DAILY POST.

The Union as it was:
The Constitution as it is!

WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 8.

☞ See First and Third Page for Commercial Daily Markets and River News

CALLING THINGS BY WRONG NAMES.

The report of the Abolition Committee—Messrs. Wade, Chandler, Gooch, Covode, Julien and Odell—purporting to be a review of the incidents of the war against the rebels, should be denominated a covert and malignant attack upon Gen. McClellan. The style of men composing the committee was of itself sufficient to satisfy any one that the utter prostration of the object of their fears and hate and not an impartial account of the conduct of the armies in the field was their intention. The report itself demonstrates this beyond all question, for instead of its being devoted to an exposition of the different operations of our armies in various localities, it is almost exclusively devoted to the army in Virginia, made up of garbled testimony against General McClellan, and excusing every blunder committed by other generals. The report is as shameless and malignant an attack upon the reputation of a gallant officer as ever emenated from the brains of profligate politicians. For eighteen months they have been preparing their indictment, but it is so notoriously partizan that it must fail before the rigid examination to which it will soon be subjected. Extreme caution seems, in the committee's estimation to be McClellan's greatest fault, but if the absence of results be an evidence of timidity, we do not see how the leaders of the Potomac, since McClellan's removal, have improved upon his mode of procedure.

To give the reader an idea of the character of this report, we need only to allude to the disposition it makes of Gen. Pope's campaign, and the battle of Fredericksburg under General Burnsides. The stupendous blundering of the former, by which an army was driven clear out of Virginia, is glossed over and excused by the committee's resorting to the stale and oft refuted falsehood of McClellan's failure to reinforce him, when it is well established that he sent to Pope's assistance all the forces he had at his command. The Committee are very brief in this part of the report, devoting only a few paragraphs to it, of which the following perversion of the truth is a fair sample:

"The circumstances connected with the campaign of the Army of Virginia have been so fully investigated by the military courts in the cases of General McDowell and Gen. Fitz John Porter, the proceedings of which were public, that your committee have not deemed it necessary to make a thorough an investigation of that campaign as they would otherwise have done. They refer, therefore, principally to the orders and correspondence in relation to the delays in the forwarding of General Sumner's and Gen. Franklin's corps from Alexandria to the assistance of Pope."

After this, the glorious battles of South Mountain and Antietam (in both of which McClellan fought the victorious rebels under Lee with the same army that had been so terribly decimated under Pope) are alluded to, and testimony garbled to rob McClellan of these achievements. Next follows the account of the fatal battle of Fredericksburg, the most disastrous of the war, which the Committee excuse by blaming its results, not upon Burnside, who commanded, but upon Gen. Franklin, who was unable to execute the former's order to force the rebel fortifications. Gen. Franklin has since been relieved of his command because he is of the opinion that McClellan is still our ablest General. This report is, in short, an elaborate attempt upon the part of malignant abolition politicians to utterly destroy the object of their attack. But the malice of it is so palpable that it must fail of its object. History will do him and his assailants justice. This star chamber conspiracy against a meritorious officer, who is held responsible for the blunders arising out of an imbecile administration of the War Department, and robbing him at the same time of the glory of the greatest achievements of the Potomac army, will not receive the sanction of "the sober second thought of the people." Wade, Chandler, Covode & Co, have only slightly "scotched the snake, not killed it," while their poor malice remains in danger of its increasing strength.

CONNECTICUT ELECTION.

The Republicans, as we anticipated, carried the election on Monday last in Connecticut, their majority being nearly three thousand; in 1860, Mr. Lincoln beat Douglas, Breckinridge and Bell united, 10,292, being a Republican loss since that time of over 7,000 votes. Notwithstanding this decline of Abolitionism in Connecticut that party seems quite jubilant over their recent victory.

When we reflect upon the means resorted to by the Administration to carry the late elections in New England our surprise is that they permitted any opposition at all. The other day two Connecticut brigades were sent home to vote, while the contractors under the general government scattered their thousands broadcast over the State. But the greatest difficulty the Democrats of Connecticut had to encounter was the record of their candidate, ex-Governor Seymour. We doubt, very much, whether there is a more patriotic and loyal man in the country than he is, but his peace platform, from the day hostilities commenced until the day of the election, is not the thing to meet the exigencies of the occasion. If there were a peace party in the South of any consequence and power, who cry to us for a cessation of hostilities in order to restore the Union, we would be glad to listen to their appeals; but there is no such party; at least there is none having sufficient numbers to enable them to influence the rebel government. If there be such a party they have no power to negotiate, and we all know that the party in power in the rebel government, manifest for us Northern Democrats even a more malignant feeling than they do for their ancient foes, the abolitionists. Under these circumstances Col. Seymour made a mistake in endeavoring to carry an election upon his platform, and having made so gallant a canvass as he did proves more against the weakness of the Administration than it does for the correctness of his avowals.

