The Pittsburgh Post.

James P. Barr, Editor & Proprietor. THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 25, 1862. Vol. XX.---Established 1842.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CHURCH TRAIN

				A. M.
Leaves Wall's Station every Sunday at				9 15
do	Turtle Creek,	do	do	9 20
do	Brinton's,	do	do	9 25
do	Wilkinsburgh	do	do	9 43
do	East Liberty,	do	do	9 50
Arrive at Pittsburgh,				10 15
	RETURNING TRAIN			P. M.
Leaves Pittsburgh every Sunday at				1 00
do	East Liberty	do	do	1 24
do	Wilkinsburgh	do	do	1 33
do	Brinton's	do	do	1 49
do	Turtle Creek	do	do	1 55
Arrive at Walls,				2 00

J. STEWART, Passenger Agent.
Pittsburgh, July 9, 1862. jy11tf

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TO THE PUBLIC.

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OFFICE OF CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE,
No. 101 East Third street,
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PROPOSALS ARE INVITED FOR furnishing Uniform, Regulation Clothing, and Camp and Garrison Equipage for the new levies of volunteers and militia of the United States.

The Clothing and Equipage, for the different arms of the service, to correspond, in make and material, to that heretofore used, and to conform to the patterns in the office of Clothing and Equipage, in this city, where specifications and samples may be inspected.

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All articles delivered by contractors are required by law to be legibly marked with the contractor's name.

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Uniform Coats, consisting of Engineer, Ordnance, Artillery and Infantry:
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Drawers, Flannel and Knit:
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Great Coats, Footmen and Horsemen;
Straps for Great Coats;
Blankets, Woolen and Rubber;
Ponchos;
Talmas;
Sack Coats, Lined and Unlined;
Boots, Bootees, Leggings, Stockings;
Stocks, Leather;
Uniform Hats, Trimmed and Untrimmed;
Uniform Caps;
Forage Caps, Recruits, Cavalry and Infantry;
Cap Covers, Stable Frocks, Sashes;
Haversacks, Knapsacks, Canteens.

ARTICLES OF EQUIPAGE.

Hospital Tents, Wall Tents, Sibley Tents, Common Tents, D'Abri Tents;
Mosquito Bars;
Regimental Colors;
Camp do
National do
Standards;
Storm Flags;
Garrison do
Recruiting Flags;
Guidons;
Axes.
Spades;
Hatchets;
Mess Pans;
Camp Kettles;
Pickaxes;
Bugles.
Trumpets;
Drums;
Fifes;

BOOKS,

Company Order;
do Clothing Account;
do Descriptive;
do Morning Report;
Post Order;
do Morning Report;
do Letter;
do Guard;
Regimental General Order;
do Letter;
do Descriptive;
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Target Practice;
Consolidated Morning Report;
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Security will be required for the fulfillment of every contract.

All proposals received by noon of the tenth day from the date of this advertisement, will be opened at noon of that day, and the articles immediately needed will be awarded to the lowest responsible bidders present.

Contracts for further supplies will be rwarded from time to time, as favorable bids are received, up to the time of making the contract.

By order of the Quartermaster General,
JNO. H. DICKERSON,
Captain and A. Q. M.

NOTICE.

Parties who propose furnishing supplies to this Department will state in their proposals how long the proposition holds, and on the back of each bid will be a guarantee, signed by two responsible parties, that the bidder will execute the contract if awarded him. No letters or telegrams of inquiry will be answered, but after the letting of the 28th, bidders will be duly notified when their proposals are accepted. Proposal will be marked on the outside, "Proposals for Army Clothing."

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Manufacturer and Wholesale and Retail dealer in all kinds of

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EUREKA AND TROPIC,
merits of which have been fully tested by ousands, and the Stove pronounced unequaled y any in this market; together with a great many ther desirable patterns.

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embracing some of the BEST PATTERNS now ffered to the public.

☞ FANCY ENAMELED GRATE FRONTS AND FENDERS, of the newest styles. Common Kitchen Bow and Jam Grates, all of which are offered at very low prices.

