The Daily Post.

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LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

THURSDAY MORNING, SEPT. 15, 1864.

The Draft.—It is stated that the draft will positively take place in the 22d district on Monday next, the 19th inst., and that Capt. Kirker has received an order to that effect. The same statement was made not long ago, and it was feared by some that it would have actually taken place on the fifth inst. were it not that some errors had to be corrected, and all the necessary arrangements had to be made in order to have it enforced in a proper manner. These are said to be the only reasons why the wheel was not put in motion at the time appointed, so that it is not unlikely that as nearly all the arrangements have already been made, the deficient quotas will now be filled by conscription. However, men will be accredited up to the last moment, and there is yet plenty of time for many of the sub-districts to raise their requisite number of volunteers. Although men desirous of entering the army are becoming scarce, yet there is a sufficient number remaining to fill the comparatively small deficiency in their quotas. Let every enrolled man put his shoulder to the wheel, and perform his share in the general work, and before next Monday not a quota in the whole extent of Allegheny county will be deficient.

The Provost Marshal of this city also received instructions under which the draft is to commence in the 23d District on the same day. We understand that the borough of Birmingham will be the first to undergo the trying ordeal, to be followed on Tuesday by East Birmingham, on Wednesday by Lower St. Clair and on Thursday by Versailles, unless the above districts succeed in the mean while in filling their quota, in which case there will be no necessity for enforcing the draft. They had better hurry up their quotas as the time is short.

Pennsylvania Prisoners Under Fire in Charleston.—The following are among the six hundred Union officers, prisoners, who are under fire at Charleston:

Lt J H Anderson, 2d	Lt J P Leslie, 18th
Lt G L Brown, 101st	Lt J Marrow, 101st
Lt W H Bricker, 3d Cavalry	Capt D Mears, 14th
Capt J T Chalfant, 11th	Lt L Mayer, 12th cav
Lt T J Cochran, 77th	Lt D M'Neil, 13th cav
Lt B Davis, 71st	Surg J M Dushans, 14th
Lt J S Devine, 71st	Surg S H Boughton, 71st
Lt W D Davidson, 101st	Capt J E Michener, 85th
Lt W G Dutton, 67th	Lt McNease, 73d
Capt R H Day, 56th	Capt J S M'Dowell, 77th
Lt M. Flick, 67th	Lt F Moore, 73d
Lt Louis E Fortescue, signal corps	Lt W O'Conner, 13th
Capt W L Gray, Pottsville, Schuylkill co	Capt E D Pennybacker, 18th cavalry
Lt J P Gamble, Shippensburg	Lt C P Potts, 151st
F C Gay, Donegal	Lt W M Paxton, 140th
Lt G W Grant, 88th	Capt J Ruff, 67th
Lt David Garlett, 77th	Capt W A Robinson, 77th
Capt H W Gimber 150th	Capt J P Robinson, 67th
Capt J Bird, 14th	Lieut M M Spencer,
Lt T F Borchers, 67th	Lieut J F Smith, 49th
Lt Col Cunningham 52d	Capt Geo Schell, 88th
Lt D Garber, 77th	Capt J E Shroad, 77th
Lt J McGovern, 73d	Lt E O Shay, 13th
Lt M Fellows, 149th	Lt Jos Smith, 67th
Col J Frazer, 140th	Capt Fletcher Smith, 102d
Col Hoyt 52d	Lt G W Simpson, 67th
Lt O P Hettley, 142d	Major Joseph Steele, 2d cav
Lt J B Heim, 101st	Adj W H Town, 103d
Capt Heffley, 149d	Capt D W Mullin, 101st
Lt H H Minus, 50th	Lt D W McKay, 18th
Capt F A Hubbell, 67th	Capt C O Widdis, 150th
Capt J C Hogsbach, 142d	Lt Q R Weaver, 18th
Lt Wm Heffner, 67th	Capt A J Weeks, 67th
Lt B F Harrington, 18th cavalry	Lt Harry Wilson, 18th cav
Adjt W H Irwin, 153d	Capt Fred Zarracher, 18th cav
Capt C G Jackson, 84th	
Lt Kuger, 57th	

A new Democratic Club has been organized in East Birmingham, under the title of the "Keystone-McClellan Club of Allegheny county." It was inaugurated on Tuesday night under the most brilliant auspices at Franklin Hall, corner of Carson and Harmony streets. The hall was lit up in fine style, and a very large meeting of the Democracy of East Birmingham was in attendance. Over fifty citizens enrolled their names in the Club, and it is expected that at the next meeting, which will be held on Friday, over two hundred more members will be added. The following gentlemen were elected permanent officers of the Club: President, Henry McCurry; Vice Presidents, John Oreps and John P. Heisel; Recording Secretaries, Joseph Aldridge and Dominic Cunningham; Treasurer, Jacob Russel; Corresponding Secretary, John P. Hogan. Several committees were appointed on finances, &c., and, judging from the brilliant inauguration, the Club is one of the most promising of the kind to be met with, and will, no doubt, be an active part during the present campaign. The members are nearly all discharged soldiers, men who have seen service, and who breasted the dangers of the field under the brave General whose name they bear on their title page. They intend to contribute freely to their treasury, which will be devoted to the purchase of flags, banners and transparencies, and every effort will be made in order to increase the number of the Club and extend its influence.