LOYALTY.

The *Gazette* has no idea of loyalty that is not united with blood and carnage; nor has it any idea of restoring peace to the country except by devastating war. It is so fearful that the rebellion may be closed up before all the slaves are made free, that it and its bloody coadjutators are in for a war of generations. On the contrary, we would rejoice if some wise men would rise up amongst us and direct the nation to speedy peace by any means not inconsistent with its honor, whether it be through negotiations, the force of arms, or foreign mediation. This is our desire at present, and the *Gazette* will oblige us by proving from this that we are less loyal than those who, like itself, define loyalty to be in favor of nothing but blood and slaughter, but who entertain so lively an appreciation of a whole skin as to prevent them from practising what they preach. The greatest traitor in the *Gazette's* estimation now in the North is Mr. Seymour, of Connecticut, for the reason that he is for restoring the Union, if he can, by other means than the sword. He says:

"I am for getting back the Southern States by fair and honorable means, if such a thing be possible and I will hope for the best.

"The Union I desire is a union of hearts and of hands, such as our fathers gave us.

"Nothing less will satisfy me than the whole Southern States."

In fact loyalty, now, according to the abolition definition is simply to subscribe to their programme and ask no questions, that is to favor an indefinite continuance of hostilities, not for the restoration of the Union, but for the South's subjugation, her slaves, emancipation, and the accumulation of collossal fortunes by far-seeing contractors. Obeying the laws and paying taxes do not mean loyalty at all; blind adherence to abolitionism is the only true test by which to measure one's patriotism.

Butler County Speaks

The following sound Democratic conservative resolutions were passed by a full Democratic convention in Butler, on Wednesday, the 20th ult.:

Resolved, That we renew our unalterable allegiance to the Constitution of the United States, which we recognize as the highest law of the land—from which the Government of the United States derives its existence and the President and Congress all their legal powers; and that to preserve that Constitution as it is and to restore our Union as it was, is the object of the Democratic party.

Resolved, That we pledge our support to the President of the United States in the constitutional prosecution of the war for the suppression of the rebellion; but we protest against any encroachment on the reserved rights of the States, or other assumptions of power by any brauch of the government as being dangerous to the liberties of the people and tending to the destruction of the Republic.

Resolved, That we enter our solemn protest against arrests by the military power, where the execution of the civil laws is not obstructed; against the suspension of the writ of *habeas corpus*, against attempts to suppress the freedom of speech and of the press, in any of the loyal States.

Resolved, That secession and Abolition are alike dangerous and pernicious doctrines, both attempting, though by different means, the destruction of the Union of our fathers, and of the "best government ever devised by either God or man."

Resolved, That, while we recognize and will fulfil our obligations as citizens, to support the President and Congress in all their constitutional acts, whether in the general administration of the government or the vigorous prosecution of the war for the suppression of the rebellion, we consider it no less our duty than our privilege to express our earnest desire for an honorable peace, and to announce our willingness to agree to any terms not inconsistent with the honor, dignity and integrity of the nation, to attain that blessing.

Resolved, That the pay of the private soldiers should be increased, and the pay of commissioned officers correspondingly reduced, and that all officers not needed for actual service should be dismissed.

On motion of Thompson Kyle and J. W. Christy the following resolution was substituted for one on that subject reported by the committee:

Resolved, That our brave and self-sacrificing soldiers merit the warmest thanks of the nation; their country called, and nobly did they respond; living they shall know a nation's gratitude; wounded a nation's care; and dying they shall live in our memories, and monuments shall be raised to teach posterity to honor the patriots and heroes who offered their lives upon their country's altar; their widows and orphans shall be adopted by the nation, to be watched over and cared for as objects worthy a nation's gratitude.

On motion of Dr. Amos Lusk, it was

Resolved, That, whereas, it is asserted by our political opponents that meetings, self-styled Democratic, have been held in various places, threatening forcible resistance to the draft, and the collection of United States taxes, that we denounce such meetings, if any have been held, and deny all complicity in such proceedings.

Hon. Samuel Marshall, of Adams township and Samuel P. Irvin, Esq., of Butler township, were elected delegates to the State Convention, and James Dunlap and Dr. Joseph Lusk, were elected alternate delegates.

Perils of Precocity.

