The Daily Post.

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LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 27, 1864.

Republican County Convention.

The delegates to the Republican Co. Convention assembled at the Court House yesterday, and was called to order by A. M. Brown, esq., Chairman of the County Committee. Two temporary secretaries, Mr. Morgan and Mr. Gilfillen, were appointed. Over one hundred delegates were in attendance, the most of them quite intelligent and respectable looking men, and might be termed the seniors of Allegheny county.

The Convention then proceeded to read over the credentials of the different delegates. Considerable confusion reigned when a motion was made to substitute delegates for districts unrepresented. One delegate called the proceeding *packing* the Convention, from which we infered that under the perturbed surface there might be an under current running for Fremont. The substitution question, however, was carried. When the delegates had all been accredited and the substitutions all made, two motions were made at the same time, one for a permanient chairman and one that Thomas M. Howe, esq., be chairman. Both resolutions were carried. In order to bring order out of this confusion it was resolved that a committee of five be appointed on permanent organization, which was laid on the table.

Mr. Howe was then elected chairman a second time, and addressed the meeting. He said he had no aspirations for political honors, and was sorry that a few delegates were opposed to him. He counseled harmony in the *wigwam*, for which he was cheered.

A motion was then made to re-consider the whole question of supplying substitutes and thus checking the sentiments of the convention. This motion was lost. A little fight was next gotten up on the question of voting, some desiring the *viva voce* method and some preferring the *dodge* method of marking. The *dodge* method carried two to one, which caused some delegates to feel indignant, but their feeling did them no good.

Sixteen persons were nominated for Representative delegates with the understanding that only seven be elected, the two highest of whom should be the Senatorial delegates.

The meeting thus far has not been very harmonious.

Resolutions, savoring of "negro on the brain" were passed, and the whole cabinet endorsed, except Mr. Blair, who it would appear has committed the sin unto death, by opposing the rascality of the government officials and acknowledging his adherence to Fremont.

The Convention adjourned after *whistling* away all fear of defeat at the next election.

After the adjournment two separate meetings were organized, one for the 22d and one for the 23d Congressional District. Hon. Thomas Williams was recommended as a suitable candidate for re-nomination in the, and Hon. J. K. Moorhead in the other district. After appointing referees and pledging them unconditionally for Lincoln, the convention adjourned. What was remarkable in this convention, we did not notice one "American citizen of African descent" in the meeting.

Throwing Stones.

On Monday evening a boy about twelve years of age was brought before his Honor, Mayor Lowry, charged with throwing stones and otner misconduct. We did not wait to hear the decision in the case, but feel assured that mercy would soften the punishment that justice seemed to demand; nor do we now present this as an item of news so much as a subject for reflection. While all admit that the officers did their duty, yet we cannot refrain from the thought that the parents of the lad ought to have been punished as well as the boy himself. He has been permitted, no doubt, to run at large, entirely unrestrained by either moral or domestic discipline, and unfortunately for the community, there are thousands of such parents, not only in this city, but in every city and village in the United States, and cases of disobedience and disregard for law and order are not rare in any well regulated place.

Now the offence here was not great, it was only *throwing stones*, but parents and children should know that this is violating law, and that when one law is violated with impunity, another law will soon be violated, and another more grave will be committed. Every person who disregards law is a rebel against the authorities placed over him as much as that man is a rebel who raises his hand and his voice against the Constitution of the land, and while there may be different degrees of crime, still it is all crime. There may be the penitent wrong-doer, for whom our sympathies should freely flow, but if no restraints are placed upon those who violate law, the penitent will soon become the impenitent offender. Parental restraint, especially, is a necessity, and the blending of strictness with kindness will never do any harm.

The public are heavily taxed for the purpose of protecting youth from temptation. Schools are established throughout the land for the purpose of exercising a salutary guardianship over youth, and many parents, appreciating the benefits of these institutions are careful to see that their boys attend them. It is here that the wholesome *restraint*, which alone is *true liberty*, is first imposed, and obedience to law most thoroughly taught. Unfortunately, however, too many parents fail to see the advantages of a public system of education in this light. They view schools as merely places for literary and scientific instruction, and having no taste themselves for such acquisitions, they do not insist that their children should attend them. They permit them to run in idleness upon the highways and drink in the poison of a *street education*, and as youth is naturally impetuous, ardent and ambitious, some achievement will be accomplished if it should be only *throwing stones*. It is thus that many a boy, endowed naturally with the elements of goodness and greatness, acquires habits of evil for want of something else to do. If boys are not sent regularly to school, they should have some daily employment at home—employment of a slight nature, suitable to their physical powers of endurance, which of itself would school them in lessons of industry and keep them out of mischief.

