the election, set every engine of their party to work to defeat him. If the Workingmen of Allegheny think with Deacon White and his correspondents that a *laborer* is unfit for a public office, they will support the men who sent laborers to the watchhouse for daring to speak in whig meetings; but if they think otherwise, they will rally to the support of WILLI'M KARNS, *laborer*, and his colleagues on the regularly nominated democratic ticket, and by its election triumph with the true principles of the workingmen.

Another Bank Failure.

The Phœnix Bank of Charleston, Mass., has gone by the board. On Monday, the 3d inst., a notice was posted on the door of the banking house, stating that the bank had failed, which created such an excitement as has not been witnessed, says the Boston Post, "since the town was destroyed by the British, perhaps it has had no severer blow." The bill holders and depositors will be paid; but the stockholders have but a sorry chance.

A soap boiler in Philadelphia, named Schaffer hung himself in a fit of religious excitement on Friday last.

Milk Sickness is raging in some parts of Indiana.

A Fallen Angel.—Miss Helen Wheatly has been tucked up in New York for taking money out of a gentleman's breeches pocket. Oh The Chronicle thinks she has such a pretty ankle, and Mr. Moon is a good judge.

The Cotton Crop in Louisiana, is said to be much injured by the incessant rains; the pickings have been prevented and the Cotton on the stocks is spoiled.

The steam ship Britannia was to leave Liverpool on the 4th; if she makes the passage in the ordinary time, she will arrive about the 18th or 19th.

THIRD CROPS. The editor of the Tuscaloosa (Ala.) Monitor, mentions the receipt of a fine present of apples, of the *third* crop this season, from Capt. James H. Dearing, of that place.

Died:

On Saturday, 8th inst. Mrs. JANE M'CULLY, in the 91st year of her age. Her funeral will take place on this day, (Monday) at 3 o'clock, P. M. from the dwelling of Wm. M'Cully, on Liberty street, 5th Ward.

PUBLIC WORKS.—The following statement of the business of the Columbia and Philadelphia Rail Road, will give the public some idea of the economical manner in which the public works are managed under the present Board of Canal Commissioners. It will be seen that in the short space of six months nearly *a hundred thousand dollars* have been saved in the expenses of the Columbia Rail Road alone, and we are informed that the savings on other portions of the Public Works are in the same proportions. This is highly creditable to all concerned, but more especially is praise due to the efficient Commissioners who have adopted a system of economy in the management of the public improvements that is producing such beneficial results to the State. Who can doubt for a moment, that our Canals and Rail Roads must shortly be a source of vast revenue to the Commonwealth, when we find such salutary results from an economical management of their affairs as are exhibited by the following statement:

Columbia and Philadelphia Rail Road.

Sept 1, 1842. MOTIVE POWER DEPARTMENT.

Amount of Motive Power Tolls collected in March, April, May and June		717,74 36
In July	$14,073 90	
In August	$16,174 71	30,248 61
		$102,022 97
Expenses paid during the above time	$53,769 66	
Liabilities incurred unpaid	$4,693 50	58,463 16
		$43,559 81
Add amount due from Repair Department for new Rope and Repairs to stationary Engines at Inclined Plane		5600 00
Total saving to the six months,		$49159 81

Sept 1, 1842. REPAIR DEPARTMENT.

Amount of Road Tolls collected in April, May, and June		$51,714 86
In July	$12,839 80	
In August	$15,095 83	27,935 63
		$79,650 49
Expenses paid during the above time	$18,341 63	
Liabilities incurred unpaid	4,958 14	23,299 77
		$56,350. 72
Deduct am't due to Motive Power Department for Rope and Repairs to stationary engines at Inclined plane,		5600 00
Total saving in 5 months,		$50750 72
Average saving per month in Motive power,		$8193 30
do do in Repair dep'tment,		10150 14
Total average saving per month,		$18343 44
Saving in Motive Power dep'tment in 6 months,		$49159 81
" in Repair dep'tment in 5 months,		50750 72
Total saving as above.		$99910 53

