DAILY POST.

PITTSBURGH:

THURSDAY, JANUARY 28, 1864.

LETTER OF REV. R. H. LEE.

We direct attention to the letter of Rev. R. H. LEE, of Washington, Pa., published in to-day's paper; it is a sincere and manly expression of regret for having signed the Abolition protest against Bishop HOPKINS.

OUR GOVERNMENT AND NAPOLEON.

When the French Emperor first invaded Mexico, under the false pretense of compelling her to pay a few dollars of debts, no one of any intelligence, believed but that the invasion was intended to subjugate the Mexican people. NAPOLEON was after conquest and he has, at length, attained it. His deputy has accepted the throne of Mexico; French genius is thus triumphant, while our Government bows her head in shame, at the Administration's indifference to the stealthy Emperor's designs upon this continent.

Nearly two years ago the attention of the Administration was, by a member of Congress, directed to NAPOLEON'S invasion. In his place, in the House of Representatives, regretting the conduct of the Abolition majority, in their mode of prosecuting the war against the rebels, he remarked as follows:

"If we look abroad the spectacle tends only to our shame. We see the sceptered hands of Europe planting their loyal banners upon the soil of this western hemisphere, which it is our natural duty to consecrate to Republicanism, and which we might at least have guarded from the greed of foreign despots. The flag of Arragon and Castile flaunts in the air of San Domingo, and united with the blazonries of France and England, is unfurled upon the walls of San Juan de Ulloa. *Where may they not float a twelvemonth hence*, if we, the natural guardians of this continent, should still be busy dabbing in each other's gore? Sir, if there must be war, let it be against the natural enemies of Republicanism; let us make some sacrifice to win back in amity the south, that we may stand once again as comrades in arms, to scourge these foreign interlopers within their proper limits."

In twelve months from the date of this speech the emblem of French superiority waved, in triumph, from the Mexican capitol, which prompts us to reflect upon where else it may float—twelve months hence? The Pittsburgh *Gazette* yesterday, sees in the successful invasion of Mexico, sufficient to arouse "apprehension for the safety of the world" intimating that the United States may become NAPOLEON'S "next victim." It remarks:

"The restoration of Louisiana, Texas, and Arkansas cannot take place too soon, nor can the Government be too energetic in making itself strong, both in military power and in popular favor, in those Southern regions. We say *popular favor*, for it is of this element, that NAPOLEON will avail himself, rather than resort to military force, to get his foot upon the neck of our Government, or failing in that, to despoil it of its Gulf and trans-Mississippi territory."

This brings us to the consideration of the means used by the Administration, since NAPOLEON'S invasion, to render itself strong in "popular favor" in the South? It began by proclamations of emancipation and confiscation, and has exhausted its genius, for harm, by inviting one-tenth of the people of each rebellious State, to rule over the remainder. But in order to do this another test is instituted, which is that even this one-tenth must turn Abolitionists, and swear to support all Abolition legislation, passed and prospective. Should the fears of the *Gazette* be well founded that Texas, Louisiana and Arkansas are in danger from NAPOLEON, will the one tenth, who are to be constituted the master of nine-tenths, be likely to be able to resist him?

The simple truth is that those having control of our Government are unable for the present condition of our public affairs. The master fanatics, whose counsels are followed by the Administration, are so heated, that they see nothing for our Government to accomplish but the destruction of slavery and the subjugation of the Southern people. Every effort and thought is bent in that direction. NAPOLEON may invade Mexico, but it creates no alarm in the minds of those having the honor and safety of our country intrusted to their keeping. If, perchance, this indifference is too freely commuted upon, we, instead of receiving explanations from our opponents, are informed that we are "opposing the Government, and are threatened with suppression. We agree with our neighbor, however, that "the restoration of Louisiana, Texas and Arkansas cannot take place too soon," and the same may be said of the entire South. The question is how is this restoration to be effected?

Yams.

