The Daily Post.

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☞ We will furnish the DAILY POST, to agents at the rate of $2.00 per hundred copies.

FRIDAY, MORNING, MAY 13, 1864.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

Terrific Gale.

In our dispatches by telegraph on last Wednesday morning information was received of a terrific gale on lake Michigan. We have just received the *Chicago Times* which contains a graphic description of the fearful scenes witnessed near that city and along the lake. The gale is represented as being the most terrific and destructive that has visited that place for a long time, yet, strange to say, but few lives were lost. The *Times* says: "In the black night, with the merciless elements tossing as they never tossed before, driving everything before them, the mariner found himself plunging first down under the inhospitable waves, then up again only to be once more driven almost to the bottom of the deep.

There were many prayers sent up to God on Monday night from men who never prayed before. Many hardy sons of Neptune, who never before knew what it was to fear, at that time trembled like so many aspen leaves. Men who in any other place would have braved death without a shudder, shrank back in horror from that dreadful gale!

The Schooner Storm was struck by the gale at 11 o'clock on Monday night, about three miles south of Waukegan. In one hour from that time she water-logged, rolled over on her beam ends, and lost her masts. After the loss of her masts she drifted about until 7 o'clock in the morning, when she went ashore about three miles north of Evanstown, striking the beach near Calvary Cemetery. The propeller Harbor, Capt. Hopkins, left the city on Monday evening, with a light load, for St. Joseph, Michigan. At the commencement of the storm she put back, but missed the harbor, and went ashore about daylight, in the vicinity of the Reform School. Unless the storm is renewed she will probably get off with trifling loss. She had on board quite a number of passengers, among whom were Beller's Concert troupe, who were *e route* to St. Joseph. All the passengers got on shore without injury. The schooner S. Bates was driven ashore opposite the Reform School yesterday forenoon, and shortly afterwards sunk. She was loaded with lumber, a greater portion of which will be saved. One of the crew, named Bates, had his leg badly hurt, and another, whose name could not be learned, was injured in the head, though not seriously. The remainder of the crew were uninjured. The Backus succeeded in making the harbor 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon after a perilous passage. With the exception of losing her topmast, she escaped without injury. The propeller C. Mears, which left this city on Monday evening, is reported ashore at Clark's point, near Calumnet. She has several passengers on board, but no freight. At 1 o'clock there were forty-seven vessels, one steamboat, (The Michigan,) and one propeller, (The City of Boston,) at anchor in the lake, from Grosse Point to the pier in this city. At 3 o'clock the number had increased to eighty-nine, and it is probable that at sunset it was still larger.

The Major Anderson loaded with lumber was much injured. The Bark Great West was ashore considerably injured. The Schooner B. Eaton, went ashore but is uninjured. Another vessel (name unknown) is ashore at Grosse Point.

The effects of the great gale could be seen in nearly every st. In the city yesterday morning. Fences which had stood for years were blown down, stout trees were uprooted, wood-sheds and outhouses were overturned and displaced, brick walls were overthrown, and everything movable transferred to a different locality from that occupied previously. There was, however, no serious damage done. Accounts from Milwaukee and other places represent the gale as being equally severe.

Mayor's Office.—A man by the name of John Phillips, was arrested yesterday for disorderly conduct, and put in the lock up. He was not very long in his cell till he took a board and commenced pounding against the ceiling and finally broke several bricks out round the ventilator of his apartment. His Honor Major Lowry fined him twenty dollars and costs for this rude and malicous conduct. How long will it take people to learn that resistance to public officers, in the discharge of their lawful duty will only increase the penalty for the commission of misdemeanor! Every wrongdoer ought to know that the fault of their imprisonment does not lie with the officer, but either with themselves or the witnesses that appear against them, and that resistance is not only folly but madness. James Murphy, of the 9th ward, was arrested for throwing stones and otherwise interfering with a ball. We do not know whether he or the ball was in fault, but the testimony was against him and he was fined and also held to bail to appear in Court for assault and battery. A grocer was also fined five dollars for forestalling the market. The Mayor seems determined to enforce the law against all who are guilty of this offence, hence dealers should take care how and when they buy and sell. The ordinances of the city in regard to forestalling the market are certainly known to all dealers in and about the city.

The Sanitary Fair.—The buildings of the Sanitary Fair are slowly approaching completion. The roofs are nearly finished and the floors are laid except in Mechanics Hall, where they appear a little behind. The Audience Hall or Theatre is nearly completed. The platform is large and the seats are raised as they extend back from the platform, towards the entrance. The Floral Hall is almost ready for the reception of furniture and articles for display. The Dining Hall has tables and apartments prepared for the accommodation of a great number of persons. This will be the place to get your money back. Though the work is progressing as fast as the magnitude of the structure will permit, yet we doubt whether the buildings will be ready in three weeks. Indeed they should be finished within two weeks, as it will require a week to move in and set up housekeeping. The present indications are that there will be more tenants than tenements, and more furniture than people who are in the habit of moving are accustomed to carry along with them. Let the work be pushed up to the day of opening the great Fair.

