The Daily Post.

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MONDAY, MORNING, MAY 2, 1864.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

The Miners' Friendly Association.

Duly authorized Delegates from some fourteen different associations, convened at the *Red Lion Hotel*, on Saturday, for the purpose of furthering the cause of the association. Four thousand miners were represented by these delegates all residents of Western Pennsylvania.

The meeting was organized by electing Mr. David Bordan, of Sawmill run Chairman, and appointing Wm. B. McClay Sec'y. One of the principal objects of the meeting was to extend the State Association so as to connect with other State organizations and thus form a kind of National League, for the purpose of defending and protecting the interests of miners in the United States. From the Statistics in their possession, it appears that miners are employed in the most dangerous work about manufacturing establishments, while their wages are often below the standard of employees usually engaged in such places. Their work is as hard (if not harder) as that of any operatives about manufacturing establishments, they are more exposed to danger and dampness, and yet they are not remunerated for their labor in proportion to their dangers and hardships. By associating together they expect in time to have their grievances redressed.

Another object of the Association is to devise some plan for securing to each member of the Society the credit that is due to them for donations for charitable, benevolent and patriotic purposes. It often happens that they are taxed one, two or three days labor, for some charitable object and the proprietors of the works take all the credit of the donation. They seem willing to give to every public purpose a share of their wages, but they claim the right of an individual and personal credit for such donations.

Another object in assembling is to raise a sufficient amount of money to start a *Miner's Journal*, or at least to purchase such interest in some paper as will secure to them a fair and respectful consideration among their fellow citizens. There is a Journal of the kind published in Belleville, Illinois, called the "Weekly Miner," but it does not seem to have a very extended circulation. We express no opinion in regard to the merits of the Association, except to say that the delegates present were a very respectable body of men, and that the business before them was conducted in true parliamentary style.

The Oil Business.—There are about ten thousand barrels of oil now lying along the Allegheny river, extending from near the point, the distance of perhaps half a mile up the river, and from reports given by intelligent and reliable men from Oil City, there are at least ten thousand more barrels on the way from the wells to this place, and perhaps as many barrels filled and ready for shipment. Notwithstanding this the market does not seem to be affected, but drays are busy in taking it to the cars for the Eastern markets.

The most important question with the citizens of Pittsburgh is how to get rid of this dangerous and inflammable liquid, now lying in such abundance in the heart of the city. Would it not be advisable to purchase grounds, on the river, beyond the Cemetery, and establish an *Oil Depot*, at a safe distance from town? Such grounds would cost money, but the expense incurred in this would be trifling compared with the loss that might be sustained in one night from fire, originating in the vicinity of the Allegheny wharf. If that oil should once take fire all the water in the river would not quench it. Then the drippings of the oil and its offensive smell are nuisances which should be speedily removed. We do not believe that the oil dealers themselves would have, or could have, any reasonable objection to such a measure. They are as subject to loss by fire now as persons who own houses and do business in the city. The oil is in more danger of taking fire here than out a few miles in the country, and not less subject to damage by water. A Depot a few miles out, connected with the Allegheny Valley Railroad, by a short branch, would make transportation as easy and the market as convenient. Would it not then be advisable to move in this matter at once, as the oil trade will be more likely to increase than diminish from year to year.

The Pittsburgh Fair and the Chicago Board of Trade.—The Board of Trade Friday morning took the following action in reference to the Pittsburgh fair:

Whereas, This community feel under a debt of gratitude to the generous people of Pittsburgh, Pa., who so nobly aided the Sanitary Fair held in this city last fall, and the managers of the Chicago Fair having requested the President and Directors of this Board to appoint a committee to solicit, from our citizens and business men, subscriptions of money, or of useful and fancy articles for the benefit of the Sanitary Fair to be held at Pittsburgh during the coming month; therefore, be it

Resolved, That this Board heartily concur in this movement, and would request the following named gentlemen to act as a committee to obtain subscriptions and donations for the benefit of said Fair:

Ira Y. Munn, chairman; Chauncey T. Bowen and Potter Palmer for the Dry Goods merchants; S. C. Griggs and W. B. Keen for the booksellers; James H. Hoes, for the jewelers; U. H. Crosby, for the distillers; Wesley Munger, for the elevators; Charles M. Culbertson and Andrew Brown, for the packers and provision dealers; Ely Bates and Nelson Lundington for the lumber dealers; B. W. Raymond at large; H. H. Hinsdale, and C. G. Wicker, for the grocers; Murray Nelson in behalf of the Board of Trade.

Contributions will also be received by John F. Beaty, Secretary of the Board of Trade.

No Locals.—The scarcity of locals is complained of in this manner by a contemporary.

"It was hard enough for the Israelites to make brick without straw, but that was nothing to writing locals where there is nothing interesting to write about." We feel the force of this reasoning just now, yet cannot help congratulating the citizens of the place that it is so. The less crime there is committed, the less local will there be to write, not that all local is a narrative of crime, but because disorderly and vicious conduct increases the *quantum* of local. In a city containing about one hundred and sixty thousand persons, it is to their praise to say that but one or two cases of disorderly conduct happen each day upon an average. It is indeed wonderful that so many persons can associate together on every street and in every place of business, amid the bustle of cars, drays, wagons, carriages, bales, barrels and boxes, during the day, and every day, and every hour of the day, with so few collisions and accidents. A hundred thousand people swarming like bees, "athwart, multiform and mix," for an entire day, without one accident, or one complaint is indeed a wonderful affair. Especially in a manufacturing city like this, where there is so much heavy hauling, loading and unloading, of every variety of machinery, it is remarkable that there are so few misunderstandings, accidents and injuries.

CAMP OF THE 61ST REGT. PA. VOLS., NEAR BRANDY STATION, VA., April 26, 1864.