Another Lie Nailed.—The *Gazette* of yesterday morning says: It turns out unfortunately that the report of a third day's fighting with the rebels on Red River, resulting in such a victory to our forces as still further improved that of the 9th, and rendered the rebel successes gained on the 8th of no manner of advantage to them, was untrue. How such a circumstantial statement could have been written and telegraphed by mistake, passes our comprehension—unless the party responsible for the act had not only received a false impression but been made the victim of some one with a false purpose. The real facts of the case may now, from the latest accounts, be thus summed up: Gen. Banks' forces left Nachitoches on the 6th inst.; on the 7th his advance was skirmishing with the enemy; on the 8th a severe battle was fought at Sabine Cross-Roads between a small portion of Gen. Banks' army and the whole of the rebel army under Kirby Smith, resulting in a defeat and heavy loss to the Union forces. During the night of the 8th Gen. Banks fell back to Pleasant Hill, at which place he was again attacked on the 9th, and the remainder of his army having come up, the attack of the rebels was repulsed; but General Banks the next morning resumed his retreat, and returned with his army to Natchitoches, and to Grand Ecore, on the Red River, and there, at the last advices, remained, being in communication with the fleet of Admiral Porter. Gen. Banks, during the week following the 7th inst., advanced forty-three miles, fought two battles, lost about thirty-five hundred men, twenty guns, two of which were afterwards retaken, and three hundred wagons, and returned to the point whence he started.

The Fair.—The buildings for the holding of the Western Pennsylvania Sanitary Fair are being rapidly pushed towards completion. Floral Hall has assumed very ample proportions, and the adjacent structures are also fast giving visitors an inkling of the magnitude of the undertaking. In view of the ample preparations for a grand display, it should be considered a matter of State pride by every person of means in this end of the State, more especially, to add whatever attraction is possible to make the Fair a success. The worthiness of the object is well understood by all. The necessity of contributing for that object may, before the summer is past, be more than apparent. Let every person, therefore, without regard to ifs and buts, come at once to the earnestness of the work and make the Sanitary Fair of Western Pennsylvania such a success as will do honor to the hearts and heads of the citizens of the old Commonwealth. The Fair will open on the first of June next.

Inspection of Petroleum.—The following important bill introduced into the House by Mr. Glass on Friday, is now before the Senate. The first section provides that, The Governor of the Commonwealth be and he is hereby authorized and empowered to appoint an Oil Inspector, in and for the county of Allegheny. The said Inspector shall be commissioned to hold his office for and during the term of three years, and his successor every third year thereafter; and his duty shall be, from and after June first next; to inspect all petroleum, rock, earth, coal oils, and oils manufactured therefrom, which may be brought within the limits of Allegheny county, when notified by any person or persons owning or having in charge any such oils, *and desiring the same to be so inspected*.

Dishonest Domestics.—Mayor Alexander's police yesterday arrested two girls named Margaret Hess and Mary Gladden, charged with larceny by Mr. McAnnich, of this city. The prosecutor alleges that the accused were employed as domestics by him, and that on Friday evening they both left him. After their departure it was discovered that two quilts, five dresses, a coat, a silk cape, and several articles of underclothing had been stolen. A shawl was also taken, but was dropped by the thieves in their flight. The prisoners were committed for trial.

The Sword Contest.—As we hinted yesterday the Loyal League came to the rescue during the sealed ballot at the New York Sanitary Fair on Saturday and thus clearly and unmistakably exhibited their covert malignity to the great McClellan. It is some consolation to know, however, that thereby a few of the thousands of dollars, unfairly filched by spurious contracts from the Government treasury, have gone to the worthy purpose of the Sanitary Commission. To show how the thing was worked we append the principal contributions, which were so bulky that they could scarcely be forced into the ballot-box., Here they are:

Wheelwright, for sundry persons,	$ 1,000.
Loyal men of Chicago,	325.
Loyal men of New England,	3,000.
Loyal men of New York,	100.
Loyal men of New York,	1,000.
Loyal men of New York,	2,097.
Loyal men of New York,	10,000.

Counting the votes only of contributors there is no reason to doubt that McClellan is far ahead of Grant, as a majority of McClellan's votes were in small amounts. The masses of the people are thus for the hero of Antietam no matter where government sewing-women defrauding contractors deposit their ill-gotten greenbacks. The soldiers, too, with but rare exceptions, voted for little Mac, and the bulk of contributions from the army were likewise for him.

