The Union as it was!
The Constitution as it is!

☞ Reading matter on every page.

THURSDAY MORNING, SEPT. 25.

THE PRESIDENT'S PROCLAMATION.

The tone of the press on the President's emancipation proclamation is as was to be expected; the radicals of the *Tribune* school thank God, very fervently, while the conservative papers are in great doubt as to its propriety or efficiency. The President, at all events, acceeded to the pressure of the abolitionists, and we must only wait to see the effects of their importunities. Taking experience as our guide, we can see nothing resulting from this proclamation but evil to our cause. Radical legislation and infuriated declamation in Congress had a most disastrous effect among Union men in the Southern States, and we will be most agreeably surprised if this proclamation of Mr. Lincoln will not affect us very seriously among those in the border States who have, under all sorts of persecutions and hardships, clung to the cause of the regular government. President Lincoln, it is reported, informed a very respectable committee from Chicago that a proclamation, such as he has just issued, would produce no good effect, but, on the contrary, would probably force the Union soldiers from the border slave States to quit the army. If this report be true, his change of mind is a most sudden and extraordinary circumstance, but is, doubtless, based upon some good reason, whether to demonstrate the futility of the radical pet measure or not, time can only determine. President Lincoln does strange things and in a very singular and unexpected manner; and this proclamation is one of them. If his idea in issuing such a document is to demonstrate its inability to effect what the Abolitionists desire, and what he has declared such an edict could not accomplish, he should have reflected that while demonstrating the absurdity of radical conceptions, he was, at the same time adding most dangerously to the rebels' means of resistance to his authority. But, no matter what the President's motive may be, he has taken the step which he has all along dreaded, and that which the fanatics all along desired. Sumner, Wade, Chandler, Wilmot and Stephens have now their pet measure for speedily crushing the rebellion; should it fail in that and only produce greater unanimity and spirit among the rebels, a new programme must be proclaimed. What will it be? Will the President still endeavor to conciliate radical support after permitting them to control him so long? Upon the first day of the coming new year his proclamation goes into effect, but we trust that the strong arms of the Union forces may, ere that period arrives, so cripple the rebellion as to cause the rebels to lay down their arms, thereby saving their section from the brutality and savage ferocity of infuriated thousands, following the bloody instruction of Northerns fanaticism. The President's repetition of a desire to purchase the slaves of those who are willing to sell them never will amount to anything; the Abolitionists will never vote a dollar for any such purpose. They are for emancipation without compensating the owners; they are for the freedom of the slaves, not because of any love they have for them, but because of hatred to their masters. They are bent upon the destruction of the slave States, even at the awful cost of freeing three millions and a half of slaves, who must be in some way provided for, even at the expense of and in opposition to free white labor.

JOHN COVODE.

For fear of being defeated, this notorious politician declined being a candidate for re-election from the Westmoreland district. but the person the Abolitionists there nominated in his stead, should he be elected, will prove a worthy follower of a most despicable predecessor. We are informed that these two miserable fellows are traveling their congressional district, retailing the most disreputable slanders of the Democratic candidate. Hon. John L. Dawson. Gen. McClellan too, notwithstanding the brilliancy and force of his late engagements, comes in for a share of these miscreants' slander. What abandoned and shameless reptiles such monsters must be? To attain their ends they consider nothing too exalted to escape their malice, and there is nothing too mean or dastardly to which they are not prepared to stoop. The mere conception of sending such miserable demagogues to Congress is revolting to every sentiment of republican virtue, and the simple fact of such men being sent has had the effect of driving our best men out of public life altogether. How can a high toned man like John L. Dawson descend to his opponent's level by retailing miserable slander? And when we find the people electing notorious and convicted defamers of our ablest and best men, we may fear the consequences to our government more than we do the prowess of the rebels.

DEATH OF JUDGE JONES.

We announce, with sincere regret, the death of Hon. Samuel Jones, which took place at his residence yesterday forenoon. It was known to those who were intimate with the Judge that he had been lingering for several months; his life, however, was not despaired of till within a very few hours before his death.

In many respecte Judge Jones was a remarkable man. Besides being a sound practical business man, he was possessed of fine scholastic attainments, and wielded a pen with great facility and power. His reading was varied and his memory remarkable, which rendered his society at all times attractive.

IMPORTANT DECISION

Relative to the Right of One Railroad Company to Appropriate the Right of Way of Another Railroad Company.

His Honor Judge Ritchie delivered the following able opinion, on Tuesday last, in the case of the Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad Company, petitioning for viewers to condemn a portion of the right of way of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company.

