# DAILY POST.

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 25.


## CITY AND NEIGHBORHOOD INTELLIGENCE.

### New Furnace.

A new furnace, capable of reducing 5 tons of metal at a single heat, has been erected at Knap, Rudd & Co.'s Fort Pitt Works. The furnace is 22 feet long, 5 high and 6 wide, divided into three compartments, as usual. The stack is a novel, being only 45 feet high, (less than half the altitude of the brick stacks usually built for such a furnace) and cased with a jacket of wrought iron, from base to cap, formed of rings of sheet iron twenty-two inches broad and from a quarter to an eighth of an inch in thickness, secured by screw bolts instead of rivets as in steamboat chimneys. We understand that another monster gun, of fifteen inch bore, is soon to be cast at these works.

### Resolutions of Respect.

HEAD QUARTERS ADVANCE BRIGADE, Hopperville, Va., March 17th, '62.

At a meeting of Knap's Pennsylvania Battery, called to order by Captain Joseph I. Knap, a committee of four, viz: 1st Sergeant James A. Dunlevy, Corporals Ingnus Collins, Frederick Volk and Cornelius J. Brown, were appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the feelings of the Battery relative to the decease of private Ambrose Adler, of Philadelphia, whose death occurred in the Hospital at Frederick City, Md., on the 5th of March, 1862.

The committee reported the following preamble and resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, It has pleased a merciful Providence to chasten the spirit of this command, by removing from its midst one who was very dear to them, therefore

*Resolved*, That while humbly bowing to the decrees of an all wise Ruler, we sincerely regret the demise of our fellow soldier, Ambrose Adler.

*Resolved*, That his death on the verge of manhood, while depriving his country of the services of a young, ardent and energetic soldier, has created a void in the Battery, which, owing to his social qualities and power of pleasing, cannot soon be supplied.

*Resolved*, That we deeply sympathize with the family of the deceased in their great affliction.

*Resolved*, That copies of the foregoing preamble and resolutions be forwarded to his parents and to the *Inquirer* and *Sunday Dispatch* of Philadelphia and Pittsburgh *Post*, for publication.

JOSEPH M. KNAP,
JAMES A. DUNLEVY, Captain.
First Sergeant.

### Court of Quarter Sessions.

The March term of this Court commenced on Monday morning at 10 o'clock, Judges Sterrett, Mellon and Parke on the bench.

There was no quorum of Grand Jurors present at the calling of the list and, after receiving the returns of the constables under the license law, Court adjourned until two o'clock.

In the afternoon, A. Fulton, Esq., of Kittanning, presented the affidavit of J. B. Finley, asking for a continuance of the case of libel, in which Robert E. Browne is prosecutor. The petition sets forth that the alleged libelous letter or paper has been lost, and denies that he ever wrote any letter of said tenor; and further, that there are three witnesses, material to the defense, now in the army of the Potomac, who cannot be obtained at the present term. He therefore asked the Court for a continuance.

Mr. Miller, District Attorney, objected to the application as premature. No bill had yet been found—the matter not yet having been considered by the Grand Jury. He thought the application should be postponed for the present.

The Court ordered the case to be continued, and bail was entered accordingly.

The Grand Jury was now called and sworn, with Wm. V. Evans as foreman.—The jury, after an able charge from Judge Sterrett, retired to their room and Court adjourned until 9 o'clock this morning.

The business of the term will be unimportant.

### New Manufactory of Arms.

Messrs. Jenks & Son have completed their buildings at Bridesburg, and put in operation the machinery necessary for the manufacture of rifles of the most approved pattern, for the use of the government. The whole establishment, including machinery, tools, &c., is valued at about $400,000. The main building is 400 feet long by 40 feet wide, with one wing 80 by 40 feet, and three stories high. The blacksmith and forging shops are also extensive, containing 52 forges, 7 trip hammers, 6 dead falls or drops and a Dix cutting press. Here all the forging except for the gun barrels is done. Ninety men are employed in this department, who turn out 200 complete sets of all the forged pieces composing the musket. The forges, furnaces, tempering vats, &c., are counterparts of those used at the Springfield armory. The stock-making machinery is also made in imitation of that at Springfield, and embraces over twenty-three machines, which cost over $32,000. These machines have been in operation some two or three weeks and are capable of turning out 200 complete gun stocks every ten hours. In the lock making department there are 22 machines, costing over $25,000. The whole cost of machinery is estimated at about $177,000. The establishment employs about 700 hands, over 100 of whom are from Harper's Ferry, the former master inspector at that place being one of the number. The capacity of the works, if worked with a double set of hands, is estimated at 10,000 complete rifles per month. The works are of great extent and substantially constructed, with every convenience for filling orders in the shortest space of time.

