The Pittsburgh Post.

James P. Barr, Editor & Proprietor. WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 9, 1863. Established 1842.

MEDICAL.

NOT ALCOHOLIC

A HIGHLY CONCENTRATED

Vegetable Extract.

A PURE TONIC.

Dr. Hoofland's

GERMAN BITTERS

PREPARED BY

DR. C. D. JACKSON, Philadelphia, Penna.,

Will effectually cure

Liver Complaint,

DYSPEPSIA, JAUNDICE,

Chronic, or Nervous Debility, Disease of the Kidneys, and all Diseases Arising from a Disordered Liver or Stomach,

such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness or Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or suffocating sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or webs before the sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c. Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant imaginings of Evil, and great depression of spirits.

And will positively prevent Yellow Fever, Bilious Fever, &c.

THEY CONTAIN

NO ALCOHOL OR BAD WHISKY

They will cure the above diseases in ninety-nine cases out of a hundred.

Induced by the extensive sale and universal popularity of Hoofland's German Bitters, (purely vegetable) hosts of ignorant quacks and unscrupulous adventurers, have opened upon suffering humanity the flood gates of Nostrums in the shape of poor whisky, vile compounded, with injurious drugs and christened Tonics, Stomachics and Bitters.

Beware of the innumerable array of Humbug preparations in plethoric bottles, and big-bellied kegs, under the modest appellation of Bitters; which, instead of curing only aggravates diseases and leave the disappointed sufferers in despair.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS

Are not a new and untried article, but have stood the test of fifteen years trial by the American public; and their reputation and sale, are not rivalled by any similar preparation.

The proprietors have thousands of Letters from the most eminent

Clergymen, Lawyers, Physicians and Citizens.

Testifying of their own personal knowledge, to the beneficial effects and medical virtues of these Bitters.

DO YOU WANT SOMETHING to STRENGTHEN YOU?
DO YOU WANT A GOOD APPETITE?
DO YOU WANT TO BUILD UP YOUR CONSTITUTION?
DO YOU WANT TO FEEL WELL?
DO YOU WANT TO GET RID OF NERVOUS NESS?
DO YOU WANT ENERGY?
Do you want to sleep well?
Do you want a brisk and vigorous feeling?

If you do, use

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

PARTICULAR NOTICE.

There are many preparations sold under the name of Bitters, put up in quart bottles, compounded of the cheapest whisky or common rum, costing from 20 to 40 cents per gallon, the taste disguised by Anise or Coriander Seed,

This class of Bitters has caused and will continue to cause, as long as they can be sold, hundreds to die the death of the drunkard. By their use the system is kept continually under the influence of Alcoholic Stimulants of the worst kind, the desire for Liquor is created and kept up, and the results all the horrors attendant upon a drunkard's life and death.

For those who desire and will have a Liquor Bitters, we publish the following receipt. Get **One Bottle Hoofland's German Bitters,** *and mix with* **Three Quarts of Good Brandy or Whisky,** *and the result will be a preparation that will far excel in medicinal virtues and true excellence any of the numerous Liquor Bitters in the market, and will* **cost much less.** *You will have all the virtues of* **Hoofland's Bitters** *in connection with a good article of Liquor, at a much less price than these inferior preparations will cost you.*

ATTENTION SOLDIERS,

AND THE FRIENDS OF SOLDIERS

We call the attention of all having relations or friends in the army to the fact that "HOOFLAND'S German Bitters" will cure nine tenths of the diseases induced by exposures and privations incident to camp life. In the lists, published almost daily in the newspapers, on the arrival of the sick, it will be noticed that a very large proportion are suffering from debility. Every case of that kind can be readily cured by Hoofland's German Bitters. Diseases resulting from disorders of the digestive organs are speedily removed. We have no hesitation in stating that, if these Bitters were freely used among our soldiers hundreds of lives might be saved, that otherwise will be lost.

We call particular attention to the following remarkable and well authenticated cure of one of the nation's heroes, whose life, to use his own language "has been saved by the Bitters:"

PHILADELPHIA, August 23d, 1862.

Messrs. Jones & Evans,—Well, gentlemen, your Hoofland's German Bitters has saved my life. There is no mistake in this. It is vouched for by numbers of my comrades, some of whose names are appended, and who were fully cognizant of all the circumstances of my case. I am, and have been for the last four years, a member of Sherman's celebrated battery, under the immediate command of Capt. R. B. Ayres. Through the exposure attendant upon my arduous duties, I was attacked in November last with inflamation of the lungs, and was for seventy two days in the hospital. This was followed by great debility, heightened by an attack of dysentery. I was then removed from the White House and sent to this city on board the steamer "State of Maine," from which I landed on the 28th of June. Since that time I have been about as low as any one could be and still retain a spark of vitality. For a week or more I was scarcely able to swallow anything, and if it did force a morsel down, it was immediately thrown up again.

