DAILY POST.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., NO. 37 PARK ROW, NEW YORK, and 5 STATE STREET, BOSTON are our agents for the Daily and Weekly Post in those cities, and are authorised to take Advertisements and Subscriptions on us at our *Lowest Rates.*

THURSDAY MORNING, JAN. 29.

CITY AND NEIGHBORHOOD INTELLIGENCE

United States Prisoners at Richmond.

The following is a list of U. S. prisoners that have died in the rebel States' military prison hospital at Richmond, since January 14th, 1863.

Private C. O. Bee, Co. I, Pa.; Jan 14; private Michael Hess, Co. H, 7th Pa., Jan. 14; private S. Holabaugh, Co., E, 6th Pa., Jan. 15; private John Bluff, Co. E, 2d Del., Jan. 15; Corp. J. W. A. Bishop, Co. I, 121st, Pa., Jan. 16th; private Wm. Chamberlain, Co. K., 11th Va., Jan. 18th; private Oliver Warren, Co. A, 1st N. C., January 17th; private Harrison Young, Co., H, 4th Maine, January 19th.

The following wounded officers were in hospital at Richmond on the 19th inst:

Capt. S. S. Marchant, H, 136th Pa.
Capt. C. D. Schaffie, E, 5th Pa.
Adj. F. McTrue, E, 12th Pa.
First Lieut. J. K. Byers, F, 16th Me.,
Capt. John Ayer, H, 16th Me.
Capt. H. Bryan, K, 3d Pa.
Lieut. L. A. Johnson H, 11th Pa.
Lieut. J. P. Lucas, E, 6th Pa.
F. Bruck, A, 8th N. Y.
Assistant Adj. General T. Brent, Swearingen, 3d brigade Pa. Reserves.

To be Tried Here.

We published a paragraph from the Cleveland *Leader*, a few days since, stating that officer McKinstry had obtained a requisition for the forgers now confined in our jail; but that their removal had been delayed for a few days, at the request of the District Attorney. That officer informs us that it is his determination to try their case here; and that, so far from assenting to their removal to Cleveland for trial, he informed the officer who came here for them, that he could have them in the event of their acquittal here, and not otherwise. We understand that they are endeavoring to raise the funds necessary to pay off the Cleveland forgery, and being under the impression that they have succeeded in destroying the evidence of the forgery here, expect to escape all punishment.

The Compromise.

The City Controller has returned from New York, where he succeeded in exchanging a number of the new compromise for the old ones—among them some on which suit has been brought and judgment obtained. The terms offered were generally acceptable and readily adopted by all with whom the Controller met. We hope are long to see all these bonds taken up, as the old ones are rapidly being sent in for exchange; and now that the city authorities have shown a disposition to make settlement by providing for the interest on the compromise bonds, they will be sent in even more rapidly.

Soldiers Dead.

The following Pennsylvania soldiers died recently in the hospitals at Fortress Monroe; Stephen Murray, H, 9th Reserves; Christ. Sterchel, G, 103d; Wm. Cooper, I, 3d Reserves; Chas. P. Granger, E, 72d; Wm. H. Gilliland, I, 5th Reserves; C Mayer, H, 50th; J. Ewell, A. 81st; John Eicher, K, 85th; D. Hansberger, I, 93d; N. Leubi, E, 96th; Geo. Bernard, H, 158th; Lewis Sanker, G, 181st; L. H. Shaddack, B, 58th; John B. Bolen, K, 178th; Charles E. Baxter, A, 101st.

Transportation and Telegraphic Department.

We have received a copy of the annual report of O. W. Sees, Chief of the State Transportation and Telegraphic Department, giving a detailed account of its operations for 1863. Much has been done for the sick and wounded soldiers of Pennsylvania and at a very moderate expense, as the entire cost of the department for the year was $46,641,05, divided as follows: Miscellaneous Teaming, $694,48; Telegraph expenses, $8,930,41; Special service, (transportation and expenses,) $1,60; Express account, $987,34; Expenses of deserters, $9,99; Recruiting expenses, (R. Vol. Corps,) $144,20; Cumberland expedition, (other than railroad transportation) $6,304,75, Recruiting expenses, third requisition, $275,20; Salaries, $2,433,80; Canal transportation, $49,33; Railroad transportation, passengers, $23,965,98; Railroad transportation, freight, $2,091,23; Miscellaneous expenses, $1,390,43; Recruiting expenses, first requisition, $312,26; The discount from the usual rate of charges was on the whole nearly twenty-six per cent, effecting a saving of $15 546,85.

Church Concert.

A number of young ladies and gentlemen of Sewickley give a concert this evening in the old Presbyterian church of the borough, the proceeds to be devoted to the purchase of an organ. The programme is an excellent one and there should be a good attendance.

Shot in Louisville.

George Hildebrandt, a volunteer from Lancaster, was shot through the heart in a quarrel in Louisville, on last Thursday night, by one John Haff, who was arrested and committed for hearing.