For the present we will leave the subject by copying from the *World* an astonishing instance of the force of habit:

"One letter from the 'Loyal men of New York' stated that it contained $2,087 but on counting, the sum was found to be $2,097—$190 short. This had probably passed through the hands of some loyal leaguer and government official, who, though earnestly desiring the success of Grant in the sword contest, had, from the force of habit, been unable to refrain from making this slight abstraction."

Oil and Lumber Business.—We learn from a gentleman just arrived from Franklin county, that a very large quantity of oil will be brought down, during the present high water, and within a week from this time. There are also great preparations made in the lumber business, for this market, as soon as the tributaries of the Allegheny are sufficiently swollen to enable traders to get their rafts out.

The amount of oil and lumber brought down the Allegheny this spring together with what is ready to be brought down is said to exceed that of any former spring for many years back, and yet the price of lumber is high and oil a ready sale.

When this "cruel war" is over, there is no doubt but that the demand for oil and lumber, south of this place, will be exceedingly great for many years to come, that is, provided "the Union now and forever" is not dissolved and the southern trade supplied from some other market.

Another Challenge.—The following appears in the N. Y. *Daily News* of the 25th:

"The present champion oarsman of America, James Hammill of Pittsburgh, having been challenged by William Stevens of Poughkeepsie to row a race of five miles on the Hudson River for $500 a side, with an allowance of $100 for expenses for the race to come off at Poughkeepsie, has elicited another challenge from the ex-champion, Joshua Ward of Newburg, who offers to row the winner, in the event of the above match coming off, for $500 and the championship. In any case he is desirous of having another opportunity of measuring oars with Hammill and again testing his claimed superiority as an oarsman, and is willing to row on any river that may be mutually and satisfactorily agreed upon."

Oats and Wine.—The Commissioner of Agriculture has recently received a very superior lot of black and white oats from Stockholm, Sweden, weighing forty five pounds to the bushel, which will be distributed among the farmers in quart packages, upon application to the Department. Our Minister at Japan, Mr. Pruyn, has forwarded a choice variety of grape vines and rare plants—a contribution from the Tycoon. The exchange of plants and seeds with foreign countries has done much to develop the resources of our soil and climate, and recent experiments reported to the Department have demonstrated the adaptability of the North to the production of many articles which it was heretofore supposed could only be cultivated in the South.

Improvements.—Mr. Dilworth has a number of men now employed erecting another steam planing machine on the site of the old buildingately burned down, on the corner of Grant and Seventh streets. Sellers & Co. are erecting a large brick building, seventy-five feet fronting Penn and one hundred and sixty three fronting on Wayne Street, which building is to be three stories high.

On the opposite corner Mr. D. Wallace is rebuilding the Warehouse lately burned down, on the corner of the same streets.

The proprietors of the Third National Bank are putting up a respectable building on Wood street opposite the building they now occupy. There is also a new brick building being erected on Fifth street between Wood and Market.

Stolen Goods.—A man named John McCullam was arrested, by Mayor Alexander's police, on Monday evening, charged with an assault and battery. While he was at the Mayor's office awaiting a hearing, officers Gabby and Wills went out to his residence, near the old weigh locks, in the Fourth Ward, for the purpose of searching the premises. On arriving at the house, they found a large quantity of goods which have likely been stolen and secreted, consisting of dress goods, cassimeres, shawls, skirts, fancy collars, gaiters, knives, forks and forty dollars in counterfeit money.

These officers then arrested the wife of Mr. McCullam and both will have a hearing. The goods alleged to have been stolen are at the Mayor's office, for identification.

U. S. District Court.—This court convened on Monday and immediately proceeded to business. The first case before his Honor, Judge McCandless was the United States vs. Harriet M. Stewart and her securities, G. K. Barret and J. T. Owens, alleged defaulters, which was disposed of on Monday, by giving judgment for bond.

On Tuesday morning the case of United States vs. the same with Samuel Brady and J. T. McVey was taken up and similarly disposed of.

On Tuesday afternoon the United States vs. Lewis Aurin charged with perjury was taken up and likely occupied the remainder of the day.

Passed Through.—A negro regiment of soldiers passed through this city yesterday about four o'clock, for Washington City. They hailed from somewhere out West, Illinois, we believe. They took a lunch in the City Hall preparatory to leaving. They were hale, stout looking fellows and we dare say will punish soldiers' rations with as much satisfaction "as any other men." They seemed much gratified with the attentions which they received, and devoured their viands in perfectly good humor. Their appearance attracted the usual crowd of "Young America," both of American and African descent.