I could not even keep a glass of water on my stomach. Life could not last under these circumstances; and, accordingly the physicians who had been working faithfully, though unsuccessfully, to rescue me from the grasp of the dread Archer, frankly told me they could do no more for me, and advised me to see a clergyman, and to make such disposition of my limited funds as best suited me. An acquaintance who visited me at the hospital, Mr. Frederick Steinbron, of 6th below Arch Street, advised me as a forlorn hope, to try your Bitters and kindly procured a bottle. From the time I commenced taking them the shadow of death receded, and I am now, thank God for it, getting better. Though I have taken but two bottles, I have gained 10 pounds, and feel sanguine of being permitted to rejoin my wife and daughter, from whom I have heard nothing for eighteen months; for, gentleman, I am a loyal Virginian, from the vicinity of Front Royal. To your invaluable Bitters I owe the glorious privilege of again clasping to my bosom those who are dearest to me in life.

Very truly, yours, ISAAC MALONE.

We fully concur in the truth of the above statement, as we had despaired of seeing our comrade, Mr. Malone, restored to health.

JOHN CUDDLEBACK, 1st N. Y. Battery.
GEORGE A. ACHLEY, Co. C. 11th. Maine.
LEWIS CHEVALIER, 92d N. Y.
I. E. SPENCER, 1st Artillery, Battery F.
J. R. FASEWELL, Co B. 3d Vermont.
HENRY B. JEROME, Co B. do
HENRY T. MACDONALD, Co C 6th Maine.
JOHN F. WARD, Co E. 5th Maine.
HERMAN HOCH Co H, 72d N. Y.
NATHANIEL B. THOMAS, Co F. 95th Pa.
ANDREW J. KIMBALL, Co A, 3d Vermont
JOHN JENKINS Co B. 106th Penna.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

See that the signature of "C. M. JACKSON," is on the Wrapper of each bottle.

PRICE PER BOTTLE 75 CENTS, OR HALF DOZ, FOR $4 00.

Should your nearest druggist not have the article, do not be put off by any of the intoxicating preparations that may be offered in its place, but send to us, and we will forward, securely packed by express.

☞ Principal Office, and Manufactory, No. 163 Arch street.

JONES & EVANS,

(Successors to C. M. Jackson & Co.,)

Proprietors

☞ For sale by Druggists and dealers in every town in the United States, and by

DR. G. H. KEYSER, Pittsburgh.

B. F. SCHWARTZ,

☞ Also for sale at JOSEPH FLEMING'S corner of the Diamond and Market street.

For sale also by SIMON JOHNSON, Corner Smithfield and Fourth street

A. J. RANKIN & CO., Market street, three doors below 4th. Pittsburgh

my23:1y-dood. Allegheny City.

THE DAILY POST—ADVANCED RATES.

One year, by mail	$8 00
Six months, "	4 25
Three " "	2 15
One " "	70
One week, delivered in the city	18
Single copies	3
To agents per hundred	2 00

DAILY POST.

THE FEDERAL REIGN OF TERROR OVER THE DEMOCRATS IN THE UNITED STATES IN 1798.

An Attempt to Suppress Liberty of Speech and of the Press.

Friends of Thomas Jefferson Punished.

[From the Patriot Free Press.]

HISTORY REPEATING ITSELF —PERSECUTION OF DEMOCRATS UNDER THE OLD SEDITION LAW.

The present so-called Republican Administration, which came into power on the plea that it was 'the party of freedom,' and was going to make this country beyond what it ever was before, the land of free soil, free speech and free men—has been guilty of doing, without authority of the Constitution and laws, acts against the liberty of speech and of the press, what the Federal Administration of John Adams did not dare to do except under the color of the old sedition law. The following historical facts in regard to the operations of the sedition act will be read with interest:

[From the Dayton (Ohio) Empire.]

