The Daily Post.

ADVERTISING AGENCIES.

Messrs. S. M. PETTENGILL & CO. No. 37 Park Row, New York city, and No. 6 State street, Boston; and L. P. FONTAINE & Co., No. 62 Nassau street, New York city, are authorized to take Advertisements and Subscription for us at lowest rates.

☞ We will furnish the DAILY POST, to agents at the rate of $3.00 per hundred copies.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 26, 1864.

Cigar Tax.—Smoking is not so general now as it was formerly. The increased tax on cigars has succeeded wonderfully in reducing the number of those who indulge in that expensive luxury, and consequently the tobacconist does not carry on quite as lucrative a business as he did when everybody was accustomed to smoke regularly, even to the beardless youth who could not as yet sport a moustache. Inveterate smokers are few, and even these are constrained to content themselves with a scanty amount, for fear of expenditure. For the information as well as the entertainment of these latter gentlemen, we will submit to their scrutiny the following important decision rendered by the commissioner of internal revenue concerning the collection of the tax on cigars:

Cigars selling at not over $13 shall be subject to a tax of $3; selling at over $13 and not over $30 do., $8; selling at over $30 and not over $55 do., $15; selling at over $55 and not over $65 do., $25; selling at over $65 do., $40. Cigarettes in paper wrappers selling at over $6 per 100, packages of 25 each, per 100 packages do., $1. In paper wrappers, selling at over $8 per 100 packages of 25 each, per 100 packages do., $3; made wholly of tobacco per me, do., $5. For the purpose of aiding in the detection and prevention of fraud, the law provides for the inspection and stamping of cigars by an inspector. As a general rule, the tax does not accrue upon cigars until after their sale, and the advantage of the fixed and positive basis afforded by the sale would designate the selling prices as the point of departure in assessing the tax, even if the positive provision of section 56 did not prescribe it for our guidance. But the inspection is made before the sale, and thus it follows that the inspector is obliged to estimate the value as best he can, and this at a time when the tax has not yet attached. Inspectors have therefore been instructed to estimate the value of cigars exclusive of the tax including in this estimate the cost of production, packing, boxing, inspecting and whatever may properly be regarded as part of the expense of putting the commodity into a complete and final condition for the market, as well as the seasonable and ordinary profits of the manufacturer. After he has thus determined the value, he will affix the stamp accordingly to the following schedule: Not over $5 per hundred packages, exclusive of the tax, $1; over $5 per hundred packages $3; not over $5 per thousand, $3; between $5 and $15, $8; between $15 and $30, $15; between $30 and $45, $25.

The Coal Diggers' Strike.—It is difficult to determine when this strike will end, as neither employers or employees seem desirous of coming to an agreement or making a compromise to that effect. The employers state that the demands of the diggers cannot possibly be complied with on account of the exorbitant wages they demand, and the latter allege that their present pay is too small, considering the enormous prices of provisions and everything else. Neither party seems inclined to give in, and while they are at loggerheads the people must necessarily suffer from the increased price of coal, which necessarily follows. Several of the manufactories which have been large consumers of coal, have resolved to suspend business for the time being, and consequently those who are engaged in this line of business will feel the effects of the coal miners' strike. At a meeting of the members of the coal exchange, held on Wednesday, at the Board of Trade Rooms, the representatives of the different coal mining companies of this city and Allegheny, after a full and free interchange of views, passed a resolution not to comply with the demands of the coal diggers, and appointed a committee to wait upon the iron, glass and other large consumers of coal, for the purpose of inducing them to co-operate with the companies in reducing the diggers to terms. We doubt whether this forcible measure will succeed, but certainly something must be done in order to provide coal. We would advise the parties to come to a compromise with each other, and thus end their difficulties for their own sake and that of the community.

Important Announcement.—Provost Marshal Foster received yesterday a very important circular from Provost Marshal General Dodge, at Harrisburg. It says: "The following telegram has been received from the Provost Marshal General, viz: In closing the accounts of the late draft in your State, if there are still any deficiencies, let them be set aside on the records with explanatory remarks, but do not embrace them in the quotas assigned under the call of July 18th, 1864. The directions given by this telegram do not interfere with the directions heretofore given to the Provost Marshals with reference to making up the final accounts, but are communicated to them for the purpose of informing them that it is the intention of the Provost Marshal General not to mix up the two drafts, as far as deficiencies under the last draft are concerned." A great cause of complaint among the enrolled men was the fear that the Government intended adding the deficiencies under the late draft to the quotas under the present call. The above order shows, however, that the drafts are not to be mixed up, so that if these deficiencies are to be filled at all, the drawing for them will probably be made under the old law. Should the Government not require them to be filled, it will practically lessen the number of men to be furnished and reduce, to this extent, the hardships of the draft.