"MR. BARR: *Sir:*—The Abolition presses and LINCOLN loving politicians of the North are trying at the present time to make the people believe that there are no Democrats, or what we call MCCLELLAN men, in the army. Now, that is not the case, and in this we wish to prove to you and the community at large that MCCLELLAN is thought more of by the soldiers of this army than any other public man in the United States, and if he is nominated for President and the army gets a vote, the people will then see he is yet the pride of the Army of the Potomac."

This letter is signed by some forty McClellan men and only one Lincoln man. We are sorry we have not room for the publication of the names entire. The latter and signatures speak well for Gen. McClellan.

Another Riot.—About seven o'clock on Sunday evening, a row occurred at the corner of Webster and High streets, in the Third ward, between a number of persons who have been in the habit of associating together. There were several knock downs, and for an hour or two great danger was apprehended. The fight, however, seemed to be a set-to among themselves, and after satisfying their curiosity and *feeling* each others heads, they dispersed. In the mean time a police officer, Mr. John Thornburg, arrested one of the parties at the risk of his life and placed him in the tombs for a hearing before the acting Mayor, Alderman Butler, on to-morrow morning. It is probable two or three more will be arrested before morning. The Third ward is becoming somewhat notorious for riots.

Tableaux Vivants.—These performances were repeated on Saturday evening to a crowded house. Some of the scenes were indeed transcendantly beautiful and imposing. The gorgeous drapery, the rich costume, the correctness of representation, and the pantomic character of the scenes, make the performance charming and captivating beyond description. Apart from the very laudable objects of the exhibition, which is for the benefit of the Subsistence and Sanitary Committee, there is an influence imparted, of a refining and elevating nature, which should not be overlooked. What a grand school for the young who are sufficiently educated to appreciate the ability of the performers, and to realize the moral and … historical teachings … are given!

Robberies.—There have been two or three cases of bold and daring robbery in the city during the last few days. A man who lives in Zanesville, Ohio, named Potwin, had his pocket picked at the Railroad Depot, which relieved him of two hundred dollars. One of our Aldermen, named George Dobbs, lost, or was robbed of three thousand dollars at the close of last week. Persons should be careful when standing about the depots, not to take out or exhibit their money pocket books. Money is much easier lost … just now, as regular … thieves … around every day. …

Mr. Tetedoux' Concert is to take place to-morrow. We need but announce it to predict one of those large and fashionable audiences which have always been drawn by his concerts. This occasion will have an additional interest from the fact that some of his most promising pupils are to make their debut. The programme is well selected, and the well-known ability of Mr. T. as a teacher is sufficient guarantee that it will be well performed. Secured seats are for sale at C. C. Mellor's music store, 81 Wood street.

Disorderly Conduct.—There was a case up before Alderman Donaldson, of the Fourth ward, on Saturday, for supposed disorderly conduct. But the case assumed larger proportions, and, if the facts are true as the affidavit made, set forth the Alderman would have no jurisdiction. At least he appeared to think so. The decision will be given this morning. As the case may assume a different aspect before another tribunal we forbear to mention names.

May Day.—The first day of May passed off very quietly, being Sunday. There were no parties out that we know of, but no doubt there are arrangements made for parties to-day. The next time the first day of May comes, it had better come on a clear warm sunshinny Saturday, and thus give the young folks a chance for a gala day.

Another Riot.—Officers Lessner, Williston, Culp and Kemp arrested eight persons on Wood, near Water street, about nine o'clock last night, who were acting in a very riotous manner and disturbing the peace. They were furnished with comfortable quarters in the Mayor's apartments, under lock and key till morning, when they will have a further hearing.

Commitments.—The Mayor's police arrested some thirty persons during yesterday for disorderly conduct, drunkenness and vagrancy. One whole family was arrested on Miltenberger's alley, and fined from three to five dollars a piece for assault and battery. Yesterday was quite a harvest for the police.

Another Victim.—The Chicago *Post* has published the story of the Salt Petre Cave, but has omitted a part of it. That paper says, "A *man* was found in the cave." He must have grown rapidly, as he was only a helpless little fellow a few days ago. Truly wonders never cease.

The Octoroon.—The Theatre was full on Saturday evening, and the performance was excellent. Each actor played his part to perfection, and elicited frequent bursts of applause. The representations were natural, the characters appropriate and the performance a complete success.

Mr. A. A. Barker, of Ebensburg, Cambria County, is appointed on the Republican State Central Committee. Mr. Barker was a Delegate to the Chicago Convention that nominated the Rail-splitter. He has great luck to empty honors.

Cattle Exhibition.—We understand that the lot of ground just west of and adjoining the new Allegheny city Hall, will be used temporarily, by the managers of the Sanitary Fair, for a place to exhibit such cattle as may be brought to the Fair.

New Steamers.—There are eleven new steam boats now lying at the Monongahela wharf, approaching completion. They are very handsomely modeled and, when painted, will make a very fine appearance.

The Richmond Campaign.

All Quiet as yet in the Army of the Potomac.

Rebel View of the Situation.

No Battle to be Fought on the Rapidan.

From the World's Correspondent.

BALTIMORE, April 28.

Southern View of the Military Situation in Virginia.

The following is the southern view of the present military situation in Virginia. I mean it is the view that comes here from southern authority, and I state this with particularity, because not a single item of the following information comes from Union sources. What is said about the strength and movements of the Union forces may or may not be true, but it is what is believed to be true at Richmond, and the rebel movements are based upon it.

Longstreet's whole corps has joined General Lee on the Rapidan. and Gen. Lee's army is now nearer one hundred thousand than eighty thousand strong. His main body is on the Rapidan, near Mine run, with Longstreet on the extreme left, and Ewel's corps on the right. The old corps of A. P. Hill holds the centre.

