The Daily Post.

PITTSBURGH:

TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 17, 1864.

ONE OF THE "UNIONISTS."

The charge is continually being made against the Democratic party, by the corrupt presses and politicians of the Republican organization, that its members are disunionists and in favor of allowing the South a separate independence. This is considered a crime of the most heinous character by those who make it, and worthy of the most condign punishment. It is not charged that the Democracy desire to disrupt the *institutions* of the people, or to subvert the *laws*, or to destroy the *Federal Constitution*; on the contrary, one of their crimes is demanding a strict adherence to law and the most complete reliance on the Constitution as the guiding star for our rulers. The great crime, however, is geographical disruption, to which respect for Constitutions is added as a secondary offence.

The party in power rest everything upon the *geographical* Union. The old Union, according to their view, is not made up of human beings, with interest, aspirations, and a particular series of duties, who are striving to secure, through certain fixed rules and precepts, the highest happiness of the greatest number, but they look upon it as so many square feet and miles of territory. Material extent is their idea of government, and not the value of institutions or the welfare of the people. They talk pathetically of the *old* flag and of the *old* Union; and yet, when it comes down to the point with them, it is found to be a *new* flag and a *new* Union they desire and are striving after, with *new* Constitutions and *new* institutions—the only thing ancient being the lines of territory. They must have every foot of land—even if everything worthy of preservation or veneration goes to perdition.

Imbued with this materialistic notion of government, the leaders of the Republican party are bending every energy to disrupt the institutions of our country while crying out for the maintenance of its land boundaries intact. Amount of land and great territorial extent constitute their view at once of a powerful nation and a happy people. At least it would so seem, from the efforts they have made to make a large portion of the Northern people feel more like slaves than free men. While waging a gigantic war for the preservation of these boundaries, the President of the United States and his Republican advisers propose a scheme for the entire revolution of our institutions, by a remodeling of our Federal and State Constitutions, and this scheme they make a test of patriotism and loyalty to the *old* Union. While showing and proving their own disloyalty to the nation, they make their own notions the standard of loyalty, and persecute and enslave those who presume to differ with them.

Even supposing that a portion of the Northern people are in favor of a separation of the Southern States from the Union, (as is falsely charged by the opposition,) they at least are firmly wedded to existing laws and constitutions; which have proved the elements of our greatness as a nation and happiness as individuals; whereas the leaders of the dominant party are doing their utmost to revolutionize the existing order of society by launching the people upon the untried and uncertain experiment of new laws and Constitutions. Mr. LINCOLN proposes to remould the Constitution, and his retainers follow it up by striking it down every obstacle to the innovation. The orators and presses in his interest have been long preparing the country for the new experiment. The *old* Union has been cried down and the new one cried up with a vigor of lungs and strength of expression worthy of a more noble cause.

The latest specimen from a prominent source is in a speech delivered the other day in Congress by Mr. JULIAN, Republican member of the House who declared "he was not in favor of the Union as it was, but for a Union regenerated on the basis of free labor." This is but the keynote of the Republican leadership. The old Union of our fathers is to be swept away, and institutions established by which negroes shall share equally with white men in all that pertains in Government and society. And this is called loyalty and its denial or obverse is denounced as treason. The author of this sentiment is also the framer of the bill which passed the House on Friday last, by the Republican vote, giving the confiscated lands of the South to the negroes who are serving in our armies.

And such men are called Unionists! patriots! loyalists! Save the mark! They even lay claim to the honor of being philanthropists—lovers of their species! Perhaps they are, but they seem to have no feeling for the wives and mothers, sisters and babes, the innocent victims and sufferers of those rebels whose estates are thus appropriated; nor for the wives and children of white soldiers, whose pay that party refused to advance to a living standard; nor for the white soldier himself, whose life is risked in the front of battle, while the negroes act in the rear as reserves, or guard wagon trains at a safe distance from danger. Oh, no, this philanthropy is for dark-skinned people; the Union is for dark-skinned people; Constitutions must be shaped for dark-skinned people; and every foot of land of the *old* Union must be preserved in the *new* Union for the benefit and behoof of the dark-skinned people, their heirs and assigns, in fee simple, for ever. And white men and women may go to the dogs. Republicanism! God save the mark!

THE BEGINNING OF THE END.

The country may rest assured that all very formidable rebel resistance to the Government is rapidly on the wane; and that a few months will usher in the scattering of the rebel armies. This will be brought about simply because the National Administration feels the necessity of doing it, in order to prolong its own existence four years longer. The Secretary of War announces that the Administration is doing "all in its power" to strengthen Gen. GRANT. Already he has received more reinforcements then he has had losses in the field, and the cry is still they come from every direction. Thousands of troops have within a few days passed through this city from the West to aid GRANT in his campaign against the rebels and similar movements are announced in some localities in the East. When we reflect therefore, upon the number and condition of Gen GRANT'S army; the steady reinforcements he is receiving, and the certainty of the Administrations hearty co-operation with him, there can be no mistake in the result of the pending campaign. Overwhelming numbers are sure to win, especially when they are true and tried and commanded by men of such talent and endurance as Gens. GRANT and MEADE.

