The Daily Post.

PITTSBURGH:

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 1, 1864.

MADISON.

We were unable to find room this morning for the communication of "MADISNO," upon the subject of the late Episcopal Convention. It will appear to-morrow morning, and, written as it is in a calm, dispassionate, and charitable spirit, we ask for it a careful perusal by all our readers.

CIVILIAN GENERALS.

The New York *Times*, in an article censurable of Gens. SIGEL and BUTLER, says that the issue of their enterprises "are of a character to round off completely a demonstration that *all of our commanders, without a regular military education, are incapable.*" Gen. BUTLER, more particularly, comes in for a large share of censure. The following paragraph is a specimen:

"Gen. Gilmore, who is known to be one of the most scientific officers in the army, pressed upon his superior, Gen. Butler, the necessity of intrenching. Gen. Butler thought it unnecessary. The consequence was that on the foggy morning of the second day after, the rebels swooped down upon the Eighteenth corps at the right and took our troops at such advantage as to gain a great success, capturing two guns and nearly three thousand prisoners, among whom was General HECKMAN, one of the most splendid fighters in the army. After three hours' fighting a retreat was ordered by General BUTLER to Bermuda Hundred, seven miles in the rear, where he now is, behind his intrenchments, closely besieged by the enemy."

The *Times* then quotes from the New York *Post*—a paper always showing great partiality for BUTLER—which declares that—

"It was General Butler's non-compliance with the request of General Gilmore to intrench which made the attack of the enemy so formidable; and that it was General Butler's repeated and peremptory order which caused Gilmore to take up the line of retreat, after the latter had satisfied himself that he could successfully maintain his position, and had expressed an earnest wish to be allowed to do so."

After more evidence adduced to prove the incompetency of BUTLER to command, the *Times* then makes the following general remarks upon the impropriety of appointing civilians to military command merely upon political grounds, as follows:

"This failure completes the record *"Not one solitary civilian, from the beginning of the war till now, has shown himself competent for high command.* The folly of trusting military empiricism has been written out in letters of blood, with illustration after illustration, during this war; no observing man in the country can possibly gainsay it. The truth ought to have been plain enough at the outset, that military science demands as systematic and protracted study as that of law or medicine; and that it is just as absurd to improvise a general from a lawyer or a merchant as to improvise a judge from a schoolmaster or a physician from a mechanic. The want of professional training is just as sure to make military charlatans as to make legal or medical charlatans. *It is astonishing how slow our government and people have been to recognize so simple a truth.*

Probably the government has not felt at liberty to govern itself by purely military considerations—has felt that, to avoid ill feeling, and discord, some heed must be paid to political favorites, and to the favorites of our adopted citizens."

Having crushed out BUTLER by expesing his incompetency, the *Times*, in the last paragraph quoted, turns its guns full upon BUTLER'S master and patron—"Honest old ABE" himself—but with what effect cannot be seen until the smoke of battle clears away. "Probably the Government has not felt at liberty to govern itself by purely military considerations!" What an avowal is that, coming from a journal heretofore and yet aiding and abetting the LINCOLN dynasty in all its usurpations and policies! Has that editor always known or believed that SIGEL and BUTLER held their positions as commanders of armies by virtue of the votes they could control and not by reason of military skill or genius? His language indicates as much, and we are left to infer that while the people believed their soldier friends and relations were being led to victory under competent officers, he knew—and LINCOLN knew—that SIGEL and BUTLER were only demagogues—incompetent to command armies—and only charged with the slaughter of our brave friends and relatives because they could command votes which were necessary to Mr. LINCOLN'S re-election. What a loyal editor he must be who, knowing the facts, waits till our brave men are sacrificed on the gory field or consigned to the prisoner's dungeon, and the cause of the nation is trembling in the balance, before he exposes the terrible charlatanry of the misruling Administration. Can the people blindly continue to be longer led by such teachers, and ruled by such selfish and unprincipled demagogues?

Not until the cloaking of incompetency and villainy is no longer possible will the Administration purge the service of its political friends. Time after time have events been vibrating between success and failure, through Administration stupidity and partisanship; and so long as LINCOLN is retained as director of national affairs so long will mediocrity and rascality peril the cause of the Union and Constitution. Let the people now act on the *Times* suggestion, that commanders should be educated to the science of war, and compel the powers that be to reinstate those educated military officers, whom it has, in its blind partisan fury thrust aside for BUTLER and such like him. Having accomplished that much good, let them trust there after in God-good generalship for important results.

THE TARIFF.—The bill reported from the Committee of Ways and Means last week, in the House of Representatives raises the duties on the act of August, 1862, proportionately to the duties imposed by the Internal Revenue Bill. The taxes on luxuries, such as silks, brandies, &c., are more largely increased. Coffee remains the same as under the present act, and tea is increased five cents, or to twenty-five cents a pound. A half cent additional is added to the tax on sugar, and a tax of twelve cents a gallon is imposed on molasses.