Bailiet mentions one hundred and sixty-three children endowed with extraordinary talents, among whom but few arrived at an advanced age. The two sons of Quintillian, so vaunted by their father, did not reach their tenth year. Hermogones, who, at the age of fifteen, taught rhetoric to Marcus Aurelius, who triumphed over the most celebrated rhetoricians of Greece, did not die, but at twenty-four lost his faculties, and forgot all he had previously acquired. Pica di Mirandola died at thirty-two; Johannes Secundus at twenty-five, having, at the age of fifteen, composed admirable Greek and Latin verses, and become profoundly versed in jurisprudence and letters. Pascal, whose genius developed itself at ten years old, did not attain the third of a century. In 1791, a child was born at Lubeck, named Henri Heinnecken, whose precocity was miraculous. At ten months of age he spoke distinctly, at twelve learnt the Pentateuch by rote, and at fourteen months was perfectly acquainted with the Old and New Testament. At two years he was as as familiar with Ancient History as the most erudite authors of antiquity. Sauson and Danville only could compete with him in geographical knowledge. In the ancient and modern languages he was a proficient. This wonderful child was unfortunately carried off in his fourth year.

NEWS ITEMS.

A Draft Expected.

It is asserted, in quarters entitled to credit, that a draft will soon be made to fill up all regiments now in the field, decimated by the casualties of war, to their proper standard. It is not yet known how many it will require, but probably near 200,000. The drafted men will be sent at once to the regiments, where they will be taught military tactics upon the field, and not in camps of instruction, as has been proposed.

A New Idea.

Capt. Coulter, formerly of the Eleventh Pennsylvania regiment, who lost his arm at Fredericksburgh, has obtained the sanction of the President to raise a brigade composed of men who through disability are unfitted for active duty in the field.—These troops will be used for Provost, garrison and hospital duty. By this means a large number of able-bodied troops now performing this duty, will be sent into the field.

Defalcation of an Army Officer.

John W. Howland, of Pittsfield, Massachusetts, recently appointed Commissary of Subsistence in the Army, has absconded with $16,500 of government money, and a large amount of securities which were placed in his hands while acting as Division Quartermaster. The aggregate value of the securities in his possession is said to be nearly $100,000, but he will not be able to realize on them, payment having been stopped.

A Battle Flag.

Lieutenant O'Neill, of the old Sixty-ninth (Irish) regiment, now on the Rappahannock, writes to his sister: "Our colors are merely a bundle of blood-stained silk rags tied on a broken pole, as a dozen battles are rather damaging to a piece of silk cloth." A whole history is told in these few lines.

Six Per Cent Bonds.

The demand for the five twenty year six per cent. bonds, from all parts of the country, has been so great that it has been determined by the Secretary of the Treasury to facilitate their negotiation by placing them with the various Assistant Treasurers, from whom they can be obtained either for investment or resale.

A Good Year's Business.

From the annual report of the Liverpool and London Insurance Company, it appears that the fire premiums amount to $2,180,325, and the losses to $1,408,280; the total income to $3,250,000; the balance of profit and loss was $1,132,215.—The total assets are $7,889,036.

New York Bounty.

A bill is pending in the legislature of New York providing for a renewal of the State bounty to recruits for New York regiments in the field. Its passage is warmly urged, with the suggestion that its action be made retrospective, so as to include all recruits since the expiration of the former bounty.

American Affairs in the English Parliament.

In the House of Commons, on the 20th Seymour Fitzgerald gave notice that he would, on the 23d, ask whether the Government had accepted or intended to accept a proposal of President Lincoln as to the communication between England and the United States, to inquire into any just complaints of the violation of neutral rights.

The Heenan and King Match.

The match between Heenan and King, for the championship of England, was completed in London on the 17th of March. They are to fight for one thousand pounds sterling a side and the belt. [illegible] money was put down.

The "Prince Imperial."

The little Prince Imperial of France attained, on the 13th of March, his seventh year. The event was celebrated on Sunday, the 14th, by a grand banquet given by the young gentleman, who is a corporal in the First Regiment of Grenadier Guards, to three hundred *enfants de troupe*, or children born in the regiment.

Statistical Bureau.

George B. Smith, of Chicago, formerly connected with the Springfield, (Mass.) *Republican*, has been appointed chief clerk of the statistical and historical registry in the War Department. This is a new and important bureau, created by the last Congress, and its results will be very interesting. Mr. Smith has the industry and energy required for his new position.

Food vs. Tobacco.

The people of Nelson county, Va., held, on the 23d instant, a public meeting, at which a series of resolutions were passed, protesting that the best interests of the State absolutely require that every man, unless he is blind or indifferent to the fate of his country, should entirely abandon the cultivation of tobacco, and devote all his labor (to its utmost capacity) to the production of supplies of every description for consumption in the army and the many non-producers that are about home.

The Result of Crime.

The Boston papers tell a piteous story of Mrs. Tuckerman, formerly one of the most brilliant ladies in Boston society.—Her husband swindled the Eastern Railroad Company as its Treasurer, and is now serving out an eight years' term in the Connecticut State Prison, for robbing the mails. His wife clung to him through all his disgrace; but finally, it is said, that, losing hope and friends, she took to strong drink, and the last scene was in the Police Court where she stood a wreck of her former self.

