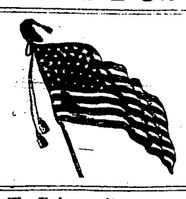
DAILY POST.



The Union as it was:
The Constitution as it is!

FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 28.

☞ **Reading matter on every page.**

Posts Wanted.

We require Daily *Posts* of the following dates to complete our files for 1861, and will pay liberally for them at our counter: June 20th, 1; August 13th, 1, 30th, 2; September 27th, 2; Oct. 2d, 2.

WENDELL PHILLIPS.

While contending that mob violence can not be justified under scarcely any circumstances, we can not, at the same time appreciate the indignation of some of our cotemporaries, because of the outrage committed the other evening against free speech in Cincinnati. Our want of appreciation, in this case, arises from the fact, that we do not believe some of those honest, who are declaiming most loudly for the freedom of speech, for Wendell Phillips. We know to what limits the freedom of speech has been carried in some localities in the United States. We have known it to descend in our own city to the vilest vulgarity and profanity, until its patrons were compelled, for their families' sakes, to withdraw from it their countenance and support, and urge its punishment upon the attention of unwilling grand juries. We have seen this punishment after being inflicted, clamorously turned into persecution for free speech, and the convict, made a martyr, borne in triumph from the cell of a county prison, upon the shoulders of an infuriated rabble, and in forty-eight hours after elevated to our first municipal dignity. This shows what demagogues can accomplish in the name of free speech, so that Wendell Phillips or any of his class, had better be left to an enjoyment of their right, which in its exercise he and they invariably abuse.

The address which Mr. Wendell Phillips is now delivering throughout the country, was first spoken by him in Washington City. It was published on the 19th inst. in the New York *Tribune*, and from it we quote the following extract. Mr. Phillips said:

"*I have labored nineteen years to take nineteen States out of the Union, and if I have spent any nineteen years to the satisfaction of the Puritan conscience: it was those nineteen years.* The child of six generations of Puritans, I was taught at a mother's knee to love purity before peace. And when Daniel Webster taught me that the Union meant making white men hypocrites and black men slaves; that it meant lynch law in the Carolinas and mob law in Massachusetts; that it meant lies in the pulpit and gags in the Senate; when I was told that the cementing of the Union was returning slaves to their masters, in the name of the God that I loved and had been taught to honor, *I cursed the Constitution and the Union, and endeavored to break it, and, thank God, it is broken.*"

Is it surprising that in a crisis like the present, when the country is convulsed from its centre to its circumference by fratricidal war, that some indignation should be aroused by such open and defiant avowals as we have quoted? Phillips not only tells creation that he has hated, and labored for the destruction of our Constitution, but the wild fanatic slanders the peerless and mighty dead. Wendell Phillips infamously lied in the Capital of our country, when he attributed doctrines to Daniel Webster, such as he has uttered and published. And yet, this is the impious monster about whom so many tears have been shed: not content with breaking up the Union, jackal like, he descends to the tomb of, and slanders the memory of, one of its ablest defenders.

This evening Wendell Phillips holds forth in Chicago; since the outrage alluded to, it is remarkable to see how horrified the abolition press of that city has become at the interference with the speech of the Abolition conspirator. Nothing has so enraged them since Beauregard's firing on Fort Sumpter. Not that they care particularly for Phillips, but to vindicate our American birth right, the freedom of speech!

Eight years ago, when Stephen A. Douglas returned to his home, in Chicago, after the adjournment of Congress, how did these champions of free speech there treat him; His arrival was celebrated by his effigy hanging from nearly every gas-post in the city suspended by the neck, and visible as in the glare of the sun. Had he labored for the destruction of his country for "nineteen years," that he was so treated? Not he; he had merely exercised the freedom of speech in the Senate of the United States, speaking for a State which afterwards sustained his public conduct, and for that he incurred the ribaldry and infamy alluded to. In 1852, Douglas stood on the very trenches of the Union, and with Webster, Clay, Cass and others, rescued it from the assaults of its enemies, then in Congress from New England as well as from South Carolina. At no time was he ever accused of hostility to his Government, yet no man ever received so much abuse from these very champions of free speech, in Chicago. The conclusion is, that a notorious, self-confessed conspirator to the Union, who defiantly proclaims his treason and glories in it, is to become the special embodiment of free speech, in order to accomplish his work of disunion, while those who have stood by our government from the beginning, who are standing by it now and risking their lives in its defence, are calumniated and that too, because of their determination to protect the constitution and restore the Union. The simple truth is that in certain localities abolitionism compared with the Union is "Hiperion to a Satyr." Like every other phrensy, infatuation or madness, it is as inexorable as destiny, and as exacting as death.

☞ **The marine record of the past few days tells a sad story of the sea.** The gales of early March seem to have swept with great fury across the entire Atlantic, and many wrecks are the result. Immense fields of ice, from the Arctic regions, are added to other perils.