The Third Ward.—This ward has already nearly completed its quota, making efforts to raise the few men requisite to have it completed entirely. The citizens are naturally congratulating themselves on their success, and have begun to lose all fear of the fifth of September. They well deserve their success, as few wards have accomplished more than they have in this matter. They have from the beginning united their efforts, and vigorously carried on the work up to the present time. They are indebted to no one else but themselves for their fortunate and enviable situation, because whatever was accomplished by themselves alone. They generously subscribed and raised the necessary bounty fund as a matter of course, success attended them, and volunteers came daily to enroll their names, and were all accredited to the ward. No one will ascribe their comparatively happy position to a freak of fortune, because if any of the other wards had worked so willingly and energetically, the success would have attended their efforts. Some of them must confess that they displayed far more indifference in this respect than their neighbor, and consequently the number of men they raised is so small that they will be constrained to make gigantic efforts in order have their enrolled men not liable to draft. A few days yet remains, and if they shake themselves up a little, they may entertain hopes of perfecting a great deal ere the 5th of September.

Soldiers Passing Through.—For the last week or so the city has been daily crowded with soldiers, either returning from the war, or on their way to the front, to meet the perils of battle. Numerous regiments of hundred day men from Ohio have already passed through here on their way home, their term of service having expired. The Subsistence Committee have as much on hands as they can do, to provide refreshments for them all, but they perform their work cheerfully and energetically, so that not one regiment has been disappointed of the many that arrived. Let them come when they will, morning, noon or night, they have their refreshments ready for them on their arrival. This conduct of the Subsistence Committee is truly praiseworthy, and is duly appreciated by all concerned.

Defrauding Volunteers.—The House passed a bill making it a misdemeanor, punishable with five hundred dollars fine and imprisonment, for any one to withhold bounty money from volunteers entitled to it.

The Gunboat Service.—This is one of the most important branches of the service, yet, as far as we have been able to ascertain, few of the citizens have directed their attention to it. For some unknown reason, they prefer the fatigues of marching, the indifferent accommodations of camp life, and the dangers of the field to the easier and comparatively safer life of the sailor in the river services. The bounties are the same as that of the army, and so is the pay. In these respects, the gunboat service is at least equal to the army, and in every other respect it surpasses the latter by far. In the first place, the men have no marching to do, no heavy knapsacks to carry, no picket duty to perform, and what is still more attractive, they are not obliged to lie down on the cold damp ground to sleep after the many fatigues of the day. Moreover, the rations on board the gunboats are distributed as regularly as the clock strikes, while it often happens in the army, that the soldiers can hardly procure their scanty pittance of hard tack. Let volunteers direct their attention to these important matters, and while our river flotillas require men, let them make the best of the opportunity.

Woodruff's Sleeping Car.—A new sleeping car has been introduced on the Pennsylvania Railroad, constructed on the principles of Woodruff, Knight, Myers and others, which surpasses in beauty, size and commodity any other car within our experience. There are forty-eight berths in the car, and each one is admirably ventilated on the principles of the best and most approved ventilation, so that the atmosphere is always fresh and pure, which, we are pained to say, is not the case in the generality of sleeping cars. There is likewise an admirable contrivance for heating, the heat passing from a stove underneath the flooring, to all parts of the car, and is equally distributed throughout its entire extent. The berths are of a very commodious size, and the overhanging curtains of brocade satin delaine, are unsurpassed for richness and beauty. On the whole, we think that this new invention is a model in its line, and will be hailed with joy by the weary travelers, who have heretofore been obliged to sleep in a close, dusty car, badly ventilated, and deprived even of the most ordinary necessaries for the accommodation of passengers.

Fourth Ward, Allegheny.—The statement made in yesterday's papers that this Ward was out of the draft, it appears, was rather premature; at least their advertisement in today's paper looks that way. There was a large meeting of the Block Committees last night, at the house of Mr. Faulhaber, and the subscriptions amounted to upwards of $50,000; and the returns brought out the fact that, instead of being out of the draft, they have at least fifty men yet to put in. A motion was made to have a mass meeting of the citizens of the ward on to-morrow evening, in Col. Clark's Church, and raise the money there at once. Should the money not be promptly subscribed, a draft for about fifty men will be made. This would be rather rough, after putting in about one hundred and fifty men, and if the enrolled men fear the draft as much as they do in other wards, they will soon raise the money.

Passed Through.—The 166th regiment of Ohio 100 days' men, 900 strong, passed through the city yesterday, on their way to their homes, their term of service having expired: This regiment has suffered considerably from sickness during their absence, two hundred being under the care of the surgeon at one time. The Subsistence Committee furnished them with dinner at City Hall.

