# The Daily Post.

**ADVERTISING AGENCIES.**

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☞ We willfurnish the DAILY POST, to agents at the rate of $2,00 per hundred copies.

FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 27, 1864.


### Episcopal State Convention.

This body met at nine o'clock yesterday in Trinity Church, and after some preliminary business, a series of resolutions, which had been read the evening before were called up. They are as follows:

WHEREAS, There exists in this country an organized and armed rebellion, whose purpose is the destruction of our National Union, and the perpetuation of Negro Slavery;

AND, WHEREAS, This rebellion has more and more assumed a character of barbarous fanaticism and murderous ferocity, on the part of the enemies of the nation. *Therefore*, in view of the causes and character of this struggle.

*Resolved*, That this Convention of the P. E. Church in the Diocese of Pennsylvania, as a body of Christian men, pledge to the Government of our country our prayers, sympathy, and support in this war for existence, union, liberty and peace.

*Resolved*. That the authors and abettors of this rebellion, wherever they are found, are alone guilty of all the bloodshed and desolation on either side entailed by this contest upon North or South, now or hereafter.

*Resolved*, That in the long delay of success in suppressing this monstrous rebellion, we see wonderfully manifest the hand of God training by his severest chastisements, this reluctant mercy to a long oppressed and outraged race.

*Resolved*, That under present circumstances, the National Government, whether executive, legislative or judicial, is, in our judgement, solemnly bound to use all its power, and employ every authorized and constitutional means for the speedy and total abolition of slavery throughout the land, and that as patriots, freemen, and Christians we shall hail with jubilant gladness and devout gratitude, to God the day of its final extinction.

Dr. Goodwin, of Phila. who had offered these resolutions proposed altering a few words in order to make them more agreeable to some without materially altering the sense. This was done by the clerk and the resolutions again read.

Rev. E. A. Washburne, of St. Marks, Phila., objected to resolutions of this kind in a Religious Convention. He was in favor of voting out slavery wherever it could be done lawfully, but he did not see what the Church had to do with it in the present Convention. He believed it would introduce unnecessary schism. He had no doubt all the men in the Convention were loyal. They all had offered up loyal prayers, but it was well known that men might be loyal and yet have differences of opinion. He did not care particularly whether the Convention sustained his views or not, he did not consider it the business of a Clerical Body to Legislate on such questions as were embraced in the resolutions. He considered all such issues and tests as an unwarranted intrusion upon the rights of a Christian minister. He had laid aside all fear of the world and would express himself as became the minister of Christ. He opposed the resolutions.

Hon. Judge Shafer made a few remarks on the resolutions. He said he had grown gray in the service of the Episcopal church, but old and experienced as he was, he had never before witnessed an issue of this kind among its members. That church had always borne one peculiarity, and that was that she had never yet suffered political questions to tarnish her brightness or invade her sanctity. He had always recognized Jesus Christ as the head of the church and was willing to recognize no other. The Convention had been called together to attend to the interests of the church, and he hoped they would leave it to other churches to attend to politics. He recognized the church as a place where men of all political sentiments could meet together in common Christian communion. There should be no unhallowed schisms introduced within the walls of this sacred edifice. Men should not convert the shurch into a political pandemonium for the purpose of political demonstrations. Oh, that these resolutions had never been brought before the Convention. It would have been well had they been tabled at once. He had lived a long life. He had lost the sight with which God had once blessed him and he was otherwise feeble. He had outlived the Constitution of his country, and was it possible that he should also outlive the constitution of his church! He prayed God it might not be so.

These resolutions were offered merely to sustain an Abolition Administration and to subserve certain political ends. They had already found their way into an Abolition press, to give them, if possible, a more partisan character. What do those resolutions amount to? They seek to put down slavery and they support an Administration that is sinking the country in irretrievable ruin, and which has disregarded the Constitution. The resolutions are at variance with all precedent in the church. They are blasphemy and are well calculated to drive that Holy Spirit, which we every day invoke, from among us. What are we to thank God for the destruction of life and property, cities and towns! These resolutions assert that slavery is the cause of the war. This was not true. It was the Abolitionists who were the cause of the war. Since 1810 they had never ceased in their endeavors to subjugate the South. It was the manufacturing interests of New England that caused this war. He felt in his element speaking on this question, as he always had been a politician, and as this Ecclesiastical Body had become a political convention, he felt perfectly at home.

He hoped, however, that for the sake of the church they would reconsider their action, and attend to church matters alone. If we are to keep the church pure we must strike off this political fungus.

Rev. Mr. Welsh had no objection to the preamble and to two of the resolutions, but he had to the others. One asserts that the sin of slavery is the cause of the war. He thought the North, too, had sins to answer for. There were ten curses for one blessing went up from the army alone. The clergy were to blame for not making more effort for the moral welfare of the soldier.