The Lost Boys.—On yesterday about four o'clock, Chief of Police, officer Long, received a dispatch from the parents of two of the boys noticed in yesterday's paper, to the effect that an officer had started from Philadelphia and to be here to-day at one or two o'clock for the purpose of escorting the little hunting boys home again. The young larks did not like to hear this bit of gossip. One said he wished he had gone to the navy, that he had tried the army and they would not let him enlist on account of his youth. The whole three seem to take imprisonment well. They have plenty to eat and their apartments are warm and comfortable. The police pay every attention to them to render their condition pleasant. No doubt their re-union with their families will be quite agreeable and effecting to all parties.

Religious Reception.—On Thursday, May 2d, at St. Xavier's Convent, Latrobe, the Bishop of the Diocese gave the holy habit and the white veil of the Order of Mercy to Miss Sarah Coyle, (in religion, Sister Mary Gonzales) and Miss Ellie M'Nally, (in religion, Sister Mary Eugenia). The Bishop preached on the occasion. Very Rev. Messrs. M'Mahon and Hickey, and Rev. Messrs. Garland, Rupert, O. S. B Quinn and Keogh assisted at the religious ceremony.—*Pittsburgh Catholic.*

Very Rev. Thomas Heyden, of Bedford, will deliver a lecture, in the basement of St. Paul's Cathedral, on Sunday evening, May 15th, at 7½ o'clock, for the benefit of the Sunday Schools attached to the Cathedral. Subject: "The Coliseum of Rome." Admission, 25 cents. —*Pittsburgh Catholic.*

Fatal Accident.—A little boy named Wm. Johnston was so badly burned at Huntingdon, the other day, by his clothes taking fire, that he died in a few hours.

List Continued.

Below we continue the list of wounded in the late battles as far as heard from. The first twenty-three were wounded near Petersburg fighting under Gen. Butler, all of the 76th Regiment:

A. H. Mains, E. Sweeny, H. Hyol, H. Maul, L. E. Harke, W. H. Adams, J. W. E. Young J. D. Peterman, D. Johnston, D. Davis, Sergt. L. Warner, Charles Coffin, P. Beitz, D. Shutz, J. Haggerty, C. Young, James Rumbath T. Montgomery, G. Hamsey, J. Minger, T. Ramage, F. Benjamin, P. A. Miller, J. Leader; D. Johnston, 16th; L. W. Thomas, 17th; J. L. Carr, 65th; H. G. H. Ludwig, 11th; Geo. Cooper, 11th; Wright, 57th; Corporal J. Kellog, 57th; James Hunter, 100th; Joseph Ball, 100th.

SIXTY FIRST PENNA.

George Patton, arm; Augustus Siler, shoulder; Irwin Sydick, thigh; John Harper, neck and side; Charles Martin, right shoulder; Joseph Murrey, thigh; Alex. Jamison, abdomen; H C Bird, thigh; G K Lutz, neck; C Farley, knee; Peter Henry, groin; E Hickey, side; George Shaffer, thigh; Samuel Fisher, thigh; E D Elia, leg; John Last, lung; Wm J Brooks, thigh; Jas Lynch, hand; William J Conn, shoulder; Andy Leidy, thigh; Jacob Roberts, loin; A Marks, thigh; John L Taylor, arm; Daniel Smart, groin; Dewitt Greer face; Peter Bradley, (Orderly Company G) head, dead. J D Cox, Corporal Co. K, scalp; George R Warnaw, elbow; JM Miller, hip and thigh; J W Sawyer, leg; H G Deeker, arm; Isaac Brady, lung; Orlando Ellis, arm; A D Taylor, face; Capt Wm Dawson, Co G leg; A Davis, wrist; Daniel Brigley, jaw: Thomas M Robinson, knee; Joseph Bowman, Co G breast; William Woodford, knee.

In Western Pennsylvania Regiments:

105th REGIMENT.

Killed—Col John W Patterson, Lieutenant Jacob Drum, company C.

Wounded—Captain Thomas C Kirkbride, company B, breast, severe; Adjutant Alex P Colow, hip, severe; Captain Samuel Fullwood, Co M, shoulder, slightly; Lieutenant St Clair Cooper, Co A right shoulder, slightly; Captain James D Kick, D L contusion in groin; Lieut Thos A M'Laughlin, Co L flesh wound in the leg, Lieutenant Samuel M Duvall, Co E head, slight.

102 Regiment—Harvey Green. J W M'Naughon, sick.

The wounded of this regiment are all at Fredericksburg.

155TH REGIMENT.

