The Pittsburgh Post.

James P. Barr, Editor & Proprietor.

THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 7, 1863.

Established 1842.

MEDICAL.

ENTIRELY VEGETABLE

NO ALCOHOLIC PREPARATION!

A PURE TONIC MEDICINE.

DR HOOFLAND'S

CELEBRATED

GERMAN BITTERS!

PREPARED BY

DR C. M. JACKSON, Philadelphia, Penna.,

Will effectually cure

Liver Complaint,

DYSPEPSIA, JAUNDICE,

Chronic, or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys, and all Diseases Arising from a Disordered Liver or Stomach,

such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness or Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or suffocating sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or webs before the sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant imaginings of Evil, and great depression of spirits,

And will positively prevent Yellow Fever, Bilious Fever, &c.

THEY CONTAIN NO ALCOHOL OR BAD WHISKY!

They will cure the above diseases in ninety-nine cases out of a hundred.

Induced by the extensive sale and universal popularity of Hoofland's German Bitters, (purely vegetable) hosts of ignorant quacks and unscrupulous adventurers, have opened upon suffering humanity the flood gates of Nostrums in the shape of poor whisky, vilely compounded with injurious drugs, and christened Tonics, Stomachics and Bitters.

Beware of the innumerable array of alcoholic preparations in plethoric bottles, and big-bellied kegs, under the modest appellation of Bitters, which, instead of curing only aggravates diseases, and leave the disappointed sufferers in despair.

YOU WANT SOMETHING to STRENGTHEN YOU!

YOU WANT A GOOD APPETITE!

DO YOU WANT TO BUILD UP YOUR CONSTITUTION!

DO YOU WANT TO FEEL WELL!

DO YOU WANT TO GET RID OF NER VOUS ness!

DO YOU WANT ENERGY!

Do you want to sleep well?

Do you want a brisk and vigorous feeling?

If so then use

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS

From J. Newton Brown, D. D., Editor of the Encyclopedia of Religious Knowledge.

Although not disposed to favor or recommend Patent Medicines in general, through distrust of their ingredients and effects; I yet know of no sufficient reason why a man may not testify to the benefit he believes himself to have received from any simple preparation in the hope that he may thus contribute to the benefit of others.

I do this the more readily in regard to Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, of this city, because I was prejudiced against them for many years, under the impression that they were chiefly an alcoholic mixture. I am indebted to my friend Robert Shoemaker, Esq., for the removal of this prejudice by proper facts, and for encouragement to try them, when suffering from great and long continued debility. He used three bottles of these Bitters, at the beginning of the present year, was followed by evident relief, and restoration to a degree of bodily and mental vigor which I had not felt for six months before, and had almost despaired of regaining. I therefore thank God and my friend for directing me to the use of them.

J. NEWTON BROWN.

PHILADELPHIA, June 23, 1861.

From the Rev. Joseph H. Kennard, Pastor of the Tenth Baptist Church.

DR. JACKSON—DEAR SIR:—I have been frequently requested to connect my name with commendations of different kinds of medicine, but regarding the practice as out of my appropriate sphere, I have in all cases declined; but with a clear proof in various instances, and particularly in my own family, of the usefulness of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, I depart from my usual course, to express my full conviction that for general debility of the system, and especially Liver Complaint it is a safe and valuable preparation. In some cases it may fail, but usually I doubt not it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above causes. Yours very respectfully,

J. H. KENNARD,

Eighth below Coates street, Phila., Dec. 24th.

From the Wife of ALDERMAN WUNDER, Germantown.

GERMANTOWN, June 1, 1861.

DR. C. M. JACKSON—Sir:—It gave me pleasure years ago, to give you a certificate, testifying that the German Bitters had done for me. I am now perfectly cured of all those diseases your medicine professes to cure, viz: Dyspepsia, Chronic and Nervous debility, disease of the Kidneys, &c. The powerful influence it exerts upon Nervous prostration is surprising. I have been consulted frequently in reference to your Bitters, and without hesitation, have recommended it for the above complaints, and in every instance it has effectually cured. Your medicine has a great reputation in Germantown, and is sold in every Drug Store, and in most of the Grocery stores here. If any one should question what I say, let them come to Germantown, and I will prove to their satisfaction, that the Bitters have cured in this vicinity more than twenty cases of the above diseases. Yours very respectfully,

HANNAH WUNDER,

Main street, above Rittenhouse, Germantown, Pen'a.

JUST THE THING FOR THE SOLDIERS.

Will build up the constitution, and give health and strength to an overtasked and diseased frame.

THE TESTIMONY FROM THE ARMY

PHILADELPHIA, August 12, 1862.