AFTERNOON SESSION.—Convention met at 5 o'clock and was called to order by the President.

Mr. Welsh offered a resolution, that the Treasurer of the Episcopal Church Fund be instructed to pay the surplus fund which has accumulated during this year and which will accumulate during succeeding years to the Bishop and Asst. Bishop of this Diocese.

The Committee on Historical Sketches of the different parishes made their report.

The following Resolution was offered. That the Treasurer be authorized to pay to the amount of seven hundred and fifty dollars, *pro rata*, as mileage to members in attendance.

The Committee on the division of the Diocese then read a lengthy report, after which there was considerable discussion.

On motion, adjourned.

The Rev. Dr. Van Deusen offered as a substitute the following:

*Resolved*, That we hereby declare an unfaltering allegiance to the Government of the United States, and that we pledge it our willing devotion and service, and that as a body of Christians we will ever pray that in God's own time, oppression and slavery, in all its forms, may be done away; that freedom of body and mind, political and religious, may every where prevail, and that emancipated negroes, whom God in His providence is committing to our care, may be the objects of our liberal and Christian regard, and instruction, that war may soon cease throughout all our borders, and that our now lacerated country may again be so united that from the Lakes on the North, to the Gulf on the South, and from the Atlantic to the Pacific there shall be but one Union, one Government one flag, one Constitution; all converging to and culminating in that higher glory, which shall make this nation Emanuel's land, a mountain of holiness, and a dwelling place of righteousness."

Dr. Van Deusen said, that his purpose in offering this substitute was to harmonize the Convention by retaining what was valuable and good and rejecting what appeared objectionable and foreign to the business of the Convention.

Rev. Mr. Swope, of Trinity church, seconded the substitute. He said the resolutions were hoped it would remain. He favored the amendment as the verbiage and sentiment were both free from any objection.

Revs. Halsley, Morris, Parvin and others spoke on the resolutions, but we could not catch their words.

Mr. Brunot addressed the convention in favor of the resolutions, and against the amendment.

On putting the question, the amendment carried by a large majority.

On motion it was agreed to attach the first preamble above mentioned. The amendment and preamble then passed finally as the sense of the Convention.

Several questions of order were raised and motions of others made to lay on the table, &c., but they did not prevail. The most of them were withdrawn.

On motion a committee of five lay members were appointed to draw up an address, to the laity asking them to increase the salary of the clergy. On motion adjourned till 5 o'clock.

### Treasurer's List—Sanitary Fair.

N. Holmes, Treasurer Sanitary Fair, acknowledges receipt of the following additional contributions:

From William Stone's Coal Works:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Wm Stone | $210 75 | T Nixon | 2 50 |
| A Smith | 5 00 | J Marks | 2 50 |
| T Cox | 5 00 | J Fruwell | 2 50 |
| W Charles, sr | 5 00 | G Corey, sr | 3 00 |
| W Charles, jr | 5 00 | G Corey, jr | 3 00 |
| M Clinter | 5 00 | J Herodofer | 2 50 |
| J Eden | 5 00 | W M'Manus | 5 00 |
| J Williams | 5 00 | L France | 5 00 |
| D Williams | 5 00 | E Vaughan | 4 00 |
| J Cortz | 5 00 | P McClosky | 2 00 |
| J Cherry | 5 00 | J Hays | 4 00 |
| R Uity | 5 00 | J Acton | 2 00 |
| J Russia | 5 00 | T Coleman | 2 00 |
| P Ables | 5 00 | P M'Clusky | 2 00 |
| C Myers | 7 50 | T Brady | 2 00 |
| J Gross | 5 00 | R Phillips | 2 00 |
| J Irwin | 5 00 | J Short | 2 00 |
| Jno Irwin | 5 00 | R Harrison | 2 00 |
| D Irwin | 5 00 | A Gilbert | 2 00 |
| T Barnes | 5 00 | J Dickenson | 2 00 |
| T Faulkner | 5 00 | R Dickenson | 2 00 |
| P Zimmerman | 5 00 | S Alton | 2 00 |
| R Green | 5 00 | J Gourley | 1 00 |
| M Sorg | 5 00 | D Phillips | 3 00 |
| J Sor | 5 00 | A Kesler | 2 00 |
| J Leadbeater | 5 00 | R Snyder | 2 00 |
| W Harrison | 3 75 | R Richards | 1 00 |
| J Grayson | 3 75 | P Ward | 2 00 |
| A Baum | 3 75 | M Bottonly | 2 00 |
| N Slater | 3 75 | M Dixon | 2 05 |
| T Anslow | 3 75 | S Harper | 1 00 |
| J Mason | 3 75 | J Loutit | 1 00 |
| J Davies | 3 00 | H Fulton | 2 00 |
| J Davies | 3 00 | A Orb | 2 00 |
| W Davies | 3 00 | J Watkins | 2 00 |
| W Eden | 3 00 | J Cox | 2 00 |
| A Ables | 2 50 | J Burk | 2 00 |
| J Irwin | 2 50 | J Wilkinson | 2 00 |
| T Bestford | 2 50 | P Dixon | 2 50 |
| G Green | 2 50 | | |
| F Gross | 2 50 | | |
| R Thomas | 2 00 | | $508 00 |

