The Daily Post.

PITTSBURGH: WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 3, 1864.

ADVERTISING AGENCIES.

Messrs. N. M. PETTENGILL & CO., No. 37 Park Row, New York city, and No. 6 State street, Boston, and L. P. FONTAINE & Co., No. 62 Nassau street, New York city, are authorized to take Advertisements and Subscriptions for us at lowest rates.

☞ We will furnish the DAILY POST, to agents at the rate of $2,00 per hundred copies.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 3, 1864.

The Destruction of Chambersburg.

The history of the Goths and Vandals in Continental Europe, and the history of savage Indian warfare which desolated the lands of the innocent white man in the days of our forefathers, has never been darkened with more crime and barbarity than the brief but heart-rending account of the late raid under the ferocious and unrelenting McCausland, and the burning of Chambersburg. The newspapers of other States have done their utmost to discredit these events, and have represented these glowing facts as the wild fancies of Pennsylvania journalists, but the cry of the widows and the orphan dispel all doubts, the wail of the sufferers have reached our ears, and 3,000 inhabitants in a brief half hour rendered destitute and homeless, demand loudly in the name of humanity for sympathy and succor. We are able to announce that they have already received some relief, but they require more, every citizen should concur in the relieving of their miseries. A brief story of those miseries will show that they are worthy of our compassion. When the freebooters had taken possession of the town, he made a demand on the citizens for one hundred thousand dollars in gold. This he knew they could not give, and their not being able to comply with the demand, together with the fact that the citizens had removed the valuable portion of their merchandise from the town added to the rage of the rebels, and when thus aroused, order was given to fire the court house, bank, and town hall. The fire was from these buildings communicated with a frightful celerity to the surrounding buildings, and parties of soldiers seizing turpentine balls, threw them in all directions, and at once the scene became appalling, and the accounts of the sufferers are heart-rending in the extreme. But the avenger was on hand and the daring marauder was obliged to flee. McCausland fled, not however till the fate of the city was certain. It is now a charred mass of ruins, its inhabitants are thrown homeless and destitute on the charity of the world. We call the attention of our community to their wants and hope that we will not fail to tender the necessary succor in their behalf.

The Vote for the Amendment.—Although the excitement which prevailed throughout our city during the last week, and which increased to a state of feverish anxiety on Sunday and the following morning, has entirely subsided, as regards the rebel invasion, still a new course for excitement changed for a while the ordinary feature of our city. The proposed amendment of the Constitution was a fact which commanded the serious attention of every citizen, old and young, and no one failed to attach all due importance to the same. Although but few doubted as to the issue of the contest, and nearly all the citizens concurred in the view they took of the amendment of the different articles of the State Constitution, it was rightfully ordained that every citizen should give his opinion on the subject by vote, which is the precious pledge of liberty that distinguishes a free Democratic government from that of a despot, and a monarch. In this manner have we and all our fellow-citizens of the Commonwealth declared to the world our opinion on the rights of soldiers who are fighting for their country's cause outside of the borders of the State, and no one can say that our decision has not been drawn from the laws of justice and equity, and rights of common sense. It would be useless to state that the result is agreeable to everybody, as this result was but the effect of the general sentiment which prevailed, and which was made a law by the free vote of the people.

Excitement in the Country.—Whatever was the excitement in our city on Sunday and Monday, the excitement in the country was far greater, and can be imagined better than described, by those who have ever witnessed a multitude of country folks in the last stage of excitement. In our city, the excitement prevailed through caution and an immediate desire of learning the news, but in the country it proceeded from real genuine fear. Cambria county was all aglow, in consequence of a rumor that two thousand rebels were ready to fall upon them, and about to renew in their midst the frightful scenes of Chambersburg. All business was suspended, and preparations were hastily made for the advent of Breckinridge or the firebrand of the nether regions, as the noted McCausland is pleased to call himself. A report spread about that Gen. Couch had notified the inhabitants to the effect that the rebels would undoubtedly be upon them. It was likewise stated, upon what authority we know not, that the invaders were in McConnellsburg on Sunday.

Allegheny Arson.—We have already notified our readers of the fire which broke out in the carpenter shop of Messrs. Somerville & Blackstock, the origin of which had not been ascertained. A man named J. B. Millikin who always had an excellent character in the opinion of those who were acquainted with him, was arrested the next day on suspicion, and having been brought before the mayor, confessed to his having set the building on fire, but averred that it was through mere accident. He says that wishing to procure an auger, he proceeded to the shop, and having struck a match, he inadvertently threw the same among the shavings, which immediately caught fire and the flames spread so quickly, that his efforts were useless to extinguish it. He thenceforth gave the alarm at the engine house. He was committed in default of $2,000 bail to answer at the next term of the Criminal Court. His friends claim that he has been laboring under an aberation of mind.

