PITTSBURGH POST.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1862.

EXCITING NEWS!

We refer our readers to our telegraphic columns for war news, received last night, up to the hour of our going to press. It will be seen that the fighting at Fort Donelson has been desperate and destructive on both sides, exhibiting courage and endurance unparalleled in the annals of warfare. Our forces, however, appear to have gained important advantage.

THE RESTORATION OF THE UNION.

Speaking of the restoration of the Union as it was, the *Gazette* of Saturday devoted to us the following paragraph:

"This is the programme of the Pittsburgh *Post*. It belongs to that class of politicians that wish to see slavery remain in all its pristine vigor, again to trouble and curse the country."

Upon this text our abolition neighbor gave us some lines of scurrility, and applied to the *Post* a number of epithets, which deserve, but which will not receive chastisement. Our frothy neighbor seems diseased; like Sumner, it blusters like a bully, without having even the assumed courage of the mountebank. The great difference between them is that the master is a polished poltroon, while the pupil remains a vulgar imitation of a disgraced original. Both are capable of using language which they will not hold themselves accountable for, and of applying epithets only becoming a blackguard, entrenching themselves behind the convenient and secure battery of the liberty of speech and of the press. These kind of ruffians are quite abundant; under various pretexts they inflame, exasperate and insult, as long as they are safe, but subject them to the consequences of their conduct, and the spaniel at once takes the place of the blackguard. Let this pass, however. We desire to deal with the *Gazette's* falsehoods and not its blackguardism. It tells us that we wish to "see slavery remain in all its pristine vigor." Has the *Post* ever said so, and when? In dealing with this rebellion we have contended that it must be crushed, and the power of the government re-established at all hazards, no matter who or what suffers. The difficulty with the *Gazette* and its class of inflamed maniacs is that it cannot see any way of suppressing the rebellion except through paper proclamations of emancipation. We have frequently exposed this, and have endeavored to instruct the *Gazette* upon these points at least fifty times, but, like a confirmed stupid, it will not be instructed. We are for the restoration of the Union, we care not who or what suffers; do you hear that; the *Gazette* is simply and solely for emancipation *first*, no matter if the Union is gone forever. If slavery is not destroyed, it desires no Union; and here is precisely where we separate. The Union must be restored regardless of the slavery question; let the Southern slavery propagandists fight for slavery if they will, and let our Northern agitators struggle for its destruction—(with these two classes it is merely a question of slavery)—but the people, the masses, North and South, are for the re-establishing of the Union first, looking upon slavery, as they do upon any other Southern institution, as being merely an incident and not a principle in the way of our stupendous enterprize. Our readers will take note, and we trust the public will do likewise, that the Pittsburgh *Gazette* has avowed itself opposed to the "restoration of the Union as it was—that is, as it was framed, and handed to us by its founders. The *Gazette* says, "*the restoration of the Union as it was, is not only impolitic, but it is impossible,*" and to prove this, the editor has recourse to the opinion of John C. Breckinridge, a leading traitor, who knows that the restoration of the Union would be his political annihilation. But regardless of the opinions of Breckinridge or the *Gazette*, we say that the Union can be restored; and what's more, it will be, leaving the traitors of the South, and the no less dangerous agitators of the North, to put up with their designs being frustrated as best they can. The Union is to be restored, and again we repeat that it its reconstruction does not precisely suit the fastidious Mr. Sumner, or his would be lacky of the *Gazette*, why they both can pack their carpet sacks and leave a country whose Constitution and institutions they so much abhor. Sumner in England can luxuriate with the gouty Abolition gentry, while the *Gazette* man may travel in cognito with Fred Douglass, and appear occasionally in the rural districts in his very natural personation of Uriah Heap, soliciting small donations for the improvement of an imaginary tribe of Indians, inhabiting an unknown country on the Pacific coast. His vocation of whining over the "sin of slavery" having been then exploded, he can lament the heathen condition of the tribes alluded to. This kind of philanthropy is quite cheap, and while it costs nothing it affords the pretender and hypocrite an admirable opportunity for demure looks and a theme for frothy declamation.

Ingratitude.

As long as Simon Cameron was in power the Pittsburgh *Gazette* played toady to him almost every day; now that he is about our neighbor gives him the following stab contained in a letter in relation to the arrest of Wykoff:

"Chevalier Wykoff is the sole representative left here of the *Herald's* peculiar tactics; and he is chased from pillar to post by the Investigating Committees of Congress. It is known that he was a common huckster of war contracts last summer, under Cameron's reign. He was scarcely to be met with, any day, that he did not have a contract to sell that he had obtained from the Secretary of War or some other high government official. It is supposed that he got them, as I was tried to get government secrets, by threatening Cameron and others with the *Herald's* abuse."

☞ An English paper says there is a man down in Manchester who is such an advocate for peace that he will not keep a clock because it strikes.

The House of Refuge Once More.

