The Daily Post.

ADVERTISING AGENCIES.

Messrs. S. M. PETTENGILL & CO. No. 37 Park Row, New York city, and No. 6 State street, Boston; and L. P. FONTAINE & Co., No. 63 Nassau street, New York city, are authorized to take Advertisements and Subscriptions for us at lowest rates.

☞ We will furnish the DAILY POST, to agents at the rate of $2.00 per hundred copies.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

THURSDAY, MORNING, MAY 12, 1864.

List of Wounded.—We give below a list of the Pennsylvania killed and wounded in the late battles on and near the Rapidan, which we glean from the Eastern papers:

Killed.—Brig. Gen. Alex. Hays, of Pittsburgh; Col. Edward Carroll, 95th; Col. Woodward, of Pennsylvania, son of the late candidate for Governor; Lieut. Col. Mercer, 147; Lieut. Goodfellow, 56th; Peter Bradley, 61st.

Wounded—J. McGrannan, 116th; Andrew Hostetter, 46th; C. A. Doteman, 46th; Jos. E. Wissner, 11th; John Parley, 116th; John Henderson, 62d; Simon P. Bemger, 62d; Quincy A. Pedrich, 62d; Robert Stewart, 62d; Amos Steele, 102d; Jno McNaugton, 102; George C. Gibson, 102d; Alex. McCameron, 192d; Alex. McDade, 71st; Capt. Shriver, 73d; Adj. Gifford, 105; Geo. Parton, 61st; Irwin Sydick, 61st; John Harper, 61st; Henry Gump, 61st; Chr'les Martin, 61st; Joseph Murray, 61st; Alex. Jamison, 61st; H. C. Bird, 61st; Geo. K. Lutz, 61st; Hugh Farley, 61st; Peter Huey, 61st; Wm. Woodford, 61st; F. Piper, 96th; Geo. Waller, 96th; J. Moore, 95th; S. McFogwan, 95th; F. Eudy, 95th; J. Eddinger, 155th; Howard Konn, 138th; Fred Segapors, 138th; Jno. Biggins, 95th; Fred Welhour, 83d; Fred R. Boons, 119th, E. K. Wolfenger, 119th; M. Seiler, 119th; Tim. Elliott, 119th; Wm. Watt, 119th; G. Lair, 119th; A. A. Gifford, 119th; H. Herbert, 119th; A. McClellan, 119th; Reuben Fry, 119th; J. W. F. McKinley, 119th; Jos Craig, 119th; A. Davies, 61st; Dani. Brigly, 61st; Capt. Stannard, 72d; Capt. Lockhart, 72d; Lieut. L. Miller, 105th; Col. Banks, 63d; Col. Suler, 57th; James Lynch, 61st; Wm. G. Conn, 61st; Andrew Leddy, 61st; Jacob Roberts, 61st; Aaron Marks, 61st; J. L. Taylor, 61st; Dani. Steward, 61st; Dwight Geer, 61st; Peter Bradley, 61st; J. D. Cox, 61st; G. R. Wornaw, 61st; Philis Haines, 68th; H. C. Neathamer, 96th; G. H. Wierman, 119th; H. Keck, 119th; Jas. Nicols, 119th, Jos. Holbroyd, 119th; R. H. Egner, 119th; J. S. Robins, 119th; Jas. Louther, 119th; J. F. Cuthbert, 119th; J. S. Lonby, 119th; Jos. Miller, 119th; D. Curran; 119th; Lt. G. G. Lovett, 119th; J. F. Rensher, 119th; Leon Sigafoos, 119th; H. Bowles, 119th, E. Preston, 119th; J. M. Flynn, 119th; R. C. McGeel 119th; W. F. Hoff, 119th; Robt. Allatt, 119th, Jacob Moore, 119th; Isaac Pike, 119th; W. C. Fisher, 119th; Ed. Kushan, 119th; Lieut. Mc. Glaughlen, 102; Lieut. Cooper, 102; Adj. Oslow, 102; Lieut. Duval, 102; Capt. Corkbridge, 102; Col. Stone, Bucktails; Col. Guyne, 118; Maj. Darlington, 118; Capt. Briggs, 11.

Death of Jas. Kerr, Sr.—Mr. Jame Kerr Sr., departed this life, on Monday night, at the Red Lion Hotel, in the 84th year of his age. Mr. Kerr was born in the year 1778 and came to Pittsburgh in 1801, when Wood street was a corn field, and when bears could occasionally be seen prowling around where Allegheny city now stands. Ever since that time he has been a resident of Pittsburgh or its vicinity. After arriving here he commenced to work in the only Brewery then in or near the city and which supplied the entire population at that time with malt liquors. He was afterwards engaged in various enterprises in and about the place. In a conversation with him a few days ago he gave us a history of the times, when the different turnpikes leading into the city were made, and when steamboats were first used on the rivers and the excitement consequent therefrom. He stated that he had, on more than one occasion, been interrogated by Mr. N. B. Craig and others in regard to his knowledge of the olden time, and he thought that most of the incidents with which he was familiar are recorded in the writings of that gentleman. His mind did not seem to be the least impaired up to the very hour of his death. He is now gone from us and we see another evidence of the great truth that "one generation passeth away and another generation cometh."

