The Daily Post.

PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, AUGUST 9, 1864.

ADVERTISING RATES.

For standing matter per square, (40 words,) every day:

One insertion	$1,00	One month	$7,50
Two insertions	1,25	Two months	12,50
Three insertions	1,50	Three months	15,75
Four insertions	1,90	Four months	18,00
Five insertions	2,20	Five months	14,00
One week	2,50	Six months	20,75
Two weeks	4,25	One year	32,00
Three weeks	6,00		

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DAILY POST,

Single subscriptions by mail, $8,00 per year.
Delivered in the city, at 18 cents per week.

WEEKLY POST.

Single subscriptions, $2,00
Five copies, each, 1,75
Ten copies, each, 1,60
Twenty copies, each, (and one to getter up,) 1,25
Forty " " 1,10
One Hundred " " 1,00

JAS. P. BARR,
Editor and Proprietor.

MEDICAL.

GLAD NEWS FOR THE UNFORTUNATE!
THE LONG SOUGHT FOR
DISCOVERED AT LAST.

CHEROKEE REMEDY,
AND
CHEROKEE INJECTION

Compounded from Roots, Barks and Leaves.

CHEROKEE REMEDY, the great Indian Diuretic, cures all diseases of the urinary organs, such as Incontinence of the Urine, Inflammation of the Bladder, Inflammation of the Kidneys, Stone in the Bladder, Stricture, Gravel, Gleet, Gonorrhœa, and is especially recommended in those cases of Fluor Albus (or Whites in females) where all the old nauseous medicines have failed.

☞It is prepared in a highly concentrated form, the dose only being from one to two teaspoonfuls three times a day.

☞It is diuretic and alternative in its action; purifying and cleansing the blood, causing it to flow in all its original purity and vigor; thus removing from the system all pernicious causes which have induced disease.

CHEROKEE INJECTION is intended s an ally or assistant to the Cherokee Remedy, and should be used in conjunction with at medicine in all cases of *Gonorrhœa, Gleet, sor Albus or Whites.* Its effects are *healing soothing and demulcent;* removing all scalding heat, chordee and pain, instead of the burning and almost unendurable pain that is experienced with nearly all the *cheap quack Injections.*

☞By the use of the Cherokee Remedy and Cherokee Injection—the two medicines at the same time—all improper discharges are removed, and the weakened organs are speedily restored to full vigor and strength.

☞For full particulars get our pamphlet from any drug store in the country, or write to us and we will mail free to any address, a full treatise.

☞Price Cherokee Remedy, $2 per bottle r three bottles for $5.

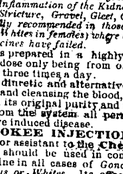
☞Price Cherokee Injection, $2 per bottle, or three bottles for $5.

☞Sent by Express to any address on receipt of price.

☞Sold by all druggists everywhere.

Dr. W. R. Merwin & Co.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS,
No. 59 Liberty street, New York.
mh15-eod-daw

THE GREAT INDIAN MEDICINE,
Compounded from



CHEROKEE CURE!

An unfailing cure for Spermatorrhœa, Seminal Weakness, Nocturnal Emissions, and all diseases caused by self-pollution; such as Loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pains in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, Weak Nerves, Difficulty of Breathing, Trembling, Wakefulness, Eruptions on the Face, Pale Countenance, Bashfulness, Consumption, and all the Direful complaints, caused by departing from the path of nature.

☞This medicine is a simple vegetable extract, and one on which all can rely, as it has been used in our practice for many years, and with thousands treated, it has not failed in a single instance. Its curative powers have been sufficient to gain victory over the most stubborn case.

☞To those who have trifled with their contion, until they think themselves beyond the reach of medical aid, we would say, *Despair not!* the CHEROKEE CURE will restore you to health and vigor, and after all quack doctors have failed.

☞For full particulars get a circular from any drug store in the country, or write the Proprietors, who will mail free to any one desiring the same, a full treatise in pamphlet form.

☞Price, $2 per bottle, or three bottles for $5, and forwarded by Express to all parts of the world.

Sold by all respectable druggists everywhere.

Dr. W. R. Merwin & Co.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS,
No. 59 Liberty street, New York.
mh15-eod-daw

In the Court of Common Pleas of Perry Co.