☞ Special inducements offered to builders in want of GRATE FRONTS. my29tf

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BUCK AND KID GAUNTLETS,
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OAKLAND PROPERTY FOR SALE —A handsome two story brick dwelling containing six rooms and a kitchen, with between 3 and 4 acres of ground, on which is over 100 bearing fruit trees, shade trees, shrubbery, &c.; two never failing springs and a well of good water. Possession given immediately. For price and terms apply to N. P. SAWYER,
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DAILY POST.

SPEECH
OF
HON. HORATIO SEYMOUR,

Before the Democratic State Convention,
Albany, September 10, 1862.

On Receiving the Nomination for Governor.

[Concluded.]

Our Government and its administration are different things; but, in the eyes of the civilized world, abuses, weakness or folly in the conduct of affairs go far to justify resistance. I have read to you the testimony of Messrs. Greeley, Weed, Bryant, Raymond and Marble, charging fraud, corruption, outrage and incompetency upon those in power. Those who stand up to testify to the incompetency of these representatives of a discordant party to conduct the affairs of our Government are politically opposed to us. Bear in mind that the embarrassment of President Lincoln grows out of the conflicting views of his political friends, and their habits and principles of insubordination. His hands would be strengthened by a Democratic victory; and if his private prayers are answered, we will relieve him from the pressure of philanthropists who thirst for blood and who call for the extermination of the men, women and children of the South. The brutal and bloody language of partisan editors and political preachers has lost us the sympathy of the civilized world, in a contest where all mankind should be on one side.

Turning to the legislative departments of our Government, what do we see? In the history of the decline and fall of Nations, there are no more striking displays of madness and folly. The assemblage of Congress throws gloom over the Nation; its continuation in session is more disastrous than defeat upon the battle field. It excites alike alarm and disgust.

The public are disappointed in the results of the war. This is owing to the differing objects of the people on the one hand, and the fanatical agitators in and out of Congress on the other. In the army, the Union men of the North and South battle side by side, under one flag, to put down rebellion and uphold the Union and Constitution. In Congress, a fanatical majority make war on the Union men of the South, and strengthen the hands of Secessionists by words and acts which enable them to keep alive the flames of civil war. What is done on the battle-field by the blood and treasure of the people is undone by Senators. Half of the time is spent in factious measures designed to destroy all confidence in the Government at the South, and the rest in annoying our army, in meddling with its operations, embarrassing our Generals, and in publishing undigested and unfounded scandal. One party is seeking to bring about peace and the other to keep alive hatred and bitterness by interferences. They prove the wisdom of Solomon, when he said: "It is an honor to a man to cease from strife, but every fool will be meddling."

This war cannot be brought to a successful conclusion or our country restored to an honorable peace under Abolitionist leaders for another reason. Our disasters are mainly due to the fact that they have not dared to tell the truth to the community. A system of misrepresentation had been practised so long and so successfully that when the war burst upon us they feared to let people know its full proportions, and they persisted in assuring their friends it was but a passing excitement. They still asserted that the South was unable to maintain and carry on a war. They denounced as a traitor every man who tried to tell the truth and to warn our people of the magnitude of the contest.

Now, my Republican friends, you know that the misapprehension of the North with regard to the South has drenched the land with blood. Was this ignorance accidental? I appeal to you, Republicans, if for years past, through the press and in publications which have been urged upon your attention by the leaders of your party, you have not been taught to despise the power and resources of the South? I appeal to you to say if this teaching has not been a part of the machinery by which power has been gained? I appeal to you to answer if those who tried to teach truths now admitted have not been denounced? I appeal to you if a book, beyond all others false, bloody and treasonable, was not sent out with the endorsement of all your managers? And is it not true that now, when men blush to own that they believed its statements, its author is honored by an official station? It is now freely confessed by you all that you have been deceived with respect to the South. Who deceived you? Who, by false teachings, instilled contempt and hate into the minds of our people? Who stained our land with blood? Who caused ruin and distress? All these things are within your own knowledge. Are their authors the leaders to rescue us from our calamities? They shrink back appalled from the mischief they have wrought, and tell you it is an irrepressible contest. That reason is as good for Jefferson Davis as for them. They attempt to drown reflections by new excitements and new appeals to our passions. Having already, in legislation, gone far beyond the limits at which, by their resolutions, they were pledged to stop, they now ask us to adopt measures which they have heretofore denounced as unjust and unconstitutional. For this reason they cannot save our country.