J. B. MOORHEAD, Sup't, &c.
per JOS. WEAVER, Jr. Clk.

☞The Gazette clique is laboring with might and main to show that the nomination of *Wm. Karns*, on the Workingmens' Ticket is a "loco foco trick," to beguile Whig and Antimasonic voters into the support of that candidate. They take good care, however, to keep their readers in the dark as to who the other candidates of the Workingmen are, and how their success will affect the candidates on the Democratic Ticket. It is a fact, that *every man* nominated at the late meeting of the workingmen's convention, is *a Democrat*. And there is not one single candidate on the workingmen's ticket that has been an avowed and reliable whig voter. Messrs. Barnet and Scott are the only candidates on that ticket who have ever acted with the whig party, and they were not decided whigs. If the workingmen's nomination be a "loco foco trick," it is a most stupid one, for they have taken up men of the Democratic party against the regular ticket. If we could believe that the leaders of the Workingmen's party could be used to do the dirty work of whigery, we should have no hesitation in saying that the late nomination was a paltry whig trick.

ALL RIGHT IN MARYLAND.

O Maryland the jade followed suit, followed suit,
O Maryland the jade followed suit,
O Maryland the jade,
After all the vows she made
Has the ragocrats betrayed,
What a brute.

The returns of the Maryland election that have been received promise a triumphant democratic victory, notwithstanding the extraordinary efforts of the federalists. They counted with much confidence on carrying Baltimore, but as will be seen by the subjoined, they have been beaten as usual by the sterling democracy of that city:

The election in the city of Baltimore on Wednesday, resulted in the triumphant success of the democratic ticket by an average majority of 752 votes.

The two highest candidates for Representatives received—Democrat, 6822; Whig, 6105. No returns from Baltimore county. In Cecil county, two democrats and two whigs are said to be elected, and in Hartford, three whigs and one tie.

Proposed change of the Maryland Constitution.—The majority of the city of Baltimore against the proposed change of the constitution, extending the term of office of members of Assembly from one year to two, and to lengthen the term of Governor and Sheriff, was 5472 in twelve out of the fourteen wards, the other two not being yet ascertained. The vote was 2071 in the affirmative, and 7543 in the negative.

We are gratified at this decisive rejection of one of the plans at which the aristocrats of our country are constantly aiming, and which they hope to carry into effect some day through the supineness of the people.

The majority in Washington county is 400, more than double what it was last year.

Vicksburgh still continues healthy and business is getting brisk.

☞The phrase "live on nothing and find yourself," is now translated into "exist upon the apex of nonentity and die over your whereabouts."

FOR THE DAILY POST.

Temperance Meetings.

Messrs. Editors—Successful results are being produced in favor of Temperance by the increasing exertions of the Washingtonians, and for the information of those who are prohibited from attending their meetings, and consequently deprived of hearing and seeing much that is interesting, I shall drop a few lines occasionally, for their benefit, through the columns of your excellent paper. On last Wednesday evening, according to previous arrangement, the T. A. Army assembled at the corner of Smithfield and Third streets for the purpose of forming into a procession; after all were regularly filed, they marched to the Monongahela bridge, and were there greeted with the 'Sligo Brass Band,' which took its position in front of the procession and escorted them to the Vigilant Engine House, where they received the Vigilant Company into their ranks. All was life and animation as the mighty phalanx proceeded to the "Sligo Iron Works," singing the song of their redemption from the galling chains of tyrant Alcohol. Messrs Williams and Galley addressed the meeting in their peculiar styles on their arrival at the place, and receiving some names to the pledge, after which they took up the line of march to the city.

