The Pittsburgh Post.

JAMES P. BARR, Editor and Proprietor. THURSDAY MORNING, JANUARY 7, 1864. ESTABLISHED 1842.

HERNIA OR RUPTURE.

Hernia or Rupture cured.
Hernia or Rupture cured.
Hernia or Rupture cured.
Hernia or Rupture cured.
Hernia or Rupture cured.
Hernia or Rupture cured.
Hernia or Rupture cured.
Hernia or Rupture cured.
Rupture or Hernia cured.
Rupture or Hernia cured.
Rupture or Hernia cured.
Rupture or Hernia cured.
Rupture or Hernia cured.
Rupture or Hernia cured.
Rupture or Hernia cured.
Rupture or Hernia cured.

Marsh's Radical Cure Truss.

Ritter's Patent Truss.

Fitch's Supporter Truss.

Self-Adjusting Truss.

Dr. Bannings's Lace or Body Brace, for the cure of Prolapsus Uteri, Piles, Abdominal and Spinal Weaknesses.

Dr. S. S. Fitch's Silver Plated Supporter.

Pile Drops, for the support and cure of Piles.

Elastic Stockings, for weak and varicose veins.

Elastic Knee Caps, for weak knee joints.

Ankle Supporters, for weak knee joints.

Suspensory Bandages.

Self-Injecting Syringes; also every kind of Syringes.

Dr. KEYSER has also a Truss which will radically cure Hernia or Rupture.

☞Office at his Drug Store, No. 140 WOOD STREET, sign of the Golden Mortar. Persons writing for Trusses should send the number of inches around the body, immediately over the rupture.

DR. KEYSER will give his personal attention to the application of Trusses in adults and children, and he is satisfied that, with an experience of twenty years, he will be enabled to give satisfaction.

Self-Injecting Syringes.
Self-Injecting Syringes.
Self-Injecting Syringes.
Self-Injecting Syringes,
Of every kind.

Sold at DR. KEYSER'S, 140 Wood st.

Suspensory Bandages,
Suspensory Bandages,
Suspensory Bandages,
Suspensory Bandages,
A dozen different kinds,
A dozen different kinds,
A dozen different kinds,
A dozen different kinds,

At DR. KEYSER'S, 140 Wood street.
no10-lyd&w

PILES OF

TWENTY YEARS STANDING

CURED.

Below will be found a certificate from one of the most respectable citizens of Wilkins township in regard to Dr. Keyser's Lindsey's Blood-Searcher. The Doctor's certificates are within reach, and no one need be deceived in regard to his preparations:

DR. GEO. H. KEYSER:—I became afflicted with Piles about twenty years ago, and every year they were growing worse, so as to trouble me very much, to much so at times as to unfit me for work. Sometimes I was so bad, that I could not do anything on account of them, they came out on me as large as a hickory nut. I had tried a great deal of medicine for them I used to buy and take what ever I could hear of or read of, in circulars and pamphlets that tell in my way, but I could not get cured, sometimes they would do me some good for a little while, but afterwards they would return again as bad as ever. I also applied to two Doctors, who visited me at my house and gave me some medicine but it would not do, I could not get well. Over a year ago, I got an advertisement of your Lindsey's Blood Searcher, made by yourself—when you sold it to me you told me one bottle would not cure me, and that my whole system would have to be renewed by the medicine before I got well. I bought one bottle and took it home with me and used it according to your directions. I then called to see you again, when you said I could not expect much benefit from one bottle. I bought it on, one bottle at a time, until I had used five bottles. After this quantity had been used, I was entirely well of the piles, which had tortured me for twenty years. In other respects my health is improved, and I am as well as could be expected for one of my age, being sixty years past. I have been well now for six months, and there is no appearance of a return of the disease I can do any kind of farming work now without the piles coming down and hurting me. I can pitch hay, chop wood, lift, or do any kind of work which before used to hurt me. When I found out your blood Searcher I kept on taking it until I got entirely well. I consider it my duty to make my case known to the country for the benefit of others who may be suffering as I was, and do not know the value of your medicine. You may publish this if you like—I live in *Wilkins Township*, and will be pleased to satisfy any one of the truth of this certificate they wish to call on me.

ELLIOTT DAVIS.

December 24th, 1863.

☞*Look out for the name of DR. GEO. H. KEYSER on the cover of the bottle and pasted over the cork; also for his stamp on the United States tax up on the top of the bottle to prevent being imposed upon by a spurious article which is in the market.* dec28-1yd&w

Medical.

Great Discovery.