### Train's Speeches.

Henry Miner, Lyon's building, sends us a copy of the speeches of George F. Train, the fearless defender of the North in London. The pamphlet is published by T. B. Peterson & Bros., of Philadelphia, and we hope it may meet with a large sale, as the profits are to be devoted to sustaining the "London American," the only American organ in Europe, pledged to support our laws and constitution.

### Dr. Raphall's Lecture.

The lecture of this eminent Hebrew minister, whose address at the consecration of the Synagogue, last week, created such an impression, on "The Poetry of the Bible and its Characteristics," will be delivered this evening, at the Lafayette Hall, under the auspices of the Young Men's Jewish Association. The subject is a prolific one and will, we are confident, be ably handled by Dr. R. We expect to see a full attendance.

### Personal.

We yesterday met Fred Hunt, lately connected with the Cincinnati *Commercial* as one of its editors, having special control of the musical and amusement department. He is traveling with Heller, the illusionist, as business manager, &c., and is genial and hearty as ever.

### Promoted.

Corporal Andrew Wayt, of Co. A, 13th regiment, has been promoted to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Sergeant P. P. Baer, whilst here on recruiting service.

At the annual election of the Brotherhood of St. Joseph, held at their hall on Monday evening the 24th inst., the following gentlemen were elected officers for the ensuing year: President, D. Ihmsen; Vice President, R. Bailey; Secretary, N. McCalley; Stewards, C. H. Miller, Bernard McGinty and D. H. McAlear; Chief Marshall, Jas. Dignam. [Pittsburgh *Catholic* copy.

### Ice.

The short crop of ice in our immediate vicinity has put dealers to the necessity of supplying themselves from more favored localities and the cold crystal is now being brought here in considerable quantities from Cleveland and the tributaries of the Allegheny. Several boat loads of the latter have been sold within a few days at $5 per ton.

From present indications ice will hereafter be an article which we must procure from other sources, as it is stated that the oil floating upon the Allegheny, from which our supplies have been procured, has impregnated the ice in this locality to such an extent that water in which it is dissolved is unfit for drinking, from the disagreeable taste of the oil. Some even say they can taste oil in the water, but this we do not credit.

In view of these facts our ice men should be on the alert for a regular source of supply at the cheapest rates. Railroad transportation doubles the cost of ice from Cleveland, which it is said, by many, also makes water insipid. The mountain streams emptying into the Allegheny will, we think, give us the best supply at the smallest cost, transportation by rafts, flats or steamboats being much cheaper than by rail. Labor is also very cheap in these lumber districts, and the hardy raftsmen would think $4 to $5 per ton a good price for what can be so easily obtained from their streams. We would also appreciate the value of a supply of pure ice, free from admixture with oil. The subject is worthy the attention of ice dealers and others.

### Magic and Music.

The entertainment presented last night at the Theatre, to the most fashionable audience of the season, was well calculated to insure a liberal patronage so long as Robert Heller is the attraction. As a master in the art of prestigiation, accomplishing with ambidextrous skill the most miraculous changes, he is superior to any slight of hand Professor we had previously seen; while as a pianist it is sufficient that we endorse the eulogistic notices of our cotemprary critics, in awarding him a place side by side with the illustrious Thalberg. The *fantasia* from Lucia, which he executed with exquisite skill, carried captive every devotee of "ye gentle science," while the "Last Rose of Summer," arranged by himself, fairly enthused every amateur present. But as a master of mystery his "Second Sight" places him foremost in the rank of the modern magicians. Here is something to perplex the most astute. For once rumor fell short and expectation and curiosity alike were behind the reality. We can assure the reader it is a marvel beyond anything he has witnessed in this matter of fact era. Another phase of the mystery is to be introduced to-night, with new wonders in necromancy, and a refreshing musical interlude.

### Professor Anderson at Concert Hall.

A thronged house—a crowd so dense at the entrance, that the first rush was sufficient to throng the hall, greeted Professor Anderson on his first appearance in our city as a magician. He had promised to transform Concert Hall into a *Psychomanicum*, that promise was apparently fulfilled by the erection of a new stage, with orange decorations of scarlet and gold. Never before have we been treated to such a scenic display of crimson draperies, silver embellishments and apparatus glittering with mother of pearl. To specify each act of the performance would be impossible. Prominent, however, were the wonderous illustrations of spirit-rapping, the great portfolio feat, the enchanted chair and the marvellous flying hat. The "second sight" of Miss Anderson is inexplicable in the extreme. It is of that character which repels you from attempting a solution in as much as guessing at it would only confuse and render the mystery still greater. It must be accepted with faith—not with reason. The Bio-dynamic rope-tying experiment of Mr. Anderson, Jr., is one of the most astonishing mystical problems we ever witnessed. Altogether, the multiplicity of the tricks, the novelty of many of the marvels, the fascination of Miss Anderson and the grandeur with which the entire entertainment is produced, prove that the Professor knows how to cater for a Pittsburgh audience, and are sufficient to ensure him the greatest success achieved in this city for many a day.

