DAILY POST.

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CITY NEWS.

FRIDAY MORNING, SEPT. 25, 1863.

DAILY AND WEEKLY POST.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY POST can hereafter be procured at the News Depots of J. W. Pittock and Frank Case, Fifth street, with or without wrappers. Daily 3 cents; Weekly 5 cents.

Democratic Meetings.

Meetings of the Democracy will be held this week at the following times and places:

Birmingham, in the Diamond, on Friday evening, Sept. 25th.

There will be a meeting of the Democracy at McKeesport, on Saturday, Oct. 3d, when Gen. Will A. Stokes, and other distinguished speakers, will address the meeting. A grand turn out is expected.

Able speakers will be present and address these meetings.

Now Out.

The *Weekly Post* for this week is now out, and may be had at the counter of the *Post* Building, corner of Fifth and Wood streets. The present number is an unusually interesting one, and those having friends in the army, or elsewhere, should mail them a copy—single copies in wrappers five cents. By the year $1,50 in advance for a single copy.

CLUB RATES.

Five copies,	$1 40	each
Ten	1 30	"
Twenty " (and one to getter up)	1 20	"
Thirty " " "	1 10	"
Forty " " "	1 00	"

Another Democratic Gathering.

Large and Enthusiastic Meeting of the Democracy in Manchester—Speeches —Music—Heavy Rain—"Change of Base," &c.

The Democracy assembled in large numbers in the Borough of Manchester, last evening, notwithstanding the unpropitious aspect of the weather. At an early hour the street in the vicinity of the stand erected for the accommodation of the officers, speakers and reporters, was densely blocked with people. When the time had arrived for the organization of the meeting, Mr. HENRY SPROUL, of Allegheny, was called to preside. On taking the chair, Mr. Sproul made a neat address, thanking the assemblage for the honor conferred upon him in thus being selected to preside over so large a body of Union men—Union men, who were in favor of the "Union as it was and the Constitution as it is." No Democrat was in favor of anything short of this, and no man was a Union man who advocated anything else. Mr. S. was happy in the few remarks he made, and closed by introducing Capt. Kountz to the meeting.

Captain Kountz commenced by asserting the deep interest he felt in the welfare of the country. Since the days of '76 such dreadful times had not befallen us, and it was the duty of every man to come out boldly and take his stand. In days gone by there were two great national parties—now there was but one national party, and one purely sectional party. The one was composed of Democrats—the other of Abolitionists. The one was in favor of the "Union as it was and the Constitution as it is"—the other had proclaimed through its chief, Abraham Lincoln, that this country could not exist part free and part slave. There was but two parties—Democrats and Abolitionists, and every man was called upon to choose between them. The speaker was opposed to placing the black man upon an equality with the white man, nor was he in favor of spilling the blood of millions of white men to purchase the freedom of the slave. The President in the outset of the war proclaimed that he would not interfere with slavery in the States where it existed—that he would carry on the war in accordance with the spirit of the Crittenden Compromise. Under this assurance the loyal men of the North flocked to his standard in such numbers that he could not arm and equip them.

But now all was changed. All the pledges of the President have been broken. He no longer regards the doctrine of the Crittenden Compromise as binding upon him, but boldly proclaims that the war shall not cease until the shackles of the last slave are broken and their masters subjugated.

At this stage of the meeting a very heavy rain began to pour down, which caused the crowd to "change its base" at a "double quick," each one eager to find shelter from the pitiless storm, and the last sentences we heard the Captain utter were, that he was in favor of George W. Woodward for Governor, Walter H. Lowrie for Judge of the Supreme Court, and General George B. McClellan for the next President of the United States. There was a fine brass band in attendance, and had the rain not set in the meeting would have been a grand success.

COUNTERFEIT POSTAL CURRENCY.—It has been ascertained that of the fifty cent postage currency there are nine different counterfeits, of the twenty five's and ten's, two each, and of the five's, one. The present postage currency is coming into the Treasury at the rate of $60,000 per day, and about $2,000,000 of the $20,000,000 issued has already been received. The fifty cent and twenty five cent notes will be withdrawn, and the new and improved issues will soon take their places. The withdrawal of the five and ten cent notes will be more gradual.

NOTHING LIKE IT!—So we heard a teacher say to day who has been using Miner's new Aluminum Pen for some time in his school. His pupils, he remarked, were delighted with it, and would now use no other. Teachers generally would do well to make a note of this. If they want their pupils to do their best in writing let them use the new pen.

SEE McClelland's advertisement in another column. He has just received a very large stock of boots and shoes; also receiving daily from the East dry goods in great variety, which he will sell at less than usual prices. Our advice to those who would save money to give him a call, at 55, Fifth street, Masonic Hall. A word to the wise, &c.