The One Hundred and Thirty-Ninth Pa. Regiment.—The 139th Regiment, Lt. Col. W. M. Moody, commanding, which was attached to Getty's Division of Sedgwick's Corps, behaved most gallantly in the late battles and has suffered severely—losing 198 men, which is more than one-third of the whole number. Truly this veteran regiment has stood its ground, for military authorities say that a loss of one-fourth is most sanguinary and will ordinarily put troops to flight. Not so, however, with these veterans. They have, during a year and a half of arduous service, passed through all the battles of the army of the Potomac. All praise is due to the survivors of this gallant regiment, and the highest honors should be awarded to the remains of the many who have offered up their lives in their country's cause.

Major Snyder of Mercer county, was killed, but we have learned no further particulars. Col. Snyder was a gallant officer, a good soldier, and his loss will be severely felt.

We also learn that Adjutant Albert M. Harper, son of John Harper, esq., of this city, was severely though not dangerously wounded, and is now at Fredericksburg. Adjutant Harper has served with marked ability and bravery, through all the battles of the regiment, and it is with pleasure we inform his numerous friends that his recovery from his injuries will be certain if not speedy.

B. L. H. Dabbs.—This morning Mr. Dabbs opens his large Photograph Rooms at No. 46 St. Clair street, opposite the St. Clair Hotel. These rooms will, we think eclipse anything of the kind in the cities of Pittsburg or Allegheny. The first room, or the reception room, is one vast display of the most beautiful and life-like pictures that we ever saw. The entire walls are lined with these, while the show case is filled with choice Albums, ranging in price from 50 cents to 50 dollars. In the rear of this great picture gallery, is a waiting room, well carpeted and furnished with excellent cushioned chairs, and mirrors, where a large number of persons can be accommodated. The second story is a large laboratory, of working rooms containing artists' rooms, finishing rooms and printers' apartments. The third story contains the sky-light apparatus, consisting of cameras, chemical rooms, &c. The largest instrument we ever saw for taking negatives is in this room. It is called the Extra Mammoth Instrument. The screens in the sky-light are so arranged as to secure any shade of light and to control completely the blending of light and shade. The rooms are all large—perhaps the largest in the city. They are all newly painted and furnished and are certainly worth visiting. We hope Mr. Dabbs will have a rush to-day to visit these rooms.

To all who need Light.—There is a manufactory at Frankfort, Pa., where the Messrs. Van Kirk & Co., produce the greatest quantity imaginable of the most beautiful styles of Gas Fixtures, Chandeliers, Bronze Figures and Ornaments, Coal Oil Burners, Lamp Goods, &c. as well as Rolled, Sheet and Platers' Brass. The firm have salesrooms at 912 Arch St., Philadelphia, whence their magnificent productions find their way into all the palaces and residences throughout the Quaker city. Their manufactures are justly and widely celebrated. Mr. W. Harry Peeples, the agent for the firm is now in Pittsburgh, and, being a very clever business man, and withal a gentleman of culture and travel, our citizens will therefore be enabled to supply themselves with any of the articles above enumerated, of the very best quality and finish.

Pennsylvania Wounded Soldiers.—A large number of Pennsylvanians assembled last evening at the rooms of their State Agent on Eleventh street above E, in Washington City, in response to a call for a meeting of the Pennsylvania Relief Association. Hon. J. K. Moorhead, President of the association, was in the chair, and in behalf of the citizens of Pittsburgh and vicinity advanced $1,000 to purchase necessaries for the relief of the soldiers of the state wounded in the late battles. Other subscriptions were made, and it was resolved to send a half dozen agents at once to the front with supplies and comforts for the suffering.

Stonewall Jackson.—We acknowledge the receipt of a splendid Lithograph likeness of Stonewall Jackson, from W. A. Gildenfenny, No. 46 Fifth street, who has them for sale. They can be had also of James Challen & Son of Philadelphia. The likeness is taken from a photograph of that General and strikingly impresses the beholder with the characteristics of the rebel chieftain.

We also acknowledge the receipt of the "Life of John Morgan and his Men," a book of about one hundred and fifty pages well bound. For sale by James Challen & son, Philadelphia, and W. A. Gildenfenny, Pittsburgh.

Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company.—The following is a statement of the approximate earnings of this Company during the month of April ult., compared with the same period of last month.