OUR LOSSES.

Upon the strength of a statement in the New York *Tribune*, to the effect that, in the first six days of the present campaign in Virginia, GRANT lost 40,000 men, we concluded that, up to the time of writing—one day last week—our losses must have reached 60,000. This statement has been seized upon by the *Gazette*, of this city, as evidence of a desire upon our part to make our losses greater than they really are. No one but a bloody and cowardly fanatic would intimate such a shameless falsehood. Such reckless assertion, however, may be pardoned in a paper which rejoices over our brave soldiers' massacre under Burnside at Fredericksburg, because it said the "hand of Providence was plainly visible" in that terrible slaughter. All we hope is that GRANT may be successful, and that speedily, in his present stupendous undertaking, and that too, if possible, without the loss of a single life. We have read enough already of blood and carnage, while the dark dresses, sallow checks and wasted forms visible in every direction, admonish us that enough blood has been shed to appease the most bloody and brutal Abolitionist in the land.

THE CONSTITUTION TROUBLES BEECHER.

In one of his sermons HENRY WARD BEECHER stated that many conservative persons were much exercised about the Constitution. Said he: "In the first place, they are exceedingly troubled in regard to the destruction of the Constitution. To be sure four millions of men have resurrection; four millions of men are touched with the light of the rising glory of liberty; but this is nothing. It is the breaking of the Constitution that they think of. An owl sits in a tree to see an eagle hatch an egg, and by and by, when the shell is cracked to let the young eagle out, the owl hoots, 'Spoiling, *Spoiling*, SPOILING the shell!' What is the shell to the eagle that is inside of it? and what is the Constitution but the shell of the spirit of liberty? "What a brilliant comparison—conservative, Constitution-loving Americans the owl, and four millions of negroes the eagle! What a happy conception! What does the destruction of the Constitution amount to when it *prevents* this high-soaring "eagle" from takingits Heaven-ward flight? Yes, break up the Constitution and tear out the vitals of society, that this black bird of prey may soar in triumph and freedom. Let the owls hoot—break up the shell anyhow.

Reminiscence of Gen. Jackson

The Washington correspondent of the New York *Commercial* writes:

Mr. Rives was a worshipper of General Jackson, with whom he was on the most intimate terms, as publisher of the *Globe*, then edited by Mr. Blair, and the acknowledged "organ" of Old Hickory. No man was better acquainted with the eventful administration of General Jackson than Mr. Rives was, and I have sat in his office, hour after hour, listening to his reminiscences. Among these were the attempts made at different times by Mr. Van Buren, Attorney General B. F. Butler, and others, to tear down and modify Jackson's messages and proclamations. On one occasion—it was in the message of December 8, 1835 on the French indemnity—General Jackson had written—

"The honor of my country shall never be stained by an apology from me, for the statement of truth and the performance of duty, nor can I give any explanation of my official acts, except such as is due to integrity and justice, and consistent with the principles on which our institutions have been framed."

"I was waiting for the *Globe's* copy of the message," said Mr. Rives, "chatting with the General, who was smoking his pipe, when Major Donelson, his Private Secretary, came in and read a page or more of manuscript, which the Cabinet had substituted for this sentence.

"It was late on Sunday night, and Congress was to meet the next morning. When Major Donelson had read the substituted sentence, the General said: "Now read it again." It was read a second time, and he then rose, paced the floor, stopped, and said, "strike all that out, sir, and put back what I wrote. That's what I mean, and, by G—d, that's what my message shall say." The alterations were made and I have the original copy to show that this was so. The omitted sentences Mr. Rives went on to remark, "were milk and water, but those retained *had the bark on.*"

A MORMON SETTLEMENT IN VIRGINIA.—We learn that there is in the town of South Wheeling a society of Mormons who practice all the doctrines of that sect except that of polygamy. We have had a conversation with an Englishman who belongs to the society, and who firmly believes in all the peculiar notions of the Latter-Day Saints. He says he was converted to the faith since his arrival in this country. In his opinion all the churches to which Gentiles usually attach themselves are wonderfully corrupt. He has not had a physician in his house for five or six years. Cases of sickness are cured by anointing and laying on of hands according to the customs of the New Testament.—*Wheeling Intelligencer.*

BISHOP HUGHES' VENERATION FOR HIS MOTHER.—The archbishop's veneration for his mother was very great. His allusions to her contain some of the most beautiful expressions of affection and reverence to be found in English literature. In a letter to Gen. Cass, he thus describes her: "The first person whose acquaintance I made on this earth was a woman. Her pretensions were humble; but to me she was a great lady—nay, a very queen and empress. She was more—she was my earliest friend; my visible, palpable, guardian angel. If she smiled approval on me, it was a ray from Paradise shed on my heart. If she frowned disapproval, it seemed like a partial or total eclipse of the sun."