"The sedition law proved something besides a scarecrow. We will bring together a few instances of trials under it during Mr. Adams' administration:

"Matthew Lyon, a member of Congress, was selected as the first victim. He was an Irishman by birth—a rough, energetic man, who did not mince phrases, and an extreme Democrat. He was indicted for declaring in a letter, published in a Vermont paper that with the Federal Executive 'every consideration of the public welfare was swallowed up in a continual grasp of power, an unbounded thirst for ridiculous pomp, foolish adulation and selfish avarice.' In regard to the 'fast day'—for the Federalists sanctified all their outrages upon liberty and constitution by a fast day—he said that "the sacred name of religion had been used as a State engine to make mankind hate and persecute one another. He was charged also with 'reading and commenting on' at a Democratic meeting, during the Congressional canvass, a private letter of Joel Burlow, written from France, saying that he was astonished that the answer of the house of Representatives to the President's speech had not been an order to send him to a mad-house.' This was his offense. A seditious libel tending to bring the President and his Cabinet into disrepute! And for this he was tried before Judge Patterson, of the Supreme Court. The jury found him guilty, and the Judge, after a severe reprimand, sentenced him to four months' imprisonment and a fine of one thousand dollars. A petition, signed by several thousand persons was sent to the President, asking Lyon's release from a narrow, uncomfortable, and, it was alleged, filthy cell; but Mr. Adams refused, unless the prisoner signed the petition saying 'penitence before pardon.' Lyon declined to sign it and remained in prison. On the 4th of July, 1840, forty-nine years afterwards, Congress refunded to Lyon's heirs the $1,00 with the interest from February, 1797. But while in prison his friends made up a lottery scheme of his property to raise the amount of his fine; but seditious matter calculated to 'bring the Administration into disrepute,' was found in the plan as published, and the printer was also convicted under the sedition law, fined $200 and imprisonment two months. But the people resented all these things, and while Lyon was lying in jail under the sentence, he was re-elected to Congress by a triumphant majority—a significant hint of the popular judgment of a law which would not permit a candidate for Congress, in canvassing his district, to speak of the political conduct of the President—which dragged a representative of the people in the highest legislative tribunal of the nation before a judicial appointee of the President to be there brow-beaten, lectured, tried as a felon, and condemned as a felon, for political language addressed to his own constituents.

"Charles Holt, another victim, publisher of the *Bee*, printed at New London, Connecticut, was found guilty of defaming the President and discouraging enlistments in the army, and sentenced to three months imprisonment and also a fine of $200.

"James T. Callander was tried for a libel on the President. His counsel raised the question of the constitutionality of the law; but Judge Chase refused to hear them, treating them with the utmost rudeness. They threw up their briefs and left the Court. The defendant was sentenced to nine months imprisonment and a fine of $200.

"Judge Jared Peck, a senator in the Legislature of New York, a man of most exemplary personal character, had the audacity to offer to his neighbors for their signatures, a petition to Congress for the repeal of the alien and sedition laws in which the odious features of that law were severely handled. Complaint was made to Harrison, United States District Attorney of New York; a Grand Jury was impannelled who found a bill of indictment (Grand Juries are convenient things sometimes in New York,) and Peck was arrested in the midst of his family and taken to the city. The fearless victim, we doubt not, at every stopping place, after his usual custom, mingled prayers and pious exhortations, with vehement political appeals, before the assembled multitudes.—Sammond says:

"'A hundred missionaries in the cause of Democracy, stationed between New York and Cooperstown, could not have done so much for the Democratic cause as the journey of Judge Peck, as a prisoner, from Otsego to the capitl of the State. It was nothing less than the public exhibition of a suffering martyr for the freedom of speech and the press and the right of petitioning, to the view of the citizens of the various places through which the Marshal traveled with his prisoner.'

"Another of the victims, William Duane, editor of that famous Democratic paper, the *Aurora*, published at Philadelphia, attracted the especial vengeance of John Adams. In a letter to Pickering, his Secretary of State, dated July 24, 1799, Mr. Adams wrote: 'There is the *Aurora*, of this city, an uninterrupted stream of slander on the American Government (meaning his Administration).—I inclose the paper of this morning. I shall give it to Mr. Rawle, (United States District Attorney) and if he thinks it libelous, desire him to prosecute the editor.' In reply to this, Mr. Pickering wrote on the 1st of August, 1799: 'If Mr. Rawle does not think this paper libelous, he is not fit for his office; and if he does not prosecute it he will not do his duty. The matchless effrontery of this Duane merits the execution of the Alien Law; also, I am very willing to try its strength upon him.'—IX Adams' Works, p. 35.

