

The Union as it was: The Constitution as it is!

Reading matter on every page. WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOV. 5.

## EX-PRESIDENT BUCHANAN'S LETTER.

We print in to-day's Post the letter Ex-President Buchanan, in reply to the late publication of General Scott, relative to the last months of the late Administra- garrison nine enumerated fortifications, tion. The letter is an able one, and it relieves its author of much of the odium which partisan rancor and detraction have heaped upon him. This is not the time for a fair and impartial history of Mr. Buchanan's Administration; it will require other men and other times to do it justice, whether that justice be a complete vindi eation or condemnation. Our belief is, however, that the faithful historian will record the fact that what has been termed the imbedility of the last few months of December, 1860, the day on which he results in the imbedility of the last few months of December, 1860, the day on which he results in the imbedility of the last few months of December, 1860, the day on which he results in the imbedility of the last few months of December, 1860, the day on which he results in the r the imbedility of the last few months of signed his office, after my request, he exthe Administration was a thoughtful comercised less influence on the Administraprehension of the awful conflict in which tion than any other member of the Cabinet are arranged. The National Intelli-

through which he was compell in the closing months of his Administra-tion, and he clearly states the considera-tions of public duty under which he acted, as also the limits under which he had from the commanding position he then held at the head of affairs, he is able to present in a collocation that redeems his conduct from certain misapprehensions tifications. To have attempted a military was then in no danger of an attack. Inwhich may have been entertained at the operation on a scale so extensive by any deed he and his command were then treat time by observers less cognizant of all the means within the President's power would ed with marked kindness by the authori-

## STATE ELECTIONS.

Yestorday there were State elections held in New York, New Jersey, Massacontrary, if the people of the States all ludged to have endorsed the radicals, by electing their candidates to Congress and to the State Legislatures, we can see not the state secondary their candidates to Congress and to the state secondary their candidates to Congress and to the state secondary their candidates to Congress and to the state secondary their candidates to Congress and to the state secondary their candidates to Congress and to the state secondary their candidates to Congress and to the state secondary their candidates to Congress and to the state Legislatures, we can see not the country but force, was only able to assemble at Washing in the future for the country but force, was only able to assemble at Washington, so late as the 4th of March, six handred and fifty-three men, rank and tile incessant, destructive and lasting war. If the next House of Representatives contain a majority of Emancipationists, then that the sappers and miners were supported by the passenger steamer and, immediately thereafter, I contact to the Senate, as his successor, that here that the substitution of the 'Star of the west.'' Will it be believed a suitable person, prepared, at any personal risk, to do his duty. That body, the west for the powerful war steamer however, throughout its entire session, Brooklyn, of which he now complains, was purpose only, and the result will probably be a war of extermination; a servile in surrection, which will result, in the atter annihilation of the blacks, the near destruction of the Southern whites, and the reducing to beggary and destitution the millions of he North. Every day's experience only zerves to develop the designs of the leading radicals. What they denounced as slander upon them but a few months ago, they now proclaim as being their principles; and sentiments entertained and avowed by the President but a few weeks since they now denounce as treason to the Government. If these interments now greatly needed in Flordia, Texas, New Maxico, California, Oregon, Washington, (T.,) Kansas, Nebraska, Minnesota, leaving not a company for Uath." And again, in his report of November, 1853, he says:

within reach? This squestion could be better answered by Gen. Scott himself than by any other person. Our small that the "Brooklyn, with "claptain Vodges" company alone, left the Chesapeaks for Prickens, about January 22d and, on the 29th, President Buchona having entered into a quasi armistice with leading the indiants. All were insufficient, and both Gen. Soott and myself endeavored to the inhabitants and the emigrants, to their vary thither, against the attacks of hostile reversed to a quasi armistice with leading the indiants and the emigrants, to their vary thither, against the attacks of hostile reversed to a quasi armistice with leading the indiants and the emigrants, to their vary thither, against the attacks of hostile reversed to a quasi armistice with leading the collect the "Brooklyn, with "claptain Vodges" company alone, left the Chesapeake for Prickens, about January 22d and, on the 29th, President Buchona having entered into a quasi armistice with leading the "Brooklyn, with "claptain Vodges" company and lone, left the Chesapeake for the president of the summistice with leading the "Brooklyn, with "claptain Vodges" company alone, left the Chesapeake for the "Brooklyn, with "claptain Vodges" company alo rainbow of promise shining through the gloom, while we hope that the results of invasion." yesterday's voting, in the States which held