The inquiring reader will probably inquire how it happens that for the first time since the rebellion began, the Administration seems to exhibit some sagacity. The President, nearly two weeks since, announced that GRANT was pursuing his own plan of campaign; end, since then, the Secretary of War told the country that the Administration was laboring to help the Lieutenant General by giving him all the reinforcements it could. The reason of all this is, that, in a couple of weeks, the National Abolition Convention will assemble at Baltimore, and it was considered necessary to have successes in the field to justify the office holders and contractors in renominating Mr. LINCOLN. This is the reason why the Administration is exhibiting some activity in the present emergency. It will be remembered that the States have all elected their delegates to Baltimore; the different delegations are packed with the parasites of the present dynasty, so that all other aspirants are ruled out at the begining; and all that was considered necessary not only to ensure Mr. LINCOLN'S nomination, but his enthusiastic endorsement, was decided military success by Gen. GRANT. The time had arrived for victories; the growing discontent in the President's party admonished him that nothing but success would save him from being overslaughted at Baltimore. "Old ABE" and his managers reserved their energies until the proper time—the eve of their national Convention. Had they nearly two years ago, when MCCLELLAN was within a few miles of Richmond, shown him one-half a chance, he would have been in possession of that city but that was not the programme; the capture of the rebel capital at that early day would have prostrated the rebellion, and that was not the purpose of the Administration. Prolong the war was the idea of the contractors, and it has been prolonged until the Administration's necessities demand military successes. Now, upon the eve of the Abolition National Convention we find the Administration giving Gen. GRANT a *carte blanche*, backed by such an army as puzzles one's brains to compute and comprehend. Thus the nation's patience and resources have been exhausted; hundreds of gallant fellows have given up the ghost, and a like number of widows and orphans mourn their losses, and all because of the schemes of Abolitionism to retain power in the Government.

THE AMERICAN ANTI-SLAVERY SOCIETY.

The anniversary of this society occurred in New York on Tuesday last. The only subject of interest, was a series of resolves and a discussion which ensued on a motion to amend one of them so that it might conclude with the words, "so that the covenant with death and the agreement with hell is annulled." Mr. GEORGE THOMPSON, Mr. WENDELL PHILLIPS and Mr. WILLIAM LLOYD GARRISON opposed the amendment on the ground that so long as slavery was permitted in Kentucky, Maryland or Missouri, the covenant still existed so far as the Government was concerned, although it was virtually abolished by the rebellion, and also that the amendment could not properly be adopted, because the very action of the society in preparing a monster petition praying Congress to abolish slavery, was an acknowledgment that the covenant was not annulled, as the amendment would assert. Finally the meeting adjourned, having decided on referring the resolution back to the business committee.

These are of the "loyal" people of the land. They gave color and shape to the policy of the Administration, in its earlier stages, and are now in a fair way of subverting that Constitution which they term "a covenant with death and agreement with hell," through the fear, pliancy and general incapacity of the ruling Executive. Fear of a defeat in his re-election will compel him to again go over to these radical Abolitionists, and thus will that detested "covenant" be swept away after it had built the nation nearly to the summit of greatness and prosperity. The most virulent of copperheads cannot be so traitorous as these true and accepted "loyalists," and yet by such men are the ends of government shaped, and so will this order of things continue until the people arouse themselves and force their rulers to respect the Constitution and the laws.

THE *Alexandria* (Va.) *State Journal* complains bitterly that Lieut. Col. Fillebrown, formerly of the 10th Maine, and who was confined in the Old Capital Prison for obtaining grain in Virginia under the pretext of being a U. S. Deputy Marshal, is now acting under a permit to carry $300 worth of goods into Loudon County. The *Journal* says that the loyal inhabitants of the county are much embittered against him, as on the former occasion he sold the grain, which they sold him for half its value, not venturing to dispute his authority, to the Government, at double what he obtained it for.

☞ In reply to our complaint in Saturday's papers of the Administration's holding back army news from the people, the *Gazette*, yesterday, gave us the following light upon the subject:

The *Post* seems to want light. We can enlighten it. The Administration *has* given the people, from the beginning of the present campaign, prompt and reliable intelligence *daily* of the progress made by Gens. GRANT, BUTLER and SHERMAN, and the very copy of the *Post* from which we clip the above sentences contains one of Secretary STANTON'S dispatches.

