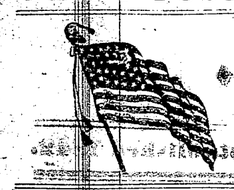
DAILY POST.



The Union as it was.
The Constitution as it is!

☞ See First and Third Page for Commercial Daily Markets and River News

FRIDAY MORNING, FEB. 20.

HE BREATHES FREE.

"Occasional," the profligate Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Press*, who has been laboring for a year at least to prove that the Democrats in the present Congress are disloyal, has discovered, all at once, that he has been lying. In his letter of the 17th, alluding to the passage of Senator Wilson's conscription bill, "Occasional" remarks:

"Yesterday's action in the Senate has convinced me that we have a country still, and that there are moments, and this was one of them, when every thought that is not loyal is forever banished, and when the genius of Freedom alone sheds her inspiration into every American heart. Too much cannot be said in commendation of the bearing of such Democratic Senators, in favor of the bill, as McDougall and Latham of California, Nesmith and Harding of Oregon, Rice of Minnesota, Henderson of Missouri, and of Border State men, like Hicks of Maryland, Davis of Kentucky, and Willey of Virginia."

If the radicals would only let the Democrats and Border State men have the management of the war, they could bring it to a triumphant termination in six months. Repeal all the nonsensical legislation by Congress, in relation to confiscation and emancipation, and return to the old idea of a prosecution of hostilities for the restoration of the Union. Create and foster a Union feeling in the South, and bring about unanimity at the North; put McClellan at the head of the army, with absolute command, allowing him to suffer nothing from the interference of bushwhackers in Washington, and Jeff Davis' government will soon become the "baseless fabric of a vision." But this is not the purpose of the gentlemen who control things at Washington. They pass bills intended to kill off the least particle of respect for the government in the revolted States; they resort to every expedient to alienate the Democracy and place them in opposition to the Administration, and for merely partizan purposes; and they resort to every miserable falsehood to demonstrate that opposition to the most mischievous acts of the administration is absolute treason to the government.

Thurlow Weed the other day predicted that the present course of the radicals would not only "secure the independence of the South, but preserve the institution of slavery," and we believe it would were they able to carry out their programme. But these lame ducks are not going to have things their own way very long; the conservatives are coming into power, when, instead of fighting the rebels with proclamations calculated, if not intended, to prolong hostilities and eventually bring about disunion, we shall have war for the Union and nothing else. In that contest Abolitionism and slavery must take back seats; they must stand from under. The fight will be stripped of all unnecessary complications; it will be a simple set-to for the preservation of the government, not for emancipation of negroes, nor for the preservation of slavery. Every one will understand it, and having the two extremes, the radical Abolitionists and the radical slaveholders, every one will favor it. Men who are now indifferent and despondent will become in earnest and enthusiastic, and instead of endeavoring to dodge the draft by exemptions from examining physicians, will all become robust, each patriot taking two or three chances in the war. Then we shall have a war, quick, telling and decisive; it will amount to a frolic on a large scale; and when the fight is over, we'll hug our "Southern brethren," shake hands and make friends, leaving the Abolitionists and the Southern leaders to growl on if they will. This is our programme; by it we expect to save the government and Union from the designs of rebels in arms, as well as from the machinations of those subtle traitors who are now laboring to render a reunion of the States impossible.—No conscription bills will be necessary to raise men for such a war; we'll all, except the sniffling radicals, rush to arms, and, like an avalanche, suddenly fall upon and crush rebellion.

A GOOD POINT.

A patriotic correspondent objects to the publication of such advertisements in loyal newspapers as that in the *Gazette*, entitled "the great French preventive." He insists that it is calculated to materially interfere in the future, in furnishing men for our army, and is but one of the many expedients resorted to by those who "discourage enlistments." Here we are in the midst of a gigantic rebellion, the end of which, under its present management, is very indefinite, while, at the same time we are seriously threatened with a war with France; and, in the face of these alarming circumstances, the *Gazette* advertises and recommends a villianous pill, intended to render barren the female population of the entire North.—Old Lear, in one of his cheloric moments, pronounced his awful curse upon Goneril, calling upon nature to visit her with sterility, but here we have a monstrous compound, advertised in what pretends to be a loyal paper, warranted to prevent any further increase of population, in a natural way, compelling us to look, for recruits, to emigration exclusively. To the bulky and rotund Teuton, and the impulsive Hibernian we must, therefore, look for reinforcements hereafter.