PERRY COUNTY, ss:

SEAL The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said county greeting: We command you that you attach Benjamin Cheesman, late of your county, by all and singular his goods and chattels, lands and tenements, in whose hands or possession soever the same may be found so that he be and appear before our Court of Common Pleas, to be holden at Bloomfield, in and for said county, on the FIRST MONDAY OF AUGUST NEXT, their to answer William Greer in a plea of Foreign Attachment in Trespass, on the case returnable upon the FIRST DAY OF AUGUST TERM, 1864.

And also, that you summon Jeremiah Cheesman, so that he be and appear before our Court on the said day, to answer what shall be objected against him, and abide the judgment of the said Court therein. And have you then and there this writ.

WITNESS, the Honorable James H. Graham, President of our said Court, at Bloomfield, the 25th day of April, A. D., 1864.

JAS. B. HACKETT, Dep. Pro.

Published by direction of the Court.

JOHN SHIVELY, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE,
Bloomfield, Pa., May 2, 1864.
my5-1tdaltw

FOURTH STREET.

NEW STYLES
WINDOW SHADES,
Received THIS DAY.
NEW SPRING STOCK
OF
CARPETS!
Well seasoned
OIL CLOTH,
AT McCALLUM'S.
mh13

W. D. & H. McCALLUM,
CARPET STORE,
NO. 87 FOURTH STREET.

NEW SHIPPERS GUIDE,
FOR THE NORTHWEST.

G. W. HAWES & CO., OF INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., long and popularly known as publishers of Directories, and State Gazetteers, will issue in September, ready for the fall trade, a Northwestern Shipper's Guide, for five States, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan and Wisconsin. It will contain complete shipping directions for every point and village in those five States, also, business lists of the principal cities, giving the names, locations and business of the firms doing a general business. It is also a general Hotel reference, containing Railway Lists, Post Office Directions, &c. &c.

☞Agents are now soliciting subscriptions and advertisements in this city.

The work is as indispensable to shippers as a dictionary is to a School Teacher. The firm keep on hand State Gazetteers for those N. W. States. Address G. W. HAWES, & CO.,
18 East Washington st., Indianapolis Ind.
jy29-4td

SUNDRIES.

1,500 Bush. prime Oats
200 Bbls. Family Flour,
100 Bush. Seed Buckwheat,
60 Bbls Potatoes.
200 Bbls. No. 1 Salt,
10 Bbls. Dry Apples.
In store and for sale at
PATTERSON & AMMON,
jes No. 6 Wood st.

STEEL TOOTH HAY AND GRAIN RAKES,
WARRANTED THE BEST NOW in use. Also, STONE TRUCKS and WHEELBARROWS, Manufactured and for sale by
C. COLEMAN,
Near the Penitentiary,
mh17 Allegheny City, Pa.

EGGS—10 BARRELS FRESH, just received and for sale by
FETZER & ARMSTRONG,
jy29 corner Market and First streets.

MEDICAL.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.

"Great American Remedy."

Harvey's Chrono Thermal FEMALE PILLS.

HAVE NEVER YET FAILED (WHEN the directions have been strictly followed,) in removing difficulties arising from OBSTRUCTIONS, OR STOPPAGE OF NATURE.

Or in restoring the system to perfect health when suffering from Spinal Affections, Prolapsus Uteri, the Whites, or other weaknesses of the Uterine Organs. The Pills are perfectly harmless on the constitution, and may be taken by the most delicate females without causing distress; at the same time

THEY ACT AS A CHARM,

By strengthening, invigorating, and restoring the system to a healthy condition, and by bringing on the monthly period with regularity. No matter from what cause the obstruction may arise. They should, however, NOT be taken the first three or four months of pregnancy, though safe at any other time, as miscarriage would be the result.

Each box contains 60 Pills. PRICE, ONE DOLLAR.

DR. HARVEY'S TREATISE

on Diseases of Females, Pregnancy, Miscarriage, Barrenness, Sterility, Reproduction, and Abuses of Nature, and emphatically the LADIES' PRIVATE MEDICAL ADVISER, a pamphlet of 70 pages, sent free to any address. Six cents required to pay postage.