General Lee Designs to Throw his Main Body Between Grant and Washington.

In a word, depending on the vast advantage which his army enjoys in position; on the various defensive lines to which they can successfully fall back; and above all, on the impregnability of the defences of Richmond, it is General Lee's designs, after the Union army has crossed the Rapidan to move with the main body of his army northward; and either to throw himself in Meade's rear and endeavor to defeat the Union army first, or else to make a bold and rapid push toward either Washington or Pennsylvania.

The Battle Must be on Ground of Lee's Choosing.

And to whichever of these positions the enemy retires there General Grant will have to follow. It must not be forgotten that in this overland campaign, as in all that have preceded it, the battle, when it takes place, will have to be fought at the time that Gen. Lee chooses, and on ground that he has selected for that purpose. It may be in Gen. Grant's power to defeat the rebel army after the battle has been joined. But it is not in his power to compel Gen. Lee to fight until he wishes to or in any other position than that which he himself has chosen. This is a disagreeable fact. But it is a fact nevertheless, and it may be well to remember it.

The Strong Position of the Rebels cannot be Turned.

General Lee knows, too, and his calculations are based upon this fact, that although General Grant's objective point is Richmond, yet still he will have to attack and defeat the confederate army before he can get there, and General Grant himself, of course, is fully aware of this fact. Many people of the North who remember the great strength of the rebel position at Mine run, as demonstrated by General Meade in November or December of last year, and the terrible slaughter of our troops under Burnside in the attempt to take Fredericksburg in December of the year before, no doubt fancy that General Grant, in his advance, will try rather to turn any such strong position as he may encounter, and push on to Richmond by passing to one side of them. But that cannot be done. To do so would be to leave the rebel army in his rear, and this is to gain precisely that position for the main body of his army, in other words, to get between General Grant and Washington, that General Lee's maneuvers will be directed.

Gen. Lee's Estimate of Gen. Grant.

General Lee is playing a very deep strategic game. Whatever may be the estimation in which General Grant is held by the magnates at Richmond, Gen. Lee is too good a soldier to despise him. He is aware of the exact number of troops under Gen. Grant's ordres, and he knows he will have to fight with a much larger army than he has before encountered. All his movements, … a week past have been made with a view of deceiving General Grant in regard to his real intentions, and of leading the latter to believe that his object is the very reverse of what it really is. All of his maneuvers during the last six or seven days give color to the impression that he is massing the whole of his available strength on the south side of the Rapidan; that he has selected that spot as the battle-ground, and that he intends the battle to be fought there with … decide the fate of Richmond …

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH,

FOR THE POST.

FROM WASHINGTON.

All Quiet at the Front.

Special to the Post:

WASHINGTON, April 30.—There is nothing new from the Army of the Potomac. The rebel army is quiet. There is no probability that the War Department will grant the request of the Pennsylvania Legislature to muster out reserves for that State in May. It is expected that the Senate bill raising the pay of colored soldiers, will pass the House to-day.

From the Potomac Army.

The Enemy Hard at Work Fortifying the Fords.

Rebel Force in the Shenandoah Valley.

NEW YORK, April 30.—A special to the *Times* says: Officers from the front to-night profess to believe that active operations will not be commenced just now. The enemy are again busily engaged in throwing up more earthworks, and digging rifle-pits covering the various fords along the line of the Rapidan. Their pickets have been strengthened along the whole front, and extended further down the river towards our left. Picket firing is again resumed, and small skirmishes take place almost daily on our outposts.

There is no truth in the reported concentration of a large rebel force in the Shanandoah Valley, near Front Royal. The rebel force in the valley is Early's division of Ewell's corps, which our troops there outnumber two to one. Early's forces, augmented by irregular cavalry of Imboden, White, Mosby and Gilmore, do not in all amount to six thousand. Something important is expected before long from Gen. Averill.

General Burnside visited General Grant to-day on business connected with his department. The rumors that General Hooker has come on from the West, and is at Harper's Ferry, are utterly unfounded.

From Harrisburg.

The Pennsylvania Reserves

Great Dissatisfaction Among the Men.

A Resolution Adopted for their Discharge in May.

HARRISBURG, April 29.—In the House of Representatives this evening, Mr. Barger made an important statement relative to the fifteen regiments of Pennsylvania Reserves. He stated that they entered the service of Pennsylvania three years ago, but were not mustered into the national service for two months afterwards. They are now greatly dissatisfied, so much so that many of them are under arrest, the men claiming that the time of service expired in May, and the National Government contending that it extended until July.

Mr. Barger read extracts of a letter from Col. McCandless, commanding the division, relative to the dissatisfaction, and fearing the men will refuse to serve after May.

Governor Curtin had urged some action on the part of the Legislature, to induce the Government to comply with the demands of the Reserves, and in accordance with the Governor's request, Mr. Barger offered a resolution urgently requesting the President to discharge the Reserves. The resolution was unanimously adopted.

Simon Cameron has been chosen Chairman of the State Central Committee.

From New York.

Extra Duty of 50 per Cent. on Imported Goods.

NEW YORK, April 30.—The new 50 per cent. extra duty on imported goods went into operation at 1 o'clock this afternoon. Merchants who had come forward in extraordinary numbers with their gold and invoices after the new tariff bill was introduced into Congress, were from the hour mentioned, quite indifferent as to the withdrawal of their goods, and the press of business has come to a close. The receipts at the Custom house for duties have reached during the present week the immense figures of nearly $5,000,000, almost exclusive of coin.