DR. C. M. JACKSON—*Dear Sir:* While in Virginia, owing to the change of water, I was taken with a severe diarrhœa, which seemed incurable, and which greatly weakened me. When we reached Martinsburg, I feared I should have to leave my home; but noticing some of your Bitters in the store Mr. H. H. Price, in that town, I purchased a supply, and on taking it was speedily restored to health. The diarrhœa was quickly checked, and I experienced no return of it. A number of my comrades, who suffered in the same manner and from the same cause, with whom I shared the Bitters, join me in this certificate. I expect to return to the seat of war with the Legion, and shall certainly take a supply of the Bitters in my knapsack. I would not be without it at a premium in the region.

Yours, truly, A. E. ALTEMUS,

Company H, Scott Legion.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

See that the signature of "C. M. JACKSON," is on the WRAPPER of each bottle.

Principal Office, and Manufactory

NO. 163 ARCH STREET,

JONES & EVANS,

(Successors to C. M. Jackson & Co.,)

Proprietors

For sale by Druggists and dealers in every town in the United States, and by

DR. G. H. KEYSER, Pittsburgh.

R. P. SCHWARTZ, Allegheny City.

my24:ly-dood

Also for sale at JOSEPH FLEMING'S corner of the Diamond and Market street.

For sale also by

SIMON JOHNSTON, Corner Smithfield and Fourth street

A. J. RANKIN & CO., Market street, three doors below 4th, Pittsburgh

THE DAILY POST—ADVANCED RATES.

One year, by mail	$3 00
Six months, "	1 75
Three " "	1 00
One " "	35
One week, delivered in the city	10
Single copies	1
To agents per hundred	2 00

NEW ADVERTISING RATES.

The following rates of advertising have been agreed upon by the Publishers of the Pittsburgh Daily Press, to take effect on and after the 10th day of November, 1862, on all new contracts:

FOR STANDING MATTER.

PER SINGLE SQUARE, EVERY DAY.

One insertion	$ 60	Two months	$ 9 00
Two insertions	1 00	Three months	11 00
Three insertions	1 25	Four months	13 00
One week	2 00	Five months	14 00
Two weeks	3 50	Six months	15 00
Three weeks	5 00	Nine months	20 00
One month	6 00	One year	25 00

FOR CHANGEABLE MATTER.

Which allows the privilege of a weekly change of matter, to be inserted among new advertisements.

PER SINGLE SQUARE, EVERY DAY.

Six months	$18 00
Twelve months	30 00
Administrators' Notices	2 25
Marriage Notices	75
Death Notices, each insertion	50

All advertisements ordered in for one Month, or less time, to be cash at the time of ordering.

DAILY POST.

CURRENCY INFLATIONS IN FORMER TIMES.

The mischievous consequence resulting from large additions of paper money to the circulating medium of a country extensively engaged in manufacturing, commercial and other pursuits of a kindred character, are too well understood by persons of ordinary intelligence to need explications. Nevertheless, by way of illustrating the effects of an expanded currency, and in hope of interesting our readers, we propose to sketch briefly the career and financial operations of the notorious John Law, whose illusive barking schemes scattered ruin throughout France during the first quarter of the last century. This remarkable man was born in Edinburg, in the year 1681. At the early age of fourteen, his father, who was a goldsmith and banker, received him into his counting-house, where he rapidly acquired a knowledge of accounts, for which he possessed peculiar qualifications. He was endowed by nature with a tall, well-proportioned, graceful person; a countenance (though pitted with small-pox) beaming with intelligence, insinuating address, and fascinating manner. These accomplishments gained for him the favor of the fair sex, and a reputation of a man of gallantry in the very worst sense of that word.