Gen. Couch.—We hope that the reports concerning this gentleman's conduct at Chambersburg are not correct, but it is certain that they are of a very grave and serious character. The citizens of that unfortunate town inform us that it might have been saved if that General had shown himself more competent in its defense. They say that his person would not be safe within its limits at present, and he is charged of having shipped his private effects from the town, previous to the advent of the rebels. These charges require confirmation to be credited, but they undoubtedly require some explanation, when they concern the competency of an officer on whom we rely for the safety of our lives and property.

A Teacher Killed.—A school teacher, a resident of Wilmore, was recently killed on the Pennsylvania Railroad not far from his residence, under the following circumstances. He was standing on the track looking at one train passing, when another happened to come up, of which he was not aware, and struck him, killing him instantly. The name of the unfortunate man has not as yet transpired.

A Card.

By an article in the *Dispatch* of Saturday, which the Editor is pleased to call a report of the argument in the case of J. Chas. Dicken, esq., my name is nearly alluded to, as having acted as particular friend of Mr. Dicken in providing a member of the bar with several big drinks or horns.

If the mean puppy who wrote that report wishes to make the impression by this language, that I did admit that any such proposition was seriously made to me by Mr. Dicken, or that I did furnish any drink or drinks to that number, he lies, and knows that he lies, and if he does not want to have a short settlement with me some day, he had better remained where he is—sub-rosa, or make the correction of his statement according to the facts.

The public, I hope, will be cautious about the amount of confidence they place in such garbled statements, and believe nothing that does not give a full and correct statement of all the testimony in the case.

August 2nd, 1864. A. WIEDMANN. 1t*

Boy Drowned.—A boy named Keagan 14 years old was drowned last evening, in the Allegheny river near the Railroad bridge. He was a resident of Chatham street, 9th ward. An inquest was held on the body but particulars have not yet transpired.

Returns of Votes for the Amendments.—The voting for and against the State Constitution came off yesterday. Not much excitement prevailed, owing to the fact that the opposition was utterly inconsiderable. The following is a correct report of the same:

PITTSBURGH.

First Ward—For 1st amendment 220, against 1st amendment 4; for 2d amendment 213; for 3d amendment 233.

Fourth Ward—For 1st amendment 243; for 2d amendment 240; for 3d amendment 240.

Second Ward—For 1st amendment 201; for 2d amendment 208; for 3d amendment 207. Against 1st amendment 9; against 2d amendment 2, against 3d amendment 5.

Ninth Ward—For the 1st amendment 231; for 2d amendment 236; for 3d amendment 235. Against 1st amendment 1; against 2d amendment 1; against 3d amendment 1.

Fifth Ward—First Precinct—For 1st amendment 129; for 2d amendment 120; for 3d amendment 129. Second Precinct—for 1st amendment 190; for 2d amendment 190, for 3d amendment 190. Against 1st amendment 1; against 2d amendment 1.

False Report.—A report spread through our city yesterday, causing the greatest commotion for a while, but the excitement soon subsided, simply because it was found that the report was utterly false. It was stated that the rebels fifteen thousand strong were marching on Cumberland, and that Gen. Kelley was making hasty preparations for evacuating the place. These are the rumors which now cause a serious commotion in our community, reports which are utterly unfounded, but which receive credence by those who are simple enough to believe them. But we can not blame those simple minded people, for the very reason that we will believe more unlikely statements ourselves. No man at present, or at least very few, will believe a report, official or not, which has not been confirmed at least three times, and they have found by experience that this is their only refuge from being "sold." We therefore would advise our fellow citizens not to be frightened at every new report, but to be in readiness for the worst.

A Wild Cat Killed.—Barclay Hoyt living in Taylor township, Cambria county, caught a catamount in a trap a few days ago. The animal had become famous for its ravages, and destructiveness, and Mr. Hoyt frequently missed chickens and turkeys in a manner he could by no means account for. But he resolved to follow the trail of feathers leading from his house, and having proceeded some distance, he found where a turkey had been buried. Having succeeded thus far, he set a trap near the place, and soon caught a large ferocious catamount. The animal was of a monstrous size, measuring five feet in length, and heavy in proportion.

"Negley Scouts."

This useful company took their departure from our city yesterday, and left for Uniontown by the Connellsville Railroad, at twenty minutes to four o'clock. Thence they will proceed to Hagerstown, to scour the vicinity in search of information concerning the invaders. Several of the company were experienced scouts, and had already served as such, while those who had not actually been scouts before, seemed peculiarly adapted for that service. We hope to hear soon of the many advantages they will render their State.