Bitumen of Virginia.—The Philadelphia Coal Oil Circular of this week relates the following remarkable facts concerning the above: "Besides Petroleum, a bed of Bitumen has been discovered in Ritchie county, Virginia, as reported from that quarter. The sample received from this new mine are bright, glossy and brittle. They are rich in oil, and yield at the rate of one hundred and seventy gallons per ton. This bitumen is evidently petroleum, which has at some period issued from the earth and been hardened by evaporation and exposure to the oxygen of the atmosphere. The oil springs frequently occur in the immediate vicinity of the coal. They are within the borders of the coal field, and there can be no doubt that the oil and the coal had one common origin. An idea has been thrown out that the petroleum has been distilled from the anthracites of Pennsylvania and the bordering country, as those anthracites in general contain no bitumen. But the anthracite coal field is separated from the bituminous coal region, and the chief districts of the oil springs by the Allegheny mountains, and it is scarcely reasonable to believe that the bitumen derived from the anthracites ever penetrated through or beneath lofty mountain masses of primary or metamorphic rocks."

Important Internal Revenue Decisions.—The Commissioners of Internal Revenue have decided that the tax upon the capital of banking houses must be levied upon the actual working capital, adding the surplus fund, if any, and deducting the losses, if any, and the term United States bonds will be held to apply to such Government securities as pay interest in coin. The following decisions will also be of interest to the community:

PETROLEUM—Coal oil intended for exportation without payment of the duties, must be placed in a bonded warehouse.

TOBACCO, SPIRITS, &c.—Under the act of June 30, 1864, no person other than the distiller, manufacturer or refiner of tobacco, spirits and coal oil can remove it for transportation or exportation.

The Relief Fund.—The amount of relief money paid to soldiers' families in Westmoreland county is said to reach the sum of twenty thousand dollars. This is a very considerable pile, and speaks well for the patriotism and feeling of the citizens, who have so generously contributed to the Relief fund, and their generosity will appear more recommendable when the many other expenses which people are obliged to meet at present are considered.

Yesterday morning, about three o'clock, a fire broke out in the grocery store of Mr. H. Jones, on Penn street. Owing to the prompt arrival of the steamers it was soon extinguished, although considerable damage was sustained. The family, who were sleeping in the second story, were nearly suffocated by the smoke before making their escape. The exact amount of damage sustained has not transpired.

Liquor Selling on Sunday.—The question is being considerably agitated whether liquor dealers are now disposing of their liquors on Sunday in direct opposition to the law. It seems that the informers are certain that this prevails to a great extent, but none of them goes any further than giving a few knowing innuendoes of what they insinuate came under their notice, and the consequence is that the police are utterly bewildered on hearing the reports, but not knowing whence these wiseacres derive their information, while in the meantime they are left entirely in the dark. Now, in the first place, these gentlemen commit an act of self-accusation, of having been guilty of encouraging rum-sellers to violate the law, unless we be innocent enough to believe that they entered the above establishments on Sundays for the sole purpose of gathering information. On the other hand, if they are cognizant of the facts and know the individuals implicated in this affair, why not do as worthy citizens should do, and give positive information concerning the facts? This would be far better than writing anonymous letters to the papers or spreading reports entirely detrimental to our police, and derogatory to their well-deserved claims to watchfulness and efficiency.

Public Reading Room.—The Democratic Club Hall, corner of Fifth and Smithfield streets, has been converted into a public reading room, for the convenience of all those who wish to interest themselves in the state of affairs during the present Presidential campaign. Newspapers and reading matter generally will be abundantly provided from all quarters, and all possible accommodation will be afforded to the public. This, we understand, is the effect of the generosity of the Central Club, which has been of late very much increased in numbers, and is altogether in a most flourishing condition. The public will be greatly benefited by this act of generosity, and we hope that they will not fail to turn it to the best advantage.