☞The pills and Book will be sent by mail, confidentially, when desired, SECURELY SEALED, and pre-paid on receipt of money by

J. BRYAN, M. D., General Agent,
No. 76 Cedar street, New York.

☞Joseph Flenniken, Druggist, corner of the Diamond and Market street, agent for Pittsburgh.
oc6-eodaw

NOTICE TO ALL CONCERNED.—Among a certain class of self-important people there is a peculiar feeling of contempt attached to all physicians that advertise and treat the diseases named in this card, (PRIVATE DISEASES,) why this should be, they nor no one else can tell. Are they not aware that all physicians treat diseases of every denomination, in fact solicit just the very diseases that are so obnoxious to these very refined parties. I suppose they would not let one of their family go to a party that has devoted years for their benefit, because he advertise the fact, and their family physician says he is a humbug, so he can get the case. Often times almost deprived the party of his life. He comes at last to the physician that advertises—how else are they to know? Are they not aware that Sir Astley Cooper, Sir Benjamin Brodie, Sir Charles Ball and M. Paul Ricord devoted years in the treatment of these diseases? These men are held up as shining lights in the medical world; I don't assert that all men are worthy that publish, still there are a great number of them that are. I have devoted myself to the study and treatment of PRIVATE DISEASES upwards of 40 years, and without egotism can say I have saved hundreds from years of misery and untimely death. My treatment is confined to the vegetable altogether, as I think it is the best and most certain. It is in my power to bring hundreds of certificates if I thought it necessary to certify to my general success; but my long residence in this city is sufficient proof without adding more. Spermatorrhœa and all diseases arising from it are cured in much shorter time than heretofore. It behooves every young man and woman to be careful in selecting a physician. The different advertisements that are seen in our papers are of no worth, and no benefit will arise from answers than only loss of health and money. Hundreds are cured annually by my new remedies. Address Box 800.

jan-lyd Pittsburgh Postoffice.

KINGS, QUEENS & KNAVES
NO LONGER.

NATIONALITY EVERYTHING!
Foreign Emblems used long enough!

Our National Emblems,
Eagles, Shields, Stars & Stripes,
Designate the Suits in the
AMERICAN CARD COMPANY'S
UNION PLAYING CARDS.

COLONEL INSTEAD OF A KING!
GODDESS OF LIBERTY INSTEAD OF A QUEEN!
MAJOR INSTEAD OF JACK!
UNION CARDS are put up in a neat box.

SOLD AT
JOHN W. PITTOCK'S
NEWS DEPOT.
je16 OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE.

BARGAINS.

GOODS AT OLD PRICES
—AT—
MACRUM & GLYDE'S,
No. 78 Market street.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

HAVING BOUGHT OUR GOODS before the recent heavy advances we offer at prices considerably less than can be bought any where in the East, a large and well assorted stock of seasonable

HOSIERY AND GLOVES

of the best foreign and domestic manufacture. A great variety of dress trimmings, Silk and Bugle Gimps, Silk Tassels, Ornaments, Veils, Ribbons, Magic and Lace Ruffling, Jet, Silk and Bugle Dress Buttons, a very good assortment of

RICH GUIPURE LACES,

Embroideries, Edgings, Parasols, Rain and Sun Umbrellas, Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, and the largest and best Stock of Fancy Goods, Notions and Small Wares to be found in the city.

☞CALL SOON☜
je27

BUY YOUR WOOLEN GOODS BEFORE THEY GET TOO HIGH. You will find at

C. Hanson' Love & Co.,
Nos. 74 & 76 Market Street.

Several Cases of Bard Flannels.
Well assorted in Twilled Flannels,
Red Flannels,
Yellow Flannels,
Plaid Red Flannels,
Plaid Yellow Flannels,
Plaid Blue Flannels,
Plaid Gray Flannels,
Fancy Blue Flannels,
Blankets of every description, in short our stock of

WOOLEN GOODS

is very kind is well assorted. To those in want of Woolen Goods we would say, buy now, for they will be higher.
C. HANSON, LOVE & CO.,
74 & 76 Market st.
jy28

GIRARD HOUSE,
CHESTNUT, BELOW NINTH ST.,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
H. W. Kanaga,
my5-6m PROPRIETOR.

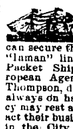
DRY GOODS, HOSIERY, &C.

CLOSING OUT SALE
OF
SUMMER DRY GOODS
—AT—
HUGUS & HACKE'S,
CORNER MARKET AND FIFTH STS.
AT BARKER & CO.'S,
59 MARKET ST.
PITTSBURGH.

New Goods New Goods
New Goods New Goods
New Goods New Goods
New Goods New Goods
New Goods New Goods
New Goods New Goods
New Goods New Goods
New Goods New Goods
New Goods New Goods
New Goods New Goods
feb10

SUMMER DRESS GOODS
AT A
Reduction of Thirty-three per Cent
CHEAPER THAN YEARS AGO,
Must be sold in Twenty days,
Many Reduced to Half Price
To make room for
FALL STOCK.
☞Bargains in abundance☜
AT
Gardner & Schleiter's,
92
jy29 MARKET STREET.