The point of the opinion is that no portion of the right of way of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company, necessary to the proper conduct of its business, can be appropriated; but surplus property, not necessary for the uses of the railway, if there be any, may be condemned to the use of the Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad:

In the matter of the Petition of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad Company, for appointment of Viewers. No. —, October Term, 1862.

The petition in this case sets forth that the petitioners have located, marked, etc., a route for a railroad, in pursuance of the act of incorporation, and of the laws of Pennsylvania, from the line between Beaver and Allegheny counties to the property of J. & H. Phillips, near Manchester, in Allegheny county; that "said route is located partly on lands the fee simple of which is in the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company, and in other places partly on lands which the said Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company allege are embraced in their rights of way; but that the lands thus owned or claimed by the said Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company, over which the route of the petitioners' road is located, is not necessary for the uses and purposes of said Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company."

The petition states also that petitioners have not been able to agree with the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company, as to the compensation for damages, etc., and asks the Court to appoint Viewers to estimate the damages, etc., under the provisions of the 11th section of the act of Assembly of 19th February, 1849, regulating railroad companies, Pamph. Laws, 84.

On the part of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company it is alleged that all the lands and rights of way owned by them "are necessary for the uses and purposes, present and prospective, of their road. The Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company also deny that the petitioners have any authority, by virtue of their charter and the laws of Pennsylvania, to construct a railroad over and upon the premises and property described in their petition. The Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company further allege that prior to the 19th day of April, 1853, they had constructed and were using, under and in pursuance of their charter and the laws of Pennsylvania, a railroad over and along property which had been appropriated under its charter, part of which the said petitioners now attempt to take and appropriate for the route of their contemplated railroad."

The charter of the Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railway Company authorizes the company to construct and maintain a railroad, with a single or double track, with such side tracks, turnouts, offices and depots as they may deem necessary. As a preliminary matter, it was alleged on the argument of this case that the petitioners have no corporate authority from Pennsylvania to build a road from Rochester, in Beaver county, to Pittsburgh. The Court is of opinion that the act of 18th of April, 1853, (Pamph. Laws, 473,) to incorporate the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad Company, and the act supplementary to said act, of 11th of April, 1862, (Pamph. Laws, 486,) do give authority to petitioners to build a railroad from Rochester to Pittsburgh.

The petitioners allege that under the words of the 11th section of the act of 19th February, 1849, regulating railroad companies, the Court has no discretion, but must proceed to appoint viewers as prayed for. The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, in a case similar in principle to this one, (Hays *vs.* Risber, 8 Casey, 171,) says the better practice is to arrest the proceedings *in limine* if, on the face of the application, fatal objections are revealed. The language of the act is mandatory that the Court shall appoint a view; but this means that they shall appoint a view only when the petitioner brings his case within the act. So here, as the application of the petitioners discloses an intention to take property belonging to the Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railway Company, which that company alleges to be necessary for the proper conduct of its business, the Court will exercise its discretion on the subject, and prevent anything from being done which it would afterwards feel itself bound to undo. No actual appropriation of the said property by petitioners will be permitted, until their right to appropriate is first established.

With regard to this subject, the Court is of the opinion that the Legislature has no power to authorize another Railroad Company to appropriate any premises of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company, which are necessary to the proper conduct of its business. The rights conferred upon it cannot be taken away and given to another Railroad Company, even by express words, much less by mere implication from authority given to another company to build a road between certain termini. The right of eminent domain can only be exercised where the property taken is converted from a lower to a higher use, the State has no right to transfer property from one person or body corporate to another.

"The right of eminent domain, or inherent sovereign power, gives to the legislature the control of private property for public uses only." "It undoubtedly must rest, as a general rule, in the wisdom of the legislature, to determine when public uses require the assumption of private property; but if they should take it for a purpose not of a public nature, as if the legislature should take the property of A and give it to B, or if they should vacate a grant of property or of a franchise, under a pretext of some public use or service, such cases would be gross abuses of their discretion, and fraudulent attacks on private right, and the law would be clearly unconstitutional and void." 2 Kent Com., 339 340.

In the case of Boston Water Power Company *vs.* Boston and Worcester Railroad Corporation, cited by petitioners, the Supreme Court of Massachusetts (23 Pick. Rep. 393) says: "If it is suggested that, under this claim of power, the legislature might authorize a new turnpike, canal or railroad on the same line with a former one, to its whole extent, we think the proper answer is, that such a measure would be substantially and in fact, under whatever color or pretense, taking the franchise from one company and giving it to another, in derogation of the first grant, not warranted by the right of eminent domain, and incompatible with the nature of legislative power. In that case, the object would be to provide for the public the same public easement which is already provided for, and secured to the public by the public grant, and for which there could be no public exigency. Such a case, therefore, cannot be presumed."

