in the Government employ, The correspond was caused by the artizans employed in the Allegheny Arsenal not wishing to contribute anyhing to relieve their sub-district from the draft, being under the impression that as they were already in Government employ, the draft would ot reach them, although they were enrolled in the same manner as all other citizens:

senal is located has its efforts to fill its quota with volunteers paralyzed by reason of one-fourth of its enrolled citizens being employed in the Arsenal, who feel secure against entering the service in case of draft, under the order of the Provost Marshal General exempting "skilled artizans" from "field service." Is this order to be construed so losely as to empower commanding officers to secure exemption of all Government employees? The employees so understand it. Pleaso answer.

The Draft-First Ward, Allegheny require quite a number of men to fill the and that they intend to recruit the full number, but hereafter withold the certificates of

care of himself.

Resolved, That at the meeting to be held tomorrow evening the names of all the enrolled
men in the Ward be read, together with the
amounts they have severally subscribed to the
Rounty Fund

Photographs.—A photograph is an article which must siways be of the best quality, otherwise it will be good for nothing. For this reason the community should never patronize any but first class artists, men who have a long established popularity, and who are capable of producing an article worthy of their name. Such a man is B. L. if. Dabba, long known as the most accomplished and expert artist in the city, who, after several years of profound study, and tried experience, is now in a position to defy all criticism. He has discovered many things with which other artists are not at all conversant, and thus it is that by a process only known to himself, he

New Coal Company.—A new and british coal company has been started in this city for the purpose of putting into operation the rich mines situated on the banks of the Monongahela river, only a short distance from Pittiburgh. They have started with a large capital, amounting to the sum of \$150,000, and are all confident of realizing a large amount. The situation of the mines is beautiful and are only a few yards distant from the banks of the river.

They are said to be the most promising yet discussion of the mines is beautiful and are only a few yards distant from the banks of the river.

They are said to be the most promising yet discussion of the mines is beautiful and are only a few yards distant from the banks of the river.

Bagaley, U. W. Ricketson, John Watt, Wm Phillips, and Joshus Rhodes, no doubt their resources will be developed to their utterguest and we feel confident that the sagacious speculators of our city will turn the opportunity to the best advantage. For further information see afternise of the river destroyed a railroad train and captured a large quantity of merchandize and supplies, and then proceeded to Gainesville. While there they were

mends itself to the lavor of the public from its positive medicinal virtues, and from its great success in the cure of diseases of the bladder and kidneys; being a preparation of intrinsic merit, it does not require the aid of column advertisements to keep up the demand. Sold by all druggists at one dollar.

Painting.—Clubsdesiring neat banners, trans paraneles, or any other lettering, at as little cos

Government sale of Horses this morning at 10 o'clock, precisely, at the Fair Grounds. T. A. McClelland, Auctioneer.

Men's Calf Boo's, Balmorals and Galters acClelland's Auction House.

JOHEPH METER.....ANTHONY MEYER JOSEPH MEYER & SON, MANUFAUTURERS OF

get out of the present difficulties, would sub. WAREHOUSE. Between 6th st., and Virgin alley.

WILL PAY THE

for recruits to fill the quots of the ward. And who desire to enlist and receive the highest Loecruits can have the selection of any organ

year's service. Arrangements have been made a careful analysis of the Samburg Portwine, and n Philadelphia to tender them an appropriate do not hesitate to pronounce it pure. It contains all the properties of the Port Grape, and therebeen ordered to turn out, and the citizens have perior to other wines. Its principle effects upon dorific and tonic. It will prove beneficial in Affections of the Kidneys, and Chronic Diseases with General Debility of the Constitution. Physicians may safely recommend it to patients

2,900 ACRES OF LAND.

A TRACT OF LAND IN WESTMORE A land Oounty, 1% miles from Laughlinstown, 13 miles from Latrobe Station, on the
Penn. R. R., known as the Oslifornia Furnace
Penn. R. R., known as the Oslifornia Furnace
property, on which there is a saw mil with ample water power, and more than fourteen houses.
In order to effect a speedy settlement of accounts this whole tract may be purchased with
all the improvements at less than \$5 per acre.
A plot and minute description may be had by
spplying to

S. S. BRYAN,

Broker and Insurance Agent, 59 4th st., (Burke's Building )

Smelting Works. PARK, M'CURDY & CO.,

TARLA, IN CURLET C.

MANUFACTURERS OF SHEATH,

ANUFACTURERS OF SHEATH,

and Variety Goods, always on hand at

FOERSTER & SUHWARZ'S

164 Smithfield st.

WANTED.

SECONSTRIES, Also, Importers and dealers in Metalines

and Tools. Warehouse, No. 145 FIRST and 120

SECONS STREETS, Pittsburgh, Pa.