The subjoined letter appeared in Saturday's *Dispatch*. The sentiments are equally creditable to the head and heart of the eloquent writer, who, it has been said, has long been a prominent member of one of the most respectable Presbyterian congregations of this city. If (and we have no reason to presume the contrary) he be a fair sample of that body with which he worships, Pittsburgh may well feel proud of the fact that she possesses a class of men who can soar above the petty influences of religious bigotry or political partizanship and assert, in the face of all opposition, the common right of every man and child, whether in or out of the House of Refuge, *to serve their God in their own way.*—To the Pulpit, which has been the medium of enunciating, Sunday after Sunday, such noble principles, no higher compliment could be paid than the mere announcement that one who has sat under its teaching has the moral courage to ask the question: *Where is the Protestant who arrogates to himself the right to coerce the conscience in matters of religion?*

It condemns *in toto* the course of the Managers in regard to the case under discussion, and his reasons for doing so we regard unanswerable; apart from the flagrant outrage on the dearest rights of conscience and the gross violatin of religious liberty, pledged to all by the constitution, the high handed proceedings in which the Managers have sought to stifle the voice of conscience and crush, with the iron heel of the despot, all freedom of thought, can in no way be reconciled with the genius or principles of Protestantism as understood by us. With good reason, then does the writer *protest against the means by which they seek to propagate it*, as not only unjust in themselves, but insulting to the character of that religion in whose good name he has as much interest as they. If Protestantism be of God, the doings of the Managers, in the language of K, are *calculated to injure its cause most seriously;* if it be not, they will only serve to hasten its overthrow. None but the wilfully blind can fail to perceive this:

Messrs. Editors Dispatch: As the charges already brought against the Managers of the House of Refuge have been fully confirmed by the published statement of the Priest referred to, an important point has been reached in the discussion. My object at first in referring to the matter was to ascertain whether the complaints which reached me were well founded, and if so to use what little influence I might have to procure for any youth who should be unfortunate enough to have a home in the institution the same religious privileges to which all are entitled by the Constitution of the country. These, it appears, are now denied the Catholics at the Refuge, as we have seen by the defence of the Managers, published over the signature of the President of the Board; in fact we are given to understand that should any such case occur as that of the young woman who begged but was refused the rites of the Church, it will be disposed of in the same summary and arbitrary way. The policy of the Board is justified principally on the ground of its being in accordance with the rules of the institution. Now who but those very gentlemen made these rules, who are so stringent, and at the same time so unjust, as to deprive of the rights of conscience one fifth of the unfortunates immured within its walls? Considering the palpable abuses connected with the system, are not those gentlemen under a more serious obligation to repeal these unrighteous laws at once than they ever were to enact them? Who support and sustain the institution? Is it not the Catholic as well as the Protestant? Then why not allow the one as well as the other to serve their God in their own way? "To their own master as they stand or fall," and where is the Protestant who arrogates to himself the right to coerce the conscience in matters of religion? "Let every man be fully persuaded in his own mind," is an apostolic injunction which the present Managers of the Refuge seem to have forgotten, but which should never be lost sight of, as it is, to my mind at least, an indispensable plank in our Protestant platform.

It is to me then a source of deep regret and humiliation that the Managers of the Refuge should still appear determined to maintain the position unfortunately taken by them when called upon eight months ago to disavow the course of the Superintendent. That officer would not allow a poor sick girl, eighteen years of age, the consolations of her religion, and this act of their subordinate was privately approved at the time, and is now publicly applauded by twelve men who profess to be Christians and Protestants.

Such insane policy as this (I cannot call it anything else) is calculated to injure our cause most seriously, for I have always believed that our common Protestantism needed nothing more than fair and honorable warfare to subdue Roman Catholicism. I cannot admit, what the Managers seem to dread, that the objectionable dogmas and practices of the Catholic Church can withstand the rigid test of an open Bible and free inquiry, and these are the only weapons which, in my opinion, should be used in a contest between the two systems.—With these the religion of the Reformation has attained its present glorious development, and any man who is not satisfied with them is not for us, but against us. Were our religion unable to maintain itself without falling back upon the tactics of the Managers, it were indeed unworthy the support or sympathy of any honest man. Such, however, is not the case, and I protest in its name against the questionable measures by which they seek to propagate it. Wherever the two great sections of Christianity have come in conflict—whether in Europe or in America—Protestantism, in my opinion, by the invincible logic of truth, has carried the day. Let us not sully its victories by the adoption of arms which neither expediency nor fair play can justify.

The sentiments to which I have here given expression every intelligent Protestant who has faith in the intrinsic truth of his religion will echo, for all feel that a Catholic child at the Refuge should be no more interfered with in its religion than the father of the same child, were he admitted to our hospital, or committed to the common jail, or the penitentiary. If the parent or guardian of a child consigned to the Refuge desire that it should be trained in any particular religion—say as a Methodist, Presbyterian, Baptist, Episcopalian or Catholic—I believe that desire is quite a reasonable one, and should be gratified, while the Managers ought to be at liberty in every other case to make such provision for the religious training of the child as to them might seem appropriate. The complaint of such as would not be satisfied with the arrangement would be unreasonable, and entitled to no consideration.