the contest has been conducted with desperation upon the part of the radicals. Noisy declamation and charges of treason against their opponents have been their exclusive weapons of attack. On the contrary, the Democrats and Conservatives have relied upon argument; and we question very much whether, for solid and serious reasoning, lofty appeals to the virtue.

conceded, 'yet immediately says 'this is instantly balanced by the correlative right on the part of the Federal Government against an internal point of the following statement:

A revolutionary outbreak had occurred in Florida; the troops of the United States had been expelled from Pensacola and the establish by force, if necessary, its former continuity of territory.'' (For this he contrary, the Democrats and Conservatives have relied upon argument; and we question very much whether, for solid and serious reasoning, lofty appeals to the virtue.

Conceded, 'yet immediately says 'this is instantly balanced by the correlative right on the part of the Federal Government and becorded to the Federal Government against an invitation State or States to restablish by force, if necessary, its former continuity of territory.'' (For this he establish by force, if necessary, its former continuity of territory.'' (For this he establish by force, if necessary, its former continuity of territory.'' (For this he establish by force, if necessary, its former continuity of territory.'' (For this he establish by force, if necessary, its former continuity of territory.'' (For this he establish by force, if necessary, its former continuity of territory.'' (For this he establish by force, if necessary, its former continuity of territory.'' (For this he establish by force, if necessary, its former continuity of territory.'' (For this he establish by force, if necessary, its former continuity of territory.'' (For this he establish by force, if necessary, its former continuity of territory.'' (For this he establish occurred in Florida; the troops of the United States and the follo tion very much whether, for solid and serious reasoning, lofty appeals to the virtue of the people, and defiant denunciation of arbitrary power, the canvass in New York, upon the part of the conservatives, was ever surpassed in this or any other country. We venture no opinion on the country. We venture no opinion on the result; old party lines seem utterly obliterated; the old constitutional Democrats and Whigs of the Clay and Webster school and Whigs of the Clay and Webster school are shoulder to shoulder, while Abolitionists, aided by a large number of Demoists, are shitted against them. In the city of New York, especially, the Abolitionists have turned the war spirit to good account among the Irish-Americans, and despotism of the sword. To have nominated sayed of them for image and that is to say, to establish by force, if ne sessary, the continuity of our territory. In that is to say, to establish by force, if ne sessary, the continuity of our territory. In that is to say, to establish by force, if ne sessary, the continuity of our territory. In the sessary, the continuity of our territory. In and Whigs of the Clay and Webster school are shoulder to shoulder, while Abolitionhis views he also states as follows: "But ists, aided by a large number of Demo-break this glorious Union by whateverline count among the Irish-Americans, and have nominated several of them for important places, in the hope of securing a large Democratic vote for their State (the The names of Meagher, Corcoran, Murphy, Daffy, and others, who have been induced conspicuous in the war, have been induced to make its name of the Mest) which might attempt to make its way to Fort Sumter. This important information satisfied the Government information information satisfied the Government information information inf conspicuous in the war, have been induced ought to be the boundaries between the to lend their aid to assist their life long new Unions; and at the end of each goes positive assurance that no attack would be short time before it reached the officer attempt must have been captured or deopponents. These, together with the art | so far as even to indicate the cities which ful appeals of Daniel S. Dickinson, will ought to be capitals of the three first on

Letter from Ex-President | enough to convince every mind why I did | the security of the Fort and its free com-

His Reply to General Scott. The Beginning of the Rebellion

To the Editors of the National Intel. LIGENCER: -On Wednesday last, I reing. It has justified me, nay, it has rendered it absolutely necessary that I should charges which have been long vaguely circulating, but are now endorsed by the re-

sponsible name of Gen. Scott. these charges is my refusal immediately to

red from the Post Office Department to that of War; so that, from this time until

But I did not immediately garrison these nine fortifications, in such a manner, to use the language of: Gen. Scott, "as to make any attempt to take an one of them by surprise or coup-de-main ridiculous."