From J. C. Risher & Co's. Coal Works:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| J Hickman | $5 00 | O Now | 5 00 |
| P Luke | 5 00 | J Lee | 5 00 |
| A Cole | 5 00 | P Linn | 5 00 |
| P Beers | 5 00 | J Pafflit | 5 00 |
| W Weaser | 5 00 | J Smith | 5 00 |
| A Uhl | 5 00 | W Chaderick | 5 00 |
| J Hugo | 6 25 | J Ashman | 5 00 |
| J Wagner | 5 00 | R Ridley | 5 00 |
| L Gibson | 5 00 | H Lightfoot | 5 00 |
| W Sharp | 5 00 | C Jones | 5 00 |
| W Krollfifer | 5 00 | J Jones | 5 00 |
| J Hatte | 5 00 | W Oldshoe | 5 00 |
| J Gray | 2 50 | W Oldshoe | 5 00 |
| H Wygant | 5 00 | P Dursin | 5 00 |
| H Oberman | 5 00 | L P Whitaker | 2 25 |
| R Whitesell | 2 50 | A Samuel | 2 25 |
| M Schuch | 5 00 | N McClure | 1 50 |
| G Monus | 5 00 | S Jones | 4 25 |
| R Habbler | 5 00 | J Linn | 5 00 |
| A Feckler | 5 00 | F Anhauf | 2 50 |
| J Kropp | 5 00 | J Sweeny | 1 75 |
| HiteBride | 3 50 | J Sweeny | 1 75 |
| C Nole | 5 00 | | |
| S Fladdinger | 5 00 | | $200 25 |

From Richer & Wilson's Coal works, Pool No. 1:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Richer & Wilson | $100 00 | T Morgan | 3 00 |
| D Woozley | 3 00 | T Lloyd | 3 00 |
| D Jacobs | 3 75 | W Williams | 5 00 |
| I Stewart | 5 00 | N Gamrod | 5 00 |
| A Waltmire | 5 00 | P Given | 3 00 |
| M Cawley | 2 50 | J Boyl | 3 00 |
| C Allen | 2 00 | J Ward | 3 00 |
| J Brown | 1 25 | W Owens | 3 00 |
| J Brown | 5 00 | J Carey | 3 00 |
| J Lloyd | 5 00 | P Brawdy | 5 00 |
| J Gallagher | 5 00 | I Stott | 4 00 |
| C Leasure | 5 00 | W McCloy | 5 00 |
| M Boner | 5 00 | J M'Nulty | 3 00 |
| J Campbell | 5 00 | M Welch | 3 00 |
| C Gallagher | 5 00 | D Lloyd | 5 00 |
| J Lamb | 3 00 | E Rolfantis | 5 00 |
| P Higgins | 3 00 | J Giles | 3 00 |
| J Woozley | 3 00 | J Fritz | 1 00 |
| A Jack | 5 00 | B Bush | 2 00 |
| L B Scott | 2 75 | A Whitaker | 2 25 |
| M Duzer | 2 50 | J C Risher & Co | 139 00 |
| G Elliott | 2 25 | | |
| S S Colwell | 3 00 | | 350 00 |

From Ross and Journeymen Coopers of Pittsburgh and Allegheny:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Gregg, Allexander & Co | $15 00 | Employees of do | 1 00 |
| Employees of do | 58 25 | Daum & Co | 5 00 |
| C Schoellin | 10 00 | Employees of do | 5 00 |
| Employees of do | 20 70 | J Rabaya | 10 00 |
| W Langkamp | 10 00 | J Ritchie | 5 00 |
| Employees of do | 4 70 | Employees of do | 1 80 |
| J Reatz | 10 00 | Fayette bbl factory W M S | 20 00 |
| Employees of do | 3 20 | J Waldech | 2 00 |
| Smith & Co | 10 00 | Employees of do | 6 00 |
| J P McKee | 10 00 | G Eberhardt | 4 00 |
| Employees of do | 3 00 | Dirt and hands | 3 80 |
| Moore & Hamilton | 5 00 | W Beck | 1 00 |
| Employee of do | 1 00 | F Ritman | 1 00 |
| H Haemyer | 5 00 | G Smith | 1 00 |
| Employees of do | 2 00 | Schurz & Co | 10 00 |
| A Rhul | 2 00 | Employees of do | 31 20 |
| H Albrecht | 2 00 | Erdle & Zehler | 5 00 |
| H Geyer | 10, 00 | Lehe & Herr | 2 00 |
| Wagner & Co | 0 00 | Employees of do | 31 20 |
| Employees of do | 4 00 | H Herr | 5 00 |
| Lawers Lehman | 5 00 | Lydia & Chirling | 5 00 |
| Employee of do | 1 00 | Employees of do | 31 20 |
| J Hemisch | 5 00 | Goothrie & Sill | 20 00 |
| Employees of do | 4 00 | Employees of do | 50 00 |
| G Soliuman | 3 00 | H Auderheyde | 1 00 |
| Employees of do | 2 00 | F Helm | 5 00 |
| J Helm | 2 00 | F Roppert | 5 00 |
| J Delhemouth | 1 00 | H Hammer | 5 00 |
| Smith & Kirsch | 3 00 | H Hare (hands) | 5 00 |
| Employees of do | 3 80 | J Ralea (hands) | 2 50 |
| J Detzel | 1 00 | | $431 20 |