In view of the state of affairs which threaten, we call upon the *Gazette* to do as the *Post* did, refuse to insert the advertisement in question, or if it will persist in publishing it we shall invoke the services of the Provost Marshal to suppress the publication of the paper entirely, upon the charge of its giving aid to the rebellion. Let the French gentlemen who is the proprietor of the "preventive," go South with it, and establish agencies all through the rebellious States; we want none of his pills here. Let him select trusty out-institutions agents and we will advocate the propriety of the government giving him a commission to purchase old ships and steamboats. Ben. Butler is not doing anything at present, and having a contemptible opinion of the women of New Orleans he would do admirably in that locality. If, between Ben's facilities for turning an honest penny, and the French preventive in question, the rebellion in Louisiana is not annihilated in ninety days, then we shall in the language of an impassioned contemporary begin "to despair of the Republic." But in the meantime we call upon the *Gazette* to discard the advertisement.

Special Correspondence of the Post.

FROM HARRISBURG.

HOUSE OF REPRESTATIVES,
February 18th.

MR. EDITOR—Since my return here, yesterday morning, there has not been much business of local interest to your readers transacted. In this end of the capitol the whole of yesterday was devoted to considering bills on the private calendar. One of these, evidently gotten up by some cunning individual, entitled "an act relative to the courts of Allegheny county" was "hung up to dry" at the suggestion of Mr. Kaine, of Fayette, whose vigilance, by the way, will always be found hard to beat. The object of the bill, in plain vernacular, was to give the printing of all legal advertisements to the *Gazette*, or some other *pious, patriotic* sheet that might happen to be in favor with the Republican Judges. Suffice it to say the bill did not pass, and if this court understands herself, and she thinks she does, it will not pass. Enclosed you will find a copy of the bill.

Another interesting little speculation, in the shape of "a supplement to an act entitled 'an act to incorporate the Mifflin county Bank,' passed March 26, 1860," was quietly, but firmly objected to by Mr. Rex, of Montgomery, a man in whom there is no guile. This hangs the borers' bank up for a week at least.

"A further supplement to an act entitled 'An act to incorporate the Philadelphia and Delaware River railroad company,' approved April 4, 1854." This bill, which gave a passenger railroad company in Philadelphia extraordinary privileges, was also objected to. Anacondas have rather a poor show for gliding through this winter in the House.

"An Act to authorize the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company to extend their railroad from White Haven to Mauch Chunk." Another snake tied up for a week.

"An Act relative to the borough of West Pittsburgh." To-day, nearly the whole of the session was taken up in discussing and passing through a divorce bill, which has attracted considerable attention on account of the position in society of the parties dicectly interesed. The lady, who asks the interference of the Legislature is Mrs. Adelaide W. Nixe, a sister of James E. Murdoch, the celebrated tragedian. She is a beautiful and accomplished woman, and if the evidence read to the House to day be true, Mr. Nixe, who is a book-keeper in some Philadelphia house, thinks a great deal more of his salary than he does of his fair wife. The members of the popular branch of the Legislature were overcome by the simple truth, as related to them by the blue eyed, neglected one, and passed her bill by a handsome majority. George Connell, the Senator from Philadelphia, who moves about in the wheeled chair, has charge of the bill in the Senate, and as he attends to everything he undertakes very *nicely*, there is no doubt whatever that the interests of Mrs. Nixe will be properly cared for in the dignified branch of our State Legislature.

The Board of Revenue Commissioners met yesterday, but have done nothing beyond organizing. The following is a list of the officers:

President—Henry D. Moore, State Treasurer.
Chief Clerk—Jno. W. Brown; Assistant Clerks—Geo. Fisher, G. B. Goodlander.
Sergeant at Arms—Jno. Piatt.
Door Keeper—Jas. H. Wagner.
Messenger—John O'Connor, Third Ward, Pittsburgh.
Assistant Messengers—George Fry and Andrew Krause.

There are other matters I would like to notice, but the mail is about to close and so must

Yours, as ever,
CUSSEWAGO.

The Naval Appropriation Bill.

Senator Fessenden reports the House Naval Appropriation bill from the Finance Committee, with an amendment providing that no contract shall be entered into for the construction of the iron sea steamers, for which $12,000,000 are appropriated, until their plans and specifications have been approved by a Board of three skillful naval officers, and advertisements for proposals to build have been made according to law. The provision for building a floating dock at New York is stricken out, and the appropriation for the items of the section containing it is reduced from $1,213,600 to $463,000.—The appropriation for the dry-dock at Norfolk ($85,000) and the Naval Hospital ($18,500) are stricken out, and also that of $18,501 for the Naval Hospital at Mound City, Ill. The provision for an extra midshipman for each Congressional District during the rebellion is omitted.