As our national calamities thicken upon us, an attempt is made by their authors to avoid their responsibilities by insisting that our failures are due to the fact that their measures are not carried out, although Government has already gone far beyond its pledges. The demands of these men will never cease, simply because they hope to save themselves from condemnation by having unsatisfied demands. At the last session Congress not only abolished slavery in the District of Columbia, but, to quiet clamorous men, an act of confiscation and emancipation was passed, which, in the opinion of leading Republicans, was unconstitutional and unjust. By this act the rebels have no property, not even their own lives; and they own no slaves. But, to the astonishment and disgust of those who believe in the policy of statutes and proclamations, these rebels still live, and fight and hold their slaves. These measures seem to have reanimated them. They have a careless and reckless way of appropriating their lives and property, which, by act of Congress, belong to us, in support of their cause.

But these fanatical men have learned that it is necessary to win a victory before they divide the spoil—and what do they now propose? As they cannot take the property of rebels beyond their reach, they will take the property of the loyal men of the Border States. The violent men of this party, as you know from experience, my conservative Republican friends, in the end have their way. They now demand that the President shall issue a proclamation of immediate and universal emancipation! Against whom is this to be directed? Not against those in rebellion—for they came within the scope of the act of Congress. It can only be applied to those who have been true to Union and our flag. They are to be punished for their loyalty. When we consider their sufferings and their cruel wrongs at the hands of the secessionists, their reliance upon our faith, is not this proposal black with ingratitude?

The scheme for an immediate emancipation and general arming of the slaves throughout the South is a proposal for the butchery of women and children, for scenes of lust and rapine, of arson and murder, unparallelled in the history of the world. The horrors of the French Revolution would become tame in comparison. Its effect would not be confined to the walls of cities, but there would be a wide-spread scene of horror over the expanse of great States, involving alike the loyal and the seditious. Such malignity and cowardice would invoke the interference of civilized Europe. History tells of the fires kindled in the name of religion, of atrocities committed under pretexts of order or liberty; but it is now urged that scenes bloodier than the world has yet seen shall be enacted in the name of philanthropy!

A proclamation of general and armed emancipation at this time would be a cruel wrong to the African. It is now officially declared in Presidential addresses, which are fortified by Congressional action, that the negro cannot live in the enjoyment of the full privileges of life among the white race. It is now admitted, after our loss of infinite blood and treasure, that the great problem we have to settle is not the slavery but the negro question. A terrible question, not springing from statutes or usages, but growing out of the unchangeable distinction of race. It is discovered, at this late day, in Republican Illinois, that it is right to drive him from its soil. It is discovered by a Republican Congress, after convulsing our country with declarations in favor of his equal rights and asserting that he was merely the victim of unjust laws, that he should be sent away from our land. The issue is now changed. The South holds that the African is fit to live here as a slave. Our Republican Government denies that he is fit to live here at all.

The Republican party cannot save the country because, through its powerful Press, it teaches contempt for the Laws, Constitution and constituted authorities. They are not only destroying the Union but they are shaking and weakening the whole structures of State as well as of the National Government, by denunciations of every law and of all authority that stands in the way of their passions or their purposes. They have not only carried discord into our churches and legislative halls, but into our armies. Every General who agrees with them upon the subject of Slavery is upheld in every act of insubordination and sustained against the clearest proofs of incompetency, if not of corruption. On the other hand, every Commander who differs from their views upon the single point of Slavery, is denounced, not only for incompetency, but constantly depreciated in every act. No man is allowed to be a Christian; no man is regarded as a Statesman; no man is suffered unmolested to do his duty as a Soldier, unless he supports measures which no one dared to urge eighteen months since. They insist that martial law is superior to constitutional law, that the wills of Generals in the field are above all restraint; but they demand for themselves the right to direct and control these Generals. They claim an influence higher than that they will allow to the laws of the land? Are these displays of insubordination and violence safe at this time?