We must not forget that the armies of the Republic, composed of loyal Protestants and no less loyal Catholics, are engaged in a life and death struggle for the supremacy of the Constitution. Let not us, whose firesides are preserved from the horrors of war by their strong arms and gallant hearts, allow this glorious instrument, the charter of our liberties, to be violated at our very doors. Let us practice toward each other the duties of Christian charity and mutual forbearance. Let those who happen to be in the majority respect all the rights which even an insignificant minority should enjoy under our free laws, and the protection of our liberal institutions. This should not be withheld—it is all that is asked; the entire question is one of vital importance to all who appreciate the blessings of religious liberty. The interests at stake cannot be too jealously guarded. It is the duty of every citizen to repel encroachments on his dearest rights. The Catholic may suffer to-day, but some Protestant whose religion is distasteful to a dominant majority, may be the victim to-morrow.

K.

For the Pittsburgh Morning Post.

MR. EDITOR:—The *Gazette* man of this morning says: "The restoration of the Union as it was, is not only impolitic, but it is impossible." He then quotes from John C. Breckinridge to show that he (Breckinridge) is also opposed to it.

Are they not both traitors?

REPUBLICAN.

P. S.—"Hang them in pairs."

"And One Private Killed"

Cold words to tell a mother's doting love
That her old age was desolate indeed;
That the proud staff of her declining years
Was taken from her, at her utmost need.

Brief words—yet it was terrible to feel,
The bitter woe their scanty limits held!
Small joy it seemed in toil and heat to know
The field was taken and the foe was quelled.

Was it for this they sent him forth in pride,
A mother's bless'ng on his boyish head,
A sister's kisses on his beardless lips,
Thus to receive him, voiceless, cold and dead?

He was their all, perchance, they loved him so!
He went—and now—O breaking hearts be still!
Columbia's blessings on her bravest sons
Hallows the grave his precious form shall fill.

God bless him, no delusive hope of gain,
No glittering glory lured his youthful eye;
Love of his country with a boy's proud love,
Counting it vile e'en for her to die.

And so he went—and through they bear him home,
The crimson stain upon his golden hair,
The breath of death upon his hero heart,
The heart so eager then to do and dare,

And though on earth no trumpet sounds his fame,
Royally angel harps in heaven shall sell
How with his young heart full of holy zeal,
The brave boy patriot for his country fell.

Gov. Letcher's Proclamation

The recent reverses of the rebels in the South have alarmed the Governor of Virginia, and he has, accordingly sent a proclamation to the Legislature the following plan for raising additional forces:

First—That the male population of the cities and towns be divided into those subject to ordinary and extraordinary draft; the first class to embrace those between the ages of 18 and 45, the second class to embrace those between 16 and 18, and those between 45 and 60 years of age.

Second—To authorize the Governor, when informed by the President of the Confederate States of the urgency of so doing, to call out both classes for home defence; to make rules and regulations for their organization into companies and regiments in conformity with the laws of Virginia, and require all places of business to be closed at 2 o'clock p. m., and the whole force drafted as aforesaid to turn out for ditcipline and instruction.

Third—The ordinary draft to be ordered if necessary to defend any line of approach to the town or city to which they belong; the extraordinary draft not to be required to serve beyond a distance of five miles from the limits of the town or city to which they belong.

Fourth—To include in such drafts all persons sojourning in the cities and towns for a period longer than ten days.

Fifth—None to be exempt for any other reason than service in the State or Confederate States.

If this is considered hard service, let the people of the cities and towns recollect that the people of New Orleans, Mobile, Charleston and Savannah have adopted this policy, and have steadily practiced it for months past. The people of Richmond and other cities and towns in Virginia are just as much exposed as those of the cities I have named, and should be willing to sacrifice as much for the common cause in the way of ease and comfort.

If the Legislature will pass a law, the patriotism of the people of Virginia will respond to it, and show that they are not less ready to make all necessary sacrifices for the common cause than those of any other State in the Confederacy.

Respectfully,
JOHN LETCHER

Pugilism in England.

The fight for the "championship of England," between two bruisers named King and Mace, took place at Godstone, on the 27th of January. The London *Globe* says:

"The fight began at seven minutes past nine o'clock, and after fighting one hour and eight minutes, during which time 42 rounds were fought, King was unable to come up to the call of time and Mace was declared the victor. The betting at the commencement was two to one on Mace, but in the course of the encounter the odds varied to similar offers upon King. The punishment delivered up to a certain time was tolerably equal, King having slightly the best of it, until the last round, when they closed and fell, and King's head coming in contact with the ground, which rendered him insensible, the sponge was thrown up in token of his defeat.

