

The Richmond Abduction Plot. Overwhelmed with the censure and condemnation manifested from all quarters, against the notable project described by Mr. Pleasant's, the Richmond Whig...

Correction.—In a communication published in our paper the other day relative to cannon and shot manufactured at foundries of this city, it was stated that eight per cent. of the balls were rejected by the inspectors of ordnance. It should have been eighty per cent.

Decision in Bankruptcy. Judge Stone recently delivered an elaborate opinion in a case where the applicant for the benefit of the Bankrupt law, owed debts in a fiduciary capacity; the purport of which is—

1. That fiduciary debts are provable under the proceedings in bankruptcy, equally with the other debts, at the creditor's election.

2. That if the fiduciary creditor elects to come in and prove his debt, and to take a dividend, he is barred of all other remedy therefor, except out of the assets.

3. That fiduciary debts not proved under the proceedings in bankruptcy are not extinguished by a discharge and certificate under the act.

4. That if the petitioner has, after the passage of this act, applied trust funds to his private use, he is denied any discharge or certificate, as to all his debts whatsoever—not only such as are fiduciary, but all others.

Therefore, misapplication of fiduciary funds before the passage of the act, deprives the party of all right to a discharge from them only—misapplication after the passage of the act deprives him of all right to a discharge from any d-bts whatsoever.

The Workingmen—Their Principles. On Monday last, for the second time, we called upon the Working Man's Journal to make a declaration of the principles of the party of which it is the organ; but what answer has our queries elicited? Why this they don't get the Post! Is this exposition satisfactory? Suppose our carrier did not leave a paper at the Journal office, does the Editor suppose he can make us believe he did not see it? He states the purport of our article in his paper; he knew that our object was to get some information in relation to the principles contended for by the Working Man's Party, and yet he says not a single word on the subject! Is not this skulking the question? We appeal to the Workingmen of this county (Farmers, Mechanics and Laborers,) if the answer of the Journal does not appear like an attempt to conceal their principles from the public eye?

But the editor says "we will endeavor to get a paper containing the charge." We have sent a copy of the Post "containing the charge" to their office, and shall anxiously look next Friday for a full development of the objects of the Workingmen's party.

Neurology. Dr H. P. Gatchell, of Cincinnati, has arrived in this city, and proposes to elucidate and exhibit the surprising facts in Neurology, which were first discovered by Dr. Buchanan, of Louisville. He has handed us a pamphlet giving an account of Dr. B.'s experiments, which we have not been able to peruse as yet. We were, however, present when Dr. G. made some experiments; and were at once convinced that the person upon whom he operated was a most accomplished actor, or that the science was surprising in its results. We have little reason to suppose we were imposed upon, and consider the subject well worthy of investigation. Dr. G. is now giving a course of private lectures in this city, and we presume he will give a course in public before he leaves.

Among other interesting matters which the editor of the "Morning Herald" promises to give his readers through the columns of his paper, is a number of facts relating to steam. The last Presidential election was carried on by the whigs steering on the high pressure principle; but we fear the Washingtonians have destroyed all hopes of using such a means successfully for all time to come.

A new way to learn a Trade. A lad in Boston, about 18 years of age, stole from a store in Washington street, a roll of draper cloth, and then, with it under his arm, walked up and down the street, in hope of being detected, and sent to the House of Correction, where he understood he would have to learn a trade. Under the circumstances of the case, and after much consultation, he was sentenced to six months in the house of Correction, where he will learn to be a shoe maker.

On Monday evening, the 19th inst. Col. James Johnson in the 85th year of his age. The funeral will take place from the residence of E. S. Cassell, between street, Allegheny city, on Wednesday, the 21st day of September, at 11 o'clock, A. M., and near the old Allegheny Bridge, at 12 o'clock.

The Widow and the Student. At Stago Assizes, not long ago, a widow compromised an action for breach of promise of marriage, by paying the gentleman, a medical student, \$250 to abandon his suit.

Collier's son in Prison. A late London paper states that a son of William Colburn has been an inmate of the Fleet street prison for two years.

It is said that the Acting Governor of Rhode Island has requested Governor of New York to prevent Forrest from going to Providence. The Christians are afraid of his "Jack Case."

The Express.—The Suffrage organ of Rhode Island has been reconstituted. When King got wind of it, he sent some of his satellites to the Editor to demand the proof sheets, to see if there was anything treasonable in the matter. He did not get them. Of course the Whigs, consistent, patriotic souls, will contend that they are opposed to censorship of the press, while defending Gov. King for this outrage.

J. Orville Taylor is lecturing in Boston. We would like to have him here.

The following lines, which may be found in a Tippecanoe song, book of 1840, we have not heard sung for some time past.