A LOYAL GOVERNOR.—Michael Hahn, the creature whom Banks has elected Governor of Louisiana, said in a speech, two years ago, at a Confederate flag presentation: "Brave sons of freedom, accept this glorious flag! Bear it proudly as the emblem of southern liberty and southern institutions! flaunt it in the faces of the cowardly, Abolition, Yankee vandals! Strike down and crush the Yankee thieves as they assail it. Remember the infamous nigger thieves and water our soil with their polluted blood!" How many greenbacks did it take to buy the wretch over to the Abolitionists? How much will it take to keep him over?

HOW TRUE.—The New York *Commercial* says "the Bitterest attacks which could be made by the most malignant of writers upon the policy and character of the men in power, could not possibly so damn and sting them in the popular estimation as the silent, but, therefore, most eloquent denunciation which is hourly levelled at them from presses unjustly suspended and private interests unlawfully trampled under foot."

THE WAR.

By a dispatch from General Grant to Secretary Stanton, we learn that the Confederates are concentrated beyond the North Anna, and that for a short time General Grant's operations to dislodge them must be kept secret. The western wing of the Federal army is on the south bank of the North Anna. The eastern wing is still on the north bank.

Mount Carmel Church is situated four miles north of the North Anna and four miles west of the Fredericksburg railroad. From it two roads run to the stream. One of them crosses at Taylor's Bridge, two miles above the Fredericksburg railroad crossing. The other passes over at Jericho Mills, three miles above Taylor's Bridge. On Monday at noon General Grant's advance reached Mount Carmel Church. His army was then divided into two columns, Warren's corps led the western column, and Hancock the eastern one. Wright followed Warren and Burnside followed Hancock. Grant's headquarters were established at Mount Carmel Church. The two columns moved forward on Monday afternoon. Hancock encountered the enemy in some rifle-pits defending Taylor's Bridge, which were constructed along a small creek just north of the river. Warren found them in a *fete du pont*, also on the north bank, defending the crossing places at Jericho Mill. Hancock attacked them and drove them from the rifle-pits. They retired across the river but he did not follow. Warren forced them across the river at Jericho Mills, and about sixo clock began crossing after them. General Hancock did not at any time cross the river. Burnside's troops came up and the eastern flank of the Federal Army was extended down the north bank of the river to a short distance below the Fredericksburg railroad bridge. Hancok's line extended up the stream to some distance above Taylor's Bridge where Wright who had come up in rear of Warren, joined him. Gen. Warren who had passed the river at Jericho Mills, was violently attacked as soon as he got over. He repulsed the attack, however, and at nightfall entrenched himself about mile a from the southern bank. At midnight, General Hancock captured a small island, which was in the river in front of his position. On Tuesday morning the Federal eastern flank was on the north bank of the river, just below the Fredericksburg railroad bridge. From there it extended westward along the north bank, four miles, past Taylor's bridge. It then for a short distance was on the south bank, where General Warren's corps was massed. The Federal western flank rested on the road from Jericho mills, a mile south of the river.

The Federal troops being much fatigued no further advance appears to have been made on Tuesday. On Wednesday General Grant telegraphed to Washington that the Confederate were concentrated between the North and South Anna rivers. Parallel to the North Anna and at distances varying from two to four miles south of it, the Gordonsville railroad runs. These varying distances are caused by the windings of the river. At Jericho Mills the railroad is two miles from the river. At Taylor's Bridge it is two miles, and for part of the intervening space by a bend in the stream the railroad is almost four miles distant. Below Taylor's Bridge the distance gradually becomes greater than two miles, and at the Fredericksburgh railroad crossing it is fully four miles. South of the Gordonsville railroad is another railroad which runs along the northern slope of its valley. The South Anna is twelve miles from the North Anna.

The Confederate army closely confronts General Grant and is posted north of the Gordonsville railroad. As there is no account of the Federal troops having reached this railroad, we must presume that they have advanced but a short distance from the North Anna. The Confederates' eastern flank is on the south bank of the stream and opposes Hancock's crossing. The western flank is in front of Warren and protects the railroad.

A MODEL CORPORATION. The Baltimore city Abolition Convention at its meeting last week passed a resolution approving the course of the Mayor and City Council in providing a suitable place for the meeting of the Lincoln Convention which meets in Baltimore on the 7th of June. Never before in the history of Baltimore did its Mayor and Council take any part or interest in the meeting of a national party convention; their present action shows how completely the people of Baltimore and Maryland are bound hand and foot by the party in power.

IS THIS REALLY TRUE?—A Cairo telegram to the Chicago *Tribune*, an administration journal, says: "The Red River country has been abandoned to the enemy," and the New Orleans correspondent of the New York *Herald* shows that the Teche country, and for that matter, about all of Southwestern Louisiana", has also been abandoned to the enemy—so that, in point of fact, the only Louisiana territory we actually hold now is that which is protected by our gunboats on the Mississippi—nothing more.

