DAILY POST.

S. S. PETTEGRILL & CO., No. 37 PARK ROW, NEW YORK, and 5 STATE STREET, BOSTON are our agents for the Daily and Weekly Post in those cities, and are authorized to take Advertisements and Subscriptions at our *Lowest Rates.*

Democratic State Ticket.

AUDITOR GENERAL,

ISAAC SLENKER, Union County.

SURVEYOR GENERAL,

JAMES P. BARR, Allegheny County.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS XXIId DISTRICT.
GEO. P. HAMILTON.

FOR PRESIDENT JUDGE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.
R. P. FLENNIKEN.

FOR ASSOCIATE LAW JUDGE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.
CHARLES SHALER.

FOR STATE SENATE.
R. H. KERR.

FOR ASSEMBLY.
CAMPBELL STEWART,
A. J. BAKER,
MATT. HARBISON,
J. C. BRYANT.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.
WILLIAM LINN.

FOR CONTROLLER.
COL. ROBT. ANDERSON.

FOR COMMISSIONER.
JACOB STUCKRATH,

DIRECTOR OF POOR.
JOSEPH E. McCABE.

THURSDAY MORNING, SEPT. 4.

CITY AND NEIGHBORHOOD INTELLIGENCE

Exemption of Postmasters.

MR. EDITOR.—Do you know, or could you inform your numerous readers how many postmasters are necessary to take charge of a country post office, where the revenue of the department (in a majority of cases) is not over $50 per annum, and rarely exceeds $100 in the rural districts? Since the talk of a draft commenced, there have been numerous accessions to the clerical department of said offices, *exempting in some cases, two, three or four able bodied men.* In each of these districts good men, exempt by disease, age, &c., or women, could be found to supply the places of these patriots if they desire to go, and doubtless in many cases the emoluments would be turned over to their families.

Should not the administration be urged to alter our exemption laws, so as to make every man, in or out of office, subject to military duty, except the heads of departments and Congressmen? Those who are living on government patronage should be the first to go at their country's call, or at least send a substitute, as they are usually amply able to do. FAIR PLAY.

We can only say, in answer to our correspondent, that one man should fill the duties of a country post office without assistance, and the employment of additional clerks could, in many instances, be shown to be a palpable evasion of the law. We know of some patriots in this city who could fill a dozen such offices without overworking themselves. We could not vouch for the manner in which the duties would be performed, but we know at least one who has found no difficulty in disposing of the emoluments of several fat places.

The Oil Market.

The following is the weekly review o the oil business, from the Oil City *Register*

"Business has been rather dull since our last report. Shipments and receipts at this point have been comparatively light. Navigation is in a manner suspended, and there is a great scarcity of teams. Holders are generally firm at $1 per bbl at the wells. We have heard of one sale at the Sherman well, of 4,000 bbls, at 75 cts., but this price has been since refused. The ruling rates at this point are $1 to $1,10. The market is rather unsettled, but seems to have an upward tendency. The demand is brisk, but transportation is difficult to procure. Several of the refiners here are duplicating the number of their stills, which is a healthy indication. It is estimated that by the 1st of October it will take some 1,000 bbls of crude oil daily to supply the refineries on Oil Creek.

There is considerable activity among the miners, with a fair prospect of success, at least in expectation. The war excitement has somewhat interfered with the oil business here and on the Creek for the past week. There is at present a great scarcity of both laborers and teamsters, as some two hundred brave, stalwart men have gone forth from this section to serve their country.

Prices of teaming ranges from 18 to 45 cents from the Tarr farm and the different farms this side of there. Freights to Pittsburgh, $1.40. Our latest Pittsburgh advices quote crude at 8 to 8½ cents, and firm, with an upward tendency. Refined at 23@26 cents. Eastern advices quote crude at 17 to 18 cents, and in fair demand, with a light stock on sale. Refined is quoted at 22 to 25 cents. European advices to Aug. 8th quote crude oil active at £13 to £14 per ton. Refined at 2s to 2s 3d.

The following is the amount received at our different warehouses for the week ending August 26th: Michigan Rock Oil Co. received 1,677 bbls oil; shipped 504 bbls; received 253 empty bbls. Shirk & Co. received 1,135 bbls oil; shipped 1,340 bbls oil; received 619 empty bbls. Hanna's Warehouse received 1,579 bbls; shipped 1,553; received 2,651 empty bbls.

Novel Oil Well.