Agents Appointed.—Two agents have been appointed by the Governor to recruit for Allegheny county in the rebel States. They are Mr. Felix C. Negley, of the Fifth ward, and Mr. J. H. Campbell, of Peebles township. They have been assigned to Gen. Sherman's department, and will probably proceed on their mission on next Thursday. We expect that these gentlemen will perform a great deal towards the reduction of our county quota.

Quota of the State.—The quota of Pennsylvania under the call of the President for 500,000 additional men is 61,700. This announcement has been made by a letter from Colonel Fry to Governor Curtin. It is estimated that after all previous drafts, extra per centages and supplemental damages, there are not enough able bodied men remaining on the rolls of the State to supply the number of men assigned as the quota of Pennsylvania.

A Man Drowned.—On Sunday afternoon, a man named John Delaney, met his death by drowning near Johnstown, in Stony Creek, at a place called the Rocks. He was a native of Ireland, and in the full vigor of manhood, but owing to his inability to swim, he met this untimely end. An inquest was held on his remains by Mr. William Flattry, who returned a verdict in accordance with the above facts.

Third Ward.—There will be a meeting of the citizens of this Ward this evening for the purpose of hearing the report of the Block Committee. A full attendance is required.

Going Away.—Dr. Randall, whose success in the removal of corns and bunions is well known in this city, is about to leave us, and purposes sojourning for a season in the region of Franklin and Oil City. He can be found at the Reever Hotel, on Tuesday, the 2nd, and will remain until Saturday, August the 6th, and at the Petroleum House, Oil City, during the following week. Those wishing to consult him had better repair to No. 20 Fifth street, by Monday next.

Livery Stable at Auction.—Will be sold on the premises, First street, above Smithfield, on Friday, Aug. 5th, commencing at 10 o'clock, a. m., the Horses, Buggies, Carriages, Harness, &c., of the National Livery Stable.

Shoes at auction to-night at M'Clelland's, 55 Fifth street.

JOSEPH MEYER ..... ANTHONY MEYER

JOSEPH MEYER & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PLAIN AND FANCY

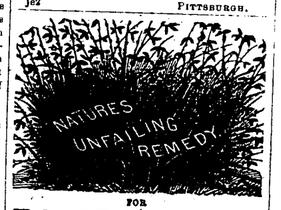
FURNITURE AND CHAIRS

WAREHOUSE,

153 SMITHFIELD, AND 442 PENN Sts

Between 6th st., and Virgin alley.

je2 PITTSBURGH.



FOR

DYSENTERY

—AND—

Diarrhœa.

DIXON'S AROMATIC

BLACKBERRY CARMINATIVE

Is the only safe and sure cure. It contains no *opium* or deleterious drugs, no mineral, or other injurious compounds common to remedies generally sold for this class of disease. It is so efficacious that Physicians very generally use it in their practice in all chronic and dangerous cases.

☞ Use no Cholera mixtures or doubtful compositions, (many of which undermine and ruin the constitution,) when you can obtain an unfailing remedy as simple and safe as Blackberries themselves.

Ask for DIXON'S BLACKBERRY CARMINATIVE, and see that the proprietor's name is written on the outside wrapper of each bottle. Prepared only by

Sole Proprietor, CINCINNATI.

For sale by all respectable druggists.

Price, (old style, 35 cts.) 25c., 50c. and $1, per Bottle.

☞ PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—I have this day, associated with me in the Brewing, Malting and Hop business, P. W. H. Laisbaw and Jacob Anderson. The business will be continued at the old stand, corner of Duquesne Way and Bakers Alley, under the style of Joshua Rhodes & Co.

JOSHUA RHODES,

Pittsburgh, Aug. 1st, 1864. aug2-2w

A FRESH SUPPLY OF

HUMPHREY'S SPECIFIC

HOMEOPATHIC REMEDIES,

JUST RECEIVED.

No. 1.—FOR FEVER, Congestion, and Inflammation—Heat, Pain, Restlessness. 25 cents.