BOERHAVE'S HOLLAND BITTERS,
Boerhave's Holland Bitters,
Boerhave's Holland Bitters,
Boerhave's Holland Bitters,
Boerhave's Holland Bitters,
Two Hundred and Fifty Dozen on hand,
Two Hundred and Fifty Dozen on hand,
Two Hundred and Fifty Dozen on hand,
Two Hundred and Fifty Dozen on hand.

Having so large a stock on hand, I am prepared to sell to those who wish to purchase by the dozen, at a slight reduction from manufacturers' prices. Those dealing in these superior Bitters will find it to their interest to call and learn my prices. A large stock of Drugs, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, &c., on hand and at low prices.

At Jos. Fleming's Drug Store,
Corner of the Diamond and Market street,
my29-3t.

LONDON AND INTERIOR ROYAL MAIL COMPANY'S

Celebrated Remedies.

Blood Powder and Bone Ointment,

A certain cure for Diseases of Horses and Cattle, known to and used only by the Company in their own stables from 1814 until the opening of the Railway over the principal routes. After the general use of these remedies in all the stables of the Company, their annual sales of condemned stock were discontinued, a saving to the Company exceeding £7,000 per annum. In 1854 the London Brewers' Association offered the Company £2,000 for the receipes and use the articles only in their own stables.

BLOOD POWDER.

A certain cure for founder, distemper, rheumatism, bad condition, total loss of appetite, weakness, fevers, coughs, colds, and all diseases of the lungs, surfeit of scalds or glanders, poll evil, strangles, inflammation of the eyes, fistulas and all diseases arising from impure blood, corrects the stomach and liver, improves the appetite, regulates the bowels, corrects all derangements of the stomach, strengthens the system, makes the skin smooth and fine. Horses kept down by hard labor or driving, quickly restored by using the powder once a day. Nothing will be found equal to it in keeping horses up in spirit, vigor, condition and strength.

London and Interior Royal Mail Company's CELEBRATED BONE OINTMENT.

A certain cure for spavin, ringbone, scratches, lumps, tumors, sprains, swellings, bruises, foundered feet, chilblains, wind galls, contractions of the tendons, bone enlargements, &c.

Blood Powder 50c per 12 oz. packages; Bone Ointment 50c per 8 oz jar. No. 320 Strand, London.

McKesson & Robins, New York.
French, Richards & Co., Philadelphia
TORRENCE & McGARR,
Pittsburgh Drug House.
jn8-d1y&c Corner Fourth and Market st.

EFFECTS OF IRREGULARITIES AVOIDED.—Too much eating and drinking, new habits and modes of life often produce irregularities in the bowels and general health of the system. But BRANDRETH'S PILLS will soon cure, the stomach regain its strength and a healthy action of the system will be restored. No medicines are equal in usefulness to the BRANDRETH'S PILLS, BRANDRETH'S UNIVERSAL SALVE AND ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS. Every man of the FIRE ZOUAVES had a box of Brandreth's Pills, a box of Universal Salve, and an Allcock's Porous Plaster put in their knapsack free of expense. And to this fact may be attributed the absence of any of THIS REGIMENT from the hospital.

EVERY SOLDIER should have a box of Brandreth's Pills, a box of Salve, and a piece of Porous Plaster. They are SURE to be useful, often life-saving.

Sold by THOMAS REDPATH, Pittsburgh, and by all respectable dealers in medicines.
my1-1ydA&w

THE CONFESSIONS AND EXPERIENCE OF AN INVALID.—Published for the benefit, and as a CAUTION TO YOUNG MEN and others, who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay of Manhood, &c., supplying at the same time THE MEANS OF SELF-CURE. By one who has cured himself after undergoing considerable quackery.

By inclosing a postpaid addressed envelope, single copies may be had of the author.

NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, esq.,
feb5-3md&w Bedford, Kings co., N. Y.

THE MIASMA AND FOUL VAPORS generated by the hot sun will be far more deadly to our volunteers than the enemy's bayonets. In the Indian and Crimean campaigns, HOLLOWAY'S PILLS were used in enormous quantities. If the reader of this notice cannot get a box of Pills or Ointment from the drug store in his place, let him write to me, 80 Maiden Lane, enclosing the amount, and I will mail a box free of expense. Many dealers will not keep my medicines on hand because they cannot make as much profit as on other persons' make. 35 cents, 88 cents, and $1.40 per box or pot. my23-1we

WE HAVE LEARNED NOT TO be astonished at anything. Years of experience and a correspondence extending throughout all the nationalities of the habitable globe have turned their theories into facts and established a basis from which we need not err. We are not surprised at such facts as the following—although the persons who write them are. We know the persons and circumstances, hence feel at liberty to indorse their statements:

NEW BEDFORD, MASS., Nov. 24, 1863.