A Man Killed.—A young man named Peter Burgoon, employed at Torren's Station, on the Penna. Railroad, was killed yesterday morning about ten o'clock, by being crushed between two lumber cars. Dr. Murdock was called in immediately, but could do nothing for the unfortunate sufferer. He expired in an hour and a half after receiving the injury. It is said that his mother is a widow and lives in Clarion County and that he has acquaintances in Johnstown, Cambria County.

The Athaeneum.—The Gymnastic Association held an exhibition in the Athaeneum Buildings last evening to a respectable audience. We have only room to say that they acquitted themselves well. A little chap, not much older than the young man found in the Salt-petre cave, near Chattanooga, raised opposition to the music and brought down the house several times, after which he retreated in good order.

The Last Joke.—In his Baltimore speech the great joker said the world never had a good definition of the word Liberty, and the American people were greatly in want of one. He says: "We all declare for Liberty, but id using the same word we do not mean the same *thing*. Of course we don't. The thing he calls Liberty is literally a *thing*, and nothing else—a detestable thing *called miscegenation*.

A Gubernatorial Proclamation, from Gov. Curtin, is shortly expected on the head of Gov. Morton, of Indiana, calling for a large number of men to serve for a period of about one hundred days. It is to be hoped he will extend a general invitation, otherwise the loyal leaguers will likely monopolize all the posts of danger.

Photographs.—B. L. H. Dabbs, No. 10 St. Clair street, continues to take photographs according to the most improved methods and in the best style, where you can get a single likeness, or a group in a few minutes after you call. Positively no delay. Call and examine their specimens, and sit for you own photograph. Don't forget St. Clair street No. 10.

We would advise persons desiring Rankin's Spiced Blackberry, a preparation favorably known in this community as a remedy for Diarrhœa, Dysentery, &c., that they do not allow themselves to be induced to buy preparations said to contain Blackberry, as a substitute for Rankin's Spiced Blackberry. ap27

High School.—The Select Council, on Monday night, adopted a resolution requiring the City Solicitor to prepare an ordinance granting a portion of the Basin Lot to the Central Board of Education, as a site for a school house. The Common Council concurred in the measure.

We have just received a new piece of music—a beautiful song entitled "*A Sweet Briar Rose is my Mollie*"—published by Messrs. Hall & Son, New York, and for sale by Wamelink & Barr, 12 St. Clair street, who have all the late popular music of the day for sale.

Pennsylvanians Captured.—Among the prisoners who were surrendered by Gen. Wessel at Plymouth, North Carolina, was the One Hundred and First and One Hundred and Third Pennsylvania regiments.

Late Papers.—We are indebted to Capt. S. B. French for early copies of the New Orleans papers—the *Era*, *Picayune* and *Times*.

JOSEPH MEYER.....ANTHONY MEYER
JOSEPH MEYER & SON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
PLAIN AND FANCY
FURNITURE AND CHAIRS,
WAREHOUSE,
135 Smithfield, and 424 Penn Sts.,
Between 6th st., and Virgin alley,
no9 PITTSBURGH.

Counterfeits!! Counterfeits!!!
LOOK OUT!! LOOK OUT!!!
Humbugers are About!!!
GENUINE PEBBLE
Russian Spectacles
IMPORTANT NOTICE.—IMPROVE YOUR SIGHT.—Having opened my new place of business, and have received direct from Russia, a fine and most brilliant genuine Diamond Russian Pebble Spectacles, warranted to preserve, strengthen and improve the sight. Purchasers are entitled to Spectacles free of charge if the first should fail. Also, received one of the finest stocks ever brought to this city of Philosophical, Mathematical and Optical Instruments, which I will sell to suit the times, and respectfully invite all in want of the article.
J. DIAMOND, Practical Optician.
Look out for No. 51, 51, 51 Fifth street.
ap4

DYSPEPSIA CRACKERS,
—AT THE—
BOSTON CRACKER BAKERY,
NO. 64 FOURTH STREET,
mh23 S. S. MARVIN.