"The fight took place amid a steady fall of rain, but the attendance was very large, the aristocracy being very powerfully represented."

☞ Many a man is rich without money. Thousands of men with nothing in their pocket, and thousands without even a pocket, are rich. A man born with a good sound constitution, a good stomach a good heart, and good limbs, and pretty good head piece, is rich. Good bones are better than gold, tough muscles than silver, and nerves that flash fire and carry energy to every function, are better than houses and lands.

☞ It is easier for the generous to forgive than for the offender to ask it.

A Zoological Distinction.

The principal difference between the British Lion and the Cabadian variety of the animal is that the latter wants Maine.

☞ MARSHALL'S CATARRH SNUFF.

This Snuff is superior to anything yet known for removing Catarrh, Cold in the Head, and Headache. For sale by SIMON JOHNSTON, Druggist, corner Smithfield and Fourth streets.

Also, DUBOIS' CATARRH SNUFF, and all the choice Family Medicines of the day, many of them at greatly reduced prices, constantly on hand. fe17

UNDERTAKER.

☞ R. FAIRMAN, UNDERTAKER, sole agent for Fiske's Metallic Burial Cases, at S. E. BULGER'S CABINET WAREROOMS, No 45 SMITHFIELD STREET. Residence, 215 Lacock street, Allegheny City. Orders may be left AT CHARLES' LIVERY STABLE, Allegheny City. se21-6md-2p

☞ DROPSIES ARE CURED BY BRANDRETH'S PILLS.—The form of disease is occasioned by the exhalent arteries throwing out a greater quantity of fluid, than the absorbents take up. BRANDRETH'S PILLS convey by magic as it were, an impulse to the remote extremities, arousing their absorbents to action, and in case of swelling or watery deposite, awakening the sleeping energies of those vessels.

SENATOR BELLENGER, of Herkimer, New York, was a great sufferer from a dropsical affection of more than a years duration. He derived no material help from the prescription of his physicians, who in fact gave him to understand, that his case was hopeless. By apparently the merest chance, the qualities of Brandreth's Pills were brought to his notice. He began their use at once and with strong hope—for he comprehended the principle of cure. He persevered with them for three months, taking often as many as fifteen pills a day, but always making it a rule to take sufficient to purge in the most effectual manner twice or thrice a week. This perseverance was rewarded by a perfect restoration to health which has continued to this time.

Sold by THOS. REDPATH, Pittsburgh, Pa, And by all respectable dealers in medicines. jal4:1mdaw

☞ FRENCH OF PITTSBURGH AND BOSTON MINING COMPANY—The Directors of this Company have declared a dividend of two dollars per share, payable on and after Thursday the 27th inst., to stockholders or their legal representatives. Eastern stockholders will receive their dividends at the office of Messrs. J. W. Clark & Co., Boston, Mass. THOS. M. HOWE, fe15-3t* Secretary and Treasurer.

☞ MEDICAL CARD.—

W. BODENHAMER, M. D.,

OF NEW YORK CITY,

Having arrived in Pittsburgh will, as usual devote his exclusive attention to the Medical and Surgical treatment of Chronic Diseases, especially those of the Lower Bowel, such as Piles, Constipation, Fistula, Fissure, Falling of the Bowel, Stricture of the Bowel, Ulceration of the Bowel. He will also treat the various Chronic Diseases of the Womb, Kidneys, Bladder, &c. His rooms are at the MONONGAHELA HOUSE, where he may be seen and consulted from 9 o'clock a. m. to 3 o'clock p. m. daily. Patients, if they desire it, will be visited in any part of the city. fe16-1m

☞ HULLIHEN'S PARISIAN TOOTH PASTE

Prepared from the original recipe of Dr. J. L. Hullihen. It is recommended to the public as a superior article for cleansing and beautifying the teeth, removing tartar, restoring decayed teeth, strengthening the gums, and imparting a delightful odor to the breath. Price 25 cents.

For sale by JOSEPH FLEMING, fe15 corner of the Diamond and Market.

☞ THE ONLY REAL VERMIN DESTROYER that can always be relied on, is the RAT PASTE, RAT PASTE, RAT PASTE, Prepared by JOSEPH FLEMING, fe15 corner of the Diamond and Market.

☞ DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK,

NO. 65 FOURTH STREET.

Deposits made with this Bank BEFORE the FIRST DAY OF FEBRUARY, Will draw interest from that date. ja29 CHAS. A. COLTON, Treasurer.

MONONGAHELA BRIDGE CO., Pittsburgh, February 3d, 1862.

☞ AN ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN MANAGERS of the company for erecting a bridge over the river Monongahela, opposite Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, will be held at the Toll House on MONDAY, March 3d, 1862, at 2 p. m. fe3-td A. HOLLIDAY, Treasurer.