The Oil City *Register* tells the following:

"Mr. Henry Miller, who lives a few rods above Shirk & Co.'s warehouse, on the bank of the river, proceeded a short time since to dig a well on his premises for the purpose of getting water for family use. After digging some thirteen feet petroleum oil began to ooze into the hole the workmen had excavated, and the fumes of the gas became so strong that they had to leave it. This occurred some twelve days ago. Mr. Miller fixed up a pump in the well and has pumped up an average of from three to five barrels per day, of first rate oil, of about 41 specific gravity. The place surrounding this well has been used as a wharf for storing oil. Of course, a large quantity has leaked out of the barrels upon the ground. Whether the oil procured by Mr. Miller is merely soakage oil or a vein, is a question that time will determine. If it proves to be a vein of new oil, it will introduce a new phase in boring for oil. We shall investigate the matter more fully before we venture to speculate."

New Counterfeit.

Messrs. Field & Nare, of the National Bank Note Reporter give timely notice of new and dangerous imitations of $5s and $10s on the Bank of Geauga, at Painesville, Ohio, which are being circulated in the city. For the present our readers had better refuse all notes of the bank and denomination named. We understand that one banking house in this city was victimized with $500 of these bills on Tuesday, but did not catch the sharper.

Child Scalded.

On Tuesday evening a child of Mrs. Laws, aged about three years, residing on the corner of North and Middle alley, Allegheny city, was dreadfully scalded by the accidental upsetting of a vessel containing tomato catsup, which had just been removed from the stove and placed on a table. It was thought the child could not recover.

Died in Washington.

Lieutenant J. R. Spence, of the 100th (Roundhead) Pennsylvania Volunteers, died at Washington on Tuesday, from wounds received in battle.

Departure of the 100th Regiment.—Presentation of Sword and Pistol to Col. Allen.

A regiment has been organized from the nine companies recruited here by Edward Joy Allen, for service with General Sigel, to be filled up with another company at Harrisburg. The regimental organization is not perfected, but it will, it is said, be about as follows: Colonel, Edward Joy Allen; Lt. Colonel, James Collard; Major, John P. Cain; Adjutant, Jno. T. Dennison. The companies composing the regiment have been in Camp Howe for some time, and yesterday they were furnished with uniforms and equipments. They have been under marching orders for two days past, but it was only yesterday that it became certain that the regiment would leave in the evening. Accordingly, squads of men were out all day hunting up the stragglers and taking them to camp. The departure was sudden to many of the soldiers and preparations were necessarily hurried.

The companies now in the regiment are, Kerr Rifles, A and B., Hilands Guards, McAuley Guards, Park Zouaves, of Allegheny county; and the Clarion Guards and the Clarion Rifles, of Clarion county.

About half past six o'clock in the evening everything was in readiness and the regiment formed in line at Camp Howe and marched to the city, arriving soon after seven o'clock.

The regiment halted on Ross street, the right resting on Fourth. Here an interesting presentation had been arranged to take place from the steps of the old Second Ward school house, (now occupied as a Welsh church.) where had assembled the Board of Directors, the Principal and teachers of the school, a number of personal friends of Col. Allen and some of his relatives. Col. A. was one of the pupils of the school and spent many hours of his earlier years within the walls of the old school building, along with many then present.

On the arrival of the regiment Col Allen joined the group on the steps and Jas. M. Gallagher, Esq., (one of the South Ward "boys") presented to him, in a neat address, a splendid regulation sword, sash and belt, on behalf of the old pupils o the South Ward. Col. Allen replied eloquently, alluding to his connection with the school, the number who had already gone forth from its walls to fight their country's battles and promising to do his duty according to his ability.

Jno. M. Kirkpatrick, Esq., now stepped forward, and in brief but appropriate terms presented to Col. Allen a splendid pair of revolvers, from the Central (Fremont) Glee Club of 1856, of which he had been a member. Col. A. merely returned thanks for the gift and withdrew after receiving the congratulations and adieus of his friends, many of whom were deeply affected at parting, none more so than his old preceptor, Mr. Meeds, Principal of the school.

The regiment now resumed its march and soon reached Liberty street, where cars were in waiting and thousands of anxious spectators. The partings of many who will never meet again were very sad, and it was almost a relief when, at nine o'clock the three trains took their departure, amid enthusiastic cheers and vociferous shouts.

The Hippozoonomadon.

Thayer, Noyes & Co.'s Great United States Circus arrived yesterday morning, and gave the first performance last evening, on the lot in the rear of Ben Trimble's, to a good audience. The company is good, embracing some of the best performers in the country, and the horses, appointments and properties are all first class. Some of the acts are very attractive—the clowns are good—and the show, as a whole, is excellent. There will be performances every afternoon and night this week. Go, if you would have real fun.