Pic-Nic.—Yesterday the annual pic-nic of the Vigilant Fire Company was held in Glenwood. The day was delightful, and numerous crowds of pleasure seekers were attracted to this popular place of amusement. A light shower fell towards noon, which refreshed them a little, but did not in the least mar the pleasures of the day.

Sent to Harrisburg.—Three notorious deserters and bounty jumpers were sent to Harrisburg yesterday by Provost Marshal Fulwood. They were heavily ironed, but proceeded with the greatest indifference to the large crowd which they attracted while passing along the streets to the depot.

Look where you will 4-1-64, Rankin's Spiced Blackberry, for Diarrhœa, Dysentery, &c., meets your eye. The article we thought was something new in the medical world, but upon inquiry we are told it has become a household word in almost every family. Sold by all Druggists.

Theatre.—Last evening the beautiful piece entitled the "Old House on the Bridge," was represented by the new and accomplished troupe which has been engaged for the season at the theatre. The house was full to overflowing, and the audience were enthusiastic in their applause.

Found.—On last Thursday a small sum of money, which the finder would desire to return to the owner on payment of expenses. Also, another small amount which was found last fall, and it is thought belongs to a farmer. Call on James Cauley, McIntosh's Court Allegheny.

The third great sale of lots at Braddock's Field, postponed on account of rain, will come off on Monday next, 29th inst. See advertisement and remember the day and hour, if you wish to secure any of those beautiful lots, as they are in much demand and going off rapidly.

Painting, Banners, Flags, Transparencies &c., will be got up neatly and at a low figure at O'Brien's House and Sign Shop, 130 Third street.

JOSEPH MEYER.....ANTHONY MEYER

JOSEPH MEYER & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PLAIN AND FANCY FURNITURE AND CHAIRS

WAREHOUSE,

153 SMITHFIELD, AND 442 PENN STS

Between 6th st., and Virgin alley.

jc2 PITTSBURGH.

FOR

DYSENTERY

—AND—

Diarrhœa.

DIXON'S AROMATIC

BLACKBERRY CARMINATIVE

Is the only safe and sure cure. It contains no *opium* or deleterious drugs, no mineral or other injurious compounds common to remedies generally sold for this class of disease. It is so efficacious that Physicians very generally use it in their practice in all chronic and dangerous cases.

☞ Use no Cholera mixtures or doubtful compositions, (many of which undermine and ruin the constitution,) when you can obtain an unfailing remedy as simple and safe as Blackberries themselves.

Ask for DIXON'S BLACKBERRY CARMINATIVE, and see that the proprietor's name is written on the outside wrapper of each bottle. Prepared only by

Sole Proprietor, CINCINNATI.

For sale by all respectable druggists.

Price, (old style, 25 cts.) 25c., 50c. and $1, per Bottle.

FOR SALE.—253 ACRES COAL AND surface, together with the improvements, situate near Larimer's Station, 9 miles West of Greensburg, and within 2½ miles P. R. R. Grade easy, title good, and price low. J. H. OASDAY, Real Estate Broker, No. 67 Fourth st., Pittsburgh. jc27

TELEGRAPHIC.

FROM OUR FIRST EDITION.

The Rebel Raid on Memphis.

NEW YORK, August 25.—A *Herald* Memphis dispatch of the 24th says of Forrest's late dash: The rebel General Forrest captured the City of Memphis on Sunday at 3 o'clock, and held his position for two hours, when he was driven out by out forces. The rebels robbed the principal hotels and boarding houses; captured a portion of General Washburne's and General Hurlbut's staff, some thirty commissioned officers, and about 250 men. Washburne escaped to the fort in tolerable good order. The rebels were 3,000 strong, while our own forces, including the militia, were only between 800 and 900 strong.

A *Herald's* Nashville dispatch dated the 24th, says: Matters at Atlanta are unchanged. The army was engaged advancing parapets and strengthening their works.

On the 19th inst. Maj. Gen. Dodge was seriously wounded. He was out on picket line at the time and exposed himself, and was shot in the hand. It was reported at Chattanooga, yesterday, that he was dead. Gen. Lightburn, of Logan's Corps, was wounded in the same way three or four days ago.

Latest from Sheridan.

NEW YORK, August 23.—The *World's* dispatch from headquarters of the 6th corps, at Halistown, dated the 28d, says: A reconnoissance sent out at an early hour this morning, on the Charlestown pike, discovered nothing but a line of skirmishers. The movements of the past few days show that the return of Sheridan from the banks of Cedar Run had placed this army in a position of advantage, both for offensive and defensive operations, which it was as impossible to obtain at that point. There are two roads by which the enemy can attempt to enter Maryland, through Smither's Gap or across the Potomac, via Shepardstown, and thence through the gap of South Mountain. To go through Smither's Gap they must first retreat, and in either case we have the inside track.