The yam is a species of sweet potato, and is extensively grown in the South. It grows much larger than the common sweet potato, which is here called the Spanish potato, and is much sweeter. They often grow to weigh five pounds and sometimes more. They do not become sweet until they are fully matured, and usually not until they are dug. They then become very sweet; so much so that when baked small drops of molasses will be scattered over the surface. They are delicious, and are regarded as very healthy and nutritious food. The manner of growing is as follows:

Early in the spring a bed is prepared, and the yams are spread thickly over it, but carefully laid so that they will not touch each other, and covered about three inches deep. When they have grown till the vine is three or four inches long, and after a rain, the ground is prepared by throwing it up into ridges. The slips are then carefully drawn from the yam, and set in ridges about ten inches apart, where they will take root and grow. In about two weeks another crop of vines will have grown in the bed, which can again be drawn, and this can be repeated four or five times. In the meantime, the vines first set will have grown two or three feet, which can be cut off and set out, and will do as well as the slips drawn from the bed, and some think better. They are cultivated with the plow and hoe. When the vines are fully grown on a rich, sandy soil, they cover the ground like a mat. They vary much in the yield, which is owing, in a great measure, to the seasons. Two hundred bushels to the acre is a fair yield.

The Republican papers are highly delighted with a remark which they claim was made by an eminent Frenchman, that "Abraham Lincoln was a greater man than Cæsar." We can only see one parallel between them: Cæsar *destroyed the liberties of his country*.

Letter from Rev. Richard Henry Lee, of Washington, Pa., one of the Signers of the Clerical Protest against Bishop Hopkins' Bible View of Slavery.

THE CHARGE AGAINST BISHOP HOPKINS NOT SUSTAINED.

The Protest "Precipitantly and Indiscreetly Drawn Up."

MESSRS Editors of the Philadelphia Age.

I regret that circumstances compel me to ask a place in your paper, for a few lines in reference to the late protest of a large number of the Clergy of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Diocese of Pennsylvania, against a letter of Bishop Hopkins, in reply to a political committee, on the subject of slavery. As one of the signers of the protest, I can lawfully move a reconsideration of the protest, as in the case of an affirmative voter in a Parliamentary proceeding.

Upon "sober, second thought, I cannot but regret, that Bishop Hopkins complied with the request of a political committee; nor can I but regret just as much, that the clergy of the Protestant Episcopal Church in Pennsylvania, undertook, as *a clerical body*, to protest against the Bishop's procedure. In *both* cases, the parties, as *clergymen*, have drawn the Protestant Episcopal Church into "the arena of politics," how ever little we may have intended it. So true is this, that Bishop Hopkins' letter has been everywhere published and commended by the Democratic press; the protest has been as extensively published and as warmly commended by the Republican press. Thus has our church been unwisely involved in party strife, and has lost much, every where, of its dignity and spiritual propriety.

While I am not convinced of the want of wisdom at least, in the proceedings of *both* parties, I feel *personally* involved in the indiscretion of having signed the protest *before* I had an opportunity of carefully and conscientiously reading Bishop Hopkins' production. A friend has lately sent me a copy of it as it was circulated in this Diocese; and I am painfully surprised to find that I cannot justify myself to a Christian brother and Minister of our Common Master, for having so hastily signed a writing in which he is denounced as *an unworthy servant of Jesus Christ*."

The Protest was, it seems to me, precipitantly and indiscreetly drawn up. It charges Bishop Hopkins with *two* offences —*one* of having defended slavery as it exists "in the *Cotton States*;" and the *other*, with having sustained, "on Bible principles," "the States in rebellion against the Government." I *cannot find a word* of either in any part of the copy of Bishop Hopkins' letter, as circulated in this Diocese before the late election. Its date and the whole tenor of it shows it is the document aimed at by the writer of the Protest.

The Bishop speaks everywhere of the Slavery "of the *Southern States*," and never uses the words "Cotton States." This is far from immaterial. Every one knows, (the writer has personal experience of it) that slavery is much milder in the "Border States" than in the "Cotton States." To say, then, that Bishop Hopkins defends slavery as it exists, (or is supposed to exist) in these latter States, conveys an intimation and odium of defending it in its worst and most severe forms and practices; whereas the Bishop never uses any other words, I repeat, than "Southern States," in many of which slavery exists in the mildest degree, in any age or country, not excepting Judea.

In regard to the charge of sustaining "on Bible principles" "the States in rebellion against the Government," I cannot find a sentence of such purport.