An Extraordinary March.

Col. Wyndham, commanding a cavalry brigade at Fairfax Court-house, in his recent reconnoissance to the Rappahannock, accomplished one of the most rapid marches made since the present war began. The reconnoitering force, consisting of about four hundred men, in three days marched from Fairfax to Rappahannock Station, down the Rappahannock to Falmouth, and from Falmouth through Stafford Court-house and Dumfries back to Fairfax Court-house—a distance of about 200 miles, or over 66 mile a day. Col Wyndham in his march had no less than four skirmishes with guerilla bands, killing a number and capturing seventeen prisoners. He lost only four men, who were captured, while straggling by the rebels. Taking into consideration the almost impassable condition of Virginia roads at this season of the year, Col. Wyndham's march is one of the most remarkable on record.

Blockade Runners Caught.

Information has been received that the United States steamer Reliance, Captain McGowan, captured in the Monikin River, and brought to Port Baltimore on the 13th inst., the sloop Clara and schooner North Star, while attempting to run the blockade, loaded with contraband goods. Two colored boys, aged about 18, were found handcuffed and stowed away in the hold of the former vessel. They stated that they had been forcibly put on board the vessel, and were to be taken to Richmond to be sold.

From the Post.

The Military Railroad Bill.

SALEM, OHIO, February 17, 1863.

The standing committee on Military Affairs has reported a bill to the Senate to aid in the speedy completion of the Connellsville Railroad to Cumberland, and from the Point of Rocks to Washington City. An enterprise of great importance to the commercial interests of the West, and also of vital importance to the interests and economy of the Government at large by which a great saving annually to the Government in transporting mails and Government supplies would be realized, saving in distance about fifty miles and in time fully one half that now occupied. The subject is one that will bear the test of the most careful scrutiny, the importance of which I will not now take time to fully discuss; suffice it to say that there are now more more than twelve thousand miles of Railroad in successful operation (and increasing annually) extending over a territory of more than eight hundred thousand square miles of unsurpassed fertility, and nothing on the globe to equal it, the commerce of which has become the admiration of all observing men. This vast region and its commerce seeks an outlet by the tide-waters of the Atlantic Ocean; and from actual survey it has been found that the geography and topography of the country both show that an outlet can be had by the city of Pittsburgh in less time and expense than by any other route. Hence the importance of immediate and prompt action of Congress, for it is a fact that the resources of this vast empire have been to a great extent exhausted in building the railroad now done and centering into Pittsburgh; and at the present time from thence West, but one Railway in operation that can be used in an Eastern outlet, and the commerce of the country greatly embarrassed for the want of another line and which will prove apparent more and more yearly. And further, the proposed route is the identical line and between the identical points that the illustrious George Washington planned the union of the Potomac and Ohio Rivers more than one hundred years ago; and further, it has proven by actual survey that the geography and topography of the country will not permit any other line equally favorable to connect the tide-waters of the Atlantic with the Ohio river and the vast empire alluded to above, hence the importance, and which can be effected and carried out by the proposed bill and plan proposed without the Government paying out or spending one dollar, but will save thousands of dollars annually in transport ing mails and Government supplies, and the commercial interests of the whole country greatly benefitted; and I have no doubt if the bill should become a law immediately, that before the rising of Congress next Spring that cars will run direct from the Federal capital to Pittsburgh in from eight to ten hours without change of cars, and the mails can be carried through in eight hours if required to do so, being in less than half the time now occupied. Passengers can take tea in Washington, and breakfast in Pittsburgh; or breakfast in the Federal capital and dine in Pittsburgh at 3 p. m.; there taking the cars for the West, North-west, or South-west, connecting with other lines to the various remote parts of the American empire.

These advantages all secured to the government and commercial interests of the country without the outlay of one dollar, either directly or indirectly, which is amply secured by the bill without doubt; hence the importance of immediate action by Congress, in order that the great benefit that will result may be obtained as soon as possible. If the Senators and Representatives in Congress would take time to fully investigate the subject in all its bearing, and the great saving in the expense that would result therefrom to the government, the bill would pass both Houses almost unanimously without delay.

Respectfully,
ZUPHI STREET.

A Remarkable Disclosure—General Hooker and General Burnside.

From the Providence (R. I.) Post.

