

The Union as it was; The Constitution as it is:

Democratic State Ticket.

AUDITOR GENERAL.

ISAAC SLENKER, Union County.

SURVEYOR GENERAL.

JAMES P. BARR, Allegheny County. On this, our nation's birthday, we declare to our foes, who are rebels against the best interests of mankind, that this army shall enter the Capital of the so-called my shall enter the Capital of the so-cuted Confederacy, that our national Constitution shall prevail, and that the Union, which alone can insure internal peace and external security to each State, must and

shall be preserved.

GEO. B. M CLELLAN.

Meeting of the Democratic STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE The members of the DEMOCRATIC STATE ural and political equality."

CENTRAL COMMITTEE are hereby requested to meet at the MERCHANT'S HOIEL, in the

On Tuesday, the 29th of July, INST., AT 7 1.2 O'CLOCK, P. M. A full attendance of all the members is urgently requested. Besides the business of the organization of the Committee, it will be necessary adopt measures for the thorough organization the loyal masses throughout the State, who desir that their political action the ensuing Fall shall afford convincing evidence that the great body of

the people of this Commonwealth are resolved to Maintain the National Constitution, And that the Union of these States shall not be bro ken up, either by the open and armed assaults of enemies South, or the equally direct, but more asiduous movement of foes in the North. It is also desired, that in view of what the cours of events has rendered probable, foreign inter fention in our domestic strife, and the complete co-operation of Abolitionists at home and abroad, to prevent the restoration of the Union on the basis of the Constitution, the Democratic party and other loyal citizens supporting our organiza-tion, should present an undivided front to foreign

P. W. HUGHES. Chairman Dom. State Central Com. TO MEETING OF THE DEMOCRAT C COMMITTEE OF CORRESPOND ENCE-The Democratic Committee of Corres pondence for the county of Allegheny, will meet at the ST. CHARLES HOTEL, in the city of Pittsburgh, on SATURDAY, the 19th day of JULY, A, D., 1862, at 11 o'clook A, M. A general attendance is requested.
THOMAS DONNELLY, Chairman.

THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 17.

& Reading matter on every page.

FILE PAPERS WANTED.

We need a number of papers to complete our files, for which we will pay lib-

## RECRUITING.

While the call of the Government for three hundred thousand volunteers is be-

similar demonstration, when again it was of treason? He said: resolved to stand by the Union and Conearly day, give an additional impulse to the rising tide of popular feeling for the suppression of treason. They need in Philadalphia a comming and heart depond stration of the character alluded to; the late meeting there to sustain "the government and elect delegates to a State Con-sents the crops to be in a flourishing convention," was a most lamentable failure, dition. Potatoes look well, and wheat and because of the demagogues who en- and oats most promising. The suppledeavored to identify their personal schemes with the cause of the country. Mr. John a thriving condition. Grass never looked W. Forney, one of the managers of the hetter. The weather also is most favoralate meeting in Philadelphia, now sees the ble, so that there is every prospect of a folly of his effort to prostitute the cause of bounteous harvest. the country to partisan purposes, and he, A mob of about two thousand Orange-

If volunteers do not come forward fast enough, we must resort to a draft. Every hour's delay will help the traitors. With their railroads and conscription acts they may hurry forward a new army. Public meetings should be held in Philadelphia, ble persons of their arms. and throughout the State, as they are now being held in New York and New England. Every man can do good in such a land. Every man can do good in such a land. crisis as this, and none more than the rich and influential. In New York and Mr. Levy, a Dublin barrister, continues Boston there is an utter ignoring of party, and the feeling produced by these meetings in those cities is rapidly increasing the number of volunteers and recruits.

Everett, Loring, Winthrop, in the one, and Opdyke, Bancroft and Astor in the other, take part in these great uprisings. Why not let Philadelphia follow the exam.

Why not let Philadelphia follow the exam.

The interval of the distress that prevails in the West of Ireland. He says: "I commenced my inquiry into the condition of the people of the West at Athenry, and although the scenes I witnessed there were painful in the extreme, I have since learned that misery has degrees that descend far lower. Let me now give a description of what I is stated that after the retreat of why not tet Philadelphia follow the example? It is stated that after the retreat of Banks in the valley, the Philadelphia Home Guard were offered to the government for a period of three months. If we had this fine corps here now, it could garman and thus enable the President to out programming by any one and the state of the sta rison, and thus enable the President to out unaccompanied by any one, and ensend the well trained forces now around tered several of the abodes of misery that us to the forward column of Pope or Mc-Clellan."

us to the forward column of Pope or McClellan."