SE Deserter Arrested. On Monday night, a descript named Michael Bush, was arrested by officer Bay, and delivered to the military autherities of this city. Bush is a man shourt thirty-all years of age, a resident of a house in Spring alley, in the Ninth Ward, and deserted

From the wind Margareth and the Fland to be the marginal the transmit of the contract of the c

FROM OUR FIRST EDITION.

was referred by the Secretary of War, in refernce to those men denominated skillful artizans Recruiting Going on Rapidly. NEW YORK, August 30.—The World's shington special says: Most encouraging accounts have been received from every quarter as to the number of recruits now being obtained. In Pennsylvania about 30,000 men have recruited, quite as many in New York, while New England has furnished 20, PITTSBURGH, Aug. 26, 1864. 000, and perhaps when all the returns are received, the number will be found o be even greater than this.

The Western States are also doing very well. For some time past reinforcements at the rate of 4,000 per week have been going forward to the army of the Potomac, and for the next two or The Great Democratic National three weeks it is expected that 1,000 per day will be forwarded. The average number of recruits now obtained daily throughout the country is about 1,300, and the number will be increased to 3,000 and 2,500 per day before the 5th of September. At least 150,000 men will have been

raised for the army and navy before the day named, not counting the credits on previous calls or those arising from forner naval enlistments. Had the call been for 800,000 it is thought the men could easily have been obtained, but the large call discouraged the people. On account of these large additions to he army, efforts will be made to have the dfant postponed in the hope that a sufficient number of men may be obtained without resort to that objectiona-

From Sheridan's Department, BALTIMORE, August 29.—HEADQUAR TERS MIDDLE DEPARTMENT IN THE number still deficient. This we think will have for advance of our troops at last commenced sait should be: The following are the resolutions of the meeting:

Described That harmflers to their senses, and is as it should be: The following are the resolutions of the meeting:

Described That harmflers are the resolutions of the meeting:

Described That harmflers are the resolutions of the meeting: mediate front, and retired to some position up the valley. A reconnoissance made in front of General Crook's lines

> had not reliable information; and even up to the time of writing this dispatch. the whereabouts of Early's main force is mere speculation.
>
> Movements, however, are at present on foot which will throw some light on this subject. Our cavalry had some heavy skirmish ng yesterday, in the vicinity of Charleston, with a portion of the enemy's rear guard, in which two officers of the 1st U. S. cavalry were We captured some twenty prisoners, who state that the main force

the enemy moved off three days ago, and went in the direction of Martinsburg. The statements of prisoners have to be taken with a creat deal of caution.

and supplies, and then proceeded to Gainesville. While there they were surprised by 600 of Dickenson's rebel force, and a fight ensued, resulting in the capture of 100 of our men and the piece of artillery, and the recapture of

AMUSEMENTS. PITTSBURGH THEATRE. Lesses and Manager ..... W. HENDERSON. Second time of the great spectral play entitl

SEA OF TOE, On producing this magnificant, thrilling a romantic piece the Manager has spared neith labor nor expense. New senery, properties a effects will be introduced THIS EVENING will be presented the SEA OF ICE. SEA OF TOE,

the property.

GOLD SEPKERS OF MEXICO, ......Fanny Bu To conclude with AN ALARMING SAURIFIUE.

NATURES UNFAILING ON

DYSENTERY Diarrhœa.

DIXON'S AROMATIO

BLACKBERRY CARMINATIVE

Is the only safe and sure cure. It contains no opium or deleterious drugs, no mineral or other injurious compounds common to remedies generally sold for this class of disease. It is so efficacious that Physicians very generally use it in their practice in all chronic and dangerous cases. Use no Cholers mixtures or doubtful compositions, (many of which under-mine and ruin the constitution,) when you ean obtain an unfailing remedy as simple and safe as Blackberries themselves. Ask for DIXON'S BLACKBERRY CARMINA. rive, and see that the proprietor's name is written on the outside wrapper of each bot-Prepared only by

Bole Proprietor, CINCINNATI For sale by all respectable druggists. Price, (old style, 85 cts.) 250., 50e. and \$1, per Bottle.

JUSTRECEIVED -A LARGE STOCK of New Goods comprising all the latest

Misses'
and Children's
Boots Shoes and Gaiters, which will be sold
very cheap,
J. H. BORLAND,
anger No. 98 Market st., 2d door from 5th st. THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST Window Shades,
Table Oil Cloths,

ogether with a general assortment of Fancy and Variety Goods, always on hand at FOERSTER & SUHWARZ'S 164 Smithfield st.

LATEST BY **TELEGRAPH** 

FOR THE POST.

SECOND EDITION.

FROM CHICAGO.

Speech of Governor Seymour.

Convention.

