The Daily Post.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

PITTSBURGH:

MONDAY MORNING:::::::::::DEC. 30.

For Afternoon and Midnight Telegraph and Local News See First and Third Pages.

UNION NOMINATIONS.

FOR MAYOR:
HENRY A. WEAVER.

FOR CONTROLLER:
WILLIAM LITTLE.

FOR TREASURER:
JOHN C. DAVITT.

PLATFORMS.

The living faith of the Abolitionists at present is the Chicago platform; the anti-slavery plank of this contrivance is in their estimation far more sacred than the constitution, and its enforcement far more important than the preservation of the Union.

When our present troubles first began the Abolitionists told the country that adherence to the Chicago platform was a more sacred duty than laboring to save a crumbling Union. Such men as Senator Wilkinson, of Minnesota, telegraphed that a little blood letting for the Union would do it good. We have had "some blood letting," but we cannot perceive its beneficial effects.

But our intention just now is not to allude to these fanatics on the slavery question, but to ask them if one portion of the Chicago platform is not as binding as another? If it is, we should like to know why the following sixth plank of it is so shamefully violated?

"*Sixth*—That the people justly view with alarm the reckless extravagance which pervades every department of the federal government; that a return to rigid economy and accountability is indispensable to arrest the system of the public treasury by favored partisans; while the recent startling developments of fraud and corruption at the federal metropolis, show that an entire change of administration is imperatively demanded."

If the people justly viewed with "alarm" the reckless extravagance of the government when this resolution was drawn, what must be their alarm now? When the Chicago Convention was held there was no great robbery perpetrated, or at least found out. It was before Floyd's rascality was discovered. But take Floyd's operations all together and multiply them by ten and they will not begin to compare with the operations of the navy and war departments now. Here is an opportunity for these sticklers for platforms to enforce this sixth plank, the only one in that deceitful contrivance containing the least practical sense.

In order to enable our Abolition contemporaries to make a successful search for the rascality to which we have alluded, we direct their attention to the report of the *Van Wyck Committee*. There they will find some things well calculated to "alarm the people." We have already alluded to the fact of the Secretary of War entrusting two millions of dollars to Mr. Alexander Cummings, to purchase government stores; and we have also mentioned the fact of the said Alexander having recently left New York for Europe "to restore his health." There is another little item belonging to the Navy Department, well worth the attention of the champions of the sixth plank alluded to. Speaking on this point the Philadelphia *Inquirer* says:

"It is, however, the extraordinary arrangement made between the Secretary of the Navy and his brother-in-law that the Committee feel called upon to pronounce most reprehensible and demoralizing.—This was an understanding by which he was to be paid two and a half per cent, upon all the purchases he made for the government. Under this arrangement his contracts amounted, in five months, to $1,786,932, and his profits to $95,008, or nearly as much for his five months' service as the whole salary of the President of the United States for a term of four years.—And all this without any skill in the business or any responsibility of any kind, and without any trouble but asking a few idle questions of the disinterested parties who cheated him into the purchase of inferior vessels at exhorbitant prices."

What will strike the reader just here as being remarkable, is the fact that a few weeks before the meeting of Congress, intimations were thrown out by letter writers and others, to the effect that the War and Navy Departments were making tremendous efforts to prevent jobbers and contractors from fleecing the government. Was this to lull into confidence in the integrity of these Departments, those whom they feared would expose their villainies?

The Philadelphia *North American*, alluding to the Van Wyck investigation, says that the committee has laid bare the fact that untold sums have been squandered on wretched contracts, illegal and monstrous commissions, and by a thousand other varieties of that genteel robbery which goes by such names as peculation. It seems to us that there is at this crisis another more expressive and far more appropriate designation for these offences, and that is treason. The rebel who fairly stands up in the ranks of a hostile army we know how to contend against; but the secret enemy in our own ranks, who goes with us merely to bag the public money and steal away to some more congenial clime with it, who clothes our soldiers in rags and gives them rotten blankets to shield them from the rude wintry blast, is he less guilty than the open and avowed rebel of that crime which the Constitution defines as 'giving aid and comfort to the enemy?'

The money is lost, says some one, and it is of no use looking after it. We differ with that. There is a use. These harpies must be made to disgorge. We care not how high they have been holding their heads, they ought to be prosecuted at once, and that to the full extent of the law; and Congress should demand of the President that he purge the departments thoroughly of all such influences. This measure is due to those who are furnishing the government with the sinews of war, that they may be satisfied that the money so liberally supplied is not wasted on corrupt hangers on.

MASON AND SLIDELL.