Assault and Battery.—Two rather pugnacious females named respectfully Mary Moss, and Caroline Seltzer, were yesterday arrested by officer Bay, on Fourth street road, and brought before the Mayor for violating the public peace, and behaving themselves in a very disorderly manner. They both appeared in a very dilapidated condition, and gave evidence of having been indulging in that which in those classic districts is denominated a "free fight." It fact one of them was badly lamed, while the face of the other gave evidence of rather rough usage. They reciprocally sued one another for assault and battery, and both were held to bail to answer the charges.

Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company.—The following is a statement of the approximate earnings of this Company during the month of Aug. ult., compared with the same period of last year.

	From 1864.	1863.	Increase.
Freights	$328,243 94	$247,451 85	$75,808 19
Passengers	319,537 32	140,017 85	179,519 47
Express Matter	5,200 00	3,908 75	1,291 25
Mails	7,825 00	7,825 00	
Rent Railway	7,083 33	7,083 33	
Miscellaneous	3,213 75	1,406 79	1,806 78
Total	$669,102 449	407,076 76	$282,025 69
Earnings from January 1st to Aug. 31	$3,284,127,534 97	$3,209,669 05	$917,574 92

Accident.—An old gentleman named Woolcater met with an accident at Eldorado Station, on the Branch railroad, which it was feared, would result in his death. He was standing on the track as the freight train approached the station, which he did not observe. The engineer saw him and sounded the whistle, but being very deaf he did not hear it, and the train being a heavy one it was impossible to stop it until it was too late. He was struck by the engine, one of his arms smashed, and he was otherwise so seriously injured as to render his recovery almost hopeless.

Important Resolution.—At an adjourned meeting of the enrolled men of Pitt township, held at the Oakland School House on Tuesday evening, the 13th inst., the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That if the collectors of the sub-districts do not collect and pay over to the treasurer, Wm. M. Gormly, *Six Thousand Dollars*, borrowed money, used for filling our quota, on or before Saturday evening next, that the Recruiting Committee be authorized to transfer to other districts a sufficient number of volunteers to pay said six thousand dollars, or any amount that may be deficient at said date.

Stocks To-night—Will be offered at McClelland's Auction House, 55 Fifth street, a large variety of stocks. Sale at 8 o'clock.

Umberellas Insured—By purchasing Foute's Umbrella Lock Stand for sale by Wm. Sumner & Co., No. 25 Fifth street.

Drop in at Pittock's and get a campaign medal of "Little Mac," all Mac men should have one. Opposite the Postoffice.

Clipper, Waverly and Ledger for this week at Pittock's.

Eastern and Western Dailies at Pittock's.

School Books at Pittock's.

Union Cards at Pittock's.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

The Secretary of the Treasury gives notice that subscriptions will be received for Coupon Treasury Notes, payable three years from August 15th, 1864, with semi-annual interest at the rate of seven and three-tenths per cent, per annum, principle and interest both to be paid in lawful money.

These notes will be convertable at the option of the holder at maturity, into six per cent. gold bearing bonds, payable not less than five nor more than twenty years from their date, as the Government may elect. They will be issued in denominations of $50, $100, $500, $1,000 and $5,000, and all subscriptions must be for fifty dollars or some multiple of fifty dollars.

As the notes draw interest from August 15th, persons making deposits subsequent to that date must pay the interest accured from date of note to date of deposit.

Parties depositing twenty-five thousand dollars and upwards for these notes at any one time will be allowed a commission of one quarter of one per cent.

Special Advantages of this Loan.

IT IS A NATIONAL SAVINGS BANK, offering the higher rate of interest than any other, and *the best security*. Any savings bank which pays its depositors in U S. Notes, considers that it is paying in the best circulating medium of the country, and it cannot pay in anything better, for its own assets are either in government securities or in notes or bonds payable in government paper.

Convertible into a Six per cent. 5-20 Gold Bond.

In addition to the very liberal interest on the notes for three years, this privilege of conversion is now worth about three per cent. per annum, for the current rate for 5-20 Bonds is not less than nine per cent. per annum, and before the war the premium on six per cent, U. S. stocks was over twenty per cent. It will be seen that the actual profit on this loan, at the present market rate, is not less than ten per cent. per annum.

ITS EXEMPTION FROM STATE OR MUNICIPIAL TAXATION.

But aside from all the advantages we have enumerated, a special act of Congress exempts all bonds and Treasury notes from local taxation. On the average, this exemption is worth about two per cent. per annum, according to the rate of taxation in various parts of the country.

It is believed that no securities offer so great inducements to lenders as those issued by the government. In all other forms of indebtedness, the faith or ability of private parties, or stock companies, or seperate companies, only, is pledged for payment, while the whole property of the country is held to secure the discharge of all the obligations of the United States.