### Larceny of a Watch.

Two men of colored persuasion, Joseph Cross and Charles Swears, were arrested by the Mayor's police yesterday afternoon, on oath of John S. Boardley, also colored, who alleged that they robbed him of a silver plated watch, worth $20, he being intoxicated at the time. The watch was found on the person of Swears. Both were committed for trial.

### Shop-Lifting.

A woman named Catharine Murphy was arrested in Union alley last night, by officer Pender, of the Mayor's police, charged with stealing a piece, containing forty-six yards of calico, from the dry goods store of R. R. Finton, corner of Fulton street and Centre avenue. She was locked up in the tombs for hearing. Mrs. Murphy is an old "rag," and had only been released from jail on Monday morning.

### Fifth Street.

This thoroughfare was yesterday visited by the hosts of the Street Commissioner, who scraped the dirt up in piles on the sides, and there it still remains, to be scattered over the stones once more by the thousand vehicles which pass up and down the street every day. When will these functionaries learn wisdom?

### Unfaithful.

Mrs. Woods, a deserted spouse of Steubenville, followed her husband Peter to Detroit, where he had gone under pretence of business, and found him living with a Mrs. Donovan, who left Steubenville about the same time with Woods and joined him in Detroit. Woods was arrested and taken to Steubenville for trial.

### Peaches.

From all quaters we hear most encouraging accounts of the prospects of the peach crop, so that a large supply of this delicious fruit may be expected this year.

### The New South.

This is the title of a paper published at Port Royal, S. C., Adam Badeau editor and Joseph H. Sears, publisher. It is small but neatly printed and has a large circulation among General Sherman's troops.

### Gun Lathes.

Messrs. Mackintosh, Hemphill & Co. are building four huge gun lathes, for turning and boring heavy ordnance, from 7 to 11 inch celibre, for the new cannon foundry now being built at Reading, Pa.. Trunnion lathes and other necessary machinery are also being made for the same foundry, by the firm named.

### Contest.

The annual contest between the two literary societies of Westminster College takes place at New Wilmington, to-morrow.

### Lieut. David.

This officer, who commanded the battery of the Ninth Iowa in the battle of Pea Ridge, formerly practised dentistry in this city, on Hand street. His name is V. J. David.

### Promoted.

Lieut. Chill Hazard of Co. F., 12th Pennsylvania Reserves, has been elected Captain. The company was formerly commanded by Captain A. G. Oliver, of West Newton.


STATIONERY and jewelry packages, at prices varying from 60 cents to $1,50 per dozen. For particulars address with stamp enclosed, J. S. Andrews, No. 110 Sunbury street, Boston, Mass., or at Lupton's dollar store, 56 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa.


# Second Edition

## THE VERY LATEST TELEGRAPH.

### Wendell Phillips Rotten Egged at Cincinnati.

### NEWS FROM EUROPE.

CINCINNATI, March 24.—Wendell Phillips attempted to lecture at the Opera House to-night. He commenced by avowing himself an Abolitionist and Disunionist. Persons in the gallery then hissed, yelled, and threw eggs and stones at him, some hitting him. The hissing was kept up for some time. He finally made himself heard, and proceeded until something again objectionable was said, and again eggs were thrown, hitting him. Phillips persevered, and a third time was heard, and a third time eggs and stones were thrown, and the crowd moved down stairs crying, "put him out!" "tar and feather him!" giving groans for the nigger Wendell Phillips, and proceeding up the middle aisle towards the stage, were met by Phillips' friends. Here a fight ensued, amidst the greatest confusion, the ladies screaming, crying, jumping over chairs, and falling in all directions. During the fight, Phillips was taken off the stage by his friends, and the audience moved out. It is now ten o'clock and the streets in the vicinity of the Opera House are crowded with excited people, unable to find Phillips. No one was seriously hurt that we can learn.

### Killed and Wounded.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—A dispatch from a surgeon in Gen. Shields' army to the Surgeon General at Washington, says, in relation to the battle of yesterday: Our loss is from seventy-five to one hundred killed, and two hundred and fifty wounded. I have seen two hundred and twenty-five of the enemy dead.

### Later from Europe--Arrival of the Hansa.

NEW YORK, March 24.—The steamship Hansa has arrived from Southampton with London dates of the 12th inst.

GREAT BRITAIN.—In the House of Lords on the 12th, Lord Campbell called attention to the inefficiency of the blockade of the rebel ports, and moved for the correspondence on the subject.

Earl Russell replied to the proofs adduced by Lord Campbell of the inefficiency, and recounted the efforts made by the North to render it effective. He considered the want of cotton in the English markets the best test that the blockade was effective. He said that the rent wall of the old feeling between the North and the South was impossible; and hoped that the North would consent to a peaceful separation of the States. Both were rich and extensive enough to be mighty powers; he trusted that within three months or sooner the war would cease leaving emancipation as a thing possible to be effected by gradual and peaceful means. He said that no formal communication had been made by the French to the British government on the inefficiency of the blockade. The motion was withdrawn.