Friday evening the Martha Washingtonians held a meeting in the Hall, and to give a correct description of it would be an useless task for the overpowering excitement which prevailed, the vast number that composed the audience, and the general appropriateness of the speeches, were calculated to inspire every soul with enthusiasm and spread around a "great commotion." Capt E. F. Pratt and O. O. McClain, Dr. Elder, and —— Laying, Esq'r, severally addressed the meeting and obtained upwards of forty signatures to the pledge as the result of their labor. It would be well here perhaps to remark that the conduct of some towards one of the speakers was highly disrespectful, and should meet the hearty denunciation of all lovers of correct decorum. When the ladies meet to deliberate upon the evils of intemperance, their arrangements are made beforehand; consequently their speakers are chosen, and if they do not meet the expectations of the people they should not be disregarded and mortified for that they could not avoid. Therefore it is hoped that in future meetings no such disgraceful treatment shall be indulged in toward any speaker. With the foregoing exceptions the meeting spoke well for Temperance. The ladies with their melodious voices filled the Hall with sounding praise for the happy change, while the caurser sex made the floor, in rumbling accents speak their regard for so glorious a cause.

J. K. M.

From Texas.

Highly Important!—San Antonio taken by the Mexicans!—Fifty-three of the principal citizens taken Prisoners!—Destructive Storm at Galveston.—The Crescent City, of the 26th ult., publishes in its second edition, the following highly important intelligence, received at New Orleans on that morning, by the arrival of the steamship Merchant, from Galveston. It is of great interest.

San Antonio was completely surprised on the 11th inst, by thirteen hundred Mexicans, under Gen. Wall. Fifty three of the principal citizens were taken prisoners. President Houston has issued a proclamation ordering the marching forthwith of the militia of Brazario, Austin, Fort Bend, Colorado, Victoria, Gonzales, Jackson and Matagorda counties, against San Antonio; and the counties of the Upper Brassos and Colorado to march to Austin; and the citizens of the other counties to hold themselves in readiness. The orders of the Executive are direct, that in the event of the evacuation of San Antonio by the Mexicans they are to be pursued beyond the Rio Grand, and chastised as "their audacity deserves." In the event of a formal invasion, the western counties are to hold themselves in check until, the rest of the republic can rally to the rescue.

When San Antonio was taken, the Circuit Court was in session, and the judge and officers of the Circuit were made prisoners.

Galveston was visited by a most terrible and destructive storm on the 18th instant, which done great damage to the shipping, destroyed two churches, blew down a number of other buildings, and commited great havoc among other kinds of property.

During the prevalence of the storm, in the dead hour of the night, many families were compelled to flee from their falling houses and seek shelter with their neighbors, after wading through a raging serf propelled by a hurricane. Before the dawn of day the winds lulled and the waters subsided with the same rapidity as they arose.

The total loss of property and injury sustained, it is supposed, must have amounted to $50,000.

MARYLAND ELECTION.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

	Dem.	Fed.
Baltimore city,	5	
" county,	5	
Cecil,	2	2
Hancock,	3	2
Harford,		3
Montgomery,	2	2
Ann Arundel,	5	
Barroll	4	
Washington	5	
Prince George		4
Kent		3
Queen Anne	2	2
Charles		3
Caroline	3	
Allegany	3	1
	38	22

There are in the United States just one hundred widows of the revolution on the pension list over one hundred years ago.

Auction S

HOUSE AND LOT AT AUC 14th inst. at 2 o'clock, P. M. and Lot, situated on the corner of steeets, in the 5th Ward of this city two stories high, with a large buildings.

Terms at Sale—By order of the den.

Pittsburgh, October 6.

To the Honorable the Judges of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, of Allegheny.

THE petition of Nicholas L. Keesport, in Versailles aforesaid, humbly sheweth, provided himself with material of travelers and others, at his dwe ship aforesaid, and prays that you ed to grant him a license to keep tainment. And your petitioner pray.

We, the subscribers, citizens certify, that the above petitioner esty and temperance, and is well room and conveniences for the ing of strangers and travelers, and cessary.