☞ **A gentleman in Washington, occupying an elevated position, and in whose veracity we have unbounded confidence, writes us that in the late existing contest between the *Dispatch* and *Chronicle* for the publication of the Pittsburgh letter list, the Hon. Robert McKnight took no part whatever. A sense of propriety restrained him from interfering, which any gentleman, of proper sensibilities, will readily appreciate. Another correspondent states that our immediate representative, Gen. Moorhead, is not near so sensitive as Mr. McKnight; but that he has an eye to every little and big thing worth having. Our friend does'nt mean that this vigilence upon the General's part, is prompted by selfish or interested motives; he, with a laudable curiosity merely desires to observe things "as they go on."**

A GOOD SPEECH.

We have read the speech of Hon. Charles L. Lamberton, of Clarion, delivered in the Senate of our State on the 11th inst., and published, in full, in the Harrisburg *Patriot*. The young Senator grasped his subject with power, and discussed it with ability. Had we space we should be pleased to publish the entire speech, as it is we must try and find room, at an early day, for some telling extracts.

"Consultation and Action our only Safety."

Under this head the army correspondent of the Richmond *Whig* writes:

The death like torpor which hangs like a spell over our beleagured country will speedily accomplish our ruin unless dispelled at once and forever. The authorities seem actually paralyzed, benumbed, in the presence of the great danger before them. The President's speech emits not a beam of hope, and it is no wonder that his Cabinet and friends are as dumb as oysters. Will no one speak, and break the spell ere we drift to destruction? There are brave men, clear heads and bold hearts ready to propose as well as to act. Will the President give them a chance to be heard? If so, let him convene at Richmond a council of our best Generals, men who have been accustomed to confront danger, men of resources, of tried experience, of known valor, energy, intrepidity.

Wigfall on the War.

The New Orleans *Crescent* has a Richmond correspondent, who expresses the public consternation in a very striking way. He says:

"You will naturally desire to know how the people in the Confederate metropolis stand these trying times, for it is evident that we are not safe in these days of light-draft gunboats and high water. I answer, in the main we stand it very well. Some, to be sure, are down-hearted, and nobody wears as broad a grin as they did the day after the battle of Leesburgh. Still, there is a universal determination to do or die—to go down, if need be with our harness on, warring like a brave people to the last. I passed General Wigfall on my return from dinner, and asked him if there was any news. 'No,' said he, 'I don't believe we have been whipped since dinner; I expect, though, to hear of another defeat in the next five minutes.'"

THE Pope and several high Roman prelates are among the exhibitors at the International Exhibition. Pius IX sends a magnificent missal, bound in crimson velvet, with gold clasps and mountings, and enclosed in an inlaid ebony case, which, when opened forms a leggio, or reading desk, for the missal. The work is entirely home made, or rather Rome-made, productions, the paper having been made expressly at the Government manufactory of Subiaco, the types cast for the purpose in Rome, the printing executed in colors at the Stamperia Camerale, and the illustrated frontispiece painted by a distinguished Roman artist. After having been exhibited, this gorgeous specimen of modern missals is to be sent to Cardinal Wiseman as a sovereign souvenir from Pio Nono, who also exhibits a handsome crucifix, which is ultimately designed to enrich the Roman Catholic Cathedral of St. George, in Southward. Cardinal Antonelli sends two splendidly printed and bound breviaries, which after having been exhibited, are also to be presented to Catholic communities in England.

Two Christian Patriots.

A cousin of Commodore Foote's, who grew up with him from childhood, informs us that he has been noted for his piety ever since he entered the naval service.—One of his first acts on going on board ship as a midshipman, was to obtain the captain's consent to form a Bible-class among the sailors. He labored faithfully with the men, and so pleased his captain, who was not a religious man, that he appointed him acting chaplain of the ship. While in charge of the navy yard at Brooklyn, he became known to many of our readers. He delighted to talk to Sabbath school children, and, like General Anderson, seemed to be at home when surrounded by them. He has at different times addressed the school at Sands street, and other Methodist Churches. He is a member of the Congregational Church.—General Burnside is another Christian hero of whom his countrymen may feel proud. Mr. Collier, who was sent by the Young Men's Christian Association to labor among the soldiers of the Burnside division, writes to the Librarian of the Association that the General has been very kind to him. He has given him a tent next to his own, and very frequently he hears the General engaged in reading his Bible and in prayer before retiring.—*The Methodist.*

Fatal Lion Fight.