SECOND DAY-TUESDAY. Спісасо, Aug. 30.—The Convention met this morning with its customary good feeling, and overwhelming mass of outsiders. Horatio Seymour is perma nent President and made a happy effort n his opening address. The platform will be satisfactory to all

arties. The nominations will be made per aps to-day. Pendleton and Vorhees ire talked of for Vice Presidents. The following is the substance of the ebated plank of the platform, which will certainly be adopted:

"We have had nearly four years war, without any encouraging results; and it is manifestly the will of the American people, that there should be a cossation of hostllities, and a Conven. tion of the States with a view of re-esconstitution." č. W. B.

CHICAGO, August 30 - The proceedngs were opened by Bishop Whitehouse who first read from the psalms of David, following with an impressive prayer, the delegates and audience standing. The Committee on Credentials reported against the admission of delegates from the territories of Lousiana on the District of Columbia. Also, to admit both delegations from Kentucky, each delegate to cast half a vote. Report adopt-

On motion of Mr. Cox, the Hon. Amos Kefidall had leave to present a communteation giving the proceedings and action of a conservative Democratic National Convention held in this city on the 27th. When these were read, and when the Secretary read the nominaion of McClellan, the wildest applause and cheers followed.

Mr. Cox moved that the communication be referred to the committee on resolutions. Mr. Muller moved to amend, that the communication be made a part of the minutes of the Convention The chair stated that the communication would be entered on the minutes, as a matter of course. A debate arising, Mr. Olds said he would not express the motion. The judiciary would again administer the communication was accepted. The report of the committee on Organization was read as follows, and adopted by ac-

clamation: The Committee on Perm ment Organnow in session, respectfully report that they recommend to the couvention for their selection the following officers: For President, His Excellency H. Seymour; for Vice Presidents, Joseph Chase, of Maine, J. W. Williams, of New Hampshire, E. D. Beach, of Massachusetts, D. H. Smally, of Vermont, Geo. Taylor, of Connecticut, Alfred Authony, of Rhode Island, A. J. Cobb, of New Jersey, N. J. Tucker of New York, Asa Packer of Pennsylvania, J. F. Robson of Ohio, S. W. Gibson of Indiana, O. B. Ficklon of Illinois. John S. Barry of Michigan, John Phelps of Maryand, John B. Peckham of Minnesota, D. W. Maxon of Wisconsin, W. Patterson of Iowa, J. S. Berry of California, H. J. Strickler of Kansas, Wm. M. Meller of Oregon.

Recording Secretaries-Wm. H. Simp on, of Maine, James H. Woodward, of New Hampshire, S. B. Phinney, of Massachusetts, L. S. Partridge, of Vermont, F. L. Allen, of Connecticut, Thos. i. Reynolds, of Rhode Island, James S. Thayer, of New York, Joseph D. Biddel, of New Jersey, Edward L. Martin, of Delaware, F. M. Hutchinson, of Pennsylvania, James McClure of Maryland. James D. Barbour, of Kentucky, B. Esielman, of Ohio, A. T. Whittlesay, oj Indiana, W. W. O'Brien, of Illinois, Theo. J. Campan, of Michigan, J. A. Billings, of Missouri, John H. McKenney, of Minnesota, Philo Orlon, of Wisconsin, John Currin, of Iowa, William J. Whipple, of California, F. P. Fitz William, of Kansas; Wm Bybee, of Oregon. Reading Secretaries-E. O. Perrin, of New York; Issac R. Dillo, of

1860 be adopted by this Convention

or its government. mour spoke as follows: Gentleman of resolutions and actions of this convention, but I can say that every member of it loves the Union, desires peace, and will uphold constitutional freedom. The resolutions and action of this Convention are of the utmost importance. There are reasons why the Democratic party should be restored to power and they are great reasons. The Democratc party will restore the Union, because longs for its restoration, it will bring peace, because it loves peace; it will bring back liberty to our land, because it loves liberty; it will put down despotism, because it hates the tyranny which now degrades the American peo-

conditions unknown to the Constitution.

Nay, more than this, they will not does not offer that which this Government has do right to ask. This Administration cannot now have this Union if it wars on as it has. By its proclamstions, by vindictive legislation, and by displays of hate and passion, it has placed obstacles in its own pathway which it cannot overcome.

It has hampered its own freedom of action by unconstitutional acts. It cat't be that the failure of its policy is due to the want of courage and devotion on the part of our armies. Never in the history of the world have soldiers given up their lives more freely than have those of the armies which have battled for tablishing the Union on the basis of the the flag of our Union in Southern States. The world will say that they have done all that arms can do, and had we sccured the fruits of their victories, to day there would have been peace in our

land. But while our soldiers have struggled to carry our banners southward to the Gulf of Mexico, even now, the Government declares, in the edicts of a General, that rebellious discontent has worked Northward to the lakes, and the guaranteed right of the people to bear arms has been trampled under foot up to the very borders of Canada, so that American servitude is put in bold contrast with British liberty.