KUNKEL'S BITTER WINE OF IRON,

FOR THE CURE OF

Weak Stomachs, General Debility, Indigestion, Disease of the Nervous System, Constipation, Acidity of the Stomach, and for all cases requiring a Tonic.

THIS WINE INCLUDES THE MOST agreeable and efficient Salt of Iron we possess; Citrate of Magnetic Oxide combined with the most energetic of vegetable tonics, Yellow Peruvian Bark. The effect in many cases of debility loss of appetite, and general prostrations, of an efficient Salt of Iron, combined with our valuable Nerve Tonic, is most happy. It augments the appetite, raises the pulse, takes of muscular flabbiness, removes the pallor of debility, and gives a florid vigor to the countenance.

Do you want something to strengthen you?
Do you want a good appetite?
Do you want to build up your constitution?
Do you want to feel well?
Do you want to get rid of nervousness?
Do you want energy?
Do you want to sleep well?
Do you want a brisk and vigorous feeling?

If you do, try

KUNKEL'S BITTER WINE OF IRON.

This truly valuable Tonic has been so thoroughly tested by all classes of the community, that it is now deemed indispensible as a Tonic Medicine. It cost but little, gives tone to the stomach, renovates the system and prolongs life. I now only ask a trial of this valuable tonic.

Counterfeits.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS—AS KUNKLE'S BITTER WINE OF IRON is the only sure and effectual remedy in the known world for the permanent cure of *Dyspepsia and Debility*, and as there are a number of imitations offered to the public, we would caution the community to purchase none but the genuine article, manufactured by S. A. KUNKEL, and has his stamp on the top of the cork of every bottle. The fact that others are attempting to imitate this valuable remedy, proves its worth and speaks volumes in its favor.

The BITTER WINE OF IRON is put up in

75 CENT and $1.00 BOTTLES,

And sold by all respectable Druggists throughout the country. Be particular that every bottle bears the *fac-simile* of the proprietor's signature.

GENERAL DEPOT,
No. 118 Market st., Harrisburg, Pa.
For sale by Dr. KEYSER, Agent,
140 WOOD STREET.
oc6-6md

MEDICAL CARD

F. X. DEROLETTE, M. D.,
From the Medical Faculty of Paris, France, Ex Intern (Resident Physician) of Hotel Dieu, Charity Hospitals, &c. Date of Diploma, 1828.

Ladies Diseases, result of nervousness and debility, &c., neuralgia and sick headache, (hemicrania) attended with complete success.

OFFICE, 57 GRANT STREET, St.
se8 Nicholas Building.

NOTICE TO ALL CONCERNED.—Among a certain class of self-important people there is a peculiar feeling of contempt attached to all physicians that advertise and treat the diseases named in this card, (PRIVATE DISEASES,) why this should be, they nor no one else can tell. Are they not aware that all physicians treat diseases of every denomination, in fact solicit just the very diseases that are so obnoxious to these very refined parties. I suppose they would not let one of their family go to a party that has devoted years for their benefit, because he advertises the fact, and their family physician says he is a humbug so he can get the case. Often he has almost deprived the party of his life. He comes at last to the physician that advertises—how else are they to know. Are they not aware that Sir Astley Cooper, Sir Benjamin Brodie, Sir Charles Ball and *St. Paul* Ricord devoted years in the treatment of these diseases. These men are held up as shining lights in the medical world; I don't assert that all men are worthy that rubish, still there are a great number of them that are. I have devoted myself to the study and treatment of PRIVATE DISEASES upwards of (40) years, and without egotism can say I have saved hundreds from years of misery and untimely death. My treatment is confined to the vegetable altogether, as I think it is the best and most certain. It is in my power to bring hundreds of certificates if I thought it necessary to certify to my general success; but my long residence in this city is sufficient proof without adding more. Spermatorrhea and all diseases arising from it are cured in a much shorter time than heretofore. It behooves every young man and woman to be careful in selecting a physician. The different advertisements that are seen in our papers are of no worth, and no benefit will arise from answers than only loss of health and money. Hundreds are cured annually with my new remedies. Address BOX 840,
jan5-1yd Pittsburgh Post-office.

10,000,000 SAVED.

GLEASON'S

KEROSENE CRATER

WILL WARM FOOD FOR THE BABY, heat water or steep herbs, &c., for the sick, make warm water for shaving or toddy, cook a few oysters, boil or fry eggs, make tea and coffee, toast bread, &c., &c., in less time and expense than by any other means known. Used on any lamp without obscuring the light. Price 25 cents; by mail postage paid, 50 cents.