Intent to Kill.

George Lewis a colored boy, charged with aiding and abetting young Watts in stabbing a son of Mr. W. J. Knorr, grocer, of Federal street, Allegheny, has been arrested and committed to jail by Alderman Donaldson, in default of $200 bail, to answer a charge of assault and battery with intent to kill.

Our Jail.

There are now eighty prisoners in our jail, of whom twenty are females.

At North Mountain.

The First Virginia regiment is now at North Mountain Station, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. It now numbers about 600 and can muster for service 450 men.

Deserters Sent Off.

A number of deserters have been recently sent to Washington by the Provost Marshal, among them John Nelson, who recently attempted to hang himself in prison.

Rewarded.

The oil dealers of Oil City have presented Mr. Johns, of the Oil City *Register*, with a purse of $250, for his ability in advocating the oil interests of that locality.

Deaths in Hospital

E. A. Bordman, E, 145th; J. Bollinger, F, 181st; A. Russel, G, 131st and G. Mank, E, 195th Pennsylvania, died in Washington hospitals, since last report.

Affirmed.

In the case of Speer vs. Bidwell—error to the District Court of Allegheny county—the Supreme Court has rendered a decision affirming the judgment.

Insolvent.

Alfred Fogle, committed for affiliation more than three months since, was released yesterday under the insolvent law.

Furniture and Bedding at Auction.

This morning at No. 77 Fourth street, at ten o'clock will be sold Household and Kitchen furniture, Carpets, Bedding, etc.

Artemus Ward's Lecture.

Artemus Ward (our readers would scarcely know to whom we alluded if we mentioned him by his real name, Charles F. Browne,) delivered his "lecture" entitled "Sixty Minutes in Africa" to all who could crowd into Lafayette Hall last evening, and many were turned away, the capacity of the building being entirely too limited for all who desired to hear him.—Such, we learn, is the reception of this eccentric genius in all the cities of the West where he has attempted to cultivate this new plot in the lecture garden, as he has lectured to overflowing houses this season in Chicago, Milwaukee, Detroit and other places. His "lecture" (though why it is so called we are at a loss to determine) is a curious medley of funnyisms and extravagances, laughable in themselves, but so queerly said, coming at the most unexpected times and accompanied by such quaint gestures, as to make them irresistible to the most determinedly grave solons in the assembly. The title might as well be anything else for any connection between it and the subject matter (which changed with every half dozen sentences) and herein was exhibited the great triumph of wit and wisdom. But we think there was a stroke of diplomacy in the selection of the subject so closely allied, apparently, to the all absorbing topic of the age, as well as a spice of sarcasm in the cavalist manner in which it was treated. But Artemus was triumphant, as his auditory went away in perfect good humor, much edified and amused by what they had heard, and not ashamed of having enjoyed a hearty laugh—or rather a succession of those ancient aids to good digestion. The far famed exhibitor of wax-wurx goes East from our city, and we bespeak for him a hearty welcome and full houses wherever he may stop.

Reserved.

The Supreme Court has reserved the sentence of the Clarion county Oyer and Terminer court, pronounced upon John and Phillip Walters, and John Huling, convicted of involuntary manslaughter, in killing Martin Kelchur, whom they were "serenading." The ground of reversal is that the verdict acquitted the prisoners of all crimes charged in the indictment and convicted them of one not laid in it. Their discharge was therefore ordered. The court commented with severity upon the senseless practice of serenading.

Sad Accident--Boy Killed.

On Monday afternoon an accident of a distressing character occurred in the vicinity of Four Mile Run, in Peebles township, on the bank of the Monongahela river. A man engaged in hauling flour stopped his team near the residence of Mr. G. Watkins, and while getting a board to slide the flour from the wagon, one of the barrels rolled out and fell upon Evan Watkins, a little son of the above named gentleman, and injured him so that he died. The child was only four years and seven months old. The barrel either fell or rolled upon the right side of his head, crushing it so as to injure the brain.—Another boy who was in company with the child, was knocked down at the same time, but escaped injury. Coroner McClung held an inquest upon the body, on Tuesday afternoon, and the jury found a verdict in accordance with the facts as stated.

Mail Department.

Postmaster General Blair has directed a contract to be made with the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad Company—William Reynolds, Esq., of Meadville, President—for the transportation of the mails from Corry by Rockdale, Venango, and Saegertown to Meadville, daily, except Sunday, from the date of their commencement to the 20th of June, 1864. Meadville is thus placed in direct daily communication with New York, and in a few months will be put in regular railway connection with the now rapidly progressing route to Akron, Ohio. M. S. Woodworth, of Warren county, Pennsylvania, is appointed route agent on the above line.

Vandenhoff's Readings.