Soldiers in Hospitals.

The number of soldiers registered on the books of the Sanitary Commission, as having entered the hospitals since Nov. 1st, 1862, is as follows: Central Office, Washington, 58,000. Louisville, 60,000. New York, 7,000. Philadelphia, 6,000. Total, 141,0000.

DIED:

Tuesday morning the 7th inst., at 1½ o'clock, JOHN CUST BLAIR, in the 40th year of his age.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, No. 596 Penn street, to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. The friends of the family are invited to attend. ap8:2t

SOAPS

Cleaver's musk scented Brown Windsor.
Louis' old brown Windsor,
Glenn's brown Windsor,
Low Son & Benbow's Honey Soap,
Benbon & Son Honey Soap,
Low Son & Benbow's Glycerine Soap,
J. C. Hull's Son Honey Soap,
Low Son & Benbow's Chinese musk Soap,
Breckenil's Skin Soap, (very fine.)
Claver's Honey Soaps, (3 sizes.)
Yardly & Statham's Glycerine Soap,
Hull's Lavender & Palm Soaps,
Kesan's soap, (very rare and superior.)
With an assortment of fine Castile, Palm, &c. &c. at fair prices, for sale by.
SIMON JOHNSTON.
ap8 cor Smithfield & 4th sts.

TO CONTRACTORS.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at the office of the WESTERN TRANSPORTATION CO., corner of Liberty and Hand street, Pittsburgh, on FRIDAY, 10th of APRIL, for grading and finishing all the work on the Pittsburgh & Steubenville Railroad, between Cork's Run Tunnel and the Virginia line.

More detailed information can be had in relation to the work on application to the Assistant Engineer on the line or to the undersigned.

J. BLICKENSDERFER, JR.,
ap6:td Chief Engineer.

First Edition.

LATEST NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM SOUTH CAROLINA

Federal Troops Occupy Cole's Island.

Morgan's Cavalry Routed in Kentucky.

Twenty-Five Guerrillas Killed and Houses Burned.

A SCHOONER CAPSIZED.

Election in Leavenworth, Kansas.

Michigan Election.

DEATH OF ASSISTANT SECRETARY C. P. WOLCOTT.

&c., &c., &c., &c.

NEW YORK, April 7.—Letters in the Herald announce the occupation, on the 28th ult., of Cole's Island, at the confluence of Stono and Folly river, South of Charleston.

Cole's Island, March 29.—A scouting party under Capt. L. S. Payne, of the 100th regiment, proceeded in the direction of Charleston to-day. The party proceeded with caution and got an excellent view of some of the rebel corps and forts, and returned to this point at night.

The Union gun-boat Isaac Smith, recently captured by the rebels in Stono river, was taken by them through Waupan creek to Charleston, where she has been iron-clad. She is nearly ready for service, and is about being sent back to Stono to try to capture wooden blockaders. The water in Waupan creek is at present too shallow for the Smith to pass through, but the rebels are now dredging shallow parts of the creek.

The rebels have been very busy of late in erecting new and improving old fortifications in Stono Inlet. From Legarville to Waupan creek there are no less than ten earth batteries.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—The following has been received at the headquarters of the army:

MURFREESBORO, April 6, 6:30 p. m.
Major General Halleck:
General in-Chief:

Gen. Stanley has returned from his scout, bringing in some forty or fifty prisoners and three hundred serviceable horses and mules.

He drove Morgan's cavalry from the Peninsula, whipped them from their stronghold at Snow Hill, north of Smithville, and but for their precipitate retreat, and the difficult nature of the country, would have had a force in their rear and captured their artillery and animals. The enemy left quite a number of dead, and fled toward McMinnville, losing many horses, saddles and guns.

[Signed] W. S. ROSECRANS,
Major General.

KANSAS CITY, April 7.—At the municipal election, yesterday, the entire unconditional Union ticket was elected by a majority of 300.

A messenger from Major Ransom's battery, of the 6th Kansas cavalry, reports several skirmishes with guerrillas, in which twenty-five were killed, the notorious Todd wounded, and the capture of their horse equipments.

Some twenty-five houses of noted secessionists of this county, were burned last week, and a hundred head of stock taken [illegible]

[illegible] intelligence from the Eastern Shore of Lake Michigan says the schooner Farriner was capsized off New Buffalo. All hands are reported to have been lost. The crew consisted of four or five men, and two other persons were on board the vessel. The schooners Helena, Kent and Mushroom were ashore in that vicinity.

LEAVENWORTH, April 7.—At the city election, yesterday, Anthony, Radical Republican, was elected Mayor. He had seven hundred majority over Atwood, Conservative Republican, who was supported by the Democrats. The whole Republican ticket was elected. The city has heretofore been democratic.