There is one answer both easy and conclusive, even if other valid reasons did extra country that these would be adopted.

Resides I believe and this corrective as power to act at all. At the same time he by surprise or coup de main ridiculous? places in a clear light some facts which, There is one answer both easy and cor list. There were no available troops withwhich may have been entertained at the which may have been entertained at time by observers less cognizant of all the means within the President's power would mean within the President's power would have been simply absurd. Of this General Scott himself seems to have been contained at the date of his first "views" he addressed (on the 2015 of his first "views" he addressed (on the 2015 of his first "views" he addressed (on the pair the hope of compromise, to provoke to collision and disappoint the country.

There is one (regular) company in Bost tion in regard to which the General's states.

outrages the mere contemplation of which makes the stoutest shudder. But we have able security to our citizens in distant settlements, including emigrants on the plains, can scarcely be too strongly stated; but I will only add, that as often as we are already and deshore and destoner. not altogether darkness and despair. The have been obliged to withdraw troops from late elections of October disclosed a one frontier in order to reinforce another,

These "views" of General Scott exhibelections, will break upon us with a splent it the crude notions then, prevailing even dor, bright and glorious as unclouded this subject of secession. In the first sentence the General, whilst stating that "to

ot, with a force of five companies, atroes in Virginia.
These "views," both original and sup-

our past relations, I was greatly surprised the President's knowledge and consent, was as much in violation of the sacred connation of the Peace Convention.

In the President's knowledge and consent, was arrangement was to expire on the termination of the peace Convention.

V. But we now come to an important period, when dates will be essentially the president was a supposition that this content is Commander in-chief as it would have been for the Secretary of War to publish the same document without his authority.

What is of more importance, their publication was calculated injuriously to affect. no longer remain silent in respect to the What is of more importance, their publi-

ber, 1860. And it has even been alleged more or less correctness, were unfortuntatif this had been done it might have ately circulated, especially throughout the revented the civil war.

South. The editors of the "Nationalla dorsement: "This paper, just presented telligencer" in assigning a reason for their to the President, is of such a character, least cause, to the influence of Governor publication, state that both in public prints that he declines to receive it." From Floyd. All my cabinet must bear me with and in public speeches allusions had been that time forward, all friendly, political least cause, to the influence of Governor Floyd. All my cabinet must bear me witness that I was the President myself, responsible for all the acts of the Administration; and certain it is that during the last six months previous to the 28th of last six months previous to the 28th of last six months previous to the carried in Washington on the 12th and, last six months previous to the carried in Washington on the 12th and, last six months previous to the carried in Washington on the 12th and, last six months previous to the carried in Washington on the 12th and, last six months previous to the carried in Washington on the 12th and, last six months previous to the carried in Washington on the 12th and, last six months previous to the carried in Washington on the 12th and, last six months previous to the carried in Washington on the 12th and, last six months previous to the carried in Washington on the 12th and, last six months previous to the carried in Washington on the 12th and, last six months previous to the carried in Washington on the 12th and little carried in Washington on the 1

accompanied by the Secretary of War, held a conversation with the President on the 15th of December. Whilst I have no recollection whatever of this conversation. he doubtless states correctly that I did re force Major Anderson at Fort Moultrie "In the paper now placed before our readers, the venerable ax President shows the most important period of the Admin that he was not unmindful of the obligation, he performed the duties of the less to all who recollect the history of the tions placed upon him by the trying events Secretary of War to my entire satisfactime. But twelve days before, in the annual message of the 3d December, I had and otherwise as secretly as possible, to

> Besides, I beliuve, and this correctly, as the event proved, that Major Anderson ed with marked kindness by the authorities and people of Charleston. Under these circumstances, to have sent such a inced, for on the day after the date force there would have been only to im-

"There is one (regular) company in Boston, one at Pittsburgh, one at Augusta (Ga.,) one at Baton Rouge," in all five companies only stated that on a future contingent occasion chusetts, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesotts Missouri and Delaware, the results of which will settle the complexion of the next United States House of Representatives, and probably the future description. The fortifications in six highly excited Southern States! The

however, throughout its entire session, declined to act on this nomination. Thus, policy will be fastened upon the Government; then war will be prosecuted for that purpose only, and the result will probably better answered by Gen. Scott himself to act on this nomination. Thus, without a Collector, it was rendered impossible to collect the revenue.