2.—FOR WORMS Fever, Worm Colic, Voracious Appetite. 25 cents. 25

3.—FOR COLIC, Teething, Crying and Wakefulness, Slow Growth, and Feebleness of Infants. 25 cent 25

4.—FOR DIARRHEA, of Children or Adults, Cholera Infantum, and Summer Complaint. 25 cents. 25

5.—FOR DYSENTERY, or Bloody Flux Colic, Gripings, Bilious Colic, Fall Dysentery. 25 cents. 25

6.—FOR CHOLERA, Cholera Morbus, Nausea, and Vomiting, Asthmatic Breathing. 25 cents. 25

7.—FOR COUGHS, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitas, Influenza and Sore Throat. 25 cents. 25

8.—FOR TOOTHACHE, Facesche, Nervous Pains, Neuralgia, and Tic Doloreux. 25 cents. 25

9.—FOR HEADACHES, Sick Headaches, Vertigo, Rush of Blood to the Head. 25 cents 25

10.—FOR DYSPEPSIA, Weak, Acid or Deranged Stomach, Constipation, Liver Complaint. 25 cents. 25

11.—FOR SUPPRESSED Menses, or Scanty, or Painful or Delaying, Green Sickness. 25 cents. 25

12.—FOR LEUCORRHEA, or Whites, Bearing Down too Profuse Menses. 25 cents 25

13.—FOR CROUP, Hoarse Croupy Cough, Difficult and Oppressed Breathing. 25 cents. 25

14.—FOR SALT Rheum, Crusty Eruptions, Erysipelas, Scald Head, Barber's Itch. 25 cents. 25

15.—FOR RHEUMATISM, Pain, Lameness, or Soreness in the Chest, Back, Side, or Limbs. 25 cents. 25

16.—FOR FEVER and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Old Inveterate Agues. 50 cents. 50

17.—FOR PILES, Internal or External, Blind or Bleeding, Recent or Obstinate. 50 cents 50

18.—FOR OPTHTHALMIA, Weak or Inflamed Eyes or Eyelids, Failing or Weak Sight. 50 cents. 50

19.—FOR CATARRH, Acute or Chronic, Dry or Flowing, Cold in the Head, Influenza. 50 cents. 50

20.—FOR WHOOPING Cough, shortening and palliating it, or Spasmodic Cough. 50 cents. 50

21.—FOR ASTHMA, Oppressed, Difficult, Labored Breathing, Cough and Expectoration. 50 cents. 50

22.—FOR EAR Discharges, Noise in the Head, Impaired Hearing, Earache. 50 cents. 50

23.—FOR SCROFULA, Enlarged Glands and Tonsils, Swellings, and Old Ulcers. 50 cents. 50

24.—FOR GENERAL Debility, Physical or Nervous Weakness 50 cents. 50

25.—FOR SEA-SICKNESS, Prostration, Vertigo Nausea, Vomiting 50 cents 50

27.—FOR URINARY Diseases, Gravel, Renal Calculi, Difficult or Painful Urination. 50 cents.

28.—FOR SEMINAL Emissions, Involuntary Discharges, and Consequent Prostration and Debility. $1. 1,00

29.—FOR SORE Mouth or Stomacace, Cankered Mouth of Adults or Children. $1 1,00

30.—FOR URINARY Incontinence, Wetting the Bed, too Frequent, Painful or Scalding Urination. $1. 1,00

31.—FOR PAINFUL Menstruation, Pressure, Cramp, or Spasms; Pruritus, Itching, and Irritation. $1. 1,00

32.—FOR SUFFERINGS at change of Life, Irregularities, Flushes of Heat, Palpitations, and even Diseases of the Heart. $1. 1,00

PRICE.

Case of 28 large vials, in morocco, and Book of Directions	$9,00
Case of 20 large vials, in morocco, and Book of Directions	6,00
Case of 20 large vials, in plain case, and Book of Directions	5,00
Case of 15 boxes, (Nos. 1 to 15) and Book of Directions	3,00

J. M. FULTON,

DRUGGIST,

DISPATCH BUILDING,

SOLE AGENT

FOR PITTSBURGH.

Also, wholesale and retail agent for

DR. LINDSEY'S GENUINE

BLOOD-SEARCHER.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

FOR THE POST.

FROM GEN. SHERMAN.

Losses in the Late Battles.

General Hooker Relieved.

CINCINNATI, August 2.—A band of rebel cavalry, under Webster, made a raid into the southern part of Kentucky yesterday, arrested officers of election at two precincts, and destroyed the poll books.

A special from Nashville to the *Gazette* says: The Major General commanding, in a circular congratulates his troops upon the brilliant success attending the Union armies in the late battles. In the battle of the 20th in which the 20th corps, one division of the 4th corps, and a part of the 14th corps were engaged, the total Union loss was seventeen hundred and thirty-three in front of the 20th corps, there were put out of the fight six thousand rebs. Fifteen hundred and sixty-three rebs were buried by our troops, and the rebels were permitted to bury two hundred and fifty themselves. The 2d division of the 4th corps, repulsed seven assaults and captured seven stand of colors.