From Lewis, Bailey's, Dalzell & Co.'s Vesuvius Iron Works:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| J B Davis | 12 00 | S Blue | 2 00 |
| W Downing | 5 00 | T Goodrom | 1 75 |
| G W Cuns | 1 50 | P Snyder | 3 00 |
| M McCleery | 1 62 | J Smith | 2 00 |
| P Kell | 2 00 | T Young | 1 75 |
| M McNamara | 2 00 | J Wright | 2 62 |
| R Cunningham | 1 75 | J L Stewart | 1 00 |
| M Tushun | 2 02 | J Winder | 1 12 |
| W Woodward | 3 00 | J Trinsdale | 1 75 |
| W M'Namara | 1 00 | J Hemphill | 1 75 |
| J Casey | 2 00 | J Patterson | 1 50 |
| F Fornett | 1 75 | W Ornbrockjr | 1 75 |
| J Whack | 1 75 | W Helvily | 2 25 |
| J Grun | 5 00 | A Yerkins | 2 00 |
| J Grun jr | 1 75 | J Sieran | 1 75 |
| H Ochun | 3 00 | F A Kline | 1 00 |
| J Keil | 5 00 | W Snyder | 1 50 |
| L Mible | 1 00 | J Miller | 1 50 |
| S H Emphill | 1 75 | R Biyel | 1 50 |
| T Gainer | 1 75 | J Wiseman | 1 75 |
| P Seput | 1 75 | A Grant | 1 75 |
| S Clarke | 3 00 | P Cunningham | 1 75 |
| J Riley | 2 25 | J Ingland | 1 75 |
| C Fox | 3 00 | T Powell | 2 00 |
| M Williams | 1 25 | B Weeker | 1 00 |
| E Mathlos | 5 00 | P Yunk | 1 75 |
| W Brown | 2 50 | M Snyder | 6 00 |
| R Maylo | 3 00 | J Davis | 6 00 |
| W McCauly | 3 00 | T Sleigh | 3 00 |
| W Prothual | 3 00 | P Jewller | 3 25 |
| W T Jones | 3 00 | C Stenger | 6 00 |
| M Clark | 3 75 | S P Taylor | 6 00 |
| C Samuel | 3 00 | J Rowell | 6 00 |
| P Dnyl | 6 00 | W Overbuk | 6 00 |
| P Wisenbaugh | 3 00 | C Devich | 6 00 |
| M Miller | 3 00 | J Foster | 3 00 |
| E Tenate | 4 62 | T Murphy | 3 00 |
| E Westrond | 6 00 | A W Hauhaw | 1 75 |
| P Klingensmith | 6 58 | T Riley | 2 00 |
| A Whiteman | 3 00 | A McNamara | 2 00 |
| J Eunis | 6 00 | N Horn | 1 75 |
| J Davis | 4 50 | I Riley | 6 00 |
| W Hull | 4 50 | W Pritchfield | 3 00 |
| A Smith | 6 00 | P Weyman | 1 75 |
| J Lacor | 1 75 | W England | 3 00 |
| J Smith | 1 75 | W Trubey | 3 00 |
| R M'Cleery | 1 75 | J Ray | 2 00 |
| J Warner | 1 87 | W Stiert | 1 00 |
| P Smutton | 1 75 | S Tompkins | 1 00 |
| G Fries | 1 75 | S Stewart | 1 00 |
| F Huffman | 1 00 | P Hagerty | 1 75 |
| J W Nitley | 50 | R Coyle | 2 50 |
| J Cullnett | 1 00 | J M'Candless | 6 00 |
| J Cassey | 1 00 | W How | 1 75 |
| G Deerstein | 1 75 | J Davis | 3 00 |
| J A Paul | 2 00 | E Wyland | 2 25 |
| W Childe | 6 00 | J Riley | 1 75 |
| J Childe | 6 00 | S Bills | 6 00 |
| E Jones | 6 00 | | |
| John Royer, Williamsburg, Blair co., Pa | | | $344 84 |
| West Newton Lodge, I O O F | | | 400 00 |
| Hunway & Co., Latrobe and Empee's | | | 100 00 |
| D Bores and others, Latrobe | | | 51 20 |
| Wm Row, Greensburg | | | 3 00 |
| Ladies' Aid Society, Greenville, Indiana co., Pa | | | 24 00 |
| Workman Hawatha Nut and Bolt Works | | | 87 75 |
| Pittsburgh German Meth. Church | | | 128 60 |
| Workmen of W M Faber & Co | | | 46 50 |
| George Krimer, Baker | | | 3 00 |
| John Rause, Baker | | | 5 00 |