"As to the number of convictions under the law, Mr. Randall says:

"'It has been said that the victims of the sedition law were but few. We do not know the number. They were assuredly few compared with the whole number of our population. But they were numerous enough for the purposes of intimidation—numerous enough to show that a free criticism of the acts of the Government, in any class of persons, was uttered by the press or in conversation, at the peril of property and personal liberty. They were numerous enough to give our Government practically, all that power over the people in political affairs which had been exercised by the highest tory Administrations during the long reign of George III, and when the deadly struggle with republican France had produced a reactionary feeling against liberalism that was ready to sanction almost any infringement on personal liberty. England at the present day would not tolerate any approach to those attacks on parliamentary privileges, and on the freedom of the press and of speech, which were made by the American sedition law. The discreet, virtuous and able Princess, who now sits on the throne of England, would scorn to maintain Government measures or protect the Administration from censure, by an analogous action on the part of the legal tribunals of her realm.'

"And yet the opponents of the present Administration would be rejoiced, if the instruments of arbitrary power in the year 1861, would content themselves with resorting to the judicial tribunals of the land, instead of imitating the arbitrary rules of oriental despotism. Mr. Randall says:

"'And when we look at the cases and decisions under our sedition law of 1798, we can not fail to become at once convinced that its aim and intent was not to prevent or punish real sedition—actual, open or secret machinations against our institutions and laws. Its manifest object was to shield the Federal Government from damaging censure; to arm it with power to put down opposition; in a word, to confer on it authority during its shorter personal tenure, about equivalent to that then possessed and exercised in political affairs by the Government of Great Britain over the British realm.

"And yet the attempt utterly failed. Before this reckless and intatuated policy, the reaction came; Adams' Administration went down, his party perished, and its name and its principles and its measures have been hated and execrated for now more than half a century. Courage! courage, Democrats. Wait a little."

Carpets, Oil Cloths,

AND

WINDOW SHADES.

Prices reduced at the

NEW CARPET STORE

—OF—

M'FARLAND, COLLINS & CO.,

72 & 73 FIFTH STREET,

Between the Post Office and Dispatch Building.

Desiring to purchase for the Fall trade

An Entirely New Stock,

We are selling all goods now on hand at prices very much below present market rates.

We especially invite the attention of

Country Merchants and Wholesale Buyers,

au6d&w

THE

WHEELER & WILSON

Sewing Machine

Was awarded a

FIRST CLASS PRIZE MEDAL,

—AT THE—

WORLD'S FAIR LONDON, ENGLAND,

where all the Machines of

EUROPE AND AMERICA

were in competition.

Also, at the Industrial Exposition, Paris, France, and at every

United States Fair

at which Sewing Machines have been exhibited.

The principal Companies making Sewing Machines are Wheeler & Wilson, I. M. Singer & Co. and Grover & Baker. Of the machines made there were sold during the year last reported:

By Wheeler & Wilson	21,305
By I. M. Singer & Co	10,953
By Grover & Baker	10,280

Showing WHEELER & WILSON'S sales to be double those of any other Sewing Machine Company in the country.

OFFICE, 27 FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURGH

This Machine makes the "LOCK STITCH," and ranks highest on account of the elasticity, permanence, beauty and general desirableness of the stitching when done, and the wide range of its application.—[Report of the American Institute, New York.] jn18d&w

IRONDALE IRON WORKS

FOR SALE.

Including all the Unsold Lots in the Town of Irondale.

OWING TO A DISSOLUTION OF co-partnership, the IRONDALE IRON WORKS are offered for sale.

These works are situated at Irondale, on the Iron Mountain Railroad, 79 miles from the city of St. Louis, consisting of one hot blast Furnace, 7,000 acres of timber and farming lands, twenty dwelling houses, suitable for laborers, one large three story brick store-house, fine stable and barn, saw and corn mill, about 200,000 bushels of charcoal, 2,000 tons of iron ore on furnace yard, mules, wagons, hay, corn, oats, &c., &c. The Furnace and machinery in perfect order.

Also a contract with the American Iron Mountain Company for the delivery of their ore, having twelve years to run; large banks of hematite ore in the immediate vicinity of the Furnace. The above works are among the most desirable in the United States, and offer every inducement to persons desirous of engaging in the manufacture of iron. The above property includes the unsold lots in the town of Irondale, and if not sold at private sale before

Saturday, 10th Day of October, 1863,

will, on that day, be sold at public vendue (as a whole and without division,) to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, at 12 o'clock, noon. Terms, half cash, balance in twelve months, with six per cent. interest, or all cash, as the purchaser may desire. For further information and particulars, apply at the office at Irondale, or to

BELT & PRIEST,
Real Estate Agents,
au29 St. Louis.

BANKING HOUSES.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF PITTSBURGH.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
Washington City, Aug. 5th, 1863.