About 1704, by the death of his father, he came into possession of his patrimony, and went up to London. Here he engaged in all the extravagancies of fashionable life, and having [illegible] his attention to gambling as a means of livelihood. In this disreputable business he was very successful, winning large sums of money by means of systems of calculation difficult of comprehension, and carefully concealed from his antagonists. At length, having fought a duel with a gentleman whose sister he had seduced, and killed his opponent, he was arrested, tried, and convicted of murder. This was afterwards changed to manslaughter. He managed, however, to escape from prison, and fled to the continent, where he traveled several years, giving much attention to the banking systems of the countries he visited, and supporting himself by every species of gambling. Subsequently he returned to Scotland and published a project for the establishment of what he termed a land bank, the notes of which were never to exceed in value the entire land of the Kingdom.—The scheme was discussed in the Scotch Parliament, but, being rejected, Law returned to the continent, and, having in the course of his wanderings visited the Duke of Savoy, he presented to him his land bank project. This sagacious Prince saw at once that its *modus operandi* would be in a short time to place all the money of his subjects in his own hands, "and then," inquired the Duke, "how shall they be able to pay their taxes when all their money is gone?" To this reasonable question the projector was unable to render a satisfactory answer, and he was advised by his interrogator to go to France, where the people were fond of plausible novelities. He acted upon this advice and returned to Paris, where he had, during the life time of Louis the Fourteenth, presented a like scheme to Desmarets, the banker, who refused to entertain it. He now proposed it to the Regent of Orleans, who directed Noailles to examine the matter and report as favorably as possible. The assistance of merchants and bankers was called in, but their judgment was adverse to the plan. Nevertheless, in 1716, a bank with a capital of 6,000,000 livres (about $1,110,000) divided into shares of five hundred livres each, was established by authority. Law investing in it about $3,000, the proceeds of gambling successes. Shares were payable one-fourth in specie and three-fourths billets *d'etat* (government paper.) At this time the finances of France were in a dreadfully disordered state. Louis and his officials, by corruption and mismanagement, had brought the country to ruin.—The national debt amounted to about three billions of livres, to pay the interest on which there remained only three millions of livres in the treasury. This debt, considering the resources of France, was enormous; there seemed to be no remedy for the evil but the desperate one of repudiation. This was averted, though the means only aggravated the difficulty. A new coinage was ordered which debased the currency one-fifth of its original value. By this piece of swindling the treasury gained seventy-two millions of livres, but the business relations of the country were thrown into great disorder. Then followed the arrest and prosecution of plundering contractors, one-fifth of the fine imposed being given to the informers. The jails were filled to overflowing, which would be the case in this country if a like course were pursued at the present time. One only (Samuel Bernard) was executed. This man offered $1,250,000 to be allowed to escape, but without success. So corrupt was every branch of the administration, that no benefit resulted from these prosecutions. It was at this period that Law and his associates established their bank. The gambler was now on the topmost wave of posterity. He made his notes payable on presentation in current coin. In less than one year his issues commanded a premium of 15 per cent, whilst government paper was at a discount of 78 per cent. The Regent, astonished at his success, fancied that paper would entirely supercede specie. Law took advantage of this delusion, and set on foot what has been known as the Mississippi bubble.

The Mississippi trading company was organized with exclusive privileges, in 1717, the shares being payable in billets *d'etat*, at their nominal value. After some financiering, intended to deceive the people, the company became the "Royal Bank of France." The Regent then caused an issue of notes amounting to one thousand millions of livres. Thus the country was flooded with worthless paper money, it having no solid basis to rest upon.

The Parliament became jealous of Law and opposed him. A new minister of finance came into power, whose first operation was to order that all who brought 4,000 livres in specie and 1,000 in billets *d'etat* should receive 5,000 livres in coin. Of course the coin was debased. Parliament countermanded this order, and the Regent countermanded the order of Parliament. Affairs became complicated, and finally Lewis' bank was forbidden to have anything to do with the government. Some Senators even proposed to hang Law. The speculator fled to his friend, the Regent, who calmed the storm and rescued him from danger. The Mississippi scheme flourished—50,000 new shares were issued. Law promised a dividend of two hundred livres upon five hundred invested. The people were seized with a stock jobbing mania, immense numbers applied for shares. We have no space for a description of the scenes which transpired at Lewis' residence—dukes, marquises, and high-born ladies jostled with porters, coal men, and servant maids—no class was exempt from this madness. Immense fortunes were made in a day, sometimes in an hour. Royal troops cleared the streets when Law passed in his carriage. Trade was artificially stimulated—everything seemed to prosper.

At last the evil day came, the bubble burst—the glittering fabric, resting upon nothing, fell with a crash, and thousands were crushed beneath its ruins. All efforts to revive public confidence were vain, and the great financier was compelled to flee from the wrath of the populace. Millions had passed through his hands, but he had nothing left except a diamond.—After wandering for years through Europe, subsisting by gambling, he died in Venice, in 1729.

It was long before France recovered from the shock, and many thousands were utterly crused by the loss of specie conveyed out of the country by unscrupulous speculators.

Negro Equality in Canada.

That portion of Canada bordering the Detroit river, where gentlemen of African desent from the "neighboring republic" first do land and most do congregate, is a perfect paradise for the negro. At the recent Kent assizes, held at Chatham, a scene occurred. The *Planet* thus describes:

Upon the case being called, Mr. Thomas Russell rose in the jury box and said that one of the jurors chosen was a colored man, and the eleven white men agreed that they would not sit with him. He said this in behalf of the jury, but out of no contempt for the court, but simply stated the fact, and begged to be relieved.

Judge Richards—We do not see the law act as jurymen as you have been chosen.

Mr. Russell—We do not think he is intelligent enough to act.

Judge Richards—But *the law says he is*, and that is sufficient. The law is the judge in this matter, not the jury.