The weight of annual taxation will test severely the loyalty of the people of the North. Repudiation of our financial obligations would cause disorder and endless moral evils. Pecuniary rights will never be held more sacred than personal rights.

Repudiation of the Constitution involves repudiation of national debts, of its guaranties of rights of property, of persons, and of conscience. The moment we show the world that we do not hold the Constitution to be a sacred compact, we not only destroy all sense of security, but we turn away from our shores the vast tide of foreign emigration. It comes here now not because there are not other skies as bright and other lands as productive as ours. It seeks here security for freedom—for rights of conscience; for immunity from tyrannical interferences, and from meddling impertinence. The home fireside rights heretofore enjoyed by the American people—enjoyed under the protection of a written Constitution—have made us great and prosperous. I entreat you again, touch them not with sacrilegious hands! We are threatened with the breaking up of our social system, with the overthrow of State and National Governments. If we begin a war upon the compromises of the Constitution, we go through with it. It contains many restraints upon our natural rights. It may be asked by what right do the six small New England States, with a population less than that of New York, have six times its power in the Senate, which has become the controlling branch of Government? By what natural right do these States, with these small united populations and limited territories, balance the power of New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois, Indiana and Michigan? The vast debt growing out of this war will give rise to new and angry discussions. It will be held almost exclusively in a few Atlantic States. Look upon the map of the Union and see how small is the territory in which it will be owned. We are to be divided into creditor and debtor States, and the last will have a vast preponderance of power and strength. Unfortunately there is no taxation upon this rational debt and its share is thrown off upon other property. It is held where many of the government contracts have been executed, and where, in some instances, gross frauds have been practiced. It is held largely where the Constitution gives a disproportionate share of political power. With all these elements of discord, is it wise to assail constitutional law, or bring authority into contempt? Is it safe to encourage the formation of irresponsible committees, made up of impertinent men, who thrust themselves into the conduct of public affairs and try to dictate to legal rulers? Or will you tolerate the enrollment of armies which are not constituted or organized by proper authorities? Are such things just towards those who have placed their fortunes in the hands of the Government at this crisis?

We implore you, do not be deceived again with this syren song of no danger.—There is danger, great and imminent, of the destruction of all government, of safety for life and property, unless the duty of obedience to law and respect for authorities, and the honest support of those in the public service, both military and civil, are taught and enforced by all means within our control.

With us there is no excuse for revolutionary action. Our system of government gives peaceful remedies for all evils in legislation.

What the Democratic Party Proposes to Do.

Mr. President: It will be asked what do we propose to do. We mean, with all our powers of mind and person to support the Constitution and uphold the Union; to maintain the laws, to preserve the public faith. We insist upon obedience to laws and respect for Constitutional authority; we will defend the rights of citizens; we mean that rulers and subjects shall respect the laws; we will put down all revolutionary committees; we will resist all unauthorized organizations of armed men; we will spurn officious meddlers who are impudently pushing themselves into the councils of our Government. Politically opposed to those in authority, we demand that they shall be treated with the respect due to their positions as the representatives of the dignity and honor of the American people. We do not try to save our country by abandoning its government. In these times of trial and danger we cling more closely to the great principles of civil and religious liberty and of personal right; we will man the defenses and barriers which the Constitution throws around them; we will revive the courage and strengthen the arms of loyal men by showing them they have a living government about which to rally; we will proclaim amidst the confusion and uproar of civil war, with louder tones and firmer voices the great maxims and principles of civil liberty, order and obedience. What has perpetuated the greatness of that nation from which we derive so many of our maxims? Not its victories upon land nor its triumphs upon the seas, but its firm adherence to its traditional policy. The words of Coke, of Camden and Mansfield, have for long periods of time given strength and vitality and honor to its social system, while battles have lost their significance. When England was agitated by the throes of violence—when the person of the King was insulted; when Parliament was besieged by mobs maddened by bigotry; when the life of Lord Mansfield was sought by infuriated fanatics, and his house was burned by incendiary fire, then he uttered those words which checked at once unlawful power and lawless violence. He declared that every citizen was entitled to his rights according to the known procedures of the land. He showed to the world the calm and awful majesty of the law, unshaken amidst convulsions. Self-reliant in its strength and purity, it was driven to no acts which destroy the spirit of law. Violence was rebuked, the heart of the nation was reassured, a sense of security grew up, and the storm was stilled. Listen to his words:

Miserable is the condition of individuals: dangerous is the condition of the State, where there is no certain law, or what is the same thing, no certain administration of law by which individuals may be protected and the State made secure.

