DAILY POST.

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Democratic State Ticket.

AUDITOR GENERAL,

ISAAC SLENKER, Union County.

SURVEYOR GENERAL,

JAMES P. BARR, Allegheny County.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS XXIID DISTRICT,
GEO. P. HAMILTON.

FOR CONGRESS XXIIID DISTRICT,
JACOB ZEIGLER, of Butler.

FOR PRESIDENT JUDGE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS,
R. P. FLENNIKEN.

FOR ASSOCIATE LAW JUDGE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS,
CHARLES SHALER.

FOR STATE SENATE,
R. H. KERR.

FOR ASSEMBLY,
JOSEPH R. HUNTER.
J. C. BRYANT.
A. J. BAKER.
CAMPBELL STEWART.
MATT. HARRISON.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
WILLIAM LINN.

FOR CONSTABLES,
COL. ROBT. ANDERSON.

FOR COMMISSIONER,
JACOB STUCKRATH.

DIRECTOR OF POOR,
JOSEPH E. McCABE.

MONDAY MORNING, SEPT. 29.

CITY AND NEIGHBORHOOD INTELLIGENCE

Paroled Soldiers from Harper's Ferry--The Subsistence Committee.

From Wednesday evening until Saturday at midnight, 8,881 soldiers, chiefly paroled prisoners from Harper's Ferry, passed through our city on their way to Chicago, where they are, for the present to be placed in Camp Douglas, in charge of Gen. Tyler, who has been designated to command these troops. In that brief period, of a little more than three days, all these men have been received at City Hall by our noble, energetic and self-sacrificing Subsistence Committee, furnished with a substantial meal and abundance of good coffee, and sent on their way refreshed and rejoicing. We have already noticed the arrival and departure of 3,671 of the number, previous to Saturday morning. Since that time 5,210 have been fed and sent on their way, viz: All that remain of Col. Williams' 63rd Indiana regiment, which passed through our city full, eight months ago, now numbering but 235 men; 115th New York, 960 men; 32nd Ohio Col. Tom Ford, (who is detained in the East under arrest) 740 men; 8th New York Cavalry, 110; 11th Illinois Cavalry' 115; 38th New York, 600; New York Garibaldi regiment, 510; 39th New York, 100; 9th Vermont, Col. Stannard, 780; two companies. Ohio and Indiana. 100; 125th New York, 864; Gen. Tyler and staff, 6

Gen. Tyler and his staff, consisting of Lieuts F S Bond and E L. Tyler, aids, Capt. Mallory, Commissary, Capt Bacon, Assistant Adjutant General and Captain Goodman. Assistant Quartermaster General, arrived by special train about ten o'clock on Saturday night, with the 125th New York, officered as follows: Colonel, G. L Willard: Lieut. Colonel, L. Crandall; Major, James C. Bush; Adjutant. E. P. Sheldon; Quartermaster, L. Chandler Ball; Chaplain, Rev. J. W. Barlow; Surgeon, Dr. William Cooper and Assistant Surgeons, Drs A. J Benedict and W. Aiken. They marched to City Hall, where all, officers and men, were provided with an excellent supper, to their infinite satisfaction, which was manifested, after the repast, by three hearty cheers for the Pittsburgh Subsistence Committee They then returned to Liberty street and embarked for Chicago by a special train on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway This was the rear guard of the paroled Harper's Ferry prisoners, and included a number of stragglers from the other regiments, picked up along the route.

The Subsistence Committee is doing a noble work and their labors cannot be appreciated by those who do not visit City Hall and witness the amount of work and attention required to feed a regiment. The lady members of the Committee usually in attendance had become so much exhausted by their duties during Wednesday, Thursday and Friday nights, that they were obliged to send "substitutes" on Saturday night and take needed rest. All honor to them for their self sacrificing devotion to the comfort of our country's defenders. The Committee deserve not only the warmest encouragement but free material aid from all who have anything to spare. They are constantly called upon to provide for hungry soldiers passing through our city and must be provided with the wherewithal to enable them to do so.

An Important Visit.