Also a Patent Lighter, for lighting lamps without removing the chimney. For sale wholesale and retail by

WELDON & KELLY,
oc6 146 Wood st., agents for the manufacturers

LAKE SUPERIOR COPPER MINES.
—AND—
SMELTING WORKS.

Park, M'Curdy & Co.,
Manufacturers of
Sheath, Brasiers' and Bolt Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Raised Still Bottoms, Spelter Solder, &c. Also Importers and dealers in Metals, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire, &c.
☞Constantly on hand, Tinmens' Machines and Tools. Warehouse, No. 149 FIRST and 120 SECOND STREETS, Pittsburgh Pa.
☞Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. fe21:1yd&w

BARGAINS
IN
CARPETS.

JUST OPENED AT
M'CALLUM'S
87 FOURTH STREET.

A large assortment, which will be sold at a very great reduction from late prices aul0

TO BUILDERS & CONTRACTORS.

WE ARE NOW MANUFACTURING a superior article of

LIME,

Which we are prepared to deliver from our
COAL YARD, 509 LIBERTY STREET,
Best quality of
FAMILY COAL,
Always on hand as usual.
my9t DICKSON, STEWART & CO.

J. O. WELDON.....NO. KELLY.
WELDON & KELLY,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Lamps and Lamp Goods,
AND DEALERS IN
CARBON OILS, BENZINE, &c.
164 Wood street, near Sixth,
de8 PITTSBURGH, PA.

BORLAND'S PRICES—Men's Calf Double Sole and Double Upper Boots, $4; do do Dress Boots, $3; Men's Double Sole heavy Balmorals, $1 95; Men's Double Sole Congress Gaiters, $2 25; Men's Brogans of all kinds from, $1 50 to $2 50; Women's Morocco Heel Boots, $85; Women's Double Sole sewed Heel Boots, $1 50; Women's Morocco sewed heel Balmorals, $1 25; Women's custom made sewed heel Boots, $2; Women's Congress Gaiters, 90c. Also a very large assortment of Misses' and Childrens' Shoes at low prices, at
NO. 98 MARKET STREET,
2d door from 6th street.

25 BOXES OSWEGO CORN STARCH—Just received and for sale by
GEO. A. KELLY,
se16 69 Federal st. Allegheny.

Medical.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.

"GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY."

HARVEY'S CHRONO THERMAL
FEMALE PILLS

HAVE NEVER YET FAILED (WHEN the directions have been strictly followed.) in removing difficulties arising from

OBSTRUCTION, OR STOPPAGE OF NATURE

Or in restoring the system to perfect health when suffering from Spinal Affections, Prolapsus Uteri, the Whites, or other weakness of the Uterine Organs. The Pills are perfectly harmless on the constitution, and may be taken by the most delicate females without causing distress; at the same time

THEY ACT AS A CHARM.

By strengthening, invigorating, and restoring the system to a healthy condition, and by bringing on the monthly period with regularity, no matter from what cause the obstruction may arise. They should, however, NOT be taken the first three or four months of pregnancy, though safe at any other time, as miscarriage would be the result.

Each box contains 60 Pills, PRICE, ONE DOLLAR.

DR. HARVEY'S TREATISE

On Diseases of Females, Pregnancy, Miscarriage, Barrenness, Sterility, Reproduction, and Abuses of Nature, and emphatically the LADIES' PRIVATE MEDICAL ADVISER, a pamphlet of 70 pages, sent free to any address, six cents required to pay postage.

☞The Pills and Book will be sent by mail, confidentially, when desired, SECURELY SEALED, and prepaid, on receipt of money by
J. BRYAN, M. D., General Agent,
No. 78 Cedar street, New York.

☞Sold by all the principal Druggists.

☞Joseph Fleming, Druggist, corner of the Diamond and Market st., agent for Pittsburgh.
oc6-sudaw

For Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, Bed Bugs, Moths in Furs, Woolens, &c., Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals, &c.

Put up in 25c, 50c and $1 boxes, bottles and flasks; $3 and $5 flasks for Hotels, Public Institutions, &c.

"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

☞Sold wholesale in all large cities.

☞Sold by all Druggists and Dealers everywhere.

☞Beware of all worthless imitations.

☞See that "Costar's" name is on each box, bottle and flask before you buy.

Address HENRY S. COSTAR,
Principal Depot, 482 Broadway, N. Y.

☞Sold by R. E. SELLERS & CO., and R. L. FAIRNESTOCK & CO., Wholesale Agents, Pittsburg. jy16-6mdeodaw

WM. H. FABER & CO.