Guerrillas have been fearfully active all along our line of march. Several of our men, shot by Mosby's band, were found hung by the legs; and others with sheepskins stuffed in their mouths.

TEN A. M.—Picket firing is now going on in front of the left and left centre. The enemy develope no strength and artillery shots elicited no response yesterday.

Latest from the Army on the Potomac.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, August 25.—No engagement has occurred since the enemy has fallen back, as previously stated, to their lines, two miles from Petersburg. They are erecting strong works similar to those we encountered on our arrival here. The rebels work night and day; evidently expecting an attack.

The Richmond papers acknowledge a heavy loss in officers and men on Sunday, but claim that they took 4,000 prisoners. Our losses in the 5th Corps are 17 officers and 132 men killed, 74 officers and 784 men wounded, 99 officers and 2,853 men missing. The 9th Corps lost about 800, which makes the total loss 4,255 in these movements. No doubt many will yet turn up.

Crawford's Division sustained the greatest proportion, he having lost about 2,000, mostly prisoners.

Operations Before Petersburg.

NEW YORK, August 25.—A *World's* special dated in the field before Petersburg, the 23d, says: Warren pushed a reconnoissance towards Petersburg yesterday, and found the enemy had retired from his immediate front. Taking advantage of this, Warren advanced his lines much nearer the city than the left has yet been, when our lines were extended towards the railroad. Our line crosses the road as heretofore. The rebels have probably fallen back to their regular line of works, or may be they are maneuvering for a flank attack. Large numbers of deserters come in and say that Lee has expressed his determination to retake this road if it costs him every man he has. Many rebel officers in the hospitals corroborate the report that there are but six days' rations in Petersburg. When these are consumed, the supplies held at Richmond will be brought into requisition, providing the Danville road proves insufficient as the means for transporting supplies from southern districts.

Rebel News from Petersburg.

NEW YORK, August 25.—The Richmond *Examiner* of the 22d, has the following: PETERSBURG, August 20.—10 A. M.—Lieut. Gen. A. P. Hill commanded our forces in the fight yesterday evening. Warren was strengthened by the 9th Corps. The enemy were driven about three fourths of a mile in front, and back about two miles on the flank. Twenty-two prisoners, including nine commissioned officers, were captured. Night ended the fight, which was a very considerable affair. The fight has not been resumed thus far to-day. The enemy still holds possession of the Weldon Railroad. Our losses were not very heavy. General Clingman was wounded, and Major Lawson killed. The enemy's loss in killed and wounded not ascertained. The Yankee General Crawford is reported by prisoners to be killed.

A Gallant Regiment.

NEW YORK, August 25.—An army correspondent of the *Tribune* says: Perhaps the star regiment in the fight of last week is the 39th Illinois, the only regiment from that State in this army. Its Colonel, Lieutenant Colonel, Major and two senior Captains, have lost either life or limb within two months, and men in proportion, and yet its spirit remains unbroken. On the 16th there were individual instances of gallantry in this regiment which would, could they be recorded, vie with the wildest tales of romance.

Troops to be Paid Off.

NEW YORK, August 25.—A special dispatch to the *Tribune*, dated Washington, August 23d, says: Several more paymasters left to day to pay off the troops in the Army of the Potomac. Money is being rapidly furnished by the Treasury Department, and a number of paymasters will probably leave to-morrow to pay off Western troops.

Congressional Nominations.

ST. JOSEPH, MO., August 25.—F. Loan was nominated by acclamation for re-election to Congress from the 7th district by the radical convention. Resolutions were passed endorsing the Baltimore nominees and Radical State ticket.

ON HAND AND FOR SALE

Grain Drills, Cider Mills, Fanning Mills, Threshing Machines, Washing Machines, Clothes Wringers, Dog Powers, Churns, Fruit Jars, Corn Shellers, Mummas, Climax and Eureka Cutting Boxes,

BECKHAM & LONG,

Wholesale and Retail dealers in Agricultural and Farming implements of all kinds.

au12 127 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh.

WANTED.

SUBSTITUTE FOR ONE TWO OR THREE YEARS, Veteran prefered. Highes cash price will be paid. Enquire at the office of HOWARD & CHILDS, 63 Diamond street.

MOULDERS' AND CARPENTERS' Tools, for sale by JAMES BOWN, my21 154 Wood street

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

FOR THE POST.

SECOND EDITION.

LATEST FROM THE FRONT.