1V. General Scott's statement alleges possible to collect the revenue.

IV. General Scott's statement alleges

> These statements betray a singular want of memory on the part of General Scott. It is scarcely credible that this very joint note, presented in such odious colors, was submitted to General Scott on the very day it was prepared, (January 29th), and met his entire approbation. I would not make this assertion if I did not possess conclusive evidence to prove it. On that day Secretary Holt addressed me a note, from which the following is an extract. The substitution of this mercantile steamer for the Brooklyn, which "I have the satisfaction of saying that on submitting the paper to General Scott he expressed himself satisfied with it, saying that there could be no objection to the arrangement in a military point of view or otherwise." This requires no content of the same to the high military judgment of Gen. The change of page 2012 and 150 and

made on Fort Pickens if the present status (Col. Scott) to whom it was addressed."
A statement of these facts, established

ful appeals of Daniel S. Dickinson, will on the conservative ranks, but detach from the conservative ranks, but their influence will, we believe, he more than balanced by the thoughtful thousands, whose action "is never seen 'till felt."

Rebellious Slaves.

The New Orleans Delta of the 12th inst. confirms the reported outbreak of alaves on the plantation of Mr. Milaidon and the on the plantation of Mr. Milaidon and the murder of his overseer. Two other plantations for them in the murder of his overseer. Two other plantations have been described by the sagrest Cotton States.

The New Orleans Delta of the 12th inst. confirms the recoverage ment these views, proceed in the version published to the sacrestinity guarded at every point for them.

A statement of these facts, established by dates, proves conclusively that the Prese Convention this view to the safety of the Fort on this side of the Rocky Mountains, to wit, "Columbia, South Carolina," "Alton or on this side of the Rocky Mountains, to wit, "Columbia, South Carolina," "Alton or on this side of the Rocky Mountains, to wit, "Columbia, South Carolina," "Alton or on this side of the Rocky Mountains, to wit, "Columbia, South Carolina," "Alton or on this side of the Rocky Mountains, to wit, "Columbia, South Carolina," "Alton or on the safety of the Fort outper state of the war of the safety of the Aministration. The resident was not only willing but anxious in the briefest period to reinforce from Major Anderson at the War Department of these facts, established by dates, proves conclusively that the Prese Convention, the briefest period to reinforce from Major Anderson at the War Department of the State of the War of the Mainistration. The fact actually prepared by the Secretaries of War and Navy, accepting the proposal, with important modifications, which was fore the department of these facts, established by dates, proves conclusively that the president was not only willing but anxious in the Peace Conven In the present status should be preserved.

A statement of these facts, established by dates, proves conclusively that the both with a view to the safety of the Fort and to the unhappy effect which an actual collision, either at that or any other point, Sumter.

(Col. Scott) to whom it was addressed.

A statement of these facts, established by dates, proves conclusively that the President was not only willing but auxious from Major Anderson at the War Department on the last day of the Administration.

munication with Wa

tempt to reinforce Forts Jachson and St. The result was highly fortunate. The Philip, on the Mississippi; Fort Morgan, below Mobile, Forts Pickens and Mocres, in Pensacola Harbor. Fort Pulaski, below Savannah; Forts Moultrie and Sumter, Charleston Harbor, and Fort Mongan, and F conduct deserves high commendation,) and his brave little band, were placed, by the Administration, in regard to the seven no possible good, and it might do much tion with this arrangement. The General in this statement that it is difficult to sepharm. To have published them without was correct in his supposition that this arrate them. Such is eminently the case in