The Annie Childs is the name of the screw steamer arrived at Queenstown from Wilmington, N. C.

The ship Mariah, at Liverpool from Rangoon, fell in with the brig Experts from London for New York. The crew were starving and were supplied with provisions.

Two hundred thousand pounds in Australian gold had arrived, of which [illegible] hundred and twenty-five thousand was for the New Zealand route.

Consols at London had advanced to 93¾ @ 93½.

French rates at Havre etc., France unchanged. The Manchester market is quiet but firm. Broad cloths, fair call and old lower, wheat has declined 1c 2d for the lower qualities. Corn has declined 1d, mixed 2d. Provisions, beef [illegible] steady. Pork dull and unchanged. Bacon firm. Lard active and 1d higher. Tallow steady. Produce, rosin sales small at 12s 6d for common. Sugar quiet and steady. Spirits of Turpentine nominal. Coffee steady. Rice firmer. Ashes dull. Linseed oil firmer at 36s.

The steamer Asia arrived at Queenstown on the 10th.

At London American securities are firm.

Garibaldi presided at a large meeting of popular delegates at Genoa. He said he deplored the absence of the representatives of the excluded provinces. He took an oath to deliver these provinces.

Miramon had arrived at Cadiz.

The negotiations for the conclusion of the Turkish loan were progressing satisfactorily.

The Porte has informed the great powers that he is compelled to renounce all moderation towards the Montenegrins, because they participated in the Herzegovina disturbances.

### Thirty-Seventh Congress.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—HOUSE.—Mr. Ashley, of Ohio, from the Committee on Territories, reported a bill to provide a temporary government for Arizona. One of the sections of the bill prohibits slavery therein, as well as in all the Territories now organized.

Mr. Ashley said that if any gentleman desired to discuss the measure, he would be satisfied with its postponement to a certain day. If this was not agreed to he desired to put the bill on its passage now.

Mr. Wickliffe, of Kentucky, remarked that if he understood the facts, the Texan Rebels, under Sibley, were forcing the people there to flee elsewhere for safety; how could the government, under these circumstances, be organized? Why attempt it when the civil officers could not proceed thither.

Mr. Ashley replied that, as far as the Committee were advised, there are no enemies in Arizona, except Indians. There is no organized body of white men.

Mr. Cox, of Ohio, said he would vote for postponing the consideration of the bill indefinitely. It contained the famous Wilmot Proviso, which had occasioned so much trouble in the country; this was not the time to reagitate that subject.

Mr. Ashley replied, that is the mere opinion of my colleague.

Mr. Mallory, of Kentucky: is the bill up now on its passage.

The Speaker. It is.

Mr. Mallory. I enter my protest against it.

Mr. Ashley moved the previous question on the passage of the bill.

Mr. Cravens, of Indiana, moved to lay it on the table; negatived, yeas 49, nays 76. The House refused the order of the main question by a vote of 56 against 74.

On motion of Mr. Wheeler, was postponed till next Monday. The consideration of the tax bill was resumed in the Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union. Mr. Colfax in the chair.

Among other amendments agreed to are the following: Tennessee to have till the first of December next to assume the payment of her portion of the tax. Brewers manufacturing less than five hundred barrels per annum, to pay twenty-five dollars license. Brokers to pay fifty dollars, the same as commercial brokers, and warrant brokers twenty-five dollars. The Committee arose and the House adjourned.

Mr. Davis, of Ky., offered an amendment as a substitute, to read as follows: That although the subject of slavery in the States is exclusively within the jurisdiction and cognizance of the government, and people of the States and cannot be interfered with directly or indirectly by the Government of the United States, yet when any of these States, or the people thereof may determine to emancipate their slaves, the United States shall pay a reasonable price for the slaves so emancipated, and the cost of colonization to some other country; pending the consideration of this substitute the morning hour expired and the bill for the abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia was taken up. The question being upon the amendment offered by Mr. Doolittle, to the amendment of Mr. Davis, for the colonization of the emancipated slaves, providing that the money appropriated shall only be used to colonize such persons as desire to go to some other country, and the cost shall not exceed one hundred dollars per head.

Mr. Morrill and Mr. King, explained that they should vote against the substitute because they preferred the bill as it was. The amendment was adopted, year 23; nays 16. The question was then taken on Mr. Davis' amendment to colonize and it was disagreed to. Mr. Davis proceeded to speak against the bill. He contended that slaves were property and recognized as such by the Supreme Court. He quoted from the decisions of that court. He said that Congress had no right to emancipate the slaves anywhere either in a State or the District of Columbia. He referred to the early history of the country when slavery existed necessarily all over the country. He said slavery was clearly and certainly recognized in the Constitution in a mild phrase. Slavery was at one time recognized by the whole civilized world, and hence it was not time that slavery was local, and freedom universal, but the opposite was the fact. Slavery was the normal condition of the United States, and the abrogation of slavery was an exception.