To take away property necessary for the proper conduct of its business, from a railroad company which is in full discharge of the duties for which it was organized, and give it to another railroad company, would be to take away from A and give to B—and would, moreover, be a flagrant breach of good faith towards the first company.

If, however, the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company owns lands or rights of way not necessary for the proper conduct of its business, we are of opinion that such property may be taken for the use of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad Company, just as the property of any one on the line of the proposed road.

From the information now in its possession, the Court cannot decide that the premises of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company, which the petitioners desire to appropriate to themselves, are not necessary to the proper conduct of the business of that company. We have concluded, however, to reserve this question for future consideration, and appoint Viewers. In the meantime we will, if desired, appoint a Commissioner to take testimony on the question of interference, to be considered in connection with the report of Viewers. In the meantime the petitioners will not be permitted to enter upon the land in controversy, except for the purpose of making surveys and assessing damages.

Latest from Louisville.

[Special Dispatch to the Cincinnati Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 23.—The city is quiet, the excitement having entirely subsided. Gov. Morton, Col. Holloway, Col. Carrington, and Gen. Noble arrived at four o'clock this morning. The Governor immediately had an interview with General Nelson. The report was that Bragg, with 50,000 men, was at Bardstown on Monday, marching on Louisville, and that Buell was two days' march behind him. This caused the order requiring women and children to leave the city.

The ferryboats to New Albany and Jeffersonville were plying all night carrying refugees, and thousands crossed over anticipating a fight. General Nelson caused nearly all the military stores, ammunition, and some siege guns, and large numbers of Government mules, to be transferred to the Indiana side.

This morning the city was comparatively quiet. Col. Terry, of a cavalry regiment, sent out on a reconnoissance, reported that he went twenty-two miles on the Bardstown pike, but saw no enemy. From other reliable information, it is ascertained that Bragg left Bardstown and proceeded to Bloomfield, on his way to Frankfort or Lexington, and has abandoned his purpose of coming here. Governor Morton and staff, with General Nelson, visited the fortifications at an early hour this morning. Everything is in readiness for the enemy, should he come, and a warm reception awaits him.

With Gov. Morton's usual energy, before he laid down this morning, after his interview with General Nelson he had arrangements made by telegraph to pour an overwhelming force of men into the city, and on the border, within twenty four hours. During the afternoon the Governor, with Col. Carrington and staff, visited New Albany and Jeffersonville, and selected points on which to erect works for the defence of the cities. This will be promptly executed.

SECOND DISPATCH.

Since writing the above, I learn that the crisis is past. Louisville will not be attacked. Buell has turned up most opportunely and Bragg is retreating rapidly toward Lexington. Further particulars on this point are contraband.

It is reported here in official circles and believed, that Gen. G. W. Morgan with his army has reached Richmond, Ky., from Cumberland Gap, and on entering the former town captured some 600 rebels and a large quantity of stores.

Meagher's Brigade.

A special correspondent of the Philadelphia *Inquirer*, writing from Shepharstown, says of Meagher's Brigade:

This splendid and efficient brigade, under the command of the gallant and brave Son of Erin, Thos. Francis Meagher, which has been in all the several fights which have lately taken place, and with determined spirit and bravery has stood up in the face of the most galling fires, can now scarcely muster the half of a regiment.

Yesterday morning the rebel sharpshooters were discovered picking off our men at a more rapid rate than was desired. The Meagher Brigade made one of those brilliant dashes for which they are so celebrated, drove the pickets from the woods, but failed to discover any of their main body.

It gives us untold pleasure to report that this brave and gallant officer, as well as accomplished scholar and gentleman, is not among the wounded, as has been before reported, for this morning we had from him the pleasure of a hearty shake of the hand, and found him not only able but anxious to again be at the head of what remains of his gallant brigade.

The report of his being mortally wounded originated in this wise: During the engagement his horse was shot from under him, and, when falling, fell upon the General; the pommel of the saddle struck the spine of his back with such force as to render him insensible for some three hours after. It was the general impression about camp that he was mortally wounded. Two of the physicians who had been with him so stated it to us. That it is not so, all in this vicinity, as well as his many thousand friends throughout the country, will doubtless be glad to hear.

The New Senator from Oregon.

The newly elected Senator from Oregon, Benj. F. Harding, was formerly United States District Attorney for the Territory and the first Speaker of the House in the Oregon Legislature. He is about forty years of age, a lawyer by profession, and was a Douglas democrat in 1860.

DIED

On Wednesday, 24th inst., Hon. SAMUEL JONES, in the 63d year of his age.