The Allegheny Mayoralty.

The election for Mayor of Allegheny City, to fill the unexpired term of Hon. Simon Drum, who is "out to the wars," took place on Tuesday, and was warmly contested by four candidates, viz: A. C. Alexander, Third Ward; Sylvester Tyler, Third Ward; Jas. Sloss, Second Ward; and Jacob Weaver, Jr., Third Ward. Mr. Alexander was the successful candidate, the vote stood as follows: Alexander, 487; Tyler, 450; Sloss, 232; Weaver, 5. Councils meet to-night, when the new Mayor will probably be inaugurated.

The Coal Assessment.

A cotemporary thus explains the recent decision of Judge Sterrett, relative to the assessment of coal lands:

Previous to the present year, land in Allegheny county had been assessed simply as surface land, without regard to the coal value. The Commissioners ordered the assessors, in making their assessment for 1862, to take into consideration the *coal* value. Where the coal and surface were owned by the same party, the value of the coal was to be added, and when the surface and coal were owned by separate parties they were to be assessed to each respectively. But, it seemed that the Assessor of Mifflin township misunderstood his instructions, and where parties owned both coal and surface, he made a *separate* instead of an *aggregate* valuation—assessing the surface at —, and the coal at —, and adding these together. It was from this information that the appeal was taken, and the Court sustained the appeal—the Commissioners being ordered to correct the duplicates for said township accordingly. Hence it will be seen that the power of the Commissioners to assess the coal with the surface, is sustained, but where the owner of the land owns the coal also, the assessment must be in the aggregate, as directed by the Commissioners. Where the coal and land are owned separately, then the assessment, of course, must be separate. In other words, the Court virtually sustains the Commissioners in their action, and merely corrects the informality of the assessor in the single district alluded to. In all the other districts of the county the assessment has been correctly made, and henceforth the coal in our hills will be a legitimate object of taxation.

On Gen. Sumner's Staff.

We understand that Lieut. Joseph L. Miller, of Hampton's battery, centre section, the first company which left here under the last call for volunteers, has been attached, for the present, to General Sumner's staff. He expects to rejoin his battery in a short time.

Furniture and Carpets at Auction.

This morning, at 10 o'clock, at 57 Marbury street. Housekeepers should not fail to attend.

Fifth Ward Enrollment.

The total number enrolled in the Fifth Ward, as subject to military duty is 1,308; number of voters, 1,350. 408 volunteers are now in the service from this ward.

London Quarterly.

Henry Miner, publishers' agent, sends us the London Quarterly Review for July. Its contents are of much interest, and embrace the following subjects: Memoirs of Sir Marc Isamb and Brunel; Sussex; Lives of the Archbishops of Canterbury; The Volunteers and National Defense; English Poetry from Dryden to Cowper; The International Exhibition; The Hawaiian Islands; The Bicentenary.

Not Killed.

Col. Richard Coulter, of the 11th Pennsylvania Volunteers, at the latest accounts was in good health, and his command was in the best spirits. The death of Colonel Kolter, a cavalry officer, is supposed to have given rise to the rumor of Col. Coulter's death.

For best accounts of the battles in Virginia, see yesterday's New York dailies, at Pittock's, opposite the Post Office.

Subscriptions to the Army Fund.

Previously acknowledged	$1,6[illegible],14.10
Peebles and Collins tps, by A Mohler	360 00
E G Craigmed	10 00
Hughes & Burough, by A Marc	131 00
Manchester, Jno E Parks	600 00
2d Ward, Pittsburgh, by Wm Phillips	710 00
McCandless tow ship by Wm Ramage	75 00
5th Ward, Pittsb, German, F Felix, sr.	140 00
Collins and Peebles tp, by G A White	84 50

SUBSCRIPTIONS AT THE BANKING HOUSE OF KRAMER AND BAHM

H M Twining	25 00
Wm Morrison	200 00
David Fitzsimons & Son	150 00
Thos Callin	5 00
Samuel Wilson of Jefferson tp	50 00
Wm McRoberts, do	50 00
E D Curry do	5 00

PEEBLES AND COLLINS TOWNSHIPS.