MRS. E. THOMPSON,
SUCCESSOR TO JOHN THOMPSON,
No. 7 Hand street, Pittsburgh, Penn'a.



CHEAP PASSAGE TO OR from the Old Country. Persons traveling to the Old Country, or wishing to bring out their friends can secure their Passage Tickets either by the "Inman" line of steam ships, or by first class Packet Ships, by calling at the Old European Agency, established by the late John Thompson, dec'd. Also, Sight Drafts on Europe always on hands. The old friends of this agency may rest assured that I am prepared to transact their business on as good terms as any Agent in the City, and will find it to their advantage to give me a call before buying Drafts or Tickets elsewhere. MRS. E. THOMPSON.

References in Pittsburgh: James Marshall, Pres. Farmers' Deposit Bank; I. R. McCune, Pres. Union Banking Company; McKnight & Co., Water street; J. Kirkpatrick & Bro., Liberty st.; Arbuthnot, Shannon & Co., Wood st.; McCandless, Jamison & Co., Wood st.; Rev. Col. J. B. Clarke, Allegheny. je15tf

SMITH, PARK & CO.,
NINTH WARD FOUNDRY,
PITTSBURGH.

Warehouse, No. 143 First and 120 Second sts.

Manufacturers of all sizes and descriptions of Coal Oil Retorts, and Stills, Gas and Water pipes, Sad Irons, Dog Irons, Wagon Boxes, Seal Moulds, Pullies, Hangers and Couplings.

Also, Jobbing and machinery of every description made to order.

Having a complete machine shop attached to the foundry, all necessary fitting will be carefully attended to. oct1-lyd&w

WANTED—300 AGENTS TO SELL The great National Weather Indicator. This simple and beautiful Instrument, (with a Thermometer attached,) although, but just introduced hundreds attest to its accuracy in foretelling changes of the weather from wet to dry, and *vice versa*. The acting moving principle is the pistule of a flower found in Syria, and is so highly sensitive that it is acted upon by every change of the atmosphere. No Barometer heretofore manufactured will tell with accuracy the approaching rain, but this National Horoscope, the work of natures own hand fills up the void which man could not accomplish, and points its unerring finger to all changes of the weather.

Send stamp for Circular. One of the instruments will be sent to any address upon the receipt of $4. Address

FRISBEE, COOK & Co.,
au3 Union Mills, Erie Co., Pa.

COME ONE COME ALL TO BUY your
Boots Shoes and Gaiters
at COST this month to make room for Fall Goods at
J. BOHLAND'S
au6 98 Market st.

WELDON & KELLY,
Lead Burners, Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters.
jy13 164 Wood st., near Sixth

KNABE'S PIANOS
ARE THE
Best Pianos Made.
Sold only by
CHARLOTTE BLUME,
43 Fifth street, 2d door above Wood st.
jy12

COCOA NUTS—
5000 Fresh Cocoa Nuts,
just received and for sale by
REYMER & BROS.,
my14 128 and 130 Wood st

500 BBLS "GAFF MILL" FLOUR arriving this day, and for sale by
PATTERSON & AMMON,
jy21 No. 6 Wood st.

NATIONAL BANKS.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
Washington City, Aug. 6th, 1863.

WHEREAS, By satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, in the County of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress, entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States Stocks, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved February 25th, 1863, and has complied with all the provisions of said Act required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking:

Now, therefore, I, HUGH MCCULLOCH, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the said FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, County of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the Act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof witness my hand and seal of office, this 6th day of August, 1863.

{SS} HUGH MCCULLOCH,
Comptroller of the Currency.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Late Pittsburgh Trust Company.

Capital $500,000 paid in with privilege to increase to $1,000,000.

The Pittsburgh Trust Company having organized under the act to provide a National Currency, under the title of the FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, would respectfully offer its services for the collection of Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, &c., receive money on deposit and buy and sell Exchange on all parts of the country.

The success which has attended the Pittsburgh Trust Company since its organization in 1852, will we believe be a sufficient guarantee that business entrusted to the new organization will receive the same prompt attention.

Having a very extensive correspondence with Banks and Bankers, throughout the country, we believe we can offer unusual facilities to those who do business with us.