the compromise measures then pending was announced that Major Anderson had before Congress and the country, and to removed from Fort Moultrie to Fort I. The first and most prominent among these charges is my refusal immediately to charge on nine enumerated fortifications, which I then entertained for the General, render of Fort Sumter. The President demanding the surgarrison nine enumerated fortifications, which I then entertained for the General, render of Fort Sumter. The President hese charges is my recuse. An animomental fortifications, parrison nine enumerated fortifications, according to the recommendation of Gen. Scott, in his "views" addressed to the War Department on the 29th and 30th of Octo of what these "views" contained, of what these "views" contained, of the 2d January, 1861, of such an insulting more or less correctness, were unfortunately character, that the President instantly results of the day and the president instantly results of the president instantly resul ed by them in the Senste, and especially by Mr. Jefferson Davis. Indeed, their stercourse had previously been of the coolest character, ever since the Presi dent's anti-secession message at the com nencement of the session of Congress. Upder these changed circumstances Gen. Scott, by note on Sunday, the 30th December, addressed the following inquiry

o the President:
"Will the President permit Gen. Scott, without reference to the War Department.

The General seems not to have known hen that Mr. Floyd was out of office. Never did a request meet a more promp ompliance. It was received on Sunday vening, December 30th. On Monday norning I gave instructions to the War and Navy Departments, and on Monday vening Gen. Scott came to congratulate me that the Secretaries had issued the necessary orders to the army and navy officers, and that they were in his posses-

y the advice of General Scott himself

have never heard this doubted until I cad the statement. At the interview already referred to be he bore from Governor Pickens, demanding the surrender of the fort, to the President,

"if, (says Mr. Holt,) with all the multi-plied proofs which exist of the Presi-dent's anxiety for peace, and of the earnotherwise." This requires no comment.
That the General had every reason to be satisfied with the arrangement will appear from the following statement:

The change of programme required a brief space of time; but the Star of the set left New York for Charleston on the evening of the 4th of January. On the estness which he has pursued it, the authorities of that State shall assault Fort Sumter and imperil the lives of the handful of the brave and loyal men shut up within its walls, and thus plunge our country in-to the horrors of civil war, then upon them and those they represent must rest the responsibility.''
The truce was then ended, and General Scott is incorrect in stating "that it lasted to the end of that Administration An expedition was quietly fitted out at New York under the supervision of Gen. Scott, to be ready for any contingency. He

"At that time, when this (the truce) had passed away, Secretaries Holt and Toucey, Captain Ward, of the navy, and myself, with the knowledge of the President, settled upon the employment, under the Captain, of three or four steamers belonging to the Coast Survey, but he was kept back by the truce." A strange inconsistency. The truce had expired with Mr. Holt's letter to Colonel Hayne on the 5th of February, and General Scott, in his statement, says: "It

nary opinion that, with the possession of these forts, "the rebels might have purchased an early recognition."

months of my Administration. It is inpartial; at least such is my honest conviction. That it has not yet been published I shall next advert to the statement has arisen solely from an apprehension, bat the expedition under Capt. Ward, "of no longer entertained, that something three or four small steamers belonging to the Coast Survey," was kept back by an interference with the Government in a something like a truce or armistice, [made vigorous prosecution of the war tor the here,] embracing Charleston and Pensa maintenance of the Constitution and the cola harbors, agreed upon between the late restoration of the Union, which was far

ceived the "National Intelligencer," containing Gen. Scott's address to the public. This is throughout an undisguised centure of the National Intelligencer of Suth Carolina, Florida, Louisiana, After a careful retrospect, and critical period of the Administration. Their publication, at that time, could do the Administration. Their publication, at that time, could do the Administration. The publication at that time, could do the Administration. The publication at that time, could do make the force had arrived to defend it against any attack. The tort and critical period of the Administration. Their publication, at that time, could do make the first time of the sexpressed the first time of the procession of the Union, were placed, by colar arrors, agreed upon between the late restoration of the Union, were published by General virtue of this arrangement, in perfect set of South Carolina, Florida, Louisiana, After a careful retrospect, is still in our possession. Well might the administration. Things altogether I cannot reproach myself with this arrangement, in perfect set of South Carolina, Florida, Louisiana, After a careful retrospect, is still in our possession. Well might the administration. The distinct in their nature are often so blended commission or omission or omission or omission or omission or omission or omission in the first time of the Union, were publicated and certain principal seceders revery far, from my intention.