Thus, too, we will stand calmly up amidst present disasters. We have warned the public that every act of disobedience weakened their claims to protection. We have admonished our rulers that every violation of right destroyed sentiments of loyalty and duty. That obedience and protection were reciprocal obligations.—He who withholds his earnest and cheerful support to any legal demand of his government, invites oppression and usurpation on the part of those in authority.—The public servant who oversteps his jurisdiction or tramples upon the rights, person, property or procedure of the governed, instigates resistance and revolt.

Under abuse and detraction we have faithfully acted upon these precepts. If our purposes were factious, the elements of disorder are everywhere within our reach. If we were as disobedient to this Government and as denunciatory of its officials as those who placed them in power, we could make them tremble in their seat of power. We have been obedient, loyal and patient. We shall continue to be so under all circumstances. But let no man mistake this devotion to our country and its Constitution for unworthy fear. We have no greater stake in good order than other men. Our arms are as strong, our endurance as great, our fortitude as unwavering as that of our political opponents. But we seek the blessings of peace, of law, of order. We ask the public to mark our policy and our position. Opposed to the election of Mr. Lincoln, we have loyally sustained him. Differing from the Administration as to the course and the conduct of the war, we have cheerfully responded to every demand made upon us. To-day we are putting forth our utmost efforts to reinforce our armies in the field. Without conditions or threats we are exerting our energies to strengthen the hands of the government and to replace it in the commanding position it held in the eyes of the world before the recent disasters. We are pouring out our blood, our treasure and our men, to rescue it from a position in which it can neither propose peace nor conduct successful war. And this support is freely and generously accorded.—We wish to see our Union saved, our laws vindicated, and peace once more restored to our land. We do not claim more virtue or intelligence than we award to our opponents, but we now have the sad and bloody proofs that we act upon sounder principles of government. Animated by the motto we have placed upon our banner—"The Union, the Constitution and the Laws"—we go into the political contest confident of the support of the people who cannot be deaf or blind to the teachings of the last two years.

The Philosophic Burner.

HAYDEN'S NEW DOUBLE-ACTING Philosophic Burner for Carbon Oil is now ready. It possesses many advantages over the Common Burners.

1. It makes a large or small light with perfect combustion.
2. It will burn any quantity of oil with safety.
3. It can be used with a long or short chimney.
4. It can be used as a taper night-lamp.
5. It can always be made to burn economically.
6. It is more easily wicked than any other burner.
7. It can be trimmed and lighted without removing the cone.
8. It throws all the white light above the cone.
9. The chimney can be removed or inserted without touching the glass.

These burners are the common No. 2 size, and can be put on any lamp now in use. Every person using Carbon Oil should have a Philosophic Burner. Price 25 cents; per dozen $2. Sold a No. 88 FOURTH street, Pittsburgh.
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JOHN FLEEGER,
GUNSMITH,
25 corner Ohio and Beaver sts,
ALLEGHENY CITY.
Large stock of Guns of all descriptions, on hand or made to order, and for sale at LOWEST CASH PRICES.
Repairing promptly attended to.
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THE UNDERSIGNED HAS ASSOCIATED with him his son, OLIVER McCLINTOCK, in a copartnership, for the transaction of the CARPET BUSINESS, under the name and firm of W. McCLINTOCK & SON, he solicits from a generous public a continuance, to the new firm, of the liberal patronage heretofore given by him
W. McCLINTOCK.