In one passage, the Bishop uses the following language: "Who are we that are ready to trample on the doctrine of the Bible, and tear to shreds the constitution of our country, and even plunge the land into the untold horrors of civil war, and yet boldly pray to the God of Israel to bless our very acts of rebellion against His own sovereign authority?" The context sufficiently shows that he had no such idea as sustaining the rebellion. He is reasoning to show that those who have declared their willingness to see the Union forever broken up, rather than that universal and immediate emancipation should not take place, have invented and proclaimed "a higher law" than the Bible. And what candid man can deny that the extreme and offensive terms (exaggerated into falsehoods) in which slavery has been for years discussed through out the non-slaveholding States, in the press, in public harangues, and in the pulpit, exhibited an insane determination to involve the country in civil strife? Who can deny that this course, so persistently continued, served to produce such a feeling of resentment in the public mind of the South, as enabled the leaders of the rebel lion to draw the once loyal masses into its vortex?

I am free to say, that I do not approve the extremes to which Bishop Hopkins carries the palliations of slavery, although with the laudable motive of guarding his fellow citizens against the violent and malignant spirit of abolitionism. I would not say of slavery, that it is a '*doctrine* of the Bible,' nor that it is *sanctioned by the Gospel*. It is an unhappy condition for the slave, the master, and the country in which it exists. Like every other condition and relation in our sinful world, it admits of great abuse and hard ships; but also many palliations and alleviations. The gospel is adverse to it, and in sixty or seventy years after its general prevalence, it destroyed it. It was obviously doing this in the South, where it was working efficaciously, in harmony with the great scheme of African Colonization, first, to meliorate, and then gradually to abolish it, until both were needlessly, rudely and wickedly interfered with by modern abolitionism, under the lead of a shallow and wretched fanatic, who, a few years ago, publicly declared "*the idea of Jesus Christ* to be obsolete."

Bishop Hopkins says, he holds the colored man to be "a Brother," "though not his equal." Is the wildest abolitionist *really* and in *practice* better than he? Bishop Hopkins is a friend of the scheme of African Colonization; and in connection with it, offered to the Southern States, in a published work, a plan of gradual emancipation. I am happy to know that Bishop Potter is also a friend to the American Colonization Society. The friends and advocates of its scheme of *gradual emancipation and colonization*, I hold to be the truest and most enlightened friends of the colored race here and in Africa.

Truth, conscience, honor, urge me as I view these subjects, since I have read the Bishop's letter, to express my regret, that I signed the Protest. Where these principles beckon me, I am not afraid to follow. RICHARD HENRY LEE.

Washington, Pa., Jan. 19, 1864.

THE rebel Secretary of the Treasury says that unless his proposed loan of a thousand millions shall be taken up by April next, the dilapidated Southern Confederacy will tumble to pieces. The rebel Secretary of War says, that unless the farmers are made to disgorge their provisions, the Confederacy will die of starvation; the rebel Senator Wigfall says that unless they enforce the conscription of every white man they can lay hold of capable of bearing arms, their Confederacy will surely go to the dogs. Let it tumble, die and go.

BROWN was speaking of Joe Holton to a friend one day, and said of him, "Joe is a firstrate fellow, but it must be confessed, he has his failings. I am sorry it is so, but I cannot tell a lie for any man. I love Joe, but I love truth more." "My dear Brown," said Joe, who overheard the remark," I never thought you would prefer a perfect stranger to an old acquaintance.

FROM THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

A Significant Order—Rebels Caught in United States Uniforms to be Hung upon the Spot.

CULPEPER COURT HOUSE, January 22, 1864. The following important order has been issued:

Headquarters Cavalry Corps, Army of the Potomac, January 18, 1864.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 6—The number of surprises and captures that have been made of pickets, scouts, patrols, and other parties belonging to this command, by guerrilla parties in the United States uniform, demands the most energetic action of the commanders concerned, to prevent such occurrences.

I. Hereafter no individual or parties of men will be permitted to approach within rifle shot until it is conclusively ascertained what is their character and who they really are. Parties of more than two persons will be halted at least three hundred yards distance, and but one person, under any circumstance, will be permitted to advance to identify the party.

The officers, or non-commissioned officers will be held responsible for the character of the persons they allow to approach their position. No excuse will hereafter be accepted for a surprise or capture, under the plea of the enemy being in our uniform, or having false papers, or other pretensions.

It is the first duty of every officer and soldier to know beyond a doubt every party they may come in contact with, and whenever there exists this doubt the parties concerned will be secured, and the facts reported immediately to the proper headquarters for further action.