	From 1864.	1864.	Increase.	
Freights	$375,284 50	$293,566 46	$75,729 04	
Passengers	177,716 21	144,418 53	33,297 68	
Express Matter	5,200 00	2,600 00	2,600 00	
Mails	7,825 00	7,825 00		
Rent Railway	7,083 33	7,083 33		
Miscellaneous	1,570 98	1,504 24	66 74	
Total	$574,680 02	$462,998 56	$111,693 46	

Earnings from Jan. to Ap. 30, $1,925,171 81 $1,628,899 52 $296,272 29

Increase for April, 24 3-10 per cent.; average increase to April 30, 18 per cent.

Out of Business.—We called around at the Mayor's office yesterday afternoon. We received information that three boys, whose names are Snyder, Dunbar, and Collier had been arrested and put in the city prison. It was afterwards ascertained, by a telegram from their parents, who live in Philadelphia, that the boys had left that city without the consent of their parents. They are from twelve to fifteen years old, and were well armed, each one having a rifle, a bowie knife, and a revolver, with powder horn, belt, fishing equipments, needles and thread. They stated that they were going on an expedition out west, perhaps to hunt game. They are quite lively and intelligent boys, and no doubt were *out of work* at home, and desired to find something to do. Their parents have been apprized of their arrest and no doubt will come or send for them. The telegram was sent to Mr. Long, chief of the police of this city, and they were arrested by Mr. Long and Mr. Kemp another policeman.

This incident affords another evidence that many boys, especially in cities are, ruined for want of something to do. They are not wicked or evil disposed naturally, but that ambition which is implanted within the breast of every human being impels them to action, and when they can find nothing good to do, they will embark in enterprises that are not praiseworthy.

Capt. Williams, gave us a *whaling* exhibition on last evening. The house was not crowded, but those present seemed not only pleased, but delighted with the whaling business. We were sorrow that the Captain did not invite us into his little boat among the crew. We have the reputation of *falling out* and firmly believe that we could fall over board with as much grace as any tyro.

Those who love wit and fun should call at Masonic Hall and spend one evening with the Captain catching whales. There is no extra charge for laughing.

The Circus.—Gardner, Hemmings & Co's. great American circus will exhibit on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, the 23d, 24th and 25th days of May at the *Red Lion Hotel*, near the St. Clair street Bridge. There will be two exhibitions each day.

Our exchanges speak of this troupe of Acrobats and Equestrians as being unrivalled. The circus will enter the city with a band, seated in a magnificent golden chariot, rending the air with strains of the most enrapturing music. For particulars see advertisement in our paper headed, *Wait for the real show.*

A Pocket Picked.—A drover from Ohio, named Thomas D. Williamson, had twelve hundred dollars taken from him at the Federal street passenger depot Allegheny city, by some person or persons unknown. No developments were made in regard to the case up to nine o'clock last night.

There were two other cases before Mayor Alexander on last evening, one for assault and battery, and one for larceny, but as the losses are not yet tried, we cannot give the names.

The Old Theatre.—The performances last evening were interesting as usual, and the house was well filled. No one need desire a better place to spend an evening. We bespeak for this old Institution, the patronage of the liberal and appreciating classes.

This evening Ettie Henderson appears as the *Widow Cheerly*, in the ever-favorite *old comedy* of the Soldier's Daughter. The evening performance will conclude with the Maniac Lover.

A New Machine.—Mr. Greer of the firm of Greer & Boyd, have invented a coal-digging machine, which with the aid of a twenty-horse-power engine, would perform the work of one hundred men. Mr. Greer stated at the meeting of the Coal Exchange that a model of this machine would be on exhibition at the Sanitary Fair.

Gymnastic Association.—This Association will hold an exhibition for the benefit of the Subsistence Committee, this evening in the Athenæum Buildings. Let this generous proposition be responded to as becomes the citizens of our far-famed city.

A soldier of the Army of the Potomac writes where sugar of lead and opium failed to cure Diarrhœa and Dysentery here, Rankin's Spiced Blackberry acted like a charm. Sold by all Druggists in both cities.

The attention of dealers is called to the advertisement in auction column, of Tobacco and Groceries to be sold, without reserve, Friday morning, May 13th, at 10 o'clock.

JOSEPH MEYER ..... ANTHONY MEYER

JOSEPH MEYER & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PLAIN AND FANCY

FURNITURE AND CHAIRS,

WAREHOUSE,

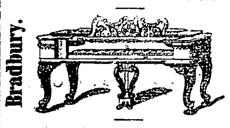
135 Smithfield, and 424 Penn Sts.,

Between 6th st., and Virgin alley,

no9 PITTSBURGH.

REMOVAL.

Bradbury. Bradbury.