CARPETS—Having purchased for CASH, before the late advance, the largest stock of Carpets in the city, we would call the attention of wholesale and retail buyers to our complete assortment of CARPETS, MATTINGS, OIL CLOTHS, &c. W. McCLINTOCK & SON,
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BERLIN ZEPHYR!
1200 LBS. ZEPHYR WOOL,
Of all the choice and favorite shades and mixtures.
FOR FANCY KNITTING.
Dealers supplied in quantity at less than present Eastern prices.
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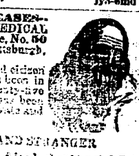
J. & M. M'STEEN,
Brass Founders,
GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
All kinds of Brass and Iron Cocks made to order.
Also,
BRASS CASTINGS, OF ALL KINDS
Made at the shortest notice.
OIL REFINERY'S FITTED UP.
☞ All orders left at BOWN & TETLEY'S, 136 WOOD STREET, will be promptly attended to.
The members of this firm being practical mechanics, of many years' experience in the business, will insure to give satisfaction in every respect. ap6:ly

S. M. KIER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Pure No. 1 Carbon Oil,
AND
BENZOLE,
☞ Office on LIBERTY STREET, opposite Penn's R. R. Depot.
☞ All oil warranted. au8:ly

HENRY W. BEAUMONT & CO.,
FORMERLY OF THE TWO-MILE HOUSE, dealers in Foreign Brandies, Wines, and Gins; also, Blackberry, Raspberry, Wild Cherry, and Ginger Brandies, Old Monongahela Rye, and other Whiskies, Jamaica Rum, Superior Wine Bitters, &c.
No. 83 Liberty street,
Opposite Fourth street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Hotels, Taverns, and Families supplied at moderate profits for cash. New Jersey Cider for family or hotel purposes. jy3-6md

PRIVATE DISEASES.—Dr. BROWN'S MEDICAL and SURGICAL Office, No. 50 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Dr. BROWN is an old citizen of Pittsburgh, and has been in Practice for the last twenty-three years. His business has been confined mostly to Private and Surgical Diseases.



CITIZENS AND STRANGER

In need of a medical friend, should not fail to find out the guru place of relief. The Doctor is a regular graduate, and his treatment of a certain class of diseases is a sure guarantee to the sufferers of obtaining permanent relief by the use of his remedies and following his advice.

DR. BROWN'S REMEDIES

never fail to cure the worst form of Venereal Disease, Impurities and Scrofulous Affections.—Also all diseases arising from a hereditary taint, which manifests itself in the form of tetter psoriasis, and a great many forms of skin diseases, the origin of which the patient is entirely ignorant. To persons so afflicted, Dr. Brown offers hopes of a sure and speedy recovery.

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Dr. Brown's remedies for the alarming trouble brought on often by that solitary habit of sensual gratification, which too young and weak minded often give way to, (to their own destruction,) are the only reliable remedies known in the country—they are safe, and make a speedy restoration of health.

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Dr. Brown's remedies never fail to cure this painful disease IN A FEW DAYS—he will warrant a cure. He also cures Piles, Gleet, Gonnorrhœa Stricture, Urethal Discharges, Female Weakness, Monthly Suppressions, Diseases of the Kidneys, Fistula in Ano, Nervous Affections, Pains in the Back and Joints, Irritation of the Bladder, together with all diseases of a private nature.

A letter describing the symptoms, containing a fee, directed to DR. BROWN, No. 50 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh, Pa., will be promptly answered. Medicine sent to any address, safely packed and secure from observation.

Office and Private Rooms, No. 50 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa. no15-dawtf

SMITH, PARK & CO.,
NINTH WARD FOUNDRY
PITTSBURGH, PA
Warehouse, No. 149 First street. Manufacturers of all sizes and descriptions of Coal Oil, Retorts and Still, Gas and Water Pipe and Irons, Door Fronts, Iron Doors, Steel Moulds Pallets, Hangers and Couplings.
Also Jobbing and Machinery of every description made to order.
Having a complete machine shop attached to the Foundry, all necessary Repairs will be carefully attended to. ap11:lydaw

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Wholesale and Retail Grocers,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
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NORTH-EAST corner of
OHIO STREET AND THE DIAMOND,
no20:ly ALLEGHENY CITY.