On November 19th, we published the first telegraphic account of the arrest of Messrs. Mason and Slidell, accompanied with some editorial remarks denouncing the arrest, based on well known American law and usage, and in violation of precedents, we had ventured to go to war upon with Great Britain. We advised the immediate return to Europe of Mason and Slidell as a matter of policy and safety. We said:

"The whole country will applaud the zeal and pluck of Captain Wilkes in this transaction; but cool and sober minded men must nevertheless condemn it. He has brought the country into a bad scrape, and the sooner we get out of it the more gracefully we can do so. It will never do to rush wrong end foremost into a quarrel with Great Britain for the sake of a brace of traitors. We say this, not because Great Britain is powerful; *but because we cannot afford, especially at a time like this, to persist in a wrong.* The were to strike down at a blow all international law and comity, and throw the whole world into anarchy.

Suppose we hold on to Messrs. Mason and Slidell, we must not, cannot treat them as traitors, after arresting them in the manner we did. Well then, we shall send them to Fort Lafayette, as we have done others equally guilty. What then? Why we should in that way do more to strengthen their cause in Europe than a thousand Masons and Slidells could do, were they there. It would be the strongest possible acknowledgment that we feared them—feared them to such a degree that we preferred to trample under foot all national rights, and risk a rupture with the most powerful nation on earth, rather than let them cross the Atlantic. Rely upon it, those desperate diplomatic adventurers—for at best they are nothing else—could accomplish more, a thousand fold, in Fort Lafayette than they could do at the Court of St. James and St. Cloud.—Let them go. Put them on board the first steamer that sails, and send after them a shout of derisive defiance. In that way, and in that way only, can our claws and extract their fangs. No man knows better how to make a courteous and dignified apology than Mr. Seward, and we hope he will do it promptly.

To hold these men as prisoners would, under the circumstances, do us no good, but, as we have endeavored to show, incalculable injury. Fortunately the outrage on the British flag was so flagrant that its disavowal can never be attributed to any other impulse than that of honor and fair dealing. But should there be the slightest hesitation about making the *amende honorable*, we shall lose all the advantages that we might derive from our magnanimity and our almost scornful indifference as to the whereabouts of this brace of rebels and mischief makers. If our government should restore them to liberty, and send them on their way, the sympathy of Europe would be changed to laughter."

It is the most unfortunate blunder of this Administration to have waited until our own people were strongly committed to the propriety of the arrest, fortified it would seem, at the request of government, by the best legal ability of the day, to have waited until the Secretary of the Navy endorsed Commodore Wilkes and even Congress took action upon it.

To have waited until England was inflamed and roused to her very depths at what she considered a wanton aggression upon her flag, to have hesitated, until her threats reached us in an unmistakable form, and then to have suddenly discovered the course of Commodore Wilkes could not be justified, was to administer to our lips, for the first time in our history, the bitter cup of national humiliation. We were about prepared to say to this "highway robber," if you want Mason and Slidell, come and take them. We yield nothing under compulsion. Weare fearful of this last strain upon this Administration. Demagogues in and out of Congress will take advantage of it, and embarrass Mr. Lincoln if they can. His great fight will be at home, not abroad, but if he comes safely through, which we hope and pray he may, then is he indeed invincible.

It will be seen by the dispatches published in this morning's *Post*, that the English government has taken high ground in their demand for the surrender of the rebel Embassadors. That government not only in the most peremtory manner demands the surrender, but insists also upon our government making ample apology. Mr. Seward gives up the prisoners, but considers an apology unnecessary, because, he says, Capt. Wilkes acted upon his own responsibility in making the seizure, and not under any instructions from our government. This explanation, we presume, will save our government the necessity of making any further apology.

We are not disposed to be captious with our government, in this matter, we cannot but remember, however, that the Administration made a very great man of Capt. Wilkes after his capture of Mason and Slidell, and for the very act which they now repudiate and condemn.

OUR ARMY CORRESPONDENCE.

From Col. Black's Regiment

CAMP BETTY BLACK, Dec. 24th, 1861.

MR. EDITOR:—As you will observe by the date of this letter, our camp has at last been christened. The name was suggested by Captain Crozier, of Company M, (the Blair county sharp-shooters,) in honor of the Colonel's little daughter, and pet, who is a universal favorite all through the regiment.