The business will be conducted by the same officers and directors.

DIRECTORS:

JAMES LAUGHLIN	WM. K. NIMICK,
ROBERT S. HAYS,	ALEXANDER SPEER,
THOMAS BELL,	FRANCIS G. BAILEY,
THOS. WIGHTMAN,	ALEX. BRADLEY,
	SAMUEL REA.

JAMES LAUGHLIN, President.
JOHN D. SCULLY, Cashier.
aug5-lawtf

SECOND NATIONAL BANK
OF PITTSBURGH.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
Washington City, Feb. 13th, 1864.

WHEREAS, By satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, in the County of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress, entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States Stocks, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved February 25th, 1863, and has complied with all the provisions of said Act required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking:

Now, therefore, I, HUGH MCCULLOCH, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the said SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, County of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the Act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof witness my hand and seal of office, this 13th day of February, 1864.

{SS} HUGH MCCULLOCH,
Comptroller of the Currency.

THE SECOND NATIONAL BANK
OF PITTSBURGH, PA.,
(Formerly IRON CITY TRUST COMPANY.)

Capital, $300,000, with privilege to increase to $1,000,000.

The IRON CITY TRUST COMPANY having organized under the National Currency Act offers its services for the transaction of a General Banking business. Drafts bought and sold. Money received on Deposit, and Collections made on all parts of the country.

DIRECTORS:

JACOB PAINTER,	ROBT. ROBINSON,
JAKE HILL,	R. ROOSEVELT,
C. F. KLOPFER;	W. M. GORMLY.
WM. COOPER,	

G. E. WARNER, President.
JNO. E. PATTERSON, Cashier.
feb23-4md

TEN-FORTY LOAN OF U. S.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, a
Designated Depository and Financial Agent of the United States.

By authority of the Treasury Department, this Bank will receive Subscriptions for the Ten-Forty 5 per cent. Gold-bearing Bonds.

A commission will be allowed to Banks, Bankers and Brokers. JAMES LAUGHLIN,
Orders are solicited. President.
Pittsburgh, April 26th, 1864. ap27

BOOTS
AND
SHOES
CHEAP AT
M'CLELLAND'S
AUCTION
85 FIFTH STREET. jy29

NEW SONG.

"DREAMING OF HOME."

BEAUTIFUL WORDS AND TAKING Music. Its popularity will be unbounded.

PRICE, 25 CENTS

Copies mailed on receipt of price.

CHAS. C. MELLOR,
my28d&w 81 WOOD STREET.

H. D. BRECHT & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Looking Glasses,
Gilt and Rosewood Mouldings,
Portrait and Picture Frames,
Dealers in Catholic Pictures.
No. 128 Smithfield street, between Fifth and Sixth streets. je18

BISSELL'S BLOCK.

W. H. M'GEE,
No. 10 St. Clair St.,

WOULD CALL THE ATTENTION of buyers to his stock of Goods, which has been selected with great care and contains all the newest styles of Goods to be found in first-class houses. Gents wishing a suit of clothes made to order will please call and examine our goods and prices. Also, a full and complete stock of FURNISHING GOODS.

W. H. McGEE,
Merchant Tailor,
No. 10 St. Clair street,
my27 Pittsburgh, Pa.

INSURANCE

INDEMNITY AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE.

THE FRANKLIN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA, OFFICE No. 435 and 437 CHESTNUT ST., near Fifth.

STATEMENT of ASSETS, JAN. 1st, 1863.

Published Agreeably to an Act of Assembly, being

First Mortgage, amply secured	$1,892,382 29
Real Estate (present value $103,312 61,) cost	102,996 26
Temporary Loans on ample Collateral Securities	69,185
Stocks, (present value $86,667 72,) cost	89,798 66
Notes and Bills Receivable	1,827 00
Cash	21,819 23
	$2,926,051 63

The only profits from premiums which this company can divide by law, are from risks which have been determined.

Insurances made on every description of Property, in Town and Country, at rates as low as are consistent with security.

Since their incorporation, a period of thirty years, they have paid losses by Fire, to an amount exceeding Four Millions of Dollars, thereby affording evidence of the advantages of Insurance, as well as the ability and disposition to meet with promptness all liabilities.

Losses paid during the year 1859, $63,158 36.

DIRECTORS.