WE TAKE PLEASURE IN INforming our friends and the public generally, that we now occupy the large and commodious house,

No. 12 Bissell's Block,

ST. CLAIR STREET,

Where we have just received from the manufacturers of

W. B. BRADBURY, New York,

AND

SOHOMACKER & CO., Philadelphia,

A new lot of their superior

PIANOS!

Also, a complete assortment of

Smith's Celebrated

HARMONIUMS, MELODEONS

And Musical Goods Generally.

The superiority of the BRADBURY PIANO is already established. In the history of Pianos no new instrument has gained so rapidly in popularity or received so many premiums within the space of two years, as the New Scale Full Iron Frame, Overstrung Bass and Grand Action Piano Forte, manufactured by Wm. B. Bradbury. SOHOMACKER & CO.'S PIANOS having been so long and favorably known in this and other countries need no further comment.

All Guaranteed for Five Years.

WAMELINK & BARR,

Sole Agents for Pittsburgh and Western Pa., No. 12 Bissell's Block, St. Clair st.

☞ Good Second-Hand Pianos for rent. Tuning and Repairing done promptly. ap30

RANKIN'S

SPICED BLACKBERRY,

For Cholera Infantum or Summer Complaint, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, &c

The Best Remedy before the Public, Safe, Pleasant, Efficient.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

my9

D. LANDRETH & SON'S GARDEN Seeds, Onion Sets, Buckeye Garnett, Chili Peach Blow and Sweet-Seed Potatoes, received and for sale by

BECKHAM & LONG,

ap30 No. 121 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

U. S. 10-40 BONDS.

THESE BONDS ARE ISSUED UNder the Act of Congress of March 8th, 1864, which provides that in lieu of so much of the loan authorized by the Act of March 3d, 1863, to which this is supplementary, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to borrow, from time to time, on the credit of the United States, not exceeding TWO HUNDRED MILLION DOLLARS during the current fiscal year, and to prepare and issue therefor Coupon and Registered Bonds of the United States; and all Bonds issued under this Act shall be EXEMPT FROM TAXATION by or under any State or municipal authority. Subscriptions to these Bonds are received in United States Notes or notes of National Banks. They are TO BE REDEEMED IN COIN, at the pleasure of the Government, at any period *not less than ten nor more than forty years* from their date, and until their redemption FIVE PER CENT. INTEREST WILL BE PAID IN COIN, on Bonds of not over one hundred dollars annually, and on all other Bonds semi-annually.

The interest is payable on the first days of March and September in each year. The semi-annual Coupons are payable at those dates, and the annual Coupons on the 50 and 100 dollar Bonds are payable on the first of March.

Subscribers will receive either Registered or Coupon Bonds, as they may prefer. Registered Bonds are recorded on the books of the U. S. Treasurer, and can be transferred only on the owner's order. Coupon Bonds are payable to bearer, and are more convenient for commercial uses.

Registered Bonds will be issued of the denominations of Fifty Dollars, ($50,) One Hundred Dollars, ($100,) Five Hundred Dollars, ($500,) One Thousand Dollars, ($1,000,) Five Thousand Dollars, ($5,000,) and Ten Thousand Dollars, ($10,000;) and Coupon Bonds of the denominations of Fifty Dollars, ($50,) One Hundred Dollars, ($100,) Five Hundred Dollars, ($500,) and One Thousand Dollars, ($1,000.)

Subscribers to this loan will have the option of having their Bonds draw interest from March 1st, by paying accrued interest in coin—(or United States notes, or the notes of National Banks, adding fifty per cent. for premium,) or receive them drawing interest from the date of subscription and deposit.

As these Bonds are exempt from municipal or State taxation, their value is increased from one to three per cent per annum, according to the rated tax levies in various parts of the country.

At the present rate of premium on gold they pay over eight per cent interest in currency, and are of equal convenience as a permanent or temporary investment.

It is believed that no securities offer so great inducements to lenders as the various descriptions of U. S. Bonds. In all other forms of indebtedness the faith or ability of private parties or stock companies or separate communities only is pledged for payment, while for the debts of the United States the whole property of the country is holden to secure the payment of both principal and interest in coin.

These Bonds may be subscribed in the sums of $50 or any magnitude, on the same terms, and are thus made equally available to the smallest lender and the largest capitalist. They can be converted into money at any moment, and the holder will have the benefit on the interest.

The fact that all duties on imports are payable in specie furnishes a fund for like payment of interest on all Government Bonds largely in excess of the wants of the treasury for this purpose.

Upon the receipt of subscriptions a certificate of deposit therefor, in duplicate, will be issued, the original of which will be forwarded by the subscriber to the Secretary of the Treasury, at Washington, with a letter stating the kind) registered or coupon, and the denomination of bonds required.

Upon the receipt of the original certificates at the Treasury Department, the bonds subscribed for will be transmitted to the subscribers respectfully.