STEAM ENGINE BUILDERS

Foundry, Machine Shops,
Rolling Mill Machinery, Iron Boiler Makers,
near the Penna. R. R. Passenger Depot,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

MANUFACTURE ALL KINDS OF Steam Engines, ranging from three to one hundred and fifty horse power, and suited for Grist Mills, Saw Mills, Blast Furnaces, Factories, etc.

Give particular attention to the construction of Engines and Machinery for grist mills, and for upright molay and circular saw mills.

Have also on hand, finished and ready for shipment at short notice, Engines and Boilers of every description.

Also, furnish Boilers and Sheet Iron separately, Wrought Iron Shafting, Hangers and Pulleys in every variety, and continue the manufacture of Wooden Machinery and Machine Cards.

Our prices are low, our machinery manufactured of the best quality of materials, and warranted in all cases to give satisfaction.

☞Orders from all parts of the country solicited and promptly filled. feb1dkw

STEAM WAGON WORK.
ON HAND AND MADE TO ORDER
WAGONS,
CARTS,
WHEELBARROWS,
STORE TRUCKS,
HAY AND STRAW CUTTERS.
C. COLEMAN,
oc27-1yd Marion Avenue, Allegheny City.

J. DUNLEVY,
Grocer,
NO. 4 DIAMOND,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
my22:lydaw

MASTIC CEMENT

T. F. WATSON,

MASTIC WORKER,

Is prepared to Cement the exterior of buildings with improved Mastic Cement, cheaper and superior to any done heretofore. This cement has no equal; it forms a solid and durable adhesiveness to any surface, imperishable by water or frost, and equal to any quality of stone.

The undersigned is the only reliable and practical workman in this cement in this city.

I have applied this Cement for the following gentlemen, whom the public are at liberty to refer to:

J. Bissell, residence Penn street, finished,	5	yrs
Jas. McCandless, Allegheny,	do	5 yrs
J. H. Shoenberger, Lawrenceville,	do	5 yrs
J. D. McCord, Penn street,	do	4 yrs
A. Hoeveler, Lawrenceville,	do	3 yrs
Girard House Pittsburgh,	do	5 yrs
St. Charles "	do	5 yrs
Address Washington Hotel Pittsburgh P. O.	Box	1306,
		feb20.1yd

WALL PAPER.

FOR AUTUMN OF 1863,

A complete assortment of beautiful

PAPER HANGINGS

Of all styles, at prices lower than can be again offered. For sale during the season by

W. P. MARSHALL,
e3 87 Wood Street.

JUST RECEIVED—
Laird's Bloom of Youth for the complexion and skin.
Drake's genuine Plantation Bitters.
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and Sarsaparilla.
Mrs. Allen's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsum.
Wishart's Pine Tree Tar Cordial.
Hagan's Magnolia Balm.
Stearling Amorosia for the Hair.
Holloway's Family Medicines,
Lindsey's Improved Blood Searcher.
All of Dr. Jayne's Family Medicines.
Pure Glycerine and Honey Soaps.
Glycerine Cream and Cold Cream, for chapped hands, face, &c., at
GEO. A. KELLY'S
Wholesale and Retail Drug Store,
oc24 No. 69 Federal st., Allegheny.

SAVE YOUR GAS BY USING GLEASON'S Anti-Flickering, American and Imperial Gas Burners, a sure saving of twenty-five per cent. The Anti-Flickering is just the thing for the Office. Call and see them burn at the Gas Fitting and Plumbing Establishment of
WELDON & KELLY,
no4 164 Wood street.

BUTTER—
3 bbls prime Roll Butter,
1 bbl " Fresh Packed Butter,
4 kegs " " "
Just received and for sale by
FRYER & ARMSTRONG,
no30 corner of Market and First streets.

Banking Houses.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF PITTSBURGH.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
Washington City, Aug. 5th, 1863.

WHEREAS, By satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, in the County of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress, entitled "an Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States Stocks, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved February 25th, 1863, and has complied with all the provisions of said Act required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking.

Now THEREFORE, I, Hugh McCulloch, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the said FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the Act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof witness my hand and seal of office, this 5th day of August, 1863.

HUGH McCULLOCH,
(SS) Comptroller of the Currency.

The First National Bank
of Pittsburgh, Pa.,

LATE PITTSBURGH TRUST COMPANY.

Capital $400,000, with privilege to increase to $1,000,000.

The Pittsburgh Trust Company having organized under the act to provide a National Currency, under the title of the FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, would respectfully offer its services for the collection of Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, &c., receive money on deposit and buy and sell Exchange on all parts of the country.