WHEREAS, By satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, in the County of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress, entitled "an Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States Stocks, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved February 25th, 1863, and has complied with all the provisions of said Act required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking.

Now THEREFORE, I, Hugh McCulloch, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the Act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof witness my hand and seal of office, this 5th day of August, 1863.

{SS} HUGH McCULLOCH,
Comptroller of the Currency.

The First National Bank of Pittsburgh, Pa.,

LATE PITTSBURGH TRUST COMPANY.

Capital $400,000, with privilege to increase to $1,000,000.

The Pittsburgh Trust Company having organized under the act to provide a National Currency, under the title of the FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, would respectfully offer its services for the collection of Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, &c., receive money on deposit and buy and sell Exchange on all parts of the country.

The success which has attended the Pittsburgh Trust Company since its organization in 1852, will we believe be a sufficient guarantee that business entrusted to the new organization will receive the same care and attention.

Having a very extensive correspondence with Banks and Bankers, throughout the country, we believe we can offer unusual facilities to those who do business with us.

The business will be conducted by the same officers and directors.

DIRECTORS:

James Laughlin,	Wm. K. Nimick,
Robert S. Hays,	Alexander Speer,
Thomas Bell,	Francis G. Bailey,
Thos. Wightman,	Alex. Bradley,
	Samuel Rea.

JAMES LAUGHLIN, President.
JOHN D. SCULLY, Cashier.
August 5th, 1863; d&wtf.

☞ OLD, SILVER, DEMAND NOTES Certificates of Indebtedness, Quartermasters Certificates,

7 3-10 Bonds and Coupons,

and all other government securities, bought by

mh5:6md W. H. WILLIAMS & CO.,
Wood street, corner of Third.

W. J. KOUNTZ.....PH. R. MERTZ

KOUNTZ & MERTZ,

BANKERS,

No. 118 Wood St., Second door above Fifth Street,

DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND Domestic Exchange, Coin, Bank Notes, and Government Securities. Collections promptly attended to. apl1

REAL ESTATE

SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

INCORPORATED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF PENNSYLVANIA,

Open for Deposits from 10 a. m. to 2 o'clock, p. m. daily; also on SATURDAY EVENINGS from 6 to 9 o'clock.

☞ Office, 63 FOURTH STREET.

INTEREST ALLOWED

On Deposits in this Institution at

SIX PER CENT. PER ANNUM

Payable to Depositors in May and November, which, if not drawn, will be added to the principal and *compounded*.

PRESIDENT—ISAAC JONES
VICE PRESIDENT—W. B. COPELAND.

TRUSTEES.

Hon Thos M Howe	Hon J K Moorhea
Isaac Jones,	C G Hussey,
Wm H Smith,	Jacob Painter,
Harry Childs,	Nicholas Voegtly,

W B Copeland,
Secretary and Treasurer—A. A. CARRIER
jy8:rd

PIANOS, PIANOS!

Twenty new Pianos just received, personally selected by the subscriber in the Eastern cities from the universally celebrated manufactories of Knabe & Co., Baltimore, Haines Brothers, New York, and Marshall & Traver, Albany, New York.

Every Piano warranted five years. Prices from $230 upward.

Also an elegant assortment of Prince's unrivalled Melodeons just received.

CHARLOTTE BLUME,
43 Fifth street.
au21

NEW DISCOVERY

To Strengthen and Improve the Sight.

The Russian Pebble Spectacles,

PERSONS SUFFERING FROM DEFECTIVE SIGHT, arising from age or other causes, can be relieved by using the **Russian Pebble Spectacles**, which have been well tried by many responsible citizens of Pittsburgh and vicinity, to whom they have given perfect satisfaction. The certificates of these persons can be seen at my office.

☞ All who purchase one pair of the Russian Pebble Spectacles are entitled to be supplied in future free of charge with those which will always give satisfaction.

Therefore, if you wish to ensure an improvement in your sight call on

J. DIAMOND, Practical Optician,
Manufacturer of the Russian Pebble Spectacles.
Jan16,d&w No. 39 Fifth street, Post Building

☞ My place of business is closed on Saturday

100 SUGAR CURED HAMS,

choice brands, Swift, Evans & Co. cured for sale at No 4 Diamond by

J. DUNLENY.
jy24

C. A. VAN KIRK & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

GAS FIXTURES & CHANDELIERS,

Patent Improved Excelsoir & Patent Paragon

COAL OIL BURNERS,

HAND LAMPS, COLUMNS, &c.