Now it is notorious that for the first week of the present campaign in Virginia, the Administration gave no news of a satisfactory character. So provoking was its reticidence that even the New York Abolition press complained of it. That "*one*" dispatch of Saturday, alluded to by the *Gazette* was a rare epistle; it announced that General GRANT had telegraphed that he proposed to fight the campaign out upon his present line, even if it took him "all summer" to reach Richmond. This is about the only "prompt and reliable intelligence" for which we are indebted to the War Department. Were it not for the enterprise of the New York press, we would know but little of the mighty achievements of the armies in Virginia. Any additional rays of light, however, which our luminous neighbor can shed upon the subject, will be received by us with all the deference due to one of its transcendant and astonishing genius. "Give us but light, and AJAX asks no more."

The National Indebtedness.—The following is the statement of the public debt of the nation on the 10th of May, 1864:

	Principal.	Interest.
Debt bearing interest in coin, at rates from 4 to 7 3-10 per cent	$812,836,162 55	$49,472,714 74
Debt bearing interest in lawful money, at from 4 to 6 per cent	404,191,935 13	22,109,429 67
Debt bearing no interest	509,220,313 97	
Totals	$1,726,248,411 65	$71,582,144 41

Although this is said by some to be at least one-third below the actual mark, it will be found quite sufficient for all practical purposes when the time of payment comes round.

GENERAL LEE'S BILL OF FARE.—The Richmond correspondent of the Mobile *Advertiser* gives the following about General Lee's mode of living: In General Lee's tent meat is eaten but twice a week, the General not allowing it oftener, because he believes indulgence in meat to be criminal in the present straightened condition of the country. His ordinary dinner consists of a head of cabbage boiled in salt water, and a pone of corn bread. In this connection rather a comic story is told. Having invited a number of gentlemen to dine with him, General Lee, in a fit of extravagance, ordered a sumptuous repast of cabbage and middling. The dinner was served, and behold! a great pile of cabbage and a bit of middling about four inches long and two inches across. The guests, with commendable politeness, unanimously declined middling, and it remained in the dish untouched. Next day General Lee, remembering the delicate titbit which had been so providentially preserved, ordered his servant to bring that "middling." The man hesitated, scratched his head, and finally owned up. "De fac is, Massa Robert, dat ar middlin' was horrid middlin'; we all did'n hab nar spec; an I done paid it back to de man whar I got it from." General Lee heaved a sigh of deepest disappointment, and pitched into his cabbage.

WHAT IT MEANS.—People who read the war news must be struck with the expressions used by the writers giving accounts of conflicts. This or the other battery is spoken of as having done "splendid service." Think of the splendor of ripping and tearing to pieces thousands of human beings, and then you have an idea of "splendid service." Cheering news means that the enemy has been badly defeated, leaving the field covered with horribly mutilated remains of men and horses—men dying of thirst, caused by wounds, and others crawling away minus a leg or an arm! This is cheering news. Then we have "brilliant affairs," in which the slaughter is not quite so terrible, but still it takes many victims to make up the "brilliance" out of it. And so on through the entire war vocabulary.

A SOLDIER of the 7th Illinois infantry, about 35 years old, named John M. Phillips, who was home on a furlough, was arrested last week at Springfield Illinois, charged with the crime of rape upon a little girl of nine years. A crowd of infuriated citizens gathered about the Court house demanding his immediate hanging, procuring a rope for that purpose, and finally furnished a brother of the child with revolvers, with which he shot Philips successively, causing his death in a few hours.

THE *Charleston Mercury* gives an account of the killing of Miss Pickins, daughter of ex-Gov. Pickens. She was about to be married, and the wedding party had assembled at the house of Gen. Bonham, when a shell from the Union forces penetrated the house and wounded the bride so that she died soon afterward. The marriage ceremony was completed as she lay dying on the floor. Lieut. De Rochelle was the bridegroom.

CAPT. MORRIS, 11th Kentucky Cavalry, of near Louisville, Ky., who last Fall while drunk sent out a file of men to capture a neighboring farmer named Johnson, with whom he had a quarrel *and not bring him alive*, the men obeying him by killing Johnson, has been arrested at Chicago. The Government had offered $1,000 reward for his capture, dead or alive.

THE BOSTON papers say there never was a time when so many infants were deserted and left on door-steps and entry-ways in that city by their unnatural parents as now, some of the babies having hardly enough clothing around their bodies to keep them from perishing, while others are quite elegantly attired.

THE Cincinnati Daily *Commercial* (administration Republican) says, with a great deal of truth, that it has "been generally observed that the President is not sensative on matters of personal dignity regarding himself."

