DAILY POST.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., NO. 37 PARK ROW, NEW YORK and 6 STATE STREET, BOSTON are our agents for the Daily and Weekly Post in those cities, and are authorized to take Advertisements and Subscriptions for us at our Lowest Rates.

Democratic State Ticket.

AUDITOR GENERAL,

ISAAC SLENKER, Union County.

SURVEYOR GENERAL,

JAMES P. BARR, Allegheny County.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS XXIId DISTRICT.
GEO. P. HAMILTON.

FOR CONGRESS XXIIId DISTRICT.
JACOB ZEIGLER, of Butler.

FOR PRESIDENT JUDGE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.
R. P. FLENNIKEN.

2 ASSOCIATE LAW JUDGE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.
CHARLES SHALER.

FOR STATE SENATE.
R. H. KERR.

FOR ASSEMBLY.
JOSEPH R. HUNTER.
J. C. BRYANT.
A. J. BAKER.
CAMPBELL STEWART.
MATT. HARRISON.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.
WILLIAM LINN.

FOR CONTROLLER.
COL. ROBT. ANDERSON.

FOR COMMISSIONER.
JACOB STUCKRATH.

DIRECTOR OF POOR.
JOSEPH E. McCABE.

THURSDAY MORNING, SEPT. 25.

CITY AND NEIGHBORHOOD INTELLIGENCE

Pennsylvania's Deficiency.

Full returns made to the military bureau at Harrisburg show that by the late enrollment the deficiency of Pennsylvania under the last two calls of the President was 51,511, minus the number enrolled by the several commissioners as having volunteered since the order. This will reduce the number very considerably and also the credits claimed by thickly populated districts, such as Philadelphia and Allegheny counties, for such of the floating population as could not be included in the enrollment. The deficiency in the several counties is as follows:

Adams	591	Forrest	none.
Allegheny	2,175	Greene	732
Armstrong	385	Huntingdon	7
Beaver	369	Indiana	299
Bedford	837	Jefferson	none
Berks	3,013	Juniata	269
Blair	none.	Lancaster	1,997
Bradford	565	Lawrence	14
Bucks	1,759	Lebanon	555
Butler	172	Lehigh	1,468
Cambria	279	Luzerne	3
Cameron	13	Lycoming	466
Carbon	132	Mercer	573
Center	1,330	McKean	39
Centre	none	Mifflin	118
Clarion	105	Monroe	521
Clinton	none.	Pike	238
Clearfield	95	Schuylkill	1,661
Columbia	821	Potter	none
Crawford	1,151	Snyder	624
Cumberland	883	Somerset	3
Dauphin	1,047	Sullivan	none
Delaware	266	Susquehanna	946
Erie	1,531	Tioga	301
Elk	90	Union	31
Fayette	695	Venango	208
Franklin	——	Warren	361
Fulton	274	Montgomery	1,090
Montour	315	Washington	690
Northampton	1,099	Wayne	572
Northumberland	447	Westmoreland	957
Perry	641	York	2,014
Philadelphia	13,997		

The Oil Trade.

The Oil City *Register*, in the review of the oil trade for last week, says: "There has been a fair business done since our last report, and the oil market has stiffened somewhat. The business seems mostly confined to the home market, to supplying refiners here, and between this point and Pittsburgh, and to fill barges, of which there is a considerable number here that wish to get full loads by the time the freshet comes. We quote oil at the wells at seventy to eighty cents. We hear of one sale of 3,000 bbls., at the Egbert Farm, at seventy cents. Ruling price at this point from ninety cents to $1.00. Freights to Pittsburgh, 80 cents, to Irvine, same. The river is very low, scarce a foot of water in the channel and falling. The Eastern markets are dull and inactive, and prices nominal. Latest New York advices quote crude dull at seventeen and eighteen cents. Refined thirty and thirty-five cents. Since our last we have heard that several wells on the Blood and Tarr Farms, which stopped some time since, have started up again, and are flowing at a good rate. Also, of the two wells being struck on the Tarr Farm, flowing three hundred and fifty bbls per day. We have no particulars, however. Altogether, the business seems to be in a healthy state, and the prospect fair for a good fall business."

A Good Work.

In the South Pittsburgh Public Schools Tuesday was, on motion of the Board, devoted by the pupils to making lint and bandages for the wounded soldiers. Some three hundred hands were busily engaged from an early hour in the morning till late in the afternoon at the good work, and the results were some 16 dozen handkerchiefs, 3½ pounds of lint, and 350 yards of neatly made bandages, suited to the surgeons' hands, besides a quantity of other articles useful in hospital, such as shirts, linen coats, &c. Among others, the pupils received 34 yards of muslin from C. Hanson Love, Esq., which they are desirous of acknowledging. The whole of the goods, making a box of considerable size, were at once committed to the charge of Messrs. Weyman & Son, to be sent where it is so much needed.