☞ ALLEGHENY BRIDGE — ELECTION NOTICE—An election for President, Managers and officers of the company for erecting a bridge over the Allegheny river, opposite Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, will be held at the Toll House, at the south end of the bridge, on MONDAY, the 3d day of March next, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m. fe11 1w WM. ROSEBURG, Treasurer.

Dissolution of Co-Partnership

THE FIRM OF BOWN & TETLEY was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st inst. JAMES BOWN and JOHN TETLEY having purchased the interest of Abram Tetley, will continue the business under the same style and firm. They alone are authorized to settle the business of the late firm JAMES BOWN, ABRAM TETLEY, JOHN TETLEY. fe13dw

SUNDRIES—

10 casks Barkley's & Perkins' London Porter;
10 do Murray & Sons Ale;
10 do Younger's Ale;
10 do Falkirks Ale, in store and for sale by
fe13 WM BENNETT, 120 Wood street.

$225. PIANOS. $225.

ONE BEAUTIFUL BLACK WALNUT 6½ OCTAVE CHICKERING PIANO, full iron frame, new scale, reduced from $375 to $225. Just received and for sale by fe8 JOHN H. MELLOR, 81 Wood street.

U. S QUARTERMASTER'S WARRANTS AND OTHER CLAIMS AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT, BOUGHT BY PITTSBURGH TRUST COMPANY.

ja23-1m JOHN D. SCULLY, Cashier.

S. C. SCHMERTZ, JAMES BLEAKLEY, Pittsburgh, Pa Franklin, Pa.

SCHMERTZ & BLEAKLEY,

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

Illuminating and Lubricating Oil Crude Petroleum Oil, Benzole and every description of Lamps.

☞ Commission Merchants for the sale of CRUDE PETROLEUM.

158 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh, ja18-1m opposite 1st Presbyterian Church.

LADIES BOOTS AND SHOES—

All styles of LADIES, MISSES AND CHILDREN'S FALL AND WINTER BOOTS AND SHOES, selling at GREAT REDUCTION to close out.

W. E. Schmertz & Co.,

No. 31 Fifth Street.

CARD.

TO COOPERS AND DEALERS —IN— FLOUR BARRELS.

HAVING ADVERTISED RECENTLY our readiness to purchase 500 barrels per day at a certain price, we deem it proper now to give notice to all interested, that on and after MONDAY, February 17th, the prices for merchantable hickory hooped flour barrels will be, at the river landings or railroad depots 35½ cents each, and at the mill 37½ cents each.

R. J. KENNEDY & BRO. Pearl Steam Mill, Allegheny, Feb. 13th, 1862. fe13-1wdaw

DUQUESNE BRASS WORKS.

FULTON & CO.,

Manufacturers of every variety of FINISHED BRASS WORK.

Gas and Steam Fitters.

Particular attention to fitting Oil Refineries. Brass Cocks, of SUPERIOR SMOOTHNESS made to order. Steamboat work and repairing generally. ☞ Rose Oil Globe; Davy's Safety Lamp; Gas Brackets and Pendents. Corner SAINT CLAIR STREET AND DUQUESNE WAY. fe13tf

$250, PIANOS. $250.

TWO ELEGANT ROSEWOOD 6½ OCTAVE CHICKERING PIANOS, With full iron frame, new scale, reduced from $300 to $250, just received and for sale by JOHN H. MELLOR, 81 Wood street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ MURDOCK COMING—M. JAMES E. MURDOCK will give two of his SELECT READINGS, —AT— CONCERT HALL, ON WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY EVENINGS, FEBRUARY 19th and 20th

PITTSBURGH, February 8.

James E. Murdoch, Esq.—Dear Sir: Having learned that you have declined all engagements for a season on the stage but that you have consented and have already given several of your delightful and instructive readings in Cincinnati, and more recently at Columbus, by invitation of the Legislature of Ohio, we take this method of inviting you to our city, and hope you will favor us with one, if not more, of your select readings.

Hoping to hear from you, at your earliest convenience, we remain yours respectfully,

H H Smith	James F Barr
John C Dunn,	James O'Connor
Jos. C Curry	Reese C Fleeson
R C Sawyer jr	J R Weldin
Lucius Cogood	S Reymer
Fenj Singerly	R F Bunman
U H Meyers	Chas F Wells
G F Schuchman & Co	Jas W Woodwell
A H English	C H Merrick & Co
Chas Lindwell	James Rodgers
Ed De Barenne	W M Edgar
Howard D Little	Thos M Carnegie
John Graff	John C Harper
John H Bailey	And Carnegie
Aug Bradley	Geo Wilson
W Cummings	H Duffy,

and three hundred and ten others

CINCINNATI, O., Feb 12th.

Hon. Mayor Sawyer, and others—Gentlemen: The very kind letter signed by so many influential citizens of the "iron city," inviting me to give a series of readings in Pittsburgh, has been received, and I desire to return my grateful thanks for the compliment. In reply I will appoint Wednesday and Thursday, February 19th and 20th, on which occasion I will be pleased to give you a series of shakspearian and other readings.