Mr. Russell—Well, then, sir, I must respectfully decline to sit as a juryman with this colored man.

Justice Richards—Well, then, I shall fine you.

Mr. Russell—And if I do not pay the fine?

Justice Richards—I shall send you down below (to gaol.)

Mr. Russell—Well. (Here Mr. Russell left the jury box.

Justice Richards—Mr. Clerk, what is that man's name leaving the box.

The Clerk (Ireland)—Mr. Thomas Russell, my lord.

Justice Richards—Well, then, record a fine of five pounds against Mr. Thomas Russell.

Mr. Sargeson Verrall, standing in his place in the jury box—My Lord, I am ill able to pay a fine pounds, but really I cannot sit here, but will go to the cells.—(Here Mr. Verrall left the jury box.)

Justice Richards—Mr. Clerk, what is the name of that man who is now leaving the jury box?

Mr. Clerk—Mr. Sargeson Verrall, my lord.

Justice Richards—Record a fine of five pounds against him, too. (A pause.) Call some more jurors to fill up the places of those who have left the box.

The clerk then proceeded to call the names of Mr. Hugh Palmer, of Oxford, and Mr. Wm. McPherson, of Bothwell, who took the vacated seats and were sworn in as jurors in the room of Mr. Russel and Mr. Verrall, who refused to sit.

THE PLACE TO GET THE Best Newest, Most Durable, and by far the cheapest Boots, Gaiters or Balmorals, is at JOSEPH H. BORLAND'S, No. 98 Market st., 2d door from Fifth. ap18

IN THE ORPHAN'S COURT FOR the County of Philadelphia: In the matter of the Partition of the Real Estate of Patrick Kennedy, dec'd. To Mary Doran, wife of James Doran; Margaret Ford, widow; Bernard Kennedy; Patrick, Mary and John Kennedy, minor children of John Kennedy, dec'd; Thomas Kennedy and Ann Farrell:—You will please notice Rule to accept or refuse to take said Real Estate at the valuation, returnable Friday, May 1, 1863, at 10 o'clock, A. M. J. COOKE LONGSTREET, Attorney for Petitioner. mh30:law4w

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A suit, of well furnished rooms suitable for a PHYSICIAN'S RECEPTION ROOM AND OFFICE in a locality easily found and accessible, with or without board. Address, stating terms, including fire and gas, to A. W. B., DISPATCH OFFICE. mh31:tf

FOUR BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE IN LAWRENCEVILLE Four lots 24 by 110 feet each; handsomely situated on Church street, situated near the Passenger Rail way, will be sold cheap for cash, on application at this Office. feb17:tf

SUNDRIES— Teas, Coffee, Sugars, Whiskey, Raisins, Flour, &c. For sale by TIERMAN & GETTY, Corner of Ohio street and Diamond. no27 Allegheny City.

GENT'S FRENCH CALF BOOTS, Gent's Glove Calf Gaiters, Gent's Glove Calf Gaiters, Gent's Glove Calf Gaiters, Cheap as the cheapest At DIFFENBACHER'S 15 Fifth street, near Market. mh21

SPICED OYSTERS—20 DOZ. IN store and for sale by REYMER & BROS. 126 & 128 Wood street. ap 18

LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDRENS Boots, Shoes, Gaiters and Balmorals, made to order, of the best materials and workmanship. W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO., ap4 34 Fifth street.

DEALERS IN OILS.

S. M. KIER & CO., MANUFACTURERS OF Pure No. 1 Carbon Oil, AND BENZOLE. Office on LIBERTY STREET, opposite Penn'a R. R. Depot. All oil warranted. an23:1yd

THE ARDESCO OIL COMPANY MANUFACTURE AND HAVE FOR sale a superior article of Refined Ardesco Oil, NON-EXPLOSIVE. ALSO, PURE BENZOLE. warehouse, 27 IRWIN STREET *PITTSBURGH, PENNA.*

Lucent Oil Work DUNCAN, DUNLAP & CO., Manufacturers of PURE WHITE REFINED CARBON OILS. Office, NO. 291 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. mr3-6md

CHANDELIERS, BRACKETS, CORNICES, CANDELBRASS, LAMPS, &c. REGILDED OR REBRONZED, and made equal to new. Also, Chandeliers &c., altered to burn Carbon Oil, at the Lamp and Oil Store of WELDON, REENEKE & KELLY, ap21y. 164 Wood street, near 6th.

The Philosophic Burner. HAYDEN'S NEW DOUBLE-ACTING Philosophic Burner for Carbon Oil is now ready. It possesses many advantages over the Common Burners.