Exemption Claimants.

Notwithstanding the announcement that the draft has been postponed, the rush to the Surgeon's and Commissioner's offices for exemption rather increases than diminishes, and those officers labor incessantly. The extension will doubtless prove a great relief to them, as it will give them ample time to fulfill their duties. They can now certainly have all things in readiness by the time designated for the draft, and no further postponement need be looked for. An armed guard is now stationed at the stairway leading to the offices of the Surgeon and Commissioner, from the rotunda of the Court House, and only a few are permitted to pass up at once.

Thompson's Battery.

The following are the casualties in Capt. Thompson's Independent Battery, in the late battle at Antietam: Orderly sergeant Robert McClellan, wounded in shoulder by piece of shell, not seriously; sergeant Richard Parcell, slightly in leg; corp. W. Dennison, by musket ball in right shoulder, badly; corp. John J. Sweezy, in foot, great toe amputated; corp. Jas. McLaughlin, in back, slightly; David L. Auday, in neck, badly; Michael J. Sullivan, by the explosion of a shell, badly torn; Thomas J. Henderson, in leg, badly; Wm. Turpin, in breast, slightly; Samuel Stouffer, in leg, slightly; Ewing Mitchell, wounded by two buckshot in side, slightly; G. W. Newton, 105th N. Y. Vols., attached, both legs amputated; Nicholas W. Clark, missing; Jno. Basler, missing.

Stanton Cavalry.

This splended troop, raised by Col. Jas. M. Schoonmaker, is now nearly full, and 800 men are already in Camp Howe, fully uniformed. By the close of the week the number will be increased to 1,600—a complete cavalry regiment, which will be ready to move to Washington City early next week. We understand that a committee is now arranging the presentation of a handsome flag to this regiment. As they have not asked our citizens for any money to get up the regiment we hope the necessary pecuniary aid to enable the committee to carry out the design in good style will be forthcoming.

The Arsenal Disaster--Coroner's Investigation.

The Coroner's jury on the recent catastrophe held their final meeting at Alderman Donaldson's office on Wednesday evening. The following additional testimony was heard:

Van Fowler, sworn—Was in magazine No. 2, at the time of the explosion; at the first report one of the boys went out and on his return said the laboratory was on fire. Myself and another (of five in the magazine) remained inside and closed the door and shutters. Did not know the cause of the explosion; had seen boys sweeping powder out in the road, so that it could be seen when the stones were lifted up, when the boys were spoken to about it they paid no attention and continued sweeping. We wear moccasins in the magazine; but had been in without them. Had been reproved for wearing heavy shoes in the laboratory, but not recently. There were not half moccasins enough for all the boys who worked there. Had never heard McBride or any one reprove the boys for carelessness; don't know that the sweeping out of powder was mentioned to the foreman, but they could not well avoid knowing the fact. Never saw open or leaky kegs of powder hauled from the magazine to the laboratory.

Wm. Swords, sworn—Helped break the stone for the arsenal road in May and June last, with others. The stone was not hard, but slaty. Powder was hauled to the laboratory when the road was being made; sometimes a few stones were in the road.

George Nenenthaler, sworn—There are two reservoirs up in the Park; No. 1 feeds No. 2; the waste water is run into the pond from No. 2, when the latter is full. No. 1 is never used unless No. 2 runs dry. The water from the reservoirs is used for all purposes about the Arsenal. The fire plugs are attached to the main pipes which run the reservoirs; the reservoirs are fed by springs from above. At the time of the accident saw the engines use water from the pond—when the fire was over there was a foot of water left. Witness had ordered a steamer to attach to a plug at No. 2, but was told by Col. Symington to reverse the water in No. 1 until No. 2 was exhausted and No. 1 was not touched.

Here the testimony closed and the jury retired to deliberate—after a half hour's consultation they determined to adjourn to meet at the same place on Saturday evening, when it is hoped they will terminate their labors by agreeing upon a verdict.

Theatre.

On the occasion of the benefit for the sufferers by the Arsenal disaster, last evening, the Theatre was crowded, and the receipts, the whole of which go into the fund, will be a very handsome contribution, as there were no "dead-heads" present, every man buying his ticket. The manager and his company have done nobly in this matter and deserve all commendation. Mr. Proctor played Damon to the satisfaction of the entire audience and was well supported by the company. To-night he appears as Jack Cade in the drama of that name.