Subscriptions will be received by the *Treasurer of the United States* at Washington, and the *Assistant Treasurer*, at New York, Boston, Philadelphia and by the FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, PA., THIRD NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, PA., and all National Banks which are depositaries of public money. All respectable banks and bankers throughout the country will furnish further information on application, and afford every facility to subscribers.

ap30-2wd&2tw

Real Estate Savings Institution

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION of the above institution, Saturday, April 30th, 1864:

Amount of Deposits	$130,378 63	
Amount interest due depositors May 1st	3,674 02	
Amount Contingent Fund	6,630 16	$190,681 07

ASSETS.

First Lien on Real Estate	99,313 07	
U. S. 5-20 Bonds at par	50,400 00	
U. S. Debt Cer. and Notes	15,409 16	
Accrued interest not collected	1,530 07	
Office Furniture	150 00	
Cash on hand	23,809 27	$190,681 07

The undersigned Auditing Committee have examined the books of the Institution, the bonds and securities and counted the cash, and have found the above statement correct.

H. CHILDS,
N. VOEGHTLY,
W. B. COPELAND.

Pittsburgh, May 2d, 1864.

☞ Deposits received DAILY and EVERY SATURDAY EVENING. Interest paid at SIX PER CENT. per annum.

TRUSTEES:

ISAAC JONES, President,

Hon. Thos. M. Howe, Wm. H. Smith, Wm. B. Copeland, Harvey Childs, Hon. J. K. Moorhead, C. G. Hussey, Jacob Painter, Nicholas Voeghtly.

Office, 63 Fourth Street.

A. A. CARRIER, Treasurer.

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FOURTH STREET

W. D. & H. McCALLUM, W. D. & H. McCALLUM,

NEW STYLES

WINDOW SHADES,

Received THIS DAY.

NEW SPRING STOCK

OF

CARPETS!

Well seasoned

OIL CLOTH,

AT McCALLUM'S.

mh18

CARPET STORE,

NO. 87 FOURTH STREET.

MANUFACTURING SITE FOR SALE.

In Birmingham.

THAT DESIRABLE PIECE OF PROPERTY near M'Knight & Duncan's Rolling Mill, having a river front of four hundred and twenty-five (425 ft.) and extending back about two hundred feet (200 ft.)

my5-1m FRED. L. IHMSEN, 109 4th st.

TRESS HOOPS—OIL BBL. SIZE—For sale by JAMES BOWN, ap30 135 Wood street.

TELEGRAPHIC.

FIRST EDITION.

"Old Longstreet" Whipped by Burnside.

Our Army Cheerful and Hopeful.

Lee Admits his Supplies Cut Off.

How Gen. Sedgwick was Killed.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—The Army of the Potomac had a portion of the day to recuperate. Gen. Burnside on Monday began the attack on the left with fury, and with an encouraging degree of success. He had a fight the day before, in which to use his own words, "we whipped old Longstreet." Our army could not be in a more cheerful condition—all the men are sanguine of success, and count the days when they shall enter the rebel Capital.

Gen. Lee issued an order relative to supplies, in which he said the communication to Richmond was cut off, and it was impossible to furnish the men with stores. Gen. Hill's corps had no rations issued for three days. Lee enjoins upon his men the necessity of capturing supplies from the Yankees.

Up to this moment they have failed to capture a single wagon. The roads are in excellent marching order, but very dusty. All the battles thus far have been a series of attack or repulses, musketry was altogether used, the swampy nature of the ground rendering artillery impracticable.

Gen. Lee very absurdly claims a victory when he withdraws from our front and retires towards Richmond.

General Tarbott's Division of cavalry whipped the rebel cavalry near this place, and drove them from Spottysylvania, but being reinforced with infantry, they drove our cavalry a short distance. The Maryland Brigade, Fourth Division, Sixth Corps, coming to their support, the fighting was exceedingly fierce. Generals Tarbott and Robinson were both wounded.

Gen. Sedgwick was shot through the head on Monday morning while superintending the moving of some heavy guns on an angle, which the men had just prepared. There was no skirmishing at the time, but an occasional sharpshooter sent a bullet in that direction.

Fight Between Gunboats and a Ram

Gunboat "Bombshell" Recaptured

Rebel Ram Compelled to Retreat

NEW YORK, May 11.—A *Herald* correspondent writes from Newbern, North Carolina, on the 7th: On Thursday afternoon, the 5th inst, the rebel ram "Albemarle," accompanied by its statelite "Cotton Plant" and army gunboat "Bombshell," captured by them at Plymouth, appeared at the mouth of the Roanoke river. The gunboats Miami, Whitehead, Ceres, and Commodore Hull, lying close to the river in the Sound, on perceiving the ram designing to enter the Sound, they made off, as though fearful of an encounter, but only anxious to draw the ram into the Sound.