The funeral will take place from his late residence on Friday morning at 10 o'clock to proceed to the Allegheny Cemetery. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

GOOD CIDER

ALL THE YEAR ROUND.

THE SULPHITE OF LIME (NOT sulphate) has become a standard article in preserving cider. When failures occurred they have been due to using a powder sold as sulphite of lime which was an imitation. The true article is for sale in bottles, containing just enough for one barrel, or in any quant ity that may be desired, by SIMON JOHNSTON, Druggist, and Dealer in Family Medicines.
se24 corner Smithfield and Fourth streets.

MANHOOD—
HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED!
Just published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price Six Cents.
A LECTURE ON THE NATURE, TREATMENT and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emmissions, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally, Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c.—By ROBT. J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the *Green Book*, &c.
"A Boon to Thousands of Sufferers."
Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address. *Post paid*, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by Dr. CH. J. C. KLINE, 127 Bowery, New York, Post Office Box, 4586
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CURTIS C. STEINMETZ.....THEODORE M. BLACK,
STEINMETZ & BLACK,
GENERAL
HOUSE CARPENTERS
AND JOBBERS.
SHOP VIRGIN ALLEY, between Wood and Liberty Streets, PITTSBURGH, PA.
☞ Orders solicited and promptly attended to.
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BAGS! BAGS!! BAGS!!!
20,000 Seamless Bags;
6,000 Gunny Bags;
1,000 Rowley Sacks;
2,500 Large Heavy Linen;
5,000 Army Oats and Corn Sacks;
500 Salt Sacks—For sale by
HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO.,
se12-3mis 111 Second street.

First Edition.

LATEST NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

PENN'A. TROOPS DISCHARGED.

Return of Federal Prisoners.

FROM LOUISVILLE, Ky.

LATER FROM CALIFORNIA.

&c., &c., &c., &c.

HARRISBURG, Sept. 24, 1862.

Pennsylvania, ss:

In the name and by the authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, I, Andrew G. Curtin, Governor of the said Commonwealth, do hereby issue this proclamation:

Whereas, The threatened invasion of Pennsylvania by the rebel army has been arrested by the prompt and patriotic response of the loyal men of the State and the signal victory achieved by General McClellan's army on the Antietum. And whereas, the alacrity with which the people in every section of the Commonwealth rushed to the rescue of their brethren on the Cumberland Valley border, is worthy of the highest measure of praise. Although not required by the terms of the call to pass the border of the State, our brave men, unused to the rigors of war and untrained in military movements, not only entered Maryland, but held Hagerstown against an advancing foe; pressed forward to the Potomac and resisted the threatened movement of the rebels upon Williamsport until troops in the United States service arrived and relieved them. Their timely and heroic action has saved the State from the tread of an invading enemy, whose necessities made even military strategy subordinate to plunder:

Now, therefore, I, Andrew G. Curtin, Governor of the said Commonwealth, do hereby order that the troops called into the service of the State by General Order No. 26, be discharged, and that they be sent to their homes as rapidly as transportation can be furnished, and in the name of our mighty State, and in behalf of our threatened people on the border, I tender them the grateful acknowledgments of a rescued Commonwealth, and I recommend that the companies discharged from active service should take prompt measures to preserve and perfect their organizations, and that new ones should be formed in every county, so that they may at all times be ready to answer the call of the State should their services again be required. Arms will be issued to them as soon as they make regular requisitions in accordance with the law, and the companies lately in the service of the State will be preferred to others, should the supply not be equal to the demand. It is confidently expected however, that all the organized men of the State can be properly and promptly armed.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State, at Harrisburg, the twenty-fourth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty two, and of the Commonwealth the eighty seventh.

By the Governor.
Signed ELI SLIFER,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

CHICAGO, Sept. 23.—Cairo specials say that 26 officers and 200 exchanged Federal prisoners, from Charleston, arrived yesterday. They complain greatly of the treatment received since they were delivered to our authorities. They were all placed on the Pringle, one of the smallest vessels in the fleet. The sick were not allowed to enter the cabin, and one of them died from exposure. They remonstrated with Capt. Lasalle, 8th United States Infantry, who had command of the fleet, but could get no satisfaction. Subsequently the officers were transferred to steamer the Emerald, but fared no better. They were compelled to sleep on deck without any covering. Some who were on the gunboat Tyler were made to eat with contrabands. While the latter had knives and forks, our officers were made to eat with their fingers,

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 21.—At half-past ten o'clock this forenoon the appearance of the city was quite martial, all the stores being closed. Military detachments are seizing unenrolled persons to work on the intrenchments.