For the last few days of Lynn Mart, Mander's Menagerie of wild beasts has been exhibiting on the Tuesday market place. This menagerie is well known by the accidents which have occurred in connexion with the feats of daring amongst the lions by Maccomo. On Monday evening a real lion fight took place between the famous lion "Wallace," and a lioness. It appears, that the lioness had hitherto been kept separate, in consequence of her not being perfectly tame. Having recently shown signs of a quiet spirit, the proprietor ordered the slide which divided her den from that in which the other lion and lioness were confined to be drawn. No sooner was this done than the "Wallace" crouched down, and, almost instantly, sprang upon the new comer with the utmost ferocity, and seized her by the throat. A fearful scene ensued, but it was of short duration, for "Wallace" was assisted by another lioness, and combined they succeeded in killing the lioness very quickly. The roaring of the wild beasts during this struggle was fearful. It is said that the lioness which was killed was worth nearly 200*l*.—*English paper.*

The Engineer on the Monitor.

The engineer on the Monitor is young Isaac Newton, son of our former townsman of that name, and the pioneer in steamboating on the Hudson. Young Newton is a thoroughly educated, scientific mechanic. He was born on a steamboat, and nursed by a steam engine. He has visited all the great machine establishments of the Old World, and has been sleeping with a steam engine since he was big enough to whittle. Young Newton is one of the men who is to make his mark on the age, if his life is spared.

For the Daily Morning Post.

A Word About the War Tax Bill.

The Black Bebublican principle was, is and will be: "Legislate so that the rich get richer, and they will take care of the poor."

The Democratic principle was, is and will be: "Legislate so that the poor can make an honest living, and the rich will take care of themselves."

MR. EDITOR:—The glaring fact that the Committee of Ways and Means is determined to follow the first half of the above quoted Black Republican principle, induces me to say some words about the laying on of the war tax.

To tell the truth, as soon as club-foot Thad. Ssevens was announced as chairman of the above mentioned committee, I had my misgivings, because I know in what supreme contempt this Black Republican aristocrat holds the poor working classes of our country. He stands in this respect on the same platform with Hammond, Toombs, Pryor, Wigfall, &c.; in a word he belongs to the northern codfish aristocracy, the most contemptible upperstendom. This class of men have no trait in their character to redeem them from well deserved contempt and reproach; mean, selfish, cowardly and arrogant; they despise the artisan, mechanic and laborer, on whose sweat they live and thrive. They look at this class of society as their beasts of burden, whom they may mount and ride, and if they have foundered it, they may abandon it to its fate.

A glance at the war tax bill will satisfy you that I have not over drawn the picture. Who pays by the operation of that bill the heaviest burden the rich or the poor; the capitalist or the workingman?

It would lead us too far as regards your space and my time to go in a full discussion on the merits or rather demerits of this Black Republican measure.

We will but glance at some of the most flagrant oppression of the working classes. Let us begin with the staff of life. The rich farmer with his broad acres, who raises his own wheat, rye, corn, &c., and brings them to mill, pays no tax, because it is for home consumption; but the poor laboring man, the miner, the mechanic, the artisan, who have to buy their flour by the barrel, by the hundred and too often by the pound, they are taxed.

I understand that this tax is removed; but was it pity towards the poor that caused the removal? O, no! The proprietors of the Rochester mills, an immense rich concern of New York, proved to the satisfaction of the committee that they can not make money quite as fast under this tax as they used to do, and this was the cause of the removal. No thanks to you gentlemen of the committee! The assassin is still an assassin, although his deadly bow was averted by a bystander.

The farmer and the rich man who raises or buys his steer, cow, heifer, sheep or hog and butchers them, pays no tax, because it is for home consumption; the poor man who has to buy his meat by the pound, has to pay a tax.

Thaddy Stevens laid no tax on toothpicks because he knows full well that the poor in a very short time will have no use for them, and the tax would altogether fall on his rich friends.

All foreign wines and brandies, such as our aristocratic clump-foot and his rich friends use, are ridiculously lightly taxed, while the tax on our domestic wines and on lager beer are so impudently high as to forbid the laboring men any inducement in the same.

The corn broom, wherewith the poor women keeps the naked floor of her house clean, is taxed; but you will hunt in vain to find an equivalent tax for the use of velvet, brussels, Turkish and other costly carpets whereon Thaddy Stevens is wont to put his malformed club-foot.

The poor miner, who goes before sunrise into the bowels of the earth, there to earn, by hard work, an honest living, and leaves his dismal abode after sunset, that never sees the glorious sun except on Sundays, when he owns a watch worth from $3 to $5, in the upshot, has to pay 50 cents tax for the luxury of knowing what time in the day it is. This is also the case with stage-drivers, railroadmen, watchmen, woodcutters, quarrymen, &c., while on the other side our committee men sport chronometers, patent levers, repeaters, worth from $150 to $300, on which they pay the astounding tax of $1.00.