The administration thus declares to the world that it has no faith in the people of the States who placed it in power. It also admits by such an edict that these people have no faith in this Administration, while those in power without remorse sacrifice the blood and treas ure of our people. They will not give up their passions for the public good. This Union is not held asunder by military ambition. If our political troubles could be referred to the peaceful arbirament of the contending armirs on the field, our Union would be restored, the rights of the States would be guaranteed, the sacredness of home and person be again respected, and an insulted laws of the land. Let not the ruin of our country be charged to the soldiers. It is not due to their teachings or their fanaticism. In my constant official interconrac with them, I have never heard ization and Rules for the Government of uttered one sentiment of hatred to the the Democratic National Convention, people of the South. Beyond all men they value the blessings of peace, and the virtues of mercy, of gentleness, and of charity, while many who stay at home cry havoc, and demand that no fanatics and the intrigues of placemen have made the bloody pages of the his tory of the past three years. It was a ed his only commendation, and when he hung upon the cross, when priests and pharisees mocked his sufferings, a liberty and the public welfare demands that immediate effort be made for a cessoldier slone discovered his divinity, sation of hostilities, with a few to an ulwhen he heard him pour forth a prayer timate convention of all the States, or for mercy and forgiveness for the au other peaceable means to the end that at the earliest practicable moment peace thors of his sufferings. The administration cannot save this Union. We can

Mr. Lincoln relation. We can

eral Union of the States. Mr. Lincoln values many things above

our pathway to union and to poace. We demand no conditions for the resto- trol, ration of our Union. We are shackled

harmony and good will among all sections of our country. If they care for their rights, of their persons, and the sacredness of their homes, they will of the administration to its duty in react with those who have stood up to re- spect to our fellow-citizens who now and sist arbitrary arrests, despotic legislation and the overthrow of the judiciary. If upon the other hand, they are willing to continue the present policy of govthe Convention, I cannot forecaste the ernment and condition of affairs let them act with that organization which made the present condition of the country, and there are many good men who will be led to do this by their passions and prejudices, and our land swarms with placemen who will hold upon power and plunder with deadly grasp, but as for us we are resolved that the party who have made the history of our country since their advent into power seem like some unnatural and terrible dream

war to a close upon the terms spenning pressure to without mur name, we set forth by the government of the contest. In the political contest, in the political contest, in the political contest, in the political contest. The spenning of the contest of the contes of the spirit of our institutions, the char-seek partisan advancement. We are motion of T. H. Seymour, and proacter of our people, and the condition battling for the rights of those who be- ceed to eulagise his party services and

of our land. They thought they might long to all political organizations. We abilities. safely indulge their passion, and they mean thar their rights of speech shall be concluded to do so. They would unimpaired although that right may be concluded to do so. They would unimpaired, although that right may be not heed the warnings of our fathers, and they did not consider that meddling the rights of conscience shall be protected the policy by which your rights and begets strife. Their passions have ted, although mistaken views of duty liberty were stricken down. That men wrought out their natural results. They may turn the temples of religion into were impelled to spurn all measures of theatres for partisan denunciations. We Maryland which has suffered compromise. Step by step they have mean that home rights, and the sacredmarched on to results which, at the ness of the fireside shall be respected by to his nomination in silence. His of onset, they would have shrunk with hor- those in authority, no matter what politror from, and even now, when war has ical views may be held by those who desolated our land, has laid its heavy sit beneath their roof-trees. When the to pass upon the merits of the public burthen upon labor, and when bank- Democratic party shall have gained powruptcy and ruin overhang us, they will er, we shall not be less but more tens- the support of the great Democratic par not have the Union restored except on cious upon these subjects. We have forborne much, because those who are They will not let the shedding of blood now charged with the conduct of the dict him. cease, even for a little time, to see if public affairs, know but little about the Christian charity or the wisdom of principles of our government. We were statesmanship may not work out a meth- unwilling to present an appearance of no man present who would deny the

listen to a proposal for peace which shall violate one principle of law, one no delegate would feel called upon to sits in the presidential chair or holds a humbler office under our government.

We have had upon the floor a touching and significant proof of the folly of this Administration, which has driven from its support those upon whom they chiefrelationship and ancient associations to presence the high and generous purpose and great God that it should be true, they are stung with the sense of injustice and gratitude of law, and unworthy men who have insulted and ruines on their rights by vindictive legislation, and through the agency of miser-

able and dishonered subordinates. Gentlemen, I do trust that our proceedings earnestly believe that we shall be anibless us now, lift usup above all personal considerations, fill us with a just idea of

and enthusiastic cheers greeted Gov. Seymour as he concluded his speech. TERNOON SESSION. The Convention assembled at 4 this p

union, its peace and its liberty. Loud

Mr. Guthrie stated that the committee on resolutions had agreed and was now

past, we will adhere with unswevering fidelity to the Union under the consti tution as the only solid foundation for our strength, security and happiness as people, and as a frame work of government, equally conducive to the well-

fare and prosperity of all the States, both orthern and Southern. Resolved, That this Convention does iplicity declare as the sense of the American people that after four years of mercy shall be shown. The bigotry of periment of war during which under the failure to restore the Union by the expretence of a military necessity, or war power higher than the constitution. The constitution itself has been disregardtory of the past three years. It was a soldier upon whom our Saviour bestow ed in every part and public liberty and private rights alike trodden down and the material prosperity of the country essentially impaired. Justice, humanity