Mr. Morrill asked whether the Senator contended that the existence of slavery or its legality was recognized in the Constitution.

Mr. Davis said the term were annonymous if it recognized its existence it recognized its legality.

After further discussion the Senate adjourned.

### Skirmish in Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, March 24.—The following is a copy of a dispatch to the Secretary of War:

A detachment of the 1st Iowa Cavalry sent out from Jefferson City by Gen. Totten against a guerrilla band, had a skirmish with the enemy, killing two and wounding one, and taking 75 prisoners, over 20 horses, 28 kegs of powder, and a quantity of arms were captured. Our loss is four wounded. (Signed,)

H. W. HALLECK, Maj. Gen'l.

### The Rebels Driven Back.

WINCHESTER, Va., March 24.—The rebels have been driven back to Strasburg.—There has been very little fighting to-day. In the skirmishing we have lost about ten killed and wounded. In the skirmishing Mr. Luce, assistant to Captain Albert, of the Topographical Engineers, was taken prisoner by the rebels. We have captured more than one thousand small arms.

### The Vermont Bound for Port Royal.

BOSTON, March 24.—Lieut. Spicer, U. S. Navy, who went out as a representative of the Navy Department, on board the steamer Saxon, reports that the Vermont will undoubtedly make for Port Royal, and not the slightest fears need be entertained for her ultimate safety. She is as fine an any vessel afloat, has a year's provisions aboard and unbounded facilities and all on board are in good spirits.

### Arrival of the Minnesota.

BOSTON, March 24.—Arrived ship Minnesota from Liverpool. Barks Catharine from Surinam, Dashed from Messina and [illegible] from Cadiz.

### Violation of the War Department.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—Certain newspapers having flagrantly persisted in the publication of [illegible] in violation of the [illegible] the War Department, it becomes necessary to state that [illegible] orders of the War Department, it becomes [illegible] publishing the [illegible] movements of any [illegible] or any military expedition or movement [illegible] Secretary of War has ordered the arrest of any [illegible] guilty of such a crime [illegible] Marshal to be [illegible] at Washington [illegible] for the trial and punishment of the offenders.

### Order of General Banks.

The Provost Marshal is ordered to arrest all soldiers absent from their commands without written permission.

The troops are cautioned against any injury to private or public property, or any interference with the rights of citizens.—Every abuse of this character, by whomsoever committed, will be rigidly investigated and punished with severity.

### Bank Statement.

NEW YORK, March 24.—The Bank Statement for the week ending on Saturday, shows a decrease in loans $[illegible]297,470; an increase in specie $1,250,[illegible]; an increase in circulation $355,443; a decrease in deposits $2,695,425.


JOSEPH MEYER. ANTHONY MEYER.

JOSEPH MEYER & SON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
FANCY AND PLAIN
FURNITURE & CHAIRS,
WAREHOUSE, 135 SMITHFIELD STREET.
(Between Sixth street and Virgin alley.)
mh9 PITTSBURGH.

Spring Lot of Paper
LETTER,
CAP,
NOTE,
BILL, (broad & narrow)
MANILLA,
AND STRAW.

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS,
FABER'S PATENT ARTIST PENCILS
LAWRENCE'S MAUVE INK,
PATENT SLATE RUBBERS,
LADIES' POCKET KNIVES,
All Kinds Plain & Fancy Stationery
W. S. HAVEN,
mh21 WOOD & THIRD STS.

JNO. MOORHEAD,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
FOR THE SALE OF
PIG METAL AND BLOOMS,
NO. 74 WATER STREET, BELOW MARKET
jal1:tf PITTSBURGH.

ROBERT ARTHURS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS, of Ohio, Missouri, Texas, Wisconsin, Virginia, New York, Louisiana, Illinois, Iowa, Florida, Indiana, Kentucky and Michigan.
mh5:6m No. 135 FOURTH STREET.

2 SHOW CASES FOR SALE BY
BOWN & TETLEY,
136 Wood street.

FISH HOOKS AND TACKLE,
in great variety, for sale by
BOWN & TETLEY, 136 Wood street


## BY LAST NIGHT'S MAIL.

### The Bull Run and Ball's Bluff Disaster--Scott and McDowell Exonerated.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—Gen. Cadwallader has returned to Philadelphia, having added his page to the testimony in the Bull Run affair. It is said that the committee will make a report, speaking of it and the Ball's Bluff disaster, in a few weeks.

Gen. Stone is held responsible for the Ball's Bluff affair in a great measure. It charges Stone with treason. Gens. Scott and McDowell are vindicated of mismangement at Bull Run.