The names of all officers, non commissioned officers, and privates who are surprised on duty and captured by the enemy will hereafter be reported to these headquarters. The officers will be recommended for dismissal, and the enlisted men will be tried by court-martial, should they prove to be the responsible parties.

II. Every guerilla or other rebel wearing the uniform of a United States soldier, caught in the act of making war against any of the forces of this command, will be hung upon the spot.

III. Division commanders will cause this order to be carefully read to each of the regiments of their commands, that the officers and men may fully understand it. A report will be made to these headquarters to that effect after these instructions have been read out in each division.

By command of Major General Pleasanton.

E. B. PARSONS, Captain and A. A. A. G.

Prospect of a General European War.

The news from Germany, received by the Etna, is of a very important and significant character. The complications arising out of the Schleswig Holstein difficulty are daily assuming a character so grave that it would seem as if nothing can now prevent a general war or a revolutionary movement on a vast scale. A recent proclamation of the King of Denmark breathes the firmest determination to maintain his rights. "Our motto," he says, is "the honor of our country. It shall be upheld by peaceable measures if possible; if necessary by force of arms." To give effect to this declaration the Danish reserves, to the number of 14,000, have been called out, and troops have been sent to the Kronework, with orders to blow up the bridge next the Sluice immediately on the outbreak of hostilities.

In the meantime the attitude of the Austrian and Prussian Governments is of so temporizing a character that it only serves to intensify the excitement which prevails throughout Germany. One of the semi official journals of Vienna publishes an article cautioning the minor German States against taking any part in the movement against Denmark. This warning will have no effect; for the question has become one of national feeling with the German people, and the smaller States, whatever may be the apprehensions of their Governments, will be swept into the movement. Prussia, which with Austria, was a party to the convention of 1852, is being profoundly agitated by these influences, and the liberal party there are straining every effort to induce the King to withdraw from the treaty, on the ground that Denmark has violated her engagements with Schleswig Holstein.

In the news just received it is stated that the Vienna Cabinet has intimated to the Prussian Government that it would not take any action in the Schleswig question if Prussia would withdraw from the London protocol. It is probable that Frederick William, with his characteristic obstinacy, will resist all these influences, and will endeavor to stem the tide of popular feeling. He will be the more disposed to do this from the fact that England has ranged herself on the side of Denmark. Should he persevere however, in this course, it will cost him his throne and set the revolutionary ball in motion. Herein lies the great danger of the complication.

There can be no doubt as to the part which France will play in the struggle. It is true that in his recent letter to the Duke of Augustenberg Louis Napoleon expresses his opinion that the General Diet should have debated this question more fully before taking hostile steps against Denmark, but there is no doubt that at heart he is well pleased with what they have done. The dangerous aspect which the question is assuming, complicated as it will still further be by the doggedness of the King of Prussia, opens up to him the fairest chance that will ever present itself of his realizing the traditional policy of France in regard to the Rhine. It is this prospect which has no doubt, induced him to contrive that a committee of the French Legislature should call upon him to renounce his designs on Mexico, and withdraw all the French troops that are at present there.

From this brief resume of the situation it can no longer be doubted that matters have reached a crisis in Europe which renders a long and sanguinary struggle inevitable.—*N. Y. Herald.*

THE SIEGE OF CHARLESTON.

Condition of the Army—Progress of the Siege—Sale of Confiscated Estates.

We take the following from a Hilton Head letter to the New York *Times*, dated Jan. 21:

The shelling of Charleston from Fort Putnam is continued night and day, at intervals of ten minutes. One gun alone has fired over 1,100 rounds, at an elevation of 40 degrees. Charleston is gradually crumbling under this incessant bombardment. We often observe dense clouds of smoke arising from some portion of the city, which is considered good evidence that our firing is effective. Occasionally we send a few missiles to Moultrie or Johnson or some other rebel work, which are reluctantly replied to by the enemy. For some weeks past the enemy has evinced an unmistakable desire to be let alone. He invariably waits for an attack before using his pieces.

We do not observe any changes of note along the borders of the rebel lines. The iron clad fleet remain on picket duty off Charleston, notwithstanding rumors to the effect that a number of the monitors had been dispatched for service to the Gulf. The court of inquiry instituted to investigate the circumstances attending the loss of the Weehawken have not yet made public the result of their proceedings.