Gen. Burnside Before the War Committee.

The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Inquirer* writes, February 8th, as follows:

'General Burnside was before the Committee on the Conduct of the War, to testify in response to the resolution of the Senate inquiring of his having been interfered with in his plans for the taking of Richmond. His testimony revealed some startling facts; none of the committee doubted his word, and yet they were slow to believe that more than one General has been guilty of treason. Charges now hang over the heads of several officers, in consequence of which, if true, any other Government save our own would order them to a military execution forthwith. His testimony will probably not all be reported to the Senate at present. Perhaps it will not be published to the world until after the war is over.

"The difficulties that General Burnside has had thrown in his way since his taking command, from the day the pontoons were not forthcomming, as per agreement, with Generals Halleck and Meigs, to the day he resigned, were of all kinds. Imbecility, cowardice, apathy and treason met him at every turn. His orders were not always obeyed just when they should be; officers from whom more should have been expected shirked their duty; treason in our camps exposed his plans to the enemy as rapidly as they were formed, and jealous officers succeeded in more than once preventing a forward movement at the opportune moment."

If this correspondent really knows whereof he writes, why does he not state the whole truth? If our surmises are correct, no wonder the committee were astonished at Burnside's revelations. He probably told the committee that General Joseph Hooker's was the very man who has interfered with his plans and embarrassed his movements. Perhaps he told them that he went to Washington and demanded Hooker's removal; that the President admitted that Hooker's presence in the army of the Potomac was an embarrassment, and a "mistake," but refused to remove him; that he, Burnside, then tendered his resignation as a Major General; that the president refused to accept it, but did releave him from his command and give Hooker his place. We do not know that he said this. We have never heard him say it. *But we do say it is true* and we entertain no doubt, that the committee on the Conduct of the War are by this time fully informed of the facts.

Tracts for Soldiers.

The American Tract Society, whose publications are eagerly sought after by our soldiers and sailors, has, during the past five months, in co operation with the Christian Commission, circulated 250,000 copies of *The American Messenger* in the army and navy. These papers contain reading matter equal to 4,000,000 tracts of four pages each.

More Revenue.

It is stated that Mr. Chase is about to ask, in an official letter to the committee of ways and means, for a largely increased revenue. He desires it as a means of sustaining the public credit. He recommends largely increased taxes on some articles and reduction on others. Whisky, tobacco and cards come in for very heavy taxation.

H. G. to be Hung or Shot.

The N. Y. *Tribune* of Tuesday, has a long and, under the circumstances, very curious onslaught upon Mr. William B. Reed, of Philadelphia, because that gentleman holds views on the war very similar to those of Mr. Greeley himself. It seems Mr. Reed has been guilty of writing a pamphlet for private circulation, and of this production the *Tribune* says:

"There can be but one feeling on reading it—amazement that its author was not instantly arrested, summarily tried by court-martial or other speediest method, and promptly hanged or shot. The celebrated resolution adopted on the 17th of January, 1861, by a Democratic meeting at National Hall, in Philadelphia, is here avowed by Mr. Reed to have been his exclusively in its origin. That resolution is as follows:

Resolved, That in the deliberate judgment of the Democracy of Philadelphia, and so far as we know it, of Pennsylvania, the dissolution of the Union, by the separation of the whole South—a result we shall most sincerely deplore—may release this commonwealth from the bonds which now connect it with the confederacy, and would authorize and require its citizens, through a convention to be assembled for that purpose, to determine with whom their lot shall be cast—whether with the North and East, whose fanaticism has precipitated this misery upon us, or with our own, or whether Pennsylvania shall stand by herself, ready when occasion offers to bind together the broken Union and resume her place of loyalty and devotion.

That resolution was written some months before the rebellion broke into open war. Infamous as its sentiments then were, it might be supposed that the subsequent hideous development of the Southern conspiracy would have shamed their author into regret for such an expression of sympathy with its leaders and plans. But Mr. Reed is neither susceptible of shame nor capable of conversion.

As this resolution is all the *Tribune* quotes, we take for granted it can find nothing worse in the body of the document it complains of. Now if Mr. Reed is to be hung or shot for certain objectionable views held previous to the breaking out of the war, of course Mr. Greeley is willing to suffer the same fate for giving expression to precisely the same sentiments, as witness the following:

From the Tribune, Nov. 9, 1860.