"Mr. George Vandenhoff gave his first reading from '*Les Miserables*' on Tuesday night at Concert Hall and it was surprising how, in the course of an hour and a half or three quarters, he contrived to epitomize the story, and to present the most remarkable features of Part I. (Fantine). It was a highly artistic effort, powerful and dramatic in its effect. The story of Jean Valjean, so powerfully told in the work itself—though there diffusely spread out—was given in an abstract in which all the great characteristics were preserved. Mr. Vandenhoff will read this evening from "Cosette" the second number of "Les Miserables."

Mingled with the pathos, there are scenes of great humor, almost equaling the comicality from Dicken's which follows as an after-piece.

The Gottschalk Concert.

The sale of tickets for the grand concert on Saturday evening by L. M. Gottschalk, the great pianist, and Carlotta Patti, the celebrated prima donna, commences at the music store of Jno. H. Mellor, Wood street, at nine o'clock this morning, when reserved seats can be secured. Go early and take your choice.

The Polymoramas.

This superb entertainment continues to draw crowded houses at Masonic Hall and delight everybody. There is but one opinion in regard to it.

By universal acknowledgement it is far superior to any exhibition ever in this city, and we regret to announce that it will positively close on Saturday evening next.

Our American Cousin.

Mr. Chanfrau's audiences are improving with the weather and he was well received last evening. To-night the very popular piece of "Our American Cousin" will be produced, with Chanfrau as Lord Dundreary. He will doubtless do full justice to the part, as it is exactly in his line, and should draw well.

Verner's Pride.

The Petersons have just issued another of the very popular novels of Mrs. Henry Wood, entitled "Verner's Pride." It is a tale of domestic life and is even more powerfully writen than its predecessors, which met with deserved favor. The manuscript was purchased from the author at a large price and is issued a month in advance of its completion in Europe. It is published in two volumes, at fifty cents each, and can be had of W. A. Gildenfenney, No. 45 Fifth street. It will be read by the greater portion of the community.

THE great rise in the price of dry goods does not seem to make any difference with the Messrs. Barker & Co's, Market street. While every day brings us the intelligence that prices have advanced and are likely to continue to do so, this firm still advertises to sell at old prices—Prints at 18¼ cents, new styles and best quality; De Laines at 18¾ and 20 cents, and other dress goods at even less than last year's prices. Silks they are offering at old prices. Cloaks at cost, and other articles in proportion. These are really extraordinary inducements. See their advertisement.

GROVER & BAKER'S Sewing Machines, for family manufacturing purposes, are the best in use. A. F. COATONAY, General Agent, 18 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

JOSEPH MEYER.....ANTHONY MEYER

JOSEPH MEYER & SON

MANUFACTURERS OF

FANCY AND PLAIN

FURNITURE & CHAIRS

WAREHOUSE, 135 SMITHFIELD STREET, (Between Sixth street and Virgin alley.)

no9 PITTSBURGH.

Second Edition

THE VERY LATEST TELEGRAPH.

From Washington.

APPOINTMENT OF POSTMASTERS,

LARGE MEETING IN ST. LOUIS

Order from the Secretary of War.

LATEST NEWS FROM ARKANSAS.

Rebel Prisoners in Chicago.

XXXVIIIth CONGRESS--2d SESSION

&c., &c., &c., &c.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Senator Collamer's postal bill empowers the Postmaster General to appoint all Postmasters whose annual salary is less than one thousand dollars. It requires Postmasters and mail agents and persons employed in the general postoffices, to make oath to their fidelity and loyalty. It awards compensation in four classes, the first between four thousand and three thousand dollars, the second between three thousand and two thousand dollars, the third between two thousand and one thousand dollars, the fourth between one thousand and one hundred dollars, the fifth less than one hundred, by the Postmaster General, from a comparison of average salaries of the four preceding years, and may be readjusted not oftener than once in two years.—The salaries to go into effect in July next, in the offices of the first and second classes. It is proposed to allow a just and reasonable sum for the cost of rent, fuel, lights, clerks, &c.; also to the offices of the other classes which are distributing offices for clerk's hire and all box rents and other perquisites to be accounted for by the Postmaster. The box rents and postage always prepaid. Oaths made to quarterly returns on penalty of perjury. The Postmaster General to regulate the periods during which dead letters shall remain in any Postoffice, and those containing valuable enclosures to be registered in the department, and when not returnable to the writers or persons written to, shall be included receipts and be subject to reclamation. Letter carriers to be appointed and receiving offices and boxes established and provision made for carrying local newspapers and small packages; the rate of a half ounce letter three cents, drop letter two cents and no carriers fee allowed; registered letters to pay a fee of twenty cents. Newspaper postage on weeklies per quarter five cents, semi-weeklies ten cents, tri-weeklies fifteen cents, dailies, six issues, thirty cents; four ounces to be the standard weight of periodicals, small papers sent in a package to one address charged at the same rate.