From Shephard's Bakery:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Mrs T Shephard | $10 00 | H C Shephard | 10 00 |
| Miss E T Shephard | 10 00 | John Hok | 2 00 |
| W Debacker | 2 00 | T O'Neal | 2 00 |
| J Karish | 2 00 | H Shephard | 2 00 |
| P Munn | 2 00 | W H Shephard | 2 00 |
| P Thomas | 1 50 | | |
| Miss E S Shephard | 10 00 | | $55 50 |

From Bankers and Brokers:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| W Holmes & Sons | $1,000 | Hill & Co | 150 |
| Hanna, Hart & Co | 300 | W H Williams & Co | 100 |
| Kountz & Mertz | 150 | | |
| R Patrick & Co | 100 | | |

### Items from the Pittsburgh Catholic.

—An Exhibition by St. Bridget's Association, assisted by St. Bridget's choir, for the benefit of the Sanitary Fair, will be given at, Masonic Hall, on Thursday evening, June 21. Admission 25 cents. Tickets can be procured at Mr. Quigley's Bookstore, Grant street, and at the door on the evening of the exhibition.

—The Third Volume of the collected Speeches of Archbishop Hughes has reached us, containing his Speeches on the "School Question." We again take the opportunity to recommend this edition of the complete works of the late Archbishop of New York to those who desire to learn from his own lips his opinions on the important questions which were discussed in his day.

—The Rt. Rev. Bishop of the Diocese sang Pontifical High Mass at St. Mary's Church, Alleghany, last Sunday, the Feast of the Blessed Trinity. At the Mass he gave the First Communion to 126 children. On the same day the Rt. Rev. Bishop sung Vespers at Trinity Church, Pittsburgh. He also preached, after which he Confirmed 33 persons, 3 of whom were converts.

—In the evening of the same day, the Bishop delivered a lecture in the Church of the Holy Family, Lawrence, for the benefit of the Parochial School. A choir sang in the Church. The beautiful edifice was crowded on the occasion.

—The Lecture of Rev. M. O'Connor, S. J., on the "Destiny of the Irish Race," has been published by request for the benefit of the House of the Good Shepherd, Philadelphia.

### Sanitary Fair.

ROSS CARPENTERS.—It has been proposed that the "Ross" Carpenters meet this evening, (Friday,) at 7 o'clock at the "Audience Hall," and lend a personal hand in erecting seats for that building. The committee appointed by the Executive Committee to procure seats found it impossible in the short time allowed them before the opening to do so, consequently they appeal to the head men of the carpenter shops to assist them in providing seats in time for the opening on Wednesday evening June 1st. Material will be on hand, the Hall is dated up, and everything ready to allow the work to be finished without any unnecessary delay.

### Rankin's Spiced Blackberry for Diarrhœa.

**Miss Pollock**—The lady now in prison in the Penitentiary of this place, under the charge of being a spy, is a relative of the Pollocks and Moorheads of Ligonier valley. The Miss Sargeant, who is her governess, was raised in Ligonier Borough, and we have no doubt both are Union ladies. Their friends are all Republicans. We understand that the friends and relatives of these ladies are now trying to get them released.

### Rankin's Spiced Blackberry for Diarrhœa.

**Under Arrest.**—A number of soldiers, perhaps one hundred, passed through this place yesterday morning, said to be deserters from Gen. Sherman's army. Three or four were handcuffed. They took breakfast at City Hall.

### Rankin's Spiced Blackberry for Diarrhœa.

**Injured.**—Five workmen and one man were [illegible] on the Allegheny river, on the [illegible] Saturday morning last, by the [illegible] A [illegible] by water privileges.

### Rankin's Spiced Blackberry for Diarrhœa.

**Serious Fire.**—A fire broke out [illegible] in the Monongahela House, [illegible] Second and third stories and property.