### The Rebel Army at Gordonsville.

Contrabands from near Gordonsville, report that the rebel army is all in that vicinity; that Gen. Stuart's headquarters are at Culpepper Court House, and that there is no difficulty in persons acquainted with the country getting through their lines.

### Location of the National Foundry.

The Select Committee, to which the Senate has referred all the petitions from cities and towns asking the establishment of a National Cannon Foundry, will have a perplexing task, unless they are governed by the important suggestions made in debate by Senator Grimes, viz:—That the material of which the guns should be manufactured must come from Bloomfield, and that the coal must also come from Western Pennsylvania.

### Senator Doolittle's Colonization Plan.

The able and conservative speech of the Senator from Wisconsin, will appear in the *Globe* on Monday, and a large edition in pamphlet form has already been subscribed for. He opposes the direct emancipation, unless some judicious scheme of colonization can be devised, and proposes to start his plan in this District, by the addition of the following section to the Senate bill, No. 108, which provides for the compensated emancipation of slavery here:

"*And be it further enacted*, That the sum of $100,000, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, shall be expended, under the direction of the President of the United States, to aid in the colonization and settlement of such free people of African descent now residing in said district as may desire to emigrate to the Republics of Hayti or Liberia, or such other country beyond the limits of the United States as the President may determine."

### The Tax Bill.

The Finance Committee of the Senate are at work on the Tax bill and are cutting out and amending at a rapid rate. When the House passes the bill, the Committee will offer their bill as an amendment, and though the disposition is to pass the House bill at once, it may be kept open several weeks by a long discussion.

### Military for New Mexico.

Since our repulse in New Mexico, Secretary Stanton has ordered the re six regiments and one battery from Fort Scott to protect the people and drive off the rebels. No fears are entertained lest that the commander of Fort Craig can hold it.

### Strange Rumors Afloat.

Some strange rumors are afloat about a Cabinet officer who, it is alleged, is a party to extensive frauds in his Department. It is not the War or the Navy Departments this time.

### Treason in the Churches.

To-day the minister in one of the Episcopal churches here refused to read Bishop Whittington's prayer for the success of the Union arms, and in Georgetown, when read in two of them, nearly one-half of the congregations got up and left. Most of those leaving, however, were women and children, among whom were the families of government clerks and employes.

### Mrs. Greenow.

The Committee on Political Prisoners [illegible] take up the case of Mrs. Greenow. It is thought she will be consigned to a [illegible] asylum. If really crazy, there is [illegible] in her madness.

### Sherman's Confiscation Bill.

Senator Sherman's Confiscation bill is at present the most popular, and will probably be passed by both Houses unless some unexpected change in the aspect of affairs renders a more stringent bill necessary.

### Probable Election of U. S. Senator from Tennessee.

Hon. Emerson Etheridge will return in a few weeks as Senator from Tennessee.—This will create a vacancy in the Clerkship of the House, which will no doubt be filled by a Western or New England man.

### Good Order.

The most commendable order still prevails, and no attempt is made by officer or soldier to interfere with the particular rule prescribed by the Commander-in-Chief of this division. As will be seen by the accompanying copy of the General Order extensively posted about the streets, every inducement is offered to the citizens to continue their business and professional duties:—

### Coming Out--The Rebellious Spirit.

The young men and even the young ladies of this place are gradually beginning to unearth themselves. For the first day or two subsequent to the arrival of the troops, the former were as scarce as blackberries in June. Not having the fear of impressment in the Rebel army staring them in the face, and having lost all faith in Jackson's return, they are commencing to air themselves, and in some instances, to ventilate their Unionism.


SUPER'S
CANDIED FLAG ROOT,
For imparting an agreeable flavor to the Breath, after chewing, taking medicine, etc.,
Manufactured and sold wholesale and retail by
CHAS. H. SUPER,
AT HIS DRUG
AND PHARMACUTICAL ESTABLISHMENT.
CORNER PENN AND ST. CLAIR STS.,
mh22

COAL, NUT COAL, SLACK AND COKE.—DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,
509 LIBERTY STREET.
Having superior facilities for supplying the best quality of Coal, Nut Coal, Slack and coals, are prepared to deliver the same, in any quantity to suit purchasers, at reasonable rates. Our Coal is brought in fresh daily by railroad, and is dry and free from slack. Particular attention given to supplying families. oc26-3m

FIGS AND DATES—
1500 Drums Figs,
30 Frails Dates,
For sale by REYMER & BROS.,
mh24 Nos. 126 and 128 Wood street.

TOILET SOAP—
100 Boxes "Colgates" Toilet Palm Soap,
20 do Castile Soap,
For sale by REYMER & BROS.,
mh24 Nos. 126 and 128 Wood street.