Our Cavalry Destroying Rails and Bridges.

The Late Peace Rumors.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—Washington specials say that intelligence from Gen. Warren's corps represent that our cavalry are rapidly destroying rails and bridges between Petersburg and Weldon. Gen. Warren is so strongly entrenched that he can't be destroyed, and is making demonstrations on Petersburg and Lynchburg railroads.

Col. Fielding who was missing after the action of Friday is safe. He was taken prisoner and with others conveyed to Petersburg, but during the excitement of loading them on the cars, he managed to elude the vigilance of the guard and ran into some bushes, where he lay concealed till chance gave him an opportunity to get away, and he came into our lines yesterday uninjured.

The *Commercial's* Washington special says the Executive Committee of the National Union League are in session in that city.

The same correspondent says he has the best reasons for denying the published reports that the Administration entertained an idea of appointing peace commissioners to Richmond, and of tendering an armistice. He also says while the Weldon road is totally lost to the rebels, another movement is already on foot, which will cause them quite as much grief.

It is all quiet along the Potomac, and reports of rebels crossing are humbugs.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Decision of the Attorney Gen'l.

Army Movements Contemplated

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.—Negro soldiers are to be paid the same wages, bounty and clothing allowances as the white soldier, in accordance with the late decision of the Attorney General.

There is no ground for the rumor so assiduously reported from here, that the President proposes to send peace commissioners to the rebels.

The rumors that an armistice has been or is to be proposed, are equally without foundation.

The feeling here with reference to the late movements of the Army of the Potomac, and those in contemplation is full of hope and confidence. It is certain that the campaign against Richmond is not yet ended, if indeed it has more than just commenced. If Lee's disposition of his forces has been based upon such an idea, he may find out his error when too late.

FROM HARPER'S FERRY.

Skirmishing at the Front.

Rebels Trying to Cross the River

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—The *Post's* Washington special says, advices received to-day from Harper's Ferry, state that there was a little skirmish going on at the front on Wednesday, but without any important results. The rebels were evidently trying to get across the Potomac again, but our cavalry keeps to close an eye upon them.

Our troops have made a most thorough destruction of the Weldon Roilroad. It is not proposed however to evacuate the line of that road. Our forces will remain there for the present.

A large lot of citizens of Loudon county have been brought in, charged with being guerrillas.

BALTIMORE, August 25.—The American has Richmond papers of the 19th inst., they claim to have captured 2700 in the assault, they made ten attacks on our forces on the Weldon Railroad on Friday, but seem to deplore the loss of the railroad very much. The only items of news from Mobile are the following: under date 17th inst., a force of enemy from Pensacola estimated at 2000 crossed the Peadido river, yesterday advancing towards Mobile Bay. A heavy Yankee force is in North Mississippi, whose destination is supposed to be Mobile.

CAIRO, Aug. 25.—Memphis advices of the 23d, say the 17th Illinois cavalry returned from the pursuit of Forrest. On Monday the rebels crossed Cold Water River, 23 miles from Memphis, retreating in the direction of Panola, grumbling over the failure of their expedition. They expected to create a diversion of Gen. Smith's expedition after Forrest. They told our officers under flag of truce, that Sunday Gen. Grierson occupied Oxford, Miss.

NEW YORK, August 25.—Muller the English railway murderer was arrested on the Ship Victoria last night, and this morning brought to Police Headquarters. In his trunk the watch and hat of the murdered man were found; he strongly protests his innocence. He was identified by Jewells a London cabman.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 25.—The Keystone Club parade this evening with flags and a band, preparatory to departure to Chicago.

FROM BALTIMORE.

Movements of the Rebel Forces

A Severe Fight with the Enemy

BALTIMORE, Aug. 25, 12:30 p. m.—The *American* has received to-night the following special dispatch from Harper's Ferry, dated 25th: A reconnoissance was made this a. m. by a large force of cavalry under command of Gen. Torbet, which resulted in obtaining very important information with respect to the enemy's movements.

From the information received, it appears that a considerable portion of the enemy's forces broke camp at Charleston this morning at daylight and marched in the direction of Leetown. Our cavalry struck their line of skirmishing about a mile beyond Kearneysville, and after a brilliant charge succeeded in capturing quite a number of prisoners. During the skirmishing, we lost a few killed and wounded, all of whom were brought off the field. At the time of writing this dispatch, firing is going on in the direction of Shepardstown.

HARRISBURG, Aug. 25.—The called session of the Penna. Legislature adjourned this morning to meet again on the 29th inst.

In the House a resolution was offered calling on President Lincoln to remove Secretary Stanton from the War Department for inefficiency. This resolution was referred to the Committee on Federal relations.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—The steamer Liberty from Havana, 20th, arrived. The blockade runners, Deinbig and Lusanne, are at Havana. Business dull.