The ram followed in pursuit about twelve miles, when the gunboats "Sassacus," "Wyoming" and "Mattabesett," double-enders appeared. Our gunboats, seven in number, immediately opened fire, and a terrific engagement ensued, lasting from five till eight p. m. During the early part of the battle, the "Cotton Plant" succeeded in making her escape. The ram fired rapidly, slowly and steadily retreating up the Sound. The gunboat Bombshell was soon retaken with all on board, some thirty-four in number. The Sassacus having an iron prow, steamed with full speed and ran into the ram, striking her abaft the centre, but without inflicting any injury. The Sassacus, however, was compelled to retire, having her forward rudder knocked off and a 100-pound parrot shot, fired by the ram, through her boiler.

Night had now set in and the movements of the ram could not be accurately discovered. Closely pursued by the gunboats and under darkness the ram succeeded in gaining and entering Roanoke river, where the gunboats could not venture to enter.

The ram carried at least four 100-pounders. She has not been seen since, but measures are being taken to capture or destroy her.

Reliable reports from Kingston report that the rebel ram Neuse is high aground. She draws 7½ feet of water, and the river is only 4½ feet in depth. The rebels have for the present abandoned it, and taken the engine out.

Requisition for 200 Surgeons.

A Battle Probable in the Southwest.

Troops Moving Up the Kanawha Valley.

CINCINNATI, May 11.—The War Department yesterday made a requisition on the State Surgeon General for 200 Surgeons, to go on duty in the hospitals at Louisville, Nashville, and other points in that direction.

This and other little things go to show that a great battle is going on or has been fought near Dalton, though not a word has been allowed to come through.

It is believed the assault on Johnston was simultaneous in the front and rear.

A heavy body of troops is moving up the Kanawha valley. Averill's cavalry reached Logan Court House on the 4th. General Crook's infantry had passed Princeton without seeing the enemy. The telegraph is being rapidly pushed toward Lewisburg.

The draft is going forward quietly in this city. There was heavy rain with snow last night. P.

Butler in Another Battle.

NEW YORK, May 11th.—The *Herald* says it is probable Butler had another severe battle yesterday. Likely a great battle between Union iron-clads and rebel iron-clads was commenced yesterday. There are five Union and three rebel iron-clads expected to take part in the engagement.

A Dalton correspondent of the Atlanta *Register* avers that there has been a greater concentration of the Union forces in the direction of Chattanooga than is reported on the Potomac. The Raleigh *Press* confirms the statement.

The Battle Probably Renewed.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—It is believed from the reports which have reached here to-night, that there was no general engagement yesterday, but, as heavy firing was heard this morning at Acquia Creek, in the direction of Spottsylvania Court House, the fighting must have been renewed. Our forces do not occupy the latter place, but are within several miles of it. A large number of wounded are reaching Fredericksburg, and many wounded officers are expected to arrive at Washington to-morrow.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH,

FOR THE POST.

PARTICULARS OF THE BATTLES AFTER SATURDAY.

Heavy Loss in Sundays' Fight.

Gallant Conduct of General Wright's Division.

The Enemy Driven from their Position.

Gen. Robinson Wounded.

NEW YORK, May 11.—The *Tribune's* special gives a sketch of a series of battles after that of Saturday. Gen. Warren's Corps passed on Saturday night for the front and at sunrise were within 20½ miles of Spottsylvania, and immediately were put into action to relieve the cavalry. The enemy were also just in time for a similar movement, and Stewart's cavalry were simultaneously relieved by Longstreet's Corps of infantry. The Corps tired with a long nights' march rushed into action with a double quick. Gen. Robinson's Division, leading, charged the rebels, who yielded before them, and we drove them on for three miles. The loss in the engagement in this morning's fight was severe. Our losses were great. Gen. Robinson was wounded, but we charged them so far and so impetuously that our men were outflanked on the left and had to fall back a short distance to form lines anew. The enemy gained no advantage, for our army was brought into action and the rebels were unable to occupy the position which our men had abandoned. The 5th Corps had suffered in the previous fight so severely that there was not a single Division of it in perfect fighting trim, but Gen. Augur, commanding the regulars, filed in from the right and the position was held.

Another desperate effort must be made before that position would be in our possession; that point once reached an open country and a fair battle field lay before us.