DEAR SIR:—I have been afflicted many years with severe prostrating cramps in my limbs, cold feet and hands, and a general disordered system. Physicians and medicines failed to relieve me. While visiting some friends New York who were using Plantation Bitters they prevailed upon me to try them. I commenced with a small wineglassful after dinner. Feeling better by degrees, in a few days I was astonished to find the coldness and cramps had entirely left me, and I could sleep the night through, which I had not done for years. I feel like another being. My appetite and strength have also greatly improved by the use of the Plantation Bitters.

Respectfully, JUDITH RUSSEL.

REEDSBURY, Wis., Sept. 16, 1863.

* * * I have been in the army hospital for fourteen months—speechless and nearly dead. At Alton, Ill., they gave me a bottle of Plantation Bitters. * * Three bottles restored my speech and cured me. * * C. A. HAUTE.

The following is from the Manager of the Union Home School for the Children of Volunteers:

HAVEMEYER MANSION, 57TH ST.,
New York, Aug. 2, 1863.

DR. DRAKE:—Your wonderful Plantation Bitters have been given to some of our little children suffering from weakness and weakliness with most happy effect. One little girl in particular, with pains in her head, loss of appetite, and daily wasting consumption, on whom all medical skill had been exhausted, has been entirely restored. We commenced with just a teaspoonful of Bitters a day. Her appetite and strength rapidly increased, and she is now well.

Respectfully, MRS. O. M. DEVOE.

* * * I owe much to you, for I verily believe the Plantation Bitters have saved my life.
REV. W. H. WAGGONER, Madiu, N. Y.

* * * Thou will send me a bottle more of thy Plantation Bitters. My wife has been greatly benefited by their use. Thy friend,
ASA CURRIN, Philadelphia, Pa.

* * * I have been a great sufferer from Dyspepsia and had to abandon preaching. * * Plantation Bitters have cured me.
REV. J. S. CHENOWETH, Rochester, N. Y.

* * * I have given the Plantation Bitters to hundreds of our disabled soldiers with the most astonishing effect.
G. W. D. ASKREWS,
Superintendent Soldier's Home, Cin., O.

* * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me of Liver Complaint, of which I was laid up prostrate, and had to abandon my business.
H. B. KINNEYLEY, Cleveland, O.

* * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me of a derangement of the Kidneys and Urinary Organs that has distressed me for years. It acts like a charm.
J. C. MOORE,
No. 264 Broadway.

&c., &c., &c., &c.

The Plantation Bitters make the weak strong, the languid brilliant, and are exhausted nature's great restorer. They are composed of the celebrated Calisaya Bark, Wintergreen, Sassafras, Roots, Herbs, &c., all preserved in perfectly pure St. Croix Rum.

S. T.—1860—X.

Persons of sedentary habits, troubled with weakness, lassitude, palpitation of the heart, lack of appetite, distress after eating, torpid liver, constipation, &c., deserve to suffer if they will not try them.

They are recommended by the highest medical authorities, and are warranted to produce an *immediate* beneficial effect. They are exceedingly agreeable, perfectly pure and harmless.

NOTICE.—Any person pretending to sell Plantation Bitters in bulk or by the gallon is a swindler and imposter. It is put up only in our log cabin bottle. Beware of bottles refilled with imitation deleterious stuff, for which several persons are already in prison. See that every bottle has our United States stamp over the cork *unmutilated*, and our signature on steel-plate side label. Sold by respectable dealers throughout the habitable globe.

P. H. DRAKE & CO.,
202 Broadway, N. Y.

DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS.—The genuine article sold by
SIMON JOHNSTON,
cor. Smithfield and 4th sts.
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FOURTH STREET

NEW STYLES

WINDOW SHADES,

Received THIS DAY

NEW SPRING STOCK

OF

CARPETS!

Well seasoned

OIL CLOTH.

AT McCALLUM'S.

W. D. & H. McCALLUM, W. D. & H. McCALLUM,

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CARPET STORE,

NO. 87 FOURTH STREET.

Public Sale of Country Homes

WE PROPOSE TO OFFER AT Public Sale, on THURSDAY, the 9th day of June, at 10 o'clock a.m., on the premises, on Chartiers Creek, adjoining the town of Mansfield, five miles from the city, and at the junction of the Steubenville and Chartiers railroad, the late residence of Mr. Thomas Carpenter, deceased, in lots or tracts of from 3 to 15 acres each. Gentlemen who have Harris's Hotel, at 9 a.m. on the day of sale, will find a good dinner will be furnished free.

We are authorized to say that the Steubenville railroad will be in operation this fall.

Terms to suit. For further particulars, see
H. M'LAIN & Co., 102 4th st.,
J. L. MARSHALL, 139 Liberty st.,
M. B. BROWN, Mansfield, Pa.
my22-td.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—NOTICE IS hereby given that letters testamentary have been granted on the estate of John Crighton, decd., late of Moon township, Allegheny county, Pa., to the undersigned on April 21, 1864. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present duly authenticated for settlement.