With Tyler, the statesman, who's honest and true, The battle is won by old Tippecanoe.

Seven thousand three hundred and forty-one husbands may be had in Wisconsin Territory; such is the surplus of the male population over the female. What single lady of thirty-two and upwards would not emigrate? [Daily Chronicle.]

The Mail man gets most indignant at this, and scolds at the idea of trying to persuade our Yankee girls to go off west and find husbands among the "Suckers," "Hoosiers," "Woolverines" and "Pukes," when there are plenty of better husbands at home! None but the old and ugly want the fever and ague.

The Coonery.—It appears from the following extract from a Whig paper at Savanna, Ga. that at the coming Presidential election, we will have the scenes of '40 re-enacted.

We deny that Mr. Clay or the Whigs of Georgia, whose candidate he is, seek for an establishment of a protective tariff, out adhere to the principles of the C. compromise act.

We all know that the Clay organs have contended that he is for a "Protective Tariff."

Who are we to believe—the Whigs of the South or of the North?

More Vindex.—Senator Mangum will neither obey instructions nor resign.

The distress in a part of Virginia is certainly very great. At Wythe, a public meeting was called to see what was to be done, and in Smyth County it was resolved that no person should bid for property offered for sale on execution.

EP A man in Bristol Md., predicts that the approaching winter will be the most severe one experienced for many years. He says he has always observed that when autumn have thin skins it is an infallible sign that a mild winter will follow; but should they have thick skins, prepare for a screaming cold winter. This year he says that autumn have five or six skins—so, we say, look out! Every man will want five or six coats to his back.

U. S. Loan. The New York Journal of Commerce says:—"Men are so sure they see land, now, that some of them have even dared to offer the government par for a million and a half of the six per cent loan, only with the condition, that if they do elect, they shall be at liberty to take five millions more at the same rate any time within sixty days. This offer was rejected. The prospect is, however, that the wrongs so long inflicted of the government creditors, for want of funds in the treasury, will soon be terminated."

Clipped Coin.—The N. Y. Journal of Commerce says:—"Somebody is driving a great trade at clipping and boring coin. Our beautiful new halves and quarters are rapidly subjected to this base process.— We hope the Banks will all reject such pieces entirely, and that the same course will be adopted by the community generally, or with the alternative of four per cent. discount. Something must be done speedily; or we shall not have a piece of sound coin in circulation."

Resumption in Virginia.—The Virginia Banks resumed specie payments on the 15th. The Bank of Virginia paid out some \$500, and the Farmers Bank \$400, more than they received in specie. The Exchange Bank paid out about \$100, and received on deposit \$50—sum total \$950.— This measure drift was merely for the retail trade. Exchange on the north has come down to 1/2 and 1/2 per cent.

Another Attempt to Arrest Jo. Smith. We learn from the Quincy Herald that another attempt has been made to arrest Smith and Rockwell, which, like previous efforts, proved to be an abortion. Write for their arrest were placed in the hands of Messrs. King and Pitman, and on the same evening, in company with Mr Ford and six or six others, they started for Nauvoo. Notwithstanding the officers endeavored to keep the whole proceedings secret, the news of their intentions and errand reached Nauvoo before them; and about two hours before they arrived there, Joe Smith had taken his departure.

N. Orleans Wharftax. The authorities of New Orleans, some time since, with a view of raising funds to redeem their Municipality notes, levied a tariff upon merchandise brought to that city by vessels; which was deemed exorbitant by the owners of ships, steamboats, &c.— The owners of the ship Ohio resisted the collection of the tax, and brought the question to a Constitutional test, which has resulted in favor of the defendants.

The Assassination in Alabama. A party of eight hundred dollars has been recovered from the Lexington.

Supreme Court of Pennsylvania. SEPT. & OCT. TERM, 1842. FIFTH DISTRICT. Judgment for defendant, Henry W. Jones vs. John Shawhan & Co., Dist. Court. Argued by T. Hamilton for plaintiff in error. Sept. 19, 1842. Judgment reversed, opinion delivered by Gibson, Chief Justice.

William D. Hall vs. Francis Leach—Dist. Court. Danlop for plaintiff in error. McCandless affirmed, in error. Sept. 19, 1842. Judgment affirmed, opinion delivered by G. Gibson, Chief Justice.

James Cunningham, Guardian, &c. vs. Francis Gardner, Com. Pleas. McCandless for plaintiff in error. Sept. 19, 1842. Judgment reversed, opinion delivered by Rogers, Justice.

A. & M. Corey vs. Walker Reed, Com. Pleas. McCandless for plaintiff in error. Darragh for defendant in error. Sept. 17, 1842. Judgment affirmed, opinion delivered by H. Huston, Justice.