If the cotton States become satisfied that they can do better out of the Union than in it, we insist on letting them go in peace. The right to secede may be a revolutionary one, but it exists nevertheless. * * We must ever resist the right of any State to remain in the Union and nullify or defy the laws thereof. To withdraw from the Union is quite another matter, whenever a considerable section of our Union shall deliberately resolve to go out, we shall resist all coercive measures designed to keep it in. We hope never to live in a republic whereof one section is pinned to another by bayonets.

From the Tribune, Nov. 26, 1860.

If the cotton States unitedly and earnestly wish to withdraw peacefully from the Union, we think they should and would be allowed to do so. Any attempt to compel them by force to remain would be contrary to the principles enunciated in the immortal Declaration of Independence—contrary to the fundamental ideas on which human liberty is based.

From the Tribune, Dec. 17, 1860.

If it (the Declaration of Independence) justified the secession from the British empire of three millions of colonists, in 1776, we do not see why it would not justify the secession of five millions of Southrons from the Union in 1861.

From the Tribune, Feb. 23, 1861.

Whenever it shall be clear that the great body of the Southern people have become conclusively alienated from the Union, and anxious to escape from it, we will do our best to forward their views.

This settles the question. If Mr. Reed is to be shot, Mr. Greeley must be buried in the same grave. Their views are identical—their crime, if any, is one.—*New York World.*

Naval Retiring Board.

A board, composed of the following officers, is in session at the Navy Department, for the purpose of examining such officers as may be ordered before it and retiring them: Commodores Mervine, (President,) Nicholson and Hoff; Surgeons Tinslan and Maulsby, and Philip Hamilton, Judge Advocate.

CONSTITUTION WATER,

Plantation Bitters:
Nowell's Rat Poison:
Lindsey's Blood Searcher:
Brecknell's Skin Soap:
Liquid Stove Polish:
Brockedon's Soda Pills;
McLean's Strengthening Cordial:
Covell's Rheumatic Pill:
Wood's Restorative Cordial:
Reed's Magnetic Oil:
Elixir Calisaya Bark;
For sale by SIMON JOHNSTON,
feb16 corner Smithfield and Fourth streets

VALENTINES,
VALENTINES,
VALENTINES,
COMIC AND SENTIMENTAL
COMIC AND SENTIMENTAL
COMIC AND SENTIMENTAL
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
AT ALL PRICES AT
PITTOCK'S
feb11 opposite the P. O.

REAL ESTATE SAVINGS INSTITUTION, incorporated by the Legislature of Pennsylvania.
Open for Deposits from 10 a. m. to 2 o'clock, p. m., daily; also on SATURDAY EVENINGS, from 6 to 9 o'clock.
☞ Office, 63 FOURTH STREET.
A SAFE, CONVENIENT and PROFITABLE DEPOSITARY, for Mechanics, Laborers, Clerks, and all those whose means or savings are small. It also commends itself to Executors, Administrators, Collectors, Agents, voluntary Societies or Associations, and persons of all classes.
Interest at the rate of SIX PER CENT. per annum is paid on deposits, which, if not drawn, will be placed to the credit of the depositor on the first day of May and November, and thereafter bear the same interest as the principal. At this rate money will DOUBLE in LESS THAN TWELVE YEARS.
Interest will commence on all deposits the 1st and 15th days of the month after such deposits are made.
Books containing Charter, By-Laws, &c., furnished on application at the office.
PRESIDENT—ISAAC JONES
VICE PRESIDENT—W. E. COPELAND.
TRUSTEES.
Hon Thos M Howe | Hon J K Moorhead,
Isaac Jones, | C G Hussey,
Wm H Smith, | Jacob Painter,
Harvy Childs. | Nicholas Voegtly,
W B Copeland.
Secretary and Treasurer—A. A. CARRIER,
feb5 6md

CONSIGNED AND FOR SALE FROM store and to arrive
1,600 Sacks White and Yellow Corn,
Shelled and in gunnies, Enquire of
J. W. CRAFT,
jan20 Office 185 Liberty street.

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

KIER, GLOVER & CO. ..... JAMES GLOVER. ..... JOHN FOSTER.
PITTSBURGH FIRE BRICK MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
KIER, GLOVER & CO.,
Manufacturers of Fire Brick, Tiles, Crucibles, &c, and dealers in Fire and Fire Clay.
☞ Office 355 Liberty street, opposite the P. R. R. Passenger Depot, Pittsburgh.
Orders respectfully solicited. feb20;6md

FOR REST IN ALLEGHENY CITY—The large dwelling house of the undersigned, No. 32, Sheet-iron Avenue, (second bank.) Possession can be given early in May. Inquire at No. 23 Fifth street. J. W. CRAFT.
feb20;6td

SIGEL SALOON,
NO. 47 FIFTH STREET.
THE BEST QUALITY OF BEER, Wines, Ale and Cider and other refreshments constantly on hand. Give me a call.
feb20,2t WM. RUEUKEISEN.