1. It makes a large or small light with perfect combustion.
2. It will burn any quantity of oil with safety.
3. It can be used with a long or short chimney.
4. It can be used as a taper light-lamp.
5. It can always be made to burn economically.
6. It is more easily wicked than any other burner.
7. It can be trimmed and lighted without removing the cone.
8. It throws all the white light above the cone.
9. The chimney can be removed or inserted without touching the glass.

These burners are the common No. 1 size, and can be put on any lamp now in use. Every person using Carbon Oil should have a Philosophic Burner. Price 25 cents; per dozen $2. Sold a No. 82 FOURTH street, Pittsburgh. fe25-1ydw F. HAYDEN.

PIANO DEALERS.

KNABE'S PIANOS ARE STILL ahead of Steinway's and all other Pianos made in this country.

A choice supply received this week;

CHARLOTTE BLUME, 43 FIFTH STREET.

Sole Agent for Knabe's Pianos and Prince's unrivalled Melodeons. apl1

BARGAINS IN SECOND HAND PIANOS.

A CHICKERING 7 OCTAVE, fitful black Walnut case, very little used $220
A 7 octave, Chickering, Rosewood, round corners, a first rate instrument 200
A 7 octave, Hays & Co., Rosewood, a handsome instrument, in good order 175
A 6½ octave, Stodart, Rosewood, carved pannels in front 165
A 6½ octave, Zale & Co, Rosewood, round front, an excellent Piano 150
A 6 octave, Chickering, Rosewood, round corners, a good reliable Piano 135
A 6 octave, Hallet, Davis & Co, Rosewood 80
A 6 oct., Stodart, Mahogany, round front 75
A 6 oct, Swift, do 60
A 6 oct, German, do 50
A 6 oct, Dunham, do 40
A 6 oct, Loud do 20
A 5½ oct, English do 15
A 5 oct, do do
For sale by JOHN H. MELLOR, feb 13 81 WOOD STREET.

REAL ESTATE SAVINGS INSTITUTION, incorporated by the Legislature of Pennsylvania.

Open for Deposits from 10 a. m. to 2 o'clock, p. m. daily; also on SATURDAY EVENINGS. Office, 63 FOURTH STREET.

A SAFE, CONVENIENT AND PROFITABLE DEPOSITARY, for Mechanics, Laborers, Clerks. It also commends itself to Executors, Administrators, Collectors, Agents, voluntary Societies or Associations, and persons of all classes.

Interest at the rate of SIX PER CENT. per annum is paid on deposits, which, if not drawn, will be placed to the credit of the depositor on the first day of May and November, and thereafter bear the same interest as the principal. At this rate money will DOUBLE IN LESS THAN TWELVE YEARS.

Interest will commence on all deposits the 1st and 15th days of the month after such deposits are made.

Books containing Charter, By-Laws, &c., furnished on application at the office.

PRESIDENT—ISAAC JONES

VICE PRESIDENT—W. B. COPELAND.

TRUSTEES.

Hon Thos M Howe	Hon J K Moorhead,
Isaac Jones,	C G Hussey,
Wm H Smith,	Jacob Painter,
Harvy Childs,	Nicholas Voegtly,

W B Copeland, Secretary and Treasurer—A. A. CARRIER. feb26:6md

CHARLES L. CALDWELL, (Successor to Jas. Holmes & Co.,) PORK PACKER Dealer in Bacon, Lard, Sugar-Cured Hams, Smoked Beef &c., Corner Market and First streets, Pittsburgh, Pa. dec31:1yd.

REMOVAL. HAVING SOLD OUR ENTIRE stock of Hardware to Messrs. LOGAN & GREGG, No. 52 Wood street, Pittsburgh, we most cordially recommend our friends and late customers to purchase there, being satisfied of their ability to render satisfaction.

Our books and accounts are left at their counting room, where Mr. J. E. Johnston, our late Book-keeper, will attend to making settlement.

J. N. SHALLENBERGER & CO. ap28:3tw:1wd.

PRIVATE DISEASES

DR. BROWN'S OFFICE, 50 *SMITHFIELD STREET,*

Citizens and strangers in need of medical advice should not fail to give him a call.

Dr. Brown's remedies never fail to cure impurities, scrofulous and venereal affections.—Also hereditary taint, such as tetter, psoriasis and other skin diseases, the origin of which the patient is ignorant.

SEMINAL WEAKNESS.

Dr. B's remedies cure in a few days this painful affliction

He also treat Piles, Gleet, Gonnorrhoe, Urethal Discharges, Female Diseases, Pains in the Back and Kidneys, Irritation of the Bladder, strictures, etc.