The success which has attended the Pittsburgh Trust Company since its organization in 1852, will we believe be a sufficient guarantee that business entrusted to the new organization will receive the same prompt attention.

Having a very extensive correspondence with Banks and Bankers, throughout the country, we believe we can offer unusual facilities to those who do business with us.

The business will be conducted by the same officers and directors.

DIRECTORS:

James Laughlin,	Wm. K. Nimick,
Robert S. Hays,	Alexander Speer,
Thomas Bell,	Francis G. Bailey,
Thos Wightman,	Alex. Bradley,
	Samuel Rea.

JAMES LAUGHLIN, President.
JOHN D. SCULLY, Cashier.
August 5th, 1863:dawtf.

W. J. KOUNTZ.....PH. R. MERTZ

KOUNTZ & MERTZ,
BANKERS,
No. 118 Wood St., Second doo above Fifth Street,

DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND Domestic Exchange, Coin, Bank Notes, and Government Securities. Collections promptly attended to. apl1

GOLD, SILVER, DEMAND NOTES Certificates of Indebtedness, Quartermasters Certificates.

7 3-10 Bonds and Coupons,

and all other government securities, bought by
W. H. WILLIAMS & CO.,
mh5:6md Wood street, corner of Third.

GILLIES'
OLD
PLANTATION
COFFEE

THE BEST HOTELS, RESTAURANTS, Steamers and Private Families are saving nearly *fifty* per cent. by using

Gillies' Old Plantation Coffee,
Gillies' Old Plantation Coffee,
Gillies' Old Plantation Coffee,

In place of other imported Coffees, such as Java or Mocha. It has been fully tested side by side with the finest Java, and pronounced fully equal in uniformity of strength and richness of flavor, so that we can, with more than usual confidence, recommend to our friends and the public our fine flavored

Old Plantation Coffee,
Old Plantation Coffee,
Old Plantation Coffee,

As our late invoices are by far superior to former shipments. The bean or kernel is full, plump, and very much like the Mocha or Mountain Coffee in shape, and when manufactured by our new process is decidedly preferable to the best grades of *Island* Coffee; and we would advise all who desire a really reliable and healthy beverage, to

Drink Gillies' Old Plantation Coffee,
Drink Gillies' Old Plantation Coffee,
Drink Gillies' Old Plantation Coffee.

It is packed only in one pound tin foil packages 50 and 60 pounds in a case; each package having a fac-simile of our signature. The

Old Plantation Coffee

Is for sale by nearly all the leading grocers and country stores throughout the United States, at

30 Cents per Pound.

Liberal discount to the Jobbing Retailer Trade. The old Plantation Coffee should be prepared the same as any other pure coffee; good cream, with the addition of an egg, boiled with the coffee will add much to the flavor.

Wright Gillies & Brother,
ONLY MANUFACTURERS.
de4—tf 233, 235, 237 Washington st., N. Y.

ST FRANCIS COLLEGE.

UNDER CAR OF THE FRANCISCAN BROTHERS

THIS INSTITUTION, SITUATED IN LORETTO, Cambria county Pennsylvania about four miles from Cresson Station, on the direct route between Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, was chartered in 1856, with privileges to confer the usual Collegiate Honors and Degrees. The location of the College is one of the most healthy in Pennsylvania—this portion of the Allegheny Mountains being proverbial for its pure water, bracing air, and picturesque scenery.

The Scholastic year commences on the FIRST MONDAY after the 15th of AUGUST, and ends about the 28th of JUNE following. It is divided into two Sessions. Students cannot return home between the Sessions. All the Apparatus necessary for Land Surveying, Engineering, &c., &c., will be furnished by the Institution to the students.

Instrumental and Vocal Music forms no extra charge. Students will be admitted from eight years to the age of manhood.

TERMS—Board and Tuition, payable half yearly in advance	$ 65
Surveying and use of instruments, per annum	20
Classical and Modern Languages, extra	10
Students spending Vacation at the College	20

Reference can be made to the Rt. Rev. Bishop Domenec, Rt. Rev. Bishop Wood Philadelphia, Rev. T. S. Reynolds, Loretto, Rev. Dr. O'Hara, Philadelphia; Rev. Henry McLaughlin, Philadelphia; Rev. Pierce Mahar, Harrisburg.

N. B.—A hack runs daily to Loretto from Cresson. sep11

AMERICAN HOUSE,
BOSTON,

IS THE LARGEST AND BEST ARranged Hotel in the New England States; is centrally located, and easy of access from all the routes of travel. It contains all the modern improvements, and every convenience for the comfort and accommodation of the traveling public. The sleeping rooms are large and well ventilated; the suites of rooms are well arranged, and completely furnished for families and large traveling parties, and the house will continue to be kept as a first a first-class Hotel in every respect.