Subscriptions will be received by the Treasurer of the United States, at Washington, the several Assistant Treasurers and designated Depositaries, and by the

First National Bank of Pittsburgh, Pa.
Third National Bank of Pittsburgh, Pa.
Fourth National Bank of Pittsburgh, Pa.

and by all National Banks which are depositaries of public money,

AND ALL RESPECTABLE BANKS AND BANKERS throughout the country will give further information and

AFFORD EVERY FACILITY TO SUBSCRIBERS.

sep1-tsaw

TELEGRAPHIC.

FROM OUR FIRST EDITION.

Averill Pursuing the Rebels.

NEW YORK, September 14.—A dispatch dated in the field, September 13, says: "Another movement has been made. The enemy seems to be retiring. Averill is close upon his rear. The indications are that we will have another fight, as Averill has reached the enemy's rear infantry line.

The Charleston *Courier* of August 30 says: The torpedo floated down on barges towards Fort Sumter on the night of the 29th exploded when within thirty feet of the west face of the fort, doing no damage whatever.

The Richmond correspondent of the Charleston *Mercury* of the 29th says: The rebel soldiers are suffering from swelled feet, in consequence of sitting and standing so much in the water in the trenches. Fever and ague is very prevalent in the rebel army.

The Charleston *Courier* of September 3d, has a strong article against the cessation of hostilities which, it says, the North is much in need of to strengthen its armies and the war power; and yet the same issue contains an article which closes as follows: "The war contains in itself every woe and calamity which mortals groan under. With it comes bereavement, poverty, disease, death, rapine, devastation, extortion, murder, crimes of every dye, and woes of every shape and size. May the God of peace speedily lift up the light of his countenance upon us, and grant us peace."

Latest from Rebel Papers.

NEW YORK, September 14.—From files of rebel papers we glean the following: The Charleston *Mercury* says: "All foreigners resident in Savannah, who will not organize for the defense of the city, by the 30th, would be sent to Atlanta. Vance's majority for Governor of North Carolina over Holden, the Peace candidate, is estimated at 50,000, in a total vote of 75,000.

The Richmond *Examiner*, of the 8th, says: "The hopes built on the terrible things Wheeler was to do with Sherman's communications seems, we regret to say, to be fast falling into nothing."

The Savannah *News* learns that the Government powder works at Augusta, Georgia, were blown up on the 3d, with some 30,000 pounds of powder. Nine persons were killed.

Latest from Europe.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—By the steamer Pennsylvania we have the following from Liverpool to August 31st: Cotton dull and unchanged. Breadstuffs inactive. Corn had a downward tendency. Provisions dull. Lard firm. LONDON, August 31,—Consols close at 88¼@88⅜ for money. Illinois Central shares 46@47 discount. Erie 41@42. The King of Italy received the Mexican ambassadors and exchanged friendly wishes.

Affairs in the Shenandoah Valley.

NEW YORK, September 14.—The *Herald's* dispatches from the Valley represent that the enemy has weakened his lines to the left of our forces, and is massing towards the Potomac. The fords are at present impassible on account of the rains. The troops, whose time has expired, are re-enlisting with vigor, not singly but by regiments.

JOSEPH MEYER.....ANTHONY MEYER

JOSEPH MEYER & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

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DYSENTERY

—AND—

Diarrhœa.

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BLACKBERRY CARMINATIVE

Is the only safe and sure cure. It contains no *opium* or deleterious drugs, no mineral or other injurious compounds common to remedies generally sold for this class of disease. It is so efficacious that Physicians very generally use it in their practice in all chronic and dangerous cases.

☞ Use no Cholera mixtures or doubtful compositions, (many of which undermine and ruin the constitution,) when you can obtain an unfailing remedy as simple and safe as Blackberries themselves.

Ask for DIXON'S BLACKBERRY CARMINATIVE, and see that the proprietor's name is written on the outside wrapper of each bottle. Prepared only by

N. T. Davidson

Sole Proprietor, CINCINNATI

For sale by all respectable druggists.

Price, (old style, 35 cts.) 25c., 50c. and $1, per Bottle.

90TH SEMI-ANNUAL EXHIBIT

OF THE

ÆTNA INSURANCE CO. HARTFORD CONN.

Cash Capital.....$2,250,000 00

ASSETS, JULY, 1864.

Cash	$ 196,295 88
State Stocks	550,390 00
Real Estate, (Unincumbered,)	87,963 18
Mortgage Bonds	368,930 00
Railroad Securities	546,165 00
United States Stocks	560,005 00
Bank Stocks	1,069,110 00
Miscellaneous Stocks	23,489 50
Gross	$ 3,401,938 56
LESS LIABILITIES:	
Losses, (Adjusted, unadjusted and not due,)	128,303 52
Net	$ 3,273,635 04

☞ $10,000 to $50,000 taken on a single risk. ☜

Fire and Inland Navigation and transportation Risks accepted at terms consistent with solvency and fair profit. Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid at this Agency.