JAMES E MURDOCH.

The Programme for the first Reading commencing at 7 o'clock on

WEDNESDAY EVENING,

will consist of

SCENES, DIALOGUES AND SOLILOQUIES from the tragedy of

Hamlet.....Shakspeare
Poem—Drifting.....Thomas Buchanan Read
Poem—The Bridge of Sighs.....Hood
Poem—The Lion and the Glove, Translation from Schiller.
Charge of the Light Brigade at Balaklava Tennyson
Mark Anthony's Oration over the dead body of Cæsar
The persecutions of Tom King, or the troubles of Monsieur Tonson
Humorous Sketches from the Pickwick Papers.
Trial of Bardell vs. Pickwick, with the pathetic, thrilling and impassioned speech in defence of the widow, by Serjeant Buzfuz

THURSDAY EVENING

MR. MURDOCK will read a poem of the days of the AMERICAN REVOLUTION, by Thomas Buchanan Read, entitled the WILD WAGONER OF THE ALLEGHENIES.

Admission 50 cents. A diagram of the Hall can be seen at Mrs CHARLOTTE BLDWE'S Music Store 45 Fifth street, where seats can be secured without extra charge for either reading. fe17-4t

INVESTMENTS IN U. S. CLAIMS,

CLAIMS AGAINST THE U. S. GOVERNMENT

will be bought at 12½ to 13c. discount, at a charge of ½c. and the current rate of premium allowed on all eastern drafts sent us for investment.

HASKELL & CO., Bankers, ST. LOUIS, Missouri.

Refer to American Exchange Bank, Read, Drexe & Co., New York; Dr Keil & Co., Philadelphia; J. D. Scully, Cashier, Pittsburgh. fe17-4t

Iron City College

CORNER OF PENN AND ST. CLAIR STREETS, PITTSBURGH, PA.

THE LADIES DEPARTMENT having been refitted and refurnished in elegant style, young ladies will find superior facilities afforded them for the study of Book-keeping or Penmanship at any hour of the day or evening, teachers being constantly in attendance from 8 o'clock in the morning till 9 o'clock in the evening. fe17jdawlt

LOST—A POCKET BOOK CONTAINING $23 or $23 was lost at noon on Saturday, near the Bank Room, on Fifth street. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at KLI YOUNG'S Restaurant, No 40 Fifth street. fe17-3t

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office until 3 M., on WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY for the transportation, by water of army stores from this port to Wheeling, Parkersburg, Point Pleasant, Gallipolis, Cincinnati, Louisville, Cairo and St. Louis—Freight to be awarded to the lowest bidders. Preference to be given to boats according to stage of water, draught, speed, strength and insurance rates. Bids for Louisville and intermediate points will not be received from boats bidding for Cairo and Saint Louis.

Bidders will specify the days on which they propose to receive freight, and will be required to leave on the last day so named.

A. MONTGOMERY, Major and Quartermaster, U. S. A. Office Quartermaster, U. S. A., Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. fe17-2

R. L. ALLEN, Agent,

Wholesale Dealer in every description of PETROLEUM OILS, Keeps constantly on hand the largest stock on the market. Produce and Commission Merchant and dealer in Wines and Liquors. Also, RECTIFYING DISTILLER. fe17-tf NO. 6 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh.

CORN MEAL—200 bushels fresh ground Corn Meal received this day by the steamer Emma Graham, and for sale by JAMES A. FETZER, fe17 corner Market and First streets

EAR CORN—135 sacks prime yellow Ear Corn in store and for sale by JAS. A. FETZER, fe17 corner Market and First streets.

DRIED FRUIT—
16 barrels prime Dried Apples;
25 bags do do
22 do do do Peaches, halves;
50 barrels do do quarters and halves,
in store and for sale by JAMES A. FETZER, fe17 corner Market and First streets

1,269 BARRELS CRUDE OIL, from various wells, gravity 40 to 44;
168 barrels Crude Oil from Duck Creek, gravity 35;
28 do do do do do 32;
50 sacks Buckwheat Flour,
150 do Finished Middlings;
87 dozen Brooms;
500 New Oil Barrels; just received and for sale cheap for cash, or approved paper.
fe17-tf R. L. ALLEN, Agent, No. 6 Wood street.

WANTED—AN ACTIVE, ENERGETIC MAN having an extensive acquaintance among respectable Catholic families, may have a permanent situation, and good wages as Agent. ☞ Address, BOX 1100, P. O. fe15

PEACHES AND VINEGAR—

600 BUSHELS DRIED PEACHES,

11 BARRELS PURE CIDER VINEGAR,

in store and for sale by

WILLIAM BAGALEY, fe15 18 and 20 Wood street.