Contract to Rebuild.

Wm. E. Davidson has contracted for the erection of a temporary laboratory on the Arsenal grounds, as the making of fixed ammunition cannot long be suspended, owing to the exigencies of the case. We learn that it is contemplated to erect a number of small buildings, and have them located at considerable distances apart, in order to lessen the probability of the occurrence of another such a calamity.

Fourth Ward Enrollment.

The enrollment by the marshal in this district was 240 enlisted soldiers, 225 in Pennsylvania regiments and 15 in other organizations. The citizens of the ward have found 78 additional names, with little effort, thus giving a total of 318 against a quota of 296. Most of the names were obtained at boarding houses and hotels.

Court of Inquiry.

Col. Symington, of the Allegheny Arsenal, has demanded a court of inquiry in relation to the recent explosion. We have, since the beginning, been of opinion that the investigation by the Coroner was simply superfluous, so far as the cause of the accident is concerned, as the premises and some of the parties are beyond the control of the county authorities.

Death of a Horse from Fright.

The Wheeling *Press* states that on Saturday, as the battery was firing a salute in honor of Col. B. F. Larned, deceased, one of the horses became so frightened at the report of the cannon that he dropped dead after passing one square from the place of firing. No other cause could be assigned for the sudden death than fear.

The Minute Men.

Commissioner Negley has fixed on Monday and Tuesday for hearing claims for exemption from such of our citizens as volunteered for State defence and who, because of their absence, have been unable, thus far, to attend. His office is open from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M., and claimants will be heard, as usual, until further notice.

Deserters.

Capt. E. S. Wright, Provost Marshal, keeps his provost guard constantly patroling the streets, in search of stragglers and deserters. Two of the latter, named Meyer and Hughes, were arrested and lodged in jail yesterday by his order.

Coming Home.

Four companies of Col. Galway's Sixteenth Regiment State Militia were expected to reach home last night, having left Harrisburg at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The remaining six companies were to start home last night or this morning.

Proposed Extension.

The Citizens' Passenger Railway Co. contemplate extending their road to East Liberty by way of the Greensburgh turnpike, to be reached by the easiest grade from a point nearly opposite their stables in Lawrenceville.

Died of his Injuries.

Henry Watkins, seven years of age, son of a widow lady on Second street, died on Wednesday from injuries received a few days since by falling from the trestle work of the Connellsville Railroad.

The Arsenal Fund.

Rev. Mr. Goyley has collected $200 in West Pittsburgh for the relief of the sufferers by the explosion at the Arsenal. Fifty dollars of the amount were received from Mr. Whipple, manager of Zug & Painter's mill.

Duff's Mercantile College, Pittsburgh, Pa.

First premium awarded Wm. H. Duff and C. C. Cochran's penmanship by the late Ohio State Fair at Cleveland.

"The penmen of this old and well known institution at Pittsburgh, Pa., were awarded, over all competitors, the first premium for Penmanship. Mr. Duff the younger was present and may well feel proud of his honors."—*Cleveland Plain dealer, Sept, 19th, 1862.*

The Draft Inevitable.

It is the general opinion that there will be no further postponement of the draft, but that it will take place on October 16th. Dr. Murdock is the examining physician for this county and can be found at the Court House every day from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Those calling at his office for examination will be charged the regular office fees.

Bank Note Quotations.

Corrected for the *Post* by Feld & Lare, of the *National Bank Note Reporter.*

(The *Reporter* is published monthly, at One dollar a year in advance. Office *Dispatch* Building Pittsburgh, Pa.)

Rates uncertain at present.

PITTSBURGH, September 24, 1862.

	Discount.
New England States	¼
New York State	¼
New York City	par
Pennsylvania, (Philadelphia)	par
" Pittsburgh	par
" (except specie paying	½
" Country Banks	½
Delaware	par
District of Columbia	2
Maryland, Baltimore	par
Virginia, Wheeling, Interior	1@2
" Branches	1½
" Interior	3
North Carolina	10@40
South Carolina	50
Georgia	50
Alabama	50
Louisiana	50
Kentucky	50
Tennessee	½
Ohio	50
Indiana, Free	par
" Bank of the State	2
Illinois	par
Wisconsin	30@50
Iowa	30@50
Michigan	1
Missouri	½
Canada, premium	30@50

Exchange selling rates on New York and Philadelphia ⅛ @ ¼ cent. over bankable funds.

GROVER & BAKER'S Sewing Machines, for family manufacturing purposes are the best in use. A. F. CHABONAY, General Agent, 18 Fifth street, Pittsburgh Pa.

DENTISTRY!!