What is here said of Philadelphia applies to every section and locality of the State, and to none more than to Pittsburgh. The lack of enthusiasm in Philaburgh. The lack of enthusiasm in Philaburgh. The lack of enthusiasm in Philaburghia, complained of, is also visible here, but a well directed public demonstration, delphia, complained of, is also visible here, but a well directed public demonstration, followed by liberal subscriptions upon the part of all who are able to give, would soon dispel all gloomy forebodings and reassure the Government that every pulsation of the old Keystone still beats in unison to the music of the Union. No locality in the State, or people in the Union, has suffered less than Pittsburgh of as small quantity of Indian meal, the remaint of what was last given out to them by the relief committee, who, I am sorry to say, are now without funds. They are much felt now. on account of the season of the year, except that they are in many places obliged to eat Indian meal mixed with cold water and worked into a kind of the doubt. In the counterance of every one of these wretched beings there was a look of resignation deeply affecting."

from the effects of rebellion. While this is true in general, there are hundreds of individuals to whose capacious pockets government. In the profits arising from being not unlike the Merrimac, with the THE GUERRILLAS FALLING BACK. what has in many cases beggared others exception that she is of lighter draught Pittsburgh has enjoyed a very large pro- of water. Originally she was to carry

The floundering of the Gazette, through its own inextricable inconsistennot so injurious upon the minds of those rast between the abolitionists of its class. who are merely for the liberation of the slaves, and the loyal Republicans, who are for the prosecution of the war for the restoration of the Union, and the Gazette replies that there are not "five hundred" of the former to be found in the Union. If this assertion should be true its conduct is the more reprehensible, for it has been deoting its feeble efforts to direct the war into one, not only for the liberation of the slaves, but as it stated, to place them afterwards upon a footing of what it styled ''nat-

After a few meaningless paragraphs sympathy with Southern traitors, the Gazette gives us the following blast of patriot-

"But Republicans say that the rebellion must be subdued, cost what it may—that no price is too dear to pay for Union and eace, and if any institution or State right the past few weeks, and how thoroughly stands in the way of the overthrow of the rebellion, it must go. The man who is not willing to give his

Here is the ground occupied by the Post from the day the rebellion began; but how

ing else. Now it is for what we have labored for from the commencement "the continue to labor for that laudable and points were eight miles from head quarters sensible consummation? We have contended from the beginning that we cared through the night, and where he break not what State institutions stood in the fasted next morning. way of the prostration of the rebels: they sured is his constant, habit. No wonder the army are enthusiastic admirers of such by the Gazette, which informed us a thousand times that no "Union or peace" could Frauds in the Treasury Departbe had so long as slavery was tolerated. The simple difference between us is that

we are for the Union at all hazards: the New York Times writes that. Gazette was, until yesterday, for the pros-

both, however, ought to be considerable. In Boston, the other day, an immense of a return of common sense, in its assermeeting was held, at which large sums of tion that it is for the "Union and peace," money were immediately subscribed, to we direct its attention to the recent speech encourage enlistments: on Tuesday New of its late leader, Wendell Phillips, and

stitution, at every cost. Philadelphia is thousand men: we must say to him, 'You advanced one of these old operators to beginning to feel the necessity of this popular enthusiasm, and she, too, will, at an every cost. Philadelphia is thousand men: we must say to him, 'You advanced one of these old operators to the responsible post of Assistant Secretary is one of those incomprehensible circumstances which continually force the

Irish News.