Hon Thomas Mellon	100 00
John Scott	100 00
R G Grier Sproul	100 00
A Bates	100 00
Joseph H Will	100 00
Geo R White	100 00
John Roup	100 00
John Liggett	100 00
John & David E Bayard	100 00
Hon James Stewart	50 00
P H Lauffman	50 00
Mrs Wm Semple	50 00
Geo G Negley	50 00
Wm P Baum	50 00
Dr A G Gross	33 00
John Mellon, Esq	25 00
Daniel Negley	25 00
John W Vim	25 00
Thos Seabrook	25 00
Mrs E Snyder	20 00
Wm J Davison	20 00
Elias Torrance	20 00
Geo Findlay	20 00
J A Kolar	20 00
Thos Aiken	20 00
John K Holmes	20 00
John J Fee	15 00
John Cartwright, Jno Stewart, George M'Williams, Dr Robt Bean, Messrs Rendig & Fear, Geo W Miller, Jas McClain, J Wiedrich, Benj E Mill r, Dr J Clark, David Irwin, Geo Hauhouser, each $10	120 00
Thomas Davids n, Nicholas Zeich, Lew Fundis, C Strahley, L F Windbiddle, Lemuel Spar r, Wm Wh timan, C A Duncastle, Jno Roup Baum, Joseph Reitler, Henry Landwehr, Wiltman M Logan, Joseph Graham, W M Burchfield, Peter Shoukr, Lewis Lowry, Michael Nelson, Robert Patterson, Adam Donough, Pierce Leech $5	95 00
Wm Johnstusk, McKeon, carpenter, each $3	9 00
H Maguire, S B Ross, Johnston Ross, James Barr	8 00
Wm B Sprague	1 50
John Davis, Bollinger, F P Gleason, John McIntire, Oliver Evans, J C McKelvy, Conrad Neiman, J Musgrave, F Dellinger, $1 00 each	9 00
A J Wendlmyer Dr John Pearson	2 00
Dr D W Lewis each $2	20 00
Dr Jas R McClintock	5 00
Peter Prague	25 00
David R Coon & Co	20 00
John Grounds	10 00
August Metzger	
M'CANDLESS TOWNSHIP, COLLECTED BY WM RAMAGE, ESQ	
William Ramage	25 00
William Hutchman	20 00
Wm M Aiston, William Lomb, John M Croft, Alexander English, each $5	20 00
Robert Hilands	5 00
William Kerr, Frederick Kaahn, Jacob Sawn, each $2	6 00
William Wright	1 50
Jacob Fox, Daniel Willby, each $1	2 00
Joseph Palmer	50
Total	$30,214 10

The committees for these townships have to say that the amount of their subscriptions have been largely reduced by the payments of residents of said districts to collecting committees of the city of Pittsburgh, in which they do business.

Discouraging Enlistments.

Two residents of the borough of Washington were arrested on Monday night by authority of the Marshal of the Western District and brought to this city on Tuesday, charged with discouraging enlistments. One, Dennis McGowan, had a hearing before Henry Sproul Esq., U. S. Commissioner, yesterday. The evidence showed that he had said he hoped they would draft and that the drafted men would shoot the d——d heads off the volunteers. It was thought, however, that he was hardly serious and said more than he meant. He was held in the sum of $1,000 to answer at the next term of the United States District Court. The other party had a partial hearing before John H. Bailey, Esq., Commissioner, who held him to bail for further hearing, five weeks hence.

Hampton's Battery.

A letter from Washington City, dated Sept. 1st, details the casualties in Hampton's Battery: Of the old members Henry Hess was killed by a shot between the eyes. Samuel Irwin had an arm and ribs broken, but will recover. Wm. Hastings had both legs shot off and was taken prisoner. Of the new centre section, Frank Bakewell, who remained behind tending a wounded comrade, was taken prisoner. One gun was captured, another dismounted, but brought off the field. Of the company raised here, eleven were detached for the old battery and forty retained for the new. They are now in Washington City and will get four new guns to supply the places of those lost and give the new recruits something to do.

Flag Presentation.

An interesting ceremony took place at Camp Howe, yesterday morning, in the presence of a large number of spectators. It was the presentation of a fine stand of colors to the Lawrence Guards, of Monongahela City, by Hon. G. V. Lawrence, who made an eloquent and thrilling address. Capt. T. T Gregg, of the Guards, replied in a few short but neat remarks. The presentation was made in the presence of the Greene County Rifles, and Mr. Permine, of Waynesburg, followed Mr. Gregg in an able and patriotic speech. These two companies will be associated in the same regiment, and we are confident that they will do credit to Western Pennsylvania.