The poor man who has a clock under less than $5.00, pays a tax of 25 cents, and if it happens to be an eight day clock, therefore, one worth more than $5.00, he is taxed 50 cents. Now, thousands of operatives, if they miss their working time five minutes are heavily fined; their wives have to prepare breakfast and dinner by clock-time or risk heavy loss. But how look it with the friends of this wise committee, the rich? How much pay they for their exquisite alabaster, lapus, lazuly, porcellain, lava, bronze, ivory, &c. timepieces, for their fortnight, month and year clocks? Clocks that are astronomic, that make sweet music, and are imported from London, Paris, Vienna, Lausanne, Geneve, Munich, Berlin, &c., at a cost from $300 to $500 and more, what pay they for a tax? Why, the same as the poor working man's $5 to $7 clock—50 cents.

The very pins with which the poor washer woman fastens the clothes to the body of her baby are taxed. But Thad Stevens took mighty good care to lay no tax on the use of jewelry, because it would be a burden to his friends the rich. I am very much inclined to believe such a tax would bring a good deal of revenue, and would be more judicious than a tax on watches and clocks. Every piece of jewelry worth more than one dollar with five cents; every piece worth more than $5, 25 cents; worth more than $50, $2 50; worth more than $100, $5; and for every $100 worth more an additional $5 ought to be laid on. Ladies that sport with silk dresses ought to be taxed with $5; for every turkish, cashmeres and other costly shawls, sable and all other costly furs ought to be heavily taxed; it would either check Flora M'Flimsy's extravagance, or help the Treasury marvelously along. Pianos are taxed with $4! Oh shame where is thy blush! Look at the tax of the poor working men's watches and clocks! Is there any comparison; is there any equity?

Why every piano that cost from $300 to $500 ought to be taxed with $25, and one that costs from $500 to $1,000 with $50; all that cost over $1,000 with $100. Men that are able to procure such costly furniture, are also able to pay a handsome tax, and if they like good music, they should not grumble if they have to pay for it. Mirrors that cost over $100, ought to be taxed with $5, and for every additional $50 cost, another $5 should be laid on. Riding horses that are kept for pleasure sake, ought to be taxed with $25, and race horses with $100, because their owners gain often more than $1,000 at one race.

Sporting men's water crafts, their single and double-barreled guns and rifles, setter and pointer dogs, fishing tackle and all sporting apparatus ought to be reasonably taxed.

Private boxes in theatres, and pews in churches ought to be taxed according to their rent. All these and thousands of other articles more, are not taxed at all or so ridiculously low, as not to be worth mentioning.

Wall paper is highly taxed because it is the poor man's only means to beautify his humble home; but you search in vain for a tax on velvet, silk, or other costly tapestry, because the rich man uses them.

All through, you will find that that misformed clump foot took every possible precaution to shift the burden of this tax from the shoulders of the rich, to the backs of the poor working classes, whom he most heartily despises.

There is no tax for his friends the ironmasters, the speculators in lumber or coals, the land speculators, and so on; there is not one cent tax on cotton! Perhaps Thaddy and some of his friends intend to buy some of the to-be-confiscated cotton plantations, and he will therefore provide for the highest profit of their investment.

The whole bill shows conclusively in what utter contempt the *white* working classes are held by the leaders of this Black Republican party of which malformed Thaddeus Stevens is so bright an ornament.

This ambrotype of the evil one had one time to jump out by a back window, to escape the popular fury; it will be well for him if he should ever come in the same predicament again, to look sharp that he does not come in the painful position of Mohammed's coffin.

G***** M***.

Mt. Pleasant, Westmoreland Co., Pa.

Cotton Shipments at New Orleans.

A New York letter dated March 24th, says:

A commercial house in this city is in receipt of an item or two of intelligence from New Orleans of importance, as showing rather an expectation there that the city would soon be in possession of the Union forces, or a concerted movements to run the blockade. The date is March 15th. There were ten ships on that day loading cotton for Liverpool, all which were getting five cents per pound on foreign account. I cannot ascertain through what particular channel this news was received, but of its entire correctness the respectability of the house in question is a satisfactory guarantee.

Irish News.

A bill to amend the Irish jury system, so as to give taxpayers a voice in the public expenditure, will soon be introduced into the English Parliament.

A BLOCK of stone, weighing twelve tons, has been purchased by a Dublin committee for a statue of the late Daniel O'Connell, to be erected in London.

AT a recent meeting of the Galway Relief Committee, presided over by the bishops, some painful instances of suffering from destitution were given.

AN instance of the oppressive system of Irish land tenures was lately exhibited in a trial at the Cork Assizes. A Mr. Thayer rented a small holding to a man named Tyner, at $125 a year rent, and induced Tyner to build a house on the lot, which cost $600. Three years after Tyner was ejected from his house, and brought an action against the landlord for his claims. The defense, which raised a point whether the landlord agreed to pay half the expenses or only $25, shows the harshness of the law in the hands of an unscrupulous person, and goes far to explain the general poverty of the Irish land cultivators in spite of the richness of the soil. $100 was finally granted the tenant as compensation.