Medicines sent to any address safely packed. Office and private rooms, No. 50 SMITHFIELD STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. no15d:&w

LOTS FOR SALE—THE SUBSCRIber offers for sale four eligible lots situated on the corner of Grove street and Centre Avenue adjoining the Seventh Ward, in Pitt township.—The lots are each 24 feet front by 110 feet deep, running back to an alley, and are entirely isolated by streets and alleys on every side. Two of the lots have frame houses on them, five rooms and hall in each, hydrants on no premises. They will be sold all together on very favorable terms. Enquire of JAS. McCABE, Agent, feb27 Ross street, near Fourth.

COMMERCIAL INFORMATION.

Arbitration Committee of the Board of Trade.

Wm. M. SHINN, V. P. | JAS. I. BENNETT
JNO. S. DILWORTH, | Wm. McCREERY,
DAVID McCANDLESS.

MONEY MARKET.

CORRECTED DAILY FOR THE MORNING POST BY KESSLER, KOUNTZ & MERTZ, BROKERS, NO. 118 WOOD STREET.

The following are the buying and selling rates for Gold, Silver, &c.:

	Buying	Selling
Gold	1 47	00
Silver	1 34	00
Demand Notes	1 45	00
Eastern Exchange.		
New York	par	¼
Baltimore	par	¼
Philadelphia	par	¼
Boston	par	¼
Western Exchange.		
Cincinnati	par	¼
Louisville	par	¼
Cleveland	par	¼
St. Louis	par	¼

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

THURSDAY, May 7th, 1863.

Buyers have been active during the week and have purchased pretty much all that was on hand, at a slight advance. There is very little on hand for sale at this time, but the prospect for receipts from Oil City is favorable, as the Allegheny river is rising. This will no doubt prevent any further advance at present.

Crude—The following sales are reported, viz: in ots, 1,700 bbls; in bulk, 12¾@13c; 2,000 bbls do, 13¼@13½c; 800 bbls inferior, 14c; 600 bbls at 18@18½c in bbls; 350 bbls do, 18½c.

Lubricating—Prices show a wide range. Sales were reported, at $8@10 ⅌ bbl, to the extent of 150 bbls.

Refined—Holders are firm in their views. Sales in hand of 700 bbls, 31@32c; 250 bbls Free, 31@32c.

Benzole—Demand improving. We note small sales at 24½@25c.

Cooperage—Sales 500 Oil bbls, new, $2 30@2 35; sales old at $2 10@2 20.

The exports East were as follows: To New York—Crude, 892 bbls; Benzole, 109 bbls. To Philadelphia—Crude, 703 bbls; Refined, 656 bbls. The imports were: Per A. V. Railroad—Crude, 134 bbls; Refined, 472 bbls; Benzole, 109 bbls. Per Allegheny river—Crude, 421 bbls. Monongahela river, 108 bbls.

PITTSBURGH PRODUCE MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY POST, Thursday, May 7th, 1863.

Remarks—The weather continues wet and disagreeable, making out-door traveling decidedly unpleasant. Both rivers are again in good navigable order. Our coal dealers who are fortunate enough to have any lots ready will, during the week, be enabled to send it to the Western and Southern cities. The "diggers" being all at work, if the river only keeps up we can furnish all that may be required to supply the cities and the fleet. Our coal dealers have a number of light draught barges on hand that can be towed out on a seven foot stage of water. Flour—Market dull and inactive, with only a local demand. Holders don't seem disposed to give way, whilst buyers say they can wait their time. This leaves us a poor account of sales, and altogether of a retail character. The stock on hand is not large, and none coming in, if we except a few wagon loads from Western ports daily. The brands are in great ea- and Western cities prices are still on the decline. Bacon—The demand was moderate and sales regular. The stock in first hands is rapidly disappearing, but there are several hundred thousand pounds in smoke house that will soon be for sale from store. Grain—The market is not so firm as last week, whilst there has been no material change. Buyers do not seem willing to operate unless at lower figures. The receipts have increased, which tends to depress the market. Fish—The market was steady. There is a good business doing at full rates. The first arrival of New Baltimore Herrings was on Monday; they were readily disposed of at full rates. Our market is well supplied with Fish. Cheese—Steady. There is a good business doing in this article Market firm; prices unchanged. Butter—There has been no change. The receipts and sales were limited. Groceries—There is a fair demand with a good business doing with the city trade.

Flour—The market was dull and inactive, sales being limited to small lots to meet the wants of the home trade. Buyers want a larger concession than holders are willing to concede. The stock on hand is not large. The markets both East and West rule low. A moderate business only was done, at the following rates: Extra, $5 25@5; Extra Family, $5 75@6, some very choice brands being held at $7 25. Sales of wagon flour at a variety of prices, as to quality.

Groceries—Former prices have been well maintained and a good business was transacted.

Sugar—25 hhds Cuba, 11¾c; 15 do Porto Rico, 12c; 15 bbls Coffee A, 14½c; 12 bbls Coffee B, 14¼c; 25 bbls Crushed, 16c.