Senator Wilson's letter from the Military Committee for the encouragement of re-enlistments and enrolling and drafting the militia, and other purposes, provides:

First, That such of the volunteers and militia now in the service of the United States, who may re-enlist for one year after the expiration of the present term of service, shall be entitled to a bounty of fifty dollars, one half of which shall be paid upon such re-enlistment and the balance at the expiration of the term of re-enlistment, and to such as may re-enlist for two years after the expiration of their present term of enlistment, shall be paid one-half of their bounty, for enlistment provided by fifth section of the act approved the 22d of July, 1861.

Second, The President shall make all proper rules and regulations for enrolling and drafting the militia of the United States, and otherwise putting this act into execution, and the enrollment of the militia shall in all cases include able bodied male citizens between the ages of 18 and 45 years, except such as may be exempt therefrom by the existing laws of the United States, and further exemption from physical disability shall only be made after the completion of the draft.

Third, Whenever the President shall call for the militia of the States and Territories to be employed in the service of the United States, he shall specify in his call the period for which said service may be required and not exceeding two years, and the militia so called, shall be mustered in and continue to serve for and during the term so specified unless sooner discharged.

Fourth, Every person who shall in pursuance of any law of the United States or requisition of the President be drafted as a soldier shall, when so drafted be deemed to be in actual service of the United States, and will thereupon be subject to the rules and artilles of War in the same manner as though he had been mustered into the service of the Unnited States.

Fiith, The drafted militia brought into the service of the United States by the authority of this act, shall be placed in all respects upon equal looting with troops authorized by the fourth section of the act approved July 17th, 1852.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 28.—A large and enthusiastic meeting was held in Turner's Hall, to ratify the President's Proclamation. Speeches were made by Henry J. Blow, Chas. D. Drake, Chas. P. Johnson, George P. Strong, Gen. W. K. Strong, and several Members of the Legislature, which received immense applause.

Resolutions were adopted declaring that slavery was the sole impelling cause, and has been, and now is, the life of the present rebellion. That the attempt to destroy this Government is a crime which, for crualty and perfect infamy, no language can fully characterize, and the American nation is solemnly bound to prevent that crime, at whatever cost of blood and treasure, and if necessary thereto, to destroy the whole mass of those attempting its perpetration. Expressing a belief that all efforts at conciliation or arrangement, are utterly futile, and the country can only be saved by the prosecution of the war in every form and to every extreme known to civilized nations, till the last vestige of rebel power is swept from the soil of America. That slavery by its own and murderous act in attempting to destroy the Government, has absolved the American Government and people, from all obligations, to preserve and protect, in a region where rebellion exists, and has imposed with the power of irresistible necessity, the stern obligation to destroy it, if a nation itself would live. That holding back from destruction, slavery; upholding and sustaining rebellion as it is, cannot be defended upon any ground, justice, expediency, or constitutional, or moral obligation, and can find no apology except among those who prefer slavery to their country. That war power of a nation are exerted against its emergency whether foreign or domestic, is wholly unfettered by constitutional States, and that the President in time of war is authorized in that power as his judgement directs to subjugate such enemies; and whoever invokes the Constitution to trammel the President's action, is a public enemy, or deceived by traitors in disguise that entered the foregoing views and impelled by solemn sense of necessity, which the South has itself created to overthrow. It is an attempt to plunge the country into an irretrievable ruin, and considering no measure too severe for that purpose, and posessed with the belief that the destruction of slavery is indispensable to the salvation of our free institutions. And firmly holding that the President's proclamation of the first of January, was the legitimate exercise of power vested in him as Commander-in-chief of the Army and Navy was imperiously demanded by the public exigency, and may be expected to eventuate in the overthrow of the rebellion.

We do without qualification, or reserve, approve and applaud the issuing of that proclamation, and do call upon every patriotic citizen of the United States, whatever may have been his previous views of the expediency of such an act, to accept its legality as a thing accomplished, and to rally to the support of the President in this great vital blow, at the only instance for that what has ever dared to assail American free institutions.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington, Jan. 20, 1863.

Ordered: That Governor Andrew, of Massachusetts, is authorized, until further orders, to raise such number of volunteer companies of artillery for duty in the forts of Massachusetts and elsewhere, and such corps of infantry for the volunteer military service as he may find may to be convenient. Such volunteers to be enlisted three years, or unless sooner discharged, and may include persons of African descent, organized in seperate corps. He will make the usual needful requisitions on the appropriate staff bureaus and officers for the proper transportation, organization, supplies, subsistence, arms and equipments of such volunteers. Signed

EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

FAYETTEVILLE, ARK., Jan. 28.—An enthusiastic Union demonstration occurred here yesterday. Over one thousand loyal citizens were present. Speeches were made by Dr. Johnson, a prominent Union refugee, Lieut. Col. Bishop, 1st Arkansas cavalry and others. Fifteen home guard companies were organized and wish to be accounted as Arkansas militia. Hundreds of citizens signed a petition to Congress to order an election of a member from this State. All the citizens having arms in their possession have given them up to be used in defence of their homes.—Another meeting will be held at Huntsville in a few days. The Union sentiment is daily growing stronger in this section, and Col. Harrison, of the First Arkansas Cavalry, commanding the post, is affording every facility to encourage it.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 28.—Gen. Churchill, staff and suite, and a number of other rebel officers captured at Arkansas Post have been sent to Gamp Chase, Columbus, O. Four thousand privates were sent last night to Chicago.