THE Louisville (Ky.) *Journal* truly remarks: "It is the most awful fact in this war that the President of the United States *considers his own re-election the chief purpose to be accomplished by it.*"

☞ BOERHAVE'S HOLLAND BITTERS,
Boerhave's Holland Bitters,
Boerhave's Holland Bitters,
Boerhave's Holland Bitters,
Boerhave's Holland Bitters,
Two Hundred and Fifty Dozen on hand,
Two Hundred and Fifty Dozen on hand,
Two Hundred and Fifty Dozen on hand,
Two Hundred and Fifty Dozen on hand.

Having so large a stock on hand, I am prepared to sell to those who wish to purchase by the dozen, at a slight reduction from manufacturers' prices. Those dealing in these superior Bitters will find it to their interest to call and learn my prices. A large stock of Drugs, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, &c., on hand and at low prices.

At Jos. Fleming's Drug Store,
Corner of the Diamond and Market street,
my17-2t

☞ EFFECTS OF IRREGULARITIES AVOIDED.—Too much eating and drinking, new habits and modes of life often produce irregularities in the bowels and general health of the system. But BRANDRETH'S PILLS will soon cure, the stomach regain its strength and a healthy action of the system will be restored. No medicines are equal in usefulness to the BRANDRETH'S PILLS, BRANDRETH'S UNIVERSAL SALVE AND ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS. Every man of the FIRE ZOUAVES had a box of Brandreth's Pills, a box of Universal Salve, and an Allcock's Porous Plaster put in their knapsack free of expense. And to this fact may be attributed the absence of any of THIS REGIMENT from the hospital.

EVERY SOLDIER should have a box of Brandreth's Pills, a box of Salve, and a piece of Porous Plaster. They are SURE to be useful, often life-saving.

Sold by THOMAS REDPATH, Pittsburgh, and by all respectable dealers in medicines.
my7-1yd&wc

☞ SOLDIERS, SEE TO YOUR OWN health, do not trust to the Army supplies; Cholera, Fever, and Bowel Complaint will follow your slightest indiscretion. HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT should be in every man's knapsack. British and French troops use no other medicine. If the reader of this notice cannot get a box of Pillsor Ointment from the drug store in his place, let him write to me, 80 Maiden Lane, enclosing the amount, and I will mail a box free of expense. Many dealers will not keep my medicines on hand because they cannot make as much profit as on other persons' make. 35 cents, 88 cents, and $1.40 per box or pot. my16-1wc

☞ DR. TOBIAS' VENETIAN LINIMENT has given universal satisfaction during the fourteen years it has been introduced into the United States. After being tried by millions, it has been proclaimed the pain destroyer of the world. Pain cannot be where this liniment is applied. If used as directed it cannot and never has failed in a single instance. For coughs, colds and influenza, it can't be beat. One 25 cent bottle will cure all the above, besides being useful in every family for sudden accidents, such as burns, cuts, scalds, insect stings, &c. It is perfectly innocent to take internally and can be given to the oldest person or youngest child. Price 25 and 50 cents a bottle. Office, 56 Cortlandt street, New York.

Sold by THOS. REDPATH, Pittsburgh, and all respectable Druggists. my7-1yd&wc

☞ HEADS THAT REBEL AGAINST the rules of Taste and Beauty in their color or in the loss of their color, may be changed in a few moments to any BEAUTIFUL SHADE by a single application of

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE.

The rapidity of its operation, perfect safety, permanent healthful effect, and the exceeding depth and richness of the hues it imparts, distinguish this preparation from all other Dyes in use in this country or in Europe.

Cristadoro's Hair Preservative,

A valuable adjunct to the Dye, in dressing and promoting the growth an perfect health of the hair, and of itself, when used alone, a safeguard that protects the fibres from decay under all circumstances and under all climes.

Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, No. 6 Astor House, New York. Sold by all Druggists. Applied by all Hair Dressers.
my7-1ydkwc

☞ A FACT.

Is it a Dye.

In the year 1855 Mr. Mathews first prepared the VENETIAN HAIR DYE; since that time it has been used by thousands, and in no instance has it failed to give entire satisfaction.

The VENETIAN DYE is the cheapest in the world. Its price is only Fifty cents, and each bottle contains double the quantity of dye in those usually sold for $1.

The VENETIAN DYE is warranted not to injure the hair or scalp in the slightest degree.

The VENETIAN DYE works with rapidity and certainty, the hair requiring no preparation whatever.

The VENETIAN DYE produces any shade that may be desired—one that will not fade, crock or wash out—one that is as permanent as the hair itself. For sale by all druggists. Price 50 cents.

A. L. MATHEWS,
General Agent, 12 Gold st. N. Y.

Also manufacturer of MATHEWS' ARNICA HAIR GLOSS, the best hair dressing in use. Price 25 cents. jan16-1yd

VENETIAN HAIR DYE, VENETIAN LINIMENT and CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE, sold at
JOS. FLEMING'S DRUG STORE,
Cor. of the Diamond and Market st.

