DAILY POST.

The Union as it was:
The Constitution as it is!

MONDAY MORNING, MARCH 23.

See First and Third Page for Commercial Daily Markets and River News

COPPERHEADS.

The communication in to-day's *Post* headed "The Copperheads," directed to the editor of the *Chronicle*, and signed "A Democrat," should have appeared some days ago, but was accidentally mislaid by us. This explanation is due to the talented author.

HARRISBURG ELECTION.

A Failure to Bamboozle the People.

The Abolitionists of Harrisburg, the capital of our Commonwealth, have made a bad beginning with their Union League; like their brethren elsewhere, they have been for some weeks talking secretly in favor of a union of what they call Union men, meaning Democratic gentlemen of easy virtue, joining hands with them, in order to enable them to continue themselves in power. In Harrisburg, however, these patriots went a step further, and actually nominated a very respectable gentleman, a popular mechanic and Democrat, in the expectation of sweeping all before them. The result was the triumph of the entire Democratic ticket. The Democratic majority, however, is not quite so large as it has been on some other occasions, and in announcing this fact the Union Leaguers tell us that although the Democrats have been successful, still the "*Republicans* have made gains in Harrisburg." This shows that no matter how these partisans may endeavor to disguise their designs by their frequent changes of names, they are all the same designing partisans all the time.

For several weeks prior to this election there was a military company located in Harrisburg, all of whom were citizens of that city, and entitled to vote. Upon a poll of the company, it was ascertained that it contained but three Republican votes, and so the night previous to the election it was suddenly ordered off to perform duty elsewhere. This is an additional exhibition of Abolition or Union League respect for the soldiers' rights. When it suits their purposes, as in the case of the late New Hampshire election, an entire regiment are sent home to vote the Abolition ticket, and an entire company are sent away from Harrisburg because they desired to vote at her municipal election for the Democratic Union not the Union League candidates.

NEW YORK POLITICS.

There appears to be a prospect that a new party is about being formed in New York, which will utterly destroy the present Abolition organization of that State.—The chief plank in the platform of this new party, will be a vigorous prosecution of the war for the restoration of the Union, and not for the emancipation of the slaves. This, it is thought, will, under the lead of Seward and Weed, and Van Buren and Brady, organize a party powerful enough to sweep the Empire State at the next Presidential election. That this new movement will throttle Greeley and his set of fanatical abolitionists seems to be conceded; and that appears to be its principal object. But to accomplish this result the new organization has but one course to pursue, and that is to join the National Democracy. Weed and Seward may be able to call off a hundred thousand Republicans from the Abolition ranks, but Van Buren and Brady can not induce a hundred Democrats to abandon their organization. Greeley and his followers will still maintain their control over the organization of their party, so that the only way left to defeat them is by desertion from their ranks to those of the Democracy. The third party in New York will amount to nothing as a separate organization, and if it desires the prostration of Abolitionism, all it is required to do is to put its shoulder to the Democratic wheel, pray to God for strength, and push on the column.

There is not a particle of necessity for a new party in New York. The followers of Weed agree with the Democrats upon the leading questions growing out of the war against the rebels. They are both for a prosecution of hostilities for the restoration of the Union and the preservation of the Constitution; they are both against a long war, or a vindictive one that will leave bad remembrances after it is over; they are both against all the radical legislation of the last Congress, the President's blundering proclamations, and the countless expressions of such men as Thaddeus Stevens, against the restoration of the Union as it existed before the rebellion began. They are both willing to carry the olive branch in conjunction with the sword, so that when there is manifested in any rebel State or district a desire to return to its allegience, a humane course may be pursued towards them, and not a monster like Ben Butler set over them, who, by the exercise of cruelty and tyranny, will make them more determined in their hostility to our government. These parties agreeing upon all these important particulars, we do not see why Weed and his followers should not at once knock for admission into the Democratic fold. If the war lasts until 1864 they will have to unite, not only for the purpose of putting down the rebellion, but also to put down abolitionism, the infernal spirit of which will, by that time, have hurried our own section to rapid destruction. Let the great State of New York once take her stand firmly and strongly against the radicals, and it would send a thrill of joy to many a Union Southern heart, which is now groaning under the iron rule of the traitor government.

Railroad Convention.

At a late convention of Northern railway officials, held at the Revere House, Boston, arrangements were made for putting on several hundred new freight cars to accommodate the Western trade. A tariff was agreed upon which must prove satisfactory to shippers.

GENERAL SUMNER.