A committee, appointed by the Secretary of the Navy, consisting of Rear Admiral Stringham, Commodore Marston, Commodore Van Brunt, Commodore Gardner, Prof. Alex. Dallas Bache and Engineer Savage, with their friends numbering in all, twenty-five persons, start from Philadelphia this morning in a special car, for the purpose of visiting the Schuylkill, Lehigh, Susquehanna, Juniata and Allegheny Valleys, with a view to acquiring for the benefit of the Department, a personal knowledge of the coal and iron bearing regions of this State and also the manufacture of the latter. This visit is fraught with importance to the industrial interests of our city, as it may possibly be the means of securing the location of a National Foundry or Ship-yard at this point, and we hope our people will take an interest in giving to these gentlemen all information which can be of service to them, or benefit to us. We should show them our vast natural resources, our coal and iron fields, our vast apparatus for the manufacture of iron and the various forms into which it is worked—impressing upon them, at the same time, the extent and capacity of our transportation facilities—in fact everything which can in any degree contribute to furnishing a thorough knowledge of the advantages we possess. Every manufacturer, merchant and mechanic, is interested in this subject, and the opportunity should not pass unimproved. The committee will, of course, visit the cannon foundry and other points of interest, but they should be accompanied by citizens who can explain everything novel they see. Let this important matter be attended to in time.

Soldier Killed by Falling off a Train.

On Saturday afternoon, a soldier of the 127th New York regiment fell from the platform of the train which was conveying them to this city and was instantly killed. He was a member of company F, named Lewis F. Smith, and the son of an ice dealer in the city of New York.

State Militia.

The company of State Militia from Washington borough which passed through this city *en route* for Harrisburg two weeks since, returned by Pennsylvania Railroad at an early hour on Sunday morning and immediately started for home in spring wagons provided by W. S. Jackson. The company was in command of Capt. John H. Ewing, who took the place of their first commander, Capt. James Armstrong, who was elected Colonel of the regiment to which they were attached.

City Councils.

The Select and Common Councils hold their regular monthly meeting this evening.

The Children at Work.

On Saturday the children of the Second ward schools put up a quantity of lint and bandages, which they have been for some time preparing, to be forwarded to the hospitals. A quantity of wines, jellies, provisions, &c., will be sent with the other supplies, for use in the hospitals.

In the Eighth ward the shool children have also prepared a large quantity of lint and bandages. Having used up all the old linen, &c, they could procure, they have contributed ten cents each to furnish more material.

We hope this good work may progress, notwithstanding the announcement of the Surgeon General. What is prepared need not be forwarded now, but kept until the emergency requires it, when it can be sent on at once and will, doubtless, be more acceptable than if sent now, when the supply is so large.

Nineteenth District.

In the nineteenth district, composed of Erie, Warren, McKean, Forest, Elk, Cameron, Jefferson and Clearfield counties, Milton Courtright, of Erie, was nominated for Congress on the 23d inst, in a Convention held at Ridgeway. The Erie *Observer*, in speaking of his nomination, says: "Mr. Courthright is one of our best known citizens, and sustains a character that cannot be impeached. He is admittedly one of the best business men in the State, and through his activity and sagacity has obtained a competency that falls to the lot of but few men. He was an ardent supporter of Stephen A. Douglas in 1860. and his political sentiments are of the most orthodox and reliable kind. Nobody can impugn his love for the Union, for he has suffered more through the rebellion than any other dozen men in Erie county."

The Ravages of War.

The awful ravages of war are clearly illustrated by a few facts about the 111th Pennsylvania Regiment, which was stationed in Baltimore for a brief period.—The regiment went into the battle of the 17th with 220 men, and came out with only 104. At the commencement they had thirteen commissioned officers, of whom one was killed and six wounded, and upon leaving the field they were highly complimented by Gen. Greene, who commanded the division. Col. Stainbrook presented the regiment with a costly flag, which was received with cheers. The following is a list of casualties: Capt. Cotrigan, of company B, killed; Lieut. Todd, of company A, wounded; Lieut. Bancroft, of company E, left arm amputated; Lieut. Croneberger, company G, wounded in the left breast; Capt. Wagoner, of company I, lost two toes; Lieut. Wolge, of company I, wounded in the thigh; Lieut. Black, of company K, wounded in the head. Privates killed, 28; wounded, 81; missing, 16. The regiment was commanded by Major Thomas M. Walker, who had his left shoulder strap taken off by a shell and his clothing pierced by bullets in many places.

Oil in Warehouses.

The following regulations have been made in regard to bonded warehouses for the storage of coal oil: The owner or owners of any coal oil distillery may erect, at his or their expense, a warehouse, of materials to be approved by the collector of the district. The said warehouse, when approved by the collector, is hereby declared a bonded warehouse of the United States, and shall be used only for storing coal oil, and to be under the custody of the collector or his deputy; and the duty on the oil stored in such warehouse shall be paid when and as it is sold, or removed from such warehouse for a sale.

Co. E, Eighth Reserves.

Capt. Brooks reports the following official list of killed and wounded: South Mountain, Sept. 14.—Killed: Corporal Albert Ester, Peter Fitzsimmons, George W. Brooks, Charles Moss, Henry Maddars, Wm H. Oldham, Wm. Harker. Wounded: Corporal Rudolph Evans, William Reese, dangerously; George Taylor, in side; John Thompson, in foot; Francis Greyham, side; Ephraim Brown, Sharpsburg, Sept. 17.—Lawrence Hand, John Bailey, Michael Kelly.