About noon the batteries were posted, ours on the edge of a piece of woods, theirs on the opposing hill. The discharge of shell for some time was quite brisk and severe. As the enemy approached, Gen. Grant started to the front to take a glance at the position and inspire our troops for the grand onset which was now to be made. Before he arrived at our left bank a battle of musketry from the advance skirmishers and the straggling back of wounded men, indicated that the moment had almost arrived. The troops from the 5th and 6th Corps, in several heavy lines, were concentrated in front of the position to which the rebels had fallen back from after the engagement in the early part of the day. Gen. Wright's Division, already distinguished by most gallant conduct took the lead and at 6.30 o'clock a shout was raised and the attack commenced. As our troops moved out of the woods through a narrow open space, and up a thicket which was held and fortified by the enemy, at 7:15, as the light began to fade away, head of firing began to cease and now the enemy commenced to give way, and the shouts of our men receding as the enemy were pushed along showed that the results of the attack were favorable, and decided we had broken the enemy and driven them from the position which they had so strongly contested. But the darkness was now so great we could not safely press them further, and Spottsylvania Court House still remained that night in the hands of the rebels.

Monday was spent by us in camp, both for the much needed rest and replenishing the army with rations.

Lee Flanked on the Right and Left.

He has been Driven Across the South Anna River.

GRANT IN PURSUIT.

WASHINGTON, May 11.—It is reported that Grant has flanked Lee both on the right and left. A terrible battle occurred yesterday. Lee was driven across the South Anna River. Grant is in close pursuit.

A General Advance on Tuesday

Reported Capture of Commissary Stores.

WASHINGTON, May 11.—It is reported that last night our Headquarters were two miles in advance of Spottsylvania. A general advance was ordered for 5 o'clock yesterday (Tuesday) evening, and the firing from that hour to sundown is said to have been very heavy. It is stated that Grant has captured a large amount of commissary stores.

Grant and Meade at the Front.

WASHINGTON, May 11.—The *World's* special says: Our loss in the battles of Sunday and yesterday will probably amount to at least 2,500. Generals Grant and Meade were at the front last night, personally superintending Hancock's attack. After despatching our special messenger last evening a heavy cannonading was opened on the rebels occupying Spottsylvania. Under cover of the fire Hancock crossed the little river. Poe and pushed the enemy beyond town.

From San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 11.—The Democratic State Convention now in session in this city, passed resolutions declaring the war, as conducted, to be for Abolition purposes and to revolutionize the Government, and urging National Democratic Convention to pledge the party to and a restoration of peace upon just and honorable terms.

From Hilton Head.

NEW YORK, May 11.—A Hilton Head correspondent of the *Tribune* says a rebel deserter states that 10 heavy mortars have been mounted in Sumter to fire on Morris Island. One battery and four columbiades command the inside channel towards Sullivan's Island. It is understood that a land and naval attack has been ordered on Sumter, seven iron-clads are finished and afloat in Charleston harbor.

Death of Gen. Sedgwick Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, May 11.—The body of Maj. Gen. Sedgwick arrived in town this morning.

Dispatch from Gen. Sherman.

Arrival of 300 Rebel Prisoners.

(OFFICIAL.)

WASHINGTON, May 11.—*Maj. Gen. Dix*: No intelligence has been received since my dispatch of this morning. A dispatch from Gen. Sherman, dated at Tunnel Hill, at 2:30 p. m., states that McPherson had not attacked the enemy. Gen. Sherman is in front of Buzzard's Roost Gap awaiting the arrival of a part of his forces. This dispatch came by the way of Knoxville and Cumberland Gap, having been delayed over 24 hours in consequence of a heavy storm that broke down all the lines south of Nashville.

No intelligence has been received to day from General Butler's command, except that 300 rebel prisoners including one negro, had arrived at Ft. Monroe from City Point, in charge of a negro guard. Nothing of recent date has been received from Gen. Banks' command.

HEAVY FIRING HEARD.

Arrival of Wounded.

PHILADELPHIA, May 11.—A special dispatch to the *Bulletin* from Washington says heavy firing was heard yesterday from General Butler's Headquarters. The iron clads were engaged.

WASHINGTON, May 11.—The total number of wounded that have arrived is 4,172.

Casualities in Ohio Regiments.

COLUMBUS, May 11.—Gov. Brough read the following telegram this afternoon:

WASHINGTON, May 11, 1:20 p. m.—There is 1150 slightly wounded arriving by boats from Belle Plain; casualties as far as I can learn in Ohio regiments are as follows:

Killed.—Maj. Wm. L. M'Craine, 110; Capt. Geo. W. Hoge, company B, 126; Capt. Richard M. Lyons, company C, 126; Capt. Oliver W. Iravee, company G, 126; Capt. Joseph Work, company I, 122; 2nd Lt. Albert J. Harison; A. A. General, 126.

Wounded.—Col J. W. Kifer, 110; Capt. John M. Smith, company A, 110; Capt. George W. Voorhees, run over; company A, 126; Capt. David Lewis, company G, 8; Capt. Byron W. Evans, badly, company D, 8; Capt Jonothan M'Cready, company H. 12th; 2nd Lt. Lester, badly, company C, 8th; 2d Lt. Stephen Strange, company I, 8th.