This gallant officer, whose death we announced by telegraph on Saturday, was a brave and skilful officer, his age was about sixty-five years. He entered the army in March, 1819, was promoted to a first lieutenancy 1823; appointed assistant commissary of subsistence in 1827; promoted to a captaincy of dragoons in 1833, and appointed major of the second dragoons in 1846. He received a brevet as Lieutenant Colonel for his conduct at Cerro Gordo, where he commanded the Mounted Rifle Regiment and was wounded. He recovered rapidly and took part in the subsequent battles in Mexico, receiving a brevet as Colonel for his gallantry at Molino del Rey. In 1848 he was appointed Lieutenant Colonel of the First Dragoons, and in 1855 Colonel of the First Cavalry. In 1857 he commanded and was distinguished in an expedition against the Cheyenne Indians in Kansas. He was the first Brigadier General in the regular army appointed by President Lincoln, having received his commission March 16th, 1861. Soon afterwards he was made a Major General of Volunteers. He commanded a division and afterwards a corps in the Army of the Potomac, and took a prominent part in all the great battles it was engaged in. After the battle of Fredericksburg, he was relieved at his own request, and a few days ago he was assigned to a very important command West of the Mississippi.

(For the Post.

"THE COPPERHEADS."

To Charles McKnight, Esq., Editor of the Chronicle:

SIR—I thank you, cordially, for the candid and generous reply which you make to my questions, and cannot but feel grateful that *you* "have never, either editorially or personally, applied the term *Copperhead* to Democrats." I do not complain that you put Cassius M. Clay, Fernando Wood, Horace Greeley and Vallandigham into the same category; as I prefer principles to persons and the rights of the masses to the interests of parties, this makes no material difference to me. But, with all the impartiality which you evidently strive to maintain, do you not define "Copperheads" in pretty much the same terms that the *Gazette* would define it, if it had the same grace and propriety of expression that you possess? According to your definition the "Copperheads" *do interpret* the Constitution—that, Democrats believe, is better than to ignore or destroy it, which we contend the Abolitionists are doing. The Democrats wish to keep as close to the Constitution as possible, not for the purpose of protecting the rebels—whom the Democrats are faithfully endeavoring to overwhelm in the field—but to protect citizens who remain at home, who have all their duties to perform and have lost none of their rights. For you must admit that all men in the North who are not under arrest for overt treason have a right to the protection of the Constitution and the laws. As to secret societies of "Copperheads" who are "grumbling" and "venomous," I know nothing of them; nor, my dear sir, do I think you can find any conclaves of that sort. The Constitution of the Democratic Central Club has been published in the *Post*, and I confidently ask you if there is anything in that document that can offend any loyal man? I cannot exactly see how you can look upon this war as a personal contest between Jeff. Davis and Abraham Lincoln, as you intimate, but I can honestly declare that I know no man who desires to see Davis and his rebellion overcome Lincoln and the North. If I understand the tenor of your programme of what constitutes a "Copperhead" it means that Democrats *may* be "Copperheads" but Republicans cannot be, and there seems, in your notion, to be no night side to Republican ideas and intentions.

But your paper, sir, professes to be "independent." I will do you the justice to say that you wish to make it "independent" and impartial also; so that all classes may be able to buy and peruse it without having their feelings or their prejudices attacked or outraged. I know that Democrats have extended to you an extensive and generous support. They wish to continue to do so, and with this feeling they have a right to complain if your journal shall contain matter treating them after the fashion of the worst partisan presses. No man who holds precious the fruits of his fireside can receive the *Gazette* into his house, if he has a family—even if, as a Democrat, it were not offensive to him on political grounds. Therefore, the Democrats, like every body else, take the *Chronicle*, and you, sir, have felt the advantage of an undivided public support in your contest with the partisan *Dispatch*, when you wrested from it the printing of the letter-list by reason of your larger circulation. Why, then, should you wantonly use epithets that will estrange or displease 10,000 out of the 23,000 voters of Allegheny county? Why should you re-echo the injurious and vile phrases adopted by the enemies of the Democracy, not to designate a part, but to stigmatise all?

Another view of the matter and I am done. You are aware that the Democrats feel aggrieved at the bitter and unsparing abuse which has been poured upon them by the administration presses. Our good name, and our rights, and our opinions are as dear to us as are those of any other set of men in this universe, and will be as fearlessly maintained. And suppose that, in the spirit of resentment and retaliation, the Democratic presses should take the liberty of attaching an epithet to the abolitionists, indicative of what they think of their ideas and intentions. There is no lack of words in the English language, from which an epithet, apparently suitable, might be selected. Looking to the pecuniary rapacity of a portion of those who are sustaining the abolition view, their blood-thirsty demonstrations towards people at home, &c., &c., the name of "Thugs" might be adopted. [You know the character of the Thug of India]—or they might be called "Jacobins" from their secret and sworn meetings. [That would scarcely be appropriate, however, for the Jacobins had everything to gain by their secret banding, and our enemies have everything to lose, even "contracts."]; Or suppose they were called "Banditti," or any other ugly name, would you, sir, being the editor of an independent, impartial paper, feel that you had a right to adopt the practice of the Democratic party press, and use the term "Thug" or "Jacobin" or "Bandit" as you have used the term "Copperhead?"—[I do not forget that you disclaim the use of the offensive term as the *Gazette* uses it—but still you employ it, and it means, with many of those who read your paper, exactly what it means in the *Gazette*—all Democrats.] I respectfully inquire whether you would take up a name of reproach given by the Democrats to their opponents in the same way that you have taken up a name of reproach given to the Democrats by their enemies.