Resolved, That the direct interference the Union. We put it first of all. He of the military authority of the United thinks a proclamation worth more than peace. We think the blood of our peo. States in the recent elections neid in Kentucky, Maryland, Missouri and Delaware was a shameful violation of the ple more precious than the edicts of the Constitution, and a repetition of such President. There are no hindrances in acts in the approaching election will be heid as revolutionary and resisted with all the means and power under our con-

Resolved, That the sim and object of with no hates, no prejudices, no passions. We demand for them what we demand for currely seems the full records. demand for ourselves—the full recogni clare that they consider the administra tion of the rights of the States. We live usurpation of extraordinary and mean that every star on our nation's dangerous powers not granted by the banner shall shine with an equal lustre by military law in States not in insurin the coming election. Men must decide with which of the two parties into which our people are divided they will can citizens in States where civil law act. If they wish for union they will exists in full force; the suppression of act. If they wish for union, they will exists in inn lorder, and differ the press. act with that party which does the most the denial of asylum; the open and and always did love and reverence that avowed disregard of State rights; the Union. If they wish for peace, they the interference with and denial of the will act with those who sought to avert this war, and who now seek to restore this war, and who now seek to restore . Union and the perpetuation of the gov-ernment deriving its just spowers from the consent of the governed. Resolved, That the shameful disregard

> long have been prisoners of ar in a suffering condition, deserves the severest reprobation on the score alike of public and common humanity. Resolved, That the sympathy of the Democratic party is heartily and ear nestly extended to the soldiery of our army, who are and have been in the field under the flag of our country, and in the event of our attaining power by

us will receive all care, protection, re gard and kindness that brave soldiers of the Republic have so nobly earned. It was then moved that the Convention proceed to the nomination of a candidate for President, Mr. John P. Stocton, of New Jersey, in behalf of the Delegation of that State nominated Gen. Geo. B. M. Clellan, Mr. B. B. Cox of shall be overthrown. Four years ago Ohio, in behalf of a portion of the Ohio it had its birth upon this spot. Let us Delegation, seconded the nomination; see by our action that it shall die here Mr. Saulsbenry of Delaware, nominated and peace. The administration deny us ed his thanks to the gentleman, but he union and peace, for they demand con-firmly believed that the crises demandple.

Four years ago a convention met in this city, when our country was peace ful, presperous and united. Its dele
union and peace, for they demand confirmly believed that the crises demand—

formly believed that the crises demand—

this city, when our country was peace ful, presperous and united. Its dele
unduly prolonged becomes disunton, beliaving as he headdithe gentleman and the confirmly believed that the crises demand—

THIS DAT: AUGUST 111.

THE STATE AUGUST 111. Wise statesmanship can now bring this his colleagues from the gallant State of

ernment, to overwhelm us with debt pr war to a close upon the terms solemnik helsware to withdraw his name. Mr.

Mr. Harris continued as follows: The is George B. McClellan. (Confusion) fences shall be made known. This Convention is a jury appointed by the people tp. Gen. McClellan I repeat is a tyrant (Great confusion.) He stood here to in

A delagate: I call him to order. The President said he hoped there was factious opposition, but when we shall right of free speech. Certainly no demhave gained power, that official who ocrat will. At the same time he hoped single right of the humblest individual pursue, a course of remarks so offensive in our land, shall be punished to the full as to interfere with the harmony of the

rigors of the law, it matters not if he | Convention. Mr. Harris read McClellan's order of arrest against the Maryland Legislature and proceeded to comment upon the same, but the confusion was so great that the speaker could anot be heard except to say that all ly leaned at the outset of the rebellion, the charges of usurpation and tyranny then their hopes even of their own per- that can be brought against Lincoln and sonal safety were upon the noble men in Butler, he can make and substantiate the border States who, under circum- against McClellan. [Hisser, cheara and). stances, the most trying, sacred family crics, "vote for Jeff. Davis." The President wished that the Convention should uphold the flag of our country. Many come to order. There is no attack made of these men are now members of this here but can be made elsewhere. Convention, they bear impressed on and the gentleman against whom their countenances and manifest in their these charges are being made desires. that they shall be made now and here which animates them, and yet it is true, so that he can meet and explain them