Interred.

On Saturday afternoon the remains of Richard H Lee, son of Caleb Lee, Esq, which arrived on Friday night from Washington city, where he died of typhoid fever, were interred from the residence of his brother in law, Wilson Miller, Third street. Young Lee had been in the service but a short time, having enlisted in the centre section of Hampton's Battery under the last call.

On Sunday afternoon the body of John Trautman was interred from the residence of his father, Carson street, East Birmingham. His body arrived on Friday morning, he having died at Finley Hospital, Washington city, of wounds received in the second battle of Bull Run.

West Newton Aid Society.

The ladies of West Newton, Westmoreland county, have organized a society for the purpose of furnishing lint, bandages, wine, fruit, and other comforts for our wounded soldiers, which numbers about forty members, with the following officers: President, Mrs. Mary Wells; Vice President, Mrs. Alex. Plumer; Secretary, Mrs. John Kreps; Treasurer, Mrs. E. C. Leighty. They have collected $140 in money, one hundred and fifty cans fruit, and twenty bottles wine, etc, and are constantly preparing lint, bandages, &c.

Examinations Closed.

Dr. A. C. Murdock, Examining Surgeon, closed his labors at noon on Saturday, to the chrgrin of many who had not made application for examination, believing there was ample time. The Doctor has done his best to accommodate all and any who are really exempt by physical disability and have not been examined, must, should they be drafted, take their chances with the surgeon when the time comes for mustering in.

A Horse to Col. Campbell.

The friends of Col. Chas. F. Campbell, of the 57th regiment, Provost Marshal of this city, presented him, at Chambersburg, last week, with a fine horse, as a token of their esteem and confidence in his qualifications as a soldier.

A New Drama.

Mr. Joseph Proctor, the celebrated tragedian, has been re-engaged for another week at the Theatre and appears to-night in what is represented to us as an excellent new sensation drama, entitled "Gio" The parts played by Mr. Proctor are well calculated for the display of his peculiar powers as an actor—and as the piece is full of striking situations and fine sentiment it cannot fail to please. We advise all to see it.

Stabbing Affray.

Two colored servants at the St. Charles Hotel quarreled on Friday evening, and after some high words, one, Edward Robinson, drew a knife and stabbed the other, John Butler, three times, inflicting painful but not dangerous wounds in his head, side and back.

Died of his Wounds.

Capt. Daniel Kistler, Co. C, 11th Reserves, who was mortally wounded in the late battle near Sharpsburg, Maryland, died at his residence in Greensburg, on Thursday.

Steamboat Explosion.

On Saturday morning the cylinder head in one of the boilers of the steamer Franklin was blown out while she was on her way to this port from Brownsville, at Lock No. 4 Several persons were slightly injured by scalding, but no one was killed. Several soldiers were on board, two of whom were badly scalded.

The Coroner's Inquest on the Arsenal Catastrophe.

The Verdict—Two Jurors Dissent.

The Coroner's Jury examining into the cause of the disaster at the Arsenal on the 17th, met at Alderman Donaldson's office on Saturday evening, to agree upon a verdict.

Before proceeding to their deliberations the following resolutions, offered by the foreman, Mr. John W. Riddell, were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That this jury regard the accumulation of vast quantities of gunpowder and other explosive material in and near the United States magazine buildings, located in the borough of Lawrenceville, as a great public wrong, unwarranted by any exigency of the service and fraught with imminent peril to a whole community.

Resolved, That we solemnly call upon the authorities of this and adjoining municipalities to memorialize the government to take such action as may be necessary to ensure the safety of the lives and property of our people from a calamity far more destructive and appalling than has yet befallen us.

After consulting together for about two hours the jury determined upon the following verdict:

Allegheny County, SS.