Killed—Major A H Snyder. No other officers killed. Lieut. Col. Moody commanding regiment, unhurt.

Wounded—Adjutant A M Harper, slightly in groin—is at Fredericksburg.

Loss in regiment, one hundred and ninety-eight killed and wounded—fully one-third of those engaged.

Major Snyder was formerly Captain of company A, from Mercer, Pa.

155TH PENNSYLVANIA.

Wounded—George F. Platt Co. I; Josua Wentling, Co. G; J. Bryant Co. E, 155th Pa.; J. Edinger, thigh.

We have not yet obtained but meagre lists of the casualties in the regiments from this locality which participated in the recent battles in Virginia, but from what we have it is plain that they suffered very heavily. Full lists will be at hand in a day or two.

LIST OF PENNSYLVANIANS WOUNDED AT THE BATTLES ON THE RAPIDAN.

Joseph H Stott, company H, 1st Penna Reserves; Thomas C Fleming, company E, 1st Pa Reserves; Geo Neff, company I, 12th Penna Reserves; Sergt Thos Grier, company C, 48th Pa.; John Vanatta, company H, 63d Pennsylvania; Martin Wise, company A, 97th Pennsylvania; Henry Brandle, company A, 57th Pennsylvania; Patrick Quigley, company H, 67th Pennsylvania; Joseph Bounds, company F, (1st Peter D) Hepsley, company C, 61st: George Parton, C; 61st; Robert H Stewart, company E, 62d; O H Reddick, Co. D, 62d; J Henderson, Co D, 62d Joseph Walding, company D, 63; Warten Titus company F, 82; John Wiseman, company H, 72; James Bower, company B, 72; Henderson Rogers, company G, 83; Corp Samuel Welles, company A, 83; Charles O'Hart, company H, 83; William Willer, company B, 83; Horner Latley, company K, 84; William Roeset, company E, 83; Charles W Shoeles, company H, 93; James Shistler, company H, 93; Joseph H Fetermacher, company H, 98; Henry Miller, company H, 93; Serg David Eckman, company H, 93; Jacob Moore, company E, 96; John Campbell, company E, 96; Corp Frank Endy, company E, 96; Harvey J Mills, company E, 96; George Moyer, company E, 96; Solomon Miller, company K, 100; William Johns, company B, 101; Amos Fell, company H, 102; John W Morton, company H, 102; Darius Washbender, company H, 105; John R Schoffer, company B, 105; David H Hropp, company A, 103; William Rounds, company H, 110; John Bigele, company C, 110; Manas Connaghan, company B, 110; Joseph Lukens, company K, 118; Serg Henry Smith, company A, 118; Louis W. Korner, company A, 118; Corp W E K Cooper, company G, 119th; Corp Job B Hellings, company G, 119th; Jas A Bach F, 138th; Jacob Christner, company F, 142d; Corp John P Devilley, company H, 142d; Sergt Martin Eaton, company F, 142d; John B Wilson, company G, 142d; Chas Hober, company I, 142d; Alex Digg, company E, 142d man, company F, 142d; Corp James P Howson company E, 142d; Morris Freeman, company I, 150th; Joshua Wenting, company G, 155th; Geo F Platt, company G, 155th; Joshua Bryant company E, 155th; Wm A Marshal, company E, 155th.

The Gallant 139th.—The following list has just been received from the Army of the Potomac, through a private letter:

LIST OF CASUALTIES, FRIDAY'S BATTLE, 139TH REGIMENT.

Marahl Long,	Company A,	killed.
Henry Ichanan,	" B,	wounded.
Jacob Shaw	" "	"
John McCormick	" "	missing.
Wm Hook,	" "	"
Sergeant H Park.	" C,	wounded.
Corp Jno Krute	" "	"
Robt Graham,	" "	"
Joseph Lessig,	" "	missing.
Thos Seabrook,	" "	"
G W Wilds,	" "	"
Serg Jno Carver	" D,	wounded.
Corp J M'Gowan,	" "	"
Jacob B Eishman,	" E,	"
Wm G Reiher,	" "	"
S A Graham,	" "	"
Robt F Fenell,	" F,	missing.
Serg M Gray,	" G,	rep'd killed.
Robt McQuillen,	" "	wounded.
Wm Genvig,	" "	"
Simon Ganett,	" "	missing.
J S Kane,	" H,	"
Wm Herrington,	" "	"
J Ebberhart,	" I,	"
B F Warden	" "	"
James Croy,	" "	killed.
Jos Boggs,	" "	wounded.
Thos Hart,	" "	missing.
Wm Ford,	" "	"
Corp C R Basil,	" "	sev'y wounded

In the two first day's fighting there were 223 killed, wounded and missing. In addition to officers previously reported, injured, Capt. Douglass, company A, wounded; Lieut. R. M. Culver, company F, wounded. The Regiment received great praise for gallantry.