Dr. VonBonhorst, No. 54 St. Clair street.

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FURNITURE & CHAIRS

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(Between Sixth street and Virgin alley.)

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Volunteer Enlistment

BLANKS.

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CERTIFICATE

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SURGEON

—AND—

RECRUITING OFFICER,

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W. S. HAVEN,

STATIONER AND PRINTER,

CORNER WOOD & THIRD STS.

Spencer & M'Kay,

BREWERS AND MALSTERS.

PHOENIX STEAM BREWERY, Pittsburgh, September 10, 1862.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between JOS. SPENCER and W. H. GARRARD was dissolved on the 20 h of August, 1862, W. H. GARRARD being authorized to settle up the business of the late firm at the office in the Brewery. The Brewing business will be continued by SPENCER & M'KAY who intend to have always on hand a superior article of ALE PORTER and BROWN STOUT. The undersigned will be thankful to the friends of the late firm for a continuance of their patronage, and promise to make it their aim to give satisfaction to all who may purchase from them.

Mr. ROBERT WATSON, of Liberty street, long known to the business community, will have the management of our business, with the full control in the Brewery.

Address all orders to SPENCER & McKAY, Phoenix Brewery, Pittsburgh, Pa.

JOSEPH SPENCER,
JAMES McKAY.

s 15-1y

NUTS—125 Frails Irica Almonds; 10 Bales Languedoc do; 30 Bags Sicily do; 20 do English Walnuts; 50 do Filberts; 30 do Brazil Nuts; 50 Boxes Shelled Almonds; 20 Serps do; 20 Bags 2,000 Cocoanuts; 200 Bags African Pea Nuts; In Store and to arrive and for sale by REYMER & BROS., Nos. 126 and 128 Wood street. se6

OWEN BYRNE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

49 St. Clair Street.

GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER CHEAP FOR CASH.

HAVING RETURNED FROM NEW YORK, with a choice stock of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS, which can be purchased at prices far below the usual rates.

☞ Great inducements offered to cash buyers. au23:3m

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DUNCAN, DUNLAP & CO.,

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PURE WHITE REFINED

CARBON OILS.

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STOCK AND BILL BROKER

Promissory Notes, Stock Bonds, and Mortgages bought and sold. ly18

NEW GOODS.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED FROM the East a large and choice selection of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

for Gents' and Youths wear, embracing all the newest styles COATINGS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS. W. R. McGEE & CO.,

143 Federal street
Corner Market Square, Allegheny city. my9

STEAMBOAT AGENCY.

WM. HAZLETT

Has opened an office at

NO. 90 WATER STREET,

Where he will transact a General Steamboat Agency business, and would solicit a share of patronage from steamboat men. ap24-1yd

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS

We are now manufacturing a superior article of

LIME,

which we are prepared to deliver from our COAL YARD, 509 LIBERTY STREET.

Best quality of Family Coal always on hand as usual.

my30 DICKSON, STEWART & CO.

JAMES H. CHILDS.

HOPE COTTON MILLS,

Allegheny City, Pa.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

SEAMLESS BAGS,

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OSNABURGS,

12 Inches to 40 Inches Wide.

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WHOLESALE GROCER

NOS. 18 AND 20 WOOD STREET,

ja20:tf PITTSBURGH

Second Edition

THE VERY LATEST TELEGRAPH.

CONVENTION OF GOVERNORS.

Proclamation of the President on the Draft.

LATEST FROM LOUISVILLE.

ARMY MOVEMENTS.

ARRIVAL OF GENERAL BUELL.

FROM HARRISBURG.

MORE INDIAN DEPREDATIONS.

Guerrillas Routed in Missouri.

&c., &c., &c., &c.

ALTOONA, September 24.—The Governors of nearly all the loyal States met here to-day according to agreement at 12 o'clock. Fourteen Governors are present and three States are represented by proxy. The Superintendent of the Penn'a Railroad Co., Mr. E. Lewis, accompanied the whole party this morning to the summit of the Alleghenies in a special train, kindly provided for that purpose. They returned at 11 o'clock and held an informal meeting from one till two. The following Governors were present: Gov. Curtin, Pa.; Gov. Sprague, Rhode Island; Gov. Anderson, Mass.; Gov. Todd, Ohio; Gov. Kirkwood, Iowa; Gov. Bradford, Md.; Gov. Washburn, Maine; Gov. Terry, New Hampshire; Gov. Olden, N. Jersey, Gov. Pierpont, Va., Gov. Solomon, Wisconsin, Gov. Yates, Illinois, Gov. Morton, Indiana. Kentucky, Missouri and Vermont were represented by proxy. Gov. Ramsey regretted his inability to be present on account of the Indian war on his borders. The second meeting commenced at four o'clock and continued until nine p. m.—The greatest unanimity of feeling appeared to prevail with regard to the President's late proclamation and an evident disposition to support him in all measures calculated to suppress the rebellion, by making use of all the powers under his control is manifest. They again commenced at ten this evening and will probably remain in session all night.