An inquisition taken at Lawrenceville, in the county of Allegheny, on the 27th day of September, A. D. 1862, before me, John McClung, Esq, Coroner of the county aforesaid, upon the view of the bodies of Catharine Dugan, Catharine Burkhardt, Sidney Hanlon, Barbara Bishop, Mary Ann Lee, Margaret J Kelly, Ella Rushton, Elizabeth Maxwell, Sarah Donelly, Elizabeth Shook, Margaret O'Rourke, Phillip Miller, Mary Cronan, Mary Slatterly, Ellen Slatterly, Susan McKenna, Ellen McKenna, Martha Robinson, Kate Dillon, Ellen McAfee, Hester Hezlep, Anna Jones, Nancy Ross, Mary Riorden, Grace McMillan, Mary Johnson, Mary J. Jeffries, Mary Robinson, Eleanor Shepperd, Hannah Baxter, Kate McBride and forty-two more unrecognized bodies, believed to be the bodies of Magdalena Douglass, Melinda Neckermann, Adeline Maher, Melinda Colsten, Lucinda Frizell, Mary Donnelly, Virginia Hamill, Ella Brown, Mary Algeo, Sarah Shepperd, Mary Murphy, Mary Davidson, Agnes Davidson, Ellen Donaghue, Kate Donaghue, Ellen Manchester, Sarah Burke, Catharine Calor, Catharine Miller, Mary S. Robinson, Susan Frichley, Elizabeth Markell, Maria McCarthey, Elizabeth Ager, Mary A. Dripps, Eliza Lindsay, Susan McCright, Emma Clowes, Bridget Clare, Margaret A. Turney, Harriet Lindsay, Mary Collins, David A. Gilleland, Robert Smith, Joseph E. Bollman, Anna Dillon, Mary A. Bollman, Nancy Fleming, Mary J. Heeney, Rose Brady, Mary A McWhirter and Sarah George, then and there lying dead, upon the oaths and solemn affirmations of John W. Riddell, H. S. Donaldson, F. C. Negley, Henry Snowden, J. B. Hill and John Lowe good and lawful men of the county aforesaid, who being sworn and affirmed and charged to inquire, on the part of the Commonwealth, when, where and how, and after what manner the said persons came to their death, do say, upon their oaths and affirmations aforesaid, that the said persons were killed by reason of the explosion of gunpowder at the United States laboratory building, situated in said borough of Lawrenceville, on Wednesday, September 17th, 1862, while severally employed therein. And the jurors aforesaid further present that the said explosion was caused by the neglect of Col. John Symington, the officer in command at the Allegheny Arsenal, and by his Lieutenants J. R Edie, and Jasper Myers, and the gross neglect of Alexander McBride, Superintendent of said laboratory building and his assistant, James Thorp. And so the jurors aforesaid, upon their oaths or affirmations, as aforesaid, say that the aforesaid persons, from the cause aforesaid, in manner and form aforesaid, came to their death, and not otherwise.

In witness whereof, as well as the aforesaid Coroner, we, the jurors, have hereunto put our hands and seals, on the day and year, and at the place above mentioned.

JOHN McCLUNG.

H S DONALDSON, F C NEGLEY,
JOHN LOWE, HENRY SNOWDEN

From so much of the foregoing finding as imputes negligence to Col. Symington and Lieuts. Myers and Edie, we utterly and entirely dissent. The testimony, in our judgment, clearly discloses that this sad disaster is to be attributed to a disregard by the Superintendents of the wholesome and stringest orders of Col Symington, and we are unable to find anything in the evidence criminating either of his Lieutenants.

JOHN W. RIDDELL,
Foreman of Coroner's Jury.
JAMES B. HILL.

The jury did not conclude their labors until about half past ten o'clock and all seemed glad to be relieved of the unpleasant duty.

The above list makes the total number seventy-three, but the jury desire us to say that the list is not intended to be a perfect record of all who lost their lives by the catastrophe, as some subsequently died, whose bodies they did not see We find, however, but one name, of those killed, which does not appear in the verdict: that of Sarah Maxwell, who died on the Saturday following the accident. This would make the total number of victims by this fearful disaster seventy-four. We hope it may never again come within our province to record a calamity so appalling in its details and so disastrous in its effects.

Cloaks and Mantillas.

Within the past five years quite a revolution has been effected in the manufacture and cost of street cloaks and mantillas for ladies wear. Time was when the buying and making up of such an article was a great expense and grave matter of consultation in the family circle for weeks after the head had furnished the means to procure it. First the material and its color were decided upon and the whole neighborhood searched to get a pattern to make it by, the more fortunate who had friends in the East procuring the latest mode from them. Then the stores were ramsacked to find the material previously determined upon and hours, sometimes days, spent in securing a "bargain." The goods home, the "cutting out" became a matter of serious moment and the mechanical skill of the whole household was called into requisition, with untold fears of spoiling the "stuff." The garment being carefully sewed together, often by several of the family, trimmings were the next consideration and these were, after another overhauling of every piece in the fashionable stores, purchased and put on. The following Sunday saw the fortunate possessor at church with the wonderful construction, exciting the admiration or envy of all her female acquaintances.—Through much tribulation the end was attained. Now, happily, all this is changed. The enterprise of dry goods merchants and the introduction of sewing machines actually enables dealers to furnish cloaks and mantillas, of good material, well made in the newest styles (the production of which is the constant study of modistes) and beautifully trimmed, at less than the cost of the materials at retail, saving infinite trouble and vexation to the fair sex. We have enlarged upon this point because an establishment for the manufacture and sale of cloaks and mantillas has been opened by one of our most enterprising merchants, M. J. Spence. We will not enter into particulars, but advise our readers to call at his store, No. 73 Market street, where they will find an endless variety of beautiful walking cloaks and mantles, among which they cannot fail to find something to please. To such as reside out of the city we recommend a perusal of Mr Spence's advertisement and an order by letter—adding that Mr. S will deal liberally and honorably with all, and that any article purchased from him will be just as represented.