☞ **TRUSSES, TRUSSES, TRUSSES.** A large and carefully selected assortment of all the Modern Improved Trusses, including Ritter's celebrated patent Truss, the finest instrument of the kind in use. For sale, at greatly reduced prices, by

SIMON JOHNSTON, Druggist and Dealer in Choice Family Medicines, corner Smithfield and Fourth streets. Shoulder Braces, Suspensories, at low prices. mh21

A Slight Cold, Cough, Hoarseness or Sore Throat, *which might be checked with a simple remedy, if neglected, often terminates seriously. Few are aware of the importance of stopping a Cough or Slight Cold in its first stage; that which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if not attended to, soon attacks the lungs.*

Brown's Bronchial Troches were first introduced eleven years ago. It has been proved that they are the best article before the public for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, the Hacking Cough in Consumption, and numerous affections of the Throat, giving immediate relief.

Public Speakers & Singers *will find them effectual for clearing and strengthening the voice.*

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine, at 25 cents per box.

de9-6mdaw

Certificate of Twenty-eight Years' Use.

NEWCASTLE, WESTCHESTER COUNTY, N. Y., August 11, 1860.

DR. B. BRANDRETH:—

My Dear Sir—I am now seventy-nine years old, and for the last twenty-eight years have been a constant user of your Vegetable Universal Pills when sick, fully realizing the advantage of enforcing purgation with a medicine, which, while harmless in its nature, removes all impurities. I can safely say that vigorous old age I now enjoy has been caused mainly by the timely use of Brandreth's Pills. I have had in these last twenty-eight years several fits of sickness, and occasionally some infirmity of age would press upon me. At these times I have always found your pills a sure remedy, giving me not only health but strength. I consider them, not only invaluable as a purgative, but also as a tonic. I have never during the last twenty-eight years used any other medicine whatever, being convinced, by experience, that none was as good. Brandreth's Pills have also been freely used by my neighbors in every kind of sickness, and have been never known to fail when promptly administered.

Yours truly, NATHANIEL HYATT.

Justice of the Peace for forty years in Westchester County, N. Y.

Price 25 cents per box. Sold by THOS. REDPATH, Pittsburgh, Pa., And by all respectable dealers in medicine. mh22:1m

☞ **A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS** of the PITTSBURGH AND COAL HILL TURNPIKE COMPANY, will be held at the Toll House of said road, near the city line, on MONDAY, MARCH 31st, 1862, at two o'clock P. M., for the purpose of considering the propriety of giving up the charter of said road.—Stockholders are particularly requested to attend.

ALEX. BRECKENRIDGE, President.
WILLIS BOOTHE, Secretary. mh24:1w

MAGAZINES FOR APRIL.

NOW READY.

ATLANTIC MONTHLY.....Price 25 cents. $2,50 per year
HARPER'S MAGAZINE.....Price 25 cents. $2,50 per year.
GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK.....Price 25 cents. $2,50 per year.
PETERSON'S MAGAZINE.....Price 18 cents. $2,00 per year.
FRANK LESLIE'S MAGAZINE..Price 25 cents. $2,50 per year.
MME. DEMOREST'S FASHION BOOK....25 cts. $1,00 per year.
ARTHUR'S MAGAZINE.....Price 15 cents. $1,50 per year.
BALLOU'S DOLLAR MONTHLY...Price 10 cts. $1.00 per year.

If you want your FAVORITE MAGAZINE promptly, call or send to

HENRY MINER'S,
Nos. 71 and 73 Fifth Street,
mh25 next door to the Postoffice.

DRIED FRUIT— 100 bush. choice dried peaches (halves) 50 " " " apples. In store and for sale by JAS. A. FETZER. mh21

JNO. MOORHEAD,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
FOR THE SALE OF
PIG METAL AND BLOOMS,
NO. 74 WATER STREET, BELOW MARKET
PITTSBURGH.

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

1862. 1862.

SPRING.

White, Orr & Co.,

SUCCESSORS TO

GEORGE R. WHITE & CO.,

Have now for sale a complete stock of

Cloaks, Sacques, Cloaks, Sacques, Cloaks, Sacques

AND SHAWLS, All of THIS SPRING FASHIONS.

This stock embraces every variety, NOT ONLY IN STYLE, BUT IN PRICE.

☞ **HANDSOME CLOTH SACQUES OF LATEST FASHION, RANGING IN PRICE FROM $4 50 UP.** ☜

mh27:3

CHANDELIERS FOR CARBON OIL.
HANGING LAMPS.
Side Brackets, with Reflectors.
CONDUCTORS' LANTERNS.
ELEGANT PARLOR LAMPS.
Kitchen Lamps---Brass, Tin and Glass.
OIL CANS, FROM A QUART TO THREE GALLONS.
SHADES, &C.
Together with a large assortment of every variety and style of Lamps. Also, best non-explosive, colorless Carbon Oil, CHEAP FOR CASH, at
SCHMERTZ & BLEAKLEY'S,
mh28:3d No. 153 WOOD STREET.