☞ WE HAVE LEARNED NOT TO be astonished at anything. Years of experience and correspondence extending throughout all the nationalities of the habitable globe have turned their theories into facts and established a basis from which we need not err. We are not surprised at such facts as the following—although the persons who write them are. We know the persons and circumstances, hence feel at liberty to endorse their statements:

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Nov. 24, 1863.

DEAR SIR:—I have been afflicted many years with severe prostrating cramps in my limbs, cold feet and hands, and a general disordered system. Physicians and medicines failed to relieve me. While visiting some friends New York who were using Plantation Bitters they prevailed upon me to try them. I commenced with a small wineglassful after dinner. Feeling better by degrees, in a few days I was astonished to find the coldness and cramps had entirely left me, and I could sleep the night through, which I had not done for years. I feel like another being. My appetite and strength have also greatly improved by the use of the Plantation Bitters.

Respectfully, JUDITH RUSSEL.

REEDSBURY, Wis., Sept. 16, 1863.

* * * I have been in the army hospital for fourteen months—speechless and nearly dead. At Alton, Ill., they gave me a bottle of Plantation Bitters. * * * Three bottles restored my speech and cured me. * * C. A. FLAUTE."

The following is from the Manager of the Union Home School for the Children of Volunteers:

HAVEMEYER MANSION, 57TH ST.,
New York, Aug. 2, 1863.

DR DRAKE:—"Your wonderful Plantation Bitters have been given to some of our little children suffering from weakness and weak lungs with most happy effect. One little girl in particular, with pains in her head, loss of appetite, and daily wasting consumption, on whom all medical skill had been exhausted, has been entirely restored. We commenced with but a teaspoonful of Bitters a day. Her appetite and strength rapidly increased, and she is now well.

Respectfully, MRS. O. M. DEVOE."

* * * I owe much to you, for I verily believe the Plantation Bitters have saved my life.
REV. W. H. WAGGONER, Madrid, N.Y."

* * * Thou will send me two bottles more of thy Plantation Bitters. My wife has been greatly benefited by their use. Thy friend,
ASA CURRIN, Philadelphia, Pa."

* * * I have been a great sufferer from Dyspepsia, and had to abandon Preaching. * * Plantation Bitters have cured me.
REV. J. S. CATHORN, Rochester, N. Y."

* * * I have given the Plantation Bitters to hundreds of our disabled soldiers with the most astonishing effect.
G. W. D. ANDREWS,
Superintendent Soldier's Home, Cin., O."

* * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me of Liver Complaint, of which I was laid up prostrate, and had to abandon my business.
H. B. KINGSLEY, Cleveland, O."

* * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me of a derangement of the Kidneys and Urinary Organs that has distressed me for years. It acts like a charm.
C. C. MOORE,
No. 254 Broadway."

&c., &c., &c., &c.

The Plantation Bitters make the weak strong, the languid brilliant, and are exhaused nature's great restorer. They are composed of the celebrated Calisaya Bark, Wintergreen, Sassafras, Roots, Herbs, &c., all preserved in perfectly pure St. Croix Rum.

S. T.—1860—X.

Persons of sedentary habits, troubled with weakness, lassitude, palpitation of the heart, lack of appetite, distress after eating, torpid liver, constipation, &c., deserve to suffer if they will not try them.

They are recommended by the highest medical authorities, and are warranted to produce an *immediate* beneficial effect. They are exceedingly agreeable, perfectly pure and harmless.

NOTICE.—Any person pretending to sell Plantation Bitters in bulk or by the gallon is a swindler and imposter. It is put up only in our log cabin bottle. Beware of bottles refilled with imitation deleterious stuff, for which several persons are already in prison. See that every bottle has our United States stamp over the cork *unmutilated*, and our signature on steel-plate side label. Sold by respectable dealers throughout the habitable globe.

P. H. DRAKE & CO.,
202 Broadway, N. Y.

☞ DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS.—The genuine article sold by
SIMON JOHNSTON,
cor. Smithfield and 4th sts.
feb27md&w-eod

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

GEORGE W SMITH'S

FARM FOR SALE.