Governor Curtin will propose and urge strongly upon the convention, the propriety of insisting upon the removal by the National Government of all sick and wounded volunteers to their respective States. No doubt appears to exist as to the adoption.

The hundreds of thousand of relatives and friends of soldiers now in the army will appreciate fully the justice of this course. This meeting was proposed and brought about by Governor Curtin, and the most beneficial results are expected to ensue. The hands of the President will be strengthened, as each Governor is supposed to represent the popular sentiment of his State, and consequently the opinion of the loyal portion of the Union is speaking to the Administration through their chief magistrates.

Major General McClernand, of Illinois, and staff are here to-day, stopping at the Logan House. Hon. Edward Cowan is also in town.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—By the President of the United States of America:

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, it has become necessary to call into service not only volunteers but also portions of the militia of the States by draft, in order to suppress the insurrection existing in the United States, and disloyal parties are not adequately restrained by the ordinary processes of law from hindering this measure from giving it and comfort, in various ways, to the insurrection. Now, therefore, be it ordered.

1. That during the existing insurrection, and as a necessary measure for suppressing the same, all rebels and insurgents, their aiders and abettors, within the United States, and all persons discouraging volunteer enlistments, resisting the militia draft, or guilty of disloyal practices affording aid and comfort to the rebellion against the authority of the United States, shall be subject to martial law, and liable to trial and punishment by courts martial and military commissions.

2. That the writ of *habeas corpus* is suspended in respect to all persons arrested, or who are now, or may hereafter during the rebellion, be imprisoned in any fort, camp, arsenal, military prison, or other place of confinement, by any military authority, or by the sentence of any court martial or military commission.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be fixed.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

Done at the city of Washington, this twenty-fourth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty two, and of the Independence of the United States eighty-seventh.

By the President.

WM. H. SEWARD, Secy of State.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 21, 11 P. M.—The intense excitement of the last few days has given place to great rejoicing at the immediate proximity of seven divisions of Buell's army, which are coming up from the direction of Salt river.

The enemy seem to be concentrating at Bloomfield. About 12,000 of them were seen this morning, beyond Salt river, on the Bardstown road.

Louisville is now considered entirely safe, and though a fight may occur in our vicinity before the arrival of Buell's divisions, nobody has any fears respecting the result. General Nelson is confident he can hold his position against any odds until the approaching Federal reinforcements shall arrive.

Col. W. H. Polk, of Crittenden's staff, Capt. Hoblitzall, of Alex. McCook's staff, and Lieut. Rockwell, of Buell's staff, have just arrived.

No rebel forces are known to be this side of Bardstown.

On the 17th our cavalry captured four hundred and fifty rebels at Glasgow.

On the 21st three regiments of cavalry, under McCook, drove 8,000 rebel cavalry out of Munfordville without any federal loss. The rebels lost a Colonel and a Lieut. Colonel. Our forces had slight skirmishes all along the road hitherwards, capturing numerous small squads of rebels. Col. Ed. McCook, of the 2d Indiana cavalry, commanding a brigade composed of the 2d Indiana, 1st and 3d Kentucky, was at Elizabethtown this morning. On the way up, at several points, he killed 47 rebels, and in conjunction with Kennet's command took 1,500 rebel prisoners and 24 wagon loads of provisions.

Louisville near midnight—Gen. Buell has just arrived.

General Nelson has just issued an order permitting, on to-morrow, a general resumption of business, the issuing of passes to loyal persons and the discharge of all enrolled citizens from duty.

DETROIT, Sept. 24,—The Republican State Convention which assembled in this city to-day, nominated the present State officers for re-election excepting Lieutenant Governor, Auditor and Attorney General. Parson Brownlow was present and addressed the Convention this morning.

The State Fair now being held promises to be more than ever successful. Parson Brownlow delivers the Annual Address to-morrow.

HARRISBURG, Sept. 24.—Governor Curtin has ordered the restriction on travel to be removed. All persons will therefore be permitted to leave the city without passes from the Major.

Information received from Hagerstown reports our army along the Potomac in good condition, notwithstanding the terrible losses sustained during the late battles in Maryland. Regiments are returning from Hagerstown by every train.