AMUSEMENTS.

☞ PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

Lessee and Manager.....W. HENDERSON.

COMEDY NIGHT.

In response to numerous requests, the Manager has determined to repeat the celebrated Comedy, by Buckstone, entitled

MARRIED LIFE.

Mr. Coddle.....F Chippendale
Mrs. Coddle.....Mrs. Sylvester
Mr. Younghusband.....S. A. Wentworth
Mrs. Younghusband.....Annie Eberlie
Song.....Fanny Burt.

To conclude with

THE BEAR HUNTERS.

MYERS, SCHOYER & CO'S.

FALCON PEN,

CHECK BOOKS,

On all Pittsburgh Banks,

BLANK BOOKS,

Of every description on hand and manufactured to order.

LEGAL BLANKS,

NOTE, DRAFT,

and

RECEIPT BOOKS,

Bill, Cap, Letter, Note, Billet Brief, Bath Record,

AND OTHER PAPERS.

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS

GOLD PENS,

ENVELOPES,

INK,

&c.

MYERS, SCHOYER, & Co.,

au2 No. 39 Fifth street.

DON'T WAIT TO BE DRAFTED

The Fourth Ward, Allegheny City,

WILL PAY THE

HIGHEST LOCAL BOUNTY IN CASH,

for recruits to fill the quota of the ward. And who desire to enlist and receive the highest Local, together with the Government Bounty, are invited to call at the Office of the Enlisting Committee, No. 56 FEDERAL ST., opposite the Provost Marshal's Office.

Recruits can have the selection of any organization they may prefer.

☞ Bounty paid as soon as mustered in. By order of the Committee jy30

LABORATORY OF JAMES R. CHILTON & CO.—We have recently made a careful analysis of the Samburg Port wine, and do not hesitate to pronounce it *pure*. It contains all the properties of the Port Grape, and therefore for medicinal uses it is, in most cases, superior to other wines. Its principle effects upon the system are mildly stimulating, diuretic, sedorific and tonic. It will prove beneficial in Affections of the Kidneys, and Chronic Diseases with General Debility of the Constitution.

Physicians may safely recommend it to patients in place of the many doubtful mixtures too often sold as pure Wines.

JAMES R. CHILTON,
Anlietical Chemist, N. Y. City.
Sold by A. J. RANKIN, Druggist,
No. 63 Market street, below 4th.

2,900 ACRES OF LAND.

A TRACT OF LAND IN WESTMORELAND County, 1¼ miles from Laughlinstown, 13 miles from Latrobe Station, on the Penn. R. R., known as the California Furnace property, on which there is a saw mill with ample water power, and more than fourteen houses.

In order to effect a speedy settlement of accounts this whole tract may be purchased with all the improvements at less than $5 per acre.

A plot and minute description may be had by applying to S. S. BRYAN,
Broker and Insurance Agent,
59 4th st., (Burke's Building.)

LAKE SUPERIOR COPPER MINES AND Smelting Works.

PARK, M'CURDY & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF SHEATH, Brazier's and Belt Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Raised Still Bottoms, Spelter Solder, &c. Also, Importers and dealers in Metals, in Plate, Sheet Iron, Pipe, &c.

☞ Constantly on hand, Tinmens' Machines and Tools. Warehouse, No. 149 FIRST and 120 SECOND STREETS, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. feb21-1ydaw

PIANOS AND MELODEONS.—A very large stock of KNABE & COPS and HAINES BRO'S CELEBRATED PIANOS, received before the late advance in prices. Also, a splendid assortment of PRINCE & COPS MELODEONS, A. MACHITT'S MELODEONS, and a large assortment of new SHEET MUSIC.

CHARLOTTE BLUME,
au24 43 FIFTH STREET.

500 BBLS "GAFF MILLS" FLOUR arriving this day, and for sale by PATTERSON, AMMON, & CO., jy21 No. 6 Wood st.

COMMERCIAL & FINANCIAL.

PITTSBURGH PRODUCE MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY POST,
FRIDAY, August 26th, 1864.

BUSINESS remains inactive. The only trade that receives particular attention at this time is recruiting, the various wards and districts are having a busy time filling up their quota, until after the 5th of September we do not look for much activity in the general markets. Our rivers continues firm at a fine navigable stage, freights however were not plenty. Among the sales were the following:

BACON—Shoulders 7,500 lbs 18c; sales 4,000 lbs Ribbed 19c; Plain Hams 2,500 lbs 21¼@22c; S C Hams 3,000 lbs 27c; some dealers are asking 28c.