After a careful retrospect, is still in our possession. Well might the administration. The distinct in their nature are often so blended commission or omission or omissi declare before God and my country that cannot reproach myself with any act of commission or omission since the existing trouble commenced. I have never doubted rate them. Such is eminently the case in hat my countrymen would yet do me justice ary, 1801, I presented a full and fair exposition of the alarming condition of the country, and urged Congress either to connecting the facts relative to Charleston Having already treated of the charge of having kept back reinforcements from Pensacola, I shall now say something of Pensacola, I shall now say something of the charge of having also kept them back from Charleston. Neither a truce, nor quasi truce, nor anything like it, was ever concluded between the President and any human authority concerning Charleston.

On the contrary, the South Carolina Commissioners, first and last, and all the time, to remark that I have often warned my missioners, irst and last, and all the time, were informed that the President could never surrender Fort Sumter, nor deprive himself of the most entire liberty to send reinforcements to it whenever it was believed to be in danger, or requested by Major Anderson. It is strange that Gen. Scott was not apprised of this well known fact. It was then with some astonish. fact. It was then, with some astonishment, that I learned from the statement of neant well for my country. Your obedient servant the General that he had, on the 12th March, 1861, advised that Major Ander-JAMES BUCHANAN. Wheatland, near Lancaster, Oct. 28, 1862 son should be instructed to evacuate the ort as aoon as suitable transportation THE DRAMA. could be procured to carry himself and his The legitimate drama has possession our stage again, with Mr. C. W. Couldock cessity for a capitulation may have existed a case there should be an attack upon the and his interesting daughter as its chies

ort, or a demand for its surrender; but

otice to the opposite party; but neither Gen. Scott nor any other person suggested this expedient. This would have been to

cast a reflection on Major Anderson, who beyond question, acted from the highest and purest motives. Did Gen. Scot. ever

propose to violate this truce during its existence? If he did, I am not now, and

never was, aware of the fact. Indeed I think he would have been one of the last

men in the world to propose such a meas

Col. Hayne did not deliver the letter which

until the 31st of January. The documents containing the reasons for this worrying

February the Secretary of War, under the instructions of the President, gave a per-

emptory refusal to this demand in an able

and comprehensive letter, reviewing the whole subject, explaining and justifying the conduct of the President throughout.

Its concluding sentence is both eloquent

and emphatic

stroyed. The past inade

surely none such could have existed for its that their delineations of character are voluntary surrender and abandonment. Probably that to which the General being witnessed by unusually large and means to refer was not the quasi, but the attentive audiences. actual truce of arms concluded at Charles Mr. Couldock is an Mr. Couldock is an artist of peculiari ton on the 11th of January, 1861, between Governor Pickens and Major Anderson, ties, marked and distinct as any we have seen. His excellencies and blemishes ar ithout the knowledge of the President. t was on the 9th of January that the Star peculiarly his own. I hose traits which of the West, under the American flag, was render him remarkable in a certain line of fired upon in the karbor of Charleston, by order of Governor Pickens. Immediately after this outrage, Major Anderson sent a cessful personation of others. Judgment flag to the Governor, stating that he pre- and feeling are his specialities, and they sumed the act had been unauthorized, and preponderate in all his delineations. He for that reason he had not opened fire from cannot play Richard the Third, nor Sir Fort Sumter on the adjacent batteries; but demanding its disavowal, and, if this Giles Overreach, like the elder Booth; SECONDLOT were not sent in a reasonable time he but that great tragedian would make a would consider it war, and fire on any ves-sel that attempted to leave the harbor. sorry comparison with Mr. Couldock in Luke Fielding or John Mildmay. Where wo days after this occurrence, on the 11th January, Governor Pickens had the audacity to demand of Major Anderson the surrender of the tort. In his answer of the ing, it finds in Mr. Couldock a representsame date, the Major made the following proposition: "Should your excellency deem fit, previous to a resort to arms, to American stage. refer this matter to Washington, it would The class of characters such as the two