Colonelcy of the Eighth Reserves

It is stated that Lieut. Henry W. Patterson, of this regiment, (the Colonelcy of which was made vacant by the resignation of Col. George S. Hays) has not been appointed Colonel, Gov. Curtin refusing to commission him, the commissioned officers having requested the appointment of Lieut. Col. S. D. Oliphant to the position he would naturally succeed to. Until Col O. recovers his hearing, Maj. Bailey, who has sufficiently recovered from his wound, will command the regiment.

Newspaper Change.

We learn from this week's issue of the *United Presbyterian* that H. J. Murdoch, Esq., has purchased the interest of the Rev. Professor Vincent in that paper, and became associated with the Rev. D. R. Kerr, D. D., as a member of the publishing firm.

Pittsburgh Rifles.

The Pittsburgh Rifles, Co. A, 9th Pennsylvania Reserves, participated in the battles of Friday and Saturday, but no one was killed. Some four or five were wounded, including private Jas. Collard, (recently elected Lieutenant-Colonel of the 155th regimeot, Col. Ed. Jay Allen, now in Camp Curtin) who was wounded in the neck and eye. He is now at home, and will, as soon as he is able, join his regiment.

Declines to Serve.

Jas. L. Graham, Esq., appointed by the Governor Commissioner to superintend the draft in this county, has declined the appointment, and suggested the name of W. B. Negley, Esq., to be appointed in his stead.

Provost Guard.

Col. Campbell's provost guard is now on duty, patroling the streets regularly and picking up stragglers in uniform wherever found. Several deserters have been arrested and lodged in jail, to be sent forward to their regiments.

Gas Tax.

The Directors of the Birmingham Gas Company have decided to pay the National tax on the gas sold, and not charge the consumer.

Great Battles in Virginia.

For late news see yesterday's New York dailies, ready at daylight at Pittock's agency, opposite the Post Office.

The Rope Walker.

The crowd assembled to witness the rope walking performance of Mr. Donaldson, on the corner of Wood and Fifth streets, yesterday, was larger than on Monday, and contained more females. The exhibition was of the same perilous character, the trapeze performance especially, causing the stoutest to shudder for the safety of the daring acrobat. On this occasion, after his gyrations on the trapeze in mid air, Mr. Donaldson walked backward on the rope to the *Post* building. In the evening, at the Theatre, he carried a man upon his back, walking upon a wire. He will give a further exhibition of his daring to-night. The play for to-night is a new dance called the "Angel of Midnight," well worth seeing, and the pantomime of the "Two Coopers."

Sixth Ward Enrollment.

Mr. Jos. A. Butler, deputy for the Sixth Ward, has performed his duty well. The enrollment of the ward is now about completed, and foots up about 1,600 names. The ward has furnished fully 500 volunteers.

Advanced.

The sales of hay at the scales during the past week have been 116 loads, at $10 to $12 per ton, an advance since last week, when the rates were $7 to 12. Refined oil has also advanced to 26@28c.; lubricating oil has also gone up.

Freights Stopped.

All freights for Cincinnati and Louisville, going through here, have been stopped. This is owing to the threatening aspect of affairs in Kentucky.

LATE news from Cincinnati; see daily Commercial, ready every evening at 8½ o'clock, at Pittock's, opposite the Post Office.

Pic Nic for the Poor.

The first annual pic nic of the society of St. Vincent De Paul, of Allegheny City, is announced to take place on Thursday next, at Washington Park, Troy Hill. It is for the benefit of the poor, and as the arrangements made are very complete, a very pleasant time may be expected by all who attend. The price of tickets is twenty-five cents.

Bank Note Quotations.

Corrected for the *Post* by Feld & Lare, of the *National Bank Note Reporter.*

(The *Reporter* is published monthly, at One dollar a year in advance. Office *Dispatch* Building Pittsburgh, Pa.)

Rates uncertain at present.

PITTSBURGH, September 3, 1862.

	Discount.
New England States	¾
New York State	¾
New York City	par
Pennsylvania, (Philadelphia)	par
" Pittsburgh	par
" (except Country Banks)	½
" Country Banks	¾
Delaware	par
District of Columbia	2
Maryland, Baltimore	par
" Interior	1@2
Virginia, Wheeling	1½
" Branches	3
" Interior	10@40
North Carolina	50
South Carolina	50
Georgia	50
Alabama	50
Louisiana	50
Kentucky	½
Tennessee	50
Ohio	par
Indiana, (free)	2
" Banks of the State	2
Illinois	par
Wisconsin	2@50
Iowa	2@50
Michigan	1½
Missouri	3@50
Canada, premium	5

Exchange selling rates on New York and Philadelphia ¼ P cent. over bankable funds.

Coin—Gold selling at 150@16 per cent. over bankable funds, and silver at 12 over bankable funds.