DRIED BEEF—Sales 1,000 lbs Canvassed 23c.

MESS PORK—Sales 6 bbls at $40 per bbl.

CHEESE—Sales 50 bxs W R 22c.

BUTTER—Sales 12 pkgs Roll, 40@43c.

GROCERIES—As prices were unchanged we omit them.

FLOUR—Sales Extra Flour 210 bbls $11@11,-12½; 100 do 10,75; small sales of Extra 9,75@10,00 per bbl.

EGGS—Sales at 15@17 per doz.

HAY—Sales were regular at $40@45.

SALT—Sales 112 bbls No. 1 at $3 00 per bbl.

APPLES—Sales at 1,50@2,50 per bbl.

OILS—No 1 Lard Oil at 1,70; No 2 1,55 per gallon.

SEEDS—Timothy 6,25; Clover 13,50@14,00.

GRAIN—We could learn of no sales; prices nominal.

LARD was firm.

WHEAT—Red $2,00; White 210; Oats 700 bush was disposed of at 94@95c for new.

CORN—Sales 2 car loads were made at $1,55@1,58.

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY POST,
FRIDAY, August 26th, 1864.

BUSINESS—Exhibited quite an improvement yesterday. The demand for Crude was active. The sales were the largest we have noticed for many weeks. The receipts were 216 bbls while the sales were 2,937 bbls. There is some parcels on the way that will arrive during the day. The sales since our last were as follows:

CRUDE—Sales 1,000 bbls, 35c, pkgs exchanged; 300 do, 37½; 300 bbls do, 38c; 300 do, 37½c 300 do, 38; 200 do, 37½c, and 637 do, 37c. This was equal to 42@43c pkgs returned.

TALLOW—Sales of "Brilliant" at $8 00 per barrel.

REFINED—The nominal rates for Bonded were 78@80c. Free sold at 90@95c.

Oil Receipts Per Allegheny River.

Edgerton & Co.	120
Owner	97
Total	217

Pittsburgh Pig Iron Market.

FRIDAY, August 25.

The market since our last was buoyant at an advance of $3@4 ⅌ ton on rates that were current last week for leading Forge Iron. Below will be found the sales made at the advance we have mentioned, amounting to 2,020 tons:

All pig iron reports are based thus:
Sand pig iron, 2,268 lbs to the ton.
Chill pig iron, 2,240 do do
Bloom, 2,240 do do.

SALES OF PIG IRON PER TON.

500 tons Coal Smelted, a mixture of L S and native ore	$66,500	cash
300 tons L S Coal Smelted	67	cash
300 do do	70	90 dy
100 tons L S Charcoal	80	cash
120 tons Anthracite Grey Neutral Mill Iron	75	cash
200 tons Red Short Anthracite	70	cash
100 tons Neutral	75	cash

HANGING ROCK PIG IRON.

250 tons Hanging Rock No. 1 Foundry	$80	cash

PENNA. CENTRAL STOCK YARDS,

EAST LIBERTY, August 25th, 1864.

The market during the week was moderately supplied with cattle. As a general thing prices were unchanged. The sales were larger than the previous week. The shipments East were liberal. Western drovers seem to have a fancy for going East. The following are the sales that came under our notice:

HOGS—The market was firm the demand being in advance of the supply. The principle portion that came under our notice was forwarded East.

SHEEP—The sales were liberal, and at a slight advance over last weeks prices.

SALES OF CATTLE PER HEAD.

J Pritchard bought 110 head, $65 00.
J Smith sold 80 head, 92 00.
N Werntz sold 60 head, 72 00.

SALES OF CATTLE PER CWT.

W Fuller bought	60 head,	7 25.	
W Fuller sold	41 head,	7 50.	
W Fuller "	26 "	7 00.	
W Fuller "	35 "	4 00.	
J H Glass bought	26 head,	6 20.	
J H Glass "	25 "	6 25.	
J B Huff "	50 "	5 50.	
J B Huff "	30 "	5 55.	
J Haymaker "	20 "	3 56.	
H Duffy "	25 "	3 25.	
H Duffy "	15 "	3 30.	

SALES OF SHEEP PER CWT.

W Fuller bought	425 head,	$6 00.	
W Fuller "	600 "	4 70.	
W Fuller "	400 "	4 75.	
G Hesser "	250 "	5 50.	
G Hesser "	600 "	5 56.	
J H Glass "	300 "	2 25.	
J H Glass "	250 "	5 20.	
J Scott "	200 "	5 75.	
A Dettrick "	400 "	6 25.	

SALES OF HOGS PER CWT.

Reyenthaler & Gilchrist bought 170 head at $7 20.
Reyenthaler & Gilchrist bought 196 head at $11 00.
Reyentaler & Gilchrist bought 300 head at $9 00.

ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.

THURSDAY, Aug. 25, 1864.

BUSINESS during the week was dull. The sales being limited, the rates were generally unchanged. The business of recruiting is now occupying the attention of all parties in order to avoid the draft from appearing; we think this district will be able to clear itself. The only transactions that came under our notice were the following:

SALES OF CATTLE PER CWT.

J G Hurline sold	36 head at	$5 50.	
J Sherrer "	19 "	4 87.	
J Atwood "	20 "	2 00.	
A Atwood "	20 "	3 42.	
G Reeman "	46 "	6 20.	
J Graham "	12 "	4 00.	
D Kidd "	17 "	4 00.	
Marks & Trowerman sold	84 head at	4 00@7 00.	
L Rotchilds "	160 "	3 50@6 30.	
J Wolf "	17 "	6 50.	

SHEEP—The offerings were limited; sales of 400 head by M Drake at $5 00.

The shipments West amounted to 2 400 head.

HOGS—There was nothing done worthy of notice; a few head only were disposed of at $10,-00 per cwt.

New York Cattle Market.

NEW YORK, August 23.

The current prices for the week at all the markets are as follows:

BEEF CATTLE—1st quality ⅌ cwt		$18 00@19 50
	Ordinary to good	14 30@17 00
	Common, 1st quality	9 00@13 00
	Inferior	8 50@ 9 00
VEAL CALVES—1st quality ⅌ lb		10 @11c
	Ordinary	8¾@9¼
	Common	7¼@8¼
	Inferior	7 @7½c
SHEEP & LAMBS—⅌ head, extra		7 00@9 00
	Prime	6 00@6 50
	Ordinary	5 00@6 00
	Common	4 50@5 00
	Inferior	3 50@4 50
SWINE—Corn-fed, ⅌ lb		11½@11¾c
	Still-fed	11¼@11½c

The market remains without essential change. The supply of beef cattle was fair but not excessive. At the opening the market ruled firmer, but many cattle which were delayed by the washing away of bridges on the Erie railroad, are expected to come in before the end of the week, in view of which the market ruled heavy and prices showed more concession from the opening prices. The range of prices was as above, but the bulk of good prices sold at 10 to 10½c.

The total receipts of stock at all the yards were as follows:

Beeves	5,278
Cows	80
Veal Calves	2,099
Sheep and Lambs	20,120
Swine	6,143

The Harvest in Minnesota.

(From the Winona Republican, 30th.)

The harvest is now rapidly drawing to a close. The wheat crop throughout Southern Minnesota has all been cut, and by the close of the present week but little of it will be left unstacked. From the beginning until now the weather has been remarkably favorable to harvesting operations. Our great staple is consequently being secured in excellent order. The wheat crop of this State is probably of a better quality and less injured by the insects or the drought than that of any other portion of the country. The yield, too, is a good one. It is estimated by intelligent farmers with whom we have conversed that this year's crop is not only of as good quality, but it is also as great in quantity as any within the past three years.

Chicago Wool Market.

Received 24,707 lbs; shipped 16,319 lbs. Market in good speculative demand. Prices very firm at previous rates with an upward tendency. We quote:

	⅌ lb.
Fine light Fleece	87@1,05
Medium Fleece	96@1 00
Factory Tub Washed	1,00@1,05
Coarse Fleece	92@ 96

Sales to-day: 50,000 lbs fine Fleece at 1 05 per lb, 20,000 do, 1 05; 50,00 do do, 1 02½; 4,000 lbs do at $1 00.

Pittsburgh Iron and Nail Market.

FRIDAY, August, 26, 1864.

The following are the quotations for the descriptions named:

Flat Bar. ⅌ lb

1½ to 6, by ⅜ to 1 inch.....4¼
2 to 6, by 1 to 1½ inch.....4¾
1¼ to 1½ by ⅜ to ¾ inch.....5¼
1¼ to 1½ by 5-16 inch.....5

Heavy Band Iron.

2 to 6 by ½ to 3-16 inch.....8¾
1¼ to 1½ by ¼ and 3-16 inch.....9
⅝ to 1½ by ¼ and 3-16 inch.....9¾
⅝ to ¾ by ¼ and 3-16 inch.....11¼

Horse Shoe.

⅝ to 1 by 5-16 to ½ inch.....9¼

Hoop and Light Band.

2½ to 6 inch.....9¾
1¾ and 2.....10¾
1¼ and 1½.....10
1 and 1¼.....10¾
¾ inch.....11¼
½ inch.....12¾
⅝ inch.....13

Hoops cut to specified lengths ¼ cent per ⅌ extra.

Round and Square.

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