New House and New Goods,
No. 10 St. Clair Street.
JUST RECEIVED FROM THE eastern cities, a large and well selected stock of goods, designed for the Spring and Summer trade, consisting in part of the following goods: FRENCH CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, FANCY ENGLISH, GERMAN and AMERICAN COATINGS, and CASSIMERES of almost every shade, style and color, all of which I will make up to order in the latest and most fashionable manner by experienced workmen at short notice and reasonable terms. Also, a large stock of Gents' Furnishing Goods, such as are usually kept in first-class furnishing stores. Orders solicited and promptly executed.
W. H. McGEE,
ap15 No. 10 St. Clair street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Pianos, Pianos.
I BEG TO ANNOUNCE TO MY PATRONS, customers, &c., who have been waiting so patiently for some time, that those Louis XIV. style Piano Fortes, from the celebrated factory of Wm. Knabe & Co., Baltimore, will arrive this week, and also a fine assortment of the well known Haines Bros. New York Pianos, which are warranted for five years.
CHARLOTTE BLUME, 43 Fifth street, sole agent for the above instruments for Pittsburgh and Western Pennsylvania. ap20

MARBLES.
THE CLEOPATRA AND OTHER Marble Panels for Walls. For sale by
ap9 W. P. MARSHALL,
PLANER & KAYSER'S 87 Wood st.

Noiseless Patent Sewing Machines.
These Sewing Machines are known as the very best in the United States. They are WARRANTED, and sold at the LOWEST PRICES. Call and examine them before buying elsewhere. Repairing of Sewing Machines of every kind promptly attended to.
ERNEST AXTHELM, Agent,
mh16-1yd No. 103 Third street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

SECOND NATIONAL BANK
OF PITTSBURGH.
TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
Washington City, Feb. 13th, 1864.
WHEREAS, By satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, in the County of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress, entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States Stocks, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved February 25th, 1863, and has complied with all the provisions of said Act required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking:
Now, therefore, I, HUGH McCULLOCH, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the said SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, County of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the Act aforesaid.
In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this 13th day of February, 1864.
HUGH McCULLOCH,
Comptroller of the Currency.

THE SECOND NATIONAL BANK
OF PITTSBURGH, PA.,
(Formerly IRON CITY TRUST COMPANY.)
Capital, $300,000, with privilege to increase to $1,000,000.
The IRON CITY TRUST COMPANY having organized under the National Currency Act, offers its services for the transaction of a General Banking Business. Drafts bought and sold. Money received on Deposit, and Collections made on all parts of the country.
DIRECTORS:
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JAKE HILL, R. ROBINSON,
C. F. KLOPFER, W. M. GORMY,
WM. COOPER, G. E. WARNER, President.
JNO. E. PATTERSON, Cashier.
feb23-4md

LAKE SUPERIOR COPPER MINES
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Smelting Works.
PARK, M'CURDY & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF SHEATH, Brazier's and Belt Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Raised Still Bottoms, Spelter Solder, &c. Also, importers and dealers in Metals, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Fire, &c.
☞ Constantly on hand, Tinmens' Machines and Tools. Warehouse, No. 149 FIRST and 120 SECOND STREETS, Pittsburgh, Pa.
☞ Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. feb21-1ydkw

SMITH, PARK & CO.,
NINTH WARD FOUNDRY,
PITTSBURGH.
Warehouse, No. 143 First and 120 Second sts.
Manufacturers of all sizes and descriptions of Coal Oil Retorts, and Stills, Gas and Water Pipes, Sad Irons, Dog Irons, Wagon Boxes, Seal Moulds, Pullies, Hangers and Couplings.
Also, Jobbing and machinery of every description made to order.
Having a complete machine shop attached to the foundry, all necessary fitting will be carefully attended to. o21-1ydkw

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINE.
Invented 1845. Perfected 1862.
RECEIVED TRIBUTE FROM ALL other Sewing Machines, at the World's Fair, 1862, while the Singer Sewing Machine received an honorable mention on its merits; and Wheeler & Wilson's a medal for its device, called "Circular Hook." The Howe Sewing Machine was awarded a premium (to an English Exhibitor,) as the best for all purposes on exhibition. Our lightest Machine guaranteed to make perfect work on the lightest and heaviest fabrics.
Sold and rented at Nos. 12 & 14 St. Clair street
A. M. McGREGOR,
my20-d3taw-1y Agent.
ROBERT C. SCHMERTZ.....JAMES BLEAKLEY.
SCHMERTZ & BLEAKLEY.
Manufacturers and wholesale dealers in
Illuminating and Lubricating Oils,
CRUDE PETROLEUM OIL, BENZOLE
and
LAMPS.
Commission Merchants for the sale of Crude Oil.
feb22 No. 155 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WHEREAS LETTERS TESTAMENTARY upon the estate of NANCY DENNISTON, late of Pittsburgh, dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted are required to make payment to THOS. D. GILLESPIE, "Hinds' Row," Liberty street, Pittsburgh; and all claims against said estate will be presented to him.
SAMUEL RICHARDS,
Buffalo township, Butler County,
THOS. D. GILLESPIE, Pittsburgh,
ap22-6twitd Executors.