Salesrooms, 517 Arch St. Philadelphia.

Manufactory, Frankford, Philadelphia.

☞ All goods warranted. jy21y

McCOLISTER & BAER,

108 Wood Street,

ARE SELLING OUT THEIR LARGE stock of

TOBACCO, SNUFF AND SEGARS,

at the very lowest

Cash Figures.

Call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. jy23 3taw

Pittsburgh and Minersville Passenger Railway Company.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF SAID Company will meet at the of the Oakland Railway Company, No. 51 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, on Tuesday, August 25th, 1863, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Three Managers for said Company to serve until the third Monday of January, A. D., 1864. By order

JAS. JOHNSTON, Secretary.
PITTSBURGH, August 14, 1863.
au15-10td

VENISON—THREE SADDLES VENISON just received and for sale by

JAMES A. FETZER,
au17 corner Market and First streets.

COMMERCIAL INFORMATION.

Arbitration Committee of the Board of Trade.

Wm. M. SHINN, V. P. | JAS. I. BENNETT
JNO. S. DILWORTH, | Wm. McCREERY,
DAVID McCANDLESS.

Movements of European Steamers

FROM AMERICA.

Virginia	Aug. 28	New York	Liverpool
City of Washington	Aug. 29	New York	Liverpool
Bremen	Aug. 29	New York	Bremen
Great Eastern	Sept. 2	New York	Liverpool
Asia	Sept. 2	Boston	Liverpool
City of Baltimore	Sept. 5	New York	Liverpool
Teutonia	Sept. 5	New York	Southa'n
Persia	Sept. 9	New York	Liverpool
Africa	Sept. 16	Boston	Liverpool
Saxonia	Sept. 19	New York	Southa'n
Scotia	Sept. 23	New York	Liverpool

FROM EUROPE.

Scotia	Aug. 29	Liverpool	New York
Georgia	Sept. 2	Liverpool	New York
Arabia	Sept. 5	Liverpool	Boston
China	Sept. 12	Liverpool	New York
Europa	Sept. 19	Liverpool	Boston
Persia	Sept. 26	Liverpool	New York

MONEY MARKET.

CORRECTED DAILY FOR THE MORNING POST BY MESSRS. KOUNTZ & MERTZ, BROKERS, NO. 118 WOOD STREET.

The following are the buying and selling rates for Gold, Silver, &c.:

	Buying	Selling
Gold	1 27	00
Silver	1 22	00
Demand Notes	1 26	00
Eastern Exchange.		
New York	par	¼
Baltimore	par	¼
Philadelphia	par	¼
Boston	par	¼
Western Exchange.		
Cincinnati	par	¼
Louisville	par	¼
Cleveland	par	¼
St. Louis	par	¼

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

Tuesday, Sept. 9, 1863.

The market yesterday was inactive, the stock to operate with being limited. Holders, however were firm in their views and seemed to think prices would further advance.

The market in New York was dull, prices having a downward tendency. The only speculation going on was for future delivery.

Crude in this market was not so active and may be quoted at 24@24½c in tank. Of course there were some holders at higher figures; their stocks are kept out of the market for the present.

The imports since our last were very light; Per Allegheny river, 155 bbls; Per A. V. R. R., Refined, 235; Crude, 255 bbls.

The exports East during the same period were 2,019 bbls, as follows: To New York, Refined, 790, Naptha 2, Tar 21, Pencoie 30 bbls. To Philadelphia, Refined 676, Crude 246 bbls. To Baltimore, 54 bbls Refined.

Crude—The sales were small. An offer of 24c was made for 900 bbls in tank and refused; a compromise was made and a sale was effected, but the terms were withheld. With packages it was held at 29½@30c.

Refined—Sales 250 bbls free, straw color, at 60c; sales in bond, immediate delivery, 53@54c; sales 400 bbls immediate delivery at 56@57c.

PITTSBURGH PRODUCE MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY POST,
Tuesday, Sept. 9, 1863.

Remarks.—The weather continues very pleasant. We have occasional showers, but not sufficient to bring about a rise of water. The demand for the leading articles was not very active. Dealers take hold very sparingly. The receipts of produce are not large, but on the increase. Cheese—The receipts falling to keep pace with the demand, prices have advanced a shade, the market closing firm. Hay firm and in good demand, prices ruling about the same as on Saturday. Bacon—The market was firm with a good inquiry; the advance established during the week has been sustained. The stock in first hands is very light. Country meat has pretty much disappeared. Mill Feed—The demand has increased since the advance in Hay; prices are tending upward.