Death of Col. Patterson.—We are pained to chronicle the death of Col. John W. Patterson, who left this city with his regiment only a few days ago, in the best of spirits, to join the Army of the Potomac. The Colonel fell in one of those terrible and bloody struggles, near the Rapidan, at the front of the battle, leading the gallant 102d into action. The Col. was young, brave and full of energy, highly respected by friends at home and the soldiers he commanded. He responded in the very first stages of the rebellion to the calls of his country for aid, and went out at the head of Co. B, 13th Regiment in the three months service, under the first call of the President. After returning home and remaining while, he raised another company and joined the 102d Regiment, with which he went to the Army of the Potomac, was engaged in several of the severe conflicts there with the rebels and was wounded in the battle of Fair Oaks. He was afterwards promoted to the office of Major and soon after to that of Colonel. He is the son of Nathaniel Patterson a highly respectable citizen of this place, and he leaves many friends and relatives in and about Pittsburgh to mourn his loss. Such is the fate of battle, the uncertainty of life upon war's ensanguined fields, where from the waving harvest of life death fills her granaries.

Oil City News.—The house of Mr. Burgon Michigan street, caught fire from a stove pipe and burned down. The heavy rains have left the streets in a bad condition. The citizens met the other night to arrange a Hook and Ladder Company. The editor of the Oil City *Register* has labored to gain information in regard to new oil companies with but little success Though he lives in the city these enterprises are kept so quiet that he cannot make a correct and reliable statement of the recent changes in oil speculations.

A New Book.—We have received from Davis, Clark & Co., a Book entitled "The Nation's Sin and Punishment," written by a Chaplain of the United States Army. We have not read the book, but would infer from reading the table of contents that the author was afflicted with the malady treated of in the twelfth chapter, namely, "The enslavement of the mind;" The work is published by J. B. Lippincott & Co., Philadelphia.

Blackberry has long been used in both regular and domestic practice. In the form of Rankin's Spiced Blackberry it is particularly pleasant, safe and effectual for diseases of the bowels, such as Diarrhea and Dysentery. Sold by all respectable Druggists.

The Douglas Tree.—A tree under which the lamented Stephen A. Douglas made a speech at Rushville, Schuyler county, Illinois, is to be worked up and the pieces sent to the St. Louis Sanitary Fair.

The Weather.—Since the heavy showers on Tuesday afternoon, the sky has been cloudy and a drizzling rain has continued to fall, which causes the streets to be very muddy and out-of-doors to be exceedingly disagreeable. The atmosphere is quite cool and fires are again the order of the day in every household.

Lost Children.—Inquiry was made at the Mayor's Office on yesterday afternoon for two children, a boy and girl, aged from four to six years old, who had wandered from their home on Wylie street and were supposed to be lost. Up to the time of writing this they have not been heard from.

Decision.—The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania has decided that the Central Railroad Company cannot charge Pittsburg transporters more tonnage on freight than transporters of through freight.

Tobacco and Groceries at Auction.—This (Friday) morning at 10 o'clock, will be sold at McClelland's Auction House, 55 Fifth street, a large stock of Tobacco; also, Groceries. Sale positive.

Drowned.—A little girl named Elizabeth Cheatham was drowned in the Allegheny river, near Duquesne borough day before yesterday. She was about 8 years old.

Fire.—The residence of Michael Snyder, Carrol Township, Cambria county, was burned on last Sunday when the family were at church.

Retaken.—Lieut. Freeman G. Gay who escaped lately from Libby Prison was recaptured and sent back. He is from Greensburg.

JOSEPH MEYER.....ANTHONY MEYER

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MANUFACTURERS OF

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FURNITURE AND CHAIRS,

WAREHOUSE,

135 Smithfield, and 424 Penn Sts.,

Between 6th st., and Virgin alley,

PITTSBURGH.

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

Lessee and Manager..... W. HENDERSON.
Treasurer..... H. OVERINGTON.
Fourth night of the popular actress,
NO BILL RECEIVED.

MASONIC HALL.

FOR ONE WEEK.

Commencing on Monday May 9.

CAPT. WILLIAMS'

Wonderful Scenes

In the Life of a

YANKEE WHALEMAN!

Which for

250 Consecutive Nights in New York,
210 Consecutive Nights in Philadelphia,
100 Consecutive Nights in Boston,
97 Consecutive Nights in Baltimore,

Was received with the widest demonstrations of delight. The WHALE BOAT manned by a crew of living men,

CAPT. WILLIAMS, CHARLIE,
FRANK, WILLIE,
FRED.

And the inimitable mirth-provoking boy BART enact the mad chase and capture of the SPERM WHALE, creating the most intense excitement and illciiting UNBOUNDED MERRIMENT.