In the battles of the 22d the total Union loss was thirty-five hundred and ten pieces of artillery. The rebel loss was three thousand, eighteen stand of colors and five thousand small arms. General Garrard, in his raid on the Georgia Railroad, destroyed the railroad bridges, and depots at Conrad's, Covington and "Social Circle," and brought in two hundred prisoners, with a loss of only two men. On the 28th the enemy made an attack on Gen. Logan's corps, but were defeated.

General Hooker has been relieved from command of the 20th corps at his own request, and gone North. General Stanley succeeds to Howard's command, and Cruft succeeds Stanley in his Division.

FROM PETERSBURG.

The Late Operations.

Vance Re-Elected Governor of North Carolina.

NEW YORK, August 2.—A special to the *Post*, dated Washington, says: The details of Saturday's operations before Petersburg, have been received here. They may be summed up thus: After the mine exploded in front of the Ninth corps, a charge was ordered, and the rebels immediately opened a terrific fire from every part of their lines. It was impossible for our troops to withstand such a galling fire, and they fell back in very good order, bringing with them 3,500 (?) prisoners.

A brigade of colored troops was then ordered to charge. Six pieces of artillery fell into our hands, but it was impossible to extricate them from the ruins of the explosion. The loss of the enemy was very severe. One South Carolina regiment was blown into the air, and a large number of men were killed. Generals Bartlett and Wild were captured by the rebels.

Richmond papers claim a victory in North Carolina. Holden, the conservative candidate for Governor, was defeated, and Vance re-elected Governor. The Richmond *Whig* claims a victory for Early at Kearnstown, near Winchester. Additional dispatches from Early declares that he had driven the Union forces over the Potomac into Maryland.

From Grant's Army—Losses in the Last Battle—Another Rebel Move on Foot.

NEW YORK, August 2.—Dispatches from Headquarters Army of the Potomac, 31st, says. The exact loss of the battle of yesterday is not officially learned. It is believed it will be twenty five hundred, *exclusive* of missing. Large numbers of wounded are lying between the two lines, and cannot be yet removed.

General Butler sent a flag of truce today, but was peremptorily refused by the rebel officers. He was also refused an exchange of newspapers. Many believe that either their lines are very weak or they have some extensive movement afoot and are afraid of its being known. The raids into Pennsylvania may be the reason. The line of both armies are about the same as before the last battle.

Union and Rebel Loss at Atlanta.

NEW YORK, August 1.—The Chattanooga *Gazette*, of the 27th, says: The following dispatch was received the day previous: The battle of the 22d was very severe. The enemy attacked seven times and were as often repulsed. Our total loss is 3,500, and ten guns. The known loss of the enemy in killed is more than 3,000, and we captured over 2,000 prisoners, also eighteen stands of colors and over 5,000 stand of arms. The total loss of the enemy in killed, wounded and missing can not fall short of 10,000 to 12,000.

In the battle of the 20th, his loss was at least 6,000. Our army is right on Atlanta, and in good condition.

Rebels Repulsed at Atlanta—Grant in Good Spirits.

NEW YORK, Aug 2.—A special to the *Commercial*, dated Washington, July 1, says: Rebels assaulted our line vigorously on Wednesday, and were repulsed disastrously. Sherman's killed and wounded numbered 600. He buried 660 rebels. Hood's loss was 4,000.

Gentlemen spent yesterday with Grant represents him as in good spirits, and confident of ultimate success.

The Rebels Leaving the State.

HARRISBURG, August 1.—Positive information reached here that the rebs are retiring from the direction of Bedford Springs out of the State. General Couch is to-day in the western part of the State, making reconnoissance of the defenses of Monongahela and other rivers.

No Cause for Alarm at Gettysburg.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 2.—1 p. m.—All accounts received here indicate that the alarm of the people at Gettysburg and vicinity is entirely groundless. It is believed that the rebels have recrossed the Potomac, but this is uncertain.

Lincoln and Grant in Consultation.

NEW YORK, August 2.—Captain Martin of the steamer "City of Hudson," who left Fort Monroe yesterday, p. m., says: Lincoln and Grant were in consultation at that place when he left.

PROPOSALS FOR LOAN.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, July 25, 1864.

Notice is hereby given that subscriptions will be received by the Treasurer of the United States, the several assistant Treasurers and designated Depositaries, and by the National Banks designated and qualified as Depositaries and Financial Agents, for Treasury Notes payable three years from August 15, 1864, bearing interest at the rate of seven and three-tenths per cent. per annum, with semi-annual coupons attached, payable in lawful money.

These notes will be convertible at the option of the holder at maturity, into six per cent. gold bearing bonds, redeemable after five and payable twenty years from August 15, 1887.