A BIG THING.—It is absolutely wonderful the demand for the new pen recently brought out by Henry Miner. They are to be found in every business house almost in the city, and the demand for them is every day increasing. The Aluminum Pen is a big thing, and shows that the public appreciate its merit in price as in every thing else.

PITTSBURGHERS ABROAD.—On the 23d inst., the following Pittsburghers were in Philadelphia: James Nichols, W. F. Johnston, Miss Johnston, D. Bushnell and child, Miss L. Atwood, Hon. P. C. Shannon, J. Woodruff, Miss McCrea, Miss Black, J. P. McCulloch, Jas. M. Kenna and sister, Wm. A. Ahl, M. Shellaby and son, J. L. McMillan.

WE unhesitatingly pronounce Rankin's Coryza Tablets the best thing extant for cold in the head.

ADDRESS ON the coming—see advertisement.

Mr. Burke's Speech.

The following is the substance of the closing remarks of Andrew Burke, Esq., at the meeting in Allegheny on Monday evening last:

The last, the only right left to freemen now was the ballot box. Will you, as Democrats, exercise that trust faithfully and fearlessly, or will you ignobly fail in your solemn duty to your country, and thus prove yourselves unworthy the proud title of Democrats, and leave to your children a heritage of shame and infamy? Remember that Despotism is always insidious in its approaches; and if not crushed in its incipient state will surely sap the foundations of the Republic. In ancient times there was an instance of unalloyed patriotism recorded—Massilla refused to hold office under a tyrant who aimed to destroy the liberties of the people. But who can point to such a man as Massilla now? Will Stanton, Butler, Fremont, or any of the hosts of the shoulder-strapped gentry who prowl about the country, receiving pay as soldiers of the Republic, but who are in fact but the mere truckling tools of a venal and corrupt Administration, sent forth over the States to influence the coming election; will any of them resign? Not one of them. As long as there is a dollar to be made out of a bleeding and distracted country, these leeches will do the bidding of their masters at Washington. I tell you, fellow-democrats that we must defeat this party in the coming election. Our own and the liberty of our children depends upon the result of the issue. Will you, then, come up and do your whole duty? If you will, the result is not doubtful. Vote for and work for Woodward and Lowrie, and all will be well.

The speaker concluded by saying that he would leave Andrew G. Curtin in the hands of Thos. Williams and the Pittsburgh *Gazette*, feeling sure they would do him justice.

Iron City College.

No matter what the fluctuations in business, or how much other institutions suffer from temporary derangements, this School continues to prosper: and, it is to-day, perhaps, the best sustained educational institution in the country. This, doubtless, is owing to the firm hold it has on the public confidence and esteem caused by its fidelity in the careful instruction of those committed to its care. It is well known that intense earnestness and thoroughness characterize all its teachings, and so well is its reputation established for efficiency, that no one questions the ability of those holding its diploma. The system here adopted of granting diplomas to none but competent accountants, has secured for its graduates the confidence of business men, and a preference to those of all other schools; while at the same time it has relieved the College of that class of persons, who, unfit to become accountants, think more of a diploma than a sound business education. The young man who attends here is certain of being carefully and thoroughly instructed; and when through, of possessing qualifications which will command respect and success.

DEATH OF REV. CHARLES SCHULER.—In noticing the death of Rev. Chas. Schuler, on the 18th instant, at Mercy Hospital, the Pittsburgh *Catholic* says: "The deceased clergyman was a native of Canton Schwitz, in Switzerland, and was at the time of his death in his thirty-first year. He made the principal portion of his theological studies at St. Vincent's College in this Diocese; and was ordained priest on February 8th, 1851, by Rt. Rev. Bishop Domenec. Soon after his ordination symptoms of the fatal disease of consumption appeared, under which he finally succumbed after a lingering illness of several months. His amiable disposition, and truly zealous and priestly character make his loss be deeply felt by all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance. His funeral took place on Monday from the church of the Most Holy Trinity. The Bishop of the Diocese celebrated Pontifical High Mass of Requiem; Very Rev. D. M'Mahon being Assistant Priest, Revs. J. Treacy and W. Burke, Deacons of Honor, Rev. J. Shell, Deacon, and Rev. J. Holland, Sub Deacon of the Mass. Several other clergymen were present. The funeral discourse was pronounced by Rev. J. Stisbel."

BENEFIT.—Miss Matilda Herron takes a benefit this evening at the theatre. The bill is a very attractive one, and she will be greeted, as she deserves, with an overflowing house. Miss Herron will appear as "Edith, or the Earl's Daughter." At the conclusion of which she will recite Drake's address to the American Flag. The evening's entertainment concludes with "Honey Moon," Miss Herron as Juliana.