In consequence of the removal of part of my family, my own age, and other considerations of a private and family nature, I wish to contract my affairs and confine my attention to my old established Brewing and Malting business in Wheeling, and to accomplish this, I offer for sale by private contract till the 31st DAY OF MAY, 1864, and if not then sold, by Public Auction,

The Magnificent Estate of
WADDINGTON,

Containing 414 acres of beautiful and fertile rolling hill land, well watered with never failing springs, in one of the most salubrious countries in the world, and situated in a neighborhood of wealthy and highly respectable people. It is on the Bethany turnpike, four miles from Wheeling. The mansion is in thorough repair, large and commodious, (56 feet by 75 feet,) with every modern convenience, surrounded with shrubbery and trees. The principal tenant house is a neat and comfortable two-story brick. The dairy house is spacious and fixtures are conveniently arranged. There are also eight cottages on the estate, (all rented to old and good tenants,) the rental of which pays more than the taxes. An extensive barn, with stone basement divided into stabling for 15 horses, and stalls for 40 cattle, with cellars, bins, mows, and everything in the highest requisition of a farm; it stands in a yard 70 feet square, surrounded by brick sheds for cattle and sheep; also blacksmith's shop and slaughter house.

The farm is well known to be the best improved and most highly cultivated in this part of the country, stocked with imported and other choice cattle, sheep, horses, implements, &c., &c. The growing crops consist of 34 acres of fall wheat; 20 acres of fall barley; 23 acres of spring barley; 35 acres of black oats; 80 acres of corn; 12 acres of potatoes; 55 acres of meadow, the balance in good pasture, all of which will be sold as above stated on the 31st OF MAY, 1864.

Terms of purchase made known on day of sale, and at the following places, where plans of the place and further particulars can be given after the 15th of May, 1864:

NEW YORK—At the office of Messrs. Parker, Brooks & Co., 1 Water street; Mr. John Jay Hannah, Pearl street; Mr. William Hannah, Pearl street; Messrs. M'Crombie & Child, 11 Water street.

PHILADELPHIA—Messrs. Bullett & Fairthorne.

BALTIMORE—Messrs. H. Straus, Bro. & Bell.

PITTSBURGH—Mr. J. Fleming's Drug Store.

CLEVELAND—Mr. J. H. Smith's Malt House.

CINCINNATI—D. H. Mitchell & Co., Water street.

ST. LOUIS—W. & R. Heinerickshoten.

LOUISVILLE—C. C. Rufer.

WHEELING—At the Brewery.
my12-4wkwtd

EVERGREEN WREATHING FOR SANITARY FAIR.

Ladies and others in the surrounding country engaged in preparing Wreathing for the Sanitary Fair Buildings are notified that the same should be sent in not later than MONDAY, 23d inst. If delivered by wagon, the packages will be received at the Agricultural Building, Allegheny city, and if shipped by railroad or steamboat, the packages should be addressed F. R. BRUNOT, Pittsburgh Sanitary Fair, with the word "Decorations" distinctly marked thereon. A notice of the shipment should be sent to W. D. M'Clowan, Secretary of the Fair, enclosing a list of the names engaged in their preparation.
my17-6t

HELP FOR THE SOLDIERS.

We, the undersigned, hereby give the wages of one day, or the sums set opposite to our names, to the Pittsburgh Sanitary Fair, for the Sick and Wounded Soldiers. [*Here add the name of the establishment, mine, profession or trade, and the locality.*]

Let the Proprietor, Manager, Boss, or any patriotic man, paste or copy the above on white paper; get it signed by all the men of the mill, mine, furnace, shop, boat yard, store, trade or occupation to which he belongs, transmit the amount to NATHANIEL HOLMES, jr., Treasurer of the Fair, Pittsburgh.

The receipt of the money will be duly acknowledged by letter and the newspapers.

The sound of the battle, the groans of our brothers and defenders, the memory of the glorious dead, and our hopes of success in the struggle call on us to be prompt and generous.

May God put it into the heart of every Christian and patriot to respond with his mite or his treasure.

For the Executive Committee.
my16-tf F. R. BRUNOT, Chairman.

SANITARY FAIR.—THE COMMITTEE on Mechanics' Hall respectfully request all who are desirous to contribute machinery or mechanical devices and displays appropriate to that Department, to report as early as possible to either of the undersigned, so that the proper arrangements may be made for the reception and accommodation of every article that may be offered.

The Committee will meet regularly, on Tuesday and Friday afternoons, at four o'clock, until otherwise ordered, at the office of Jas. M. Cooper, No. —, Bank Block, Fifth street, where contributors or others having business are invited to confer with the Committee.

JAMES M. COOPER,
P. H. MILLER,
JOHN J. JENNINGS,
WILLIAM WADE,
THOS. S. BLAIR,
W. A. FAIRES,
Committee on Mechanics' Hall, Sanitary Fair.
my16-tf

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION of the

Phenix Fire Insurance Company,

OF Brooklyn, N. Y., April 1st, 1864.