The Notes will be issued in denominations of fifty, one hundred, five hundred, one thousand and five thousand dollars, and will be issued in blank, or payable to order, as may be directed by the subscribers.

All subscriptions must be for fifty dollars, or some multiple of fifty dollars.

Duplicate certificates will be issued for all deposits. The party depositing must endorse upon the *original* certificate the denomination of notes required, and whether they are to be issued in blank, or payable to order. When so endorsed it must be left with the officer receiving the deposit, to be forwarded to this Department.

The Notes will be transmitted to the owners free of transportation charges as soon after the receipt of the original Certificates of Deposit as they can be prepared.

Interest will be allowed to August 15 on all deposits made prior to that date, and will be paid by the Department upon receipt of the original certificates.

As the Notes draw interest from August 15, persons making deposits subsequent to that date must pay the interest accured from date of note to date of deposit.

Parties depositing twenty-five thousand dollars and upwards for these notes at any one time will be allowed a commission of one-quarter of one per cent., which will be paid by this Department upon the receipt of a bill for the amount, certified to by the officer with whom the deposit was made. No deductions for commissions must be made from the deposits.

Officers receiving deposits will see that the proper endorsements are made upon the original certificates.

All officers authorized to receive deposits are requested to give the applicants all desired information, and afford every facility for making subscriptions.

W. P. FESSENDEN,
Secretary of the Treasury.

Subscriptions will be received by the

First National Bank of Pittsburgh, Pa.
Third National Bank of Pittsburgh, Pa.
Fourth National Bank of Pittsburgh, Pa.

AND ALL RESPECTABLE BANKS AND BANKERS throughout the country will doubtless AFFORD FACILITIES TO SUBSCRIBERS.

aul-2wdkw

RALLY! RALLY! RALLY!

THE DANGER NOW THREATENING our capital appeals to the patriotism of every citizen. Every citizen must turn out.

OUR STATE IS IN DANGER!

All persons recruiting

SQUADS,
COMPANIES,
BATTALIONS
or REGIMENTS

for State or National defence, under the Governor's call for 21,000 men for 100 days, will report immediately to the Military Executive Committee at WILKINS HALL, for the purpose of effecting the organizations.

I am authorized by the Finance Committee to offer a bounty of TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS to each man for the first four companies organized.

JAS. S. NEGLEY,
Chm. Mil. Committee.

Capt. J. K. BARBOUR, Sec.
The Committee will be in session night and day until further orders

Capt. JOHN K BARBOUR,
jy13-tf Sec. Mil. Ex. Com; pro tem.

M. J. CORNWELL ..... SAMUEL KERR

☞ CORNWELL & KERR,

CARRIAGE MANUFACTURERS,

Silver and Brass Platers.

And manufacturers of

Saddlery & Carriage Hardware,

No. 7 St. Clair street, and Duquesne Way, (near the Bridge,)

jn5-1yd PITTSBURGH.

LAKE SUPERIOR COPPER MINES

AND

Smelting Works.

PARK, M'CURDY & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF SHEATH, Brazier's and Bolt Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Raised Still Bottoms Copper, &c. Also, Tin Plate.

Three miles from Allegheny, containing about 12 acres of good land, well fenced and improved. A good

BRICK HOUSE,

Carriage House, Stable, Ice House, a good supply of hard and soft water, also, every other improvement necessary to make it a desirable home for a business man. Abundance of fruit of every variety, such as apples, pears, peaches, plums and small fruits, also, a variety of 1200 vines, some of which are now bearing.

The above will be sold cheap if applied for soon. J. W. WYKES, Photographer,

jy28-2wd 15 Fifth st.

FOR SALE.—253 ACRES COAL AND surface, together with the improvements, situate near Larimer's Station, 9 miles West of Greensburgh, and within 2¼ miles P. R. R. Grade easy, title good, and price low.

J. H. CASIDAY,
Real Estate Broker, No. 57 Fourth st., Pittsburgh. je29

SPICED AND COVE OYSTERS.—100 dozen "Maltby" Spiced and Cove Oysters, in 1 and 2 pound cans. Just received and for sale by

REYMER & BROS.,
jy7 126 and 128 Wood st

MENS FINE LACE SHOES, TIES and Slippers, at McCLELLAND'S Auction House. jy13

COMMERCIAL & FINANCIAL

PITTSBURGH PRODUCE MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY POST,
WEDNESDAY, August 3d, 1864.

BUSINESS yesterday was not very active. The sales that came under our notice were the following. Prices generally were unchanged.