James Cunningham, Guardian, &c. vs. Francis Gardner, Com. Pleas. McCandless for plaintiff in error. Sept. 19, 1842. Judgment reversed, opinion delivered by H. Huston, Justice.

Barrowing Barres.—All owners of interesting children will be amused with the following, from the Boston Daily American. A gentleman and a lady in that city were blessed with a beautiful child, of a but a year old, which attracted so much attention from the neighbors, that the young ladies opposite frequently sent over to borrow the baby. After being obliged to send for the child several times, Mr. on coming home to dinner, got out of temper in finding it gone as usual.—Here, Jane, said he, go over to the Misses, and tell them I wish they'd give my childrens, and tell them I wish they'd give my baby their own, and not be obliged to borrow!"

Another Insult.—The title of Julia Iscariot is now given to the President of the United States by the Tribune and other Federal presses. The days of '98 are to be revived. Democrats were then kicked into the gutters—Jefferson hung every where in effigy—the same party apologized for the murders at Dartmouth—burned blue rights at New London, rejoiced at our defeats and redoubled our victories. They appear to have more faith than a cat.—N. Y. Times.

Three Days Later from Europe. On Thursday last another steamship, the Margaret, arrived at Halifax from Liverpool, having performed the voyage in seventeen days. She brought Liverpool dates to the 22d ultimo, three days later than the Caledonia.

The North America arrived at Boston about ten o'clock on Thursday night, bringing St. John and Halifax papers. The insurrection in the manufacturing and mining districts, having spent its violence, was subsiding, and the restoration of tranquility was becoming general. At many places the disturbers of the peace have returned to work. By the thousands upon thousands engaged in the insurrectionary movement, no fire arms were used. In Yorkshire and Lancashire, the women were among the most active of the rioters. The turn out in Scotland, regarded as the project for a general movement, has been a failure.

It is doubtful whether a regular steam communication between Europe and America, except by the Cunard steamship, can be sustained any longer. The proprietors of the Great Western are so deeply embarrassed by the expense incurred in keeping her employed, that they cannot, in reason, hazard their funds any further in the prosecution of such an unpromising speculation.

The London Morning Chronicle contradicts the report of an attack on Drayton Manor, the residence of Sir Robert Peel.

Rumor of the Destruction of Drayton Manor.—It was reported that Sir Robert Peel's house, Drayton Manor, had been burned down but the report had no foundation. An anonymous letter had been received by Lady Peel acquainting her that an attack would be made upon Drayton Manor House; and having communicated the letter to the authorities, it was deemed prudent to obtain the assistance of the military. "Fortunately," says the correspondent of the Morning Chronicle, "there was no necessity for their attendance, as no attack whatever, nor the least appearance of it took place; indeed, there was not a man to be seen during the day, in the neighborhood, whose appearance could indicate any intention of mischief."

Another Suicide by a Young Female by Throwing Herself from the Monument.—On Friday morning, about half past ten o'clock, a young woman entered the door at the foot of the Monument, and Jenkins the keeper, addressed himself to her, asking if she wished to ascend. To this she answered in a perfectly collected manner, "Yes, if you please," and paying the admission fee, 6d. proceeded up the staircase.

It will be recollected, that ever since the melancholy suicide of Margaret Boyce, and that of the youth who destroyed yed himself in the same frightful manner, a few weeks afterwards, the City Lands Committee have directed that one man should always be on guard in the gallery at the top; and two persons are appointed, one for morning and the other for afternoon duty. Nathaniel Fletcher was the person in attendance on Friday morning, and from his statement, it appears that, on the deceased arriving at the top of the staircase, he met her and walked twice or three times round the pillar in her company, pointing out the different objects of interest in the vicinity. His attention being attracted for a few moments, he suddenly missed her, and went a few steps down the staircase, to see if she had descended.

Meanwhile, the wretched woman had, during the momentary absence of Fletcher on the east side of the pillar, clambered over the railing on the west, and precipitated herself into Fish street hill. The body fell in the road nearly twelve feet from the curb, frightfully mutilated and bleeding from the ears and back of the head.

In falling, her body turned completely round, and directly after struck against the carved stone dragon at the northwest corner, which, it will be remembered, projects out some distance at a height of about fifty feet from the base of the pillar, bounding thence into the road, a fishmonger's cart which was passing at the time close to the curb, with a man diving, just escaping the falling body, some portion of the deceased's clothes touching the man's head and rendering his escape from instant death truly miraculous.

No certain clue to her identity was gained till nearly seven o'clock, when a gentleman named Rowbottom, residing at No. 9, Buttisland street, Hexton, who had heard of the accident, came down to view the body, and immediately recognised her as his servant. Her name is Jane Cooper, and she had been missing from her situation since Thursday morning. Both legs had sustained a compound fracture, and the feet were also dislocated. The left shoulder was almost torn from the body, and the back of the skull presented a frightful picture.