U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE, PITTSBURGH, March 27th, 1862.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.—THE attention of shippers, and commanders of steamboats clearing from this port, is respectfully called to the following notice from the Treasury Department, in reference to the granting of permits for the shipment of goods by river to points south of this point. The restrictions heretofore placed upon the shipment of arms and munitions of war *to all points* remain in force.

All steamboats departing for points beyond this district (Steubenville) are still required to produce to this office two manifests of their cargo and take out clearances. CHAS. W. BATCHLOR, Surveyor.

PITTSBURGH, PA., March 27th, 1862.

SIR: Hereafter no permits will be required for shipments to points on the Ohio River above Louisville, Ky., excepting that until and otherwise directed, you will continue to exact permits on all shipments, to points in Western Virginia, below Wheeling, also to Catlettsburg, Ky., at the mouth of the Big Sandy and Louisville, Ky.

I am very respectfully your ob't serv't,
THOMAS HEATON,
Special Agent Treasury Department.
To CHAS. W. BATCHLOR, Surveyor of the Port, Pittsburgh, Pa. mh28:2d

NEW WALL PAPERS,

AT

107 MARKET ST.,

(Between Fifth and Liberty)

NOW SELLING AT THE

LOWEST PRICES FOR CASH.

Gold Embroidered Papers,

FOR PARLORS

PANEL PAPERS,

IN OAK AND PLAIN TINTS, WITH

GOLD MOULDINGS, FOR HALLS.

WITH A LARGE VARIETY OF

CHAMBER PAPERS, DINING ROOM PAPERS,

FIRE BOARD PRINTS, WINDOW SHADES

AND

CHEAP WALL PAPERS.

mh15:mwf1m **JOS. R. HUGHES.**

TO PAPER MEN.—A PERMANENT situation will be given to a man competent to attend a paper machine. None need apply unless well recommended. J. C. SHAW, Neshannock Falls, mh27:3t* Lawrence county, Penn.

THE SLAUGHTER COMMENCED,

The Enemy Driven into the Entrenchments!!

WE SHALL SHOW NO QUARTER:
But Take all the Quarters We Can Get.

100,000 ROLLS
Of Cheap WALL PAPER, Borders, &c., of Newest Styles and Usual Variety, to be Sold this Spring.

This large stock, having been purchased at reduced prices, will be sold very low.

MAGNIFICENT PARLOR PAPERS,
BEAUTIFUL PANEL PAPERS,
EXTRA WIDE PAPERS OF
FRENCH AND ENGLISH DESIGNS.

Bargains Not Confined to Remnants.

We take RAGS as well as CASH.

WALL PAPER STORE,
At the Old Stand, No. 87 Wood Street.
W. P. MARSHALL.

☞ Paper Hanging and Whitewashing, Quickly and well done, by Experienced Workman. mh21:2md

EATON, MACRUM & CO.,
Nos. 17 and 19 Fifth Street.
PITTSBURGH.
JOBBERS AND RETAILERS,
TRIMMINGS, EMBROIDERIES, HOSIERY, GLOVES, MILLINERY GOODS,
Shirts, Collars, Ties, Zephyrs, Yarns, Fancy Articles and Notions of every kind.
☞ City and Country Merchants, Milliners, Pedlars and all who buy to sell again, should call and examine our stock.
WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT—Second floor of 17 and 19 Fifth street. mh22

ROBERT ARTHURS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS, of Ohio, Missouri, Texas, Wisconsin, Virginia, New York, Louisiana, Illinois, Iowa, Florida, Indiana, Kentucky and Michigan.
mh5:6m No. 185 FOURTH STREET.

EUROPEAN AGENCY.

THOMAS RATTIGAN, EUROPEAN Agent, 115 Water street, Pittsburgh, Pa., is prepared to bring out or send back passengers from or to any part of the old country, either by steam or sailing packets.

SIGHT DRAFTS FOR SALE, payable in any part of Europe.

Agent for the Indianapolis and Cincinnati Railroad. Also, Agent for the old Black Star Line of Sailing Packets, and for the lines of Steamers sailing between New York, Liverpool, Glasgow and Galway. fall

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

GREAT OPENING
—OF—
MILLINERY GOODS.

THE UNDERSIGNED TAKES great pleasure in announcing to his friends and the trade generally, that he will open one of the finest and best selected stock of

MILLINERY GOODS

ever opened before in this city, and invites all to call and examine for themselves on MONDAY, 31st inst. **S. STRAAS,**

Commission Merchant, 97 corner Wood and Diamond alley, up stairs.