CASH CAPITAL	$500,000 00	
Surplus	203,113 88—$703,113 88	
Cash in Bank and on hand	66,134 21	
Real Estate owned by the Company	8,526 03	
Bonds and Mortgages, mostly dwelling houses, worth in each case from 50 to 100 per cent. more than the amount loaned	194,978 00	
Loans on Demand, secured by collaterals of Bank and United States Securities, the market value of which is $361,[illegible]	220,675 00	
Fire and Inland Premiums uncollected, and in course of transmission	14,[illegible] 11	
Bills Receivable for Premiums on Inland Navigation Risks	16,141 21	
Interest accrued but not due	3,598 00	
50 Shares Brooklyn Union Ferry Stock. Market value	[illegible]	
$5,000 7-30 U. S. Treasury Notes. Market value	[illegible]	
$60,000 U. S. 5-20 Bonds. Market value	54,000 00	
$18,000 U. S. 10 per cent. Bonds of 1867. Market value	22,[illegible] 00	
$9,000 U. S. 5 per cent. Bonds of 1885. Market value	14,850 00	
$20,000 Tennessee Bonds. Cost	11,265 00	
San Francisco Bonds. Market value	6,[illegible] 00	
$50,000 U. S. certificates of Indebtedness	49,656 25—$703,113 88	
Liabilities	$30,013 30	

STEPHEN CROWELL, President.
EDGAR W. CROWELL, Vice President.
PHILANDER SHAW, Secretary.
S. S. BRYAN,
Pittsburgh Agent,
my11 59 Fourth st.

Real Estate Savings Institution

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION of the above institution, Saturday, April 30th, 1864

Amount of Deposits	$180,378 68	
Amount interest due depositors May 1st	3,074 08	
Amount Contingent Fund	6,629 96—$190,681 67
ASSETS.		
First Liens on Real Est'te	$6,223 67	
U. S. 5-20 Bonds at par	51,400 00	
U. S. Debt Cer. and Notes	15,409 10	
Accrued Interest not collected	1,589 57	
Office Furniture	150 00	
Cash on hand	22,809 27—$190,681 67	

The undersigned Auditing Committee have examined the books of the Institution, the bonds and securities, and counted the cash, and have found the above statement to be correct.

H. CHILDS,
N. VOEGHTLY,
W. B. COPELAND.

Pittsburgh, May 2d, 1864.

☞ Deposits received DAILY and EVERY SATURDAY EVENING. Interest paid at SIX PER CENT. per annum.

TRUSTEES:
ISAAC JONES, President,

Hon. Thos M. Howe.	Hon. J. K. Moorhead,
Wm. H. Smith,	C. G. Hussey,
Wm. B. Copeland,	Jacob Painter,
Harvey Childs,	Nicholas Voeghtly.

Office, 63 Fourth Street,

A. A. CARRIER, Treasurer.
my7-dtf&3tw

POTATOES—300 BUSHELS IRISH CUPS, for sale by
PETZER & ARMSTRONG,
my16 corner Market and First sts.

NEW DATES—25 FRAILS NEW DATES, just received and for sale by
REXMER & BROS.,
my16 128 and 128 Wood st.

DECORATIVE WALL PAPERS, Panels, Pillars, Frescoes, Statuary, Views, Testers, Fire Screens, Borders, &c., &c. For sale by W. P. MARSHALL, 87 Wood st.

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

SUMMER FASHIONS NOW READY.

GREAT ATTRACTIONS TO-DAY AT

THE PITTSBURGH CLOAK AND MANTILLA STORE,

NO. 73 MARKET STREET.

New Style Lace Burnous, Lace Points, Silk Basques, Circulars, Jackets and Sacques.

ALL NEW DESIGNS. A stock of the above goods also on hand at the Fashionable Misses' and Children's garment establishment, which will find it to their advantage to call and examine our stock before visiting New York.

M. J. SPENCE.
my17

NEW LOCK STITCH AND DOUBLE LOCK STITCH

SEWING MACHINES!

THE ONLY ONE WHICH MAKES

THE ELASTIC STITCH.

☞ Call and examine for yourselves. See samples. Send for a circular.

Office, No. 18 FIFTH STREET,

A. F. CHATONEY.
my17-1t General Agent.

CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
TWEEDS,
DRILLINGS, &c.,
SUITABLE FOR BOYS' WEAR.

For sale by
WHITE, ORR & CO.
No. 25 Fifth Street.
my17

J. G. WELDON.....JNO. KELLY.
WELDON & KELLY,
GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
Plumbers and Brass Founders,
164 WOOD STREET, near Sixth,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ Pumps sold and repaired. Proprietors and manufacturers of Dakin's Patent Water Drawer and Musgrave's Patent Gas Cooking and Heating Stoves. my17

DR. BROWN'S REMEDIES ARE known only to himself. Will cure certain diseases when all other remedies fail. Recent cases cured without hinderance from business in a very short time. The cure is made by destroying the poisonous taint that the blood is sure to keep unless the proper remedy is used. This is what he claims for his remedies, that they are the sure and only remedies for that foul disease, Syphillis. Office, No. 60 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh. my17-1t

OATS—600 BUSH PRIME OATS Just received and for sale by
PETZER & ARMSTRONG,
my6 corner Market and First sts.