These interruptions do injustice to cour selves, to the speaker and, to the digtinguished gentleman against whom they are made. Let the gentleman from Md. ed them and their families, and trample have a full hearing, and afterwards hear the other side from a gentleman who is eady and able to make a full explana. tion, Mr. Harris proceeded to say that McClellan was the assassin of State here will be greeted by harmony. I do rights, the usurper of liberty, and sthat if nominated he would be beaten every mated by the greatness of this occasion, where as he was at Antietam. He admit in all probability the future destiny of ded that he could not go home and ask our country hangs upon our action. the members of that Legislature to vote Let this consideration inspire us with a for such a man. He would not himself spirit of harmony. God of our fathers vote for him. Hisses: 10 miles record

COMMERCIAL & FINANCIAL the great responsibilities which rest upon and give again to our lands its

BUSINESS-Was not active. The weather was pleasant. Boats, here, have do wait mome days before they are able to pick up a paying trip. The up freights seem to be more than the down ones. Below we give the than the down ones. Below we give the transactions that came under our notice;

WHISKY—Excited Holders are saking a further advance, viz. \$1 3930.38.

GRAIN—Wheat unchanged Corn—Sales 350 bush, from depot, 16: 200 do, store, 1 - 6201 53.

UALL, sales 300 bush, depot, 903930.

WOOL—Steady with a fair demand. Sales 36

ready to report. The resolutions were then read and are as follows:

then read and are as follows:

WOOL—Steady with a last section of the state of the section of the sect FLOUR—Saiswander 140 bbls, 10.75; 100 db figure Extra Family, 140 bbls, 10.75; 100 db choice, 11 00. SALT—Sales 100 bbls, 43 15. SEEDS—Timothy 6.25; Clover 13,50 214,00. APPLES—Sales 70 bbls at 2 0023,00 per chell 10.00 bs Shoulders, 176 184 67. Sales 10,000 bs Shoulders, 176 184 67. Stdes, ribbed, 10,000 199194c; 6,000 dear do, 2017, 5,000 do Plath Hams, 184 6204d.
OILS—No 1 Lard Oil at 1,70; No 2 1,55 per gallon.

gallon.
BUTTER—Sales 12 pkgs Roll, 40@450.
EUGS—Sales 8 bbls at 17@174 per bbl.
CHEESE—Sales 40 brs. 21@22s.
BRAN—Sales 1 bbn at \$1 cc wewt.

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE. HEREN WEDNESDRY, August Sist, 1804 BUSINESS-Was dull. The receipts were light, amounting only to 800 blis. The weath, er was pleasant. The steamer Argus arrived from Bull Creek with 400 bbls oil. The sales were

ORUDE—Ranged from 271/0330, pkgs re-turned, and 42/0430, included. Sales 100 bbls; 37; 342 do, 37, pkgs returned; 200 do, 430,pkgs includ-REFINED No transactions. Prince was aominal.
TAR—Sales 25 bbls at \$3 00.
BENZOLE—Sales 150 bbls at \$50, for deodor. affant freeds is it a it a

Oil Receipts Per Allegheny, fliver, delice. 

RIVER MATTERS. ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES. ARRIVED.

Gallatin, Olarke, Brownsylle.
Franklin, Carmac, Brownsylle.
Jas, Ræse, Irwin, Elizabeth,
Hayard, Feebles, Ilonongabelke Lity
Minerra, Goodon, Wheeling,
Emma Graham, Stull, Zanesville,
Waunita, Sherman, St. Louis,

THE RIVER.—Last evening at swilight there were six feet in the channel and falling. The weather was pleasant. The Tow Boat Hawke Eye, No. 2 was sold on the donday for \$85,000. The fine steamer Glide No. 8, Capt. W. B.

Tow Boar.—The light draught towboat Skip-per will be sold at a bargrin, as the couler is going into other business, having struck oil. She is nearly new, and is well timehed, and will be sold at a sacrince. For further particulars The new and handsome passenger packet.

Anna, having received the finishing toder, is now at the landing receiving ireight for. Cincles, and and Louisville.

STEAMBOATS. Wheeling & Parkersburg Packets. FOR WHEELING.

FOR WHEELING.

THE REGULAR PASSES

THE REGULAR PASSES

FOR WHEELING.

THE REGULAR PASSES

TO A CONTROL OF THE STATE OF T very property of the public generally.

ronage of the public generally.

JAS. UOLLINS & CO., Agts.

Wharf-boat, below Monongahela bridge. FOR BEAVER, WELLSVILLE, STEU-BENVILLE AND WHEELING. CON-NECTING, WITH PARKERSBURG. THE fine passenger steamer in Commander, Thos. S. Calhoon, Clerk, will leave Pittaburgh every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 12 m. reight or passage apply on board, or to JAMES COLLINS & CO. Agents.