WASHINGTON, January 28,—SENATE.—Messrs. Kennedy and Latham stated that if they had been in the Senate last night, they should have voted against the passage of the bill for the indemnification of the President.

Mr. Clark, of N. H., presented a memorial asking prompt action on the subject of the currency, and recommending the plan of the Secretary of the Treasury.

Mr. Collamer, of Vt., from the Committee on Postoffices, reported beck a bill to establish a system of postal orders, with a recommendation that it do not pass,

Mr. Doolittle, of Wis., pretented a memorial of the Legislature of Wisconsin in relation to the enlargement of the Erie canal and the Fox and Wisconsin rivers for the passage of gunboats. Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. Hale, of N. H., from the Committee on Naval Affairs, reported back the bill to regulate the appointment of midshipmen, with amendments.

Mr. Clark, of N. H., offered the following resolution:

WHEREAS, Williard Saulsbury, a Senator from the State of Delaware, did, on the 27th inst., bring into the Senate a concealed weapon, and did then and there in the Senate behave in a turbulent and disorderly manner, and when called to order by the Vice President, did refuse to observe order, but did continue such turbulence and disorderly behavior until he was ordered into the custody of the Sergeant at-Arms, and did there and then make threats to use said weapon upon the said Sergeant-at-Arms, and in the presence of the Senate did draw the said weapon And threaten to shoot the said Sergeant-at-Arms, and behaved in a manner disgraceful to the Senate and destruction of all order and decorum; therefore,

Resolved, That the said Willard Saulsbury be and hereby is expelled from the Senate of the United States.

Mr. Saulsbury—I did not hear who it was that introduced that resolution.

The Vice President—It was introduced by the Senator from Hampshire.

Mr. Saulsbury—I have not a word to say in reference to the merit or demerit of the resolution. I have no favors to ask. It may be unbecoming my position and my character as a Senator of a sovereign State to say more upon the introduction of such a resolution as that; and sir. I will say no more. Let the Senate act as the Senate thinks proper. I neither avow nor disavow what is charged. Let the proof be made to the Senate. and let the Senate act according to its own judgment.

The resolution was laid over.

The army appropriation bill was passed.

The Senate went into executive session and adjourned.

HOUSE.—Mr. Sheffield, of Rhode Island, moved to refer to the Committee on Military Affairs Mr. Stevens' bill authorizing the employment of soldiers of African descent.

Mr. Olin while approving the object advocated the motion.

Messrs. Stevens and Hickman advocated the prmoptaction of the latter, explaining his substitute. The minds of the Members, they said, must be made up on the subject.

Mr. Sheffield advocated its reference if the Committee on Military should report back the bill as receiving the approbation of the Executive department. It was probable he would vote for it.

Mr. Cox moved to lay the bill on the table.

Negatived, fifty-three against eighty-three.

The House by a vote of 32 against 103, refused to refer the bill to a Military committee.

Mr. Vallandigham moved to table the bill.

Negatived, 59 against 84.

Other motions from the opposition side to delay action on the bill were made and determined adversely, by yea and nay votes.

Mr. Perry moved when the House adjourn it shall be to Saturday. Lost.

Mr. Olin, at nearly nine o'clock, asked the general consent to make a suggestion to relieve the House from their embarrassment.

Mr. Allen, of Ill., on the Democrat, and Mr. Mingham on the Republican side. Objected. The calling of the yeas and nays resumed on the trial question.

HOW THE ADMINISTRATION MANAGES.

For fear our war expenses are not onerous enough the Administration has adopted a new expedient for their rapid accumulation—abolition spouters, members of assembly in the different States, who, while receiving their regular pay as members of the bodies to which they belong, are also basking in the warmth conferred by a military commission, quietly fobbing the salary and rations belonging thereto. The Harrisburg *Patriot* says:

"We have had our attention called to two cases immediately under our own eyes; that of Colonel P. C. Shannon, renegade Democrat and Abolition member of Assembly from Allegheny, and that of Maj. Harry White, Abolition Senator from Indiana and Armstrong. Both of these gentlemen are said to hold commissions in the army, while—if this be true—they are illegally holding their seats in the Legislature and drawing pay from the State for civil services which are of very little account, and from the nation for military services which they have never performed. We call the attention of the Legislature and of the administration to these cases that they may be investigated."

Burning of a Contraband Vessel.