Admission.....25 cents.
Reserved Seats.....50 cents.
Doors open at 7 o'clock; to commence at 8, every day from 9 to 12 a. m.

MATINEES—WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY at 3 p. m. Admission 25 cents to all parts of the house. Children 15 cents. my9-1w

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HIGHEST PREMIUM

LOCKSTITCH

SEWING MACHINES

THE CHEAPEST,

SIMPLEST,

And BEST,

Principal Office and Wholesale Emporium,

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GEORGE W. SMITH'S

FARM FOR SALE.

In consequence of the removal of part of my family, my own age, and other considerations of a private and family nature, I wish to contract my affairs and confine my attention to my old established Brewing and Malting business in Wheeling, and to accomplish this, I offer for sale by private contract till the 31st DAY OF MAY, 1864, and if not then sold, by Public Auction.

The Magnificent Estate of

WADDINGTON,

Containing 414 acres of beautiful and fertile rolling hill land, well watered with never failing springs, in one of the most salubrious counties in the world, and situated in a neighborhood of wealthy and highly respectable people. It is on the Bethany turnpike, four miles from Wheeling. The mansion is in thorough repair, large and commodious, (50 feet by 70 feet,) with every modern convenience, surrounded with shrubbery and trees. The principal tenant house is a neat and comfortable two-story brick. The dairy house is spacious and fixtures are conveniently arranged. There are also eight cottages on the estate, (all rented to old and good tenants,) the rental of which pays more than the taxes. An extensive barn, with stone basement divided into stabling for 10 horses, and stalls for 40 cattle, with cellars, bins, mows, and everything in the highest requisition of a farm; it stands in a yard 170 feet square, surrounded by brick sheds for cattle and sheep; also blacksmith's shop and slaughter house.

The farm is well known to be the best improved and most highly cultivated in this part of the country, stocked with imported and other choice cattle, sheep, horses, implements, &c., &c. The growing crops consist of 34 acres of fall wheat; 20 acres of fall barley; 27 acres of spring barley; 35 acres of black oats; 80 acres of corn; 12 acres of potatoes; 55 acres of meadow, the balance in good pasture, all of which will be sold as above stated on the 31st OF MAY, 1864.

Terms of purchase made known on day of sale, and at the following places, where plans of the place and further particulars can be given after the 15th of May, 1864:

NEW YORK—At the office of Messrs. Parker, Brooks & Co., 1 Water street; Mr. John Jay Hannah, Pearl street; Mr. William Hannah, Pearl street; Messrs. McCrombie & Child, 11 Water street.

PHILADELPHIA—Messrs. Bullett & Fairthorne.

BALTIMORE—Messrs. H. Straus, Bro. & Bell.

PITTSBURGH—Mr. J. Fleming's Drug Store.

CLEVELAND—Mr. J. B. Smith's Mott House.

CINCINNATI—D. H. Mitchell & Co., Water street.

ST. LOUIS—W. & R. Heinerickshoten.

LOUISVILLE—C. C. Rufer.

WHEELING—At the Brewery.

my12-d&wtd

DYSPEPSIA CRACKERS,

—AT THE—

BOSTON CRACKER BAKERY,

NO. 64 FOURTH STREET,

mh23 S. S. MARVIN.

A GOOD INVESTMENT.—A NEW and valuable machine, capable of netting $25 per day above expenses, has just been completed and patented. The patent-right for the State of Pennsylvania with one or more machines is now offered for sale on favorable terms. $2,000 to $3,000 capital required.

Address

BOX 758,

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TELEGRAPHIC.

FIRST EDITION.

Another Terrible Battle on Tuesday

Simultaneous Advance of the Army

ASSAULT ON THE ENEMY'S WORKS.

HAND-TO-HAND CONFLICTS.

Heavy Losses on both Sides.

GEN. RICE KILLED.

ANOTHER VICTORY FOR OUR ARMY.

NEW YORK, May 12—The *Herald's* special says: On Tuesday Gibbons' and Barlow's divions were withdrawn from the south bank of the Pine, the latter division closely followed by the enemy, who were checked by our artillery posted along the ridge commanding the river. Early in the day the whole army began to straighten in its line of battle for a renewal of the engagement. Skirmishing was kept up during all this time between the advancing lines of the two armies. The enemy is testing himself, as though he intended offensive operations. Our lines are formed with the 2d corps on the right, the 5th in the centre, and the 6th on the left, with Burnside's corps in the rear of our left, for the protection of our immense trains, and to act as a reserve in any emergency.

The country here is quite rolling, alternated with groves of pine and hard wood, and affording much better facilities for handling troops and using artillery than about the Wilderness. The enemy, during the night, strengthened his formidable position with rifle pits, breastworks, barricades, &c., rendering it stronger than any line of defence occupied by him since leaving his earthworks on the Rapidan.