FOR CINCINNATI & LOUISVILLE
THIS DAY, AUS SI, AT A P. M.
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THIS DAY, AUSTRALIA STREET, STRE Commander, will leave as announced above. For freight, or passage, apply on board, or to JOHN FLACE to a series of the Lace of

For freight, or passage, apply on board, or to

MADVERTISING AGENCIES. Park Row, New York city, and No. e State street, Boston; and Iz P. FONTAINE & Co., No. 68 Nassau street, New York city, are aulon dor us at lowest rates. LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 31, 1864. Meeting of Coal Consumers.-A public meeting was held on Monday afternoon of the manufacturers who require a large amou coal to carry on business, at the Board of Trade Rooms, to take action in regard to the high price which coal has reached in consequence of the coal miners strike. A committee of resolutions having been formen, they reported the following, which were unanimously adopted : which were unanimously adopted:

Respited, In view of the exorbitant demand of
the doal miners, we recommend that it be not acceited to, and that all consumers of coal, whether
as minauliabeturers who own part or the whole of
any food works, or who do not, be requested to
join and co-operate with the coal dealers in resisting the enormous demand now made for mining.

ners, fhific the time has arrived when we should endeavor to check this combination on the part of the diggers fo rufn our business and the interests of the city generally.

Assorted, That this meeting regard the recent demand for increased compensation by the minera to be, alike unwarranted by the increased price of provisions, and destructive of the most important interests of the community, and above all oppressive to the less prosperous classes of socially, by exceptionally raising the price of coal.

soal.

Resolved, That we bind ourselves to use all laudable efforts to keep the price of coal below ten cents per bushel, and recommend that our manufactures, and large consumers of the article, meet at an early day and consider the proposition of all propositions.

accomprished.

Resolved, That we ask all coal dealers, whether
ambers of the Coal Exchange or not, to co-op-The meeting then adjourned to meet yesterday at 11 o'clock a. m. At the appointed time business was resumed with more than usual interest. The attendance was not very large, but they all seemed desirous of resisting the extortionate demands of the coal diggers. After mature delib-

eration the following resolutions were read and unanimously adopted : manimously adopted:

\*\*Resolved\*\*, That a committee of two be appointed to wait on the Alayors of the two cities, and request them to salk a meeting of the citizens to get their endopsement of the measures now being taken to results the extortionate demands of

the disperse has a similar committee be appointed by waiton the different newspapers and secure their co-operation in the same end.

Resolved, That a similar committee be appointed to make a record of all the coalbanks and works, with a view of ascertaining which are working and which are not, and to report at the next meeting.

After adopting the above resolutions, and transacting some more business of minor importance, the meeting adjourned. Judging from the present state of things, it seems that the mining companies are determined to make a stout resistance; and the diggers also are making arrangements to force the mining companies to comply with their demands. It is lifficult to determine when this affair will end. Homer says, that when the princes quarrel, the people suffer; in place of princes and commanders of armies, substitute coal diggers and coal mining companies, and we will be found in the same fix. Prices of every commodity have been doubled and trebled on account of their scarcity, caused by army consumption, but we have also to render coal dear, of which nature

s to us so abundant The Impending Draft .- Men are now being recruited to complete the quota of this city and county as fast as they can be examined. No more could be procured if the draft had occurred, or were to occur to-morrow. The surgeons are actively engaged during the day in making their examinations, and it seems that more men could be mustered in, if more could be examined. to be unusually good both in character and They all appear strong, hearty men, capable of endurance and of withstanding the fatigues of marching, and the trials of camp life as well as the enemy's batteries without finching. In fact, we could not raise a finer body of men to represent Allegheny county, if we could make a selection of the best. All boys are now excluded, and none but full grown men are now admitted to the honor of bearing our standard to the field. This is certainly a great improvement, and will certainly be felt in the army, as in our opinion none but men, and etrong men at that, are capable of following the career of arms for any length of time. Notwithstanding thir, we are informed that the aggregate receipts into the army have surpassed our most sanguine expectations. The city quota is by this time nearly filled, and if volun. teering is pushed yigorously forward until the fifth of September, with the same success which attends us now, either we will have no draft wer, or the total requisition will be so small that it will be hardly felt. Every one who exerts any influence should be stimulated to perform his uttermost, and every one should subscribe to the bounty fund, as the chief difficulty at present consists in the deficiency of the necessary funds to pay volunteers. Thus far we have managed to pay all volunteers by issuing bonds or by the private contributions the citizens. If those who have heretofore relied upon the generosity of their neighbors to

scribe, no doubt we might be in a position to answer all claims during the short time which Important if True.—The Harrisburgh Telegraph, of Monday, contains the following, wnica we give, although we do not vouch for it accuracy. The order would certainly be very interesting, and would be hailed with a shout of enthusiasm and delight, by many who think themselves now in rather a difficult situation: "It is understood to day that after mature re-flection Provost Marshal General Fry has concluded to reverse a former decision in relation commutation paid by parties who were drafted during the last conscription. The decision shortly to be promulgated will exempt all those who paid the commutation of three hundred dollars for three years. This is an im-