It was stated yesterday that the schooner "Hard Times," laden with contraband goods for the South, had been lately seized in one of the creeks of Kent Island, Md., and placed in charge of a guard by Marshal Goldsborough, of Queen Anne's county. The Centreville *Times* adds the following:

On Friday night, shortly after midnight, a band of men boarded the Hard Times, and after disarming the guard, placed them in the cabin and fastened them in, and then set fire to the schooner. The guard made several ineffectual attempts to escape, when Barney Gough, one of their number, managed to effect an exit out of the rear partition, and running to the cabin door, commenced to cut the fastening. Some ruffian knocked the knife from his hand and threatened to throw him overboard. James Davis, another one of the guard, by using the stove in the cabin as a ram, succeeded in forcing the door, and the half-stifled party ran upon the deck. They were then seized and taken several miles away across the land on Corsica Neck and then released, after being threatened with certain death if they ever revealed the names of any of their assailants.

Let the Dead not be Forgotten.

The President has just approved of a bill for the issue of a hundred millions of doliars to pay off the army and the paymasters are busy in distributing the much desired and long coveted arrearages to the troops. This is well. But while government is attending claims of the living, let the dead not be forgotten. There are thousands of brave fellows who will never answer to roll call again, never trouble paymasters, unless their spirits—appealing through the wants and sufferings of those left behind them—should find a voice.—They died, some of them, with large arrearages of pay due to them, and thousands of helpless widows and orphans to-day remain the patient but sorrowing creditors of the government. Their cases should be attended to with as little delay as possible. It is true that the formula of the second Auditor's Department is tedious and difficult; but we would urge upon the authorities to hasten the payment of the claims of the families of our dead soldiers. Much feeling would be removed thereby.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE,

I will expose to Public Sale on

Tuesday, January 6th, 1863,

AT 11 O'CLOCK A. M.,

On the premises, all that valuable lot or piece of ground situate in the Third Ward, City of Pittsburgh, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at the Eastern corner of Cherry alley and Liberty street; thence along Liberty street Eastwardly 31 feet 1¼ inches to the line of property now or late of Vogel & Seibert; thence by the same 98 feet and 5¾ inches to a 20 alley ten feet wide; thence along said alley 124 feet and 8 inches to Plum alley; thence along Plum alley W est 33 ft. 1 inch to the same property now or late of J. Parker; thence by the same and the line of property belonging to J. Vetter's heirs, Northwardly 75 feet; thence by the line of the last mentioned property 62 feet 4 inches to Cherry alley; thence by the same 73 feet 9½ inches to the corner of Cherry alley and Liberty street, on which is erected the large brick tenements known as the

Mansion House and Continental Hotels.

This property is immediately adjacent to the Great Eastern and Western Railroad Passenger Depot, and affords a rare chance for investment by capitalists.

Terms at Sale.

JOHN W. RIDDELL,
Assignee of George Aurentz.

J. G. DAVIS, Auctioneer.

dec18;3tawtd.

☞ The above sale is postponed to the 01th February next, (Tuesday.)

DIME SAVINGS INSTITUTION, NO 110 Smithfield street, opposite the Custom House. Chartered by the Legislature.

OFFICERS.

President.....JAMES PARK, Jr.,

VICE PRESIDENTS.

Wm. H. Smith, H. P. Rudd, Thos. D. Messler, A. Reimman, Francis Sellers, Joshua Rhodes, John F. Jennings, Jacob Stuckrath, Thomas S. Blair, Alex. Bradley, Henry Lloyd, Alfred Slack

TRUSTEES.

Josiah King, C Zug, A S Bell, Jos Dilworth, S S Fowler, W A Reed, Jas W Woodwell, R G Schmertz, F Rahm, C W Ricketson, J M Tiernan, S H Hartman, D M Long, R J Anderson, Jas W Baxter, D B McKinley, C H Wolf, Robert D Cochran, Wm Smith, W Imnsen, G B Jones, B F Jones, W H Phelps, C B Herron

SECRETARY AND TREASURER,

D. E. McKINLEY.

Open daily, from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M. Also, Tuesday and Saturday evenings, from 6 to 8 o'clock.

Deposits received of ONE DIME and upwards.

Dividends declared in December and June of each year.

Dividends allowed to remain are placed to the credit of the depositor as principal, and bear interest, thus compounding it.

Books containing Charter, By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.

☞ This Institution offers, especially to those persons whose earnings are small, the opportunity to accumulate, by small deposits, easily saved, a sum which will be a resource when needed, their money not only being safe but bearing interest, instead of remaining unproductive. my1

ONE TWO-SEATED SECOND HAND CARRIAGE, in good order, will be sold at $45 at Mr. JOSEPH WHITE'S, Carriage Repository Two Mile Run

FLOUR—200 BARRELS FAMILY Flour just received and for sale by JAS. A. FETZER, jan21 corner Market and First streets.