Although our own boys have been denied the pleasure, so far, of having a pop at the rebels, some of our immediate neighbors have been more fortunate On Friday last, several of the Pennsylvania reserve regiments were engaged in the battle of Dranesville. The Sixth, commanded by Col: Rickets, the Ninth by Col. Jackson and the Tenth by Colonel McCalmont, Twelfth by Col. Taggart, and the "Buck Tail Rifles," by Lieut. Col. Kane, all had a hand in the muss, and rendered good service, as you will have received the details of this engagement, I need not give them here, but will mention that a Pittsburgh Captain, Robert Galway, bore himself gallantly. Captain Samuel B. Dick, of Meadville, Pa, who has a number of relatives in Pittsburgh, also, of the Ninth, received a severe flesh wound in the thigh, but both the young braves, their friends will be happy to learn, are doing well and will soon be on duty again

The coolness and firmness of mind displayed by Lieut. Col. Anderson, of the Ninth, is the subject of remark and commendation. Robert has smelled powder before, and of course can stand the fire. The old Keystone State will never have any cause to be ashamed of her numerous battalions.

Our grand review came off on Saturday, as indicated in my last, it was a fine display. The great event of the day, however, was the presentation and reception of the flags. Senator Cowan presented, and Col Black received them. The following is the Colonel's speech upon the occasion:

Col. BLACK, of the Sixty-second, in behalf of his own regiment and Col. McLean, of the Eighty-third, received the flags, and made the following reply:

SENATOR: In the name and in behalf of the regiment which I have the good fortune to command, and in their name who have the good fortune to be commanded by my friend, Col. M'Lean, a mutual honor to each other, I accept these colors of our country, a gift from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, our mother.

Past memories and present troubles combine to increase and make more intense our devotion to the national flag. We witness to-day, and will witness with uplifted hands, and hearts unchanged, that perfidy and rebellion at home, either alone, or aided by habitual arrogance and pretension abroad, shall serve only to gather us more closely around the standard of our country.

When the sky is clear, and the winds are still, it leans upon its staff in patriarchal and peaceful repose—an object of calm and contented love.

But when it troubles in the storm, a nation assembles at its salute; call; battallions people every hill; the mighty hosts of the mountains hasten to the field; quadrons sweep over every plain; and sovereign States, sensible that loyalty is the sign of independence, form themselves into one solid squadron for its defence.

We turn with pride to the great Pennsylvania sentiment of patriotism embraced in her flags now unfurled before us. Behold and admire the beauty of the glowing thought that shines upon the standard! The arms of the State are inlaid amongst the stars of the Union! Her shield, her buckler, and her strength are there. Her own star is there; but which one is here? Who, by searching, can find out or declare? The utmost art of astrology employs its mystic power in vain, and reveals only that which a child can see—that one star differeth not from another star in glory, but all shine together in the same heaven and with the same original and independent lustre.

And oh, sir, can we help but turn with heavy hearts and swelling indignation, when we see the standard which rebellion has reared, to the tearing asunder of precious ties, and shaking to its foundation the truest and best Government on the globe? Something remains of the original, but only enough to show the sacrilege perpetrated upon the very symbol of our glory.

It has plucked the bright emblems of our national progress and power from their appointed place, and in sad thereof, has planted a fading tree, which blooms to-day, like the grass, "and to-morrow is cut down and cast into the oven;" rebellion and Confederate folly failing to remember that stars are the Divine tokens of advancing kingdom, and have been since the star that beamed on Bethlehem first flamed in the forehead of the morning sky.

Sir, you have our thanks for the act of presentation gracefully performed, for your sentiments of kind feeling and generous confidence, for the words of beauty, eloquence, and power, such as come only from a clear head and a sound heart. You do not misunderstand us. We have dedicated ourselves, in solemn covenant, to the services of the country, the defence and vindication of its flag, the restoration of the Constitution in all its power, and the preservation and perpetuity of the American Union in every part of its wide and great dominion.

We join you in the noble thought that this is a war of rescue and not of desolation, of deliverance and not of destruction, of protection to the people in every State, who prefer the glory of a great Republic to the shame of foreign dependence, the sure sequel of successful disunion!

But, sir, of the great result, we entertain not a single doubt, nor the slightest apprehension. The flag of the Union is our flag as it was our fathers, and we receive from them, though *dead*, their *living* faith that it shall not perish.

Before we part, may I not say to you, companions of my early days; friend of my life long, even until now, honored Senator of my native State; we desire no change of standards and none of standard bearer. In our colors and our commander our confidence is full of the sea and fixed as the hills. Their destiny now is one and inseparable, and side by side with both, the soldiers of the Potomac are prepared to stand or fall.

In closing, I offer no pledge nor promise. But when this battle of national existence is fought and won, as fought and won it will be, and these two standards shall reappear, within the gates of peace as in God's good providence they may, not a star less bright than now, nor any stripe stained with dark dishonor, though the blood of many sons may crimson every inch of white, I beg you, on that day, to remember and believe, that no accident in design, and the brave purpose of these battalions is fulfilled in that future of the flag.