A Bill Relative to Abandoned Property.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—The Secretary has communicated to Mr. Washburne, of Ill., Chairman of the Committee on Commerce, the draft of a bill relative to the abandoned property with various suggestions concerning the necessary legislation upon the subject. The first section sanctions the sales of live stock, planting implements and machinery at the points where collected, instead of sending them to some place in the loyal States as required by the present law. The 2d section connects the case of abandoned plantations, with the general care of the freedmen whose support must be derived from cultivation of these lands, unless they are to become a burden on the Treasury. The 3d section provides that fees be charged for persons graduated according to the magnitude of transaction, and that they be paid into the Treasury after deducting attendant expenses, also the monies arising from leases of abandoned lands. The 4th section meets the cases of persons residing within the lines in insurrectionary States who claims to conduct transports supplies therein without being subject to the prohibitions and penalties applying to persons from other States. The 5th section is intended to sanction restricting supplies to the rebels. The fifth section upon trade in loyal States even for the purpose of preventation repeals the existing distribution of one-half the proceeds from abandoned property to informers and custom officers and leaves the whole matter with the Court decreeing the forfeiture.

Stampede Among the Rebels.

NEW YORK, April 30—The Newbern *Times* of the 27th says: On Friday last a large rebel force appeared in front of Little Washington, but their lines were soon destroyed and it is said a … stampede …

Congressional Proceedings.

Increase of Soldiers Pay to $20 per Month.

THE APPROPRIATION BILLS.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—SENATE.—The House bill for the relief of settlers on land claims in California, was on motion of Mr. Harding, taken up and passed. The Senate bill granting lands for railroad purposes, in Minnesota, as amended by the House, was passed. The Senate then resumed the National Bank bill and the amendment of the Finance Committee taxing Banks, was adopted. The currency bill reported to the Senate and its further consideration was deferred until Monday. Senate then adjourned.

HOUSE—Mr. Stevens reported from the committee on Ways and Means the Senate amendments to the army appropriation bill. Among the amendments was one which was adopted, appropriating $45,000 for the purchase of artificial limbs for soldiers and sailors.

The Senate amendments was read, in which the Committee on Ways and Means recommended a concurrence as follows: That colored, persons mustered into the military service shall receive medical, hospital attendance and emoluments as white soldiers, from and after the first of June, 1864, and any person of color hereafter mustered into the service shall receive a bounty not exceeding $100.

Mr. Holman offered an a amendment to increase the pay of soldiers to $20 per month after January 1st, 1864, with a corresponding increase of pay to non-commissioned officers.

From New Orleans.

Rumors of General Steele at Shreveport.

ARRIVAL OF REFUGEES.

CAIRO, April 29.—The steamer Mississippi from New Orleans on the 23d via Memphis on the 27th has arrived; news meagre. The steamer Empire from Red river brought down Gen. Lee and Capt. Nuss on business connected with the organization of their commands. Maj. Connell, 1st N. H. cavalry was badly injured by kick from a horse but will recover. Lieut. W. Snow who was reported killed, is alive but a prisoner.

The *Era* publishes a rumor that Gen. Steel has taken possession of Shreveport and thrown up fortifications.

Nearly 300 refugees from Arkansas, Georgia and Alabama arrived here and present a most pitiable appearance.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—It is probable that a vote will be taken in the House on Wednesday on the House bill to provide Republican government for those of States overthrown or usurped by rebellion. A number of prepared speeches are yet to be delivered upon the subject.

The President has approved of the joint resolution, temporarily increasing the duty on imports 50 per cent. It is therefore a law.

Late Foreign News.

HALIFAX, April 30.—The steamship Europa from Liverpool on the 16th inst., arrived this morning.

Garibaldi had a magnificent reception at the Crystal Palace yesterday. A flag of Italy was presented to him, bearing words "Rome and Venice."

THE GREATEST NERVINE, TONIC AND BLOOD PURIFIER.
Dr. Cutters'
ENGLISH BITTERS.
A sure cure for Intemperance.
Dr. J. C. Ayers' Family Medicines.
DR. D. JAYNES & SON'S,
FAMILY MEDICINES.
Dr. Schenck's Pulmonic, Tonic and Pills.
HELMBOLD'S
Celebrated Buchu & Sarsaparilla,
And all other Family Medicines can be found genuine at the
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And all articles usually found in Drug Stores of first quality, for sale low,
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COMMERCIAL & FINANCIAL.

MONEY MARKET.

CORRECTED DAILY FOR THE MORNING POST, BY MESSRS. KOUNTZ & MERTZ, BROKERS, NO. 118 WOOD STREET.

The following are the buying and selling rates for Gold, Silver, &c.:

	Buying	Selling
Gold	1 75	
Silver	1 68	
Demand Notes	1 75	
Coupons	1 75	
Exchange.		
Sterling per pound	8 00	8 25
Prussian	1 17	1 20
Florins	68	70-71

PITTSBURGH PRODUCE MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY POST, MONDAY, May 2, 1864.

BUSINESS—On Saturday was not very active, this, however, is no unusual occurrence for the last day of the week. The sales reported were:

SALT—Sales 70 bbls at $2,25.

POTATOES—Sales 200 bbls Neshannocks at $3,75@4; 300 bush do at $1,20@1,25 ₱ bush.

BUTTER—Sales 700 ℔s at 28c; 6 packages at 26c; 10 bbls prime at 28c; 7 packages at same figures.

HAY—Sales 7 loads at the scales at prices ranging from $40@44 ₱ ton; Baled—sales 6 tons from first hand at $37@38 ₱ ton.

BACON—Sales 2,800 ℔s country sides, clear, at 14¼@14½c; city cured was held at 15@15½c; ribbed at 13@14c; Plain Hams at 16¼@17; S. C. Hams at 19c; canvassed do at 20½@21c; Shoulders—sales 8,000 ℔s at 12½c; 1,000 ℔s do at 12¼.

LARD—Sales 10 tierces at 14½c for city leaf.