If you would not, I submit that you would not be treating us fairly—for we can give a name, I suppose, just as well deserved by our opponents as "Copperhead" is by us—even as you explain it. You may hereafter perhaps find many epithets given by Democrats to Republicans; why not as well adopt some of them as adopt the term "Copperhead?"—and at the same time, if Greeley and Clay are deserving to be placed in the same bad category with Vallandigham and Fernando Wood, you should take care to denounce the two first as often as you denounce the two last.

A DEMOCRAT.

GENERAL NEWS ITEMS.

Massachusetts on a War Footing.

Massachusetts is preparing to put the State upon a perfect war footing. A bill has been introduced in the Legislature to organize all the able bodied men, from eighteen to twenty-four, as active militia, and those from twenty-four to forty-five as the reserve. The calls for service shall first apply to those from 20 to 25, next from 25 to 30 and then from 30 to 35.—Exemptions are based on the French system.

Ball Civilities Declined.

The rebel officials at Vicksburg recently invited Gen. Grant, Admiral Porter and the other Union officers to attend a grand ball in the city, with assurances of the kindest treatment and that every effort would be made to render the occasion pleasant and memorable. The polite invitation was declined, our officers having no desire to banquet with those whom they might meet as foes next day.

Paroled.

It is reported that Brigadier General Stoughton and those captured with him at Fairfax Court House have been released on parole by the Confederates.

Flour in the Confederacy.

Flour is cheaper at Savannah, Georgia, than in any other city of the Southern Confederacy.

The Difference.

Butter is selling in this city, Cincinnati and in many other places at forty cents per pound. In central New Jersey the best quality can be had at twenty cents

The Keans.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Kean intend making a professional visit to Australia, their pecuniary needs, it is hinted, compelling them to keep the stage.

Narrow Escape.

General Van Dorn narrowly escaped from being captured by the expedition which drove him across Duck River, having been compelled, by the absence of boats, to go sixteen miles out of his way to reach a bridge.

Projected Attack.

The rebel Commodore Buchanan is devising a plan to attack the federal blockading squadron off Mobile, being desirous of emulating Ingraham's exploit at Charleston.

Railroad Casualties in Ohio.

During 1862, one hundred and twenty three persons lost their lives on railroads in Ohio. Fifty-nine of these were walking on the track, ten fell off trains in motion, eleven were killed by bridges while riding on top and seven were passing from car to car.

New Mines in Arizonia.

Last month very rich mines of gold, silver, copper and quicksilver were discovered at La Paz, Arizonia, and thousands of gold hunters are now wending their way thither.

No Stamps on Pension Papers.

By a late act of Congress all papers requisite in applying for pensions, whether power of attorney, certificate or any other, are exempt from the necessity of having revenue stamps of any description attached.

The Retreat from Murfreesboro.

It is stated that all the rebel Generals under Bragg except Polk, Withers and Cheatem, were opposed to retreating from Murfreesboro. There was much dissatisfaction among them and in answers to a circular addressed to his Generals by Bragg, all except Withers and Cheatem acknowledged their dissatisfaction with him and thought he should ask to be relieved.

Seizing Provisions in the South.

The rebel officials are now seizing flour mills, and grocery stores to supply the wants of the army.

A Rowdy Mayor.

At London, C. W. at a ball in honor of the Prince of Wales' marriage, the Mayor of the town, while intoxicated, attacked Major Bowles, of the British 63d, regiment with abusive language and clenched fists, and finally tore the Crimean medals from his coat and flung them away. The police court fined the Mayor but $1 and costs for this unprovoked assault.

The Detroit Riot.

The Mayor of Detroit has offered $100 reward for the arrest and conviction of each of the rioters engaged in the late negro disturbance in that city.

Exchanging Revenue Stamps.

The new regulations provide that hereafter no revenue stamps will be exchanged for other kinds or denominations, excepting at a discount of one per cent. on the amount exchanged.

New Bridge over the Potomac.

The Alexandria and Washington Railroad Co. have a right under their charter, to build a bridge across the Potomac. They intend to build it along side the Long Bridge.

Canada to Return Deserters.

A bill has been introduced into the Canadian Parliament, providing for the return of all deserters from the army of the United States.

The Cherokees.

Having been released from the pressure of a rebel army, the Cherokee nation have passed an act repealing the secession ordinance, and also one abolishing slavery in the territory.

Sending them South.

Gen. Rosecrans has ordered all whose natural supporters are in the Confederate army and who are so situated as to be unable to give assurances of loyalty, to hold themselves in readiness to go South of his lines within ten days.