## RIVER INTELLIGENCE.

### PORT OF PITTSBURGH.

ARRIVED:

Franklin, Bennet, Brownsville.
Gallatin, Clark, do
Col. Bayard, Peebles, Elizabeth.
Minerva, Gordon, Wheeling.
Science, Reno, Portsmouth.

DEPARTED.

Franklin, Bennet, Brownsville.
Gallatin, Clark, Brownsville.
Col. Bayard, Peebles, Elizabeth.
J. T. McCoombs, Calhoun, Wheeling.

☞ THE RIVER.—Last evening at twilight there were 10 feet 5 inches water in the channel and falling. The weather during the day was pleasant.

☞ The new and splendid side wheel steamer Estella, Capt. Haslett, is now at the landing and is attracting a good deal of attention. She is intended for the Missouri river trade. The hull is one of Porter's best, and is decidedly one of the best adapted boats ever built at this port. Length of hull 205 feet; beam 35 feet; hold 6 feet; wheels 27 feet, with 10 feet buckets; 3 boilers with 4 flues each; cylinders 20 inches in diameter, 6 feet stroke. Of course her machinery contains all the latest improvements. The cabin is handsome and conveniently built by Richardson; painting by Boyd; outfit from Messrs. Long & Bair; medicine chest from J. Fleming. She is owned principally by the brothers G. M. and W. B. Haslett. They are both experienced and as clever officers as can be found. She is announced for Missouri river this day. We wish the brothers success.

☞ Capt. Brickell's favorite steamer Florence, is announced to leave this day for Saint Louis, and all points on the Upper Mississippi to Saint Paul. This boat is in fine order, and offers the best of accommodations to passengers and shippers. Capt. Brickell will be certain to see that passengers are well cared for.

☞ The packet Citizen, Capt. Calhoun, is announced for Evansville and Mount Vernon. This boat makes her trips with great regularity and always goes through. The Clerks are Messrs. Caughey and Eakin, they are both clever and attentive.

☞ The punctual packet Emma Graham, Capt. Ayers, leaves this day at 4 p. m. for Zanesville and intermediate ports on the Muskingum river. This boat continues to be a favorite with passengers and shippers. The captain is an experienced steamboatman, and thoroughly understand how things ought to be done. Mr. Wilson will do the honors in the office.

☞ To persons going to the Upper Mississippi we take pleasure in recommending the steamer Florence, Capt. Brickell.

☞ To persons bound for Evansville and Mount Vernon, we say visit the Citizen, Capt. R. Calhoun.


For Cincinnati, Louisville, Evansville and Mount Vernon.
TUESDAY, 4 P. M.
THE FINE PASSENGER steamer CITIZEN, R. Calhoun, commander, leaves as announced above.
For freight or passage apply on board. mh25

For Wheeling, Marietta and Zanesville.
THE FINE STEAMER LIZZIE MARTIN, D. T. Brown, commander, will leave this port EVERY SATURDAY at 4 p. m., for the above and intermediate ports. Returning she will leave Zanesville EVERY TUESDAY at 8 a. m.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
H. S. PIERCE & CO., Zanesville,
fc1 or J. B. LIVINGSTON & CO., Pittsburgh.

Regular Tuesday Packet For Marietta and Zanesville.
THE FINE PASSENGER steamer EMMA GRAHAM, Capt. Munroe Ayers, commander, leaves Pittsburgh every TUESDAY, at 4 p. m., and Zanesville every FRIDAY at 8 a. m.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
J. B. LIVINGSTON & CO., Agents,
mh21 Pittsburgh.

For Cairo, St. Louis and Missouri River.
TUESDAY, MARCH 25, 10 A. M.
THE NEW AND SPLENDID side wheel passenger steamer ESTELLA, Haslett, commander, will leave for the above ports, as announced.
For freight or passage apply on board or to any of the Agents. mh25

For Marietta, Parkersburg and Gallipolis.
EVERY WEDNESDAY, 4 P. M.
THE STEAMER SCIENCE, Captain Wm. Blake, leaves for Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg and Gallipolis, every WEDNESDAY, leaving Pittsburgh every WEDNESDAY at 4 o'clock, and returning leaves Gallipolis every FRIDAY at 8 o'clock.
mh22 J. B. LIVINGSTON & CO., Agents.

For Beaver, Steubenville and Wheeling.
THE PACKET STEAMER J. T. M'Combs, Thomas Calhous commander, leaves for the above ports Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 12 M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
de14 J. COLLINS & CO., Water street.

For Cincinnati, Louisville, Cairo and St. Louis.
TUESDAY, MARCH 25, 4 P. M.
THE NEW AND SPLENDID passenger steamer FLORENCE, D. Z. Brickell Commander, will leave as per announcement above.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
mh25 J. B. LIVINGSTON & CO., Agents.