D. LANDRETH & SON'S GARDEN Seeds, Onion Sets, Buckeye Garnett, Chili Peach Blow and Sweet-Seed Potatoes, received and for sale by
BECKHAM & LONG,
ap20 No. 127 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

OIL BARREL TRESS HOOPS, FOR sale by JAMES BOWN,
ap23 138 Wood street.

LARGE AND FRESH ARRIVAL OF Spring and Summer BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS and BALMORALS of the latest styles, opening every day, and the cheapest in the city. J. H. BORLAND,
mh19 98 Market st.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH,
FOR THE POST.

Pennsylvania Legislature.

Special to The Post.

HARRISBURG, April 26.

SENATE.—*Morning Session.*—Four petitions against the passage of the bills relative to the Connellsville Railroad were presented by Mr. Graham.

Bills Reported—A supplement to the act relating to the Poor House of Allegheny; another authorizing the appointment of a Fire Marshal of Allegheny county; another to the charter of the borough of Rochester, Beaver county; a bill to vacate a portion of Piney street in same borough; one to increase the fees of jurors in Clarion county; one for the protection of coal lands; a supplement to the bill establishing a ferry over the Allegheny above Oil Creek.

The Appropriation bill was resumed, A bill to allow the Governor $1,000 for expenses in traveling in and out of the State, visiting troops, was lost—ayes 16, nays 17.

The Senate progressed to the twenty-fourth section of the Appropriation bill on second reading, and adjourned till 3 o'clock.

Afternoon Session.—The committee of Conference on the Apportionment reported to the Senate only important proposed western amendments. It gives Butler, Mercer and Lawrence, as a district with four House members. Senatorially the bill remains as it first passed the Senate. After discussion by Mr. Beardslee, a vote was called for—yeas 17 Republicans, nays 15 Democrats, Mr. Stark, Democrat, absent or not voting. It remains to be seen whether Republicans can rally a majority in the House to carry the bill through. Very doubtful failures these and upsets their whole nefarious scheme.

The Senate passed a bill relative to State interest as reported back from the Committee of Conference. The only amendment made to the bill relieves the State bondholders from payment of taxes on their bonds to the State.

The House again took up the Appropriation bill, and again discussion was had upon appropriation for extension of the wings of the capitol, which occupied all afternoon. Adjourned until 7 P. M.

The House, afternoon, went into consideration of bills. The Private Calendar was resumed and progressed through first and second readings and ordered. Adjourned until to-night.

XXXVIIIth CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—HOUSE—The Speaker announced the following as the Select Committee on the resolutions of the Legislature of Maine asking for protection of the Northeastern boundary of that State: Messrs. Rice, of Main, Alley, of Mass., Cox, of Ohio, Hale, of Penna., Patterson, of N. H., Radford, of New York, and Briggs, of Michigan. The House then went into Committee of the Whole, on the State of the Union, on the Internal Revenue bill.

Mr. Holman (Ind.) offered an amendment, which was rejected, proposing a tax of four per cent. instead of two and a half, on the gains, profits or income which shall be derived from the interest upon notes, bonds or securities of the United States.

Mr. Holman offered another amendment that incomes derived from the interest on notes, bonds or securities of the United States shall be included in the estimate of incomes under the section which places a duty of 5 per centum on all over 600 dollars.

Mr. Morrell enquired whether the gentleman disired to check such investments.

Mr. Holman replied that he did not, but if the House did not adopt this principle, they would withdraw from taxation of millions and millions of the capital of the country. After further debate Mr. Holman's amendment was adopted

Mr. Frank (N. Y.) offered an amendment providing tax on incomes exceeding 600 dollars and not more than 10,000 dollars of five per centum, on 10,000 dollars and not exceeding 25,000 dollars 7 per centum, and over 25,000 dollars 10 per centum. In support of this amendment Mr. Frank said that the Committee on Ways and Means have themselves established the principle of graduated taxation in this bill which was in effect an argument in support of his proposition.

Mr. Stevens (Pa.) said this amendment would levy a tax as punishment on men because they were rich and he did not know but that there ought to be an indictment against every one who has an income over $10,000, and that the tax ought to be from 10 to 100 per centum. The rich man pays according to his riches but beyond this the tax was as a punishment for a man's thrift.

Mr. Stevens replied that the Committee put tax on all alike, all over $600, and make no distinction between one more than another.

Mr. Stevens made an amendment to the tax salaries of members of Congress to ten per cen, which was voted down by a large majority.