MESS PORK—Sales were reported at $26,50.

FLOUR—Sales of Extra at 7,00; Extra Family at $7,75@8 ₱ bbl; some lots were held at $8,25.

CHEESE—Sales 75 bxs choice English Dairy at 17c; new sold at 13½@14c.

FISH—Sales were: Herring, 25 bbls Halifax, at $6; 30 do at $6,25; Mackerel—sales 1,100 half bbls No 3 medium at $6; No 2, 1,450 half bbls, at $7,75; White Fish—sales 20 half bbls at $8,75 @9,50.

GRAIN—Corn—Sales 300 bush shelled from store at $1,35; 500 do at $1,28; 900 bush do at $1,29; Oats—sales 750 bush at 84@86c; Wheat was in fair demand; prices unchanged.

RICE—Sales 10 sacks at 12@12½.

GROCERIES—Sales 20 bbls Crushed at 26½@27c; Orleans—sales 8 hhds at 18@19½c; P. Rice, 6 hhds, at 18@18½c. Cuba at 17c; Molasses—prices unsettled and advancing; Coffee—sales 20 sacks Rio at 47½@48c; Syrups active at full rates.

WHISKY—Prices have declined in Cincinnati and Chicago. We could learn of no sales on Saturday.

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY POST, MONDAY, May 2, 1864.

The week's business that closed on Saturday night was one that will rank among some of the heaviest business weeks in oil that was ever transacted at this place. The sales that came under our notice were as follows:

CRUDE—Sales of Crude, packages included, 900 bbls, at 23c; 200 bbls do, delivered in cans, at 23¼c; 300 bbls on wharf at 28c; 600 do at 28c; 150 do at 28¼, sales in bulk or packages returned, viz: 627 bbls at 23c; 300 do at 23c; 400 do at 23c; 100 do at 23c; 220 do at 23c.

REFINED—Sales 114 bbls Free, up river brand, at 58c; 100 do at 55c; 205 do, city brand, at 60c; 200 do, up river oil, at 58; 250 do city at 60. 150 bbls up river oil, a prime article, at 59c; sales 500 bbls Bonded at 50c; 300 bbls Free, city brand, at 60c.

BENZOLE—The market was active; holders were firm at 30@31c. Heavy sales were made on Saturday in Cincinnati and Chicago. Some of our oil dealers made a good day's work on Saturday.

Coal Departure.

On Saturday the tow boats Lake Erie No. 3 and Lion left for Cincinnati. They towed out 14 barges, containing 126,000 bushels, all for the Cincinnati market.

Advance in Nails.

Nails, all sizes have advanced in this market 50c per keg. Iron for the present remains unchanged.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, April 30.—Cotton firm at 83@84c. Flour active at $7,35@7,50 for Extra State; $7,70 @8,00 for Extra R. H. O.; $8,05@9,00 for Trade Brands. Whisky irregular at $1,15@1,18. Wheat firm at $1,71@1,74 for Chicago Spring; $1,78@1,82 for Milwaukie Club. Corn active at $1,38½@1,39½ for old mixed Western. Oats firm at 86@88c. Petroleum unsettled. refined in bond 57@58c and refined free 65@67c. Pork quiet at $26 for mess; $25,75 for old mess; $27,50 for new mess; $22,50@24 for old and new prime; $26,50@27 for prime mess. Hams dull at 14½@15½c for short clear and 15¼c for long cut. Lard in demand at 14@15¼c. Butter at 22@25c for Ohio and 28@30c for State. Cheese steady at 16@18c.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, … demand an advance. Sales at $7,50@7,75. Corn steady at $1,35. Wheat quiet and scarce. Provisions steady and unchanged. Petroleum dull. Whisky unsettled and nominal at $1,25@1,30.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, April 30.—Flour dull at $6,40@6,50. Wheat dull; Red $1,45 and White at $1,50. Corn firm at $1 for ear. Whisky firm at $1,18@1,20. Mess Pork firm at $25,50. Lard quiet at 13¾c. Coffee 46@47c. Molasses firm. Gold at 1,78@1,79. Silver 1,63@1,65.

Buffalo Market.

BUFFALO, April 30.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat dull and nominal at $1,40 for No. 1 Chicago and Milwaukie; winter Red Western at $1,50. Corn dull at $1.12. Oats nominal at 76@78. Whisky dull at $1,15@1,16@1,17. Receipts—Flour, 185,761 bbls; Wheat, 140,00 bush; Corn, 38,867 bush.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, April 30.—Flour steady. Wheat dull and declined ½c. Corn dull at $1. Oats in demand at 66@67c. Highwines at $1,15@1,16. Receipts—5,500 bbls Flour; 30,000 bush Wheat; 46,000 do Corn; 21,000 do Oats. Shipments—4,400 bbls Flour.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, April 30.—Flour dull and heavy. Wheat declined 2@3c, Corn dull at $1.32@1,33. Whisky dull and drooping at $1,18@1,19.

New York Gold Market.

NEW YORK, April 30.—Gold closed this evening at 178¼.

Exchange for City Property.

That LARGE DWELLING with grounds attached, on CARSON STREET, formerly occupied by Christian Ihmsen, late of East Birmingham.

STABLING AND OUT-BUILDINGS
In the rear of the Dwelling House.
FRED. L. IHMSEN,
109 Fourth street,
ap7-1md Pittsburgh.

Second Arrival of New Goods

FOR THE PRESENT SEASON, NOW open for the inspection of our customers and the public, and to all those who appreciate style and quality in Clothing, embracing everything that is new and desirable for a first-class custom trade, which we will make up to order to the satisfaction of those who may favor us with their patronage.