A LARGE SUPPLY OF BOOTS AND SHOES

Just received and for sale at a slight advance on cost at the CHEAP CASH STORE of JOSEPH H. BORLAND, fe15 96 Market street, second door from 5th

SCOTCH BALMORAL SKIRTS—

An elegant assortment of BALMORAL SKIRTS, expected to arrive by express this day. EATON, MACRUM & CO., fe15 Nos 17 and 19 Fifth street.

FOR SALE.

50 bales heavy Brown Sheetings,
200 bales assorted Batts,
30,000 Stearns' Grain Sacks,
100,000 pounds assorted Cotton Yarns,
10,000 pounds Sewing Twine,
5,000 pounds twine,
4,000 pounds Candle Wick.
fe15 1wd KING, PENNOCK & CO., No. 89 Wood st.

REAL LACE COLLARS & SETTS

A few choice styles of those REAL LACE COLLARS AND CUFFS, opened this day and for sale by EATON, MACRUM & CO., fe15 17 and 19 Fifth street.

ODD FORKS OF ALL QUALITIES for sale by BOWN & TETLEY, fe15 136 Wood street.

RAZOR GRINDING—The old Grinder CHARLES KLEIN having returned, we are prepared to grind razors, &c., in the very best manner. BOWN & TETLEY, fe15 136 Wood street.

EGGS—2 barrels fresh Eggs received and for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS fe15

POTATOES—1 car load choice Potatoes at Railroad depot, and for sale by HENRY H. COLLINS. fe15

SHERIFF'S SALE OF A DRUG STORE.—The Drug store on the corner of WYLIE AND CHATHAM STREETS, handsomely fitted up, with a good assortment of stock and well located for business together with the lease of the tenement having two years yet to run, at low rent, will be sold on the premises on TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 18th, at 9 o'clock, A. M.

Any persons desiring to go into the Drug business will find this an opportunity to buy seldom offered at public sale. fe14 4t* HARRY WOODS, Sheriff.

FOR SALE—The new and fast running packet JOHN T. McCOMBS, now running in the Wheeling and Pittsburgh trade, and connecting with the Parkersburgh boats at Wheeling three times per week, and two trips with the Liberty and Belle Lisle from Cincinnati. The only reason for selling the boat is the loss of my health. If the boat is not sold on the 1st of March, she will be exposed to public sale on MONDAY, the third day of March, 1862, at the wharf.

For further information enquire of JACKSON, DUNCAN, New Alleghany Bridge, or JOHN T. McCOMBS, Captain fe14-1t

NOTICE.

Pitts., Ft. Wayne & Chicago Railway Co.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ACT OF the Legislature of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled: "An act to provide for the reorganization of the PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD COMPANY," approved the 31st March, 1860, a meeting will be held at the city of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, on WEDNESDAY, 26th day of February, 1862, at the office of the company, No. 23 FIFTH STREET, to elect Directors, and for the other purposes contemplated by said Act. None but Bondholders are authorized to vote at this election.

J. P. D. LANIER,
SAMUEL J. TILDEN,
LOUIS H. MEYER,
EDGAR THOMSON,
SAMUEL BANKS,
Purchasers of the said Railroad.

February 10th, 1862—fe17

LOVE & CO.,

No. 74 Market Street,

SELL BEST PRINTS AT 12½c.,

YARD WIDE SHIRTING MUSLIN at 12½c.

IRISH LINENS AND LINEN BOSOMS, very cheap

WINTER DRESS GOODS, at great bargains.

DRESS SILKS, VERY LOW.

HOOP SKIRTS, CHEAP SHAWLS AND CLOAKS

CLOSING OUT.

☞ Wholesale buyers will find our stock of PRINTS very large, and at less than the present eastern prices.

☞ TERMS CASH, ON DELIVERY. ☜

C. HANSON LOVE & CO.,

74 Market Street

fe15 1d

T. GRAFF PAUL HUGUS WM. GRAFF

Western Stove Works,

245 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH.

GRAFF & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS,

WOULD CALL THE ATTENTION of the public to their large stock of well selected

Cook, Parlor & Heating Stoves

ALSO—IMPROVED

KITCHEN RANGES, GRATE FRONTS,

HOLLOW-WARE, &c., among which will be found the BEST COAL COOK STOVES IN THE STATE. The

Diamond, Advance, Air-Tight, Eclipse, and IRON CITY,

Were awarded the FIRST PREMIUM at the State Fair for the BEST COAL COOK STOVES. Also FIRST PREMIUM awarded to the

TRUE AMERICAN, GLOBE & REPUBLIC,

For the BEST WOOD COOK STOVES NOW IN USE. The KENTUCKIAN and KANSAS Premium Stoves are unsurpassed. We call attention of DEALERS and BUILDERS to the largest stock of

GRATE FRONTS & FENDERS

IN THE STATE.