Refugees from the interior of Kentucky are enrolling into a regiment here.

A. R. Johnson, acting as Brigadier General at Hopkinsville, is enforcing the Confederate conscription act, and levying contributions upon Union men.

The Journal is informed that Humphrey Marshall's advance reached Shelbyville last evening.

Nothing further communicatable by telegraph has occurred during the past thirty-six hours.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 23.—The ship Sea Lark, from Manilla, with 250,000 pounds sugar for the Refinery, and 14,000 bales of hemp for the San Francisco Cordage Company, has arrived.

The steamer Pacific has also arrived, with $84,000 in gold from Oregon.

The Alleravalia Gazetteer of the 19th says that gold exists throughout all the mountain ranges in the upper country. It hears that a field will be developed north of Carvis and Clarke's Pass, one hundred miles in extent, and equal in richness to any discovered north of California, and superior.

A sword, valued at $2,000, will be sent to General Hooker by his California admirers.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 24.—Dispatches received at headquarters announce the safe arrival of General Schofield at Springfield. He will instantly commence vigorous preparations to check the rebels advancing from Arkansas, under Hindman and Rains.

SYRACUSE, Sept. 24.—The Republican State Convention met this morning, and temporarily organized. It was formed by the selection of Hon. Alex. S. Johnson, of Albany, as chairman. The attendance is large.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—The conduct of Gov. Stanley's administration in North Carolina is under examination by the Government. Complaints have been made against Stanley.

General McDowell has returned to this city.

STRICTLY PURE ARTICLES.
Low Prices.
PITTSBURGH DRUG HOUSE,
TORRENCE & McGARR,
APOTHECARIES,
CORNER FOURTH & MARKET STREETS
PITTSBURGH.
Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery Chemicals, &c., Lead, Paints, Dye Stuffs, Spices, &c., Cream Tartar Baking Soda, Esg. Mustard, Oils, &c.
☞ Physicians Prescriptions accurately compounded at all hours.
Pure Wines and Liquors, for medicinal use only. jel9-tc

☞ ELECTION OF TRUSTEES—THE stockholders of the PITTSBURGH GAS COMPANY are hereby notified that an election will be held at the office of the company on the FIRST MONDAY, 6th day of October, inst., between the hours of 2 and 5 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing three persons to serve as Trustees of the company, each, for the term of three years. JAMES M CHRISTY, Treasurer.
Office of Pittsburgh Gas Co., Sept. 19, 1862.
se20-td

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS

☞ LECTURE AT THE IRON CITY COLLEGE, corner of Penn and St. Clair streets, Thursday morning at 11 A. M.
VERBAL CONTRACTS.

LEATHER BELTING—
HOYT BRO'S N. Y. MAKE,
Well tanned and stretched, for sale at the Leather store of
M. DELANGE,
233 Liberty street opposite head of Wood.
se25-tfs

GUM HOSE—M. DELANGE, 233 LIBERTY STREET, is the only Agent for the sale of the New Patent Woven Hydrant Hose. se25 tfs

LOOK AT THE TERMS OF PAYMENT—Choice building lots for sale each 12 front on Ewalt street, Lawrenceville, by 114 deep, near to Butler street and Passenger Railway. Mechanics and others desirous of putting their savings into a home of their own, have now a rare opportunity, as only $50 of the purchase money is required in hand, remainder in nine yearly payments. Apply to S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
se25 51 Market street.

FOR RENT—LARGE DWELLING ON Marbury street. Apply to
S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
se25 51 Market street.

RAILROAD CARTS AND WHEELBARROWS FOR SALE.
12 RAILROAD CARTS AND FIFTY railroad Wheelbarrows for sale. Apply to C. COLEMAN,
Wagon Manufacturer, Marion Avenue, in front of the Penitentiary Allegheny City. se25-3t

JEFFRIES ANTIDOTE,
JEFFRIES ANTIDOTE,
JEFFRIES ANTIDOTE,
JEFFRIES ANTIDOTE,
One of the most valuable medicines of the day.
One of the most valuable medicines of the day.
One of the most valuable medicines of the day.
For sale by JOSEPH FLEMING,
For sale by JOSEPH FLEMING,
For sale by JOSEPH FLEMING,
Corner of the Diamond and Market streets.
Corner of the Diamond and Market streets.
Corner of the Diamond and Market streets.
☞ The highest price in cash paid for Beeswax.
se20