APPOINTMENT.—The Judges of the Circuit Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania, have appointed Grier C. Orr, Esq., of Kittanning, United States Commissioner for Armstrong county, Pa. This is a judicious appointment, as Mr. O. is every way qualified to discharge the duties of the office.

A GREAT SUCCESS.—Our friend Miner made a great hit in getting out his new Aluminium Pen. There are more of them sold now than of any other pen made, and the demand for them is but beginning. The public know how to appreciate a good article when they get it, and hence it is that everybody uses it. Get a card and be convinced.

NEW COUNTERFEIT.—A new counterfeit on the Bedford Commercial Bank, Massachusetts, of the denomination of $50, has appeared. It is an imitation of the genuine plate, the vignette representing a female, child, goods, ship in the distance, &c., &c.

HEAVY RAIN.—A heavy fall of rain commenced yesterday evening, and as we write, at twelve o'clock, it continues to come down in torrents. The long looked for rise in our rivers seems at hand.

THE MINSTRELS.—The Morris Minstrels performed again last night before another overflowing house. They appear again to night in an entire new programme.

VOCAL MUSIC.—H. D. Brecht, teacher of singing and cultivation of the voice, 128 Smithfield street.

GROVER & BAKER'S Sewing Machines, for family manufacturing purposes, are the best in use.
A. P. CHATONAY, General Agent,
18 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

JOSEPH MEYER.....ANTHONY MEYER

JOSEPH MEYER & SON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
PLAIN AND FANCY
FURNITURE & CHAIRS,
WAREHOUSE, 135 SMITHFIELD ST.,
Between 6th st., and Virgin alley.
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RANKIN'S
Coryza Tablets,
FOR COLD IN THE HEAD, WATERING IN THE EYES, SNEEZING, &c.
Contains no Opium or other Anodyne—seldom fails to relieve promptly the unpleasant symptoms of the above complaints.
PRICE, 25 CENTS,
Prepared only by
A. J. RANKIN & CO.,
APOTHECARIES,
63 Market st., 3 doors below 4th,
se21 PITTSBURGH.

SHOT GUNS—DOUBLE AND SINGLE barrels—the largest and finest assortment ever brought to this market. For sale by
JAMES BOWN,
se22 136 Wood st.

TELEGRAPHIC.

FIRST EDITION.

General Meade Advancing.

A BATTLE EXPECTED.

Gen. Lee Superintending Operations,

&c., &c., &c.

NEW YORK, September 23.—The *Times* says that Meade's cavalry and part of his infantry are South of the Rapidan, and that our cavalry have penetrated to Orange Court House without meeting any signs of rebels in force. The rebels have retired upon Gordonsville. There must be either a battle there soon or a retreat of one of the confronting armies.

A special to the *Tribune*, dated Headquarters Army of the Potomac, September 22d, says the advance of Gen. Meade for the past two days has been nearly on the same line as that of Gen. Pope, last year. General Buford, with his own division of cavalry and that of General Kilpatrick, occupied Madison Court House last evening. General Kilpatrick in person led the advance, and charged and drove the enemy through the streets, capturing nine pickets and killing one. The village was deserted by nearly all its male inhabitants. But a few gray-haired old men could be found.

The rebel Banks, whose fine cattle fed the command of Col. Chesnut last summer, was still at home, but not able to supply our commissary department as before. Three rebel soldiers found in jail were released, and at their own request sent to the rear as prisoners of war. The force which Gen. Kilpatrick had compelled to fall back precipitately to the south side of the Rapidan were found to be the old brigade of General Toombs, now under command of Col. A. V. Lee.

Prisoners taken confirm the reports of the Southern march of Longstreet's corps, but say that he will return in time for the approaching battle with Gen. Meade. Thoroughfare Mountain, which was held yesterday by the rebels and occupied as a signal station, is this morning in possession of our Signal Corps. A mountain seven miles to the left of Culpepper is still used as a lookout, and the rebel flags can be seen flying.

Nearly all of the male inhabitants of Culpepper are under watch. Guards have been placed around the residences of leading secessionists and none allowed to enter them. Several prominent citizens, who profess Union sentiments now, were in communication with the enemy, and in order to prevent this entirely, the innocent as well as the guilty must suffer.

A heavy cavalry reconnoissance is now in progress, and by to-morrow evening will have reported the position of the enemy. It is thought the enemy have a considerable force in the vicinity of Gordonsville, but only one brigade of cavalry are on this side of the Rapidan.

A *Herald* Washington despatch says:—A party of guerrillas crossed the Potomac on Tuesday, on a horse stealing expedition, but were overtaken by Scott's cavalry and driven back to Virginia with a loss of several killed and wounded. On Wednesday a team and guard of an officer of Hedrickman's staff, was attacked by guerrillas nine miles from Alexandria. After firing a few shots, they left in a hurry, escaping through the dense woods.