N. B.—Well fits the DIAMOND and ECLIPSE Coal Cook Stoves with Soap-Stone Linings, which stand the fire better than iron. oct22ly

IMPORTANT —TO— WHOLESALE BUYERS.

HOOP SKIRTS,

Bought previous to the advance in prices.

Ladies Wide Tape Skirts;
" Narrow do
" Diamond Colored do;
Misses Wide Tape Skirts;
" Narrow do.

These goods are all of the very best makes, and will be sold cheap, for cash.

COTTON HOSIERY, AT LAST YEARS' PRICES.

Having purchased a large lot of
Ladies White Cotton Hose;
" Brown "
" Mixed "
Misses' Cotton Hose, Boys Cotton Socks,
Mens English Cotton Socks,
before the advance in price, we are now offering them at last years' prices.

☞ Wholesale buyers will save money by selecting from our stock.

BALMORAL SKIRTS,

Choice colors and excellent quality, just received by express. JOSEPH HORNE, fe14 77 MARKET STREET.

SHOES, CHEAP,

SHOES CHEAP,
AT 15 FIFTH STREET.
AT 15 FIFTH STREET.

fe8 D. S. DIFFENBACHER

NEAR SHOUSTOWN.—A VALUABLE farm for sale of 126 acres, 80 in cultivation, 35 in meadow, remainder well timbered; a large log house, shingled roof, frame barn 60 by 40 feet, and stable; also a log stable, stone spring house; garden paled in; orchard of 250 fruit trees; spring.—Would make an excellent stock farm; situate 13½ miles from Shousetown. Apply to

S. CUTHBERT & SON fe15 51 Market st.

WESTERN PROPERTY.—BUILDING lots for sale. Apply to S. CUTHBERT & SON, fe15 51 Market st.

☞ NOTICE.

PROFESSOR A. O'LEARY, Will deliver a lecture TO GENTLEMEN ONLY —TO-NIGHT— AT CONCERT HALL,

Admission 25 cents. For particulars see bills. ja20,2t W. H. MARTIN, Agent.

NEW STYLES OF

CORNER FIFTH AND MARKET STREETS

LANDRETH'S & BUIST'S WARRANTED GARDEN SEEDS,

FOR SALE BY GEORGE A. KELLY, a30 No. 69 Federal street Allegheny.

MINER'S UNION STATIONARY PACKETS, Are supplied to Dealers at $1,50 PER DOZEN.

a25 ADDY & EWENS,

PLUMBERS AND GAS FITTERS, 139 FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH, AND 47 OHIO STREET, ALLEGHENY, NEAR PRESLEY'S OFFICE.

PUMPS, HYDRANTS, LEAD PIPE, Sheet Lead and Plumbers material in general. ☞ All orders promptly attended to. fe17yd

LANDRETH'S WARRANTED GARDEN SEEDS, For sale by BECKHAM & LONG, fe6 127 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

CLOSING OUT TO MAKE ROOM FOR SPRING STOCK.

Dress Trimmings, Velvet Ribbons, Velvet Buttons, Embroideries, Lace Goods, Lace Sleeves, Woolen Goods, Linen Sets, Gloves, Hosiery, Hoop Skirts, Balmoral Skirts, Mechanic Corsets, French Corsets, Gents Merino Shirts and Drawers, Collars and Neck Ties, Zephyr Worsted, Shetland Wool, Woolen Yarns, &c., &c. AT

CHARLES GIPNER'S, NO. 78 MARKET STREET. fe7

THE BALTIMORE PIANO FACTORY. PITTSBURGH BRANCH AT NO. 123 SMITHFIELD STREET.—Those wishing to purchase a good family Piano should not fail to examine these sample instruments. By way of introduction of this long standing Factory, we call attention to the subnoted. H. S. SAKOMB, editor of the New York Musical Times, a gentleman of acknowledged reputation as a musical echo or and Pianist, makes this record:

BALTIMORE, 1861.—I have been detained here some time; this gives me an opportunity of getting better acquainted with musical matters. I visited the Piano Manufactory of Messrs. J. J. Wise & Bros., who make Pianos are of an excellent quality, and have attached to them an improvement which, to me, seems of more importance than any of the inventions for the last ten years. I refer to the Patent Elastic Touch. I consider it an immensely important improvement. H. S. SAKOMB.

To Messrs Wise & Bros. fe8tf

CITY GUAGER.

THE CITY GUAGER'S OFFICE IS removed to JOHN HERRON'S lumber office, corner of HAND AND PENN STREETS. fe15ts M. EDWARDS, City Guager.

TO LET—The warehouse on Second street running through to First street, now occupied by Hitchcock, McCreery & Co. Enquire of (fe7-3w) CARE, McDURDY & CO.

GENTS DOUBLE SOLE AND DOUBLE UPPER FRENCH CALF BOOTS.

of a very superior make, selling at a great reduction on former prices to close out

W. E. Schmertz & Co.,

fe8 No. 31 Fifth street.

HOTEL FOR