DETROIT, April 7.—This city gives the Democratic State ticket for Judge of the Supreme Court and Regents of the University about 700 majority.

Partial returns indicate the success of the Republican State ticket by an increased majority over that received at the election last fall.

WASHINGTON, April 8,—Information has been received here of the death at his residence at Akron, Ohio, on Saturday, of Christopher P. Wolcott, late Assistant Secretary of War.

STRICTLY PURE ARTICLES
Low Prices.
PITTSBURGH DRUG HOUSE,
TORRENCE & McGARR,
APOTHECARIES.
Corner Fourth and Market streets,
PITTSBURGH.

Drugs,	Lead,	Cream Tartar
Medicines,	Paints,	Baking Soda,
Perfumery	Dye Stuffs,	Eng. Mustard,
Chemicals,	Spices,	Oils,
&c.,	&c.,	&c.

☞ Physicians Prescriptions accurately compounded at all hours.
Pure Wines and Liquors. for medicinal use only. ie19tc

SYRINGES:
Soft Rubber Syringes,
Soft Rubber Syringes.
Hard Rubber Syringes,
Hard Rubber Syringes.
MALE AND FEMALE SYRINGES.
MALE AND FEMALE SYRINGES.
Our stock of India rubber (both soft and hard,) Syringes, together with glass and metal, is very complete They are selling at very moderate prices and are warranted of the best manufacture.
A. J. RANKIN & CO.,
33 Market St. 3 doors below Fourth,
Pure Wines and Liquors for medical purposes. ap2

Partnership Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS day formed a co-partnership under the firm and style of LINDSAY & TELFORD, for the purpose of transacting a wholesale and retail Grocery, Flour and Produce business, at No 187 Liberty street, eight doors above St Clair, where they will be pleased to see the customers of the old house of Samuel Lindsay, and the public generally.
SAMUEL LINDSAY, Jr.,
ap3 JOHN TELFORD.

3000 BARRELS TROW'S CITY mills Madison Flour.
200 bbls Star of the West Flour,
100 bbls Eureka Mills Flour,
100 bbls Bartlett's Mills Flour,
75 bbls Schuk's Madison Mills Flour,
50 bbls Invincible Mills Flour
150 bbls Limestone Mills Flour
50 bbls Trow's St Louis Mills Flour,
50 bbls Corn Exchange Mills Flour,
50 bbls Canonsburg Mills Flour,
30 bbls Falls of Ohio Mills Flour,
35 half chests Green and Black Teas,
20 boxes Werk's German Soap,
20 boxes Woman's Friend Soap,
20 boxes Mould Candles,
15 dozen Corn Brooms,
10 dozen Buckets,
10 bbls New Orleans Molasses,
3 tcs Davis' Star Hams,
5 bbls Hominy,
10 bags Coffee,
On hand and for sale by
LINDSAY & TELFORD,
ap4dlw. 187 Liberty Street.

$5,50 WEBSTER'S $5,50
UNABRIDGED DICTIONARY.
Fifty copies, complete, Pictorial Edition at $5.50 for sale by JOHN H. MELLOR,
Jan7 81 Wood street.

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

FILOGA M'FLIMSEY'S SOLILOQUY.

Now Spring is coming, I do declare,
And Flora M'Flimsey has nothing to wear,
The the war is making our purses light,
Yet the girls must dress while the lovers fight—
And the surest way and the safest plan
Is to get for our money the most we can.

Now, would you believe, it's such a bore—
They say that haughty Miss Fitz Green Moore
Has a Cloak of satin richer than mine, by far
So she told a Jenkins, and he told Ma.
It tends to harform the loviest grace,
And adds such a charm to her homely face
That the exquisites think her a 5th street belle,
The Cloak came from Spence's I know full well.

Now this famous SPENCE of high renown,
Who has made such a panic all thro' the town,
Sells Cloaks of all textures, hues and forms,
From the water proof suited to wintry storms
To the elegant Silks for "dress parades;"
Becoming the widow, or wife or maid,
And I'd like the most of all things to know
How the poor man lives when he sells so low.

NO. 73 MARKET STREET.
ap8 PITTSBURGH

WILL BE

Opened This Day

At 22c Good Dark Ginghams,

At 15 3 Cases Dark Prints, Fast colors.

At 15¾ " " " "

Light Delaines, Very Cheap.

Challies,

LAWNS,

BLACK AND FANCY DRESS SILKS,

SHAWLS,

HOOP SKIRTS,

CORSETS, HOSIERY, GLOVES,

SHIRT FRONTS,

IRISH LINENS,

BONNETS, BONNET RIBBONS,

FLOWERS,

RUCHES,

And a very large stock of HOUSEKEEPING GOODS,

All of which will be sold as cheap as they can be found anywhere, at

WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.