MASTIC CEMENT
T. H. WATSON,
MASTIC WORKER.
Is prepared to Cement the exterior of buildings with improved Mastic Cement, cheaper and superior to any done heretofore. This cement has no equal; it forms a solid and durable adhesiveness to any surface, imperishable by water or frost, and equal to any quality of stone.
The undersigned is the only reliable and practical workman in this cement in this city.
I have applied this Cement for the following gentlemen, whom the public are at liberty to refer to:
J. Bissell, residence Penn street, finished, 85 cts
Jas. McCandless, Allegheny, do 85
J. H. Shoenberger, Lawrenceville, do 85
J. D. McCord, Penn street, do 84
A. Hoevelen, Lawrenceville, do 83
Girard House, Pittsburgh, do 85
St. Charles Hotel do do 85
Address, Washington Hotel, or Box 1206, Pittsburgh, P. O. feb20,1yd

W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.,
Have on hand Boys' and Youths'
FINE FRENCH CALF BOOTS,
Also a large stock of Boys' and Youths'
Calf, Grain and Enameled Balmorals,
Congress Gaiters and Scotch Ties, which they are selling at low prices at
NO. 31 FIFTH STREET.
feb20

SMALL FARM FOR SALE—34 ACRES of valuable land in pleasant location, 2½ miles from Jones' Ferry, on Middletown road, good dwelling house, well of water at the door, barn, stable and other outbuildings, orchard of choice trees, garden etc., land all in cultivation and well fenced, fine forest shade trees.
For price and terms apply to
S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
Commercial Brokers,
feb20 51 Market street.

FOR RENT—A COMFORTABLE dwelling house, 10 or 12 rooms, large garden, flowers, shrubbery, fruit and shade trees and five acres of ground.
S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
feb20 51 Market street.

FOR SALE TO CLOSE CONSIGNMENT
100 Sacks White Corn;
138 do Yellow do
4,000 Gunnies;
300 Sacks Oats;
200 do Ear Corn;
J. W. CRAFT,
feb20;3td Office 185 Liberty street.

FOR SALE—150 KENTUCKY MULES—Places of sale will be at the Drovers' Home, corner Morgan and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh, and the Morgan House, Allegheny city. Sales to commence to-day. This lot of Mules cannot be so called, and average in size from 15 to 16 hands high. The owner will remain here for a week or ten days.
J. ROBB.
feb19.

AT OLD PRICES.
CALL AT
Macrum & Glyde's,
NO. 78 MARKET STREET,
And supply yourself with
HOSIERY AND GLOVES,
Balmoral Hose for Ladies and Misses.
Boston Ribbed Hose for Ladies and Misses.
Fleecy Lined Hose for Ladies and Misses.
Gentlemen's and Youths' Lambs Wool, Merino and Cotton Hose.
Kid, Silk and Woolen Gloves Gauntlets and Mittens.
Wool Hoods, Scarfs, Nubias, &c.
Embroideries, Trimmings.
Furnishing Goods.
At Old Prices—Wholesale and Retail.
MACRUM & GLYDE.
No. 78 Market Street.
feb18 Between Fourth and the Diamond.

FOUR BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE IN LAWRENCEVILLE. Four lots 34 by 110 feet each; handsomely situated on Butler street, situated near the Passenger Railway, will be sold cheap for cash, on application at this Office. feb17;3tf

45 LOGAN STREET FOR RENT—A three story brick dwelling, hall, parlor, six rooms and cellar. Rent $220. Apply to
S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
Real Estate and General Agents,
feb17 51 Market street.

A LARGE STOCK OF
CLOAKS AND SHAWLS
JUST RECEIVED BY EXPRESS. ALSO
FIVE HUNDRED PIECES
DELAINES
At 25 Cents. For Sale at
W. & D. HUGUS.
CORNER FIFTH & MARKET.
dec15

AT
BARKER'S,
59 MARKET STREET
CLOAKS,
SILKS,
SHAWLS,
DRESS GOODS,
CHEAPER THAN EVER.
feb10

JOHN LITTLE, Jr.,
NO. 106 FOURTH STREET,
STOCK AND BILL BROKER!
Promissory Notes, Stock Bonds, and Mortgages bought and sold feb18

CHARLES L. CALDWELL,
(Successor to Jas. Holmes & Co.,)
PORK PACKER,
Dealer in Bacon, Lard, Cured Hams, Smoked Beef, &c.
Corner Market and First streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.
dec11;1yd.