portant decision, alike just in its character and Returning Home.-The 106th regiment Pennsylvania / Volunteers, Col. Turner G. Moorhead, is now on its way home, after three LABORATORY OF JAMES R. Year's service. Arrangements, here been rised. All the members of the police force, who are supplied with muskets have fore for medicinal uses it is, in most cases, sumade all necessary preparations to receive the system are mildly stimulating, diuretic, sothem in a manner worthy of the brave heroes who are returning to the bosoms of their families after having faced the dangers of war during the space of three years. The regiment has been greatly reduced in numbers since its departure for the field, and at present hardly numbers three hundred men all told.

Deserter Caught .- A young man named Charles Smith enlisted a short time ago, with the apparent intention of going to the front with the first necessity. But having received his bounty, he took French leave from Camp Reynolds, and was not heard of until yesterday morning, when he was caught in Allegheny by officer Bay. He was making arrangements for taking a final leave from his native district, but unately accidents will happen, and he was foiled in his attempt, just as he was about to put all his arrangements into execution. This is the second deserter that was caught by the applying same officer within a few hours, and for them he will receive sixty dollars.

Stolen .- A horse and buggy were stolen on Monday night from the premises of Mr. Adam LAKE SUPERIOR COPPER MINES Ochenhart, on Wylle street. It seems that the thief is known to the owner, who accordingly notified the police of the larceny. Chief of the police Long, with another officer went in pu suit of the fugitive, but at last accounts he had

only a short time ago.

Hon. E. M. STANTON, Sec'y of War: The sub-district in which the Allegheny Arenal is located has its efforts to fill its quota

e following answer was received: WASHINGTON, Aug. 27, 1864. Hon. J. K. Moorhead The Secretary's order in reference to skilled mechanics is to be strictly construed by commanding officers. The sub-districts will not suffer on the draft from this cause, as such skilled mechanics as may be drafted and normitted to renechanicas may be drafted and permitted to re name at the arsenal, will be counted on the quo as the same as it sent to the front. JAMES B. FRY,
Provost Marshal General.

By the following resolutions passed at a meet-ing of the citizens of the Ward held last evening, will be seen that those who are endeavoring to fill the quota of the Ward and relieve it of the draft, are determined that that class among them, who never de anything in the way of aiding to raise Bounty Funds, shall be left to take | ble measure. care of themselves It appears that they still credit, and thus let a draft take place for the Fig.D. August 29.—The long-looked

resolutions of the meeting:

Resolved, That hereafter no recruits be credited to the Warn! by the recruiting committee, that the certificates of credit be withheld, and that we allow a draft to take place for the ballance of our quois. Then should any man be drafted who has contributed his proportionate share to the Bounty Fund, he shall be credited with one of such recruits, but should a non-subscriber be drafted he shall be left to take care of himself.

Resolved, That at the meeting to be held to the country for the country for the country for the care of himself.

Bounty Fund.

Restored, That any enterlied man have the privilege during Wednesder, of making his subscribed to the Bounty Fund, before the list of enrolled men be read.

made in Honton General Crook's lines, on the left of our position, yesterday, developed the fact that the main force of the enemy had left our immediate front, but in what direction it had moved, we

other artists are not at all conversant, and thus it is that by a process only known to himself, he imparts that unrivalled finish and touch to him photographs, without which his likenesses would never attain that exquisite beauty for which they are so remarkable. We would advise all our readers who desire a good carte de vivile or anything else in that line, to repartismediately to B. L. H. Dabbs, No. 46 St. Claim atteet.

Rankin's Extract Buchu strongly recom-

as possible, send orders, by mail or otherwise, to P. O'Brien, 130 Third street. Prints, Muslins, Checks, Ticks, Table Lin-en, Cotton Hosiery, Kid Gloves, &c., selling cheap at McClelland's Shoe Auction House, 55 Fifth street.

McClelland's Shoe Auction House, 55 Fifth

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The Fourth Ward, Allegheny City. HIGHEST LOCAL BOUNTY IN CASH.

oal, together with the Government Bounty, are nivited to call at the Office of the Enlisting Jommittee, No. 56 FEDERAL ST., opposite he Provost Marshalls Office.

Recruits can have the solutions. Tation they may prefer.

By Bounty paid as soon as mustered in. By order of the Committee jy30

in place of the many doubtful mixtures too of-

en sold as pure Wines. JAMES R. CHILTON, Anlietical Chemist, N. Y. City. Sold by A. J. RANKIN, Druggist, No. 63 Market street, below 4th.

Illinois; Moses Armstrong, of Wiscon-The committee further recommended that the rules and regulations adopted by the Democratic National Convention On taking the chair, Governor Sey.

gates did not mean to destroy our Gov-