Wholesale buyers will find it to their advantage to call and examine our stock.
ap8 above the Diamond.

CONCENTRATED LYE—Five cases, containing 576, just received and for sale, by GEO. A. KELLY,
ap8 69 Federal St., Allegheny.

10 GROSS OF SELLERS' IMPERIAL Cough Syrup, just received and for sale by GEO. A. KELLY,
ap8 69 Federal St., Allegheny.

FLAXSEED OIL—10 Bbls Flaxseed Oil, just received and for sale by GEO. A. KELLY, 69 Federal St., Allegheny.
ap8

DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS, just received and for sale by GEO. A. KELLY,
ap8 69 Federal St., Allegheny.

SODA ASH AND POTASH.—A large supply of each, just received and for sale by GEO. A. KELLY, 69 Federal St., Allegheny.
ap8

STORE AND DWELLING TO LET, in an excellent location for business, on Market street, near Fourth. Immediate possession given. Apply to
S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
ap8 51 Market street.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—I have this day associated with me in the Clothing business my brother M. Gisner, and J. Phillips. The style and name of the firm will hereafter be Gisner, Phillips & Co. The business will be carried on at the old stand, corner of Fifth and Wood streets.
Z. L. GISNER.
ap8:3t

C. H. S. S.

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NEW NEW NEW NEW

SPRING STYLES
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OF OF
BOOTS AND SHOES
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EVERY DAY
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AT AT
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CONCERT HALL SHOE STORE,
62 Fifth Street,
☞ Next door to Express Office, ap3
Selling as usual, much under the regular prices

PRIVATE DISEASES.—DR. BROWN'S office, 50 SMITHFIELD STREET, Citizens and strangers in need of medical advice should not fail to give him a call.

Dr. Brown's remedies never fail to cure impurities, scrofulous and venereal affections—Also hereditary taint, such as tetter, pyrouses and other skin diseases, the origin of which the patient is ignorant.

SEMINAL WEAKNESS.

Dr. B's remedies for this affliction, brought on by solitary habits are the only medicines known in this country which are safe and will speedily restore to health.

RHEUMATISM.

Dr. Brown's remedies cure in a few days this painful affliction.

He also treat Piles, Gleet, Gonnorrhoe, Urethal Discharges, Female Diseases, Faits in the Back and Kidneys, Irritation of the Bladder, strictures, etc.

A letter to be answered must contain at least ONE DOLLAR.

Medicines sent to any address safely packed. Office and private rooms, No. 50 SMITHFIELD STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. no15d&w

IRA B. M'VAY & CO.,
(Late of the firm of W. H. Williams & Co.,)
BANKERS,
NO. 75 FOURTH STREET,
Next door to the Mechanics Bank.
DEALERS IN
GOLD, SILVER, BANK NOTES, EXCHANGE,
and all classes of Government Securities.
ap6.3md

GRAVEL ROOFING of the best material, at $4,50 per square of one hundred feet.
LUPTON & OLDDEN,
mh30 corner 5th and Wood street.

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS

AT A MEETING OF THE ST. PETER'S BENEFICIAL SOCIETY, held on Sunday last, the following resolutions were adopted.

WHEREAS, By the dispensation of Divine Providence, Mr. JAS. FALOON, an honored and useful member of our society has been removed by death:

Resolved, That in the life of the deceased we acknowledge those virtues that are possessed by very few—unassuming and unpretending—sincere and zealous Christian: a faithful husband, a Catholic in practice, always ready to extend the hand of relief to every good work—to support the orphan and perform those other works of Christian charity, seemed to be his great ambition: a kind husband and tender father, and in a word a useful citizen, honest in his dealings, honored and respected by all that had the pleasure of his acquaintance.

Resolved, That in the loss of the deceased, St. Peter's Beneficial Society has lost one of its most worthy members, whose life and whose conduct is a bright example to us all, and his memory shall long be cherished by one and all.

Resolved, That we most sincerely sympathize with his wife and family in this dark hour of trial and bereavement, and that we unite with them in the great hope that, having through this life proved himself a good citizen and devout Christian, he has but gone to receive his reward in his home beyond the skies.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be presented to the family of the deceased and that the same be published in the *Evening Chronicle*, *Post* and *Pittsburgh Catholic*.

[Signed] W. H. REEL, President.
ap8 FRANCIS G. WALKER, Sec'y.

PENN STREET RESIDENCE TO RENT.—A large three story brick dwelling No 81 Penn street, near Marbury street, wide hall, large parlor, library, dining room, closets, pantry, kitchen, chambers, bath room, etc. Apply to S. CULBERT & SONS,
ap8 51 Market street.