Country Milliners and Merchants will find it to their benefit to give me a call before purchasing elsewhere. mc28

TO LET---THE SECOND AND THIRD Stories of a house on Ross street, below First, with privilege of Bath Room. Rooms furnished with gas. Inquire at YOUNG'S Grocery, corner Ross and Second streets. mh28:3t

WANTED.---A FURNISHED RED Room without board. Address Box 842 Post Office, naming price and where situated. mh28:1td

WANTED.---A PARTNER, EITHER Silent or Active, with a capital of seven or eight thousand dollars, in one of the best established business houses in the city. This affords an excellent opportunity for a good investment. Apply to or address S. CUTHBERT & SON, mh28 51 Market street.

STOCKHOLDERS,
Pittsburgh Ft. Wayne & Chicago Railway Company.
GENERAL OFFICE.
PITTSBURGH, March 25, 1862.

THE STOCK TRANSFER BOOKS OF this Company will be closed on the 5th of APRIL, after which, it is not probable any further transfers will be made, excepting as contemplated in the agreement, heretofore executed by the Stockholders, with a view to reorganization. By Order W. H. BARNES, Secretary.

Pittsburgh Ft. Wayne & Chicago Railway Company.

☞ Certificates of Stock of this Company will be issued to the Stockholders of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Company on and after the 10th of APRIL proximo, on their complying with the following provision of the agreement for the reorganization of said Company, to wit:

"Holders of Stock of the PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD COMPANY, upon the assignment of such Stock to such persons as may be designated, for that purpose, by the Purchasing Agents, may be allowed to receive an equivalent amount of Stock in the new Corporation, in Shares of One Hundred Dollars each, with Scrip Certificates for less amounts, not entitling the holders to dividends."

The Assignment Books will be opened on the 10th proximo. By Order W. H. BARNES, Secretary. mh25

500 DOZEN FRESH EGGS—
301 New Oil Barrels,
1,046 do Flower Barrels,
50 Dozen Corn Brooms,
155 Barrels Crude Oil 42 Gravity,
80 do do do 40 do do
48 do do do 32 do do
67 do do do 28 do
Received and for sale, Cheap for Cash by R. L. ALLEN, Agent, mh28:3t No. 6 Wood street.

10 BARRELS ENGLISH VENITIAN RED for sale by GEO. A. KELLY, mh28 59 Federal street, Allegheny City.

10 CASKS HAVRE AND ROCHELLE OCHRE, for sale by GEORGE A. KELLY, mh28 59 Federal street, Allegheny City.

WHITE LEAD, 50 CASES CONCENTRATED LYE, for sale by GEORGE A. KELLY, mh28 59 Federal street, Allegheny City.

50 DOZEN HOSTETTERS BITTERS, for sale by GEORGE A. KELLY, mh28 59 Federal street, Allegheny City.

LARGE ASSORTMENT ENGLISH, French and American Perfumery, for sale by GEORGE A. KELLY, mh28 59 Federal street, Allegheny City.

WALL PAPER!!

WINDOW CURTAINS, &c.

New Styles for Spring of 1862.

A Great Variety and Fine Assortment from 6 1-4 cents to $5 per Piece.

For sale by

THOMAS PALMER,
NO. 91 WOOD STREET,
Between 4th & 5th, 2d door below Diamond Alley. mh21

JUST RECEIVED
DIRECT FROM THE EASTERN manufactures, at the
BOOT AND SHOE STORE OF JAMES ROBB, 89 Market street,
a full and complete assortment of BOOTS AND SHOES in every variety and style, which will be sold
CHEAP FOR CASH.
☞ Call and secure a bargain.
JAMES ROBB, 89 Market street, near Market House. mh27

NEW GOODS, NEW GOODS.
NEW STYLES, NEW STYLES.
HALF PRICE. HALF PRICE.

75 CASES RECEIVED YESTERDAY,
Embracing every conceivable style of the most fashionable and best made goods in this city, to be closed out
AT ABOUT ONE HALF THE USUAL PRICE,
AT THE
SENSATION
BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE.
62 FIFTH ST., next to Express Office.
62 FIFTH ST., next to Express Office.
The Most Beautiful Gaiters in the City at $1.25.
3000 POUNDS PRIME JAVA COFFEE AT 15c.
In the back of the store, the Jewelry Manufacturers' Association.
The most complete Wholesale Jewelry Establishment in the world, offer GOLD AND PLATED JEWELRY at New York and Boston Prices.
STATIONERY PACKAGES, at 75 cents, $1 25 and $1 75 per dozen, including BEAUTIFUL JEWELRY.
☞ No connection with any other house in this city.
mh26 **J. R. GARDINER, Agent,** No. 62 Fifth street.

TIERNAN & GETTY,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
TEAS, WINES, LIQUORS, &c.,
NORTH-EAST corner of
OHIO STREET AND THE DIAMOND,
no20:1y ALLEGHENY CITY.