**Drowned.**—Sebastian Schwingel, a boy about 12 years of age, was drowned in the Allegheny river day before yesterday.

### Rankin's Spiced Blackberry for Diarrhœa.

**Fell Through.**—A [illegible] Ann Hussey, fell through a hatchway in Birmingham and was severely injured.

**Literary Entertainment.**—This evening at Concert Hall a literary entertainment will be given for the benefit of the Sanitary Fair.

### Rankin's Spiced Blackberry for Diarrhœa.

**Theatre.**—This evening is set apart for the benefit of Miss Lizzie Henderson. She will, we understand, appear in her favorite character of Lucretia Borgia, and the performance will conclude with the laughable farce in which she [illegible] with Mr. Jack Wallace as Jacko. Miss Henderson is a favorite with the amusement loving people of Pittsburgh and vicinity, and we trust that a full house will greet her on this occasion.


**To the Citizens of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Surrounding Boroughs.**—As I am about to leave for the Army, in various occupations in which I have been in the last of the years, and many who desire to contribute to the Sanitary Fair, for which purpose I am specifically requested, so to do, by a committee, application to be made to me by Mr. Thomas Bell, Jr., Treasurer of the Fair, or Messrs. Holmes & Sons, Market street, Pittsburgh.

First and foremost, I am [illegible] The Executive Committee of the Fair, and the Ladies who have charge of the various departments, to say that I will do all in my power to help them in their noble work. I am also [illegible] Mr. Bell, Mr. Holmes and Mr. Hamilton, Treasurers of the Fair, for their courtesy to me during the short time I have been in charge of the Fair.

I have also to request the Fair commissioners to favor me with [illegible] of the Fair, as I am desirous to go into each hall on the opening day, and see the show myself. Tickets will be required for goods will be sold on that evening. Tickets admitting children about 12 years of age, to each of the buildings, except the Dining Hall and the Art Gallery, will be sold at 10 cts. each. The price of tickets to the Art Gallery will be regulated according to the nature of the entertainment and will be announced from time to time.

H.



JOSEPH MEYER.....ANTHONY MEYER

**JOSEPH MEYER & SON,**

MANUFACTURERS OF

PLAIN AND FANCY

**FURNITURE AND CHAIRS,**

WAREROOMS,

**135 Smithfield, and 424 Penn Sts.,**

Between 6th st., and Virgin alley,

mo9 PITTSBURGH.

**INSURANCE AGENCY.**

I HAVE BEEN APPOINTED AGENT for the following popular and reliable Companies:

**Washington Ins. Co. of New York**

Cash Capital.....$400,000
Assets Feb. 1, 1864.....$82,000

GEO. C. SATTERLEE, Pres't.
H. WESTON, Vice Pres't.

**Phenix Ins. Co. of Brooklyn.**

Cash Capital.....$600,000 00
Surplus March 1, 1864.....222,219 20

$822,219 20

STEPHEN CROWELL, Pres't.
E. W. CROWELL, Vice Pres't.

**American Life Ins. Co. of Phila.**

Capital.....$500,000
ALEX. WHILLDIN, Pres't.
SAMUEL WORK, Vice Pres't.

S. S. BRYAN,
Broker and Insurance Agent,
my26 69 Fourth street.

**Real Estate Savings Institution**

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION of the above institution, Saturday, April 30th, 1864:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Amount of Deposits | | $180,378 63 |
| Amount interest due depositors May 1st | 3,674 08 | |
| Amount Contingent Fund | 6,028 96 | $190,681 67 |
| ASSETS. | | |
| First Liens on Real Est'te | $96,323 67 | |
| U. S. 6-20 Bonds at par | 61,400 00 | |
| U. S. Debt Cer. and Notes | 15,409 16 | |
| Accrued interest not collected | 1,569 57 | |
| Office Furniture | 150 00 | |
| Cash on hand | 22,809 27 | $190,681 67 |

The undersigned Auditing Committee have examined the books of the Institution, the bonds and securities, and counted the cash, and have found the above statement to be correct.

H. CHILDS,
N. VOEGHTLY,
W. B. COPELAND.

Pittsburgh, May 2d, 1864.

☞ Deposits received DAILY and EVERY SATURDAY EVENING. Interest paid at SIX PER CENT. per annum.

TRUSTEES:

ISAAC JONES, President,

| | |
|---|---|
| Hon. Thos. M. Howe, | Hon. J. K. Moorhead, |
| Wm. M. Smith, | C. G. Hussey, |
| Wm. B. Copeland, | Jacob Painter, |
| Harvey Childs, | Nicholas Voeghtly. |

Office, 69 Fourth St.