GRAIN—The market was not active. Oats prices remain about the same. Sales of 360 bushels $2,08. Sales of one car load 66 lb track, at $1,02. A large lot would not command those figures. Corn was not very active; we quote nominally at $1,50@1,55. Wheat, the offerings were light. Red is held at $2,09. White $2,10.

FEED—Sales of 2 car loads Seconds at $2,23 per cwt.

BACON—Sales of sides 4,500 lbs, Ribbed 18½@19¾, Shoulders, 5,000 lbs. at 16½@16. Plain Hams, sales of 3,000 lbs. 19@19¾. S. C. Hams, sales of 5,000 lbs, at 25@26c.

CHEESE—Sales of 601 boxes, at 21@22c; 40 do at, 22c.

APPLES—The demand keeps up with the supply. Sales of 70 bbls. in lots at $3,50@4,00 per bbl.

FLOUR—The sales were 190 bbls. of Extra Fine at $11@11 25; 75 bbls. do at $10,50; 200 do at $10,68, and 50 bbls. do at $11.

GROCERIES—The market was inactive.

HAY—Sales of 14 loads at the scales at $40@45,00.

SEEDS—Timothy was more inquired for. Sales of 170 bushels at $4,25@4,50 per bushel.

EGGS—Sales of 8 bbls. at 17@18c.

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY POST,
WEDNESDAY, August 3d, 1864.

BUSINESS was not very active. The receipts during the past two days have increased, yet we have not a single sale to record in Crude. The receipts during Monday and Tuesday amounted to 2093 bbls. Refined Oil was more fancied. The operations we note as follows:

REFINED—Sales of 1 000 bbls. of "Brilliant" Bonded for August, delivered on cars, 80c. Sales of 1,000 bbls. of "Brilliant" for September delivered in cars, 80c. Up River and outside brands could be purchased below these figures.

CRUDE OIL—We heard of no sales; prices were nominal, at 38@40; for packages returned 45@45, packages included.

Oil Receipts Per Allegheny River.

Fisher & Bro, 330; G. S. Long, 520; R. D. Cochran, 145; J. Gallagher, 126; Roberts & Boyd, 125; J. Wilkins, 430; Klee Kauffman, 70; Ashworth, 175; Hulings & Wray, 171. Total—2093 bbls.

Weekly Review of the Pig Iron Market.

PITTSBURGH, August 3d, 1864.

PIG IRON—Since our last weekly review there has been a continued fair demand for this article, the sales and re-sales in the aggregate amounting to between five and six thousand tons, at rates averaging fully $2 ⅌ ton on rates that were current last week.

In Foundry descriptions the supply is unequal to the demand, and $36@36 ⅌ ton advance has been paid for small lots for immediate delivery.

All pig iron reports are based thus:

Sand pig iron,	2,268 lbs to the ton.	
Chill pig iron,	2,240 do do.	
Blooms,	2,460 do do.	

The range of sales during the week were at $36@60, cash to 4 mos, for Coal Smelted Forge from Lake Superior Ore.

Neutral and Cold Short Anthracite Forge—$62@55, cash to 5 mos.

Red Short Anthracite is in light demand, $60, cash, may be considered the outside rate for that description of iron.

Hanging Rock Charcoal is in light supply, and some lots have been withdrawn from market. Sales range from 76@80 ⅌ ton; the latter figure may now be quoted for best brands No. 1 Foundry.

Lake Superior—Charcoal has sold to the extent of 600 tons, at a range of $72 50@75 per ton, cash.

Missouri Charcoal—Is in light supply, the stock being principally held by one party. $50 ⅌ ton was obtained for a lot of 100 tons.

SALES OF PIG IRON PER TON.

100 tons Coal Smelted, from L S Ore, forge	$65	4 mos
100 tons Coal Smelted, favorite brand	65	60 days
300 do do do do	65	cash
100 do No 1 Coal Blast Missouri Charcoal	80	60 d'ys
50 tons Ashland Anthracite	65	cash
120 " Coal Smelted—mixture of L S and Native ore, at equal to	65	cash
150 tons do do	65	cash
120 tons No. 2 Anthracite, forge	65½	cash
120 do do do foundry	70	cash
20 do No 3 do do neutral	65	cash

HANGING ROCK PIG IRON.

57 tons Hot Blast	80	4 mos

BLOOMS.

10 tons, 2d quality	$145	

Pittsburgh Iron and Nail Market.

WEDNESDAY, August 3, 1864.

The following are the quotations for the descriptions named:

Flat Bar.

	⅌ lb
1½ to 6, by ½ to 1 inch	5½
2 to 6, by 1 to 1½ inch	5½
1½ to 1½ by ½ to ¾ inch	5½
1¼ to 1¾ by ⅝ to 1-6 inch	5½

Heavy Band Iron.