C. B. SEELY, No. 141 FIFTH STREET, opposite Cathedral, REAL ESTATE AND GENERAL AGENT, DEALERS IN NOTES, BONDS, MORTGAGES and other Securities. ap4

HORTICULTURAL—
STRAWBERRY, RASPBERRY and BLACKBERRY PLANTS,
GRAPE VINES, CURRANT and GOOSEBERRY BUSHES,
LINEAR, RHEUBARB and ASPARAGUS ROOTS,
all of the best quality, and warranted true to name. For sale at 29 FIFTH STREET.
mh22 J. KNOX.

LADIES KID SLIPPERS 50 CENTS.
LADIES KID SLIPPERS 50 CENTS.
AT NO. 19 FIFTH STREET,
mh22 D. S. DIFFENBACHER.

AMUSEMENTS.

CONCERT HALL.

TO-NIGHT FRIDAY.

POSITIVELY LAST FOUR NIGHTS
POSITIVELY LAST FOUR NIGHTS
OF THE
OF THE
GREAT MAGICAL TRIUMPH
GREAT MAGICAL TRIUMPH
OF THE
OF THE
GRAND PROTOPLAST OF MAGIC.
GRAND PROTOPLAST OF MAGIC.

DAY PERFORMANCE
TO-MORROW, SATURDAY,
at 2 o'clock, with the Hall Illuminated.

PROFESSOR ANDERSON,
known throughout the Globe as the
GREAT WIZARD OF THE NORTH,
AND THE ONLY
Ambidextrous Prestidigitator,
THE FAMOUS
Magician, Illusionist, Prestidigitator, Physicist, Traveler.

And the only Artist in the profession of Magic who performs with the entire ABSENCE OF ANY APPARATUS, and who can alternate his Performance with illustrations of the Mechanism of Magic, using Apparatus which cost **$30,000.**

No Master of the Magic Art has practiced this art more successfully, became more eminent, traveled further, or achieved more wondrous deeds than PROF. ANDERSON.

A NIGHT IN WONDER-WORLD,
or Three Hours in the Realms of Illusion, amid the Mystic, Weird, Wonderful and Enchanting. The Entertainment being on the same scale of grandeur as recently produced by the Professor at the Academy of Music, New York, Academy of Music, Boston, Academy of Music, Brooklyn, and Pike's Opera House, Cincinnati.

Pianist Retro Reminicent Chiroyant and Second-Sighted Sybil.....MISS ANDERSON
The Fairy of the Portfolio....MISS F. ANDERSON
Mr. J. H. ANDERSON, Jr., Bio-Dynamist Extraordinary!!

Doors open at 7, performance to commence at 8 o'clock.

Admission 25 cents. Reserved Seats, body of Hall, 50 cents.

☞ Grand Afternoon Performance, Saturday Afternoon, March 29th at 3 o'clock. mh29

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

LAST TWO NIGHTS.
FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.
ROBERT HELLER,
THE GREAT ILLUSIONIST, INVENTOR OF MODERN MIRACLES,
UNRIVALLED PIANIST,
originator and only interpreter of the great mystery of the age,
SECOND SIGHT,
will appear in an entire
NEW ROUTINE OF PERFORMANCES,
developing yet more incomprehensible marvels of the great
MYSTERY OF MYSTERIES.
A GRAND MATINEE will, by the request of many heads of families, be given on SATURDAY, MARCH 29th, at 2½ P. M., when a grand Magical and Musical entertainment, arranged for the occasion, will be presented.

MASONIC HALL.

THE PUBLIC ARE RESPECTFULLY informed that
L. M. GOTTSCHALK,
the eminent Piano Forte Virtuoso and Composer, whose successes in the principal cities of Europe, in the West Indies, and more recently in New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, have been unparalleled in the history of American Art, will appear in Pittsburgh on
Friday and Saturday, March 28 and 29th, for the first time.

The extraordinary executive powers and striking originality of Mr. GOTTSCHALK as a
PIANIST AND COMPOSER,
Place him indisputably in the foremost rank of living Artists.

Mr. GOTTSCHALK will be assisted by the celebrated Cantatrice,
MAD'LE CARLOTTA PATTI,
Whose bird-like warblings have justly obtained for her the reputation of being the best and most delightful Concert Singer in America; Mr. SIMPSON, the distinguished English Tenor; Signor MORTNI, the eminent Baritone.
CARL BERGMAN,
VIOLINCELLIST AND CONDUCTOR.

☞ Admission to all parts **$1 00.** No extra charge for reserved seats. The sale of seats commences on Thurday morning at 9 o'clock, at J. H. Mellor's Music Store.

The Pianos used by Mr. Gottschalk are furnished from the celebrated factory of Chickering & Son, Boston. m h 25

AMERICAN WATCHES
FOR AMERICANS.
No more English or French rubbish, made to sell, but not to keep time.