FALL.....1862
D. S. MACRUM.....S. C. GLYDE
MACRUM & GLYDE,
No. 78 Market Street,
(between Fourth and Diamond.)
Having completed their Fall purchases, have now on hand a stock of
TRIMMINGS, EMBROIDERIES,
HOSIERY, GLOVES,
NEW ENGLAND WOOLEN GOODS,
FANCY GOODS, FURNISHING GOODS
NOTIONS, &c., &c.,
Unsurpassed for Beauty and Cheapness by any in the city.
Country and City Retailers, and Milliners need only call to see for themselves the superior advantages we hold out in offering a class of goods admirably suited to their trade.
Ladies will find an endless variety of articles for the use and adorning of themselves and their households.
Gentlemen will find everything in the way of FURNISHING GOODS, of the best styles and lowest prices. MACRUM & GLYDE,
se23 78 Market street

IF YOU WANT SOME GOOD NEW Fruit or prepared Mince Meat, mixed, and all other kinds of Spices, cooking Brandy or Wine, New Orange, Lemon and Citron Peel go to Haworth & Brothers, in the Diamond, where you will get a new crop of Fruit and lower than at any other house in the city. Also a general and full assortment of Family Groceries, Teas, Wines, Brandies, and all other kinds of Foreign and Domestic Liquors.
HAWORTH & BROTHER,
de24 corner Diamond and Diamond alley.

Cheap Pianos!!
FOURTEEN SECOND HAND PIANOS FOR SALE
An excellent Rosewood Chickering Piano, 6 octave. Price.....$165,00
A Rosewood Gate & Co. Piano, but little used, 6 octave. Price..... 160 00
A Rosewood Stodart Piano, is but little worn, 6 octave. Price..... 150 00
A Rosewood Bassford Piano, very fine touch, 6½ octave. Price..... 130 00
A Rosewood, Groveteen & Hale, new and richly carved, 7 octave. Price 170 00
A Rosewood, Hayes & Co Piano, three years old, 7 octave. Price..... 180 00
A Rosewood, Gilbert, Upright Piano, 6½ octave. Price..... 125 00
A Mahogany T. Lond Piano, large size 6 octave. Price..... 75 00
A Rosewood German Piano, large size, 6 octave. Price..... 70 00
A Rosewood Chickering Piano, very old but good, 6 octave. Price..... 50 00
A Mahogany, Lond & Brother, old but in good order, 6 octave. Price..... 45 00
A Mahogany, Astor & Co., old London Piano, 5½ octaves. Price..... 20 00
A Walnut Lease Piano, in good order, 6 octave. Price..... 75 00
A Mahogany, Gibson Piano, New York, very good, 6 octave. Price..... 75 00
NEW PIANOS.
A splendid stock of new Pianos, from the best New York and Boston makers on hand, and constantly receiving new supplies. *Prices invariably* the same as the manufacturers, and every instrument warranted. For sale by
se10 JOHN H. MELLOR, 81 Wood street.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.
THE ADVERTISER HAVING BEEN restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dreadful disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure.
To all who desire it, he will send a prescription used (free of charge), with the direction for preparing and using the same, which they will find a *sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c.*
The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.
Parties wishing the prescription will please address Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON,
se19-3m Williamsburg Kings County, N. Y.

NEW FALL GOODS.
NEW STYLE SHAWLS,
NEW STYLE CLOAKS,
NEW STYLE CIRCULARS,
High Colr'd Plaids for Ladies' Dresses
Fig'd Rept Poplins,
Fine Plain Poplins all Colors
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
All qualities and colors.
NEW STYLES HOOP SKIRTS,
among which may be found
THE PRIDE OF THE WORLD,
LADIES' SIZES,
MISSES' SIZES, and
CHILDREN'S SIZES.
—AT—
W. & D. Hugus',
CORNER FIFTH AND MARKET STS.
se12

BARGAINS,
BARGAINS,
BARGAINS,
BARGAINS,
ALL THE SUMMER GOODS AT
CONCERT HALL SHOE STORE,
NO. 62 FIFTH STREET,
Marked down to make room for Fall Goods!
Ladies House and Toilet Slippers.....25c;
Women's Single Sole Gaiters.....50c;
Beautiful Sewed Heel French Morocco Boots, only.....$1,00,
and all other goods in same proportion.
Come quick. NOW OR NEVER.
Next door to the Express office.
se16

STATE AGRICULTURAL FAIR—NOTICE is hereby given that the State Fair has been postponed until next year on account of the unhappy military condition of our country.
THOS. P. KNOX, President.
A. B. LONGAKER, Secretary, Norristown, Pa.
se19

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS

AT
W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.,
31 FIFTH STREET
LADIES, MISSES AND CHILDREN'S
Balmoral & Eugenie Boots.
LASTING, GOAT AND KID
CONGRESS, LACE AND BUTTON GAITERS
BOYS AND YOUTH
Balmoral Boots, Congress Gaiters, and Bucell Shoes,
all in great variety and selling at low prices.
W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.
se25

GENTS' CALF BOOTS,
GENTS' CALF BOOTS,
GENTS' CALF BOOTS,
Good & Cheap, Good & Cheap.
at DIFFENBACHER'S,
se23 15 Fifth st., near Market st.