WM. A. THOMSON, Executor,
Hopewell tp., Beaver co., Pa.
ap5-1td&6tw

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR THE BENEFIT

OF

SANITARY FAIR.

MESSRS. DOUGAN & YOUNG OF Washington, Pa., will, on

Thursday & Friday Evenings, 2nd and 3d inst.,

give an exhibition of the Drummond Light Stereoscopticon at Concert Hall. Highly magnified and illuminated Dissolving Views, Stationery, War Pictures, Comic Subjects, Artificial Fire Works, &c., &c. jel-3t

ALBUMS, ALBUMS,

ALBUMS, ALBUMS.

FLAGS. FLAGS,

FLAGS. FLAGS.

WAR MAPS. WAR MAPS.

WAR MAPS, WAR MAPS.

LATE BOOKS, LATE BOOKS,

LATE BOOKS, LATE BOOKS.

POCKET ALBUMS, POCKET BOOKS,

POCKET BOOKS, POCKET ALBUMS.

Pittock's, Pittock's,

78 & 80 FIFTH STREET, OPPOSITE

THE POST OFFICE. jel

BLACK SILK MANTILLAS,

BLACK SILK SACQUES,

CLOTH MANTLES.

BAREGE MANTILLAS.

Some new styles just received by

WHITE, ORR & CO.

No. 25 Fifth Street.

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KNABE & CO'S HIGHEST PREMIUM Grand, Parlor Grand, and Square Pianos, with Overstrung Bass, Agraffe Treble, Full Iron Improved Frame, and all the late valuable improvements. The tone is pure, brilliant, entirely musical character of the best workmanship, touch, evenness and quality of tone unsurpassed by any. Each Piano guaranteed for eight years, and privilege of exchange granted any time within six months should a Piano not give entire satisfaction. A choice supply just received. For sale only by
CHARLOTTE BLUME,
43 Fifth st., Sole Agent

MAYOR'S PROCLAMATION.

AT THE SOLICITATION OF THE Executive Committee of the Sanitary Fair I hereby request that all the business houses of this city be closed on WEDNESDAY, June 1st, between the hours of 3 and 5 o'clock p.m., in order to enable our citizens to participate in the grand opening of the Sanitary Fair.

SAMUEL W. PARK, Mayor.
Mayor's Office, May 31, 1864.

DR. BROWN, THE OLD EXPERIENCED practitioner, in his particular branch of the medical profession, is prepared to master all cases entrusted to his care. Twenty years' experience in one particular branch of surgery in this city, Pittsburgh, is enough to recommend him to the unfortunate without fear of being imposed upon. Family treated in every region. Office and Private Dwelling, 56 SMITHFIELD STREET. 4-1-tf

$50 REWARD IS OFFERED FOR the apprehension of Thomas Miller, alias Nancy Miller, who left my bed and board on the evening of the 25th inst., without any provocation. Having taken with her her wearing apparel, and a quantity of money belonging to me, I do not hesitate to pronounce her a thief. Thomas Miner does not hesitate to say that she is about 5 feet 7 inches high, very dark eyes and black hair, about 25 years of age, is a strong built young woman, one leg off between the ankle and knee, George Carpenter is about 5 feet 6 inches high, very dark complexion.

I will pay the above reward on delivery of the said thief to me.
BENJAMIN MYERS,
Township of Armstrong, Armstrong county, Pa.

NEW SONG.

"DREAMING OF HOME."

BEAUTIFUL WORDS AND TAKING Music. The popularity will be undoubted.

PRICE, 25 CENTS

Copies mailed on receipt of price

CHAS. C. MELLOR,

81 WOOD STREET.

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RANKIN'S

SPICED BLACKBERRY,

FOR

Diarrhœa and Dysentery.

Sold by all respectable Druggists.
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THE GREATEST NERVINE, TONIC AND BLOOD PURIFIER.

Dr. Cutters'

ENGLISH BITTERS.

A sure cure for Intemperance.

Dr. J. C. Ayers' Family Medicines.

DR. D. JAYNES & SON'S

FAMILY MEDICINES.

Dr. Schenck's Pulmonic, Tonic and Pills.

HELMBOLD'S

Celebrated Buchu & Sarsaparilla,

And all other Family Medicines can be found genuine at the

PITTSBURGH DRUG HOUSE,

Torrence & M'Garr,

Corner of Market street and Fourth.

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Perfumery, Paints, Oils, Dye Varnishes, Brushes, Trusses, Supporters, Shoulder Braces.

All at all times usually found in Drug Stores of first quality, for sale now.