SEWING MACHINES AT AUCTION. On Friday evening, April 10th, at 8 o'clock, at M'Clelland's Auction House, 5th St., will be sold:

One new Singer Sewing Machine;
" " Parker do do;
" " Moore do do;
" Williams & Orvis do do;
" Quaker City do do;
" Ulinger do do;
ap8 T. A. M'CLELLAND, Auct.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—I have this day associated with me in the manufacture and sale of Tobacco, Snuff and Cigars, Charles G. Beer. Hereafter the name and style of the firm will be, M'Collister & Baer. The business will be carried on at the old stand, No 25 Fifth st., and also on and after Monday the 13th inst., at No 108 Wood street. E. M'COLLISTER.
Pittsburgh, April 1st, 1863:—dlw

LUPTON & OLDDEN,
GRAVEL ROOFERS,
MORNING POST BUILDING,
ap7 corner Fifth and Wood streets.

MUSIC.

INSTRUCTIONS ON THE VIOLIN. Also, parties furnished with Music. Charges moderate. Apply at No. 189 SMITHFIELD STREET to
ap7-lw JOHN CARVER.

APPLES—140 BARRELS CHOICE N. Y. Apples, just received and for sale by JAS. A. FETZER,
ap7 corner Market and 1st St.

EGGS—200 BARRELS FRESH EGGS just received and for sale by JAMES A. FETZER,
ap7 corner Market and 1st St.

HAVE YOU CORNS?—If so, read the following:

R. C. Stevenson, Ticket Agent of the Western Railroad, says: "Dr Rondall has this day removed what had for a long time caused me much annoyance—namely some very painful hard and soft corns.

Mr. A. W. Banks, one of the Local Reporters of the *Dispatch* says: Dr. Randall operated upon a gentleman in my presence, and removed a large corn from between the toes. The patient stated that he suffered no pain from the operation."

The Doctor can be consulted daily at his office, his charge being $1 per corn.

PITTSBURGH, April 22, 1863.

Dr. Randall has this day operated on a corn for me very successfully, which I think is worth fifty dollars.
J. WESTBAY,
Dentist, 238 Penn street.

[*From J. H. Connelly, (Firm of Cook & Co.)*]

Dr. Randall has this day removed an old and painful bunion from my foot. I have had the same operated on repeatedly without success, but I am happy to state that the Doctor has effected a perfect cure, without the least pain. Being a medical man myself I can testify to his knowledge of the pathological condition and formative process of corns and bunions.
J. H. CONNELLY,
Wheeling, March 4th, 1863.

EXTRACTIONS OF CORNS.—Instantaneous and efficacious cures of Corns and Bunions without cutting or causing pain. Dr. Randall, who has devoted years of study exclusively to this complaint, may be consulted at his office on DIAMOND STREET, second door above Grant street opposite the Court House, during the week. Should any one doubt the efficacy of Dr. Randall's practice, he will readily come forward and extract a corn gratuitously in order to convince that such a discovery was never before practiced. Thousands of testimonials can be seen from this and the continent of Europe.
ap6

OLD IS ADVANCING
So is Cotton,
—BUT—
HANSON LOVE & CO.,
NO. 74 & 76 MARKET STREET.
HAVE ON HAND FOR SOME MONTHS A VERY LARGE full stock of MUSLINS, CHECKS, GINGHAMS, TICKINGS, and a full line of every description, S. L. & Co. are selling the balance of their Goods at very small advance and in a Dry Goods House, which they will sell for every dollar they can make during the present year.
HANSON LOVE & CO.
ap1 dlw

STOLEN

FROM THE SUBSCRIBER ON THE Railway Line from Baltimore to Pittsburgh, through Harrisburg, 3 COUPONS, No. 19 for $30 each, one January 1st, 1863, upon Bonds issued to the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company. Payment of said Coupons has been stopped, and the holder is warned not to negotiate them.
BENJ. H. LATROBE.
Pittsburgh, April 4, 1863. ap6-3td

PAPER HANGING!
1863.
Now Or Never.
WM. P. MARSHALL
Again beats all the West in
STYLE, QUALITY AND PRICE.
WALL PAPERS.
Borders, Decorations, Testers, Curtains, Landscapes, Fireboard Prints, etc., of Foreign and Domestic manufacture, for sale by
W. P. MARSHALL,
87 Wood St., near Fourth,
mh28:1m PITTSBURGH.

PASSAGE

FROM THE "OLD COUNTRY."

THE UNDERSIGNED IS PREPARED to bring out emigrants from any part of England Ireland or Scotland, either by superior fast sailing steamers or first-class sailing vessels, at from $5 to $15 less than tickets can be purchased for at any other office in Pittsburgh. Greenbacks or currency taken. Address D. O'NEILL,
European Agency, Chronicle building, Fifth st.,
Pittsburgh, Pa mh16:6md&2w

GENTS. ENAMELED LEATHER Balmorals; Gents Calf leather Balmorals; Gents Grain Leather Balmorals; New York custom made, warranted, at 21 Fifth street.
W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.