Telegraph in the house to all parts of the country.
HENRY RICE, Proprietor.
Boston, Sept. 1863. se12:6md

GAS AND STEAM FITTTING.—THE undersigned is prepared to execute all orders for Gas and Steam Fitting. Also, for fitting up

OIL REFINERIES.

Locksmithing and Bell Hanging promptly attended to.

Mr. W. H. CRAUMER is foreman of the Gas Fitting Shop.

FOLDING IRON BEDSTEADS

For sale; also, TWO LATHES.
W. D. KETTENBURG,
Locksmith and Bell Hanger,
de3-1md 426 Penn street,

REMOVAL OF LIVERY STABLE. The undersigned having removed his Livery Stable from the rear of the Scott House, to near the corner of First and Smithfield street, W. C. Conn's old stand, is prepared to furnish carriages, hearses, and saddle horses upon the shortest notice. Also horses kept at livery at reasonable rates. Undertaking and all arrangements for funerals will receive his special attention.
NEAL BRICKLAND.

DAILY POST.

DAILY POST—ADVANCED RATES.

One year, by mail	$8 00
Six months, "	4 25
Three " "	2 15
One " "	70
One week, delivered in the city	18
Single copies	3
To agents per hundred	2 00

New England.

We transferred to our columns, a few days ago, an article from the New York *Journal of Commerce* examining the claims of New England sectionalists to exemption from the weaknesses and vices of other people. The emptiness of the pretensions of such Yankees as Sumner, who is constantly thanking God that New Englanders are holier than other people, was well exposed by the article referred to, and the boast that the men brought over by the Mayflower were "consecrated to human liberty," was shown to be in violation of the truth of history. The able journal to which we were indebted for the careful compilation of the historical facts in refutation of Sumner's characteristic letter to the New England Society of New York, resumed the subject in its issue of Friday last, as follows:

"Our remarks on the slave-holding and slave trading character of the Puritan fathers have naturally attracted wide attention. We beg our readers and contemporaries not to fall into the error of supposing that we are making any invidious attack on New England in this matter. Nothing is further from our purpose. In proving New England to have been slave holding from the start, and in establishing slavery as a Puritan principle, we simply prove that the New England fathers were like the New York fathers, and like the Southern fathers—not a whit better, and perhaps not a whit worse. We publish the truth of history against a bold misrepresentation of Mr. Charles Sumner and the New England Society. We know, and gladly recognise the fact that these New England Society men, ashamed of their ancestry and seeking to conceal the truth about them, are poor specimens even of modern New England. But their falsification of history receives wide circulation, and nineteenths of the Abolitionists in the country have believe that the Puritan fathers came to this country to establish free institutions. This belief needs enlightening. The subject is important in a historical point of view. We therefore pursue it.

"A false statement travels far and fast, and the truth seldom overtakes it. Mr. Sumner's foolish letter to the New England Society, in which he so boldly defies history, was backed up the same evening by a voice from the Society itself in the following toast:

'The New England Society, in the city of New York, to the New England Society in Montreal, Greeting: Thanks for your generous wishes. We shall not cease to labor for their complete fulfilment, and by the blessing of God, and our still victorious arms, we mean in our next anniversary to celebrate in all States, from Maine to California, the National Jubilee in honor of the eternal principles of liberty under the law which the Pilgrim, emerging from the cabin of the Mayflower, laid down as the corner stone of the nation." (Loud applause.)

"Here we see the Society endeavoring, by a bold denial of history, to conceal the character and misrepresent the principles of their ancestors. Of course these society people, and all people of the same sort, insist that whoever undertakes to correct the historical blunders or deceptions of New England men, is throwing dirt at New England. Let them insist. We will take the risk of all accusations of intent to defame New England, while we proceed to show that she was never any better than her neighbors. 'Consecrated to human liberty,' quoth Mr. Sumner, writing of the pilgrim fathers! It would make no sort of difference to the present race of men whether the pilgrim fathers were consecrated to liberty or to tryanny, if they were not brought out of their graves so constantly by these false teachers, and made to play a part in history which they never dreamed of when alive. These Boston boasters ought to be ashamed of themselves for thus belying their ancestors. They ought to fear the ghosts of the pilgrim fathers, or their veritable bones rising from uncomfortable graves while their sons are thus disturbing their repose by falsehood. Why, if Mr. Sumner had lived in pilgrim times, that letter of his would have made him liable to sit in the stocks all day and be branded, if not to be banished or put to death. They had severe statutes against falsehood, circulating false news, and misrepresenting the truth. It would horrify a Puritan father to hear any one say he was consecrated to human liberty. He woule abhor the idea.