Viewers and Commissioners Appointed.

In the matter of the petition of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad Co. for the appointment of viewers, the following gentlemen were appointed to act in that capacity, by the Court of Common Pleas, on Saturday morning, Judges Sterrett, Ritchie and Mellon on the bench: Geo. K. White, Wm. M. Shinn, J. G. McFarland, Jas. Herdman, Geo. A. Berry, Daniel Negley, Jas. McCandless. They are authorized to assess damages to be sustained by the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company, and such private property owners as have not released the Cleveland Company, in the extension of their track from Rochester to this city. They are to make report to the Court, of the value of the lands viewed by them, in thirty days from date of the order.

Under the late opinion of the Court, in this case, in reference to the appointment of a Commissioner, the following order was made:

"And now: September 27th, 1862, the Court appoint Th. H. Baird, Jr., Esq, Commissioner to take testimony in this case, in relation to the location of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad, and the interference, if any, with the property or rights of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company, and the necessity of said location, as exhibited in the petition and plots filed—twenty four hours notice of the time and place of taking such testimony (if within the county of Allegheny) and ten days notice of such time and place, if elsewhere, to be given to the counsel of the opposite party—said Commissioner to report all the testimony within forty days from this date."

Charge of Highway Robbery.

On Saturday last, John Robinson, Pat Harkins, and ——Gray, were arrested and committed to jail, charged with knocking down and robbing of a revolver and $35, Francis Flood, a returned soldier, near the Canal bridge on Thursday night, he having walked out into the street from a bar-room in the vicinity, where he was awaiting the arrival of a train. The stolen property was recovered.

Gen. Milroy's Brigade.

We understand that Gen. Milroy's brigade has been detached from the army of the Potomac and ordered to Western Virginia. They will probably pass through this city on Tuesday or Tuesday night.—There are five or six companies from this county in one of the regiments of this brigade. Some of the members have not seen their families for more than a year.

The Draft Inevitable.

It is the general opinion that there will be no further postponement of the draft, but that it will take place on October 15th. Dr. Murdock is the examining physician for the county and can be found at the Court House every day from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Those calling at his office for examination will be charged the regular office fees.

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Dr. VonBonhorst, No. 54 St. Clair street.

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Cheap Pianos!!

FOURTEEN SECOND HAND PIANOS FOR SALE

An excellent Rosewood Chickering Piano, 6 octave. Price.....$165.00
A Rosewood Gate & Co Piano, elegant case, 6 octave. Price..... 160 00
A Rosewood Stodart Piano, is but little worn, 6 octave. Price..... 150 00
A Rosewood Rasford Piano, very fine touch, 6½ octave. Price..... 120 00
A Rosewood, Grovesteen & Hale, new and richly carved, 7 octave, Price 170 00
A Rosewood, Hayes & Co Piano, three years old. 7 octave. Price..... 180 00
A Rosewood, Gilbert, Upright Piano, 6½ octave. Price..... 125 00
A Mahogany T Lond Piano, large size 6 octave. Price..... 75 00
A Rosewood German Piano, large size, 6 octave. Price..... 70 00
A Rosewood Chickering Piano, very old but good, 6 octave. Price..... 50 00
A Mahogany, Lond & Bro., old but in good order, 6 octave. Price..... 45 00
A Mahogany, Astor & Co, old London Piano, 6½ octaves. Price..... 20 00
A Walnut Lozier Piano, in good order, 6 octave. Price..... 75 00
A Mahogany, Gibson Piano, New York, very good, 6 octave. Price..... 75 00

NEW PIANOS.

A splendid stock of new Pianos, from the best New York and Boston makers on hand, and constantly receiving new supplies. *Prices invariably* the same as the manufacturers, and every instrument warranted. For sale by
sep10 JOHN H. MELLOR, 81 Wood street.

The Philosophic Burner.