Corn in Virginia.

The Richmond papers are again advising the planting of corn and stopping the cultivation of tobacco, as a great deal depends upon the supply of cereals to the army in Virginia.

Ice Gathering.

Parties from Memphis, Louisville and St. Louis are at Dubuque, Iowa, employing men to cut and pack ice for them.—Thousands of tons have been gathered during the past week.

For the Post.

FROM HARRISBURG.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Saturday, March 21st, '63.

MR. EDITOR: Your correspondent "Cussewago" having apparently started after strange institutions, I thought perhaps a line from a Copperhead would not be entirely unacceptable. The representatives of the people, as is their custom, adjourned yesterday evening, until Monday evening at half past seven o'clock. There has not been much business of importance transacted, within a few days, except the passage of the general appropriation bill through the House. The institutions of the West were generally fairly dealt with, but it was found impossible to get the $40,000 inserted to finish the wing of the Western Penitentiary, although Judge Shannon and Dr. Gross, your talking members, assisted by Mr. Kaine, of Fayette, worked hard for it. That noble and really Christian establishment under the control of the Sisters of Mercy in your city, had its claims only partially recognized, by the passage of $5,000. It should have been $10,000. I think there is no doubt of its passage through the Senate.

One of the events of the week here was the levee or party given by the Governor, on Wednesday evening, to the Legislature, Revenue Board, reporters of the press and other *distinguished* characters. There was a very big crowd on hand. Governor Curtin was all smiles and amiability, the supper was tip top, the liquors elegant, and the cigars very fine. The evening passed off very pleasantly and all appeared to enjoy themselves well.—Whether the crowd will work as industriously for the Governor's re nomination and election as they did to clear off his well filled tables remains to be seen.

Thursday was general call day in the House, when a large number of petitions were presented, bills read in place, &c., but nothing of special importance was done except (in the afternoon) considering the resolution in reference to final adjournment. After spending an hour or two in suggesting amendments, calling the yeas and nays, &c., the members got things so beautifully mixed up they had to appeal to the Speaker to know how to vote. He explained to them very clearly how to carry out their own ideas, and the resolution passed second reading, fixing the 16th of April. Under the rule it laid over until next morning, when a new idea appeared to have taken hold of several gentleman. Instead of fixing on a day for final adjournment a resolution declaring a recess from the 31st of March to the 26th of May passed. In this shape it was sent to the Senate, where it was immediately amended by fixing the 9th of April as the day of final adjournment. On coming back to the House that body adhered to its former action, and a committee of conference was appointed.

The Speaker appointed as the committee, Messrs. Smith, of Philadelphia, Kaine and Barger, all in favor of the recess.—What the idea of a recess is does not seem perfectly clear to the uninitiated, but some are uncharitable enough to think out loud, because the Speaker favors the measure, that he wants a little time to secure delegates for the June convention. He is an innocent man, however, not likely to do such a thing. Speaking of Governor, the contest for the nomination seems to be narrowing down closer every day between Clymer, Cass, Witte and Cessna, although there will be at least a baker's dozen of other names presented.

In the afternoon yesterday, the general bill for paying bounties to soldiers was discussed and decided in various ways, but nothing definite was agreed upon. There anything is fixed upon I will advise you of it.

The contest for Mayor here yesterday was rather warm, and although the abolitionists had seduced a very decent man and respectable citizen, formerly a Democrat, named Tillinghast into being their candidate, running him as a Union League or War Democrat, it was no go, and the old war horse, Gen. Roumfort, was elected. The majority, something like fifty, looks small, but under the circumstances the constitutional or copperhead Democracy of Harrisburg, as they are all willing to call themselves, have achieved a great victory. It is said that Bergner and his Hessian aiders had it arranged to have the Provost battalion sent off before the election, for fear they would vote for the Democratic candidate. If Cussewago don't turn up you may hear from me again.

Yours, truly, COPPERHEAD.

GOOD FOR WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, PA., March 20, 1863.

JAS. P. BARR—*Dear Sir*: The Democracy of Washington Borough send greeting to their fellow Democrats of Pennsylvania. Our whole ticket was elected today by majorities ranging from 75 to 90. All's well. The people have had their say.

UNION AND CONSTITUTION.

SOUTHERN NEWS.

From the Richmond Enquirer.

The Fight with the Chillicothe---The Yazoo Expedition--Battle at Fort Pemberton---The Enemy's Movements.

MOBILE, March 16, 1863.

A special dispatch to the *Appeal*, dated Panola, March 14, says a gentleman direct from Coldwater, states that two formidable gunboats, the Chillicothe and De Kalb, two rams, with cotton defences, three gunboats not deemed formidable, three batteries, three hundred cavalry and ten thousand men, comprise the Yankee force in the Yazoo.