The work of raising the Weehaken and the Keokuk, although not abandoned, has not progressed actively of late. The vessels consist of such a vast quantity of metal, added to which is a tremendous weight of loose iron, including guns and ammunition, that the machinery required for bringing the entire mass to the surface must necessarily be of the best material and of extensive proportions.

THE Green Bay *Advocate* states that old "Aunt" Polly Doxstater, a motherly Oneida squaw, living about six miles from that city, was the nurse of the now Mrs. Gen. McClellan. Several weeks since "Aunt" Polly conceived the idea of sending her photograph to Mrs. M, and asking hers in return. Mrs. McClellan was evidently much gratified at the remembrance of her old nurse, for she not only sent her photograph to Polly, but accompanied it with a handsome sum of money, which she may have the satisfaction of knowing was well and worthily bestowed.

"How is Europe bounded?" said a teacher to one of his little pupils. "If, then, he, she, it," was the reply. "For shame, Johnny, try again." "Oh, please, sir, I remember now; that is the answer to one of my grammar questions, and I thought I was to be heard my grammar first."

DIED.

KING—On Tuesday afternoon, at 4 o'clock, ANNIE E., wife of Dr. R. A. King, aged 39 years

The funeral will take place this afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from her late residence, No 21 Anderson street, Allegheny city. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

[Franklin, Pa., and Cleveland, O., papers please copy.]

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No. 1 White Carbon Oil,

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AT JOS. FLEMING'S DRUG STORE,

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Also, may be obtained a large and superior assortment of Liquors for medicinal purposes, consisting of the finest OLD BRANDIES, a superior article of HOLLAND GIN, PORT and CHERRY WINES of the finest descriptions. Those having use for these articles will consult their own interest by examining my stock before purchasing elsewhere. Plush and Soda Ash that cannot be excelled in quality, always on hand. Patent Medicines and all the new Perfumeries and Hair Preparations of the day always on hand. Also, Dr. Murdoch's Burn Ointment, a most excellent article for Burns of frosted Limbs.

for anything in the Drug line, remember the place,

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jan14-tmdt

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The VENETIAN DYE is the cheapest in the world. Its price is only Fifty cents, and each bottle contains double the quantity of dye in those usually sold for $1.

The VENETIAN DYE is warranted not to injure the hair or scalp in the slightest degree.

The VENETIAN DYE works with rapidity and certainty, the hair requiring no preparation whatever.

The VENETIAN DYE produces any shade that may be desired—one that will not fade, crock or wash out—one that is as permanent as the hair itself. For sale by all druggists. Price 50 cents.

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Also, manufacturer of MATHEWS' ARNICA HAIR GLOSS, the best hair dressing in use. Price 25 cents. jan6-lyd

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SCHOMACKER & CO., Philadelphia, received the Crystal Palace Prize Medal at London, besides have numerous Medals, Diplomas and special reports from State Fairs and Institutes.

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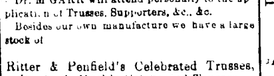

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Cards of Admission to lower part of the house, 50c; Gallery, 25c. Doors open at 7½; Entertainment commences at 8 o'clock.

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jan28-2td

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HOUSE FOR SALE.—

No. 114 Elm St., 6th Ward.

This property is one of the most convenient and desirable residences in the city. The lot extends from Elm to Congress street. The house is a two story brick, containing six rooms, besides bath room, wash house, bake house and light dry cellar and pantry. There is a nicely paved large yard, and a brick stable fronting on Congress st. The house supplied with gas, hot and cold water; hall painted and grained; parlor nicely finished with marble mantles; property all in good condition. Price, $4,000. Terms—$2,000 in hand and the balance in two years. For further particulars inquire at the premises. de18-dtf

BECKHAM & LONG,

127 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

AGENTS FOR

Russell Mower and Reaper,
Buckeye Mower and Reaper,
Quaker Mower and Reaper,
Cayuga Chief Mower and Reaper.
Farmer Mower,
Woods' Mower.

Also, dealers in Agricultural and Farming Implements. jan19d&w

New Advertisements.