AMERICAN WATCHES
FOR SOLDIERS!
AT REDUCED PRI
AMERICAN WATCHES FOR AMERICANS.
THE AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY give notice, that they have lately issued a new style of Watch, expressly designed for Soldiers and others who desire a good watch at a moderate price. These watches are intended to displace the worthless, cheap watches of British and Swiss manufacture, with which the country is flooded, and which were never expected to keep time when they were made, being refuse manufactures, sent to this country, because unsaleable at home, and used heretofore for *jockeying* and *swindling* purposes.
We offer to sell our Watch, which is of THE MOST SUBSTANTIAL MANUFACTURE, AN ACCURATE AND DURABLE TIMEKEEPER, and in Sterling Silver Cases, dinting pattern, at as low a price as is asked for the trashy *Anores* and *Lepines* of foreign make, already referred to.
We have named the new series of Watches, WM ELLERY, Boston, Mass., which name will be found on the plate of every watch of this manufacture, and is one of our trade marks.
Sold by all respectable Jewelers in the loyal states.
Wholesale orders should be addressed to
ROBBINS & APPLETON,
Agents of the American Watch Company,
se1-1 2p 182 Broadway, N. Y.

SUPERIOR SODA ASH & POT ASH,
Superior Soda Ash and Pot Ash,
Superior Soda Ash and Pot Ash,
Superior Soda Ash and Pot Ash,
JOSEPH FLEMING'S,
JOSEPH FLEMING'S.
Corner of the Diamond and Market street.
Corner of the Diamond and Market street.
☞ The highest cash price paid for Beeswax.
se20

NOTICE TO OIL REFINERS.
Distillers, Brewers, Manufacturers and Dealers.
KAY & CO.,
NO. 55 WOOD STREET,
are preparing and will have ready in a short time the different BLANKS and PRINTED BOOKS requisite for transacting business, under the National Tax Law, and a skillfully arranged examination and early orders for the same.
The Blanks for Manufacturers and Distillers Returns and Applications for License are now ready. se.2-3t

NEW GOODS.
DRESS GOODS,
SHAWLS AND CLOAKS,
NEW PRINTS,
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
HOOP SKIRTS,
PANT STUFFS, &c.
Terms Cash.
C. HANSON LOVE & CO.,
74 Market Street.
se20

WOOLEN YARNS—We have now on hand a full assortment of Boston and Chorse Yarn, which we will sell at the lowest market prices for cash.
JOSEPH HORNE,
77 and 79 Market street.

MILLINERY GOODS—Country Merchants and Milliners will find our assortment of Ribbons, Flowers, Plumes, Bonnets, Hats, &c. very complete, and at very low prices for cash,
JOSEPH HORNE,
77 and 79 Market street,
Wholesale Rooms second and third stories.

BOSTON RIBBED HOSE, Of all kinds for ladies and children. A full line now on hand at eastern prices to wholesale buyers for cash.
JOSEPH HORNE,
77 and 79 Market street

BALMORAL SKIRTS—All the different varieties of Balmorals at very low prices to wholesale or retail buyers at
HORNE,S TRIMMING STORE,

COUNTRY MERCHANTS
Will find our stock one of the best in the city from which to make their selections, as we have all varieties and styles of goods in our line.
JOSEPH HORNE,
77 and 79 Market street,
Wholesale Rooms second and third stories.
se15

1,200 BALMORAL SKIRTS,
Real Scotch and Domestic Makes,
All new styles and choice colors,
received before the last great advance, and for sale wholesale and retail by
EATON, MACRUM & CO.,
se6 17 Fifth street.

SPECIAL NOTICE—THE LAST INstallment on the assessment for Grading and paving made under the supplement to the city Charter is due, and if not paid before the 1st of October next will be placed in the hands of the city Solicitor for collection, subject to costs of suit and all other goods in same proportion.
se9-tf WM. EICHBAUM, Treasurer

INDIA RUBBER BLANKETS FOR SOLDIERS USE, superior to any of the so called "Gum Blankets," which are nothing more than Oil Cloth. The article we offer is warranted water proof and alike unaffected by heat and cold which is not the case with oil cloth. Another supply just received at the India Rubber Depot, 26 and 28 St. Clair street.
se16 J. & H. PHILLIPS

LOOK FOR NO. 57 FIFTH STREET when you want Boots or Shoes, it is the cheap house in the city.