NEW YORK, September, 24.—A *Tribune* Norfolk letter says Gen. Lee has been to Charleston within a few days, and the probabilities are that he will superintend the final struggle for Chattanooga. Ewell's corps is alone in front of Meade, and Richmond depends upon him and such new force as can be hastily raised for its protection. Rebel sympathizers here admit that the capital is in imminent danger, should Meade move against it. Longstreet's and Hill's corps were in the late fight in Georgia, and further reinforcements have been sent to Bragg from Richmond.

The *Tribune's* Washington correspondent, says: A letter from Europe contradicts the rumor that the Provisional Government in Mexico, sent to Richmond to establish friendly relations. The pretended departure of Vice President Stevens to bargain away Texas and Louisiana for the armed intervention of France, is also a canard. Forey will resume operations against the remaining forces of Juarez at the end of the rainy season, and he expects to dispose of them easily. A consid erable number of French officers have been appointed instructers of Mexican soldiers, and 30,000 uniforms and stand of arms, have been forwarded from France to equip the Mexican armies.

The acceptance of the crown by Maximillian is a settled fact. Not the least credit has been given to the rumors of the recognition of the South by France. The French Government positively disclaimed any such intention. The subject has never been introduced in the Cabinet Council.

NEW YORK, September 24.—A Nashville letter to the *World* contains a rumor that Rosecrans is to be reinforced by Gen. Sigel, who is to be placed in command of a corps.

STRICTLY PURE ARTICLES
Low Prices.
PITTSBURGH DRUG HOUSE
TORRENCE & McGARR,
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Corner Fourth and Market streets,
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DRUGS!
DRUGS!
MEDICINES! MEDICINES!
MEDICINES! MEDICINES!
CHEMICALS! CHEMICALS!
CHEMICALS! CHEMICALS!
DYES!
DYES!
DYES!
PAINTS! PAINTS! PAINTS!
PAINTS! PAINTS! PAINTS!
PAINTS! PAINTS! PAINTS!
OILS!
OILS!
OILS!
SPICES! SPICES! SPICES! SPICES!
SPICES! SPICES! SPICES! SPICES!
SPICES! SPICES! SPICES! SPICES!
Soda, Cream Tartar, Eng. Mustard, &c.
French, English, and American Perfumery, and Toilet articles, Brushes, Trusses, Patent Medicines, and all Druggist articles. Strictly pure articles. Low prices.
Physicians Prescriptions accurately compounded at all hours.
Pure Wines and Liquors for medicinal use only.
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Burnett's Preparations,
50 CENTS,
AND
PATENT MEDIDINES
AT REDUCED PRICES,
AT RANKIN'S DRUG STORE,
se12 63 MARKET St. 3d below 4th.

JOSEPH SNOWDEN,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
NO. 89 DIAMOND STREET,
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10 CASKS SAL. SODA, NEWCASTLE received and for sale by
GEO. A. KELLY,
au20 69 Federal St., Allegheny

POWDER FLASKS & SHOT BELTS of every description, for sale by
JAMES BOWN,
se22 136 Wood st.

TELEGRAPHIC.

SECOND EDITION.

From Gen. Rosecrans' Army

The Retreat Back to Chattanooga

Rebel Loss 5 000 Killed and Wounded!

IMPORTANT FROM WASHINGTON

&c., &c., &c., &c.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 24.—Mr. Shanks, correspondent of the *Herald*, has arrived here from the battle field of Chickamanga, where he witnessed the last two days fighting. He says that the official reports of the battle from Washington are in the main totally false, and that really the army of the Cumberland has met with a defeat which must put it upon the defensive for some time to come. Thomas' corps, really the only one which did any fighting on the first day, defeated Longstreet with horrible slaughter, driving him in great confusion for over a mile to the Chickamanga river. Longstreet had, in two hours fighting, lost 1,000 men killed, and double that wounded. McCook and Crittenden's corps on the same day were badly beaten, and the enemy broke Carter's lines, driving Crittenden in every direction.