Applications for Insurance Solicited.

POLICIES ISSUED WITHOUT DELAY, and all business attended to with fidelity and dispatch, by A. A. CARRIER & BRO., Agents.

au31-3m

OATS.

200 Bushel prime Oats just received and for sale by FETZER & ARMSTRONG corner Market and First streets. jy29

LATEST BY

TELEGRAPH.

FOR THE POST.

SECOND EDITION.

Official from Secretary Stanton

Dispatches from Gens. Grant and Sherman.

Their Views About the Draft.

The Draft to Commence on Monday, Sept. 19th.

WAR DEPARTMENT, Sept. 14.—*To Maj. Gen. Dix:* Lieut. Gen. Grant telegraphs this Department in respect to the draft as follows:

City Point, Sept. 13, 10:3 a. m.—To Hon. E. M. Stanton, Secretary of War: We ought to have the whole number of men called for by the President in the shortest possible time. Prompt action in filling our armies will have more effect on the enemy than a victory over them. They profess to believe, and make their men believe, that there is such a party North in favor of recognizing Southern independence that the draft cannot be enforced. Let them be undeceived. Deserters come into our lines daily who tell us that the men are nearly universally tired of the war, and that deserting would be much more frequent, but they believe that peace will be negotiated soon. (Signed)

U. S. GRANT, Lieut. Gen.

The following telegram has been received from Gen. Sherman on the same subject:

Atlanta, Sept. 13, 6:30 p. m.—To Hon. E. M. Stanton, Secretary of War: I am very glad to hear that the draft will be enforced for the following reasons: First, we need the men; second, they come as privates with their experienced officers, and third, because the enforcement of the law will manifest a power resident in our Government equal to the occasion. Our Government, though a Democracy, should, in times of trouble and danger, be able to wield the power of a great nation. (Signed)

W. T. SHERMAN.

The draft is ordered to commence in all the States and districts where the quota is not filled by volunteers on Monday the 19th, and will go on until completed. Volunteers will be received and credited to as late a period as possible. Volunteering is still progressing with vigor in most of the States.

Operations of Gen. Sheridan.

Skirmish on the Winchester Pike.

The 8th South Carolina Regiment Captured.

Our Loss Very Light.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—The following has just been received from General Sheridan:

Near Berryville, Sept. 13, 7 p.m.—This morning I sent Gen. Getty's division, of the 6th corps, with two brigades of cavalry, to the crossing of the Summit Point and Winchester roads, over Opequan creek. Rhodes', Ramsur's, Gordon's and Wharton's divisions were found on the west bank. At the same time Gens. Wilson's and McIntosh's brigades of cavalry dashed up the Winchester pike, drove the rebel cavalry at a run, came in contact with Kersham's division, charged it and captured the 8th South Carolina regiment with sixteen officers, one hundred and forty-five men and its battle flag and Col. Hannegan, commanding a brigade, with the loss of only men killed and three wounded. Great credit is due to Gens. Wilson and McIntosh and the 3d New Jersey and 28th Ohio regiments. The charge was a gallant one. A portion of the 2d Massachusetts brigade made a charge on the right of the line and captured an officer and eleven men of Gordon's division of infantry. Our loss in the reconnissance was very light. (Signed)

P. H. SHERIDAN, Maj. Gen.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 14.—The special correspondent of the *American*, dated Headquarters in the field, Sept. 13th, says: The military situation still remains unchanged, but I am of the opinion that there will shortly be a resumption of active operations.

Gen. Averill has reoccupied Martinsburg, and the parties engaged in repairing the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad have resumnd work. A train of cars loaded with forage was sent from Harper's Ferry yesterday to a point within five miles of Martinsburg. It is confidently expected that the road will be opened to Cumberland by next Friday.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14—Mayor Gunther has sent a letter to the American Emigration Company refusing his sympathy and support, on the ground that the act of Congress under which the Association was organized is, in his judgment, for another purpose. Its title was a misnomer, and should have been called a bait, under fraudulent pretences, to enlist foreigners.

A large number of recruits and substitutes go to the front to-day, 1,100 going from Hart's Island alone. There are 1,700 in Boston and 800 at New Haven awaiting transportation.

NEW YORK, September 14.—Special to *Commercial Advertiser*: Washington, September 14th, there was a rumor current that Petersburg has been captured by our forces. The Government has no advices to that effect, and the rumor is generally discredited.