The Dublin Freeman's Journal repre mentary green crops are all down, and in

accordingly, writes from Washington in paraded the streets of Portadown on the the following strain:

"But not a moment must be lost in military movements and military preparations. If volunteers do not come forward fast and fined five dollars each. At a recent mass meeting of magistrates

From Fortress Monroe. One of the principal items of imp the country's troubles have conveyed very mond is that the iron clad ram formerly large profits. Far more profitably than known as the Virginia No. 2, now the having "large ventures and argosies at Richmond, is being rapidly completed. at sea," is it to be engaged, at the present and in a few days she will attempt a raid time, in turnishing war materials to our upon our gunboats. She is described as

portion. Now that the Government has one 100 pounderrifle, but in view of the again called upon her children for sup-port, let us not be behind in turnishing guns. It will be remembered that when ourful proportion. What says our brother of the Gazette to this; has it time to devote a little of its attention to the pressing fact (from her log) that she was one of the coats which towed the Virginia No. 2 up to Richmond. Our naval officers have full particulars of her construction, armacies, would be amusing enough, were they ment, &c., all obtained from papers found on board the Teaser: also full plans for who are, more or less, influenced by their of the capture of the precise location of the perusal. The other day we drew a consubmarine batteries, torpedoes, and even

firing into passing transports. It is said that our gunboats, late in the day, silenced the rebels, who, in all probability will have been supported. open again when least expected. All transports are now being conveyed by armed vessels. The Dragon, William After a few meaningless paragraphs Watson commanding, has been employed about the Northern Democracy being in convoying up store vessels for several

> The Labors of McClellan. No man can imagine what immense labor Gen. McClellan has undergone within and perseveringly he has worked. An ar-

tillery officer related to us, says the Journal of Commerce, an incident illustrating life, his money, his exertions, and his this somewhat. On a dismal, rainy every prayers to help to overthrow this rebellion ning, when some trenches were to be ning, when some trenches were to be thrown up, the narrator was directing his men and laying out the work, when he have we been until yesterday answered by the Gazette' To our appeals in favor of the was not recognized till be approached saw an officer on horseback, attended by the crushing of the rebellion, for the "Union and peace," we have been sneer al. He remained a half hour, walking up ed at by that paper; and our arguments tor-tured into a desire to see Jeff Davis again in the United States Senate. That paper has insisted over and over that the restor-ation of the Union meant this and noth-there again. At one o'clock he reappear-ed. Another officer of the same regiment reported that at 2 o'clock. A M. the reported that at 5 o'clock, A M, the Commanding General, with one orderly, nion and peace," but how long will it three miles from those first named. Both visited the works he was engaged of where it was known that the General

erally at our counting room. They are as tration of slavery, no matter if the Union that the Republican Party is being made follows: 1861—Nov. 1st. 2d, 5th. 7th, 9th, 15th, 21st, (2,) 28th, (2,) 29th, (2,) Dec. 2d. (2,) 6th, 14th, 23d, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 30th; 1862—January 1st, 2d, 3d, 5th. (2,) 14th: Feb. 21st. 24th: March 22d. (2,) 6th, 14th, 25th, 26th, the Abolitionists generally to suppress the rebellion, we have no means of estimating: to that extent, suffer through the culpa both, however, ought to be considerable, ble remissness, to use the mildest appropriate term, of the Chiefs of the Depart three hundred thousand volunteers is being spiritedly responded to in some localities, other sections seem insensible to the demands of the country's necessities.

Sacrifice their lives. And if we judge the of this rosponsibility will rest upon the Secretary of the Treasury, when the country comes to understand that he has retained in office, against earnest remonstrates and most strange and therough expenses the court. demands of the country's necessities. Should infer that its heartiest and most Where there is a want of alacrity exhibited enthusiasm is being aroused by the devastation of the South instead of the had plundered the Treasury with impunitive country. never failing resort of appeals to the poppear of our institutions.

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never failing resort of appeals to the poppear of our institutions.

now that our neighbor has given evidence tions, and by whose official annihilation. tions, and by whose official annihilation he was expected to purify his bureaus. The case becomes aggravated by the addi-tional facts that many of his employees, thus retained, are of questionable loyalty, encourage enlistments: on Tuesday New of its late leader, Wendell Phillips, and if not of unquestionable disloyalty: and that some of them are of antecedents so

isk it whether it comes up to its standard of treason? He said:

"The Government wants three hundred dismissal under the Administration of Franklin Pierce. The fact that he has lies of the Rio Plata. cumstances which continually force the judicious, among his friends, sincerely

Committee has but fairly commenced op-erations, in a field demanding prolonged and thorough inquiry: and it is very de-sirable that it be empowered to work possessed of the means of working a subpossessed of the means of working a substantial reform in the Administrative Departments of the Government.