The defeat of this part of the line caused Thomas to abandon his field and fall back to protect his flank, and re establish his line at the same time. The enemy not knowing what he had accomplished, failed to pursue the advantage, Hood and Negley went in on the centre and re-established that part of the line. The day was ours, though the enemy held the field. We had taken three pieces of artillery more than we lost on the first day. Thomas had defeated Longstreet on the second, and he saved the army of Rosecrans from annihilation—from ten to twelve on Sunday, he fought the enemy and repulsed him in three charges, when finding assault in vain the enemy pushed forward on the right and centre and at first charge broke Crittenden and M'Cook's lines and routed their entire commands, driving them in disgraceful panic into Rossville and Chattanooga. Thomas with his corps still contested the day and was enabled by timely reinforcement of Granger, to hold a position until nightfall, covered his retreat to Rossville. Mr. Shanks left the field at 7 p. m. Sunday night, and Chattanooga on noon of Monday. Rosecrans was falling back on Chattanooga where he was perfectly safe from all Bragg could do. His lines of communication were perfectly secure and he had plenty of ammunition and provisions in Chattanooga to stand a month's siege. The result is virtually a defeat to us, as we have lost tremendously in material—not less than 60 pieces of artillery.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—Telegraphic information has reached here that Richmond papers up to yesterday have been received from Gen. Meade's front, and also many interesting telegrams from Bragg's army.

The Richmond *Sentinel*, of yesterday, cautions its readers against receiving accounts received, as proof of their success in that quarter, admitting that the battles of Saturday and Sunday were not conclusive, though claiming that the advantage was on the rebel side.

The Richmond *Enquirer* of the 23d says the battle commenced eight miles from Ringgold, and on the 20th Rosecrans' army was driven two miles by a combined charge of the corps of Generals D. H. Hill and Polk. The Union artillery fire was the heaviest that has taken place in the war; also, that on Saturday Hood's division of Longstreet's corps made an attack and was repulsed. A despatch reports that on Sunday the Union forces fell back eight miles, and that the rebel loss was 5,000 killed and wounded in the two day's fight. The proportion of officers was heavy. It claims that the rebels took 2,000 prisoners and seven pieces of artillery on Saturday, and that heavy smoke on Saturday night indicated that General Rosecrans was burning his stores.

Another despatch received on Friday night says that a combined attack by Gens. Hill and Longstreet, was to be made on Monday.

A dispatch from Atlanta, dated Ringgold this morning, reports 4 000 Union prisoners have been taken and 30 pieces of artillery, and that the rebels are in pursuit, and also claim a complete Confederate victory, with the captures of artillery and colors, though admitting a heavy loss of officers and men.

An Atlanta dispatch of the 22d, says all of Rosecrans' army was engaged, that Helm was killed, that Hood was mortally wounded, and that Major Richmond of Polk's staff was wounded. The despatch also says that on Saturday night Gens. Hill and Longstreet made a combined attack and took 6,000 prisoners. It adds as a prophecy that they will drive Rosecrans from Mission Ridge.

Gov. Isham Harris, of Tenn., in his dispatch to the *Appeal*, dated Sunday night, says that in the two days' fighting the rebels had captured 2500 prisoners, and from 25 to 30 pieces of artillery.

On Monday Gov Harris telegraphed that the Confederate victory was complete. He adds that it is reported that we have taken 5,000 prisoners, and we expect 20 pieces of artillery to be brought in.

NEW YORK, Sept. 24.—Admiral Farragut held a reception at the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce to day.

Reports from Newbern say the rebel troops are massed in considerable numbers near our positions. Our forces are ready for them if they advance, and Gen. Foster's arrangements are such as to inspire confidence.

A Cairo despatch of the 21st gives a report that Price's army, reduced to 800 men, is fleeing before our cavalry towards Texas. The report says the number of rebels surrendered to General Steele will amount to 7,000 or 8,000. This is probably exaggerated.

A Washington special to the *Herald* says the delegation from Missouri is now on the way to Washington to visit the President concerning the policy pursued by Gen. Schofield. Mr. Anderson, of Kentucky, M. C. from Casey's district, has arrived. He will give the war policy of the administration his hearty support. Official advices from Rosecrans' army state that there are no indications of another battle. The rebel losses on Saturday and Monday were tremendous. The rebel loss in killed and wounded will exceed our own. In killed he has lost double our number. Rosecrans is in no danger, but at the time Mr. S. left Chattanooga the danger to Burnside was very imminent.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—Richmond papers of the 22d have been received here. The *Enquirer* in a leader, headed "Victory in Georgia" says: "Charleston and Chattanooga are the only points where the enemy present the least appearance of fight. Defeated at Chattanooga and driven back on Nashville. The Vallandighams would carry the election in Ohio next Monday with little difficulty. The peace men in the United States would once more assert their manhood and speak out as they did before the late disaster had choked their utterances. But it is not among the peace men of the United States that a victory at Chattanooga would most tell upon the cause. Here at home its effect will be the greater."