HAYDEN'S NEW DOUBLE-ACTING Philosophic Burner for Carbon Oil is now ready. It possesses many advantages over the Common Burners.
1. It makes a large or mall light with perfect combustion.
2. It will burn any quantity of oil with safety.
3. It can be used with a long or short chimney.
4. It can be used as a taper night-lamp.
5. It can always be made to burn economically.
6. It is more easily wicked than any other burner.
7. It can be trimmed and lighted without removing the cone.
8. It throws all the white light above the cone.
9. The chimney can be removed or inserted without touching the glass.

These burners are the common No. 2 size, and can be put on any lamp now in use. Every person using Carbon Oil should have a Philosophic Burner. Price 25 cents; per dozen $2. Sold a No. 82 FOURTH street, Pittsburgh.
je25-1ydw F. HAYDEN.

WHEELER & WILSON'S Sewing Machines,
NO. 27 FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA
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FOR THE YEARS
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UPWARDS OF 80,000
MACHINES sold in the United States.
MORE THAN
20,000 SOLD THE PAST YEAR

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Every Machine warranted for three years.
WM. SUMNER & CO.

SPECIAL NOTICE—THE LAST INSTALLMENT on the assessment for grading and paving made under the supplement to the city charter is due, and if not paid before the 1st of October next, will be placed in the hands of the city solicitor for collection, subject to costs of suit.
se6-tf WM. EICHBAUM, Treasurer.

Second Edition

THE VERY LATEST TELEGRAPH.

Our Loss in the Late Battle.

FROM THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC

From Pope's Department.

Augusta (Ky.) Captured by Rebels

Rebel Conscription in Kentucky

&c., &c., &c., &c.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 28.—The *American's* special, from Sharpsburg, says: Our loss in killed and wounded at the battle of Antietam will be fully up to 10,000. Official figures in two corps (Sumner's and Hooker's) are as follows: Sumner's—Officers killed, 41; wounded, 89; enlisted men, killed, 819; wounded, 3,708; missing, 458. Total for the corps, 5,209. Hooker's corps—Doubleday's division, killed, 98; wounded, 669; total, 862. Rickett's division, killed, 152; wounded, 898; missing, 137; total, 1,188. Meade's division Pennsylvania Reserves, killed, 97; wounded, 449; missing, 25; total, 569. Total for the corps, 2,619.

Burnside's loss in killed and wounded will be about 1,600. The total loss in these three army corps is therefore 8,428. The loss in Franklin's and Gen. Banks' corps, now commanded by Gen. Williams, will bring the casualties fully up to the total stated, though there may be some considerable in the number of missing.

Gen. Griffin's brigade pickets the river at Blackburn and Reynold's Ford, opposite Shepherdstown, and is active in reconnoitering the country along the Virginia side of the Potomac.

On Friday morning a battalion of cavalry crossed and soon afterwards sent back as a prisoner a rebel cavalry officer, whom they captured at Shepherdstown. Soon after a boy appeared on the opposite bank, shouting to the pickets not to fire, and came over. He said he had enlisted with the rebels at Frederick, but becoming disgusted with the service desired to come home. The rebels he reported to be in strong force ten miles back from the river. He also said that Jackson had had his arm amputated in consequence of a wound received at Antietam. These stories of the rebel deserters are notoriously unreliable.

On Thursday at noon General Griffin in person with the 9th Massachusetts and the District of Columbia regiment crossed the river. They threw out skirmishers and advanced up hill, and proceeding cautiously passed into the woods. Shortly afterwards they sent back a piece of artillery and an artillery forge which the rebels had left behind. They remained over during the afternoon but as there was no firing it is to be presumed they did not find any rebels in force.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—The following named officers have been promoted on the recommendation of Gen. McClellan, to Brigadier Generalship:

Col. Governor K. Warren, Fifth New York volunteers, for distinguished conduct at the battle at Gaines Hill; Col. Alfred W. Sully, First Minnesota, for distinguished conduct at the battle before Richmond; Col. Wm. Aversill, Third Pennsylvania Cavalry, for distinguished conduct at Fair Oaks; Col Robt Cowdin, First Massachusetts, for distinguished conduct at Williamsburg; Brigadier General John Cook, U. S. volunteers, has been ordered to report for duty to Major General Pope; Surgeon Wm. A. Sloan, U. S. Army, has been assigned to duty with Gen. Pope, as Medical Director of the Department of the South-west.

The following dispatch has been received:

HEADQUARTERS ARMY ST. PAUL,
September 26, 1862.

To General Halleck, Major General-in-Chief:

Dispatches from Col. Sibley just received says: A sharp engagement occured with the Sioux, near Yellow Medecun, with about 30 Indians killed and many wounded. Our loss was five killed and 34 wounded. The Indians fell back toward Lagingparle.

Signed, JOHN POPE,
Major General.