GRAY, POSSIEL & RESE,
Successors to
SAMUEL GRAY & SON,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
No. 19 Fifth street.
N. B.—We make a speciality of officers' uniform for the army and Navy. ap20-ta28

RANKIN'S
Spiced Syrup Blackberry,
For Summer Complaints, [Diarrhœa, Dysentery, &c.,

IS PREFERABLE TO MOST PREparations for the above affections from this fact: It does not check the disease suddenly, (thereby rendering inflammation of the bowels liable,) but changes the character of and effectually and permanently removes the disease, and being purely vegetable, it can be given to the infant with perfect safety.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
ap7

DYSPEPSIA CRACKERS,
—AT THE—
BOSTON CRACKER BAKERY,
NO. 64 FOURTH STREET,
mh23 S. S. MARVIN.

A LARGE LOT OF
Congress 5's Tobacco,
Baltimore Spun Tobacco,
Navy Pounds "
Bright " "
Cut and Dry Smoking Tobacco,
Solace Fine Cut "
Sunny Side Fine Cut "
Sweet Olive " "
At M'COLLISTER & BAER'S,
mh26 108 Wood street.

SPICED AND COVE OYSTERS—
100 dozen 1 and 2 ℔ Cove Oysters,
100 " " Spiced Oysters,
Just received and for sale by
REYMER & BROS.,
mh19 126 and 128 Wood st.

LARGE AND FRESH ARRIVAL … Spring and Summ…

RIVER MATTERS.

THE RIVER.—Last evening at twilight there were eight feet water and falling. The weather was pleasant.

☞ The splendid side-wheel steamer … Anderson, Capt. C. A. D…, leaves this day, positively, for Cincinnati. This boat makes weekly trips, and is a general favorite with passengers and shippers. Capt. Robinson has charge of the office.

☞ The fine steamer Havana, Capt. Malin, leaves this day, positively, for Cincinnati and St. Louis.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

ARRIVED.

Gallatin, Clarke, Brownsville.
Franklin, Carmac, Brownsville.
Jas. Rees, Irwin, Elizabeth.
Nevada, Rogers, St. Louis.
Camelia, Lytle, Nashville.
Jennie Hubbs, Carroll, Cincinnati.
Leonidas, Anawalt, St. Louis.

DEPARTED.

Gallatin, Clarke, Brownsville.
Franklin, Carmac, Brownsville.
Jas. Reese, Irwin, Elizabeth.
Julia, Coulson, Zanesville.
New York, Lightner, Cincinnati.
Silver Spray, Shuman, St. Louis.
Havana, Malin, Cincinnati.

PITTSBURGH SANITARY FAIR.—The following named steamboats have subscribed to the Steamboat Fund of the Pittsburgh Sanitary Fair; all other boats subscribing will have their names added to the list:

Little Giant,	Rover,
Argonaut No. 2,	Armenia,
Nevada,	Julia,
America,	Westmoreland,
Damsel,	New York,
Arcola,	Camelia,
Faragon,	Vulcan,
Kate Robinson,	Starlight,
Goody Friends,	Leonidas,
Jas. R. Gilmore,	Silver Cloud No. 2,
Alpha,	Minerva,
Charmer,	Mercury,
Kenton,	Lenio Leotis,
Glide,*	M. S. Mepham,
Reserve,	Cherokee,
Ontario,	Roanoke,
Ohio Valley,	Lizzie Martin,
Jewess,	Silver Spray,
Lotus,	Empire City,
Golden Era,	Citizen,
Maggie Hays,	Bertha,
Gallatin,	Franklin.

*Capt. Anderson's new boat, not yet launched.
my2-tjl

AMUSEMENTS.

☞ PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

Lessee and Manager … W. HENDERSON.
Treasurer … H. OVERINGTON.

POSITIVELY LAST NIGHT.
THE OCTOROON! THE OCTOROON.

In producing this ever popular play, the Manager has been guided by the public desire, who are anxious to see this most vivid and truthful picture of Southern Life. Beautiful Scenery, Thrilling Tableaux, Startling Effects and Original Music.

THIS EVENING, will be presented, the successful play, written by the great dramatist, Dion Bourcicault, entitled the
Octoroon, or Life in Louisiana.
(Illustrative of southern character, southern scenes and southern homes. The scene is laid on the Mississippi River, on the plantation of Terrebonne.)
Zoe, the Octoroon … Kate Rynor
With a powerful cast.

CONCERT
TO BE GIVEN BY
Mr. Clement Tetedoux & his Pupils,
AT MASONIC HALL,
ON TUESDAY, MAY 3d, 1864.

Programme—Part First.
1. Notte Soave, Quartette … Wekerlin
Miss Lizzie Faber, Mrs. Nicholas Wade, Mr. Paul Zimmerman and Mr. H. Colton.
2. Native Home … Abt
Mr. Ernest Schwartz.
3. Friendship Polka Duett … Miss Hodges
Miss M. M'Candless and Miss E. Cowley.
4. Ah Non Avea Piu Lagrime, Maria de Rudenz … Donizetti
Mr. Henry Colton.
5. Gianetta … Millet
Miss Amelia Everson.
6. Ah Di Quall' Onta, Duett, Nabucodonosor … Verdi
Mrs. N. Wade and Mr. C. Tetedoux.
7. Swiss Song … Eckert
8. Il Cacio, Kiss … Reinhart.
Miss L. Faber.

Part Second.
1. Muse on Thee … Bagioli
Miss E. Cowley.
2. 'Tis the Fleet Corvette … Haydee … Auber
Miss L. Reinhart.
3. When the Quiet Morn is Beaming … Schondorf
Miss M. M'Candless.
4. La Marseillaise … Rouget de Lille
Mr. C. Tetedoux.
5. The Wanderer … Fesca
Miss A. Everson.
6. La Mia Letizia … J. Lombardi … Verdi
Mr. P. Zimmerman.
7. A, B, C, D, E, F, G, with brilliant variations … Adam
Mrs. N. Wade.
8. Brindisi Waltz … Muzio
Misses L. Faber and E. Cowley.