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS

At 18 3/4 cents,
4 CASES GOOD DARK PRINTS

At 25 cents,

4 cases best Merrimac Prints,

At 25 cents,

4 CASES DARK DELAINES,

At 25 cents,

3 CASES good dark Ginghams

Pillow Case and Shirting Muslins,
IRISH LINENS,
SHIRT FRONTS,
LINEN TABLE DIAPERS,
HONEY COMB QUILTS,
BLACK SILKS,
HOOP SKIRTS, CORSETS,
A very large stock of
COTTON HOSE,

WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal street,
ALLEGHENY.
P. S. Wholesale buyers and Country Merchants are invited to call and examine our stock.
feb20

MONONGAHELA BRIDGE,
Pittsburgh, Feb. 3d, 1863.
AN ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN Managers of the Company for erecting a Bridge over the Monongahela, opposite Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, in compliance with an act of Assembly, passed Jan. 25th, 1861, will be held at the 7th House, on Monday, March 2d, at 2 o'clock, p. m.
N. HOLMES,
feb19,2td Treasurer.

DRY GOODS
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL
HAVING PURCHASED TIMELY before the late advance in prices we are enabled to sell by the Case, Bale, Piece or Yard as
LESS THAN EASTERN
manufacturers prices.
DOMESTIC GOODS
is unusually large and we solicit an examination of our stock by every one who buys in this market either
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.
☞ TERMS NEET CASH.
C. HANSON LOVE & CO.,
74 Market Street.
feb14

SPADES, SHOVELS, HOES, SPADES, Pitchforks, Forks, Hatchets, Hay Knives, Curry combs, Horse brushes, &c., for sale by
BECKHAM & LONG,
feb18;6aw 127 Liberty street.

BLACK DIAMOND STEEL WORKS.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
PARK, BROTHER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Best Quality Refined Cast Steel,
Square, Flat and Octagon, of all sizes. Warranted equal to any imported or manufactured in this country.
☞ Office and Warehouse, No. 149 and 151 First and 148 and 150 Second streets, Pittsburgh.
feb18;6m

CLOSING OUT SALE OF
WINTER GOODS.
EATON, MACRUM & CO.,
Are desirous of closing out their entire stock of
WINTER GOODS,
previous to making their ANNUAL REVISION, on the first day of February next.
Wholesale as well as Retail Buyers will have the advantage of the
REDUCTION MADE IN PRICES.
EATON, MACRUM & CO.,
jan10 No. 17 Fifth street.

ROLL BUTTER—4 BARRELS FRESH Roll Butter, just received and for sale by
JAS. A. FETTER,
feb18 corner Market and First streets.

TIMOTHY SEED—200 BUS. PRIME Timothy Seed, just received and for sale by
JAS. A. FETTER,
feb16 corner Market and First streets.

OWNER WANTED FOR 100 NEW iron bound Whiskey barrels, left with the subscriber by the Steamboat Silver Cloud.
feb16 JAS. A. FETTER,
corner Market and First streets.

CLOSING OUT
WINTER GOODS
at reduced prices
CONCERT HALL SHOE STORE,
62 Fifth Street,
BOYS' BOOTS 75 CENTS.
ALL WORK WARRANTED.
feb10

DON'T FORGET THE SALE OF FURS this afternoon at 55 Fifth street.

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS

DRAKE'S
PLANTATION BITTERS
They purify, strengthen and invigorate.
They create a healthy appetite.
They are an antidote to change of water and diet.
They overcome the effects of dissipation and intemperance.
They prevent miasmic and intermittent fevers.
They cure Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.
They cure Diarrhœa, Cholera and Cholera Morbus.
They cure Liver complaints and Nervous Headache.
They are the best Bitters in the world. They make the weak man strong, and are exhausted nature's cordial. They (are) made of pure Old Cross Rum, and the celebrated California Bark, roots and herbs, and are taken with the pleasure of a beverage, without regard to age or time of day. Particular attention is called to the testimonials in regard to their medicinal qualities.
Sold by all Grocers, Druggists, Hotels and Saloons.
C. W. DRAKE & CO.,
No. 202 Broadway, New York.
feb4;3md