representatives; and we are pleased, too

afford me the sincerest pleasure to depute to which we have alluded, and Peter Proone of my officers to accompany any mesbity, in the Chimney Corner, have been by Mr. Couldock moulded into a separate Minnesota Missouri and Delaware, the results of which will settle the complexion of the next United States House of Report and Delaware, the results of which will settle the complexion of the next United States House of Report and Delaware, the results of which will settle the complexion of the next United States House of Report and Delaware, the results of which will settle the complexion of the next United States House of Report and Delaware, the results of which will settle the complexion of the next United States House of Report and Delaware, the results of which will settle the complexion of the next United States House of Report seathers and probably the future desting of our bountry. If these States, yes large the presentative, and probably the future desting of the future desting of the probably the future d bearing a copy of the truce at Washington. has added something to the literature o within which it would have been possible to send reinforcements to Fort Sumter. the drama, the latter has constituted him-Both events occurred about the same time. self its sole representative. There is but Thus a truce, or suspension of arms, was concluded between the parties, to conone Luke Fielding, and but one representinue until the question of the surrender of the fort should be decided by the Pr sitative of similar characters, and he is Mr. Couldock, now at the Pittsburgh Theatre. dent. Until this decision Major Ande There is quite a variety of other charac had placed out of his own power to ask for reinforcements, and equally out of the power of tiovernment to send them without violaters in which Mr. Couldock is excellent, if not so great as he is in Fielding. His tion of public faith. This was what writers performance of Richelieu, last evening, on public law denominate "a partial truce under which hostilities are suspended only in certain places, as between a town and the army besieging it." It is possible that was marked by a perception of the author true to his creation of the wily Cardinal while the delineation of the part was rull the President, under the laws of war, might have annulled this truce upon due

of discrimination and effect. DIED

On Tuesday, Nov, 4th, at 10 o'clock a m.; MIN-NIE LOUISA, only daughter or Capt. I dward and Annie Louisa Evans, aged 2 years, 7 months and 19 days. The funeral will take place this day at 3 o'clock m., from residence on Penn street above Me Cincinnati Commercial, copy.

On Tuesday morning, at 6 o'clock p. m., SARAH JANE, wife of Victor Harp, aged 30 years 4 mos. The Funeral will take place on Thursday morning Nov. 6th. at 8 o'clock, from her late residence near the German Catholic Church, Birmingham

G ROUND. Sulphite of Lime will preserve Cider for any leagth of time.

Directions for its ass.—Take one quarter of an ounce for svery gallon of Cider, or ten ounce of the Sulphite to every barrel of forty gallons—first mixing it with some Cider or water. After a few days draw off the Cider carefully into another barrel. delay were communicated to Congress in a special message of the 8th of February, to which I refer the reader. On the 5th of

barrel.
For sale in bottles containing a sufficient quantity for one barrel of Cider, by
SIMON JOHNSTON,
co20 corner Smithfield and Fourth streets. THE WM. PENN HOUSE FOR RENT.

THE SUBSCRIBER WILL RENT HIS
property and sell his Furniture of that old
established WM. PENN HOUSE. on Penn street, near the canal bridge.

The house is well situated and near the location of the new depot of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, and has a good run of custom as the present time.

SALVADOR SLOCUM. STRIPED BROCHE SHAWLS,

DUFF BOXES
PUFFF BOXES I am in receipt of a superior lot of fine Puff Box es. Those wishing anything in this line should cannot be a superior purchasing else where. JUSEPH FLEMING,
JOSEPH FLEMING,
oorner of the Diamond and Market street,
no3 corner of the Diamond and Market street,

stranged its details, and regarded the reinforcements thus provided for as sufficient. This was ready to sail for Fort Sumter on five hours' notice. It is of this expedition that Gen. Scott thus speaks:

| Superior Sold Ash and Pot Ash. Superior Sold Ash and Pot Ash. Superior Sods Ash and Pot Ash,
Superior Sods Ash and Pot Ash,
Superior Sods Ash and Pot Ash,
AT
JOSEPH FLEMING'S
JOSEPH FLEMING'S,
corner of the Diamond and Market street,
no3

GOOD CIDER ALL THE YEAR round 'y the use of NEUTRAL SULPHITE OF LIME, Call and procure a circular, with directions using it.