Quartermaster Hale visited the different hospitals at Hagerstown to-day, and reports that the sick and wounded are being properly cared for. They have bandages and all the necessary appendages for comfort, except jellies and other delicacies, which are very much needed.

The wounds of those arriving here are not of a serious nature, being generally flesh wounds made by buckshot. Everything is being done by those connected with the hospitals that can to alleviate their sufferings.

A gentleman who arrived here from Williamsport this morning, says that no troops had passed into Virginia up to Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock, neither had any of the differrnt divisons received any orders for forward movements. The impression prevailing seemed to be among the soldiers that when they did move they would proceed into Western Virginia, crossing at Williamsport. The enemy he says will undoubtedly dispute our crossing.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—Colonel R. B. Price, 2d Pa. cavalry, commanding a brigade of cavalry and two pieces of artillery, started Saturday evening upon a reconnoissance from our front, on the other side of the river. He went as far as Ashby's Gap, of the Blue Ridge. At Aldee he discovered the pickets of the 6th Virginia cavalry, commanded by Lieut. Col. Green, which was guarding the Gap. He succeeded in driving the pickets back sixteen miles, dispersing them, killing four and wounding twelve, who fell into his hands. He also wounded others, but they were carried off by their retreating comrades. He lost only one man, Capt. Perkins, of the 1st Vermont cavalry, a detachment of which distinguished itself in the affair. Among the prisoners are Lieut. Col. Green, the rebel commander, and two Lieutenants, with others. They were duly brought in this morning.

Special commissions consisting of Gens. Hunter, Cadwallader and Angur, and several other officers, with Col. Holt as Judge Advocate will assemble here to-morrow for the consideration of such business as may be laid before them.

It has already been stated that General White is here under arrest. He has asked an investigation concerning the surrender of Harper's Ferry. Cols. D'Utassy, Trimble and Ford arrived to-day from Annapolis also under arrest, in connection with the same subject.

A large crowd assembled at the Executive mansion to-night on the occasion of a serenade to President Lincoln. Having been cheered and called for, he appeared at an upper window and spoke as follows:

FELLOW CITIZENS—I appear before you to do little more than acknowledge the courtesy you pay me and thank you for it. I have not been distinctly informed why it is, on this occasion, you appear to do me this honor, though I suppose [after interruptions] it is because of the proclamation. [Cries of good and applause.] I was about to say I supposed I understand it. [Voices—that you do thoroughly understand it.] What I did, I did after a very full deliberation and under a very heavy and solemn sense of responsibility. [Cries good, good, God bless you and applause.] I can only trust in God, I have made no mistake. [Cries—no mistake, all right, you're right.] I shall make no attempt on this occasion to sustain what I have done or said by any comment. [Cries—thats unnecessary, we understand it.] Its now for the country and the world to pass their judgment on, and may be take action upon. I will say no more upon the subject. In my position I am combined with difficulties.—[Voice, that's so.] They are scarcely so great as the difficulties as those, who, upon the battle field are endeavoring to purchase with their blood and lives the future happiness and prosperity of their country. [Applause. Long continued.] Let us never forget them in the 14th and 17th days of the present month. These have been battles bravely, skillfully and successfully fought. [Applause.] We don't yet know the particulars. Let us be sure that in giving praise to particular individuals we do no injustice to others. I only ask you, at the conclusion of these few remarks, to give three hearty cheers to all the good and brave officers and men who fought these successful battles. [Cheer after cheer.] The President then bade the crowd good-night, and withdrew.

HUDSON, MO., Sept. 23.—Early last week, Capt. Johnson, with 75 of the enrolled militia from Rolls county, attacked 70 guerrillas, under McDonald, at Fribus, scattering them in all directions. They left one dead and three wounded.

On the 18th, Capt. Johnson, with 125 men, surprised a camp 150 strong, under Major Snyder, and after a short engagement the enemy fled. Snyder was killed and 15 of his men wounded. All his camp equipage, guns, blankets, and other property was taken.

On the same day Lieut. Dillon, with part of his company, came up with a band and routed them, taking 5 prisoners, 11 horses, guns, &c.

Major Hunt reports scattering Cunningham's band near Sturgeon, yesterday, in terror, in a skirmish, and only one man is reported wounded on our side and none killed.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—A considerable number of wounded who were for days past in the Capitol hospitals, having became convalescent left Washington this afternoon for New York.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has decided that but one license is required for a person who practices medicine, surgery and dentistry. Also that ship building is not a manufacture nor entitled to taxation.

STRACUSE, Sept. 24.—*Evening.*—The Republican State Convention nominated Gen. Jas. S. Wads, for Governor, on first ballot.