TORRENCE & McGARR,

No. 70 Market street, corner of Fourth.
feb1

TO THE CITIZENS OF PITTSBURGH, ALLEGHENY AND SURROUNDING BOROUGHS.—As there are citizens in various occupations and name not in the list of the Committee appointed, who desire to contribute to the Sanitary Fair, all such persons are hereby notified to present their subscriptions at once to the undersigned, to be by them given for the benefit of the Fair, and the same will be duly credited.

W. D. McGOWAN.

PRICES OF ADMISSION TO THE FAIR.—The Executive Committee has fixed the following schedule of prices for admission to the Fair: To Floral Hall Sales, to Dining Hall 50 cts., including meal; to either Ladies' Bazaar, Monitor Hall, Mechanics' Hall, Picture Gallery, or Old Curiosity Shop, single tickets 25 cents, or packages of 5 tickets for one dollar.

On Wednesday, the 1st day of June, it is intended to open the Fair immediately after the inaugurating ceremonies in the Auditorium. To gain admission to each hall on that evening two of the above mentioned tickets will be required.

No goods will be sold on that evening, tickets admitting children under 12 years of age half price of tickets to the Auditorium will be regulated according to the nature of the entertainment and will be announced from time to time. my25-2t

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS

For Benefit of the Sanitary Fair

BRIEN'S GREAT SHOW

And TOM KING'S

EXCELSIOR CIRCUS

COMBINED,

FROM BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON,

Will exhibit on RED LION LOT; Pittsburgh, for one week, June 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th and 11th; Commencing Monday Afternoon, at 2½ o'clock,

FOR THE BENEFIT OF

The Pittsburgh Sanitary Fair.

The Mayor of the City of Pittsburgh to act as Treasurer, and who will see that the moneys received shall be donated for the exclusive benefit of this truly charitable purpose.

The proprietor has the pleasure to announce that the Executive Committee, of whom his Honor Mayor LOWRY is at the head, has accepted his liberal offer as his contribution during the entire week. He therefore appeals to the public to aid him in rendering that contribution as large as possible.

The TROUPE is composed of the following named skillful artistes:

Mad. LOUISA TOURNAIRE, the daring French Equestrienne and Bare Back Rider whose unrivalled performances have thrilled the world, has no equal in her extremely splendid and classical manege exercises.

Mad. VIRGINIA will appear in single and double acts of equestrianism.

Mad. LAVINIA, a Scenic Equestrienne.

JAS. REYNOLDS, the popular Clown.

JAS. WARD, the performing Trick Clown.

Monsieur ROCHEL, the best gymnast in the world.

WM. NAYLOR, pupil of L. J. North.

LOUISZANFRETTA, Flying Trapeze.

JOHN NAYLOR, the Tumbler and Leaper.

Sig. WAMBOLD, the man of many forms.

WM. H. GREEN, the great Four Horse Rider.

WM. SMITH in his graceful divertisement, known in the French language as La Perche.

TOM KING, whose name is known in the profession, will demonstrate his Great Bateute Leaps. As a Vaulter and Single or Double Act Equestrian he has no peer.

Trick Horses; Manege Horses, Comic Mules, &c., &c.

Admission, 25 cts. Reserved Seats 50 cents.
May 31 H. L. STEBBINS, Agent.

STATIONERY,

Letter Paper,

NOTE PAPER,

BILL PAPER,

LEGAL PAPER,

CAP PAPER,

WRAPPING PAPER,

BATH PAPER.

BILLET PAPER.

MANILLA PAPER,

ORIENTAL PAPER,

EUGENIE PAPER,

And a full assortment of Counting House Stationery envelopes, Inks, &c., &c.

MYERS, SCHOYER & Co.
my31 No 95 Fifth street.

EXCURSION TICKETS.

THE STEAMER BAYARD will issue

EXCURSION TICKETS

To Sanitary Fair at Pittsburgh,

And return, at half the usual fare. Fare commences Wednesday, June 1st.
my31-dtf

KNAP'S BATTALION

Company D, Capt. Arthur Stuart.

For One Hundred Days.

THIS company is nearly full, and will leave on FRIDAY for FORT MEIGS, Washington.

This is positively the Last company of the Battalion.

Recruits uniformed immediately after being mustered.

Call at WILKINS HALL, Fourth street, 3d story, or 65 Fifth street.

ARTHUR STUART,
my31-2t Captain Commanding.

EXHIBITION FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE

SANITARY FAIR.

By St Bridget's Association, assisted by the choir of St. Bridget's Church, at Masonic Hall on Thursday evening, June 2nd, 1864. Tickets can be obtained at Quigley's Bookstore, Grant street, or at the door.

Tickets—25 cents each. my31-3t

J. F. DAY.....T. S. HAYDEN.

DAY & HAYDEN,

Successors to J. F. Day & Co.

MANUFACTURERS, Importers and Dealers in Saddlery, Coach and Trunk, Hardware and Carriage Trimmings. No. 58 Wood street, Sign of the Golden Stirrup, Pittsburgh.