Some boats, not loaded, accompany the expedition, it is thought for the purpose of stealing cotton. They left Helena with one day's rations of meat, plenty of bread and other supplies. They rely upon the resources of the country for meat, which they are stealing.

The *Appeal* says a gentleman who witnessed the fight at Fort Pemberton, states that our troops waded to their waists to get a chance at the enemy. The Yankee fleet consists of six gunboats and rams, with an infantry force of from five to eight thousand. The enemy's movements inticated a landing higher up the river, on the opposite bank. Our officers were preparing to frustrate the enemy at all points.

DIED.

Suddenly, on Saturday morning, March 21st, at 6 o'clock, Capt. JOHN HANNA, aged 50 years.

The funeral will leave the family residence, No 218 Penn street, this (Monday) morning, at 10 o'clock, and proceed to the Allegheny Cemetry.

On Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock, March 22, 1863, in the 17th year of her age, EMMA R. B. BERGER, only daughter of A. B. Berger.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Tuesday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of her parents, No. 95 Colwell street.

On Sunday morning, 22d inst., CLARA ELIZABETH, only daughter of Harrison A. and Kate Coffin, in the sixth year of her age.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, to take place from the residence of her parents, No 195 Lacock street, Allegheny, at 2 o'clock, (this) Monday afternoon

LIQUID STOVE POLISH.
The best and cheapest article in use,
It needs no mixing,
It has no smell whatever;
It produces no dirt or dust;
It preserves from rust;
It produces a jet black polish;
It requires very little labor;
For sale by SIMON JOHNSTON,
mh11 corner Smithfield and Fourth streets

STERLING'S AMBROSIA FOR THE HAIR,
Contains a new and valuable discovery for causing the Hair to grow in the most luxuriant manner. For sale by SIMON JOHNSTON,
mh11 corner Smithfield and Fourth streets

First Edition.

LATEST NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM THE ARMY OF THE WEST.

Fight near Milton, Tenn.

Important Southern News.

DEATH OF MAJOR GENERAL E. V. SUMNER.

Late News from California.

FIRE IN CHICAGO.

&c., &c., &c., &c.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—The following dispatch was received to-day at the Headquarters of the Army:

MURFREESBORO, March 20.

MAJOR GENERAL HALLECK,
General-in-Chief:

General Reynolds reports, from Colonel Hall's brigade, on a scout near Milton on the road to Liberty, that he was attacked this morning by Morgan and Breckinridge's cavalry, about 800 or 1,000 strong, and after a few hours fight we whipped and drove them, with a less to us of 17 killed and 31 wounded, including one captain. The rebel loss was 30 or 40 killed, including three commissioned officers, 140 wounded and 12 prisoners, including three commissioned officers.

(Signed) W. S. ROSECRANS,
Major General.

NEW YORK, March 21.—The steamer British Queen, from Havana on the 14th, via Nassau, arrived at this port this afternoon. She reports that the rebel steamer Cuba arrived at Havana on the 14th from the coast of Florida, with 600 bales of cotton.

The Captain of the Brig Emily Fisher states that the privateer Retribution was condemned at Nassau. It appears that she was rotten and could hardly stand the discharge of one rifled gun, though she had on board four other guns, but it was deemed unsafe to mount them. The Captain said he should undertake to get a steamer.

The Port Royal New South of the 14th says, that Jacksonville, Florida, was taken by a colored brigade on the 10th inst. The negroes behaved with propriety, and none of them were injured.

On the 11th inst., Colonel Montgomery, with 200 men, had a sharp skirmish, three miles from town, with 200 rebels.

Baldwin, the junction of the Jacksonville and Tallahassee and the Cedar Keys Railroad, is supposed to be the point arrived at by the expedition.

The Bark W. H. Gaston reports that on the 7th inst., off St. Thomas, she saw the U. S. gunboat Alabama and a screw steamer steering East.

The New York steamer Teutonia, which sailed for Liverpool to-day, took out no specie.

SYRACUSE, March 21.—Major General E V. Sumner died this morning, at the residence of his son-in-law, Col. Teall, of congestion of the lungs. He was sick for a few days only.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 18.—Arrived the ship Don Quixote, New York; Imperial, Hong Kong.

The markets dull. Sales of ten thousand tons anthracite coal at fifteen dollars and fifty cents per ton.

Hong Kong dates are received to January 19. Black and Oolong teas declined.

The shipment of cotton goods to New York continued.

Raw cotton weak, but in demand.

For America and England, the ship Romance of the Sea, sailed for San Francisco is seventy-seven days out and not heard from since.

The rebels have menaced Ningapoo but consequence of supposed arrangements securing British neutrality. They no longer approach within thirty miles of the Shanghai.

French residents of Shanghai believe that France contemplates territorial aggrandizement in China, with Ningpo for base of operations.

Expectations among the Chinese that the Russian Government might lend its aid for the suppression of the rebellion is unlikely to be realized.