ARRIVED. Michigan, Boies, Beaver, Vigilant, Williams, Louisville, Ochs, Allen, Brownsville, Bridgewater, Ebert, Wheeling, DEPARTED.

Alpine, Cockburn, Brownsville, Michigan, Boies, Beaver, Lancaster, Kilmelfer, Louisville.

Boats in Port preparing to depart: Harrisburg, Messenger, K. Clayton, Cecilia, Utica, Pilot, Vigilant, N. W. Haven.

RATES OF FREIGHTS BY PARSONS AT PITTSBURGH. On 100 lbs. of goods, 20 cents per 100 lbs.

By order of the Governor. Secretary of State.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMSHIP MARGARET, AT HALIFAX.

On Thursday last another steamship, the Margaret, arrived at Halifax from Liverpool, having performed the voyage in seventeen days.

The insurrection in the manufacturing and mining districts, having spent its violence, was subsiding, and the restoration of tranquility was becoming general.

The proprietors of the Great Western are so deeply embarrassed by the expense incurred in keeping her employed, that they cannot, in reason, hazard their funds any further in the prosecution of such an unpromising speculation.

The London Morning Chronicle contradicts the report of an attack on Drayton Manor, the residence of Sir Robert Peel.

Rumor of the Destruction of Drayton Manor.—It was reported that Sir Robert Peel's house, Drayton Manor, had been burned down but the report had no foundation.

Another Suicide by a Young Female by Throwing Herself from the Monument.—On Friday morning, about half past ten o'clock, a young woman entered the door at the foot of the Monument, and Jenkins the keeper, addressed himself to her, asking if she wished to ascend.

Meanwhile, the wretched woman had, during the momentary absence of Fletcher on the east side of the pillar, clambered over the railing on the west, and precipitated herself into Fish street hill.

In falling, her body turned completely round, and directly after struck against the carved stone dragon at the northwest corner, which, it will be remembered, projects out some distance at a height of about fifty feet from the base of the pillar.

No certain clue to her identity was gained till nearly seven o'clock, when a gentleman named Rowbottom, residing at No. 9, Buttisland street, Hexton, who had heard of the accident, came down to view the body, and immediately recognised her as his servant.

ARRIVED. Michigan, Boies, Beaver, Vigilant, Williams, Louisville, Ochs, Allen, Brownsville, Bridgewater, Ebert, Wheeling, DEPARTED.

Alpine, Cockburn, Brownsville, Michigan, Boies, Beaver, Lancaster, Kilmelfer, Louisville.

Boats in Port preparing to depart: Harrisburg, Messenger, K. Clayton, Cecilia, Utica, Pilot, Vigilant, N. W. Haven.

RATES OF FREIGHTS BY PARSONS AT PITTSBURGH. On 100 lbs. of goods, 20 cents per 100 lbs.

By order of the Governor. Secretary of State.

FRUIT, SHADE, AND ORNAMENTAL TREES.

PERSONS desiring of procuring Fruit, Ornamental Trees, or Shrubs, for plant or New York, are requested to send as soon as possible, to the Dry and Fruit Store, where can be had catalogue, price, and most excellent varieties. No 184, Liberty street, New York.

JUST RECEIVED, Nos. 5 and 6 of the Washingtonian, the July, August, and September issues, containing a full and complete description of the new and improved variety of Temperance Document, and a full and complete description of the new and improved variety of Temperance Document, and a full and complete description of the new and improved variety of Temperance Document.

WANTED.—Wanted to rent a quantity of Fine and Coarse Almonds of County, and a quantity of each or roots at HARRIS'S establishment, No 21—St. Clair.

CONTRACTORS FOR THE SALE OF STOCKS OWNED BY THE MONTEWELL, AT AUCTION.

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Act of Assembly, passed the 27th day of March, 1842, in relation to the sale of the Government property of the Interior, the following proposals for the sale of the following property, to wit:—

3750 shares of stock in the Bank of Pennsylvania, 2500 do in the Philadelphia Bank, 1708 do in the Farmers and Merchants Bank, 2500 do in the Union Canal Company, 1500 do in the Pennsylvania and Ohio Company, 500 do in the Chesapeake and Ohio Company, 1000 do in the Shenandoah Navigation Company, 1200 do in the Shenandoah and Potomac River Navigation Company.

Also, at the State House, in the morning, on Monday, the 23rd day of November, 2000 shares of stock in the Baltimore and Annapolis Railroad Company.

2000 do in the Cumberland Valley Railroad Company, 400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

3250 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 400 do in the York and Pennsylvania Railroad Company.