NINTH REGIMENT P. R. C.

TAKE NOTICE.—As many of the officers and men of the late Ninth Regiment, P. R. C., who can, will please turn out on WEDNESDY, the 1st of June, at 2 o'clock p. m., at Wilkins' Hall, for the purpose of forming in the procession for the opening of the Sanitary Fair. Officers in full uniform, Soldiers with military clothes.

C. BARNES,
my31-2 Late Major Commanding.

To the Butchers and Drovers.

HUGH RICHARDSON and John Earle are appointed to collect for the Fair in Pittsburgh. Geo. Evans and Frederick Rielstein in Allegheny, and A. Greenwault and Henry Merick to collect from the cattle dealers. By order
my31 W. D. M'GOWAN Secy.

MR. & MRS. H. KLEBER'S

GRAND CONCERT,

For the benefit of the Sanitary Commission will take place on

TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 7,

AT CONCERT HALL

Sale of tickets and secured seats to commence on Saturday, June 4th, at the Music Store of H. KLEBER & BRO.

Sign of the Golden Harp, No. 122 Wood street, four doors above Fifth. my31-6t

Monongahela Water Company.

THE LEGISLATURE HAVING AUthorized the MONONGAHELA WATER COMPANY to increase their Capital Stock to Two Hundred Thousand Dollars, the first Hundred Thousand having been taken, the books are now open at the Banking House of Ira H. M'Vay & Co., corner of Smithfield and Fourth streets, for the purpose of receiving additional subscriptions to the stock of said Company.

By order of Board of Managers.
my26-1w EDWARD MAYO, Sec'y.

$1,000 REWARD.—IN ACcordance with a Resolution passed at a meeting of the dealers in Petroleum held this day, the undersigned hereby offers a reward of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS for such evidence as will result in the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who, on the morning of the 21st of May, set fire to the Oil on the Allegheny Wharf at St. Clair street Bridge.

W. H. BYRAM,
my24-1w Chairman.

122 WOOD STREET. 122 WOOD STREET

FINAL REMOVAL.

WE HAVE FINALLY REMOVED our Piano and Music Warerooms to our new Building, No. 122 Wood street, four doors above Fifth street, and nearly opposite the First National Bank, where we'll be happy to wait on our friends and the public in general.

H. KLEBER & BRO.,
Sign of the Golden Harp,
my27-1w 122 Wood street.

500 BUS. PRIME OATS FOR SALE by PETZER & ARMSTRONG, corner Market and First streets.

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

EXTRAORDINARY.

EXCITEMENT IN THE BOOT AND SHOE MARKET.

About six weeks since enabled us to secure a summer stock by taking advantage of the prices we can now offer

ATTRACTIONS

In the way of superior boots and shoes, which annot be found elsewhere, and our customers may rest assured that during the present season we shall far out strip our competitors, and sell the best qualities of warranted work at a lower price than Eastern work and rubbish is sold for elsewhere. We invite all the visitors to the

SANITARY FAIR

to Concert Hall Shoe Store, 62 Fifth street.

Children's Shoes 15 cents. my31:

DAY & HAYDEN,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

SADDLERY, HARNESS,

AND

COACH HARDWARES,

58 WOOD STREET,

Sign of the Golden Stirrup,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY CALL the attention of Saddlers, Coach Makers and Dealers in general, to their

Large and Well Selected Stock

Consisting in part for

Carriage Manufacturers,

OF

Patent and Enameled Leathers, Enameled Cloths, Damasks, Broad Cloths, Laces, Fringes, Bands, Springs, Axles, Bolts, Felloes, Spokes, Hubs, Shafts, etc., etc.,

All of which have been

PURCHASED WITH GREAT CARE,

Especially the WOOD WORK, which will be found of the

Best Quality, Well Seasoned and Dry.

Saddlers and Harness Makers,

Will find a full and complete stock of

Harness Leathers, Saddle Trees, Hames, Webs, full Measure Straining Webs, of all Numbers, Bits, Buckles, Stirrups, Spurs, Threads, etc., etc., etc.,

All of which will be sold at the lowest CASH prices, and perfect satisfaction guaranteed

TO THE SADDLERS.

P. S.—We do not deal in Saddles and Bridles, but leave those GOODS for our customers to make and sell, as they properly belong to that branch.

my28-tf DAY & HAYDEN.

THE PITTSBURGH SANITARY FAIR opens June 1st, 1864, and there will no doubt be a great many persons visiting the city for the purpose of attending the Fair, and who will at the same time want something handsome in the DRY GOODS LINE; to those in want of almost any article in this line, they can find at

C. HANSON LOVE & CO.'S,

One of the largest and best assorted stocks of Dry Goods ever brought to this city.

Our stock of Cloaks, Sacks, and Circulars, in Cloth of all shades, and Plain Black Sil