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—A letter from the headquarters of the Army of the Potomac received to-day says: General Buford with a portion of his division drove the rebel pickets on Tuesday through Madison Court House. Three miles beyond he encountered a strong body of the enemy's cavalry, and after a spirited fight he forced them across the Rapidan at a point where the Gordonsville pike reaches the river. This action reflects the highest credit on all the troops engaged. Our casualties were one killed and twenty wounded. We took forty-five prisoners, among them Lieut. Col. De Long, of Cobb's Georgia Legion, Lieut. Bryce and two privates of a North Carolina regiment, who were wounded. The wounded were properly cared for and sent to the Division hospital at Culpepper. On Tuesday a body of rebel cavalry crossed into Upper Maryland about four miles from Rockville, and had not proceeded far before they were met by a portion of Scott's 900 and some infantry. A fight ensued, and thirty-four rebels were killed and wounded. Among the killed was Frank Kilger, commanding the rebels, who retreated on discovering that they were contending with a superior number. The guerrilla chief Kincheloe, and fifteen of his men were recently captured on the southern side of the Potomac, and have been sent to the old Capitol Prison.

A reconnoissance to Dumfries found no armed rebels there this morning. Between eight and nine o'clock this morning, 21 guerrillas made a raid on Wood Station, No. 13, on the Orange and Alexandrin railroad, about twelve miles from Alexandria, and stole 9 mules while their guards were breakfasting. Sergeant Highland, of Pennsylvania, who started in pursuit of the plunderers is said to have been taken prisoner.

An editorial in the Richmond *Examiner* says: The trains conveyed no information yesterday from Orange beyond the supposition that a battle between Meade and Lee was imminent. On Sunday both armies were drawn up in line of battle from half to a quarter of a mile apart, and at some points we understand in full view of each other.

The position was maintained, and under these circumstances, if our informants are not mistaken, it is almost impossible to see how the two armies can keep from fighting. It was also reported that a force of the enemy's calvary was at Newton, King and Queen counties, meditating a raid on the Railroad. The newspaper dispatch dated Lynchburg, 21st, says the enemy, 1500 strong, entered Bristol near the State line, meeting but a feeble resistance, and destroying a commissary building with 1000 barrels of flour and other stores; three miles north of Bristol they tore up the Railroad track, burned the bridges and then returned.

WASHINGTON, September 24.—Government has received special information from Commodore Bell of the repulse of our forces under General Franklin, sent to effect a landing at Sabine Pass, and of the capture by the rebels of the gunboats Clifton and Sachem, with their officers and most of their crews.

Meetings, Notices, &c.

Democratic Meetings

A Democratic Meeting will be held in the Diamond in Birmingham, on FRIDAY EVENING Sept. 25th.

THE COMMITTEE OF ORGANIZATION will meet at the Democratic Central Club Rooms, corner of Fifth and Smithfield sts., every afternoon at 10 o'clock.

WM. J. KOUNTZ, Chm'n.
CHAS. B. STRAIN, Sec'y. se22-to

RALLY FOR THE CONSTITUTION

The friends of the Union and the Constitution, residing in South Western Pennsylvania, will hold a Grand Mass Meeting at UNIONTOWN, Fayette County, on Wednesday, Sept. 30th, when Hon. Wm. Bigler, Hon. Hester Clymer, Judge Black, Judge Shaler, Gen. Foster, Hon. Wm. Montgomery, and other old and distinguished men, have signified their intention to be present, and address the meeting. The Pittsburg and Connellsville Railroad Company will issue Excursion TICKETS for the occasion, and provide extra cars for the accommodation of the people living on their line. Turn out Democrats and aid in making this the grandest political demonstration ever witnessed in Pennsylvania. se14-td

NEW GOODS.

WE ARE RECEIVING THE LARGEST stock of New Goods we ever brought to this market, consisting among others:—German-town Goods, such as

HOODS,
NUBIAS,
SONTAGS,

Also, Trimmings of the latest styles and in great variety. A large quantity of

HOSIERY,
GLOVES,
HOOP SKIRTS,
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
DRAWERS,
FINE AND WOOLEN SHIRTS,
FRENCH CORSETS,

And a large supply of

RIBBONS,
EMBROIDERY,
BRAIDS,
FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS,

At Wholesale and Retail.

We only buy from first hands and sell at the

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

MACRUM & GLYDE,
78 Market street,
se15 Between Fourth and Diamond.

LARGE AND FRESH ARRIVAL OF
FALL & WINTER BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS,
BALMORALS AND GUMS,
Of every variety and style, which will be sold at the very lowest prices. Call and examine At
BORLAND'S,
se19 98 Market st., 2d door from 5th.

C. A. VAN KIRK & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
GAS FIXTURES & CHANDELIERS,
Patent Improved Excelsoir & Patent Paragon
COAL OIL BURNERS,
HAND LAMPS COLUMNS, &c.
Salesrooms, 517 Arch St., Philadelphia.
Manufactory, Frankford, Philadelphia.
All goods warranted. jy2-1y

A LARGE STOCK OF
NEW SHOES
AT DIFFENBACHER'S,
NO. 15 FIFTH STREET,
Embracing Gent's, Ladies, Misses and Children's wear in great variety. se11

TO BUILDERS & CONTRACTORS.