HORTICULTURAL—
STRAWBERRY,
RASPBERRY,
and BLACKBERRY PLANTS,
GRAPE VINES
CURRANT,
and GOOSEBERRY BUSHES,
LINEAR,
RHEUBARB,
and ASPARAGUS ROOTS,
all of the best quality, and warranted true to name. For sale at 29 FIFTH STREET.
mh22 J. KNOX.

BY EXPRESS—
NEW STYLE IN DRESS GOODS.
PARIS GRISAILLE MOZAMBIQUE,
PARIS PRINTED MOUSSELINE DELAINE,
in seasonable designs and colorings.
PARIS PRINTED CHALLYS,
PARIS GRISSAILE BAREGE ANGLAIS,
PLAID AND FIGURED GRISSAILE POPLINS
Fancy Striped and Plaid Poplins,
Black and White Check Goods in Delaines,
Cashmere and Poplins,
Fancy Cloakings, Cloth, all of the newest patterns
W. & D. HUGUS.
mh24

NOTICE—BONDHOLDERS OF THE PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO, THE OHIO AND PENNSYLVANIA, THE OHIO AND INDIANA, AND THE FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD COMPANIES.—Holders of First Mortgage Bonds of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, the Ohio and Indiana Railroad Company, and the Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Company, who have not heretofore deposited their bonds with John Ferguson, No. 35 Pine street, under the plan of reorganization, are again notified to do so on or before the 1st day of April next, or they will be excluded from its benefit.

Holders of Second Mortgage Bonds of the same Companies, or Construction Bonds of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Company, who have not already deposited their bonds as above, are notified to make application to the Purchasing Committee, at my office, No. 52 Wall street, to be admitted to the benefits of said reorganization, on or before the same day, or be excluded therefrom.

J. E. D. LANIER,
Chairman Purchasing Committee.

☞ Holders of any of of the Bonds referred to in the above notice can deposit them at the office of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company, No. 22 Fifth street, in this city.
MARCH 18, 1862. G. W. CASS.

COOPERS' TOOLS—
A full assortment, just received and for sale by BOWN & TETLEY,
mh22 136 Wood street.

TO THE PUBLIC.

ESPECIALLY the ignorant and falsely modest of all denominations, treat secret and delicate disorders, self-abuse and diseases or situations common and incident to youths of both sexes, and adults, single or married. Because Dr. BRANDRETH publishes the fact of his doing so, the ignorant and falsely modest are dreadfully shocked, and think it a great sin very immoral and for contamination and corruption among their wives, promising sons and daughters. Their family physician should be cautious to keep them in ignorance that they do the same as Dr. BRANDRETH (except publishing) lest a lucrative practice might be lost to them among stupid falsely modest and presumptuous families, born and raised in ignorance, sprung up as mushrooms and who compute society, intelligence, sense, &c., to dollars and cents, mysteriously, meanly oftily gotten. It is to publicity, however, that numerous parents and guardians are thankful that their sons, daughters and wards, previously feeble, sickly and of delicate condition and appearance have been restored to health and vigor by Dr. BRANDRETH, besides many before and after marriage through him have been saved much suffering, anxiety, mortification, &c. Having the advantage of over thirty years experience and observation, consequently, he has superior skill in the treatment of special diseases, and who is daily consulted by the profession, as well recommended by repectable citizens, publishers, proprietors of hotels, &c. Spermatorhea, or so called nocturnal emissions, his dreadful malady can be completely cured by the very last discovery that has never yet failed. In female diseases he has had superior experience on account of his old age, twenty years, all irregularity is completely cured. As for consumption of pulmonary diseases my syrup, which are composed from Iceland moss and other ingredients by a skilful physician, five years at the business, it has had more success than all the pretensions that have as yet been discovered, as the certificate will show. They are all genuine and can be found according to a pamphlet that each person will get at the examination, all free of charge. Office 83 Smithfield street, near Diamond street. Private communications from all parts of the Union strictly attended to. Direct to

BOX 809,
dec19:dawtf Pittsburgh Post Office.

PEACHES AND VINEGAR—
600 BUSHELS DRIED PEACHES,
11 BARRELS PURE CIDER VINEGAR,
in store and for sale by
WILLIAM BAGALEY,
fc15 18 and 20 Wood street.

NEW GOODS—
We have just received from the
EASTERN CITIES,
A CHOICE SELECTION OF
DESIRABLE GOODS,
for the present and approaching season. Buyers are respectfully requested to call and examine our stock.
W. H. M'GEE & CO.,
MERCHANT TAILORS, 143 Federal street,
mh5 corner Market Square, Allegheny city.

DUQUESNE BRASS WORKS.
FULTON & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY VARIETY OF
FINISHED BRASS WORK,
GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
☞ Particular attention to fitting Oil Refineries, Brass Castings of superior smoothness made to order. Steamboat work and repairing generally.
☞ Ross' Oil Globe; Dary's Safety Lamp; Gas Brackets and Pendents;