Molasses—Sales 40 bbls Orleans at 56c.

Syrups—Sales of 25 bbls Golden at 60@63c.

Coffee—Sales 30 sacks Rio at 33½@33¾c.

Teas—Sales 14 tierces at 85c.

Salt—Sales 350 bbls at $1 75@1 80. Market firm.

Eggs—Prices are a shade lower. Sales of 10 bbls at 12c.

Fish—The demand during the week was to a fair extent. We note the following, viz: Mackerel, sales 75 bbls No. 3, large, $8 50; 25 half bbls, $4 62; 10 bbls No 3, medium, $8 75; 20 half bbls, $4. Herring, sales 25 bbls Anew Baltimore, the first arrival of the season, at $7 50; 20 bbls Halifax, $6.

Bacon—The market since our last has undergone no change. The demand was active and sales regular. The stock in first hands is not large. Among the sales we note as follows: Shoulders, 25,000 lbs, 6c; 10,000 do, 6⅛@6⅛c. Sides, 22,000 lbs, 7¾@8c; 3,000 do, 8c. Plain Hams, 21,000 lbs, 8¾@8¾c. S C Hams 10c; 5,400 do, 10@10½c, as per quality.

Grain—The sales since our last have fallen off. The market was not so firm. Wheat, sales 1,000 bush red, $1 30; 1,600 bush white, $1 35@1 38. Corn declined under large receipts; sales 2,000 bush first hands, 75c. Oats declined; sales 1,500 bush, 68c; from store the usual advance was obtained. Barley out of season and nominal. Rye was firm; sales 500 bush, 95c@$1. The receipts were limited for some days past.

New York Cattle Market.

Tribune's Report.

BULL'S HEAD, Monday, May 4.—The market opened this morning with about 3,400 head of bullocks on sale, including one drove of extra good state cattle, which were withdrawn last week because they would not sell to pay cost—they will not this week, for the market certainly is not better, notwithstanding the "operators for a rise" have entered into a snug little "arrangement" at Albany to hold back one-third of the cattle intended for this market. The arrangement would were it all fools. As they are not, the operation was not a successful one. We have found only three cattle brokers who think that the market is any better to-day than last Monday, and they qualify their opinion that it is no better than it was last Monday morning. Some of the buyers of first-class cattle, who made their purchases early in the morning to-day, think they paid half a cent more than last Monday, which they feel very sore about, and declare that the price was imposed upon them by a pretense of short supply, when there was no foundation for such a report, and that they will make the speculators suffer in the future, as holding back 1,200 or 1,500 head of cattle, to raise the price there, is not an honest way of doing business. That, if there was an actual scarcity, they would be willing to pay high rates. Now they are not, because their customers will not stand a rise of beef based up'n nothing but speculation. The quality of the bullocks to-day is remarkably good. There is not a real mean drove in market, and but few scattering ones of objectionable quality, while there are more than 2,000 that no respectable butcher will object to on account of quality, though he may on account of the price; yet very few will sell at 12c ⅌ lb net, and generally the very best droves for 10½c ⅌ lb for the meat, sinking offal. Some of the coarsest will sell at 8c ⅌ lb or less. The hog market is lightly supplied to-day, and prices giving way. We hear of no sales over 5½c ⅌ lb gross. The sheep market is very dead, prices having declined 1½@2c ⅌ lb gross, since last week, and buyers generally declining to operate. The weather is mild, not warm for the season. Full particulars to-morrow in the regular report.

Lead in Boston.

No transactions to report, but owing to a recent sale in New York of 4,000 tons for Government purposes, the article is now held firmly at 9½c ⅌ lb for Spanish. Sheet lead and lead pipe are selling at 12½c ⅌ lb cash. Old lead is selling at 8½c ⅌ lb cash.

R. HUTCHINSON (LATE OF LEECH & HUTCHINSON,) COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANT Dealer in WESTERN RESERVE CHEESE, Flour, Grain, Fish, Dried Fruit, Pot and Pearl Ashes, and PRODUCE GENERALLY. Best Brands of Family Flour Always on Hand. No. 102 Second Street, Between Wood and Market, PITTSBURGH, PENN'A. Liberal advance made on Consignments. ap11-1:d

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS We are now manufacturing a superior article of LIME, which we are prepared to deliver from our COAL YARD, 509 LIBERTY STREET. Best quality of Family Coal always on hand as usual. DICKSON, STEWART & CO. my9

GEO. R. COCHRAN, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW Office No. 69 Grant street, near the Court House, Pittsburgh. ALL BUSINESS ENTRUSTED TO his care will receive prompt attention. Collections made and the money promptly remitted. dec6:1yd

JUST RECEIVED a splendid stock of SPRING DELAINES & DRESS GOODS CALICOS, GINGHAMS, &c. Special attention is called to our stock of Muslins and Irish Linens that was purchased before the great advance in Dry Goods. Call soon and secure your Spring Goods as they will be much higher. Remember the place, No. 98 Market street, between Fifth and the Diamond. mh2 H. J. LYNCH.