PETRONA OIL WORKS
LONG, MILLER & CO.,
WORKS AT SHARPSBURGH STATION, ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.
☞ Office and Warehouse
23 MARKET STREET, PITTSBURGH.
Manufacturers of Illuminating and Lubricated Carbon Oils and Benzole.
NO. 1 REFINED OIL, WARRANTED NON-EXPLOSIVE, always on hand. oc24:ly

WILLIAM CARE & CO.
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
And Importers of
WINES, BRANDIES, GINS, &C.
ALSO,
Distillers and Dealers in
FINE OLD MONONGAHELA RYE WHISKY
327 Liberty Street,
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J. H. CASIDAY.
Note, Stock, Draft, Bond and Mortgage, Real Estate and Merchandise Broker.
OFFICE, ROOM No. 12 BURKE'S BUILDING, FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.
☞ $25,000 to invest in Mortgages and No. 1 paper. my22

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CARRIAGE MANUFACTURERS,
(At the old established Coach Factory,)
DUQUESNE WAY,
NEAR ST. CLAIR STREET.
Repairing done as usual. jy7

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WINDOW CURTAINS, &c.
New Styles for Spring of 1862.
A Great Variety and Fine Assortment from 6 1-4 cents to 65 per Piece.
For sale by
THOMAS PALMER,
NO. 91 WOOD STREET,
Between 4th & 5th, 3d door below Diamond Alley
mh21

DAUB & CAPPELL,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
NO. 185 SMITHFIELD STREET.
WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A large and well selected stock of
FALL GOODS,
consisting of
Cloths, Casimeres, Vestings, &c.
ALSO—A large stock of
GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,
including Woolen Shirts, Paper Collars, Ne & Ties, and everything usually kept by fir tclass Furnishing Stores. Orders promptly executed. a ap30:lyd

COLTS REVOLVERS—5 AND 6 6 Shot, for sale at reduced prices by
BROWN & TETLEY,
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HOOP SKIRTS FOR LADIES see and Children, at McClelland's 3, NINTH auction
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LAKE SUPERIOR COPPER MINES
—AND—
SMELTING WORKS.
PARK, M'CURDY & CO.,
Manufacturers of
Sheath, Braziers' and Bolt Copper, Rolled Copper Bottoms, Raised Still Bottoms, Spelter Solder, &c. Also importers and dealers in Metals, Plate, Sheet Iron, Pig, &c.
☞ Constantly on hand, Tinners' Machine and Tools. Warehouse, No. 149 FIRST and 148 SECOND STREETS, Pittsburgh, Penna.
☞ Special orders of Copper cut to any desired form. 1:2:1ydaw

WM. M. FABER & CO.,
STEAM ENGINE BUILDERS
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Iron Founders,
GENERAL MACHINISTS AND BOILER MAKERS,
Near the Penn. R. R. Passenger Depot,
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MANUFACTURE ALL KINDS OF Steam Engines, ranging from three to one hundred and fifty horse power, and suited for Grist Mills, Saw Mills, Blast Furnaces, Factories, etc.
Give particular attention to the construction of Engines and Machinery for grist mills, and for uprights, mulay and circular saw mills.
Have also on hand, finished and ready for shipment at short notice, Engines and Boilers of every description.
Also, furnish Boilers and Sheet Iron generally, Wrought Iron Shafting, Hangers and Pulleys in every variety, and continue the manufacture of Woolen Machinery and Machine Cards.
Our prices are low, our machinery warranted of the best quality of materials, and warranted in all cases to give satisfaction.
☞ Orders from all parts of the country promptly filled. 1:2:1ydaw

NATRONA OIL.
WE ARE NOW MANUFACTURING this article, which for brilliancy in burning, freedom of offensive odor, and transparency of color, (which color we warrant to be changed by age or exposure,) is unsurpassed, by any illuminator in this or Eastern markets. As a profitable Oil to the consumer, we can specially recommend it. Also, our manufacture of
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Used by all large Soap Makers and Oil Refineries, which exceeds 70 per cent. in strength of all the make of English Soda brought to this country. Our manufacture of
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