CHICAGO, March 21.—The chair and furniture factory of Herman & Rackee, with six dwellings, was consumed yesterday. The fire was caused by the explosion of the boiler in the factory. Four persons were dangerously wounded. Loss $6,000—partially insured.

FORTRESS MONROE, March 21—8 A. M.—The wind is blowing heavily from the Northeast, with rain. Thermometer 37°. No disasters from the storm are reported.

BALTIMORE, March 21.—Passengers by the Old Point boat report that a foot of snow fell yesterday at Fortress Monroe.

LACROSSE, WIS., March 20.—The Steamer Keokuk has started for Lake Pepin, the Mississippi being now open to that point.

NEW YORK, March 21.—The steamer City of Baltimore took out $479,000 in specie.

STRICTLY PURE ARTICLES
Low Prices.
PITTSBURGH DRUG HOUSE,
TORRENCE & McGARR,
APOTHECARIES.
Corner Fourth and Market streets,
PITTSBURGH.
Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery Chemicals, &c., Lead, Paints, Dye Stuffs, Spices, &c., Cream Tartar Baking Soda, Eng. Mustard, Oils, &c.
Physicians Prescriptions accurately compounded at all hours.
Pure Wines and Liquors, for medicinal use only. feb9to

NEW SPRING GOODS.
HUGUS & HACKE,
Successors to
W. & D. HUGUS,
FIFTH and MARKET,
NEW SPRING DRESS GOODS,
of the latest importations in varied styles and most fashionable colors at all prices.
NEW SPRING CHINTZES,
NEW MOURNING GOODS,
NEW SILKS,
NEW SPRING SHAWLS & SACQUES,
A complete stock of House Furnishing and Domestic Goods.
mh18

TEN MILES FROM THE CITY well improved property of 45 acres for sale, a good mansion house well arranged for comfort and convenience, stable, barn, young orchard, garden shrubbery, etc. For price and terms apply to S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
mh19 51 Market street.

FOR CHURCHES—THE CRUCIFIXION and the Resurrection, being copies of celebrated Frescoes, designed for Altar pieces or Pulpit Walls, for sale by W. P. MARSHALL,
mh21 87 Wood street.

SPRING WALL PAPERS—DON'T pay high prices. Beautiful Satin Papers for 25c. White Blanks for 15c and other low prices, for sale by W. P. MARSHALL,
mh24 87 Wood street.

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS

BOY WANTED—A boy who understands feeding for a Steam Press. Enquire at the Post Printing Office.
mh23

ALLEGHENY DEMOCRATIC CLUB.—Hon. CHAS. SHALER, will address the Club at their usual place of meeting, (Moore's Hall, Diamond, Allegheny) on Monday evening March 23d at 7 o'clock.
mh21:2td THOS. FARLEY, President.

MACKEREL—20 Bbls, Half Bbls and Qr, Bbls fresh No 1 large Mackerel.
20 Bbls No 2 do do
20 " No 3 do do
20 Kits Mess and No 1 do
Just received and for sale, by
mh23 MILLER & RICKETSON,

RESIDENCE AT OAKLAND FOR Rent—A two story brick dwelling House of hall and seven rooms, one acre of ground, fruit and shade trees, shrubbery, etc., good water and near the Station. Apply to
CUTHBERT & SONS,
mh23 51 Market St.

BLACKSMITHS AND HELPERS Wanted. A number of good Blacksmiths and helpers will find constant employment at good wages by applying immediately to the undersigned at the Allegheny Arsenal.
R. H. R. WHITELEY,
mh23:1w Maj. of Ordnance,

MAGIC TIME OBSERVER, THE Perfection of Mechanism. Being a Hunting and open face, or Ladie's or Gentleman's Watch combined, with Patent Self Winding Improvement.
The New York Illustrated News, the leading pictorial paper of the United States in its issue of Jan. 10, '63 page 147, voluntarily says: "We have been shown a most pleasing novelty, of which the Hubbard Bros. of New York, are the sole importers, it is called the Magic Time Observer and is a hunting and open-face watch combined. One of the prettiest, most convenient and decidedly the best and cheapest Timepiece for general and reliable use ever offered. It has within it and connected with its machinery, its own winding attachment, rendering a key entirely unnecessary. The cases of this watch are composed of two metals, the outer of fine 16 carat gold and the inner one of solid silver. It has the improved ruby action lever movement, and is warranted an accurate timepiece."
Price, superbly engraved, per case of half dozen, $20; sample watches, in neat morocco boxes, for those proposing to buy at Wholesale $35. If sent by mail the postage is 36 cents.
Address HUBBARD BROS, Sole Importers,
65 & 67 Nassau cor John Sts, New York.
mh2:d6t

DAUB & CAPPELL,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
NO. 185 SMITHFIELD STREET.
WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A large and well selected stock of
Spring Goods,
consisting of
Cloths, Casimeres, Vestings, &c.
ALSO—A large stock of
GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,
including *Paper Collars, Neck Ties*, and everything usually kept by first class Furnishing Stores. Orders promptly executed. au30:1yd