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

PROCLAMATION

$100,000

We have now on hand a most superb Stock of Goods, suited to the Pittsburgh trade. We invite comparison, defy competition, and will pay a liberal

REWARD

To any person that can produce the same quality of work at the same price that is sold at our celebrated Establishment, No. 62 FIFTH STREET; and notwithstanding

PRESIDENT LINCOLN

Has admirably conducted one of the greatest Rebellions the world ever knew, and has used nearly all the Shoemakers in his good cause we have

CAPTURED

Enough for our present trade, and shall give our customers the benefit thereof, and never stop to ask where we shall get more when these are gone; and customers may always rely upon getting, at CONCERT HALL SHOE STORE, next door to the Express Office, the best Goods for the least money, upon all occasions. We shall keep pace with the times, and, come what may in the shape of Panics, you will find us "ready for the emergency," and always leading the Shoe Houses and regulating the prices.
my4

1,000

HOOP SKIRTS.

NEW STYLES,

Just received at

M'CLELLAND'S.

55 FIFTH STREET.
my3

REMOVAL.

Bradbury. Bradbury.

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN INforming our friends and the public generally, that we now occupy the large and commodious house,

No. 12 Bissell's Block,
ST. CLAIR STREET,

Where we have just received from the manufacturers of

W. B. BRADBURY, New York,
AND
SCHOMACKER & CO., Philadelphia,
A new lot of their superior

PIANOS!

Also, a complete assortment of
Smith's Celebrated
HARMONIUMS, MELODEONS
And Musical Goods Generally.

The superiority of the BRADBURY PIANO is already established. In the history of Pianos no new instrument has gained so rapidly in popularity or received so many premiums within the space of two years, as the New Scale Full Iron Frame, Overstrung Bass and Grand Action Piano Forte, manufactured by Wm. B. Bradbury. SCHOMACKER & CO.'S PIANOS having been so long and favorably known in this and other countries need no further comment.

All Guaranted for Five Years.

WAMELINK & BARR,
Sole Agents for Pittsburgh and Western Pa., No. 12 Bissell's Block, St. Clair st.

☞ Good Second-Hand Pianos for rent. Tuning and Repairing done promptly. ap30

Counterfeits!! LOOK OUT!! Counterfeits!!! LOOK OUT!!!
Humbugers are About!!!
GENUINE PEBBLE
Russian ☞ Spectacles

IMPORTANT NOTICE.—IMPROVE YOUR SIGHT.—Having opened my new place of business, and have received direct from Russia, a fine and most brilliant genuine Diamond Russian Pebble Spectacles, warranted to preserve, strengthen and improve the sight. Purchasers are entitled to Spectacles free of charge if the first should fail. Also, received one of the finest stocks ever brought to this city of Philosophical, Mathematical and Optical Instruments, which I will sell to suit the times, and respectfully invite all in want of theartic le.

J. DIAMOND, Practical Optician.

Look out for No. 51, 51, 51 Fifth street.
ap4

GRAVEL ROOFING.

LUPTON, OLDDEN & CO.,
Have removed their office to
No. 98 Market Street,
One Door from Corner of 5th.

☞ Orders promptly attended to at prices that defy competition.

Material for Sale with Instructions.
my12

THE GREATEST VARIETY OF
ELEGANT AND CHEAP
WALL PAPER,
OIL CLOTHS
AND
WINDOW SHADES
ARE SOLD AT
FOERSTER & SCHWARZ'S,
164 Smithfield Street,
my13

Democratic Meeting.

A MEETING OF THE CENTRAL Democratic Club of Allegheny county, will be held at their Club Room, corner of Fifth and Smithfield streets, on TUESDAY, the 17th day of May. A punctual attendance of all the members is requested, as business of importance will be transacted. A. J. BAKER,
my12-td Chairman.

DWELLING HOUSE FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers for sale the dwellin house in which he now lives, situated on South Avenue, First ward, Allegheny. The lot is 27 feet front by 160 deep, running back to a 20 feet alley. It is a two storied brick, contains six rooms and cellar. The out-houses are a wash house, stable, coal house, &c. There is a large yard surrounding the dwelling, filled with shade and ornamental trees. There is gas and water in all the rooms of the dwelling.

I also offer for sale a desirable country residence in Rochester township, Beaver county, Pa., containing twenty acres of ground. There is a new two storied frame dwelling, containing six rooms, on the property. There is also a young orchard of all kinds of fruit. There is a good barn, out-houses, &c. It is about a mile from the Rochester depot.

For terms, inquire of R. M. BOLES,
jan