## U. S. 10-40 BONDS.

THESE BONDS ARE ISSUED UNder the Act of Congress of March 8th, 1864, which provides that all Bonds issued under this Act SHALL BE REDEEMED IN COIN, at the pleasure of the Government, at any period *not less than ten nor more than forty years* from their date, and until their redemption FIVE PER CENT. INTEREST WILL BE PAID IN COIN, on bonds of not over one hundred dollars annually, and on all other bonds semi-annually. The interest is payable on the first days of March and September in each year.

As these Bonds, by Act of Congress, are

**Exempt from Municipal or State Taxation,**

Their value is increased from one to three per cent. per annum, according to the rate of tax levies in various parts of the country.

At the present rates of premium on gold they pay

**Over Eight Per Cent. Interest**

In currency, and are of equal convenience as a permanent or temporary investment.

It is believed that no securities offer so great inducements to lenders as the various descriptions of U. S. Bonds. In all other forms of indebtedness, the faith or ability of private parties or stock companies or separate communities only is pledged for payment, while for the debts of the United States, the whole property of the country is holden to secure the payment of both principal and interest in coin.

These Bonds may be subscribed for in sums from $50 up to any magnitude, on the same terms, and are thus made equally available to the smallest lender and largest capitalist. They can be converted into money at any moment, and the holder will have the benefit of the interest.

The Funded Debt of the United States on which interest is payable in gold, on the 31 day of March, 1864, was $768,865,600. The interest on this debt for the coming fiscal year will be $45,937,125, while the customs revenue in gold for the current fiscal year, ending June 30th, 1864, has been so far at the rate of over $80,000,000 per annum.

It will be seen that even the present gold revenues of the Government are largely in excess of the wants of the Treasury for the payment of gold interest, while the recent increase of the tariff will doubtless raise the annual receipts from customs on the same amount of importations to $100,000,000 per annum.

The authorized amount of this loan is Two Hundred Million Dollars. Instructions to the National Banks acting as loan agent were not issued until March 26th, but the amount of Bonds reported sold at the United States Treasury up to May 21st, was

**$54,564,900.**

Subscriptions will be received by the TREASURER OF THE UNITED STATES at Washington, and the ASSISTANT TREASURERS at New York, Boston and Philadelphia, and by the

First National Bank of Pittsburgh, Pa.,
Third National Bank of Pittsburgh, Pa.,

**AND BY ALL NATIONAL BANKS**

Which are depositaries of Public money, and all RESPECTABLE BANKS AND BANKERS throughout the country, (acting as agents of the National Depositary Banks,) will furnish further information on application, and

**Afford Every Facility to Subscribers.**

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BLACKBERRY

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[illegible] Safe cure. It combines [illegible] agents in mingling [illegible] compound is common [illegible] for this class of [illegible] disease. It is a fact that Physicians [illegible] their practice in [illegible] the most dangerous cases [illegible] a mixture of double [illegible] of which [illegible] and each in the combination, when you [illegible] an article including cramps, so safe and safe as Black berries themselves.

Ask for DIXON'S BLACKBERRY CARMINATIVE, and see that the proprietor's name is written on the outside wrapper of each bottle. Prepared only by

*Sole Proprietor, CINCINNATI.*

For sale by all respectable druggists.

Price, (old style, 35 cts.) 25c., 50c. and $1, per Bottle.



**CHICKERING.**

5

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**CHICKERING & SON'S**

**PIANOS,**

Just received by

CHAS. C. MELLOR,

81 WOOD STREET,

my21 Sole Agent for Pittsburgh.



**Public Sale of Country Homes.**

WE PROPOSE TO OFFER AT Public Sale, on THURSDAY, May 26th, 1864, at 11 o'clock a. m., our property on Chartiers Creek, adjoining the town of Manfield, five miles from the city, and at the junction of the Steubenville and Chartiers railroad. The lots range from 3 to 15 acres each. Omnibuses will leave Hare's Hotel, at 9 a. m. on the day of sale, and a good dinner will be furnished free.

We are authorized to say that the Steubenville railroad will be in operation this fall.

Terms to suit. For further particulars, see

B. McLAIN & Co., 102 4th st.,
J. L. MARSHALL, 139 Liberty st., or
M. B. BROWN, Mansfield, Pa.

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**FOURTH STREET**

NEW STYLES

**WINDOW SHADES,**

Received THIS DAY.

NEW SPRING STOCK

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Well seasoned

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LATEST BY

# TELEGRAPH,

FOR THE POST.

## FROM WASHINGTON.

### An Affray Between Senator Chandler and Hon. D. W. Voorhees.

### Mr. Chandler Severely Handled.

WASHINGTON, May 26.—An affray occurred yesterday at the National Hotel between Senator Chandler, of Michigan and Hon. D. E. Voorhees, of Indiana, in which the latter slapped the former's face. A tussel ensued when Mr. Hannagan, a friend of Mr. Voorhees interfered and was in turn assailed by Mr. Chandler. Hannagan struck Chandler with a pitcher and dragging him to the floor by the hair cuffed him until the affair was stopped by the interference of the bystanders. the fight originated by Mr. Chandler denouncing Democrats in such a manner that Mr. Voorhees construed the remarks as personal to himself.