ST. PAUL, Sept. 24.—Indian depredations continue in the towns near St. Cloud, two men and two children were killed.—The inhabitants are fleeing to St. Cloud, leaving the towns to the ravage of the Indians.

A messenger from Fort Abercrombee arrived at St. Cloud on the 21st and reports all safe, the Indians having abandoned the siege. Over fifty Chippewa braves offered their services to the Governor to-day to fight the Sioux, but was not accepted for the present.

LEAVENWORTH, Sept. 24.—The Times of this city has advices of a fight on the 20th. at Shirley's Ford, ten miles northwest of Carthage, between the 3d Indiana, Colonel Ritchie, and a force of two hundred rebels, resulting in the rout of the enemy, with a loss of sixty to ninety killed.

ARMY SHIRTS, SOLDIERS' GOODS!

New styles selling cheap, at

MACRUM & GLYDE,

se2 78 Market street, bet. 4th & Diamond

LADIES KID GLOVE BALMORALS

Ladies Pebble Calf Balmorals;
Ladies Brush Goat Balmorals:
Ladies French Morocco Balmorals
Ladies Kid Balmorals;

AT 15 FIFTH STREET.

se18 D. S. DIFFENBACHER.

LAND PLASTER—50 BARRELS RECEIVED and for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS.

se25

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

WEEKLY REVIEW.

Carefully Revised and Corrected by our own Commercial Reporter.

OFFICE OF THE SATURDAY MORNING POST, PITTSBURGH, Sept. 25th, 1862.

REMARKS—We have nothing very interesting to note in our remarks to-day, the business transacted partaking more of a retail than a wholesale trade. Our dealers have an ample supply of fall and winter goods which will be sold at very low rates. It would be well for country dealers to call and examine before proceeding further east. The weather continues very pleasant. The war excitement continues in all its various phases.

Flour was in steady demand since our last, in fact the supply being limited it looks as if another advance was looming up in the distance. For quotations the reader is referred to another part of this report.

Oils—The market remains very inactive.—Dealers manifest no disposition to operate to any great extent. Our quotations are up to last evening.

Grain—The market has presented but little change since our last. WHEAT rules about the same. BARLEY has advanced. RYE remains unaltered. OATS not so firm. CORN in moderate demand at old rates.

Bacon—Market firm with a steady demand. Holders have the advantage; the supply on hand is moderate.

Groceries dull; the demand being confined to small parcels to meet the wants of the local trade.

Apples—Our markets are well supplied at the present time; there is a good business doing; prices range from $1.25, $2.00@$2.50; the latter for choice.

Ale—Since the 3d of the month brewers have advanced the rate of Ale one dollar per bbl, as follows:

	bbls	hf bbls		bbls	hf bbls
X	$7 00	3 50	XX	$8 00	4 00
Kennet	9 00	4 50	Porter	7 00	3 50
Brown Stout	8 00	3 00			

Ashes—Our market contains an ample supply; the following are the rates: Pot's Ash at 3¾c; Refined do 4¼c; Caustic at 6¼; Nitrate at ½; Refined do at 6¼; Potash at 6@6¼; Pearls at 6@6½c.

Bacon—We have no particular change to notice; the demand is steadily improving and prices are looking up. The rates were as follows: Hams 8½@9; Shoulders 5½@6¼c; Sugar Cured Hams 10@11c; Sides 7½@8c.

Beans—Unchanged; prices range from $1 25@$1 35 as per quality.

Butter—The demand has improved and prices likewise. Sales of good packed at 12c; fresh roll brings 15@17c ⅌ lb.

Bloom—No 1 is stationary at $60 ⅌ ton.

Brooms—Sales at $1 25@$1 50 ⅌ doz for common and $2@$2 50 for good and fancy.

Buckets and Tubs—The Beaver manufacturers' prices are as follows: Buckets, plain inside ⅌ dozen $1 45; painted inside, $1 50; 3 hoops, $1 75; Tubs, No 1, 3 hoops, ⅌ dozen, $7 75; No 1, 2 hoops, $6; No 2, $5; No 3, $3 50; No 0, $4 75; No 5, $3; Keeler's No 2, $2 75; Half Bushels, sealed $4 75.

Candles—Sales of dipped at 11c ⅌ lb; Moulds, 11c; Star 12c; Sperm 45c.

Cheese—The market was firm with a good demand. We quote at 9@9¼c; choice, 9½@10.

Corn Meal—Sales from store of prime sifted at 50c ⅌ bushel.

Cooperage—Oil barrels are ready sale at $1 85@1 90 on advance.