Thus matters stood until far into the afternoon. Fighting became quite sharp at intervals at different points, but without anything definite. Five o'clock was fixed for the grand assault. General orders, announcing the success of Sherman in the West and Butler on the James river were read to the troops, producing the wildest excitement, and as the hour approached for the attack the enthusiasm of the troops became almost ungovernable.

Gen. Grant, surrounded by his staff, and Gens. Meade, Hancock and Warren, were all stationed on eminences within sight of each other, while the vast column of our army gathered themselves together for the great struggle. Just as the attack was about to be made, the enemy began to press back that portion of the line. Discontinuing for a time the plan of assault, the troops were hurried to support the right, but General Barlow succeeded in checking the rebels, sending back such reinforcements, with the word that he had enough and to spare.

As the hour approached fixed upon for the assault, watches were compared by the corps commanders, and finally all separated with the orders to attack at an appointed time. At the appointed hour, simultaneously with the roar of the twelve signal guns, the whole front advanced with cheers from the whole line. The movement was described as a grand. A portion of our forces moved in solid column, while others advanced in the usual order of battle, the whole army moving together, and yet each command fighting its own battle, while the rebel line opened a most murderous fire against which our lines irresistibly swept, driving the enemy slowly back from his position, capturing nearly 2,000 prisoners and three pieces of artillery. The latter, however, were retaken by the rebels before the close of the engagement.

Night closed the battle, with our forces occupying the field. Our loss is heavy, but judging from the killed and wounded left in our hands, it is much less than the enemy's, who fought to the last, our troops bayonetting their men in rifle pits, and forcing them by hand to hand conflicts to yield.

Gen. Rice was mortally wounded and died under amputation of a leg. Our loss of prominent officers was great, but the lateness of the hour and my own wound prevents my collecting the names. The engagement was rendered vigorously, and at the time of my departure was progressing favorably.

Account from an Army Officer.

The Bloodiest Battle of the War.

REBELS CAPTURED BY BRIGADES.

Success of Butler's Movements.

NEW YORK, May 12.—A *Times* Washington special of the 11th, says:—A distinguished officer who left Gen. Grant in the saddle as late as 10 o'clock this morning, sums up the bloody work of yesterday thus: The battle opened all along our lines. Longstreet's corps, under Hill, held the rebel right, resting about twenty (22) miles northeast of Spottsylvania, and Grant pitted Burnside's Ninth Corps against it. At a given moment, later in the afternoon, Gen. Burnside precipitated his entire command, except the colored troops, upon the rebel right, driving it and completely crushing it, capturing three rebel brigades and four pieces of cannon. The fight continued with a ferocity never before witnessed until 9 o'clock, when night closed upon the bloodiest field produced in this war.

The losses on both sides are stated to be very large. Of the rebel brigades captured, some escaped during the awful carnage which followed, but 1,200 of the captures were sent to the rear this morning.

Our informant talked with some of them before leaving to-day, and they acknowledged they had been in every principal battle of the war, but never experienced such terrible fighting. The battle ceased at nine o'clock, our line having advanced. Gen. Burnside occupied, at the end of the conflict, the entrenchments held by Longstreet's forces at the beginning.

This morning the fight was not renewed up to 10 o'clock, at which time Burnside held his position.

Gen. Lee's army was then contracted into a sort of horseshoe in and about the town of Spottsylvania Court House. Gen. Stevenson is killed. Butler's movements south of Richmond have been felt and appreciated.

Further of Tuesday's Battle.

ANOTHER GENERAL ASSAULT.

MOST TERRIBLE SLAUGHTER.

OUR ARMY STILL VICTORIOUS.

NEW YORK, May 12.—The following is a continuation of the *Herald* dispatch of the 11th, dated from the field:

In the morning a change was made in the disposition of our forces. The most determined and persistent effort which has been made ever since the commencement, was made in the fight of this locality, to turn our right. Charge after charge was made by the enemy on the right. Four columns of our men repulsed each charge vallantly. At length the Fifth corps drove the enemy, compelling him to fall into his third line of defences.

The effect of this repulse was apparent. The rebel dead lay piled in heaps. In one of these gallant charges, fell the brave Gen. Rice, at the head of his column, as he has been in every fight.

Busy and in the midst of the terrible conflict was Gen. Warren. He rode up and down his lines, directing the movements, regardless of the flying shells and bullets; another horse was shot under him—the third within the last four days.

We made another general assault at seven o'clock. It was the most magnificent and terrible one of the war. Our batteries, through the cutting down of some trees, were placed in advantageous positions, as likewise batteries of other corps. Simultaneously with these, the cannon hurled murderous missiles into the ranks of our lines. Meantime our men greatly strengthened their earthworks, threw up additional abattis, and everything evinced a determination to make the day one of decisive results. Very active skirmishing all the fore part of the day, merged at length into a general engagement. The enemy accompanied this by a general volley of musketry, and from this hour till dark the combat deepened.