Groceries—The market was somewhat excited yesterday on account of rumors of an advance in the Eastern market. Among the sales were:

Sugar—In good demand. Sales of 14 hhds Orleans, 13 to 13½; 10 do Cuba 12 to 12¼; Crushed, 16 bbls at 15¾c.

Molasses—Unchanged: sales 20 bbls old at 56c; 10 do new at 58@60c.

Coffee—Sales 30 sacks of Rio at 28-30@31c.

Rice—Sales 15 bbls at 8¾@9c.

Bacon continues firm with a good demand. Among the sales made we noted the following: 100 pieces shoulders, 6¼@6½; 1500 lbs sides at 13@13½c; 1,600 lbs, 10¼@10½; 2,000 lbs S. C. Hams at 13@13½c.

Hay—We note sales of 16 loads at the scales at $30@32.

Cheese—In good request; sales 74 boxes W R at 10½@11c per lb.

GRAND MASS MEETING

OF THE FRIENDS OF BARGAINS in BOOTS and SHOES, assembled daily at

CONCERT HALL SHOE STORE,

62 Fifth Street,

to ratify the schedule of exceedingly low prices of BOOTS and SHOES, which has been adopted for the

Closing Out of Spring Stock.

Don't fail to attend this meeting and bring your friends with you, for the following very good reasons: Whether you purchase or not you will receive polite attention. All goods are warranted in every particular. The privilege allowed of exchanging every article which, upon examination at home, does not meet the entire approval of the purchasers.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

NO. 62 FIFTH STREET.

jy25

DENTISTRY.

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT pain by the use of Dr. Oudry's apparatus.

J. F. HOFFMAN,

DENTIST.

All work warranted.

jn5:dly 134 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.

CONCORD GRAPE.

SUPERIOR VINES, AT $2 50 PER dozen: $12 50 per 100. Extra Vines at $5 per dozen: $25 per 100.

J. KNOX
au No. 29 Fifth street.

5,000 BARRELS OF PURE RYE WHISKY, of different ages to suit purchasers, at lowest cash prices. For sale by THOS. MOORE, Distiller,

jn16:tf No's 189, 91, 93 and 95 First street.

COBBLER WANTED, to repair shoes,

at BORLAND'S,
au21 98 Market st.

Wanted;

75 DOLLARS A MONTH! I WANT to hire Agents in every county at $75 a month, expenses paid, to sell my new cheap Family Sewing Machines. S. MADISON, Alfred, Me.

Wanted,

60 DOLLARS A MONTH' WE WANT Agents at $60 a month, expenses paid to sell our *Everlasting Pencils, Oriental Burners*, and 13 other articles. 15 circulars sent free. Address SHAW & CLARK, Bideford, Maine.

my23md&w

SPADES, SHOVELS, HOOKS Forks, Scythe Stones &c., for sale by

BECKHAM & LONG,
my29. 127 Liberty street.

EGGS, 5 bbls fresh eggs just received and for sale

JAS. A. FETZER
au10 corner Market and First streets.

ST FRANCIS COLLEGE,

UNDER CAR OF THE FRANCISCAN BROTHERS

THIS INSTITUTION, SITUATED IN LORETTO, Cambria county Pennsylvania about four miles from Cresson Station, on the direct route between Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, was chartered in 1853, with privileges to the usual Collegiate Honors and Degrees. The location of the College is one of the most healthy in Pennsylvania—this portion of the Allegheny Mountains being proverbial for its pure bracing air, and picturesque scenery.

The Scholastic year commences on the FIRST MONDAY after the 15th of AUGUST, and ends about the 28th of JUNE following. It is divided into two Sessions. Students cannot return home between the Sessions. All the Apparatus necessary for Land Surveying, Engineering, &c., &c., will be furnished by the Institution to the students.

Instrumental and Vocal Music forms no extra charge. Students will be admitted from eight years to the age of manhood.

TERMS—Board and Tuition, payable half yearly in advance.....$ 65
Surveying and use of instruments, per annum.....20
Classical and Modern Languages, extra.....10
Students spending Vacation at the College.....20
Reference can be made to the Rt. Rev. Bishop O'Connor, to the Rev. T. S. Reynolds, St. Mary's Church, and to other Clergymen of the Pittsburgh Diocese, Bishop Domenec, Pittsburgh; Bishop Wood, Philadelphia; Rev. Dr. O'Hara, Philadelphia; Rev. Henry McLaughlin, Philadelphia; Rev. P. Mahar, Harrisburg. au17

☞ JOINT RESOLUTION PROPOSING CERTAIN AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION. *Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met*, That the following amendments be proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof:

There shall be an additional section to the third section four, as follows:

SECTION 4. Whenever any of the qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall be in actual military service, under a requisition from the President of the United States, or the authority of this Commonwealth, such electors may exercise the right of suffrage in all elections by the citizens, under such regulations as may, or shall be, prescribed by law, as fully as if they were present at their usual place of election.