DIED: Yesterday morning, at 6 o'clock, Col., LEOPOL SAHL, aged 54 years, at his residence, on Squire Hill, Peebles township. The funeral takes place to-day at 2 o'clock, P.

I., from his residence to St. Mary's Cemetery. RI-CARBONATE OF SODA PILIS The most convenient, agreeable at tual remedy yet discovered for Acidit Stomach to travelers and those subject neals and irregular hours they are invaluable. For sale by SIMON JOHNSTON, jyl4 Corner Smithfield & Fourth streets.

THE SPRINGS AT HOME BLUI Lick, Seltzer, Bedford, Congress, Saratoga Empire, Kissengen and Louisville Artesian Wa ters, for sale by SIMON JOHNSTON, jyl4 corner Smithfield and Fourth streets. DURE HOLLAND GIN, DIRECT from Custom-House, in stone jugs, containing over a quart each; also 30 Cuses of Bininger's Celebrated London Dock Gio, for sale by SI MON JOHNSTON, jyl4 corner Smithfield and Fourth street.

ITALIAN VIOLIN STRINGS. BY MAIL, POST PAID.

BY MAIL. POST PAID.

Trebles, or E strings. 4 lengths, best quality...

Seconds, or A ... 3 best Italian...

Thirds or D ... best Italian...

Best quality French or German 1st, 2d, 3d and 4th Strings, each...

Est quality Guitar D; A and E, silver strings, each...

Second quality Guitar D, A and E, silver strings, each...

Best quality Guitar D, A and E, silver strings, each...

Second quality Guitar D, A and E, silver strings, each...

Best quality G and C, each... 2

Best quality G and C, each... 2

Mailed to any address post paid on receipt the money, or in postage stamps.

BY JOHN II. MELLOR.

N. B—A large lot of fresh strings just arrive.

N. B—A large lot of fresh strings just arrived. Also, Violin cases, Flutes, Accordions, &c. jel-COUNTRY HOMES. The lots contain one-hall Terms only one-tenth cash, nally, Apply to W. OELESLIE,

jy2-lmd At Jakland Sta RASTERN CARRIAGES, BUGGIES & WAGONS. CASTERN SECOND-HANDED, TWO-SEATED Carriage-top Buggies and Light Buggies, without tops, will positively be sold at the lowest prices, to suit the times. Particular at-

the lowest prices, to suit the times. Particular attention pad to repairing.

MRS. JOSEPH WHITE;

Lawrenceville, Penn street, near the Two-Mile my24:6md

Run.

First Edition. Second Edition LATEST NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

FOREIGN NEWS ARRIVAL OF THE PERSIA

LOUISVILLE, July 16 .- Advices from Nashville state that the guerrillas have

Latest from Nashville.

Persia arrived at noon The New York correspondent of the London Times, after pointing out the difficulties of the present position of the Union forces, contends that the capture of Richmond will make no difference, but merely transfer the war further South. The truth is that an armistice and then a ettlement of this deadly quarrel by peace-

al separation, is the only solution of the The Army and Nacy Gazette says, although it has always maintained the power of the North to take the principal military points in the South there has been no time points in the South there has been no time since Bull Run when their position and ability to do so looked more precarious. It thinks that the battle near Richmond will determine the fate of the campaign i irginia, but it will not stop the war. In the meantime there is no chance forth imallest intervention.

The Times has given place to a letter rom Mr. Potter, President of the Man-chester Chamber of Commerce, in which e arges the government to grapple with the cotton question in India, and the cor respondent argues that governmental in-terference would be prejudicial. Admiral Gravier goes to Mexico in July the French iron plated frigate Norman die. General Forey goes in September.
The Grand Duke Constantine was sho

at in Warsaw, and it is said to have beer ightly wounded. Laverroot, July 5. Breadstuffs are Flour dull at a decline of ed per barrel. Wheat has also a downward dency, with a decline of 3d. The weather s favorable for crops. Loxbox, July 5, Breadstuff, quotec steady and firmer.