Great Excitement in Richmond.

BALTIMORE, May 10.—The flag of truce boat New York, arrived at Annapolis to-day with 300 prisoners exchanged on the James river, at Akin's Landing. They report great excitement at Richmond when they left.

Railroad Thoroughly Destroyed.

NEW YORK, May 10—A *Tribune* correspondent writing from Charleston, Virginia, says there has been a thorough destruction of the East Tennessee Railroad from Wentags River down to Bull's Gap.

COMMERCIAL & FINANCIAL

MONEY MARKET.

CORRECTED DAILY FOR THE MORNING POST, BY MESSRS. KOUNTZ & MEETZ, BROKERS, NO. 118 WOOD STREET.

The following are the buying and selling rates for Gold, Silver, &c.:

	Buying	Selling
Gold	1 65	
Silver	1 55	
Demand Notes	1 85.	
Coupons	1 60	
Exchange.		
Sterling per pound	8 00	9 25
Prussian	1 17	1 20
Florins	65	70–71

PITTSBURGH PRODUCE MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY POST, THURSDAY, May 12, 1864.

BACON—Shoulders—Sales 10,000 lbs at 11¾@12¾c; Sides, 6,000 lbs ribbed, at 13¼c; Plain Hams, 6,000 lbs, at 17@17½c; S. C. Hams, 3,500 lbs. at 19c; Canvassed, 2,000 lbs do. at 21c; Shoulders, 8,000 lbs, at 12¼@13c; 7,000 lbs ribbed sides at 13¼@13½c; 6,000 lbs Plain Hams at 17½c; 5,000 lbs S. C. Hams at 19c.

DRIED BEEF—Sales 1,100 lbs at 16¼@16c.

FLOUR—Sales 140 bbls Extra Family at $7,50@8; 100 bbls Extra at $7; 75 bbls do Extra Family at $7,75 ₩ bbl.

HAY—Sales of 6 loads at the scales at $33@$40.

GRAIN—Corn—Sales 1 car of shelled at $1,38 ₩ do at $1,36; Oats, sales 400 bush at 90c.

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY POST, THURSDAY, May 12, 1864.

BUSINESS—Was not very active, there being a difference of opinion as to the rates. Prices, at least the lots sold, exhibited but few changes. Among the sales we note as follows:

CRUDE—The sales were, packages included, 200 bbls on wharf at 28¼c; 300 do at 28c; 700 do at 28c; 300 do at 28¼c; sales in bulk or barrels returned; 200 bbls at 23½c; 40 do at 23¾c; 250 do at 23½c.

REFINED—We did not learn of a single transaction.

RIVER MATTERS

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

ARRIVED.

Gallatin, Clarke, Brownsville.
Franklin, Carmac, Brownsville.
Jas. Rees, Irwin, Elizabeth.
New York, Lightner, Cincinnati.

DEPARTED.

Gallatin, Clarke, Brownsville.
Franklin, Carmac, Brownsville.
Jas. Reese, Irwin, Elizabeth.
Minerva, Gordon, Wheeling.

PITTSBURGH SANITARY FAIR.—The following named steamboats have subscribed to the Steamboat Fund of the Pittsburgh Sanitary Fair; all other boats subscribing will have their names added to the list:

Little Giant,	Rover,
Argonaut No 2,	Armenia,
Nevada,	Julia,
America,	Westmoreland.
Damsel,	New York,
Arcola,	Camelia,
Faragon,	Vulcan,
Kate Robinson,	Starlight,
Goody Friends,	Leonidas,
Jas. R. Gilmore,	Silver Cloud No. 2,
Alpha,	Minerva,
Charmer,	Mercury,
Kenton,	Lenio Leotis,
Glide,	M. S. Mepham,
Reserve,	Cherokee,
Ontario,	Roanoke,
Ohio Valley,	Lizzie Martin,
Jewess,	Silver Spray,
Lotus,	Empire City,
Golden Era,	Citizen,
Maggie Hays,	Bertha,
Gallatin,	Franklin.
Kate B. Porter,	Olive,
Ida Reese,	Echo No. 3,
Clara Poe,	Delaware,

Capt. Wm. Dean, a new boat not named.
Apapt. Anderson's new boat, not yet launched.

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REMOVAL.

KANE & DUFFY.

KANE & DUFFY WOULD INFORM their friends and the public that they have removed their Tailoring Establishment from the old stand to No. 14 ST. CLAIR STREET, Bissell's new block, near the St. Clair at Allegheny bridge. Those desiring the latest patterns of

Spring and Summer Clothing

Of the rarest and most fashionable styles, are invited to call and examine their extensive stock of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, &c.

KANE & DUFFY,

ap9-1md No. 14 St. Clair st.

MUSICIANS' COMBINE