Matthew Elliot, A. Atwater, H. B. Sinclair, John Cook, John Long, John Harison,

Oct 7—3t.

In the Court of Quarter Sessions of Allegheny County.

AND NOW TO WIT, October rects the Clerk to give public newspapers published in the city persons interested in the above said Court on Monday next, 10th M., then and there to show any have made in the plan of said Dist they shall be heard.

By the Court, T. L. W

Oct 7—3t

BOOK AND

PRINTING O

N. W. Corner of Wood

THE proprietors of the MORNING AND MANUFACTURER respectfully and the patrons of those papers, and well chosen assortment of

JOB TY

AND ALL OTHER

Necessary to a Job Printing Office

LETTER PRESS

OF EVERY DESC

Books, Pamphlets, Handbills, Bills of Lading, Bill Heads, Blank Cards,

All kinds of B

Stage, Steamboat, and Cards private Cards

Printed on the shortest notice and

We respectfully ask the patronage the public in general in this vicinity

Pittsburgh, Sept. 29, 1842.

WILLIAM ELDER, Attorney Bakewell's Buildings, Court House, on Grand street.

TAKE NOTICE that the subscr Court of Common Pleas of the benefit of the Insolvent Laws and that said Court has appointed October next for the hearing of creditors, at the court House in

HIRAM PE

Oct. 5, 1842—3

DARRAH S

SAMUEL HAMILTON, State Mar
HENRY JONES, Wheelright
SIMON P. BRADDOCK, Gentleman
JACOB FOGEL, Baker
HUGH ORRISON, Waggoner
JAMES STEVENSON, Tailor
City.

SUGAR & MOLASSES

40 bbls Fa
50 " Sug

oct 4.

100 Bags Rio Coffee.
oct 4.

MUSIC SCHOOL.—Mr. Fa specifully inform the citizens cinity, that he contemplates form ly, for the purpose of teaching mental music. He pledges himself method of Instruction is systematic no pains shall be spared to facili pupils.

Ladies will be waited on at their Mr. B. has reduced his prices to

For particulars please call at Co Alleghany Bridge.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY the Military Companies of gheny, in the capacity of Musicians instruction, clothing and instruction

Many parents are under the im cal knowledge of a Musical In tendency over the morals of the may also draw too much of the studies or occupation. To the m to say, that the acquisition of this lar a source of recreation and relax substituted. The taste becomes inclination for study more ardent. mind is more abstracted from the youth are so liable to fall into. tion to music in any way interfe occupation, as the time devoted ways have its definite time, Another objection that parents should their children become proficient he led into irregular habits. It might say with the same propriety his son taught to write a good hand a counterfeiter, so that the resu we make of any acquirement.

It is now to be hoped that from prejudices that may have hitherto of parents are removed, and that their children the privilege of ex portunity. Call at Col. Trovillo's

N. B. No boy need apply for written consent from his parents

CARPET AND DRY

Fresh Arrival and Cheap

THE Subscriber having just re Carpets and Dry Goods, wants of the community at exceed cash. They earnestly solicit a wishing to buy, before making Their Stock consists as follows, Brussels Carpets, new style, Superfine Ingrain, do Fine, do do Common do do 4 4 3-4 4 3 4 Plain Venetian, 4 4 3 4 5 8 Twilled, do Listing Carpet, a new good article.

Floor Oil Cloths, all widths.

In connection with a well selected Fancy Dry Goods at as great a rate other establishment in the city.

W. McCLAS

oct 8-3td 1w No. 110 Market

WESTERN UNIVERSITY Board of Trustees of the Pennsylvania will be held at the Monday the 10th inst., at 2 o'clock

THOMAS L

WANTED IMMEDIATELY able family, two miles able Teacher and Governess. One and requisite qualifications, and useful and religious family, will ment at HARRIS' FERRY

oct 8-3t

COAL! COAL

WE are prepared to fill amount, at any place in the most reasonable terms. Address Office or

A. K.

October 7—1w