CARNIVAL SYMPHONY … Durst
PIANO … Hr. L. C. HAUGHAUMONT
VIOLIN … Mr. JAMES DIGGETT
PAN FLUTE … Mr. C. C. MELLOR
KUCKOO … Mr. C. TETEDOUX
TRUMPET IN D … Miss MARY LAUGHLIN
TRUMPET IN B … Miss ANNIE STONER
TRUMPET IN G … Miss L. REINHART
TRIANGLE … Miss A. EVERSON
DRUM … Miss MARY L. DAVIS

TICKETS 50 CENTS. Secured seats 75 cents. The sale of reserved seats will commence on FRIDAY, 29th inst., at 9 o'clock, at C. C. Mellor's Music Store, 81 Wood st. Doors open at 7 o'clock; concert to commence at ¼ to 8 o'clock.

☞ MASONIC HALL.

For One Night Only.
Wednesday Evening, May 4th.
MADAME ANNA BISHOP,
The World-Renowned Cantatrice,
Has the honor to announce one grand FAREWELL CONCERT, it being positively her last appearance in this city, prior to her departure for Europe. She will be assisted by her young and talented daughter,
MISS LOUISE BISHOP,
Vocalist and Pianist, recently from Paris and London, and
MR. A. SEDGWICK,
Buffo Singer and Concertinist.
A. SEDGWICK … Musical Director
TICKETS, 50 CENTS. Seats can be secured without extra charge, at C. C. Mellor's Music Store, 81 Wood street, where a diagram of the Hall can be seen. Sale to commence on MONDAY, at 9 o'clock a. m. Doors open at 7½ o'clock; Concert commences at 8 o'clock.
The Piano is furnished by C. C. Mellor, agent for Chickering & Sons. E. P. KENDALL,
ap30-4t Business Agent.

AUCTION SALES.

T. A. M'CLELLAND, AUCTIONEER, 55 FIFTH STREET.

Government Auction Sale.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 4, at 10 o'clock, at the
ALLEGHENY ARSENAL,
Will be sold, by order, to the highest bidder, the following property, viz:
4,062 Infantry Cartridge Boxes;
3,387 Infantry Cartridge Boxes and Belts;
2,521 Gun Slings;
3,455 Infantry Waist Belts;
75,000 ℔s Scrap Leather,
50,000 ℔s Scrap Iron;
6,000 Packing Boxes, (assorted;)
1,625 Kegs;
100 Powder Barrels;
1 Draft Horse;
1 Riding Saddle.
Terms cash—Greenbacks.

THE FINEST AND MOST SPLENDID
STEEL ENGRAVINGS
Of the two lights of the Catholic Church of America, the Most
REVS. JOHN HUGHES, D. D.,
First Archbishop of New York;
Francis Patrick M'Kenrick, D. D.,
Archbishop of Baltimore,
PRICE ONLY $1,00.
Also, CARD PHOTOGRAPHS of the same,
ONLY 25 CENTS.
Just received at
H. D. BRECHT & CO'S, …

… BLOOD SEARC…
CURE OF ALL DISEA…
Impure State of the …
SUCH AS
SCROFULA,
CANCEROUS FORMATIONS,
CUTANEOUS DISEASES,
ERYSIPELAS, BOILS,
PIMPLES ON THE FACE,
SORE EYES, SCALD HEAD,
TETTER AFFECTIONS,
AND STUBBORN …
RHEUMATIC DISOR…
JAUNDICE, SALT R…
DYSPEPSIA, COSTIVE…
MERCURIAL DISEASES,
GENERAL DEBILITY,
LIVER COMPLAINT,
LOSS OF APPETITE,
LOW SPIRITS,
FEMALE COMPLAINTS,
FOUL STOMACH,
TOGETHER WITH ALL OTHER
DISORDERS FROM AN IMPROPER
CONDITION OF THE CIRCULATORY
SYSTEM. AS A GENERAL TONIC
ITS EFFECTS ARE MOST
BENIGNANT, AND CANNOT
FAIL TO BENEFIT WHERE
USED PRESERVING,
AND ACCORDING
TO DIRECTIONS

Testimonials:

THE PROPRIETOR HAS CERTIFICATES enough on hand to fill a good sized volume, all of them the free will offerings of those who have been cured by the Blood-Searcher, from which we select the following:

The Great Purifier—The World Challenged to Produce its Equal—The Blood-Searcher Gloriously Triumphant.—Sworn statement of David M'Creary, of Napier township, Bedford county:

In April, 1853, as near as I can remember, a small pimple made its appearance on my upper lip, which soon became enlarged and sore. I used poultices of sorrel, and a wash of blue vitriol without effect. Finding the sore extending, I called on Dr. Ely, of Shellsburg, who pronounced it CANCER, and prescribed a wash of sugar of lead and bread poultices. Finding these remedies of no avail, I called upon Dr. Shaffer, Davidsville, Somerset county, who also pronounced the disease Cancer, and gave me internal and external remedies—the latter consisting principally of caustic—but all to no purpose as the disease continued spreading toward the nose. I next used a preparation of arsenic, in the form of salve. This for a time checked the disease, but the inflammation soon increased. I next called upon Dr. Statler, of St. Clairsville, Bedford county, who also pronounced the disease Cancer, and applied a salve, said to be a never failing remedy, but it had no effect whatever in checking the spread of the sore. In December, in the same year, the disease had eaten away a greater part of my lip, and attacked the nose, when I went to Cincinnati, where I consulted Prof. R. S. Newton, of the Electic Medical College. He pronounced the disease "cutaneous Cancer, superinduced by an inordinate dose of mercury." He applied mild zinc ointment and gave me internal remedies. My face healed up, but the inflammation was not thoroughly removed. In February, 1857, he pronounced me cured and I left for home. In April the disease again returned, and so violent was the pain that I could not rest at night. Late in May I returned to Cincinnati, and again placed myself under the charge of Dr. Newton, with whom I remained until September, during which time he used every known remedy, and partly succeeded in checking the disease, but when I returned home there were still three discharging ulcers upon my face. I continued using Newton's preparations, and also medicine that I got from Dr. Ely, but the Cancer continued growing until it had eat off the left side of my nose, the greater portion of my left cheek, and had attacked my left eye. I had given up all hope of ever being cured since Dr. Ely said he could only give relief, but that a cure was impossible. In March, 1858, I bought a bottle of "Blood-Searcher," but I must confess I had no faith in it. I was very weak when I commenced using it, but I found that I gained strength day by day, and also that the ulcers commenced drying up. I continued, and when the third bottle was taken my face was healed as if by a miracle. I use a fourth bottle, and I have been healthier since than I have been for the last seven years. Although my face is sadly disfigured, I am still grateful to a benign Providence who has spared my life, and which has been done through the instrumentality of Lindsey's Improved Blood-Searcher.
DAVID M'CREARY.

Sworn and subscribed this 31st day of August, A. D., 1858, before me, one of the Justices of the Peace, in and for the Borough of Hollidaysburg, Blair co., Pa. JOHN GORLEY, J. P.
Witness: U. J. JONES.

Liver Complaint Cured by Lindsey's Improved Blood-Searcher.
BLAIR COUNTY, ss.
Personally appeared before me, one of the Justices of the Peace, in and for Blair county, Geo. Kopp, who being duly sworn according to law, doth depose and say: Two years ago I was afflicted with pain between the shoulders, almost constant cough, loss of appetite, chills, night sweats, and very subject to take colds. I at length became so weak that I could hardly walk; my physician did me no good. Sometime last fall I commenced taking Lindsey's Improved Blood-Searcher, by the use of two bottles was perfectly cured. I feel safe to recommend it to all who suffer from liver diseases, general debility, loss of appetite and other diseases arising from impurity of the blood. I would not like to do without it. I consider it an excellent family medicine. [Signed] GEORGE KOPP.
Sworn and subscribed this 16th day of March, A. D., 1857, before me J. GORLEY, J. P.
NOTE.—Mr. Kopp is a resident of Frankstown, and is well known to the citizens of Blair and Bedford counties as a man of excellent character and influence.

Another Case of Scrofula Cured by Lindsey's Blood-Searcher.
If there be any who still doubt that Lindsey's Improved Blood-Searcher has and will permanently cure the most desperate and long-standing cases of Scrofula, let them read the following and be convinced:
Dr. J. M. LINDSEY: I was afflicted for a number of years with a disease, said by my physicians to be Scrofula. For the last three years I was so bad that I was unable to get out of my bed. I tried all the remedies and the best physicians I was able to procure, without any beneficial result. I continued growing worse until the flesh and skin were entirely eaten off the left side of my face, neck, shoulder and arm. My sufferings was so great, and I was so far reduced that it required the efforts of two persons to move me in bed. This was my condition when I was induced by the Messrs. Ralston, of Elderton to try your Improved Blood-Searcher, which, to my great relief, and the satisfaction of my friends, I soon discovered was helping me. I continued the use of it, and gained so rapidly that in considerably less than one year I was able to go about and attend to some of my household duties, and the parts affected were all healed up and covered with sound healthy flesh and skin, and have so continued ever since; and I now enjoy a state of health that I had for years given up all hopes of ever again being blessed with. NANCY BLEAKNEY,
Near Elderton, Armstrong county, Pa.
August 8th, 1856.

New Evidence.
Being afflicted with a grievous tetter on the arms and face—after trying many remedies which utterly failed to cure—I was persuaded by W. M. Barris & Co., to try "Lindsey's Improved Blood-Searcher," and now, six weeks after using the second bottle, pronounce myself cured. The tetter broke out something over one year ago, on the inside of my arms, extending from the elbows down to the wrists; also on my face, immediately around my mouth and chin, and continued to be a perfect torment to me until cured by the Blood-Searcher. My arms were at times almost useless, owing to the deep cracks and sores on them, liable to bleed at any time on the least exertion to lift or work, and sometimes so itchy I could scarcely prevent tearing off my flesh. I have now been cured six weeks, and I feel it due to Mr. Lindsey, and to the public generally, to make this statement, in hope that others like myself may be benefited by using this invaluable medicine.
her
JANE ⋈ WILSON.
mark.
Sworn to and subscribed before me, one of the Aldermen in and for the city of Pittsburgh, this 29th day of July, A. D., 1863.
AND. McMASTER, Alderman.

ELDERTON, January 24, 1859.
J. M. LINDSEY—*Dear Sir:* We are very near out of your medicine; please send us two dozen. We would just say that your medicine has cured a case of Scrofula that has been going on for years; the flesh was eaten off the lady's arms—you could see the sinews working. She is at the eighth bottle now, and the flesh is growing on very fast. Your Blood-Searcher is going all over the country. The people are very much pleased with the above case. Please send us statement of our account, and oblige …
Yours truly, JOHN HALSTON & CO.,
Elderton, … Station.

AS A TONIC, it has no equal. Unlike the many vile mixtures called "Bitters," it creates no false appetite, but gives tone, and vigor to the system, gradually and permanently.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
DR. LINDSEY'S GENUINE BLOOD SEARCHER has J. M. Fulton, Sole … printed on each Label. …