CHARLES W. BANCKER,	MORDECAI H. LOU
TOBIAS WAGNER,	DAVID S. BROWN,
SAMUEL GRANT,	ISAAC LEA,
JACOB R. SMITH,	EDWARD C. DALE,
GEORGE W. RICHARDS,	GEORGE FALES,
CHAS. G. BANCKER, President.	
EDWARD C. DALE, Vice President.	
WM. C. Steel, Secretary pro tem.	
J. GARDENER COFFIN, Agent.	
Northeast cor. Third and Wood sts	

my18

PHILADELPHIA FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
149 CHESTNUT STREET,
Opposite the Custom House.
Capital, $210,100. Assets, $302,943.

WILL MAKE ALL KINDS OF INSURANCE, either Perpetual or Limited, on every description of Property or Merchandise, at reasonable rates of premium.

ROBT. F. KING, President.
M. W. BALDWIN, Vice President.

DIRECTORS:

CHARLES BANES,	E. R. COPE,
E. R. ENGLISH,	GEORGE W. BROWN,
F. R. SAVERY,	JOSEPH S. PAUL,
C. SHERMAN,	JOSEPH CLAYTON,
S. J. MADARGE,	E. WILES,
F. BLACKBURN, Secretary.	

I. G. COFFIN, Agent.
jy4-1y Corner Third and Wood streets.

Western Insurance Company of Pittsburgh.

R. MILLER, jr. President.
F. M. GORDON, Secretary.
Capt. R. D. COGHRAN, Gen'l Agent.
No. 92 Water street, (Spang & Co's Warehouse, up stairs,) Pittsburgh.

WILL INSURE AGAINST ALL kinds of FIRE and MARINE RISKS.

A Home Institution managed by Directors who are well known in the community, and who are determined by promptness and liberality, to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.

DIRECTORS—R. Miller, jr., James M'Auley, Nathaniel Holmes, Alexander Nimick, George Darsie, Campbell B. Herron, Chas. W. Rickets, son, Andrew Rickey, Alexander Speer, David M. Long, Rees J. Thomas, Benj. Bakewell, John M'Cune.

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE CO.,
OF PITTSBURGH.

Office, No. 37 Fifth Street, Bank Block.

INSURES AGAINST ALL KINDS OF FIRE AND MARINE RISKS.

ISAAC JONES, President; JOHN D. MCCORD, Vice President; D. M. BOOK, Secretary; Capt. W. M. DEAN, General Agent.

DIRECTORS—Isaac Jones, C. G. Hussey, Harvey Childs, Capt. R. C. Gray, John A. Wilson, B. L. Fahnestock, John D. McCord, Capt. Adam Jacobs, R. P. Sterling, Capt. W. Dean, Robert L. M'Grew, Robt. H. Davis. no28

DAY & HAYDEN,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
SADDLERY, HARNESS
AND
COACH HARDWARES
58 WOOD STREET,
Sign of the Golden Stirrup,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY CALL the attention of Saddlers, Coach Makers and Dealers in general, to their

Large and Well Selected Stock

Consisting in part for

Carriage Manufacturers,

OF

Patent and Enamcled Leathers, Enamcled Cloths, Damasks, Broad Cloths, Laces, Fringes, Bands, Springs, Axles, Bolts, Felloes, Spokes, Hubs, Shafts, etc., etc., All of which have been

PURCHASED WITH GREAT CARE

Especially the WOOD WORK, which will be found of the

Best Quality, Well Seasoned and Dry.

Saddlers and Harness Makers,

Will find a full and complete stock of

Harness Leathers, Saddle Trees, Hames, Webs, full Measure Straining Webs, of all Numbers, Bits, Buckles, Stirrups, Spurs, Threads, etc., etc., etc.,

All of which will be sold at the lowest CAS prices, and perfect satisfaction guaranteed.

TO THE SADDLERS.

P. S.—We do not deal in Saddles and Bridles, but leave those GOODS for our customers to make and sell, as they properly belong to that branch.
my28-tf DAY & HAYDEN.

IRON FOUNDRY FOR SALE.

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The Daily Post.

From the National Intelligencer.

Words of Truth and Soberness.

Among all the members of the National Legislature who have been called to give counsel for the safety and welfare of the Republic in this day of severe trial, we know of none who has brought to the "discharge of his duties a higher intelligence, a clearer sagacity, or a more patriotic fidelity than the Hon. Edgar Cowan, the learned Senator from the State of Pennsylvania. Entering the Senate at the opening of the Thirty-seventh Congress he early won for himself the admiration and respect of his associates, without distinction of party, by the learning and dignity with which he explained and defended his views of public policy, while the independence and eloquence for which he was conspicuous in debate, early drew to him the attention of all who mark with interest the progress of our parliamentary discussions.