WE ARE NOW MANUFACTURING a superior article of
LIME,
Which we are prepared to deliver from our
COAL YARD, 509 LIBERTY STREET,
Best quality of
FAMILY COAL,
Always on hand as usual.
my9 DICKSON, STEWART & CO.

PIANO and FLUTE, } DUETTS.
PIANO and VIOLIN, }
Flute and Piano Duetts.
A COLLECTION OF POPULAR Scenes of the day, Operatic Airs, Dance Music, &c. Arranged for the Flute and Piano, By S. WINNER, 50 cts.
UNION COLLECTION
Of Popular Duetts for the Violin and Piano. Arranged by S. WINNER, 50 cts.
Mailed, post-paid on receipt of price.
CHAS. C. MELLOR,
se15 81 Wood Street.

COMMERCIAL.

PITTSBURGH PRODUCE MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY POST,
FRIDAY, Sept. 25, 1863.

Business yesterday was not very active, the late advance having checked operations for the present. Holders were still firm and were not disposed to give way. The weather remains quite pleasant. Among the sales made we note as follows:

Hay—The market was not so firm. Sales at the scales were made at a decline. 27 loads were disposed of at $28@30 ₱ ton. Baled was unchanged

Flour—Holders were firm and in some instances were demanding of from 5@10 cents ₱ barrel. Buyers appeared shy. Among the sales we note as follows: Extra family—100 bbls at $5.30@5.35; 90 do at $5.30; extra, 81 bbls $5 25@5.27; 100 do @5.20@5.30. Sales of wagon flour at lower figures.

Grain was firm under an improved demand. Prices still tending downward. The market in the West being very excited besides the stock in hand is very light. Wheat—market firm. Sales 1,25. Corn was active with more buyers than sellers; dealers are asking higher figures. Rye—fair at 1 25@1.28.

Whisky—Market firm. There is a good business doing in raw and city rectified at 50c ₱ gal. The stock being sends on the increase. Sales

Cheese—Demand increasing. We note sales of lots of 130 boxes at 12@12½c.

Potatoes—The supply was fully equal to the demand. We note sales of 200 bush of Neshannocks at 35@90 ₱ bush.

Salt—The Market was firm but unchanged. The sales were 170 bbls at $2.50 ₱ bbl. Sales were made on the Alleghany side of the river at ten cents ₱ bbl lower.

Butter—Fair demand. Sales 900 lbs fresh roll, at 20@22c.

Eggs scarce and in demand—they would command 15c readily.

Bacon—The market was very firm and there was a good business done for local purposes. Among the sales were—shoulders 8,00 lbs 6¼@6¾. Plain Hams—2000 lbs 10¾@10¾. Sides—clear, 1000 lbs 8c; 3000 lbs do ribbed 8c. S. C. Hams 3500 lbs choice at 13@14c.

Groceries—The market continues very firm Prices steadily increasing. The sales were to a fair extent, principally for local purposes. The advance both East and West seems be general. The stock in the market is not large.

Lard—The market was steady. Sales of 10 tierces at 11c.

Lard Oil—Prices are looking up. Sales of 30 bbls No. 1 at 87@90.

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

FRIDAY, Sept. 25 1863.

The market was dull. Transactions were very limited. The stock in hand is very limited. The figures at present seem too high for the views of buyers—holders, however, are firm in the belief that prices will further advance—time can only determine that fact.

Exports—Yesterday were as follows: To New York—Refined, 901; Benzole, 367; Naphtha 833; Tar, 66. To Philadelphia—Crude, 51. To Baltimore—Crude 50. Total, 1918 bbls

Imports—Per A. V. R. R., refined 562 Per Allegheny River 130 bbls.

Crude—The market was firm. The sales made were at full figures. We could only learn of the following, viz: 74 bbls at crude, packages, returned; 40 bbls do, same terms; 100 bbls terms private. Sales were made at 52@52½ including packages.

Refined—Market inactive. Sales of bonded in a small way at 54c; free at 10c ₱ gallon above these rates. Sales were made for October delivering at 54—other descriptions were not in demand.

Lubricating—A sale of 50 bbls was reported at $8.00 ₱ bbl.

ALLEGHENY LIVE STOCK MARKET.

THURSDAY, Sept. 24, 1863.