There shall be two additional sections to the eleventh article of the Constitution, to be designated as sections eight and nine, as follows:

SECTION 8. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature containing more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in the title, except appropriation bills.

SECTION 9. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature granting any powers, privileges, in any case, where the authority to grant such powers, or privileges, has been, or may hereafter be, conferred upon the courts of this Commonwealth.

JOHN CESSNA,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JOHN P. PENNEY,
Speaker of the Senate.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH,
HARRISBURG, July 1, 1863.

PENNSYLVANIA, SS:

I do hereby certify that the foregoing and annexed is a full, true and correct copy of the original Joint Resolution of the General Assembly, entitled "A Joint Resolution proposing certain amendments to the Codstitution," as the same remains on file in this office.

In testimony thereof I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the Secretary's office to be affixed the day and year above written.

ELI SLIFER,
jul0:dtf Secretary of the Commonwealth.

M. O'HARA.....WM. I. M'GINN

O'HARA & M'GINN,

Attorneys at Law,

—AND—

REAL ESTATE AGENTS,

OFFICE 89 GRANT STREET

Opposite the Court House, Pittsburgh.

☞ Particular attention given to the settlement of Estates, sale and transfer of Real Estate, Examination of Titles, Soldiers claims, collections in any part of the west.

Prompt remittances, and full correspondence in regard to all business entrusted to our care.

jul6-tf

H. J. LYNCH

HAVING VACATED THE FRONT of his store, No. 96 Market street, to make alterations, will be found in the new addition, in the rear of old store, entrance on Market alley, first door from 5th street, where Dry Goods will be sold cheap. au15

WM. M. FABER & CO.,

STEAM ENGINE BUILDERS

Iron Founders,

GENERAL MACHINISTS AND BOILER MAKERS,

Near the Penn. R. R. Passenger Depot.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

MANUFACTURE ALL KINDS OF Steam Engines, ranging from three to one hundred and fifty horse power, and suited for Grist Mills, Saw Mills, Blast Furnaces, Factories etc.

Give particular attention to the construction of Engines and Machinery for grist mills, and for upsights, mulay and circular saw mills.

Have also on hand, finished and ready for shipment at short notice, Rectangular Boilers of every description.

Also, Florenish Boilers and Sheet Iron seperately. Wrought Iron Shafting, Hangers and Pullies in every variety, and continue the manufacture of Wolsen Machinery and Machine Cards.

Our prices are low, our machinery manufactured of the best quality of materials, and warranted in all cases to give satisfaction.

☞ Orders from all parts of the country solicited and promptly filled. feb13:dtf

TOURISTS WOULD DO WELL TO call and supply themselves with that very convenient article,

NEGLIGEE,

OR

TRAVELING SHIRTS,

of which we have received a large invoice of new and very handsome styles.

MACRUM & GLYDE,
78 Market st., be t. Fourth and Diamond.
jy24

CONCORD

GRAPE VINES.

WE WERE AMONG THE FIRST TO secure this INVALUABLE GRAPE, and have fruited it for five years. We obtained our original vines from Mr. BIELL who originated it. The Pittsburgh Horticultural Society in 1858 awarded us a diploma for its exhibition, and the Allegheny County Agricultural Society, in 1860, a premium for it as "the BEST new seedling grape, in all respects superior to the Isabella."

Our stock of Vines is unequalled anywhere, which we offer at 25 cents each, $2 50 per dozen, $12,50 per 100, $100 per 1,000. Small vines at less prices.

We can furnish a few extra large vines at from 50 cents to $1 each.

J. KNOX,
apl:eod&w. No. 29 Fifth Street.

J. G. WELDON. JNO. KELLY.

WELDON & KELLY,

Gas and Steam Fitters,

PLUMBERS AND BRASS FOUNDERS,

164 WOOD STREET, NEAR SIXTH,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ Pumps sold and repaired. Proprietors and Manufacturers of Dakin's Patent Water Drawer and Musgrave's Patent Gas Cooking and Heating Stoves. au22

JOSEPH B. MILLIKEN,

SUCCESSOR TO

JAS. P. FLEMING,

DRUGGIST,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Foreign and