By chapter 163, Section 24 of the Acts of the 37th Congress, it is provided that any withdrawal of paper issued prior to the first of January, 1863, without being stamped, shall be declared invalid. On that account suit for recovering peaceably can only be instituted by collectors.

Hence, if stamps are not ready for use on the 1st of October, no injury or loss will result to the public. It is expected, however, that stamps for leading papers will be ready by Monday or soon afterwards, and the use of stamps will be required whenever the Department is prepared to furnish them.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 28.—Last night rebel Cavalry captured Augusta, Ky., on the Ohio, forty miles above the city. After robbing the houses they destroyed the place. The citizens fled to the Ohio side. Hon. William H. Polk passed through the city to-night as bearer of dispatches from Andy Johnson to President Lincoln. Business was totally suspended yesterday from 2 to 5 o'clock P. M. All citizens are under drill. They turn out large. A dispatch to the *Gazette* from Indianapolis, says: An army officer just arrived from Washington, says he read ordees while in the War Department, on Friday, relieving Buell of his command in Kentucky, and assigning him Indianapolis, to organize paroled prisoners into regiments.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 28.—Some alarm ensued this afternoon from artillery practice in our suburbs which subsided on learning the cause of the firing. Dealers in army goods had quite a harvest to day, disposing of almost everything available for army purposes at quite an advance on Saturday's prices. Military officers of the Southern Confederacy are recklessly enforcing the conscription act around Lexington and other points occupied by the rebels.

On Friday about 500 rebel wagons were seen on the road from Danville to Lexington supposed to be empty and going in that direction for supplies.

The Pontoon bridge was finished yesterday.

There was a skirmish at Middletown today between a cavalry regiment and rebel troops, one rebel killed, balance routed.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 26.—The steamer Sonora arrived to-day from Panama.

Lieut. Mulin arrived yesterday from Oregon enroute for Washington. During the past five years he has been engaged in locating and constructing a military road from the Walla Valley in Washington Territory, to Fort Benton at the head of navigation of the Missouri river. The work is finally completed. Considerable emigration has reached Washington Territory by that route during this year. Large tracts of land besides mineral regions containing gold, copper, lead and iron were found on the line of this road.

BOSTON, Sept. 27.—The quota of troops under both calls of the President, have been filled by the State of Maine by volunteering, and all have been in camp since the 16th. They will be ready to move as soon as uniformed and equipped.

CARLISLE, PA., Sept. 28.—We have the best authority for saying that the Cumberland Valley Railroad Company is in no wise accountable for the accident which occurred at Bridgeport on Friday last. The road has been in the custody and absolute control of the government since the 21st inst., and no officer of the company had any participation in the movement or direction of trains since that date.

NEW YORK, Sept. 27.—The steamer Walanges from New Orleans on the 20th, arrived here this evening. The news is unimportant.

Judge Walker, late editor of the Delta, has been released from confinement at Ship Island.

Col. Hamilton, ex-Congressman from Texas made an eloquent speech at the great Union Meeting in New Orleans.

Several rebel officers with a flag of truce had arrived at New Orleans to consumate negotiation for an exchange of prisoners.

NEW YORK, Sept. 27.—The following additional news has been received by the City of Washington:

It is reported that three of the finest steamers on the Clyde, the Fiona, the Giraffe and the Clydesdale have been sold to the Confederate Government. The Liverpool *Telegraph* says, besides the commissions committed to other ship-builders by the Confederate Government, which are being pushed forward with all possible dispatch, a large iron-plated ram is being constructed on the river Mersey, without attempt being made at concealment. This ram will be of the most formidable character, and will attempt to run the blockade at Charleston. The same journal says that a vessel is lying at Liverpool taking in a cargo of iron plates destined for plating a Southern vessel, which is awaiting their arrival at Charleston.

MEMPHIS, Sept 24.—The steamer Eugene, from Cairo to Memphis, hailed yesterday at Randolf. Upon landing, the clerk went ashore and was immediately seized by guerrillas previously concealed The steamer immediately backed into the river, when the rebels opened fire on her, but there was no one hurt. The Eugene, on her return trip to-night, takes up a company of soldiers to destroy the place.

NEW YORK, Sept. 27.—The French frigate Flotterre arrived at this port to-day.

AUCTION SALES.