Blockade Runners Come to Grief.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—The Navy Department has received information of the capture of the schooner Three Brothers, by the United States steamer Nits, off the coast of Florida, and the sinking and entire loss of the blockade running schooner Wild Pigeon. It seems that she was discovered by the steamer Hendrick Hudson, who supposed her to be the Electric, a schooner, had boarded her the day previously, but she still kept a watch on her, and as the Hudson neared her she saw she was a blockade runner. The Wild Pigeon suddenly luffed directly across the Hudson's bows, and, in spite of all that could be done, the Hudson struck her directly amidship, staving her whole side in, and sinking her in three minutes.

Arkansas Legislature.

ST. LOUIS, April 26.—Late Little Rock dates say that Mr. Allis, of Jefferson county, was elected Speaker of the Arkansas Legislature. Mr. Carson, the member of the House who was recently captured by guerrillas, had escaped and arrived at Little Rock. The Legislature will immediately provide for the organization of the State militia and the raising of revenue, and adopt measures that will render it impossible for the rebels or copperheads to grasp the reins of government.

The Strike at the Atlantic Works.

NEW YORK, April 26.—The strike of laborers at the Atlantic Works has ended, their demand having been complied with.

James MacDonald & Co., a grain shipping firm, have failed.

From Washington.

One of Mosby's Lieut.'s Arrested.

Difficulty Between Hole-in-the-Day and Look-Around.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—Yesterday Capt. Wm. Riddle, of the 6th regiment Veteran Reserve Corps, discovered a man lurking in the vicinity of Laurel, Md., about 18 miles on the Baltimore road under very suspicions circumstances The Captain arrested him and upon being questioned he gave his name as Lieut. Geo. Taylor, of Mosby's guerrillas. He was this morning locked up in the old Capital prison.

The subscription to the ten-forty loan reported at the Treasury to-day amount to $957,000.

Lieut. commander DeHaren has been ordered to command of the Tallapora.

A desperate encounter occurred to-day between Hale-in-the-Day, the chief of the Chippewas, and Look-Around, one of his young warriors. The latter fired a pistol, the ball entering near the right ear of the chief, passing around his head and coming out of his mouth. He lies in a critical condition. Look-Around had his face injured with a pocket knife in the hands of Hale-in-the-Day.

The Surrender of Plymouth, N. C.

NEWBERN, April 21.—General Wessel, commanding the town of Plymouth, and his whole command, upwards of two thousand officers and men, surrendered yesterday at one o'clock P. M. The command consisted of the 85th New York Infantry, 101st and 103d Pennsylvania Infantry, 16th Connecticut Infantry, two companies of the Massachusetts heavy Artillery, two companies of the 2d North Carolina Volunteers, and two companies of the 12th New York Cavalry.

Cincinnati News Items.

CINCINNATI, April 26.—The strike which took place among the employees in the various depots in this city is about at an end, new men having been employed The muster of the militia yesterday was well attended. The four Cincinnati regiments will report with well filled ranks. The new city council organized yesterday. Thomas H. Weasener was elected President, and Col. Armstrong, Clerk.

THE GREATEST NERVINE, TONIC AND BLOOD PURIFIER.
Dr. Cutters'
ENGLISH BITTERS.
A sure cure for Intemperance.
Dr. J. C. Ayers' Family Medicines.
DR. D. JAYNES & SON'S,
FAMILY MEDICINES.
Dr. Schenck's Pulmonic, Tonic and Pills.
HELMBOLD'S
Celebrated Buchu & Sarsaparilla,
And all other Family Medicines can be found genuine at the
PITTSBURGH DRUG HOUSE,
Torrence & M'Garr,
Corner of Market street and Fourth.
Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Perfumery, Paints, Oils, Lead, Varnishes, Brushes, Trusses, Supporters, Shoulder Braces,
And all articles usually found in Drug Stores of first quality, for sale low,
TORRENCE & M'GARR,
No. 70 Market street, corner of Fourth.
feb1

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LOCK STITCH
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GO TO THE AGENCY AND EXamine, and you will then agree with us, that it is an almost perfect instrument.—*Evening Post.*
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THEY HAVE NO RIVAL.
Scientific American.
HAVE received the Highest Premiums wherever exhibited.
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EASILY MANAGED, not liable to get out of order, very beautiful and simple in construction.—*N. Y. Evan*
BEFORE PURCHASING, examine the "Wheeler & Wilson."—*Daily Gaz.*
EXCELS in all the qualities that constitute a good machine.—*Independent.*
SURPASSES all others.—*Ladies' Repository.*
THIS is unquestionably the best Sewing Machine, and is the one which we can unqualifiedly recommend.
United Presbyterian.
These Machines are Warranted for Three years.
Prices from $50 upwards.
PITTSBURGH OFFICE,
NO. 27 FIFTH STREET,
WM. SUMNER & CO.,
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BECKHAM & LONG, 127 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH Agents for Russell Mower and Reaper, Buckeye Mower and Reaper, Quaker Mower and Reaper, Cayuga Mower and Reaper, Farmer Mower, Wood Mower, and also, Horse Rakes, Hay Elevators and Agricultural and Farming Implements of all kinds. mh15-d&w

COMMERCIAL & FINANCIAL.