DENTISTRY!!

Dr. VonBonhorst, No. 54 St. Clair street.

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN. au18

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JOSEPH MEYER & SON

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FURNITURE & CHAIRS

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Volunteer Enlistment

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CERTIFICATE

—OF—

SURGEON

—AND—

RECRUITING OFFICER,

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BOOTS AND SHOES
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Every Conceivable Kind and Style,
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FALL GOODS received and selling at *ABOUT HALF PRICE.* Arrangements are being made for the

FALL AND WINTER,

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No matter *how* we do it, citizens know that we positively sell at about Half Price.

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GREAT REDUCTION IN SUMMER

BOOTS, SHOES, AND GAITERS.

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BERLIN ZEPHYR!

1200 LBS. ZEPHYR WOOL,

Of all the choice and favorite shades and mixtures,

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Dealers supplied in quantity at less than present Eastern prices.

MATON, MACRUM & CO.,
au15 No. 17 Fifth street.

Second Edition

THE VERY LATEST TELEGRAPH.

EVACUATION OF WINCHESTER.

Lexington Occupied by the Rebels.

A TRAIN CAPTURED NEAR CINCINNATI.

THE CITY BEING STRONGLY FORTIFIED.

From the Late Battle Ground.

THE REBELS STRIPPING THE DEAD.

Late from Louisville.

Preparations Making to Resist the Enemy.

Burning Cotton in Kentucky and Tennessee.

&c., &c., &c., &c.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—Yesterday afternoon at four o'clock there was considerable fighting between Fairfax C. H. and the intermediate space toward Washington. The rear guard consisted, it is said, of Hooker's and Fitz John Porter's commands, who did effectual service in keeping the rebels in check as our troops were moving into the fortifications, protecting this city on the Virginia side.

As to the report of the chain bridge being destroyed, it is sufficient to say that several days ago the planks were removed by our authorities, as a preventive measure.

There are very few stragglers here, and the city to-day is comparatively free from excitement.

The reports of the rebels having crossed into Maryland find believers, but nothing to-day was reliably known as to such a proceeding. It does not seem propable, as the troops lining the upper Potomac shores are sufficient to check the progress of any forces making such an attempt. The weak points have been or were considerably strengthened to-day.

Gen. McClellan went over to the rear with his body guard and staff.

The sick and wounded continue to arrive in ambulances, omnibusses and hacks.

It is reported to-day that firing was heard in the vicinity of Leesburg, but there is no means of telling or ascertaining the truth of the rumor.

Sec'y Stanton was at the department to-day attending to business, and is mentioned as a refutation of the report that yesterday that he had retired from the conduct of the war department.

Before closing information has reached here that the rebels are making a demonstration up the river, and that some have already reached Leesburg and are already spread between there and the chain bridge as if desiring to cross the ferry connecting with Montgomery county somewhere in the neighborhood of Poolsville.

Reports reach us that Winchester has been evacuated. The rebels having appeared in force in the valley.

The Secession programme heretofore published, seems to be in the line of consummation, as far as the enemy can accomplish it, namely, to carry the war into Maryland. Our troops though much damaged by recent service, are being recruited and improved.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 3.—Regiments from camps and companies from the interior towns have been arriving all afternoon and the military authorities are very active.

At six P. M. Tuesday, the rebels occupied Lexington 6,000 strong.

Railroad and telegraphic communication has been re-established to Paris.

At five this afternoon a reconnoitering engine proceeded within ten miles of Lexington, where they found a burnt bridge.

It is not known whether the rebels occupy Lexington or not.

A train of twelve wagons was captured twelve miles from Cincinnati this morning.

Large numbers of negroes are being sent across the river to work on the fortifications.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—Eleven hundred paroled prisoners, some whom were taken by the enemy as far back as Thursday at Mannassas, arrived late this evening at Aqueduct Bridge, Georgetown, and report that Gen. Lee has established his headquarters three miles beyond Bull Run, on the Warrenton turnpike. The only force at Fairfax was Stuart's cavalry, he being there in person. The rebels assisted these men in the burial of our dead, most of whom had been stripped of their clothing with the exception of their shirts. Our men say the enemy at the time were so hungry that they rushed for the haversacks of our killed and wounded. Our men saw columns of the enemy marching to the rear on the Warrenton turnpike toward Thoroughfare Gap.

Washington is comparatively quiet; the excitement of the last two days having subsided. Such disposition has been made of the troops within the last 24 hours as to restore confidence. Reports have reached here from time to time of certain regiments having been nearly annihilated, when after the lapse of a few days the rumors prove groundless; the reappearance of numerous stragglers being the best refutation of the exaggerations.