Bankrupt's Sale of Boots and Shoes.
SELLING AT No. 28 FIFTH ST.
WITHOUT THE LEAST REGARD to cost, as they must be closed out immediately.
COME AND SEE.
2d Door below Exchange Bank.
se24

Read! Read! Read!
HIGHLY IMPORTANT!!
GREAT RELIEF TO THE AFFLICTED, and those suffering from weakness of sight
TO ALL, YOUNG AND OLD:
You wish to experience great relief in your sight, try the world-renowned
RUSSIAN PEBBLE SPECTACLES.
Purchasers will continue to find perfect satisfaction by trying these Spectacles. Sold only by J. DIAMOND, Optician,
No. 34 Fifth street, Post Building,
The Russian Pebble inserted in old frames, if desired.
Beware Imposters and Pretenders.
jy22

PROCLAMATION WHEREAS, I N, and by the 43 section of the Act of the General Assembly passed July 2, 1839, entitled "An Act relative to the Elections of this Commonwealth," it is enjoined on the Sheriff of every county to give notice of such elections to be held, and enumerate in such notice what officers are to be elected: In pursuance thereof, I, HARRY WOODS, Sheriff of the county of Allegheny, do therefore make known, and give this public notice to the electors of said county of Allegheny, that a GENERAL ELECTION will be held in said county, on the SECOND TUESDAY, 14th DAY OF OCTOBER NEXT, at the several election districts therein.

And as directed by said 43th section of the Act of July 1839, I hereby give notice that every person (excepting Justices of the Peace) who shall hold any office of appointment or trust, under the Government of the United States, or of this State, or of any city, or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise a subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative executive or judiciary department of this State, or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress, and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time, the office or appointment of Judge Inspector or Clerk, of any election of this Commonwealth; and that no Inspector, Judge or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for.

And further, that by the 4th section of the Act of April 16th, 1840, it is provided, that the first and 43d section of the Act of July 2d, 1839 shall not be so construed as to prevent any militia officer or borough officer from serving as judge, inspector, or clerk, at any general or special election in this commonwealth.

The electors of the First Ward of the city of Pittsburgh to meet at the Public School House in said ward.

The electors of the Second Ward of the city of Pittsburgh to meet at the Public School House in said ward.

The electors of so much of the Third Ward of the city of Pittsburgh, first precinct, to meet at the house of Charles Kennedy, corner Tunnel and Water streets; second precinct to meet at the house of Francis Jamison, corner of Sixth and Smithfield streets.

The electors of the Fourth Ward of the city of Pittsburgh to meet at the Public School House in said ward.

The electors of so much of the Fifth Ward of the city of Pittsburgh as lies north and east of Adams street, being precinct No. 1 of said ward, to meet at the Public School House on Liberty street in said precinct. The electors of so much of the Fifth Ward as lies south and west of Adams street, being precinct No. 2 of said ward, to meet at the Public School House on the corner of Pike and Walnut streets in said precinct.

The electors of the Sixth Ward of the city of Pittsburgh to meet at the Public School House in said ward.

The electors of the Seventh Ward of the city of Pittsburgh to meet at the Public School House in said ward.

The electors of the Eighth Ward of the city of Pittsburgh to meet at the Public School House in said ward.

The electors of the Ninth Ward of the city of Pittsburgh to meet at the Public School House in said ward.

The electors of the First Ward of the city of Allegheny to meet at the Public School House in said ward.

The electors of the Second Ward of the city of Allegheny to meet at the Brick School House, corner of Palo Alto and Shannapin streets, in said ward.

The electors of the Third Ward of the city of Allegheny, first precinct, to meet at the Public School House in said ward; the electors, second precinct, Third Ward, to meet at the house of George Gerst, in said ward.

The electors of the Fourth Ward, city of Allegheny, first precinct, to meet at the engine house, corner of Lacock and Anderson streets; second precinct, at the house of John Pack, corner of Chestnut and Main streets.

The electors of the borough of Birmingham, first precinct, to meet at the Public School House; second precinct at the Burgesses' office, in said borough.

The electors of the borough of East Birmingham to meet at School House No. 1, in said borough.

The electors of Junaueste borough to meet at the public school House in said borough.

The electors of the borough of Lawrenceville to meet at the Public school House in said borough.

The electors of the borough of Sharpsburg to meet at the house of James Sturgeon in said borough.

The electors of the borough of M Keesport to meet at the Town Hall in said borough.

The electors of the borough of Temperanceville to meet at the Public school House in said borough.

The electors of the borough of South Pittsburgh to meet at the Public School House corner of Marion street and Brownsville turnpike road.

The electors of the borough of West Pittsburgh to meet at the School House in said borough.

The electors of the borough of West Elizabeth to meet at the Public school House in said boro'.

The electors of the borough of Turtentum to meet at the Public school House in said borough.

The electors of the borough of Manchester to meet at the Public school House.

The electors of the borough of Elizabeth to meet at the house of H. W. Taylor, formerly occupied by John Walker, in said borough.

The electors of the borough of Sewickley to meet at the Public school House in said bor