Night left us Victors. On every side of our lines now advanced, and we had taken more prisoners than we had lost; but it has been another expensive victory. Our losses are heavy, but it is believed that those of the enemy far exceed ours. It is expected the battle will be resumed in the morning. Our troops are still in good spirits, and there is no give way to them.

THE SPOTTSYLVANIA FIGHT.

The Enemy Driven Six Miles.

THE PENNA. RESERVES IN ACTION.

WASHINGTON, May 11.—General Robinson suffers much from his wound, which is in the knee. His division was in advance on the Spottsylvania road, from Todd's Tavern, with Sheridan's cavalry, and had driven the enemy six miles, carrying two positions they had endeavored to hold.

On reaching a cross road they made a stand behind a temporary breastwork of rails and trees, and were massed in strong force, the greater portion of them being hid from view by a dense woods. An attempt was made by two brigades General Robinson rode in front of his men and said "the place must be ours," asking the men to follow him. They replied with loud cheers, and falling into line, rushed to the attack in gallant style. A terrible fire of musketry met them in the face, and General Robinson being wounded, and scarcely able to keep his seat in the saddle, the column was forced to fall back, the whole affair costing us about 300 men, and the loss of the services of one of the ablest generals in the army. The Penn. Reserves were afterwards led against the position, but met the same fate, and the attempt was abandoned for the night.

Col. Locke, Assistant Adjutant General to Gen. Warren, was severely wounded in the face, on Sunday, while riding along the line delivering orders.

One of the most repulsive spectacles presented by the late encounters was that of some bodies found partially consumed by fire, the men evidently having been burned to death. These fires were started by men who had been cooking or through carelessness, and the leaves and husks being very dry, the flames extended over acres. Of course the wounded left on the ground suffered the additional torture of death by fire. A number of wounded were on Monday still on the Wilderness battle-field.

On Tuesday, Burnside began the attack on the left with great fury, and an encouraging degree of success. No particulars are yet known.

FURTHER OF TUESDAY'S BATTLE.

Death of Gen. Warren Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, May 11.—Accounts from the army of the Potomac concur that there was heavy fighting yesterday, and about five o'clock in the afternoon an attack was made upon the rebel batteries. It is stated that after the assault had continued some time, and it was found that the rebel batteries could not be carried without probably a great sacrifice of life, the effort for the time was abandoned.

It is reported here this morning that Gen. Warren was wounded yesterday and died on the way from Fredericksburg. Rumor repeated to-night and generally believed. The fighting yesterday afternoon is believed to have been very severe, as heavy artillery was brought into action on both sides. The result, so far as known this morning, was to our advantage. The rebels attempted to get in the rear of a portion of our army to obtain supplies, but were driven off with loss. The fighting was renewed to-day.

The Slightly Wounded to be Returned.

WASHINGTON, May 11.—During the last twenty-four hours about seven thousand men from the Army of the Potomac, wounded on Thursday and Friday, arrived here. Comparatively few of them are suffering severely from their injuries, and many will soon be returned to the army.

AUCTION SALES.

T. A. McCLELLAND, AUCTIONEER, No. 55 FIFTH STREET.

TRADE SALE OF TOBACCO AND GROCERIES AT AUCTION.—On FRIDAY MORNING, May 13th, at 10 o'clock, at Masonic Hall Auction House, 55 Fifth street, will be sold: 100 caddies Bright 4s Tobacco; 15 do Dark 4s do; 30 do Bright 10s do; 10 boxes do do do; 15 do Dark Lump do; 5 do Short 8s do; 20 cases Coffee; 50 Castile do; 10 do Cream Tartar; 20 do 5 lbs each, Indigo. The attention of dealers is particularly requested, as the goods are all in the original packages, and will be sold by the package, and in such quantities to the trade. Sale peremptory and without reserve. Terms—cash, par funds.

ALLEGHENY BANK, Pittsburgh, May 3d, 1864.

THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, (free of government tax,) payable to the Stockholders, on and after the 15TH INST.

my4-td J. W. COOK, Cashier.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH,

FOR THE POST.

VERY LATEST.

The Great Fight on Tuesday.

An Advance Along the Entire Line.

The Enemy Driven into their Entrenchments.

12 Guns and 1,000 Prisoners Captured.

OUR LOSSES HEAVY.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—Dispatches from the Army of the Potomac, dated WILDERNESS BATTLEFIELD, May 11th, say probably the most desperate fighting of the past seven terrible days took place on Tuesday. Believing the enemy to have sent a greater part of his troops to Richmond, an advance along the entire line was determined at an early hour. The 2d Corps having the right of the line had crossed the Po the evening previous and met with but slight opposition. In the morning the position of the enemy was found to be in the shape of a horse shoe, and on Hancock's troops advancing to attack they were compelled to fall back. An attempt to break their centre was then ordered and part of Hancock's men were sent to support Warren. In the movement our right was also advanced, and the move was began in the p. m. The enemy were driven into their entrenchments in gallant style.