The *Commercial's* special of to-day says Senator Chandler is in his seat apparently uninjured.

### General Grant Still Pursuing Lee's Army.

### Gen. Ewell Ordered to Richmond.

### Safe Return of Sheridan's Expedition.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, May 24, (Tuesday 8 P. M.)—A messenger who left the front at six o'clock this p. m., reports the enemy crossing the South Anna river, with our troops in close pursuit. Over six hundred prisoners have been brought in since yesterday, and more are hourly arriving. Firing was heard this morning in the direction of Port Royal, and was supposed to be from a rebel battery which is reported to have been placed att that point, which is twelve miles from Fredericksburg, on the Rappahannock.

An orderly of Gen. Lee was brought in to headquarters to day, on whom was found dispatches to General Ewell from Lee, ordering him to fall back to the defences of Richmond.

A lieutenant, taken two days ago, said his brigade had been at Plymouth and Drury's Bluff, and after fighting Butler, were sent at once to join Lee's army in front of Grant.

This p. m a detachment from the cavalry expedition under Sheridan arrived at Headquarters, announcing the safe return of the command across the Pamunkey last night, and that they would arrive to-night. Custar's division cut the railroad twelve miles below Hanover Junction on the 21st, burning two bridges and tearing up a mile of railroad. The horses of the expedition are pretty well exhausted, but a few days rest and feed on the fine clover of this vicinity, will again put them in condition for service.

### Grant's Grand Movement.

### Our Army Animated with Success.

NEW YORK, May 26.—A *Tribune* dispatch, dated near Hanover Junction, May 24th, midnight, says: Grant's grand flank movement was made with such celerity, that not only has he ousted Lee from his stronghold at Spottsylvania Court House, but has pushed him back beyond the North Anna river in such disorder that he was unable to present to our army a solid front. The first day's march left Gen. Hancock near Milford's Station, strongly intrenched in three lines of earthworks, where he could easily have repulsed the whole of Lee's army.

On the 24th the whole army moved down to Mount Carmel Church, within four miles of the North Anna; here a line of battle was formed and the march resumed, expecting Lee would show fight. A slight resistance was shown, but they soon found us too strong for them, and gave way, and were driven pell mell across and into the river.

Our pickets were then extended along the line of the river upon the left. Warren, upon the right, was quite successful, repulsing their charges and pursuing the enemy across and beyond the river, where he is strongly entrenched. The whole army is animated with its success.

### Lee's Army Moving.

NEW YORK, May 26.—A *Tribune* special says: Rebel prisoners state that Lee's whole army was moving through Hanover Junction, but when the intelligence reached them that Grant was moving toward the North Anna, a portion of Longstreet and Hill's Corps were sent to dispute the passage of that river. Their resistance, however, though sharp, was futile, and our troops forced their way over, and the rebels back a mile, sustaining very little damage.

Another correspondent says of the importance of Grant's last movement, that an officer remarked after it was accomplished, that he would have risked three battles to have gained the advantages he has secured.

A rebel bearer of dispatches has been captured. His dispatches show Lee falling back to Richmond. The army, he says, is in a panic.

### The Race for Richmond.

NEW YORK, May 26.—A *Herald's* headquarters correspondent says: Our line of advance from Bowling Green is due south to Richmond. Gen. Lee has a longer distance to march, and the probabilities are that we shall reach there first. Lee may, by forced marches, arrive there at the same time, but his army will be so exhausted that the result of an engagement would not be doubtful.

OLD CHESTERFIELD, May 23d, (Monday), 10 p. m.—The news from Warren and Hancock is beyond our expectations. Both Corps effected a lodgment on the right bank of the North Anna late this evening, after a sharp and decisive engagement. At each crossing they succeeded in carrying the enemy's line of rifle pits and driving him completely from his vantage ground.

## FROM LOUISVILLE, KY.

### The Democratic Union State Convention.

### Latest from General Sherman.

LOUISVILLE, May 26.—The Democratic Union State Convention at last night's session passed resolutions reaffirming the principles, affirmed by the Union Democratic State Convention at Louisville, March 17th, 1863, expressing their abhorrence for all attempts to pervert the war from its legitimate purposes as declared by Congress at the beginning; to use the power of the nation under fanatic bidding, to inflict fanatic indulgence that its restorement and enforcement of the Constitution as it is would be the greatest triumph and indication of man's capacity for self-government than any republic has ever given to the world; that the doctrine that the States in which an armed insurrection has erected against the Federal Government, have ceased to be States and shall be held on the ult