"That we may furnish the truth on this subject, and not be accused of bearing false witness ourselves, we have already given some evidence of the slave-holding and slave-trading propensities of the pilgrim fathers. We propose now to show some more of the historical evidence, by which it will appear what nonsense these men are endeavoring to spread in the community, for truth, when they boast of the superiority of New England over the rest of mankind in the matter of slavery.

"There is some question whether the first written law, actually establishing slavery in the modern world, did not originate in New England. Elsewhere it was accepted as an ancient institution, but in Massachusetts it was justified on Scriptural grounds and established by statutes and treaties. As early as 1641, the Massachusetts General Court adopted the following law:

"'It is ordered by this court and the authority thereof, that there shall never be any bond slavery, villanage or captivity amongst us, unless it be lawful captives taken in just wars, as willingly sell themselves or are sold to us, and such shall have the liberties and Christian usage which the law of God established in Israel concerning such persons doth morally require; provided this exempts none from servitude who shall be adjudged thereto by authority.'"

"We doubt whether any earlier statute can be found in modern civilization which recognizes, and in fact appoints and protects the institution of slavery. We have heretofore shown how the Puritan bought negroes, and shipped and sold in the Bermudas the captive Indians and their children. We have not the space to quote a tenth part of their legislation on this subject. If any one seeks the origin of the fugitive slave law, at which Massachusetts now professes a holy horror, we point to the 'Articles of Confederation of the New England Colonies,' made in Plymouth, close by the rock, Sept. 5, 1672, in which it was provided:

"Sec. 7. * * * It is also agreed that if any servant run away from his master into any of these confederated jurisdictions, that in such case, upon the certificate of one magistrate in the jurisdiction out of which said servant fled, or upon other due proof, the said servant shall be delivered either to his master or any other that pursues and brings such certificate or proof." * * *

Here is the first fugitive slave law. Here was no talk of jury trial or of the *prima facie* evidence of freedom until a man was proved to be a slave. The certificate of a magistrate was the sole evidence required for extradition.

"In 1683 the General Court enacted a law concerning the right of men to sell themselves for debts, and providing that the court of the county should regulate the time of service so that other creditors should not be defrauded out of their fair share of the man's life time. Here was a curious provision for men consecrated to human liberty, being neither more or less than establishment of slavery for debt. Long before this (in 1636) they had forbidden any one who was a 'covenant servant in household with any other,' to vote or hold office."

"The Puritan system involved three distinct castes in society. The 'master or owner,' the 'servant' and the 'slave.' The grades of superiority and inferiority were regulated by law, and strictly observed. The 'servant' was to all intents and purposes a slave for a limited period. He could not buy or sell goods, nor even the product of his own extra labor. In this respect he was worse off than the South Carolina slave to day. He might become a servant by ruling himself, and in other ways. The idea of equality in human rights or in the enjoyment of liberty would have been rank heresy in the Puritan church. Superiority and inferiority, master and servant, owner and slave, were relations defended out of Scripture and firmly held as Scriptural by the pilgrim fathers.

"On the subject of Emancipation, the Puritan fathers held doctrines that would horrify Mr. Sumner if he ever read his story. They were decidedly, firmly opposed to indiscriminate emancipation. They denied the right of a master to cast off his relation as master at will. They found freedom troublesome as they made laws against emancipation. In 1636 they passed a law on the subject of 'covenant servants,' of which Section 1 was this:

"It is ordered that no servant shall be set free or have any lot until he have served out the time covenanted, under penalty of such fines as the quarter's courts shall inflict, unless they see the cause to remit the same."

"This provision forbidding the master to emancipate his covenant servant was continued as the law of the colony for a century. The question of immediate emancipation, which is now discussed in this country, was not unknown to the puritans. They held to the Divine origin of slavery and its rightfulness as an institution having Bible sanction. They also held that emancipation was impolitic and inexpedient unless the master made provision for the support of the freedman. This wisdom of their views on this subject ought not to admit of dispute. But what will Mr. Sumner and the members of the New England Society say, when we show them that after holding slaves for more than a hundred and fifty years, with full knowedge of the evils of Slavery, the Puritan colony of Massachusetts enacted a law to prevent the emancipation of slaves? We quote the statute in full. It was enacted in June, 1703.

An Act Relating to Mulatto and Negro Slaves.