Consuls #11to 82 for money. Stocks diling: N. Y. Central 75to 77. Erie ! Illinois Central 481 discount. Cotton market firm. Sales of cette for the week have been 17, outbales. ket excited and buoyant. Stocks in port, ment. 22.500 bales. Lospox, Saturday, July

ouncil was held this atternoon. The health of Mr. Reecharp is good. Liverpoor, Saturday evening July 5th. Cotton, the sales of cotton to day were 12,000 bales, including 7,000 bales to speculators and exporters. The market is firm and unchanged with limited sales at the quotations forwarded by the Narweigan.

The breadstuffs market is very dull but

The provision market is inactive. London, Saturday Erening .- Consols dosed to day at 1926 (1921). American Stocks.—The latest sales are: Erie Railroad 296, 30: Illinois Central hares 48ta 47 per cent. dis. Produce is generally unchanged. Shipping arrived from New York: Iron Gem at Bristol. Warden and Law at Gloncester. and Byzantium at Falmouth.

The Parliamentary proceedings are un important. The propriety of opening a communication between Canada and British Columbia was debated. The Government admitted that such a communication was very desirable.

Mr. Layard said that negotiations were progressing with Paraguay, and he hoped that friendly relations would soon he reestablished.

The Government intended vas very desirable.

Mr. Layard also stated that the French blockade of Mexico would not interfere with legitimate commerce and will not be rigidly enforced against neutrals. FRANCE.—There are contradictory statements as to the French policy in Mexico.

riago. Russia.—The Grand Duke Constan-

The Daily News says that the Americans in London met in celebration of the 4th of July, but no account of the proceedngs is given. The same journal editorially denounces in sarcastic terms the mischievous malig-nity of the *Times* for its pharisaical and ill-timed lecture to America in her hour of

The Morning Star also has a denunciation of the Times' outrage on American sensibilities on the most sacred of all days to the American people. It hopes the Americans will treat the insolence of the americans will treat the insolence of the unenglish writer with disdain, who says the Star is not more the enemy of their country than the disgrace of his own.

The Morning Herald urges that the prosecution of the war and the celebration of the 4th of July constitute together. of the 4th of July constitute together as glaring a case as was ever alleged against

cree directing that sugar and molasses imported into France from England and Belgium shall be subject to certain reductions in duties. DENMARK.-The King of Sweden is

visit Copenhagen at the end of July, and the city will give a splendid banquet in honor of the Kings of Denmark and WASHINGTON, July 16 .- The Navy DeTHE VERY LATEST TELEGRAPH. FROM RICHMOND.

Pittsburgh Sanitary Committee Confined.

TEMS FROM THE INQUIRER.

PHILADELPHIA, July 16.—Late Southern Sailing of the Steamer Scotia. papers received in this city contain the folwing intelligence from rebel sources: FROM WASHINGTON. The Richmond Dispatch says: The Pittsburgh Sanitary Committee, which was left at Savage's farm by the retreating of the says o federals, was brought up to this city on Tuesday, and placed in durance. The were pursued by our force, capturing a

> indecisive raids introduced to maintain a spirit of activity among his men and keep their minds and hodies from the demoraliant in their minds and hodies from the demoraliant in the course. ation and decay of an inglorious idleness. In the meantime we must turn our eyes to the west for more startling events. The movements of Beull and the consequent operations of our own army in that quarter are now watched with energy and confidence by the Government. The Richive also detached bodies amounting in the aggreate to a considerable army at various points stretching from Catlett various points stretching from Cattert's Station and Fagnier through Warrenton, Amissville and Washington to Sperrysville at the base of the Blue Ridge in Rappa hannock county. They are exercising very rigid control over the movements of citizens.passports being granted with much reserve by Gen. Bates who has his Headnarters at the Warren Green Hotel in

Warrenton.
General Ricketts is quartered on the road from Warrenton to the springs, about two miles from the former place.
The Petersberg Express of the 11th says: We were permitted vesterday afternoon to read a letter dated at Scotland Neck, N. C., July 9th, and addressed to a gentleman of this city, in which the author states man of this city, in which the author states Hamilton, and as the Roanoke river was quite high they would probably attempt to reach Weldon. The Richmond Dispatch says: We learn

arrenton

from a gentleman, who left Harrisonburg on Saturday, that Gen. Robinson with a large body of cavelry still held the enemy in check and that all was quiet in that v cinity,