Mr. Cowan we need not say is a distinguished member of the Republican party, but in his whole career as a legislator he has made it apparent that he considers his first and highest allegiance due to the country, and therefore never narrows his mind so as to give to the former th ehomage that should be paid only to the latter.

Our object in thus referring at this time to the eminent place justly held by this Senator in the eyes of the country is to direct the particular attention of our readers to the subjoing weighty words, held by him in the Senate on the 27th of June, a few days before the close of the late session, when that body had under consideration Mr. Trumbull's amendment repealing the joint resolution of July 17, 1862, which qualifies the confiscation act and limits forfeitures under it to the life of the offender. We could wish that these words might sink into the heart of every loyal citizen in the land, for we very belive they are words of truth and soberness.

Mr. Cowen said: I think Mr. President, that our course in regard to the Southern people has been of a character entirely the reverse of that which would have been successful in suppressing the rebellion. We were filled with incorrect ideas of the work we were engaged in; or of the only methods by which we could perform the gigantic task we had undertaken. We started out with exaggerated notions of our own strength, and we disdained to think that our success depended upon the loyal men of the South; we thought we did not need them, and treated them accordingly. Think of such a proposition as that contained in this law, that if they do not lay down their arms in sixty days they will be punished by loss of their estates! Now, pray, are they to lay down their arms? Surely we know enough to know that this is mere mockery, and that the rebel President might as well expect a soldier in our army to lay down his arms upon a promise of his protection.

Mr. President, I have sometimes doubted whether we could be serious when we expect any good results to come from such measures as this, which not only exposes us to ridicule but does harm to our cause. What was wanting in this crisis of our history with new criminal legislation, when the code was complete before? We had a statute punishing treason with death, a just and proper punishment; one well according with the magnitude of the crime as well as with the majesty of the law which inflicted it. For all those who conspired the dismemberment of the Republic, who used the means and perverted the State Governments to bring it, this is the fitting punishment to bring it, this is the fitting punishment, because it is the highest, and falls upon the guilty alone, where it ought. I would have had no additional laws; in war they are not needed. I would not have contemplated no reforms within the area of the rebellion; they cannot be made at such a time. What we wanted was men and money; these granted, the true function of Congress was over until peace was restored and all parties again represented. But above all things I would not have played into the hands of the enemy; I would not have done that which the rebels most desired to have done, because I have no doubt that this and all kindred schemes have been the very ones which they most wanted us to adopt. I do not know that Jefferson Davis ever prays; but if he does, I have no doubt he would pray

Mr. Wade. Pray for just such an advocate.

Mr. Cowan. Pray for just such a statesman as the honorable Senator from Ohio, the most effectually he ever had or could have

He would have prayed for measures on our part which were obnoxious to all people of the South, loyal and disloyal, Union and disunion. He would have prayed that we should outrage all their common prejudeces and cherished beliefs; that we should do the things by giving ourselves over to the guidance of men whom it was part of their religion to hate; to hate personly and by name, with an intensity rarely witnessed in the world before. He would have prayed for confiscation general and indiscriminate; threatening as well the victims of usurpation as the usurpers themselves; as well those we were bound to rescue as those we were bound to punish. Fervently he would have prayed for our emancipation laws and proclamations as medias fire the Southern heart more potent than all others; they would rally the angry population to his standard of revolt, as if each had personal quarrel. He would then have a united South; while as a result of the same measures a distracted and divided North.

That is the way I think he would have prayed and would pray now. Is any man so stupid as not to know that the great desire on the part of every rebel is to embark in revolt with him the whole people of the disaffected districts? Is not and has not that been considered enough to insure success to him? And where does history show the nature of any united people, numbering five or six millions, when they engaged in revolution? Nowhere there is no such case.

What did we do to bring this unity about in the South? We forgot our first resolve in July, 1861, to restore the Union alone, and we went further and gave out that we would also abolish slavery. Now, that was just exactly the point upon which all Southern men were most tender, and at which they were most prone to be alarmed and offended. That was of all things the one best calculated to make them of one mind against us; there was no other indeed, which could have left to the Union cause so many of them. It is not a question either as to whether they are right or wrong—that was matter for their consideration, not ours, for if we were desirous of a union with them we ought not to have expected them to give up their most cherished institutions in order to effect it. Unions are made by people taking one another as they are, and I think it has never yet occured to any man who was anxious to form a partnership with another that he should first attempt to force the other to change his religion or his politics. Is not the answer obvious? would not the other say to him: "If you do not like my principles, why do you wish to be a partner with me? Have I not a good right to ask you to change yours as a condition precedent?"