Cattle—The market during the week was well attended with a liberal amount of offerings—prices ruled about the same as last week. The rates for fat cattle in this market, was full as high as them of New York, when the expence of transportation, and other expenses is taken into consideration. Among the purchases, we might note one of 500 head, by Messrs Myres & Bro. (Governor cat.) at 3@3½c. Messrs Himes & Co. shipped 1-0 head east, they were offered $8 75 on the spot, but refused; they were choice: 18 extra cows were sold on eastern account, at 3¾; Messrs Haymond & Crumb, sold 100 head for east, $8,37 ₱ cwt; Messrs Myers & Bro. drove retailed to butchers, 50 head at 2½@3¼.

Hogs—Were plenty for the season—the sales exceeded 2500 head at, choice, 4@5¼c; stock, 3½@3¾c; some 1500 head were sent east.

Sheep—The offering this week were light; prices were lower, very good quality, de ₱ lb; stock $4,00 ₱ head; common 3½@3½c ₱ lb.

Below will be found a list of the various sales made during the week:

LIST OF SALES OF CATTLE.

W Holmes & Co	160	Ohio	2¾@3¾
G Poundstown	40	Ohio	2¼@3½
P Hartman	25	Ill	2@3½
R Francis	22	Penn	2@3½
J Shiner	20	Ohio	3@3¼
M Johnson	18	"	3¼
Chester Ine	40	"	2½@3½
S Graham	20	"	3
J Sanderlin	15	"	2½
J W Winnings	50	"	3@3½
J Grosland	17	"	3
J Ross	68	Ill	2¾@3¼
W M Webb & Co	138	"	3
B Traserman & Co	37	"	3¼
Marks & Co	90	"	2¾@3¾
P Eskey	20	Ohio	2½@3½
R M Funk	78	Ill	3
R Whitesell	70	"	3
S Gruss & Co	210	"	3@3½
W Hazelwood & Co	18	"	3
J Shire	18	Ohio	3¼@3¾
A Greenwalt & Co	40	Ill	2½@3
J Butler	20	Ohio	2@3
J Myers & Bro	44	"	3@3¼
Smith & Co	45	"	3@3¼
J H Glass & Co	20	Ind	3
J B Huff	36	Ill	3½
S Feit	38	"	2½@3¼
P H Mitchell	75	"	3¼
S Orr	40	Ohio	2½@3
Mosby	42	"	2@3¼
J Galbraith	20	"	2@3¼
D Dorset	20	Ohio	2@3
W A Sherrick	18	Ind	2@3¼
James Hanlne & Co	45	Penna	1½@3½
W Marvin	20	Ohio	1½@2
Wolf	20	"	3@4

LIST OF HOGS SOLD.

G Holmes	100	Ohio	East
W Holmes Jr	85	Ill	"
J B Huff	20	still fed	"
H Robinson	280	Ill	"
W Sunderland	75	"	5c
Phillips	80	Ohio	4½c
W Holmes & Co	240	Ohio Ind	$5 ₱ cwt
M Kramer	370	fair Ill	5@5½
Drummond & Co	17	"	5
J Sherman	87	Ohio	4@5c
Wolf	50	"	4,60
Casterline	62	"	4¾
W Tilden & Co	400	Ill	East
W Holmes & Co	1000	Ill	"
B H Phillips	400	Ill	"
J G Schrist & Co	77	Ill	"
A Griffin & Co	286	Ind	"
G Emerick & Co	140	Ohio & Ind	4½@5
W J Lafferty	126	" Ill	4½@5

LIST OF SHEEP SOLD.

Sold to various dealers 1200 4¾@4

New York Cattle Market.

THE CLOSE OF THE MARKET.

TUESDAY, Sept. 22.—The arrival of fresh stock last evening, and this morning has entirely overstocked the market, and as will be seen by the total receipts, though less than last week, is still very large, and more than can be consumed in the retail trade of beef by city and country butchers, in and about New York, and must therefore go to the packers at such prices as they can afford. It is this that makes the low grades of cattle so much lower than the best, making a difference of full 4c ₱ lb, and would bring the average very low, but for the fact that there was this week a fair proportion of really good bullocks, and a large proportion of good, fair, medium quality.

The weather has been very favorable for this market, after three days of storm. Monday was sunny, but not enough for winter clothing, and the air just such as suits best for keeping fresh meat, and Tuesday is dry, windy, and sharply cool. The owners of stock left over, and the salesman of the fresh droves, all concur that the rates are nearly a cent a pound lower than yesterday, as the cattle can only be sold in large lots to wholesale butchers, who must buy low enough to sell to the hawkers, if they cannot sell to retail butchers. Notwithstanding, the large number reported in these yards, all will be sold, and but a small portion at any material reduction from last week. Indeed in our table of quotations, we have given the same figures, the reduction, upon previous quotations, but on the better quality obtained by buchers at the rates of last week, and the lower prices at the close of business, about 100 head were taken by Government agents.

THE SHEEP MARK