Ouption's brigade, of Wright's 6th Corps, got into the enemies rifle pits, capturing 12 guns and about 1,000 prisoners. Not being supported by other portions of the line who were unable to join the line of works in their front, this brigade was forced to evacuate its advanced position, leaving the captured guns, after spiking them, but bringing off all the prisoners. The enemy suffered heavy losses during the fight, our shells falling into their works and our infantry delivering their fire with remarkable precision. Gen. Rice was wounded in the thigh early in the engagement, and died after his leg had been amputated. Gen. Stevenson is also reported killed. He commanded a brigade in Burnside's corps. Our losses was very heavy. Gen. Gibbon's Division has lost altogether over 1000 men. Gen. Robinson's Division after losing both its officers and about 2500 men had no General to command, and it has been broken up and distributed among other divisions of the 5th Corps. No division of the army fought better than this one.

About 6 o'clock p. m. a report was brought to Gen. Meade that a flank movement was being made on our right and the Headquarters being in that direction, they packed up and moved towards the centre in rather a hasty manner. The report turned out to be false. At one o'clock on Tuesday a fire raged between the two armies at a point in the line and a large number of wounded of both parties were lying on the spot. Our men in attempting to get their comrades off the field were fired on by rebel skirmishers and driven off and the poor sufferers had to be left to perish in the flames.

At 8 o'clock, a. m., when our informant left, our centre and right were heavily engaged with the rebels—the 9th corps was then on the march. Our losses are represented to have been very heavy, but everything looks hopeful. Prominent officers say that we shall soon see the end.

LATER FROM THE FRONT.

Grant has Won Another Victory.

10th and 18th Army Corps Sent to Reinforce the Army.

Lee's Position at Spottsylvania.

NEW YORK, May 12.—A Washington special says a dispatch just received from the army of the Potomac states that Grant has won another victory. Lee's whole left is crushed, and we have captured a whole rebel brigade. Burnside chased Ewell over three miles.

The *World* has a rumor from Washington that the 10th and 18th army corps are on the North bank of the James River, they are to be sent around to reinforce the army of the Potomac from the North—that they comprise too small an army to capture Richmond, and are too numerous to permit their being kept out of the field. The *World's* special says Grant massed nearly 4000 pieces of artillery against Lee's position at Spottsylvania Court House on Tuesday, and fired for two hours when the assault was finally ordered, the advancing columns met with but feeble resistance, Lee's line did not waver until just before the close of the battle then it fell back and we gained considerable ground. The correspondence from Gen. Butler's army contains nothing later of that General's operations than was announced in his dispatch.

Burnside's Colored Troops.

THEY FIGHT WITH DESPERATION.

SIGEL'S ARMY IN MOTION.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—The *Star* says Gen. Burnside's colored troops were held in reserve but subsequently brought into action and fought with desperation. Their officers expected to have considerable difficulty in restraining them, as they appeared desirous not to take any prisoners, being exasperated by the remembrance of Fort Pillow and atrocities committed there.

It is believed in the army that Sigel having made forced marches had destroyed Lee's railroad connections with Lynchburg and that Sheridan had done the same to his communications with Richmond. An order was given for another advance yesterday morning.

Meeting of the Chicago Bankers.

CHICAGO, May 12.—At a meeting of the Bankers of this city, last night, it was *Resolved*, That on and after Monday, we adopt Greenbacks as a standard currency. Similar action has taken place throughout the interior.

FROM GENERAL SHERMAN'S ARMY.

GREAT DESTRUCTION OF PROPERTY.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—*To the General Dir.*: No dispatches from the army of the Potomac have been received since 4:30 last night. General Sherman has not been heard from, owing probably to the damage to the line south of Nashville by the recent storm. A dispatch from General Sherman dated Headquarters of the Cavalry Corps, May 10th, states that he turned the enemy's right and got into their rear, they had destroyed from 8 to 10 miles of Railroad, two locomotives, three trains, and a very large quantity of supplies, and since he had got into the rear there was greater excitement among the inhabitants and with the army. The enemy's cavalry had tried to annoy his rear and flank but had run off and he had re-captured 500 of our men, two of them colonels.

E. M. STANTON, Sec'y of War.

From Fortress Monroe.

FT. MONROE, May 12.—The latest advices from the iron clads, that the Gunboat Dunstan was blown up on yesterday by a rebel battery, no statement in regard to the loss of life. Fighting was going on all day yesterday, to-day the main portion appeared to be on our right, the troops were under command of Gen. Smith. The turnpike between Richmond and Petersburg was the bone of contention up to 3 o'clock p