Cordage—We quote as follows:

Manilla Rope	12@13c ⅌ lb
Hemp "	10c "
Tarred do	12@14c "
Hemp Packing Yarn	12 "
Manilla Bed Cords, per doz	$2 25@3 00

Crackers—The following are now the current rates: Water Crackers 5½c ⅌ lb; Butter do 6½c; Sugar do 7½c; Soda do 6½; Boston do 6½c; Pilot Bread no sale.

Cotton Yarns—No 10, per lb, 42cts; No 10, per doz, 40c; No 8, per doz, 71 cts.

Carpet Chain—Sales of colors, per lb, 30c; white, under 15 cts, ⅌ lb, 30c; assorted colors, 30@35c.

Candle Wick—⅌ lb, 42c; chalking, 42c ⅌ lb; Extra Spring, ⅌ lb, 25c; Superior, ⅌ lb, 22c; Common, 20c ⅌ lb.

Dried Fruit—Apples 7½c ⅌ lb in demand.

Eggs—Are full, we note sales of packed at 8@8c.

Dried Beef—Sides of Plain S C, 11½; Canvassed do 12½c.

Feed—The current rates were, Bran, 50c; Ship Stuff, 60c; Middlings 75c per cwt.

Fish—Market firm; sales Baltimore Herring at $6@6 25 ⅌ bbl; do Shad, $5@5 25; Mackerel, No 3, large, $3@3 50; Lake Herring, $2@2 50; White Fish, ⅌ bbl.—

Flour—On account of the light receipts and limited supplies on hand, the market remains very firm, and in some instances an advance has been established. At present we have to depend for our receipts on a few small trades other avenues being closed. The current rates were: Superfine $[illegible]; Extra $4 50, 5@5 10; Extra Family $5 25@5 50; some fancy brands sold as high as $6 in this notice during the week. The rates were: Wheat, red $[illegible]; Wheat $1,05@1,08; Barley is in demand, prices have advanced a shade; Brewers say they will give $1 10 for fall. Oats range from 50@55c. Oats sells at 42@45c. Rye is selling at 65c.

Groceries—Our market remains quiet, with a fair demand for the city trade. Sugar rates from 9@10½c, according to quality. Coffee—Sales demand limited. Molasses ranges from 50@55c.

Gas Pipe—Inch do Pipe [illegible] inch do, 8c; 2 inch do, 9c; 2½ inch do, [illegible] 3 inch do, [illegible] 3½ inch do, [illegible] 4 inch do, [illegible] 4½ inch do, [illegible] 5 inch do, $1 30; 6 inch do, $1 [illegible], subject to the customary discount.

Gunpowder—There has been no change since the late decline; we note sales at $3 75 Blasting, $4 per keg.

Hay—Prices have undergone a change during the week; rates ran as low as 14 and 15 for the average rates were 19@17. The sales on Wednesday were to the extent of 300 @ 22. Sales on Monday were at $[illegible].

Hides—Hides are some up and green salted are selling at 5¼@5½c ⅌ lb; dry flint 16@[illegible]c. Sheepskins are worth at $[illegible].

Hominy—Per barrel $3@3 25. This is a decline.

Iron and Nails—The following are the manufacturers' prices: A discount of 12½ cents ⅌ Keg on Nails in lots of 100 kegs or over. Settlement to be made the 1st April, July, October and January, by note at 4 months, or a discount on for cash, of 5 per cent.

Flat Bar Iron—1¼ to 6 by ⅜ to 1 inch, 2¼c; 2 to 6 by 1¼ to 1½ inch, 2¼c; 1¼ to 1½ by ⅞ to ¾ inch, 2¾c.

Horse Shoe Iron—⅝ to 1 by 5-16 to ½ inch, 3c.

Heavy Band Iron—2 to 6 by ¼ and 3-16 inch, 2¼c; 1¼ to 1½ by ⅜ and 3-16 inch, 3c; ⅞ to 1½ by ⅜ and 3-16 inch, 3c; ⅞ to 1½ by ¼ and 3-16 inch, 3½c; ⅞ to ¾ by ⅛ and 3-16 inch, 4c.

Hoop and Light Band—2½ to 6 inch, 3c; 1¼ to inch, 3½c; 1¼ to 1½ inch, 3¾c; 1 to 1½ inch, 3¾c; ⅞ inch, 4; ¾ inch, 4½; ⅝ inch, 5½c.

Oval Iron—⅝ to 1¼ inch, 2¼c; ⅝ to ¾ inch, 3c; ½ inch, 3½c; ⅜ inch, 3¾c.

Half Oval and Half Round Iron—⅞ to 1