1000 lbs

OF

OLD TYPE

FOR SALE

AT THIS OFFICE.

jan28-tf

CHINTZES,	CHINTZES,
CHINTZES,	CHINTZES,
CHINTZES,	CHINTZES,
PRINTS,	PRINTS,
PRINTS,	PRINTS,
PRINTS,	PRINTS,
DELAINES,	DELAINES,
DELAINES,	DELAINES,
DELAINES,	DELAINES,
COL'D ALAPACCA,	POPLINS,
COL'D ALAPACCA,	POPLINS,
COL'D ALAPACCA,	POPLINS,

Just received at

HUGUS & HACKE'S,

COR. FIFTH & MARKET STS.

jan27

WHEELER & WILSON'S

Have won the highest Premiums at all the important State and Mechanical Fairs where exhibited this season. New improvements have recently been added which renders it the most desirable machine in the market. They are warranted for three years. Instructions given gratuitously. Call and see them in operation.

WM. SUMNER & CO.,

Western Agents,

Pittsburgh office No. 27 Fifth street, three doors below Bank Block. jan5-d&w

DWELLING HOUSE FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers for sale the dwelling house in which he now lives, situated on South Avenue, First ward, Allegheny. The lot is 27 feet front by 160 deep, running back to a 20 feet alley. It is a two-storied brick, contains six rooms and cellar. The out-houses are a wash house, stable coal house, &c. There is a large yard surrounding the dwelling, with filled shade and ornamental trees. There is gas and water in all the rooms of the dwelling.

I also offer for sale a desirable country residence in Roohester township, Beaver county, Pa., containing twenty acres of ground. There is a new two-storied frame dwelling, containing six rooms, on the property. There is also a young orchard of all kinds of fruit. There is a good barn, out-houses, &c. It is about a mile from the Rochester depot.

For terms, inquire of R. M. BOLES,

jan27-tf South Avenue, Allegheny city.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—Pleasantly situated, one mile from Mount Lebanon, on the old Washington Road, 174 acres, all smooth good land, well watered, under good fences and in a high state of cultivation; a two-story brick dwelling house, barn, stable, etc., excellent orchard of about ten acres, from thirty-five to forty acres of good timber. For price and terms, apply to

S. CUTHBERT & SONS,

jan27 Commercial Brokers, 51 Market st.

SELL YOUR

Old Books and Papers.

The highest price will be paid for old books with backs removed, old newspapers or other printed paper, at our Paper and Rag Store, No. 83 SMITHFIELD STREET.

jan7-1md S. B. & C. P. MARKLE.

NOTICE TO BONDHOLDERS.—PITTSBURGH & CONNELLSVILLE R. R. CO.—Holders of the First Mortgage Turtle Creek Division Construction Bonds of this Company, are hereby notified that the interest Coupons on the above bonds due FEBRUARY 1st, 1864, will be paid on and after that date on presentation and delivery at the First National Bank of Pittsburgh. W. O. HUGHART,

jan26-2t Sec'y and Treas.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.—AT A meeting of the Draymen of this city and vicinity held at the house of Mr. Steel, on Saturday, the 23d inst., it was

Resolved, That owing to the heavy advance in the price of feed, blacksmithing, rent, license and wages, that they would charge on and after the FIRST DAY OF FEBRUARY NEXT, ten cents per barrel for Oil and four cents per barrel for empty barrels, the limits being from O'Hara street, in the Fifth ward to the Monongahela river. jan26-3td

WALL PAPER! WALL PAPER.

Window Shades! Window Shades. Table Oil Cloths! Table Oil Cloths.

The latest designs and elegant patterns of all kinds and qualities of Wall Paper, Window Blinds and Table Oil Cloths have just arrived and are sold at the lowest Eastern prices, at the new Wall Paper and Fancy Goods House of FOERSTER & SCHWARZ,

jan20 164 Smithfield street.

DISSOLUTION.—THE COPARTNERship heretofore existing between the undersigned in the Clothing business, at No. 143 Federal street, Allegheny City, under the firm of W. H. McGee & Co., will dissolve on March, the 15th. Persons knowing themselves indebted to the firm will please call previous to that time and settle. W. H. McGEE,

Jan. 13, 1864. G. M. DOSCH.

jan15-1m

PIANOS! PIANOS.—THE LARGEST assortment of Pianos ever received in this city, comprising Plain Square, Square Grand and Full Grand Pianos. The subscriber would respectfully invite the attention of the public to her well assorted stock of KNABE PIANOS, which for beauty of finish, power and sweetness of tone, and elasticity of touch have been by judges pronounced unrivaled. Every Piano guaranteed for five years and a privilege of exchange granted at any time within six months if not entirely satisfactory. A call is respectfully solicited before purchasing elsewhere. CHARLOTTE BLUME,

43 Fifth street,

No. 98 Market street.