BUTTER.—1,000 lbs CHOICE PACKed Butter just rec'd and for sale by JAS. A. FETZER, jan21 corner Market and First Streets.

EGGS—5 BBLS FRESH EGGS JUST received and for sale by JAS. A. FETZER, jan21 Corner Market and First

SKATES FOR LADIES AND GENtlemen, all styles for sale by BOWN & TETLEY, dec30 136 Wood Street.

WALL PAPER STILL SELLING cheap at 87 Wood street by W. P. MARSHALL, jan17

BUY YOUR MISSES AND CHILdren's Boots Gaiters and Gums at the Cheap ash store of J. H. Borland's.

BUY YOUR BOOTS, SHOES, BROGANS and Gums at Borland's, 98 Market street near Fifth.

APPLES.—100 bbls GREEN APPLES just received and for sale by JAS. A. FETZER, jan15 corner Market and First street.

NEW STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES just received at McClelland's Auction, 55 Fifth street.

LETTERS TESTAMENTARY UPON the estate of THOMAS SCOTT, late of the city of Pittsburgh, dec'd, having been granted to the subscribers by the Register of Wills, of the county of Allegheny, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands against the same to present them without delay to

JOHN SCOTT,
DAVID A. STEWART, } Ex'rs
jan23 1wds6tw Office No. 359 Liberty st.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE—ALL PERsons having claims or demands against the estate of NANCY BURNSIDE, late of Allegheny city dec'd, are requested to present the same without delay; and those indebted to said estate will make immediate payment to

S. CUTHBERT, Executor,
51 Market street.
dec31;1taw6w

CHAMPAGNE BRANDY,
Otard
100 cases of each in store and for sale by MILLER & RICKETSON.

NEW WALL PAPER AT LOW PRICE for sale by W. P. MARSHALL, jan17 No. 87 Wood street.

CAMP AND BOWIE KNIVES FOR sale by BOWN & TETLEY, no8 136 Wood street.

RIVER INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF PITTSBURGH.

ARRIVED.

Franklin, Bennett, Brownsville.
Gallatin, Clarke, do.
Minerva, Gordon, Wheeling.

DEPARTED.

Franklin, Bennett, Brownsville.
Gallatin, Clarke, do
Armada, John ton, Wheeling.

☞ The river—Last evening at twilight there were 13 feet 6 inches in the channel, both rivers rising slowly. Snowing all day.

☞ The Wheeling packet for to-day is the steamer Minerva, Captain John Gordon. Passengers and shippers will bear in mind that the hour of departure is 11 a. m. positively.

☞ The new packet, Nevada, Captain Brickell, being unavoidably detained on account of the wet weather, will leave this day positively for St Louis and intermediate points.

For Louisville, Cairo and St Louis

THIS DAY, JAN 29—10 A. M.

THE NEW AND FINE PASsenger steamer NEVADA, D. Z Brickell, commander, will leave as announced above.

For freight or passage apply on board or to J. B. LIVINGSTON & CO., jan29 or JOHN FLACK.

Wheeling, Gallipolis, Parkersburg & Portsmouth Regular Weekly Packet.

THE FAST RUNNING PASsenger steamer ECHO, Jas Walton, commander, will leave as announced above and intermediate points this day at 4 p. m.

For freight or passage apply on board or to W. B. WHEELER, Ag't. jan9 JOHN FLACK, Ag't.

1863 NEW ARRANGEMENT 1863

Wheeling and Pittsburg Daily Express Line

THE NEW AND SPLENDID side-wheel packet ARMADA, George W. Johnson, commander, leaves Pittsburgh for Wheeling, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 11 o'clock a. m punctually. Leaves Wheeling for Pittsburgh every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8 a. m.

THE FINE PASSENGER steamer MINERVA, John Gordon commander, leaves Pittsburgh for Wheeling every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 11 a. m, punctually, leaves Wheeling every Monday, Wednesday and Friday's at 8 a. m.

☞ The above steamers makes close connections at Wheeling with fine side wheel steamers for Marietta, Parkersburg and Cincinnati.

For freight or passage apply on board or to JAMES COLLINS & CO., jan3 Agents, No. 114 Water street.

For Marietta and Zanesville.

Regular Muskingum River Packet leaves Pittsburgh every Saturday at 4 p. m., Zanesville every Tuesday 8 a. m.

THE FINE PASSENGER steamer LIZZIE MARTIN, D. T. Brown, commander, will leave as noted above.

For freight or passage apply on board or to no26 J. B. LIVINGSTON & CO.

For Marietta and Zanesville.

Regular Muskingum river Packet leaves Pittsburgh every Tuesday, 4 p. m., Zanesville every Friday 8 a. m.

THE NEW AND SPLENDID Passenger steamer EMMA GRAHAM, Monroe Ayers commander, will leave as noted above. For freight or passage apply on board or to J. B. LIVINGSTON & CO. no26

STEAMBOAT AGENCY.