Washiverox, July D. "The following In organizing new regiments of eers the trovernors of States are authorized to appoint, in addition to the staff officers heretofore authorized, one second lieutenant for each company who shall be mustered into the service at the commencement of the organization with authority to ment of the organization with authority to master in recruits as they are enlisted.—
If any recruits shall be enlisted, who shall at any time afterward, on medical inspection prove to have been obviously unfit for the service at the time of his entire that the strengt all the average ground thereby infit for the service at the time of his en-listment, all the expenses caused thereby shall be paid by such officer to be stopped against him from any payment thereafter. Any officer thus appointed and mustered shall only be entered to be paid on the muster and pay roll of his company and shall only be entered to be paid on the muster and pay roll of his company and should he fail to secure an organized company within such reasonable time as the government may designate, his men may be transferred to some other company his appointment be recorded and

ENGLAND.—It is stated that the military staff in Canada will soon be what it was he be discharged without pay, unless the the Adjutant of the regiment, noting par-ticularly those cases where the disability was obvious at the time of enlistment. As soon as the organization of a regiment as soon as the organization of a regiment is completed, it will be carefully inspected by the mustering officer for the State, who will see at least that the minimum number act. He offered an amendment that I will only add, at present, that this Committee has but fairly commenced operations, in a field demanding prolonged and thorough inquiry: and it is very desirable that it be empowered to work during the recess, in order that Congress, the Fell way in the Fell way in the Finness Pea in Marting to the muster of each company is present. No absentees, except the sick in the hospital, will be counted. He will also company is present. The finness has been telegraphed to Turin. The King of Portugal has demanded of the King of Italy the Princess Pea in Marting to the muster of each man at the date of his orbistment. of his enlistment. Officers will be muster-RUSSIA.—The Grand Duke Constantine, was shot at as he was leaving the theatre in Warsaw. He is said to be slightly wounded. The assassin was arregiments belongs. Until regiments are organized, and their muster rolls completed, they will be under the exclusive control of the Governors of the States, and tain the President's signature. He should all requisitions for quartermaster, medical and ordnance stores and contracts for subsistence will, if approved by them, be al-

lowed, and not otherwise. Where it is desired by the Governors of the States the United States officers of the quartermaster, medical and ordnance departments. may turn over the stores to the State au-thorities to be issued by them in accord ance with the regulations and, account ed for to the proper bureau of the War Department.
Persons traveling under the order of the

accompanied by proper vouchers and the order under which the journey was per

a civilized nation, and that if professions a civilized nation, and that if professions meant anything in America, the mere reading of the Declaration of Independence should suffice to condemn the invasion of the Confederate States as utterly inaversable in principle and erroneous in the Confederate States as utterly dinner, by two officers at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. The regiment marched down policy.
SPAIN.—The Apoca of Madrid says that the Spanish government has received most satisfactory communications from its reptaction at Weshington as to the favor.

Hotel. The regiment marched down ing salute to the wife of the President at the Metropolitan Hotel, and embarked on the Metropolitan Hotel, and embarked on the Ambor host says challed and were resentative at Washington as to the favorable effect produced in the United States by the disinterested policy which Spain has adopted with regard to Mexico. The present relations of the Cabinet of Madrid and Washington are most cordial.

France.—The Moniteur contains a development of the M well and God speed.

DETROIT, July 16.—A large meeting was held last night to facilitate the raising of a new regiment. Patriotic resolutions were passed amid much discurbance, and the meeting came to a premature adjourn-

CLEVELAND, July 16. - The City Council last night appropriated \$35,000 to aid re-New York, July 16. - The steamer

command arrived at Helena on the 11th. reached Jacksonport on the 26th. On the 2d of July, when the 13th Illinois was

says that he saw nineteen dead rebels near the scene of action. On the 7th Gen. Curtis' advance, consisting of a battalion of the 1st Indiana Cavalry, 11th Wisconsin and 33d Illinois, were attacked by two regiments of Texan cavalry, and a large force of infantry. The Federals had four mounted howitzers, which were brought to bear on the robots.