2 to 6 by ⅛ to 3-16 inch	7½
1¼ to 1½ by ¼ and 3-16 inch	8
⅞ to 1½ by ¼ and 3-16 inch	8½
⅞ to ⅞ by ¼ and 3-16 inch	8½

Horse Shoe.

½ to 1 by 5-16 to ⅜ inch	8½

Hoop and Light Band.

2¼ to 6 inch	8½
1¾ and 2	8½
1¼ and 1½	9
1 and 1¼	9½
⅞ inch	10½
¾ inch	11½
⅝ inch	12

Hoops cut to specified lengths ½ cent per lb extra.

Round and Square.

1 to 2¼ inch	7½	⅝ and 9-16 inch	8
3 to 3½ inch	7½	9-16 inch	8½
3¾ to 4 inch	7½	½ inch	10½
⅞, ¾ and ⅞ inch	7½	7-16 inch	11½
		⅜ inch	11

Oval Iron.

⅞ to 1¼ inch	7½	½ inch	8½
⅞ and ¾ inch	8	⅜ inch	8½

Half Oval and Half Round.

⅞ to 1¼ inch	8	⅝ inch	8½
⅝ and ¾ inch	8½	½ inch	9

Nail Rods.

Juniata	12

Nails.

	⅌ keg.		⅌ keg.
10 to 6d Nails	$5 12½	2d Fine	10 37½
8d and 9d	8 37½	6 in Lining	11 87½
6d and 7d	8 62½	6 Inch	9 62½
4d and 5d	8 87½	Cut Spikes	8 37½
3d	9 37½		

Casing Nails:

			Barrel.
6d	$9 13	⅞ inch	$10 88
"	8 88	1 inch	10 13
"	8 63	1¼ inch	9 38
"	8 63	1¼ inch	9 38
"	8 63	1½ inch	8 88
		Tobacco.	
4c	9 63	6d	8 38
"	9 38	8d	8 63
"	9 13	10d	8 38
"	9 13		

Prices subject to changes of the market without notice.

TERMS:—Four months credit for approved paper, payable with current rate of exchange on New York. 5 per cent. discount for cash, funds on N. Y. Exchange, remitted on receipt of invoice.

Pittsburgh Tin Plate Market.

AUGUST 3d, 1864.

The market during the week was firm with a good demand. Prices have further advanced. We present rates per box as:

C—10x14	$31 00
C—10x14	36 00
I—X—12x12	32 50
I—X—12x12	37 50
I—C—11x10	32 00
I—X—14x20	35 00

Block Tin Per Pound.

Block Tin ⅌ lb	80c	Bar do	85c
Zinc Sheets	35c	Spelter and Slabs	20c

Pittsburgh Ale and Porter Market.

PITTSBURGH, August 3d, 1864.

The demand for Pittsburgh manufactured was never better than at the present time. The following are the current prices:

X Ale barrels	$9 00	X Ale half barrels	$4 50
XX do	10 00	XX do do	5 00
India do	11 00	India do do	6 50
Porter do	9 00	Porter do	4 50

Three dollars in addition to the above will be charged for barrels, and two dollars for half barrels, which will be allowed on their return.

Pittsburgh Leather Market.

AUGUST 3d, 1864.

The demand for leather was active, and prices have an upward tendency. The following are the present rates, but how long they will continue, we have no means of ascertaining:

Red Sole	50@62
Harness	36@40
Oak	45@50
Upper	30@35
Calf Skins	75@85
Kip Skins	60@70
Grain Leather	45@50
Binding	35@40

Pittsburgh Grain Market.

AUGUST 3d, 1864.

Wheat, red	200@210	Corn, shelled	140@150
Wheat, white	210@220	Oats	100@105
Rye	120@125	Barley	200@210
Corn, ear	140@150	Buckwheat	120@125

Pittsburgh Provisions Market.

AUGUST 3d, 1864.

Hams, sugar cured	19@19¾	Shoulders	16½@16
Hams, S. C.	25@26	Sides	16½@16
Dried Beef	20@21	Pickled Pigs Feet	$5 00
Mess Pork	$34 00	Lard, prime leaf	20
Mess Beef	$25 00	Lard, No. 1	18
Prime Mess Beef	$18 00	Lard, No. 2	16
Prime Beef	$16 00	Lard, No. 3	14
Pickled Tongues	$6 00	Lard, rendered	20

Pittsburgh Cattle Market.

AUGUST 3d, 1864.

Cows	70@72	Calves	70@72
Bulls	70@72	Coppers	75