WM. HAZLETT

Has opened an office at

NO. 90 WATER STREET,

Where he will transact a General Steamboat Agency business, and would solicit a share of patronage from steamboatmen. ap24-1yd

AMERICAN WATCHES

FOR SOLDIERS

At Reduced Prices

American Watches for Americans

THE AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY gives notice that they have lately issued a new style of Watch, expressly designed for Soldiers and others who desire a good watch at a moderate price. These watches are intended to displace the worthless, cheap watches of British and Swiss manufacture with which the country is flooded, and which were never expected to keep time when they were made, being refused manufactures sent to this country because unsalable at home and used here only for *jockeying* and *swindling* purpose.

We offer to sell our watch, which is of the most substantial material, an accurate and durable timekeeper, and in Sterling Silver cases, Hunting pattern, at as low a price as is asked for the trash. *Ancres* and *Lepines* of foreign make referred to.

We have named the new series of Watches, WM. ELLERY, Boston, Mass., which name can be found on the plate of every watch of this manufacture, and is one of our trademarks.

Sold by all respectable Watch dealers in the Loyal States. Wholesale orders should be addressed to ROBBINS & APPEETON, Agents for the American Watch Company. jan12;2t;eod;is 182 Broadway, N. Y.

50 BASKETS, "PINTS AND quarts," Heidsick's Champagne, 30 Cases Sparkling Moselle, In store and for sale by MILLER & RICKETSON.

DIRECTORY OF THE HOSPITALS.—The United States Sanitary Commission have established an office of information in regard to patients in the General Hospitals of the Army of the West. By a reference to books, which are corrected daily, an answer can, under ordinary circumstances, be given by return mail to the following questions:

1st. Is ——— (giving name and regiment) at present in any hospital of the army of the West?
2d. If so what is his proper address?
3d. What is the name of the Surgeon or Chaplin of the hospital?
4th. If not in hospital at present, has he recently been in hospital?
5th. If so, did he die in hospital, and at what date?
6th. If recently discharged from hospital, was he discharged from service?
7th. If not, what were his orders on leaving?

The Commission will also furnish more specific information as to the condition of any patient in the General Hospitals, within as short a space of time possible, after a request to do so from any of its corresponding societies.

The office of the Directory will be open daily from 8 o'clock a. m., to 8 o'clock p. m., and accessible in urgent cases at hour of the night.

JOHN S. NEWBERRY, M. D., Secretary for the Western Department U. S. Sanitary Commission, No. 439 Walnut St., Louisville, Kentucky. jan14;3md

FINE LAMPS.

We are just in receipt of a large assortment of fine imported BOHEMIEN GLASS LAMPS cut and gilt of beautiful patterns; a useful and ornamental

Holiday Gifts,

Also a large stock of Lamps at reduced prices.

WELDON, REIMBER & KELLY, dec20;1y. 154 Wood street, near 6th.

HOOP POLES—10,000 TIGHT AND Slack Hoop Poles on wharf and for sale by JAS. A. FETZER, jan21 Corner Market and First streets.

CONSIGNED AND FOR SALE FROM store and to arrive 1,600 Sacks White and Yellow Corn, Shelled and in gunnies, Enquire of J. W. CRAFT, jan20 Office 185 Liberty street.

PITTSBURGH & CONNELLSVILLE Railroad Company—First Mortgage, Turtle Creek Division Construction Bonds. Holders are hereby notified that the interest coupons on the above Bonds, due February 1st, 1863, will be paid after that day, on presentation and delivery at the office of the Pittsburgh Trust Company, Wood street.

W. O. HUGHART, jan16.eod;td Secretary and Treasurer.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the name and style of King, Pennock & Co., was dissolved by mutual consent, on the 15th day of November, A. D. 1862, John Arbuckle retiring from said firm, he having sold all his interest in the same to Josiah King and Isaac M. Pennock, who are authorized to settle the business of said firm.

JOSIAH KING,
ISAAC M. PENNOCK,
JOHN ARBUCKLE,

On retiring from the late firm of King, Pennock & Co., the undersigned recommends his successors to the patronage of the customers of the old firm.

JOHN ARBUCKLE,

CO-PARTNERSHIP—THE UNDERsigned having purchased all the interest of John Arbuckle in the late firm of King, Pennock & Co., and having formed a partnership under the name and style of King & Pennock will continue the manufacture of Cotton Goods at the Eagle Cotton Works. Warehouse No. 29 Wood street.

JOSIAH KING, jan16;13td ISAAC M. PENNOCK.

FIRST QUALITY OF BOOTS AND Shoes at McClelland's, 55 Fifth street.

Bankrupt Sale of Boots and Shoes

SELLING AT No. 28 FIFTH ST.

WITHOUT THE LEAST REGARD to cost, as they must be closed