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.
SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SEVEN SISTERS,
OR
The Birth of Cupid and the Bower of Ferns.
THE PUBLIC ARE RESPECTFULLY informed that J. E. McDonough will produce this popular spectacle at Henderson's Pittsburgh Theatre, on Wednesday evening, 18th inst., with all its beautiful scenery, gorgeous effects and magical transformations. It will be brought forward in the same splendid style which characterized its production at New York and Philadelphia. The public may feel assured that this original piece as it bears the indorsement of John E. McDonough.
LOTTY HOUGH.
In order to give a stronger weight to the cast of characters, Lotty Hough, the celebrated Comedienne and Donjin Soubrette, from Laura Keene's Theatre, has been expressly engaged to appear in her original character of
TATTARINE.
Introducing her great Song of JOSIAH'S COURTSHIP, as sung by her with immense success, for over 300 nights, at Laura Keene's, and also at the Drury Lane Theatre, London, from which Theatre she has just returned after a most brilliant engagement. The piece will embrace:
Donave Marches and Drills, by 20 young Ladies in Costume.
Songs, Jokes, Local Hits.
Grand Tableaux—ANGEL OF MIDNIGHT.
Ending with the Grand Transformation scene
BIRTH OF A BUTTERFLY IN THE BOWER OF FERNS.
One Box-office open. feb16

STOMACH BITTERS,
STOMACH BITTERS,
DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS,
BERRAVE'S HOLLAND BITTERS
BERRAVE'S HIGHLAND BITTERS,
HOSTETTER'S BITTERS;
HOSTETTER'S BITTERS,
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,
GREEN'S ORIGINATED BITTERS,
GREEN'S ORIGINATED BITTERS,
At the lowest prices at
JOSEPH FLEMING,
JOSEPH FLEMING,
Corner of the Diamond and Market Street,
Corner of the Diamond and Market Street.

SUNDRIES—
Teas, Coffee,
Sugars, Whiskey,
Raisins, Flour, &c.
for sale by BECKHAM & LONG,
Corner of Ohio street and Diamond.
feb27 Allegheny City.

CLOTHES WRINGERS, A SUPERIOR article for sale by BECKHAM & LONG,
feb18;6aw 127 Liberty street.

FARM MILLS, HORSE AND HOG Power, Fodder Cutters, Corn Shellers and other Farm machinery, for sale by
BECKHAM & LONG,
feb18;6aw 127 Liberty street.

LANDRETH'S GARDEN AND FIELD Seeds, warranted fresh and genuine, for sale by
BECKHAM & LONG
feb18;6aw 127 Liberty street.

AMEN & BOYS' CLOTHING
CLOTHING
CLOTHING
feb18;1d

THE PUMP—ATTENTION OIL MEN—The Excelsior Pump for PUMPING CRUDE AND REFINED OILS, Water, &c. has no superior as a Pump for
HAND AND TOWER USE.
It is very simple in construction; has no valves or cups to get out of order; requires but little power to drive it, and will discharge from
20 to 1,000 Galls. per Minute
and throw any distance required; will take suction from
20 TO 25 FEET VERTICALLY.
Much less wear than of Horizontal pipes. Their pumps are now in use in several Oil refineries in this vicinity, and has given unbounded satisfaction in all cases.
REDUCE TWO-THIRDS LESS
than any steam or hand Pump of same capacity. Call and see them in operation at the Agency for this city, at 116 Water and 104 First streets.
DAVIS & PHILLIPS,
Pittsburgh.

DUQUESNE BRASS WORKS.
TATE, CALMAN & CO.,
Manufacturers of every variety of finished BRASS WORK FOR PLUMBERS, GAS or STEAM FITTERS.
MACHINISTS AND COPPERSMITHS.
BRASS CASTINGS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION made to order. Steamboat work, steam and gas fitting and repairing promptly attended to. Particular attention paid to fitting up Breweries for Coal and Carbon Oils.
Also, S. 16 agents for the Western Dist. of Pennsylvania, for the sale of Marsh, Lauderdale & Co.'s Patent Suction Pump, the best ever invented, having no valves it is not liable to get out of order and will throw more water than any pump twice its size.
feb11;d3t

FINE LAMPS.
We are just in receipt of a large assortment of fine imported BOHEMIAN GLASS LAMPS cut and gilt of beautiful patterns, useful and ornamental
Holiday Gifts,
Also a large stock of Lamps at reduced prices.
WELDON, RELIBURE & KELLY,
dec20;1y. 164 Wood street, near 6th.