LOUISVILLE, July 16 .- The Journal, plying to a dispatch from Gen. Mitchell, eays that Mitchell's answer acquits Col. 1 T. Morton, of the 21st Ohio volunteers and that he left for Washington on the fidence by the Government. The Richmond Enquirer says: "The enemy have been displaying considerable activity of movements in the vicinity of the upper movements in the vicinity of the upper sappahanneck. They have gathered a body of about 5000 men at Warrenton and our prepossessions were strongly in favor of Gen. Mitchell; and being thus prepossessed, we held him in no dishonor until we could no longer doubt without dissembling, or forbear without faithlessnes feeling assured that the duty we performed was not a welcome one.

CHICAGO, July 16.—A special dispatch to the Tribune from Memphis says: Two hundred of Col. Fitch's command had an engagement with the rebels, numbering engagement with the rebeis, numbering 4,000, on the morning of the 6th. The Federal loss was twenty-two killed and wounded. The rebel loss is eighty-four killed, wounded and missing. Another engagement took place on the night of the 7th, in which Col. Fitch captured all the enemy's cause equipage and previsions enemy's camp equipage and provisions. Both fights are said to have taken place that a special courier had just arrived at that point, with the intelligence that three Federal gambonts were furiously shelling that the point, and as the Porch with the intelligence that three than the point were furiously shelling the point which points are said to have taken place that three points are said to have taken place within ten miles of Duvall's Bluff, where a large force of rebels are said to have taken place that place within ten miles of Duvall's Bluff, where a large force of rebels are said to have taken place that place within ten miles of Duvall's Bluff, where a large force of rebels are said to have taken place that place within ten miles of Duvall's Bluff, where a large force of rebels are said to be stationally and the place that th

WASHINGTO:, July 16.—The proceedings of the general court martial at Fort Columbus, of which Gen. Brown was Pres-Coumous, of which open, brown was resident, have been officially approved.
Capt. E. C. Jones, of the 7th Infantry, for being drunk while on duty as officer of the day, has been cashiered, and therefore ceases to be an officer of the army.

Private Wm. Fay for absenting himself rom his post for a week, without leave, is the substance of a general order that has been sentenced to be confined at hard labor for four months and to forfeit \$1 per month of his pay for the same period BALTIMORE, July 16 .- Col. Thomas A

Ziegler, of the 107th regiment of Pennsylvania volunteers, died after a few hours illness at Warrentown, Va., on Friday last. ol. Ziegler was a native of York, Penna. where he recruited his regiment. WASHINGTON, July 16. - Samuel F. Mil-

ler, of lowa, was to night confirmed by Senate as an Associate Justice of the Su-preme Court of the United States.

Thirty-Seventh Congress. Washington, July 16.—Senate.—Mr. Wilson, of Mass., from Military Committee, reported back the bill authorizing a volunteer force for the better protection o Kentucky, and asked to be discharged from its further consideration. Mr. Davis, of Ky., called the bill up and

urged its passage.
Mr. Wilson, of Mass., and Collamer, of the be discharged without pay, unless the Governor shall think it proper to give him a position in the consolidated company to which his men have been transferred. Recruits will be sent to the regimental rendezvous at least as often as once a series of the Potomac, and he was informed. week, when they will be immediately examined by the surgeon of the regiment, and if found unfit for duty by reason of one of them had perished by the bullet, permanent disability, he will be discharged from the service forthwith by the surgeon, who will report such discharge to the Adjutant General of the State and also to Virginia, when Kentucky was allowed to have troops paid only to fight in her own State and do easy service at her own doors? The bill was then laid aside informally.

Mr. Clark called up a resolution from

act. He offered an amendment that no punishment under the bill should work forfeiture of real estate heyond natural Mr. Trumbull, of Illinois, opposed the amendment as the life forfeiture of real estate in the West would amount to noth-

this amendment was the inducement to obalso offer another amendment that the

words granting amnesty shall be construed so as to authorize the President to restore so as to authorize the Frestdent to restore any property taken under the bill if he thinks it necessary.

Mr. Pewell, of Ky., offered an amendment to the amendment offered by Mr. Clark, to strike out the word "real," so as to have the limitation to life forfeiture

as to have the limitation to life forfeiture apply to property.

A very lengthy debate took place on this subject, it being contended by many Senators that the Senate would lose its dignity in taking this course; that the President should send in his veto in the regular way and than the Senate take action upon it.

Mr. Powell's amendment was rejected. Mr. Powell's amendment was rejected. Yeas 16 nays 21.