The Best and most Reliable Article.

Put up in battles sufficient for one barrel of

JOSEPH FLEMING S.
JOSEPH FLEMING S.
Corner of the Diamond and Market Streets,
Corner of the Diamond and Market Streets,

FAMILIES.

CAN SAVE MONEY SHOES

COLLEGE, corner of Penn and St. Clair streets, Wednesday morning at 11 A. F. FIXED CAPITAL.

NOTICE!!! ANOTHER NEW STOCK OF

**BOOTS and SHOES** JUST RECEIVED AT

CONCERT HALL SHOE STORE AND WILL BE SOLD CHEAP AS EVER DERSONS WISHING ANYTHING IN that line will find it to their interest and to the interest of their pockets to give us a call be-fore purchasing elsewhere, and we will convince you that

CONCERT HALL SHOE STORE Meus'. Misses, Womens and Children's work of all kind kept constantly on hand and at prices to suit toe times, nc5

Daily arrivals, by Express and Railroad, of

Macrum & Glyde's, NO. 78 MARKET STREET.

Latest Styles of TRIMMINGS, FMBROIDER-IES, COLLARS, Handkerchiefs, Laces, Fancy oods, Head Nots, Patterns, Shirts, Coreets, &c. Large assortments of Hosiery, Gloves, Furn-shing Goods for Ladies and Gentlemen.

and Children; Pins, Needles, Threads. and other small wares. We invite the special attention of Wholesale and Retail buyers, confident that we tan meet evory want in price and variety.

MACRUM & GLYDE. 78 Market st., bet. 4th and Diamond.

SECOND-HAND YIANOS & MELODEONS

REAL BARGAINS, A ROSNWOOD 6% OCTAVE PIANO, 

DÍVIDEND. PITTSBURGH, November 4, 1862.

PANY of Pittsburgh, has this day declared a Dividend of TWO AND A HALF DOLLARS per share on its capital stock, out of the earned premiums of the last six monts, payable on and after the 11th. F. W. GORDON, Sec y. no5:2wd

MERCHANTS AND MACUFACTURERS' BAXE Pittsburgh, Nov. 4, 1862.

THIS BANK HAS THIS DAY DECLARED a dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on its capital stock out of the profits for the last air months, free of all taxes, payable on or after the 14th inst.

W. H. DENNY, Cushier.

A (4 on the capital stock of this Bank, for the past six months, has been declared this day, and will be payable to the stockholders or their legal representatives on or after the 14th inst. This dividend will be free of the United States tax, the Bank having assumed the payment of the same to the Government.

JOHN HAPPER, not;3td&ltw.

Cashier.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 4, 1862.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 4, 1862.

Aday declared a Dividend of Four PEB.

GENT, on the capital stock exclusive of Government-tax) payable to the Stockholders on or after the 14th inst.

GEO. D. McGREW, Cashier.

VILLE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS cf this Back, have this day declared a divi-lend of FOUR PER CENT, on the capi al stock, payable to Stockholders, or their legal represenpayable to Stockholders or their legal representatives on and after the lith inst, free of doyern ment tax.

J. W. COUK, Cashier.

NEW STYLES IN SHAWLS JUST OPENED AT W. & D. HUGUS'.

LONG WOOL SHAWLS. Square Wool Shawls. NEW STYLE

IN LONG AND SQUARE. MISSES LONG WOOL SHAWLS. HISSES SOUARE WOOL SHAWLS.

CHILDREN'S LONG AND SQUARE WOOL SHAWLS. NEWEST STYES IN

Ladies'. Misses and Childrens HOOP SKIRTS. OATS -- 200 BUSHELS PRIME OATS
Just received and for sale by

cived and for sale by JAS. A. RETZER. Corner Market and First street. RESH FRUITS REYMER & BRO'S,
Nos. 126 and 128 Wood street.

HELT FELT

FELT

SHOES

SHOES

FOR LADIES AND GENTS. W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO., 31 FIFTH STREET.