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.
LESSEE AND MANAGER.....WM. HENDERSON
PRICES OF ADMISSION.—Private Boxes, $5 00; Single Seat in Private Box, $1 00; Parquette and Dress Circle, chairs, 50 cents; Family Circle, 25 cents; Colored Gallery, 25 cents; Colored Boxes 50 cents; Gallery 15 cents.
Fourth appearance of the American tragedian Mr. J. PROCTOR.
JACK CADE.
Jack Cade.....Mr. Proctor
Dance.....Mlle Rose Cereta
To conclude with
POOR PILLICODDY.
Pillicoddy.....Mr. Sefton

THE ARDESCO OIL COMPANY
MANUFACTURE AND HAVE FOR sale a superior article of
Refined Ardesco Oil,
NON-EXPLOSIVE. ALSO,
PURE BENZOLE.
warehouse, 27 IRWIN STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

HOUSEKEEPERS
Furnishing Store,
GOODS FOR THE
KITCHEN.

Tin Ware, Wooden Ware, Spice Boxes, Cup Tubs, Saw Cutters, Hair Sieves, Mince Knives, Silver Soap, Chamois Skins, Skewers, Gridirons, Lemon Squeezers, Stew Pans, Waffle Irons, Fish Kettles, Ham Boilers, Graters, Larding Needles, Pudding Pans, Bread Pans, Butter Ladles, Iron Holders, Step Ladders, Keelers, Clothes Lines, Scales, Cook's Knive, Bread Boxes, Scoops, Brushes, Baskets, Jelly Moulds, Wash Basins, Cup Mops, Wire Sieves, Coal Scuttles, Stove Polish, Knife Washers, Basting Spoons, Coffee Mills, Wash Boards, Sauce Pans, Bird Roasters, Fry Pans, Farina Boilers, Egg Beaters, Flour Pans, Water Filters, Pie Plates, Clothes Wringers, Wooden Spoons, Butter Prints, Wash Tubs, Soap Cups, Toast Forks, Sad Irons, Meat Presses, Cake Boxes, &c., &c.,

FOR THE DINING ROOM.
SILVER PLATED.
Castors, Syrup Jugs, Cake Knives, Crumb Knives, Salt Stands, Fruit Stands, Butter Knives, Soup Ladles, Gravy Ladles, Children's Cups, Round & Oval Salvers, Bouquet Stands, Call Bells, Nut Picks, Fish Knives, Ice Cream Knives, Napkin Rings, Cake Baskets, Forks and Spoons, Oyster Ladles, Sugar Spoons, Mustard Spoons, Ice Pitchers, Goblets,
CUTLERY.
Ivory Handled Knives, Cocoa do do, Stag do do, English Tea Trays, Fork and Spoon Trays, Dish Covers, Hash Dishes, Wine Strainers, Spirit Coffee Pots, Table Mats, Bread Baskets, Wine Coolers, Refrigerators, Carvers, Forks, Square Waiters, Crumb Brushes, Crumb Trays, Champ Dishes, Coffee Biggins, Coffee Coolers, Nut Crackers, Round Waiters, Cork Screws, Knife Sharpeners, Wat r Coolers, &c.
FOR THE CHAMBER.
Toilet Jars, Foot Baths, Infants Baths, Mat rass Brushes, Shaving Ætnas, Bronze Match Holders, Flower Stands, Nursery Refrigerators, Wax Tapers, Water Carriers, Chamber Buckets, Bowl and Pitchers, Gas Shades, Nursery Shades, Nursery Lamps, Clothes Whisks, Clothes Hampers, Night Lights,
MISCELLANEOUS.
Library Steps, Vienna Fish Globes, Bird Cages, Vizzetts, Card de Visite Frames, Camp Knives, Door Mats, Vestas, Meat Safes, Pocket Knives, Flasks, Cam Portfolios,
And everything pertaining to a well appointed Household
To be obtained at reasonable prices at the NEW STORE of
KAY & RICHARDS,
30 Fifth Street,
First door below Exchange Bank.
All Goods delivered free of charge in the city: Allegheny, Birmingham, Manchester, Duquesne Borough, etc. se11-1md

OIL REFINERS, DISTILLERS AND BREWERS—In accordance with the National Tax Law, all persons engaged in any of the above occupations are required to keep such books as are specified in the law, and make tri-monthly and monthly returns, all in such manner as is specified by law. The undersigned are preparing the various books with printed headings, to make the tri-monthly and monthly reports, invo