MONEY MARKET.

CORRECTED DAILY FOR THE MORNING POST, BY MESSRS. KOUNTZ & MERTZ, BROKERS, NO. 116 WOOD STREET.

The following are the buying and selling rates for Gold, Silver, &c.:

	Buying	Selling
Gold	1 80	
Silver	1 70	
Demand Notes	1 80	
Coupons	1 80	
Exchange.		
Sterling per pound	8 00	9 25
Prussian	1 17	1 20
Florins	68	70-71

LOCAL STOCKS AND SECURITIES

REPORTED BY S. S. BRYAN, BROKER, 59 4TH ST.

Banks.	Par Value.	Last Sales.
Bank of Pittsburgh	$ 50	$ 68
Exchange Bank	50	68¼
Merchants' & Manufac. Bk	50	58¾
Mechanicst Bank	50	63¾
Allegheny Bank	50	67¾
Citizens' Bank	50	61¼
Iron City Bank	50	63¾
Iron City Trust Co	50	54¾
Manchester Savings Bank	50	51
Railroad, Gas and Insurance Stock.		
Birmingham Gas Co	—	31¾
Citizens' Insurance Co	50	69¾
Western Insurance Co	42	53¾
Eureka Insurance Co	50	48
Mong. Insurance Co	32	32¼
Allegheny Valley R. R.	50	10¾
Pittsburgh & Conns. R. R.	50	10
do interest bearing	50	14
Monongahela Nav. Co.	50	47¼
Monongahela Bridge	—	27¼
Allegheny Insurance Co	25	27½
Peoples Insurance Co.	25	25¾
Pittsburgh Gas Co	50	56¾
Western Penna. R. R.	50	—
Pitts. & Steubenville R. R.	50	13¼
Penna. Ins. Co	50	—
Copper Stocks.		
Mass Mining Co	$—	10
Northwestern Mining Co	7 05	15
Great Western "	1 00	5¾
Dacotah "	—	5
Pitts. and Boston "	5 56	95
National "	5 60	82
North Cliff "	3 00	7¼
Bay State "	1 75	21¾
Central "	5 00	70
Isle Royal "	16 10	21¾
Minnesota "	3 50	70
Aztec "	—	8
Bonds.		
Allegheny Co. Compro. 5s	$	80¾
Pittsburgh " 6s		80
Pitts. Municipal 6s		95
Allegheny co. to (R. R.) with back coupons		
Pittsburgh (to R. R.) with back coupons		
Pitts. & Conn. R. R. mort. 6s		90
A. V. R. R. 1st mort. 7s		87
Allegheny co. Bounty Bonds		104
Allegheny city 6s		90
Pitts. & Steubenville		67

PITTSBURGH PRODUCE MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY POST,
WEDNESDAY, April 27, 1864.

BUSINESS—We have nothing particular to notice in the way of trade. The demand for the leading articles was moderate and sales regular. Among the sales made we note the following:

ASHES—The market was very firm—prices unchanged.

POTATOES—Sales 70 bbls Mercer at 64; 400 bush do at $1,20@1,25.

APPLES—Sales at $2,50@4.

CHEESE—Sales 50 boxes new at 13¼@14c.

WHISKY—The market remains unsettled, holders being a quandry as to what figures to ask—prices unchanged.

SEEDS—Sales of Clover at $8,50@8,75; Timothy at $3,12@3,25; sales 67 bush Flax at $2,75.

FLOUR—The only sales made was from store at the following prices, viz: Extra Family—sales 50 bbls at $8,25; 120 do at $8; 200 do do at $8,50; 130 do do at $7,90@8; Extra at $7.

RAGS—Sales 4,000 lbs at 7c ⅌ lb.

BACON—Shoulders—Sales 8,500 lbs at 12¼@12½c; Sides, 4,000 lbs, at 13@13½c; Plain Hams, 5,000 lbs, 16@16½c; 4000 lbs do at 16c; S. C. Hams, 7,000 lbs, at