HARRISBURG, Sept 3.—A rumor to the effect that Gov. Curtin had telegraphed the Secretary of War that he insisted upon Pennsylvanians being placed under command of Gen. McClellan only, has gained considerable circulation, both in Washington and this city. I have the best reason for asserting that there is no truth whatever in the statement.

The intelligence from Washington that our army has fallen back upon the fortifications and entrenchments of that city has given rise to the expression of many opinions with regard to the propriety of sending away from Pennsylvania her thousands of soldiers, as it is thought they may all be required at home. Over thirty thousand have already gone, and many others are preparing.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 3.—In view of the preparations being made and making to resist the enemy, the excitement here has considerably abated. The cotton here is rapidly being transported across the Ohio river, purchasers refusing to pay here, but offering 45 cents on the Indiana shore—an advance of five cents on yesterday.

Authenticated rumors say the rebels are burning all the cotton they come across in their marches through Tennessee and Kentucky.

Col. Shackelford, of the 8th Ky. cavalry, overtook A. R. Johnston at Morganfield, Union county, yesterday, killing and capturing a number of Johnson's band, and is still pursuing the remainder.

The Southern line is again interrupted below Russellville.

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BY LAST NIGHT'S MAIL.

The Very Latest.

THE BATTLE AT CHANTILLY ON MONDAY.

[From the Washington Star of Tuesday evening.]

We have reliable information from the front up to 9 A. M. to day. The engagement of last evening, mentioned elsewhere in to day's *Star*, was heaviest opposite the position occupied by the division of the gallant General Reno, (about two miles north of Fairfax Court House,) who repulsed the enemy handsomely, and with severe rebel loss.

We, however, regret to have to add that in the course of the fight there, Brigadier General Isaac I. Stevens was killed. As yet no particulars of his death have reached Washington.

After their repulse by Reno, the enemy declined renewing the engagement for the day, and had made no attempt to do so up to 9 o'clocck this forenoon.

At that hour, in the execution of the change of front, which we anticipated on account of the flank movement of the rebels, a large portion of our army had been massed in and around Fairfax Court House. Our right was at or in the vicinity of Flint Hill, the Court House being our centre.

The impression last night and this morning, at the front, was that, foiled by Reno in his demonstration upon the Little River turnpike, the enemy had moved further around towards Vienna.

Our army, we may add, is in excellent order to-day.

P. S.—We hear that since 2 P. M, rather heavy cannonading in the front, in the direction of Fairfax Court House, has been heard here.

From the Philadelphia Requirer.

A dispatch from one of our correspondents, dated near General Pope's headquarters, at noon, says yesterday Gen. Pope ordered Keyes' corps to hold Germantown, where the little river turnpike crosses the Warrenton pike. About 7 p. m., he was attacked and fought till dark. This morning (2d) the whole column is falling back to Fairfax Court House, and thence to Washington.

Skirmish Near Centreville.

About two o'clock on Sunday afternoon, as a detachmen of fifty-one men from the Second Cavalry, under Captain Hight, were at Centreville, they were surprised by a superior force of STUART'S Rebel cavalry and some artillery. On seeing them approaching our men got together and fired, with their carbines, killing, as they heard afterwards, one Rebel captain and four privates.

Some of the Rebels returned the fire, wounding Martin Kelly in the thigh. The party being overwhelmed by numbers were obliged to surrender, but the enemy at once paroled them, and this morning (2d Sept.,) they arrived in the city. They report all quiet last night, and state that yesterday the enemy were near Centreville.

Yesterday, in a skirmish, a body of rebels were driven back some five miles.

Saturday's Fight.

[The world's Dispatches]

WASHINGTON, Monday Noon, Sept. 1st.—I have passed most of the morning in conversation with a gentleman who went out as nurse, and returned from the field this a. m., having left it at 5 p. m. yesterday.

The war news is not much changed.—The great question is whether the rebels got all their army into Saturday's fight. I think nearly all. At 5 p. m. yesterday the bulk of Pope's army was on Centreville Heights and Plains. Only one-third of our wounded were in our possession—the rest were dying, with the rebel wounded, on the battle field, which enemy held.