DRY GOODS
AT LESS THAN
EASTERN PRICES,
AT
C. HANSON LOVE & CO.
NOS. 74 & 76 MARKET STREET.
mar1

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL GOODS
AT
Macrum & Glyde's,
Lace Collars and Sleeves, Blond Sleeves and Berthas, Linen, Cambric and Lawn Handkerchiefs, New Style Head Dresses and Net, Clerical Ties, Ruches, Gloves, Hosery, Lisle Mitts,
SPRING DRESS TRIMMINGS.
Braids, Buttons, Ornaments, Spring Bonnet Trimmings, Ivory and Shell Combs, Spring Styles Balmoral Skirts, Hoop skirts, Corsets, and an elegant variety of
Fancy Articles and Notions,
At prices as low as they can be bought anywhere,
MACRUM & GLYDE.
No. 78 Market Street
mh21 Between Fourth and the Diamond.

GO TO PITTOCK'S, BOOK, STATIONERY and News Depot, opposite the Post Office, for the best editions of Les Miserables—Five volumes, cloth $1 50.

U. S. CONSCRIPTION LAW, 5 cents,

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS—BEST assortment in the city—all prices,

CURRENCY HOLDERS AND WALLETS—75 different kinds—3 cents up,

CARD PHOTOGRAPHS OF ALL prominent persons,

ANYTHING IN THE BOOK AND Stationery line, go to Pittock's, opposite P O

New Carpet Store.
HAVING made arrangements to engage permanently in the Carpet business in Pittsburgh, under the firm of
M'Farland, Collins & Co.
We are fitting up for that purpose the spacious and elegant room
Nos. 71 & 73 Fifth Street.
Above Miner's Book Store, next door to the Post Office, where we expect to open, about the first of April, an entirely new, fresh and complete assortment of Carpets of every description.
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
Window Shades,
MATTING,
And all the goods pertaining to the stock of a first class Carpet Store, and respectfully solicit the patronage of our friends and the public.
JAMES W. M'FARLAND,
HENRY H. COLLINS.
m20:t1a

AT
W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.,
NO. 31 FIFTH STREET,
Ladies will find a large and choice selection of fashionable
BOOTS and SHOES
consisting of every variety of Ladies', Misses' Boy's, Youth's and Children's Heeled Gaiters, Congress, Lace and Button,
Morocco, Kid and Calf Boots.
English Walking Boots, Goat and Calf Balmorals, Eugene Boots, White Satin and Kid Slippers, Parlor and Toilet slippers, which are selling as low as any house West of the mountains.
mh20

TWO THREE STORY BRICK DWELLING Houses for sale, situated on Clark St. Price $1 200 each. Terms, one-half in hand, balance on time,
S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
mh21 Commercial Brokers,
51 Market street

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS—T—1860—X

DRAKE'S
PLANTATION BITTERS
They purify, strengthen and invigorate
They create a healthy appetite
They are an antidote to change of water and diet
They overcome the effects of dissipation and late hours
They strengthen the system and enliven the mind
They prevent miasmic and intermittent fevers
They purify the breath and acidity of the stomach
They cure Dyspepsia and Constipation
They cure Diarrhœa, Cholera and Choler Morbus
They cure Liver complaints and Nervous Headache,
They are the best Bitters in the world. They make the weak man strong, and are exhausted nature's great restorer. They are made of pure St. Croix Rum, and the celebrated Callaya Bark, roots and herbs, and are taken with the pleasure of a beverage, without regard to age or time of day. Particularly recommended to delicate persons requiring a gentle stimulant.
Sold by all Grocers, Druggists, Hotels and Saloons,
P. H. DRAKE & CO.,
feb4:3md No. 202 Broadway, New York.

AUCTION SALES.

BY T. A. M'CLELLAND:

SUPERIOR FURNITURE AT AUCTION, at 20 Second street, Scotch Hill, on Thursday next, at 10 o'clock precisely, I will sell without reserve a quantity of superior Furniture, Carpets, &c., comprising mahogany hair seat sofas and parlor chairs, rosewood rocking chair, marble top centre table, do do pier table, walnut what-not, marble top dressing bureau, walnut wardrobe, fine high post bedstead, double crib, washstand and stick chair combined, dining and kitchen tables and chairs, cane seat chairs, parlor, chamber and stair carpets, matrasses, oil cloth window blind, clocks, queensware, bird cages, ice chest, fireirons and stands, fenders, &c., &c. Also, one French plate gilt frame mirror, one set silver plated tea ware.
Special attention is called to this sale as the Furniture is almost new and must be sold as the Family is removing to Philadelphia.
N. B. Personal attention given to sales of furniture at private dwellings or at the Auction Rooms, 55 Fifth St. T. A. McFARLAND.
mh23