"'Whereas great change and inconveniences have arisen to divers towns and places by the releasing and setting at liberty mulattos and negro slaves, for prevention whereof for the future.

"'Be it declared and enacted by his Excellency the Governor, Councils and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, that no mulatto or negro slave shall hereafter be manumitted, discharged or set free, until sufficient security be given to the treas ury of the town or place where such person dwells, in a valuable sum, not less than fifty pounds, to secure and indemnify the town or place from all charge for or about such mulatto or negro, to be manumitted and set at liberty, in case he or she by sickness, lameness, or otherwise, be rendered uncapable to support him or herself.

"'And no mulatto or negro hereafter manumitted shall be deemed or accounted free, for want security shall not be given as aforesaid, but shall be the proper charge of their respective masters or mistresses, in case they stand in need of relief and support, notwithstanding any manumission or instrument of freedom to them made or given; and shall also be liable at all times to be put forth to service by the selectmen of the town. [June, 1708.']

"It may be well to quote another statute of 1703 to show the close resemblance between Massachusetts slavery and South Carolina slavery. It is as follows:—

An Act to Prevent Disorders in the Night.

"Whereas great disorders, insolences and burglaries are oft times raised and committed in the night time, by Indians, negro and mulatto servants and slaves, to the disquiet and hurt of her Majesty's good subjects, for prevention thereof,

"'Be it enacted, by his Excellency the Governor, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, that no Indian, negro or mulatto servant or slave, may presume to be absent from the families whereto they respectively belong, or be found abroad in the night time after nine o'clock, unless it be upon some errand for their respective master or owners

"'And all justices of the peace, constables, tithingmen, watchmen, and other of her Majesty's good subjects, being householders within the same town, are hereby respectively empowered to take up and apprehend, or cause to be apprehended any Indian, negro or mulatto servant or slave that shall be found abroad after nine o'clock at night, and shall not give a good and satisfactory account of their business, make any disturbance, or otherwise misbehave themselves, and forthwith convey them before the next justice of the peace, if it be not over late in the night, or to restrain them in the common prison, watch-house, or constable's house until the morning; and then cause them to appear before a justice of the peace, who shall order them to the house of correction to receive the discipline of the house, and then be dismissed; unless they be charged with any other offence than absence from the families whereto they respectively belong, without leave from their respective masters or owners; and such towns where there is no house of correction, to be openly whipped by the constable, not exceeding ten stripes. [October, 1708.']

"In 1718 they passed a law punishing the master of any vessel who should receive on board a hired servant without permission of his master, and making him also liable in damages to the 'master or owner.'

"Massachusetts men are very fond of calling Southerners 'slave hunters,' and retail with indignation the stories of the pursuit of fugitive slaves escaping to freedom. One of the very earliest statutes of the Puritans, passed within twenty years after the landing of the Mayflower, provided as follows:

"SEC. 2. It is ordered that when any servant shall run away from their masters * * it shall be lawful for the next magistrate, or the constable and two of the chief inhabitants, where no magistrate is, to press men and boats or pinnaces at the public charge to pursue such persons by sea and land, and bring them back by force of arms.'

"We need not pursue this subject further. It is abundantly evident that the true followers of the Puritans to day are those who hold slaves, buy and sell human flesh and blood, enact laws for regulating slavery, forbid emancipation except on strict conditions to support the emancipated persons; in short, that the present inhabitants of South Carolina are much more like the Puritan fathers than are the people of Massachusetts.

"Instead of the contest which Mr. Sumner poetically imagined between the principles of the Mayflower, consecrated to human liberty, and the principles of the Virginia slave-ship, it appears beyond possible dispute that the Mayflower principles were on the side of slavery, and, therefore, if the contest has been going on all this time as Mr. Sumner pretends, then the rebellion is the culmination of Mayflower principles adopted at the South, and fought against by Massachusette! What further need be said to show the utter nonsense which Mr. Sumner and these poor specimens of New England sprouts uttered, and seek to palm off on the people as history.

"Let New England be proud of her origin, and New York of her origin, and Virginia and South Carolina of their origin. But let each be proud of the origin of the other, each equally humble in view of her own sins If Massachusetts insist that slavery is demoralizing and sinful let her remember that she is abusing the memory of her Puritan fathers.

"We have not yet finished with the subject of the Puritan 'consecration to human liberty.' The time is favorable to a correct understanding of our own national history, and we shall take occasion to give our readers materials for their aid in this important matter."

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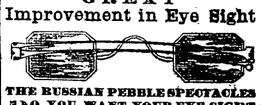

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