A flag of truce, sent out in relation to these sufferers, had been driven back.—Fitz John Porter was at Mannassas, or near it, with his corps. Banks was separated from Pope, but was falling back, burning his baggage train, &c., to join Pope.—Franklin and Sumner had come up and had the front. The troops suffered greatly but were heroic. Fitz John Porter's forces did not get up in time on Friday, and on Saturday broke and acted badly, especially Duryee's Zouaves, (Fifth N. Y.) and the Pennsylvania reserve regiments. To-day it was thought the battle would be renewed, but not unless the enemy should attack. It is generally thought we ought to attack with our fresh troops, lest they should take the muskets, &c., left on the field, draw off, and claim a victory.

No stragglers are in the streets of Washington. Alexandria is in deplorable confusion.

Next to the inequality in numbers, the chief reason of our Saturday's defeat was that our *ammunition gave out.* Our men were all without food for thirty hours, the direct consequence of Pope's allowing the rebel army to flank him, get in his rear, circumvent him, and cut off his line of supplies, of which he early and ostentatiously proclaimed himself so regardless.

Sept. 1st, 5 P. M.—Advices to-day from the army are more favorable, though there is but little detail. Our forces occupy a strong position at Centreville, and at this hour no large engagement, so far as is known, had occurred to-day. Gen. Pope was heavily reinforced yesterday, and is being still further reinforced to-day by veteran troops. Burnside has doubtless joined him ere this. The next battle is imminent, and it will be a larger and more desperate one than has yet been fought.

Trains are running now to Manassas, and are rapidly bringing in the wounded here, the Bull Run bridge having been rebuilt.

Gen. Banks has not been heard of, but his position is believed to be more safe for him than for the enemy.

Unless the rebels have an immense force—two hundred thousand—we will outnumber them in effective fighting men in the next contest. They are under command of Lee, and include all forces about Richmond. The reinforcements which came through the Gap Friday had nothing with them but their muskets and ammunition—no supplies nor artillery.

Recovery of our Wounded—Appearance of the Field of Bull Run—Interesting Particulars.

[From the Tribune's Special Correspondent.]

BULL RUN BATTLE FIELD,
Monday, Sept. 1, 1862.

The incidents of this letter were taken down in my note book on the bloody battle field of Manassas Plain, while surrounded by the white, cold bodies of 1,800 slain heroes of the Republic, and 5,000 living soldiers of the rebellion.

At 10 o'clock on Monday Gen. Pope sent a flag of truce with a *corps* of ambulances to carry off our wounded in the Saturday's fight.

The corps arrived at the outer line of enemy's *videttes*, stationed along the bank of Cub Run, about 11 o'clock, and the white flag at once gave us admittance within their lines. A curious group of slouch hatted, butternut uniformed cavalry thronged around us, and though detailed to escort us to the battlefield, stood around listlessly staring at us as if we were a sort of national horse show. They were very respectful, and cleverly communicative. Chatting along the road, they took us to the battle field.

Standing around the battle-field in various squads, companies and batalions were about 5,000 soldiers, dressed the every style of dress conceivable, from a surtout hunting jacket to a muskrat overcoat. Some were dressed as civilians, with nothing military about them except a sword or a rusty shot-gun. They all asked us how long before the war would close. They said, "All you had to do was to stop fighting us, and peace would come, as we were all sick of the war." They said they for some time had got nothing to eat or wear from the Government. They had not received a single ration from the Government for the last ten days, but had lived on the country and the supply they took from us at Manassas; still almost every man avowed his intention to fight to the last ditch for their independence.

How the Field Looked.

Our dead lay untouched as they fell in battle, with the exception of their caps and shoes. *I did not see a single instance among the whole eighteen hundred dead, where the shoes had not been rifled.* These were palliating circumstances, for many of the rebels were *barefooted.*

The rebel dead and wounded had all been disposed of, and not a single vestage of sick, killed, or wounded remained on the field. Even the straggling soldiers did not know where they had been taken to. They were evedently buried secretly in the night by negroes, for occasionally *in a deep ravine* I came across mounds sometimes ten or fifteen feet square, where their victims had been secreted from the gaze of their own men.

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

LESSEE AND MANAGER.....WM. HENDERSON.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.—Private Boxes, $5 00; Single Seat in Private Box, $1 00; Parquette and Dress Circle, chairs, 50 cents; Family Circle, 25 cents; Colored Gallery, 25 cents; Colored Boxes 50 cents; Gallery 15 cents.

THURSDAY EVENING, SEPT. 4.

4th appearance of the celebrated Rope Walker, Mr. W. H. McDONALD ON and the young American Pantomimist Mr. HARRY GILBERT.

To commence with the

ANGEL OF MIDNIGHT.

Doctor.....Mr. Chaplin
Dance.....M'lle Rose C