FROM GEN. SHERMAN.

Congratulatory Order Issued.

A Correspondence Between Hood and Calhoun.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 14.—The *Journal's* special correspondence, Atlanta 10th inst., contains a congratulatory order from Gen. Sherman recounting his victories and an agreement between Sherman and Hood for a ten days truce at Rough and Ready, on Macon railroad, and country around it enclosed by a circle of 2 miles iradious, for ten days from September 12th, to enable the people of Atlanta to remove to points South.

Hood to Sherman, 9th inst says: Permit me to say the unprecedented measure you propose transcends in studied and ingenious cruelty. All acts ever before brought to my attention in this dark history of war, in the name of God and humanity I protest, believing you are expelling from their homes and firesides wives and children of a brave people.

Hood to James M. Calhoun, Mayor of Atlanta, says: I shall do all in my power to negotiate the terrible hardships and misery that must be brought upon your people by the extraordinary order of the Federal commander.

The letter to Hood was not obtainable but the following items from notice, issued by the Mayor by permission of Gen. Sherman will give an idea thereof:

All citizens are required to leave Atlanta and proceed either South or North, the government will furnish transportation South as far as Rough and Ready, North as far as Chattanooga, all citizens may take their moveable property with them. Transportation furnished for all moveables. Negroes who wish can go with their masters, other male negroes will be put in government employ, and children put out of the lines.

Sherman's order of the 4th inst. commences as follows: "The city of Atlanta being exclusively for warlike purposes, will at once be vacated by all except the armies of the United States and such civilian employees as may be retained by the proper departments of the Government;" and concludes: "The proper time and just arrangements will be made for the supply to the troops of all articles they may need over and above clothing, provisions, &c., furnished by the Government, and on no pretence whatever will traders, manufacturers or sutlers be allowed to settle in the limits of fortified places, and if they manage to come in short of this notice, the quartermasters will seize their stores and appropriate them to the use of the troops and deliver the parties or other unauthorized citizens who thus place their individual interest above that of the United States in the hands of some provost marshal to be put to labor on the forts or be conscripted into one of the regiments or batteries already in service. The same general principles will apply to all military posts south of Chattanooga.

FROM GRANT'S ARMY.

An Order from the War Department

The Rebels Feeling Our Lines.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—The *Commercial's* Washington special says: Officers who left Grant's headquarters report that nothing was going on, except that occasional shelling and picket assaults.

The recent order of the War Department against subordinates giving information is carried to the extreme of withholding the dates of the death of deceased soldiers thus keeping back payment of insurance.

John B. Habbi's storage ware house took fire this morning, it was filled with goods. The loss amounts to 200,000 dollars, insured.

The *Post's* Washington special says: Advices from the Army of the Potomac state that the rebels seem to be feeling our lines slightly, but have made no general attack at any point. Gen. Grant has issued an order that all civilians now in his lines in front of Petersburg who refuse to take the oath of allegiance shall be sent through the lines to the enemy. The order also prohibits the sale of provisions to civilians who refuse to take the oath.

The draft is ordered to take place in Delaware and Maryland on Monday next.

NEW YORK, Sept 14.—Gold opened at an advance on yesterday, closing prices and subsequently declined, the tone of the market being weak. The market is very largely overstocked, and the purchases to cover shorts are quite large. Considerable rise was expected this morning under purchases to cover the sale of two or three days ago, and nonoraligation and expectation produced in appearance that the market is about to take another leap downwards. The fluctuations to-day were from 227½ to 225¾. A rumor that Grant had taken Petersburg sent it down to 223.

ALBANY, Sept. 14.—The Democratic State Convention met to-day. The attendance was large. Peter Cagger called the Convention to order. Hon. M. B. Champlin was appointed temporary Chairman. Pending a motion to adjourn.

The Convention re-assmbled at 4½ o'clock, p. m. Safer waited about an hour, it was announced that the committee on contested seats and permanent organizations were not yet ready to report. It was then moved to adjourn until 10 a. m. to-morrow, which motion prevailed.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—Col. Cluseret, editor of the *New Nation*, publishes a card in which he denounces Gen. Fremont and the National Pathfinder's Association. He claims that he has been deceived by Fremont and made a dupe by that General—a bargain by which the control of the *New Nation* is to be taken away from him (Cluseret,) and and claims that the paper belongs to him.

COMMERCIAL & FINANCIAL.

PITTSBURGH PRODUCE MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY POST
THURSDAY, September 15th, 1864.