Sole agent for Pittsburgh and Western Penn'a.

jan14

OFFICE PITTSBURGH AND MINERSVILLE PASS. R. A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDers of the "Pittsburgh and Minersville Passenger Railway Company" will be held on MONDAY, February 1st, 1864, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the office of the Company, on Fourth street, City of Pittsburgh, at which time and place an election for a board of Three Managers will be held to serve for the ensuing year.

Jan. 22, 1864. H. P. MUELLER, Sec'y.

jan23-10td

DESIRABLE CITY DWELLING FOR SALE.—No. 159 Robinson street, Allegheny, (between Federal and Sandusky streets,) being a two-storied brick house, containing ten rooms, with all the modern conveniences—marble mantles, gas, range with hot and cold water, bath room, &c., lot 22 by 110 feet. For terms, &c., Inquire of D. GREGG & CO.,

de31-tf 99 Wood st., Pittsburgh.

LIVERY STABLE FOR SALE.—THE entire stock, consisting of HORSES, BUGGIES, CARRIAGES, BAROUCHES, HARNESS, SLEIGHS, HARNESS, and all other vehicles belonging to the establishment is offered for sale by the undersigned on reasonable terms; and also, the buildings will be sold or leased for a term of years. For further information inquire of R. H. PATTESON.

Corner of Diamond st., and Cherry alley.

jan11-dtf

New Advertisements.

FOR

3 WEEKS

We hall offer greater indnse

THAN EVER

In all kinds of superior

BOOTS & SHOES.

EVERY PAIR WARRANTED,

And repaired free. Remembe

62 FIFTH STREET,

The celebrated

Concert Hall Shoe Store

☞ Making room for spring Goods and now the time for great bargains.

jan19

50 KINDS OF

Photograph Albums,

200 KINDS OF

Pocket Books and Wallets,

1000 KINDS OF

Card Photograps,

100 KINDS OF

Diaries for 1864,

AT

Pittock's

Book,

Stationery and

News Depot,

OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE.

Jan8

IT IS A

WELL-KNOWN FACT

THAT

M'CLELLAND

IS SELLING

BOOTS & SHOES

OF THE

BEST QUALITY

AT

ASTONISHING LOW PRICES.

Look for 55 Fifth Street.

NEW DRY GOODS;

New Black Silks;

New Dress Goods;

New Spring Shawls;

New Cassimeres;

Linen Tabling,

AND

Domestic Goods,

AT

GARDNER & SCHLEITER'S,

Successors to

E. R. GARDNER & CO.,

92

MARKET STREET.

jan23

BARGAINS.

TO MAKE ROOM FOR OUR SPRING Goods we offer at

Wholesale or Retail,

AT

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES;

HOODS, SONTAGS,

LADIES' WOOL VESTS,

A large quantity of

HEAVY WOOL SOCKS,

TRAVELING or

NEGLIGEE SHIRTS,

UNDERGARMENTS,

In short all WINTER GOODS.

We continue to keep a well assorted stock of

TRIMMINGS,

EMBROIDERIES,

HANDKERCHEIFS,

HOSIERY,

GLOVES,

NOTIONS and NICK-NACKS,

In great variety. Also, a very large supply of KNITTING YARNS, of most any color.

ZEPHYR WORSTED of any shades.

DON'T FORGET THE PLACE,

78 MARKET STREET

MACRUM & GLYDE.

jan23

WALTER H. LOWRIE,

INTENDS RESUMING THE PRACTICE OF THE LAW, in the same house, formerly occupied by him on

Fourth Street, above Smithfield.

de18-3m

M'COLLISTER & BARR,

Cigar Manufacturers,

And wholesale dealers in

TOBACCO, SNUFF and CIGARS,

108 WOOD STREET

☞ A large stock of PIPES always on hand. jan13-y

BUTTERFIELD & CO.,

Malsters and Hop Dealers,

WATER STREET,

de18-1yd WHEELING, VA.