So it was with the Southern people; they were all in favor of slavery; one-half of them were still for a union with us as before, because they did not believe we were Abolitionists. The other half were in open rebellion because they did believe it. Now, can any one conceive of greater folly on our part than that we should, destroy the faith of our friends, and verify that of our enemies? Could not anybody have foreseen that would have lost one-half by that, and then we would have no one left to form a union with? We drove that half over to the rebels, and thereby increased their strength a thousand fold.

Is not all this history now? Are not great fact is staring us full in the face to-day; we are contending with a united people desperately in earnest to resist us. Our most powerful armies, most skillfully led have heretofore failed to conquer them, and I think fail so long as we pursue this fatal policy.

Now, Mr. President, I appeal to Senators whether this policy which has certainly united the Southern people in their cause, and which quite as certainly has divided the Northern people in support of ours, ought to be abandoned at once. Why persist in it longer? Can we not divide the rebels on this issue—men of the Loyal States by going back to the single idea of war for the Union; or is it now too late? Have we lost irrevocably our hold on the affections of our countrymen who were for the Union in 1861—even in 1862? Is there no way by which we could satisfy them that we yet mean Union, and not conquest and subjugation? And what a difference in the meaning of those two phrases! The first offers the hand of a brother, the second threatens the yoke of a master. Or are we obliged now to exchange the hopes we had of Southern Union men for that other and miserable hope in the negro? Is he all that is left of loyalty in the South, and the only ally we can rely on to aid us in restoring the Union? Ye gods! what have we come to at last? Either to yield to an unholy rebellion, to dismember an empire, or to go into national companionship with the negro! Is this the alternative to which our madness has brought us?

Mr. President, these things are enough to drive a sane man mad. After all our pretensions, all our boastings, how absurd will we appear in the eyes of all other nations if we fail in this struggle. Especially as almost all the measures upon which we have occupied ourselves for the last three years have been based upon our success already assumed as a fixed fact. We provided for the confiscating the estates of rebels before we got possession; we emancipated their slaves before we got them from their former masters, and we provided for the disposition of conquests we have not made. We have disposed of the skin of the bear and the bear itself is yet unclaught. All this we have put upon the record. This statute book will bear witness against us in all coming time, and we cannot escape the consequence if we fail.

Mr. President, our Government was intended to be one of law, pre-eminently of law. There was to be nothing in the administration of it left to the arbitrary will of an individual or individuals. This was its merit, if intended so, *par excellence*. I am for preserving this character in this respect strictly. I know no man, from the President down to the most petty officer, dare to do anything, whether a friend or enemy, except as warranted by law. Let us make war according to law. If we fight a belligerent enemy let us do it according to the law of nations. If we punish or restrain a refractory citizen, let us do it by the law of the land, by due process of law. Had we had faith in our Constitution and laws, and our people, we had not been in our present condition. Had we made war and war alone, the loyal people North and South to a man would have been with us. The voice of faction, if not entirely hushed, would have been harmless. The capital of the demagogue would have been worthless, and the nation would have been irresistible. Had we treated the negro as the Constitution treats him, as a person, as an ordinary man; had we made no distinction or difference between him and other citizens, we had not aroused against him that tribal antipathy which will be ever more likely to destroy him than is false philanthropy will be likely to elevate him in the scale of being. If we were friendly to us, the same use could have been made of him that we have made of us. We could have enlisted him in our armies now as we have been enlisting them in our navy for long years. We could have received him as a contraband, if he was able bodied, without looking to his complexion, and we could have drafted him without inquiring into the relations which existed between him and his master, any more than we need inquire into the relations of the white man of twenty years of age with his parent or his guardian. State laws adjusted all those questions, and the United States made no difference whether he owed service to individuals or not; he owed his first duty to the Republic, as military service was required. All this was lawful, and no loyal man ever said or would have complained of it, if kindly done in the proper spirit.

I have only to say in conclusion, sir, that I hope that the joint resolution will not be repealed, and that this and all kindred projects will fail in the future, for the simple reason that they strengthen the rebels by uniting their people with them,