LUPTON & OLDDEN, GRAVEL ROOFERS MORNING POST BUILDING, ap7 corner Fifth and Wood streets.

CARPETS. 1862. DECEMBER. 1862. W. D. & H. McCALLUM. 87 FOURTH STREET, LARGE PORTION OF OUR STOCK having been bought previous to a series of advances, and now replenished (just before the signs in Carpets, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, &c. A favorable opportunity is offered purchasers at moderate rates, as prices will be higher. dec17

W. B. LUPTON, J. R. OLDDEN. LUPTON & OLDDEN, MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN FELT CEMENT & GRAVEL ROOFING. Repairs to old Gravel, Canvass and Metallic Roofs made at the lowest prices. All work promptly attended to and warranted. Office, Morning Post Building, corner Fifth and Wood streets, 2d story. mh17

ARCH STREET, between 3d and 4th PHILADELPHIA THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING RENEWED the lease of the above popular Hotel for a series of years, would respectfully call the attention of the traveling public to its central locality, either for business or pleasure. Terms moderate. mh31:1yd THOMAS S. WEBB & SON.

JUST RECEIVED AT BORELAND'S, 98 MARKET STREET, Ladies' fine Lasting Balmoral, Button and Congress Gaiters; Ladies' fine white and black glove Kid and Morocco Slippers; Ladies' fine glove Kid Balmoral and Congress Boots; Gents fine Calf Boots, Balmoral and Gaiters. A full assortment. Boys' and Youths' Boots, Shoes and Gaiters; Misses and Children's fancy Boots, Shoes and Gaiters of all kinds and styles. Please call and at least examine my stock before purchasing half price Goods elsewhere. Remember, at BORLAND'S, 98 Market St. 2d door from Fifth ap4

BLACK DIAMOND STEEL WORKS, PITTSBURGH, PA. PARK, BROTHER & CO., MANUFACTURERS OF Best Quality Refined Cast Steel, Square, Flat and Octagon, of all sizes. Warranted equal to any imported or manufactured in this country. Warehouse and Office, No. 149 and 151 First and 120 and 122 Second streets, Pittsburgh. feb16:1yd

SPRING GOODS. WE WOULD CALL THE ATTENTION of Buyers to our stock of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, embracing all the newest styles of *PLAIN AND FANCY CASSIMERES,* suitable for Business Suits. A full and complete assortment of fine black CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES, Plain and figured Silk and Cashmere Vestings W. H. McGEE & CO., 143 FEDERAL STREET, corner of Market Square, Allegheny city mh2d&w:tf

NEW DISCOVERY To Strengthen and Improve the Sight. THE Russian PEBBLE Spectacles. PERSONS SUFFERING FROM DEfective sight, arising from age or other causes, can be relieved by using the Russian Pebble Spectacles, which have been well tried by many responsible citizens of Pittsburgh and vicinity, to whom they have given perfect satisfaction. The certificates of these persons can be seen at my office. All who purchase one pair of the Russian Pebble Spectacles are entitled to be supplied in future free of charge with these which will always give satisfaction. Therefore, if you wish to ensure an improvement in your sight call on J. DIAMOND, Practical Optician, Manufacturer of the Russian Pebble Spectacles, jan16 No. 39 Fifth street, Post Building. My place of business is closed on Saturday.

COAL LAND FOR SALE—THE SUBscriber offers for sale, very low his farm of 85 acres, situated in Washington township Columbiana county, Ohio, one mile and a half from Salineville station on the Pittsburgh & Cleveland Railroad. Fifty fifty acres are improved and under cultivation and the whole is rich in coal stone. Cow shed, &c. The farm is well situated within one mile of the railroad. Terms of sale—One-half cash, with reasonable time for the remainder. Price $25 per acre. Address, MICHAEL McSWIGGEN. Salinesville, Columbiana county, Ohio. feb28:3m:daw.

A NEW LOT OF CLOTHES WRINgers, just received by BECKHAM & LONG. ap25 127 Liberty street.

COLTS OLD AND NEW MODEL REvolvers, Cooper's Double Action, Manhattan Fire Arms Company, Allen & Wheelock's, Sharp's for sale low to the trade by JAMES BOWN, 135 Wood st.

FELT, CEMENT AND GRAVEL Roofing, of the best material at the lowe prices.

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