BUSINESS—Continues inactive, the demand for the leading articles being limited. The weather was unfavorable. Our rivers are in fine navigable order, and business on the wharf improving, and we notice a fair amount of shipments. The unsettled state of the Eastern markets, together with the decline in gold put a stop to large sales; confidence in high prices being out of the question. Among the sales made we note as follows:

CHEESE—Sales 60 bxs W R, 22@23c.

BUTTER—Sales 20 pkgs Roll, 38@42c.

FLOUR—The market was steady, with a fair demand. Sales were made to the extent of 250 bbls at, Extra, $10 00, and Extra Family 11 00 @11 25 ₩ bbl.

SEEDS—Timothy $7,00; Clover 13,50@14,00; Flax, 3 00@3 20.

HAY—The market was steady with a fair demand. Sales 17 loads at scales, $40 00@45 00 ₩ ton.

SALT—Sales 200 bbls, $3 00@3 10, the latter for delivered.

OIL MEAL—Market steady. Sales 5 tons at $7 00 ₩ ton.

OILS—Sales 14 bbls No 1 Lard Oil at 1,85. 11 do No 2 1,75 per gallon.

BACON—The market remains firm with a fair demand. Sales of Shoulders at 20¼@21c, an advance; Sides, 22c; Plain Hams, 22, S C Hams, 26¼@27c.

APPLES—Were dull. The supply exceeds the demand. Sales 110 bbls at 2 00@3,00 per bbl.

LIME—Market firm. We note a sale of 70 bbls, 1 75.

EGGS—Were scarce, and prices have advanced. Sales 10 bbls at 20@22c.

LARD—Sales 10 tcs No. 1, 24¼@25.

GROCERIES—Unchanged in every respect. The market has presented no new feature for some time past. The demand was limited and sales were confined to small lots for the home trade.

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY POST,
THURSDAY, September 15th, 1864.

BUSINESS—Was very inactive in the oil way. We did not learn of a single transaction in either Crude or Refined. Until the gold market becomes more settled, it will be useless to look for transactions. We heard various rumors about what oil could be purchased for, but until we have sales to accompany them, we don't think it worth while to publish them.

BENZOLE—Sales 65 bbls, 35c.

Pittsburgh Pig Iron Market.

THURSDAY, Sept. 15.

The market was steady, with a moderate demand, and holders were firm in their views. The sales were as follows:

All pig iron reports are based thus:
Sand pig iron, 2,268 lbs to the ton.
Chill pig iron, 2,240 do do
Blooms, 2,460 do do.

100 tons Cold Short Anthracite	$92	Per ton. Cash
50 " L S Coal Smelted, mixed with native ore	76	"
50 " Neutral anthracite mott'd	73	"
50 " do do No. 1 forge	76	"
50 " No. 2 anthracite foundry	77@78	"
300 " No. 3 do	65	4 mos

SALES OF HANGING ROCK PIG IRON.

75 tons Choice foundry ..... 82 Cash.

Philadelphia Cattle Market.

The arrivals and sales of Beef Cattle at Phillips' Avenue Drove Yards reach about 2,500 head. The market is rather dull, but prices are without material change. First quality Steers are selling at 16@17c; second quality at 14@15½c, and common at 10@13c ₩ lb, according to quality. About 150 head of heavy Steers sold to go to Baltimore at 7@8c ₩ lb, gross. The market closed very dull, and about 400 head were left over.

Cows are unchanged. About 125 head sold at $25@65 ₩ head.

Sheep are better; 6,500 head sold at 6@7¼ ₩ lb, gross.

Hogs are rather better; about 2,300 head sold the different drove yards at from 18 50@20 the 100 lbs net.

The cattle on sale to-day are from the following States:

900 head from Pennsylvania.
575 head from Illinois.
425 head from Ohio.

The following are the particulars of the sales made:

THE SHEEP MARKET.

The arrivals and sales of Sheep at Phillips' Avenue Drove Yard are very large this week reaching about 6,500 head. The market, is firm and prices have advanced; common to fair are selling at from 6¼@7c, and good to extra at 7¼@8¼c ₩ lb, as to quality.

COWS AND CALVES.

The arrivals and sales of Cows at Phillips' Avenue Drove Yard reach about 125 head, selling at about former rates; $25@40 for Springers and $35 up to $65 ₩ head for Cow and Calf, according to quality.

CALVES—About 38 head sold at the Avenue Drove Yard at from 7¼@9c ₩ lb, as to weight and condition.

THE HOG MARKET.

The arrivals and sales of Hogs at the Union and Avenue Drove Yards reach about 2,300 head this week selling at from $18,50@20 the 100 lbs. net, as to quality.

1,714 head sold at Henry Glass' Union Drove Yard at from $18 50@20 the 100 lbs net, as to quality.