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CARPETS, &c. at Auction, at 33 7th Street, corner of Cherry alley, on Monday, 23d inst., at 10 o'clock, precisely, will be sold the entire Furniture, &c., embracing mahogany hair seat sofas and chairs, hair seat rocker, marble top centre table, side table, mahogany hat rack, wardrobe, wash stand, high and low post bedsteads, Venetian and buff blinds, bureaus, lounge, gilt frame mirrors, pictures, pivars, bolsters, bedding, parlor, chamber, hall and stair carpets and rugs, stair rods, oil cloth, kitchen table and utensils, cook stove, fenders, ice chest, &c., &c.
Special attention given to sales of furniture.
mh19 T. A. M'CLELLAND, Auctioneer.

SPECIAL SALE OF A LARGE AND Elegant Collection of Rare and Beautiful
SEA SHELLS,
At MASONIC HALL AUCTION HOUSE, 55 FIFTH STREET,
to be sold without any reserve or limits as to price, 20 cases, part of a recent shipment from London, England, of some of the most splendid MARINE SHELLS ever before witnessed in this city, with various other natural curiosities, comprising
CORALS, CAMEOS, PEARLS,
&c., &c., &c., &c.
Consisting of over 1,000 specimens, such as have never before been offered at Public Sale in Pittsburgh. A rare opportunity is now offered to the citizens. The public, and the ladies in particular, are invited to examine this magnificent assortment of Curiosities from the Dominions of
OLD NEPTUNE.
These are the Works of Nature, and no artist that ever lived, could imitate them in shape or colors,
"The Wonders and Beauties of the Mighty Deep."
The first sale takes place on WEDNESDAY EVENING March 18th, at 7½ o'clock, and continue on THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY, at the same hour.
T. A. M'CLELLAND, Auctioneer.
T. BOYTAN,
Sole American Agent for the Company.
mh14-tf

REAL ESTATE SAVINGS INSTITUTION, incorporated by the Legislature of Pennsylvania.
Open for Deposits from 10 a. m. to 2 o'clock, p. m., daily; also on SATURDAY EVENINGS from 6 till 9 o'clock.
Office, 63 FOURTH STREET.
A SAFE, CONVENIENT and PROFITABLE DEPOSITARY, for Mechanics, Laborers, Clerks and all those whose means or savings are small. It also commends itself to Executors, Administrators, Collectors, Agents, voluntary Societies or Associations, and persons of all classes.
Interest at the rate of SIX PER CENT. per annum is paid on deposits, which, if not drawn, will be placed to the credit of the depositor on the first day of May and November, and thereafter bear the same interest as the principal. At this rate money will DOUBLE IN LESS THAN TWELVE YEARS.
Interest will commence on all deposits the 1st and 15th days of the month after such deposits are made.
Books containing Charter, By-Laws, &c., furnished on application at the office.
PRESIDENT—ISAAC JONES
VICE PRESIDENT—W. B. COPELAND.
TRUSTEES.
Hon Thos M Howe, Isaac Jones, Wm Holmes, Harvy Childs, Hon J K Moorhead, O G Hussey, Jacob Painter, Nicholas Voegtly, W B Copeland.
Secretary and Treasurer—A. A. CARRIER,
feb5:6md

GENT'S FRENCH CALF BOOTS,
Gent's Glove Calf Gaiters,
Gent's Glove Calf Gaiters,
Gent's Glove Calf Gaiters,
Cheap as the cheapest.
At DIFFENBACHER'S
mh21 15 Fifth street, near Market.

FRESH STOCK OF
BOOTS and SHOES
Just received at the Cheap Cash Store, of
JOSEPH H. BOELAND'S,
No. 98 Market st., 2d door from Fifth,
mh21

C. H. S. S.
NEW NEW GOODS,
NEW GOODS GOODS
LATE LATE STYLES
LATE STYLES STYLES
HALF
ABOUT PRICE USUAL.
CONCERT HALL SHOE STORE
62 Fifth Street,
Next door to Express Office. mh7

PURE LIQUORS, PURE LIQUORS
for medicinal and private use,
for medicinal and private use,
I am in receipt of an invoice of pure Liquors for medicinal and private use, bottled expressly for such purposes by Falconer & Co., of New York. These Liquors are recommended as being something superior to anything ever offered in this city. Those wishing a strictly pure article of the following Liquors can obtain them at my establishment
Fine old Madeira Wines,
Fine old Port Wines,
Fine old Sherry Wines,
Fine old Cognac Brandy,
Young American Gin,
Vandivoer's Schiedam Schnapps,
Also, a full assortment of California Wines on hand.
JOSEPH FLEMING,
corner the Diamond and Market st.
A superior article of Holland Gin on hand.
mh17

FOR SALE.—THREE SMALL farms, within twelve miles of the city.
GOOD ORCHARDS ON E