LANDRETH'S GARDEN AND FIELD Seeds, warranted fresh and genuine; for sale by BECKHAM & LONG,
mh2 dlw 127 Liberty street.

FLOUR AND OIL BARREL TRESS HOOPS; for sale by JAMES HOWN,
ap4 135 Wood St.

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS

S—T—1860—X

DRAKE'S
Plantation Bitters

They purify, strengthen and invigorate
They create a healthy appetite
They are an antidote to change of water and diet
They overcome the effects of dissipation and late hours
They strengthen the system and enliven the mind
They prevent miasmic and intermittent fevers
They purify the breath and acidity of the stomach
They cure Dyspepsia and Costiveness
They cure Diarrhœa, Cholera and Cholera Morbus
They cure Liver complaints and Nervous Headache,

They are the best Bitters in the world. They make the weak man strong, and are exhausted nature's great restorer. They are made of pure St. Croix Rum, and the celebrated Callisaya Bark, roots and herbs, and are taken with the pleasure of a beverage, without regard to age or time of day. Particularly recommended to delicate persons requiring a gentle stimulant.

Sold by all Grocers, Druggists, Hotels and Saloons,

F. H. DRAKE & CO.,
feb4:3md No. 202 Broadway, New York.

AUCTION SALES.
BY T. A. M'CLELLAND

FURNITURE, CARPETS, &C., AT AUCTION.—On Thursday morning, April 9th at 10 o'clock, at Masonic Hall Auction House, 65 Fifth street, will be sold: fine Mahogany French Bedstead, Mahogany Card Table, 6 Mahogany Hair Seat Chairs, Walnut Hat Racks, Mahogany Enclosed Wash Stands, Mahogany Lounges, Turned Post and Low Post Bedsteads, Breakfast Tables, Walnut Extension Tables, Child's Crib, Three-ply Carpets, Stair Carpets, Door Matts, Mattrasses, Lamps, &c., together with many other articles not enumerated.

N. B. Persons having anything in Furniture line to dispose of will please send in before day of sale as this is a favorable opportunity to dispose of them.

Also, One Sewing Machine.
ap7 T. A. M'CLELLAND, Auctioneer.

TO THE MILLINERS OF THE TWO CITIES—Just received on consignment from importers, a large and varied assortment of Flowers, Fruits, Grapes, &c. which will be sold in quantities to suit purchasers. An early call is solicited. T. A. M'CLELLAND,
ap7 Auctioneer.

FAMILY DYE COLORS.

FAMILY DYE COLORS.
FAMILY DYE COLORS.
FAMILY DYE COLORS.
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FAMILY DYE COLORS.
FAMILY DYE COLORS.

This a new preparation and of the most useful that has lately come into notice. These Dyes are expressly for family use, have been perfected at great expense, after many years of study and experiment, and make a saving to the purchaser of eight per cent. by their use. The articles dyed are ready to wear in from one to three hours, thereby saving time, with great economy, and certainty of perfect colors. These dyes are mixed in the form of powders. For 25 cents you can color as many goods as would cost ten times that amount, and all within three hours. You can get every imaginable color. ☞ Sold at

JOSEPH FLEMING'S
JOSEPH FLEMING'S
JOSEPH FLEMING'S
JOSEPH FLEMING'S
corner of the Diamond and Market street.
corner of the Diamond and Market street.
corner of the Diamond and Market street.
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mh30

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL GOODS
AT
Macrum & Glyde's.

Lace Collars and Sleeves, Blond Sleeves and Berthas, Linen, Cambric and Lawn Handkerchiefs, New Style Head Dresses and Nets, Clerical Ties, Ruffles, Gloves, Hosery, Lace Mitts.

SPRING DRESS TRIMMINGS

Braids, Buttons, Ornaments, Spring Bonnet Trimmings, Ivory and Shell Combs, Spring Styles Balmoral Skirts, Hoop Skirts, Corsets, and an elegant variety of

Fancy Articles and Notions,

At prices as low as they can be bought anywhere,

MACRUM & GLYDE.
No. 78 Market Street
mh21 Between Fourth and the Diamond.

GO TO PITTOCK'S BOOK, STATIONERY and NEWS Depot, opposite the Post Office, for the best editions of Les Miserables—Five volumes, cloth $1.50.

U. S. CONSCRIPTION LAW, 5 cents,

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS—BEST assortment in the city—all prices,

CURRENCY HOLDERS AND WALLETS—75 different kinds—6 cents up,

CARD PHOTOGRAPHS OF ALL prominent persons,

ANYTHING IN THE BOOK AND Stationery line, go to Pittock's, opposite P O

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