500 head sold at the Avenue Drove Yard at from $18 50@20 the 100 lbs net, according to quality.

New York Cattle Market.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.

The current prices for the week at all the markets are as follows:

BEEF CATTLE—1st quality ₩ cwt	$1 00@19 50	
Ordinary to good	18 00@17 50	
Common, 1st quly.	9 00@ 9 50	
Inferior	7 50@ 9 00	
COWS & CALVES—1st quality	40 00@71 0	
Ordinary	45 00@55 00	
Common	31 00@45 00	
Inferior	30 00@35 00	
VEAL CALVES—1st quality, ₩ lb	11 @13 00	
Ordinary	9¾@10	
Common	7 @8¾	
Inferior	7 @7½c	
SHEEP & LAMBS—₩ head, extra	7 00@ 8 00	
Prime	6 50@ 6 50	
Ordinary	5 00@ 6 00	
Common	4 50@ 5 00	
SWINE—Corn-fed, ₩ lb	12½@13c	
Still-fed	12½@12¾c	

With the enormous receipts of beef cattle this week the market completely broke, and prices were 16@5c ₩ lb lower, according to quality. Prime and No. 1 cattle were scarce and only about ½c lower.

The total receipts of all the stock at the yards, for this and last week were as follows:

Beeves, total	10,331
Cows	140
Veal calves	2,330
Sheep & Lambs	21,118
Swine	8,028

Last week the total was: Beeves, 5,803; cows, 122; veal calves, 2,003; sheep and lambs, 16,995; swine, 6,281.

THE GREATEST NERVINE, TONIC AND BLOOD PURIFIER.

Dr. Cutters'

ENGLISH BITTERS.

A sure cure for Intemperance.

Dr. J. C. Ayers' Family Medicines.

DR. D. JAYNES & SON'S,

FAMILY MEDICINES.

Dr. Schenck's Pulmonic, Tonic and Pills.

HELMBOLD'S

Celebrated Buchu & Sarsaparilla,

And all other Family Medicines can be found genuine at the

PITTSBURGH DRUG HOUSE,

Torrence & M'Garr,

Corner of Market street and Fourth.

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Perfumery, Paints, Oils, Lead, Varnishes, Brushes, Trusses, Supporters, Shoulder Braces,

And all articles usually found in Drug Stores of first quality, for sale low,

TORRENCE & M'GARR,

No. 70 Market street, corner of Fourth.

febl

LABORATORY OF JAMES R. CHILTON & CO.—We have recently made a careful analysis of the Samburg Portwine, and do not hesitate to pronounce it pure. It contains all the properties of the Port Grape, and therefore for medicinal uses it is, in most cases, superior to other wines. Its principle effects upon the system are mildly stimulating, diuretic, sodorific and tonic. It will prove beneficial in affections of the Kidneys, and Chronic Diseases with General Debility of the Constitution.

Physicians may safely recommend it to patients in place of the many doubtful mixtures too often sold as pure Wines.

JAMES R. CHILTON,
Analytical Chemist, N. Y. City.

Sold by A. J. RANKIN, Druggist,
No. 62 Market street, below 4th.

SUSPENDERS, HANDKERCHIEFS, and Hosiery at M'CLELLAND'S 55 Fifth Street jy13

RIVER MATTERS.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

ARRIVED.

Gallatin, Clarke, Brownsville.
Franklin, Carmac, Brownsville.
Jas. Rees, Irwin, Elizabeth.
Bayard, Peebles, Monongahela City.
Revenue, Mahleman, Wheeling.
Lizzie Martin, Laughlin, Wheeling.
Ohio Valley, Johnson, Cincinnati.

DEPARTED.

Gallatin, Clarke, Brownsville.
Franklin, Carmac, Brownsville.
Jas. Reese, Irwin, Elizabeth.
Bayard, Peebles, Monongahela City.
Pilgrim, Purchell, St. Louis.
Minerva, Gordon, Wheeling.
W. F. Curtiss, Hornley, Cincinnati.

THE RIVER.—Last evening at twilight ther were 9 feet water in the channel and falling. The weather was unpleasant.

☞ The fine new steamer Onward, Capt. Mellon, is announced for Cincinnati on Thursday. The has been built for the Cincinnati trade, and offers superior accommodations to persons going that way.

☞ The new and splendid passenger steamer, Annie, Capt. Marratta, is announced for Cincinnati on Saturday. She has excellent accommodations for passengers. Give her a call.

☞ The "Maggie Hays," Capt. Hendrickson, is announced to leave for St Louis, direct. This day. She has the best accomodations for passengers and is in charge of careful and attentive officers.

The splendid passen