Mr. Clark's amendment was adopted. Yeas 25, nays 15.
Mr. Clark offered a further amendment that the words "grant an amnesty" shall be construed to authorize the President to restore the property seized under the bill, to any person found innocent. Agreed to.
Mr. Fessenden called up the bill to provide for the more prompt settlement of the accounts of disbursing officers.

The bill was passed.

Mr. Fessenden, from the Committee of Finance, reported back the bill providing for internal revenue. Passed.

Mr. Fessenden also reported back the name of the firm in settling up the business.

JOSHUA RHODES JAMES D. VERNER. in military service for the suppression of the rebellion. Mr. Collamer moved to amend so as

shall be in the military service without pay. Agreed to.
Mr. Sumner moved to amend that where Mr. Sumner moved to amend that where any member of Congress withdraws his seat in anticipation of an adjournment, in addition to the sum now deducted by law, shall be a further deduction equal to half mileage, unless the absence be for sick-ness or by consent. Agreed to and the ness or by consent. Agreed to and the

Scotia sailed to-day with two hundred and fifty passengers and \$750,000 in specie.

Мемриіs, July 14.—Gen. Curis' entire | Дт. Wilson's amendment to strike out His army left Batesville June 24th, and reached Jacksonport on the 96th On the Bill further amended that prisoners not

coming down White River with a load of cotton, they were fired on by guerrillas 7 miles below Grand Glasse. The fire 7 miles below Grand Glasse. The fire was returned, when the rebels fled. A contraband taken on board the next day, Here the Senate took a recess till ?

> EVENING SESSION. Mr. Chandler continued his speech on the conduct of the war, referring at length to the movement of McClellan on the Peninsula and criticising them severely. He showed that McClellan had a force of 168, tens of thousands has been killed in digging trenches which were given up to the enemy. He quoted at length from testimony adduced before the committee to show the falsity of the charges against Mr. Stanton. Mr. Stanton.

Mr. Sumner moved that the committee have leave to hold its sessions during the recess of Congress. Laid over. After an executive session Senate adjourned.

House.-Tlis act shall not enure to any State failing to pass a law of emancipation within five years from the date of the passage of this act, and providing for an entire and complete emancipation within twenty years. If any State, after having received any bonds as aforesaid, shall ecommend or tolerate slavery contrary to the act of emancipation, it shall refund to the United States all the principal and interest paid on account of such bonds.

Mr. White, of Ind., briefly explained the provisions of the bill, and on his mo-tion 10,000 copies of the bill and report were ordered to be printed. The bill was then referred to the Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union.

Mr. Kellogg, of Ill., offered a resolution that the President be hereby empowered to call into the army, by voluntary enlistments or other means as he may direct, for one year, unless sooner discharged, one million men in addition to the present number. Laid over.

The House disposed of sundry bills on the Speaker's table by agreeing to Senate

mendments. amendments.

The Senate bill providing for the admission of Western Virginia was taken up and postponed till next December. The House passed the Senate bill authorizing the President to enter into contracts with any foreign government for the reception and colonization of recaptured Africans in the West India Islands. The Senate bill amendatory of the militia act of 1795 was taken up. It authorizes the President to call out the militia for a period not exceeding nine menths, and the employment of persons of African

descent, &c.
The bill was passed under the operation of the previous question.

Mr. Elliott moved that the House proceed to the business on the Speaker's table, in order to reach the bill explana. tory of the Confiscation Act, as returned om the Senate with amendment.

Several motions to adjourn were nega Another vote was taken on the Senate amendment, namely: "Nor shall any punshment or proceedings under said Act be o construed as to work, forfeiture or real estate of the offender beyond his natural life. It was agreed to—yeas 83, nays 21.
The House concurred in the Senate's proposition, namely: All sections of in enal taxes which require anything to be done on and after July and August, are amended so as to mean that such things shall not be done later than the lst of October next, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, who shall make a proclamation of the date to be fixed by

Adjourned.

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ness or by consent. Agreed to and the resolution passed.

The bill for the discharge of State prisoners &c., was taken up. The section authorizing the President to suspend the writ of habeas corpus was amended, so as the limit the time when Congress is not in completely furnished. Apply to je28-tf THOS. MOORE, 189 First street.