SONGS OF THE CAMP.

Bayard Taylor's beautiful verses, founded on an incident in the Crimean War, will bear repetition at this time, when war, its glory and its sorrow, occupy the mind of the nation:

"Give us a song!" the soldiers cried,
The outer trenches guarding,
When the be tired of the camp afield
Grew weary of bombarding.

The dark Redan, in silent scoff,
Lay, grim and threatening, under,
And the tawny mouth of the Malakoff
No longer belched in thunder.

There was a pause. The guardman said,
"We storm the forts to-morrow;
Sing while we may, another day
Will bring enough of sorrow."

They lay along the battery's side,
Below the smoking cannon—
Brave hearts from Severn and from Clyde,
And from the banks of Shannon.

They sang of love and not of fame—
Forgot was Britain's glory;
Each heart recalled a different name,
But all sang—'Annie Laurie.'

Voice after voice caught up the song,
Until its tender passion
Rose like an anthem, rich and strong—
Their battle eve confession.

Dear girl—her name he dared not speak—
Yet, as the song grew louder,
Something upon the soldier's cheek
Washed off the stains of powder.

Beyond the darkening ocean burned
The bloody sunset's embers,
While the Crimean valleys learned
How English love remembers.

And once again a fire of hell
Rained on the Russian quarters,
With scream of shot and burst of shell,
And bellowing of the mortars.

And Irish Nora's eyes are dim,
For a singer, dumb and gaunt!
And English Mary mourns for him
Who sang of 'Annie Laurie.'

Ah! soldiers, to your honored rest
Your truth and valor bearing;
The bravest are the tenderest—
The loving are the daring!

DIED.

On Friday morning, 27th inst., HON. WILLIAM B. McGUIRE, President Judge of the Courts of Common Pleas, Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of Allegheny county, in the 55th year of his age.

Funeral on Monday morning, at 10 o'clock from his late residence, No. 89 Penn street, whence it will proceed to Allegheny Cemetery.

☞ BREEL'S MAGNETIC OIL, THE RADICAL CURE FOR RHEUMATISM, PAINS, BRUISES, &c.—JOHN A. MORTON, an old and respected merchant of New Lisbon, Ohio, in ordering a supply, says: "I have now been selling it for five or six years, and find the demand increasing, many of my customers taking as high as six bottles at a time. In fact, we never had such a remedy for the cure of Rheumatism, Sore Throat, Swellings, Burns and Pains."

For sale by Druggists everywhere.

SIMON JOHNSTON, Sole Agent, corner Smithfield and Fourth streets.
de30

☞ BRANDRETH'S VEGETABLE PILLS are infallible for costiveness, spasms, loss of appetite, sick headache, giddiness, case of bloating after meals, dizziness, drowsiness, and cramping pains, and all disorders of the stomach and bowels.

Original Letter at 294 Canal street, N. Y.

J. C. COOK, publisher of the State Banner, Bennington, Vt, says; he was attacked with Dyspepsia so severely from it, that not a particle of food could be swallowed without occasioning the most uncomfortable sensation in his stomach For five years he suffered from this dreadful complaint, when he used *BRANDRETH'S PILLS*. The first box did not seem to benefit him much, but the second produced a change, and by the time he had taken six boxes a COMPLETE CURE was effected. He says: "My dyspepsia was gone, and my expectation of an early death vanished."

BRANDRETH'S PILLS are sold at the PRINCIPAL OFFICE 294 CANAL ST., and 4 UNION SQUARE, New York.

Obtain your first supply from one of these depots or from one of the regular advertised agents for the GENUINE BRANDRETH'S PILLS, you will then know how to discern between the true and false.

Sold by THOS. REDPATH, Pittsburgh, Pa, And by all respectable dealers in medicines.
de14-1mdaw

☞ TO THE CITIZENS OF PITTSBURGH.—I announce myself to you as a candidate at the ensuing election, for the office of

CITY CONTROLLER,

If a long experience in varied and extensive business, a perfect familiarity with accounts, and the identification of a lifetime with all the interests of my native city, entitle me to your confidence and support, I will confidently hope for your suffrager
no22-tf WILLIAM LITTLE.

CORN—455 sacks prime Ear Corn on the wharf and for sale, by
J. A. FETZER,
de28 cor 1st and Market sts.

UNDERTAKER.

☞ R. FAIRMAN, UNDERTAKER, sole agent for Fisher's Metallic Burial Cases, at R. R. BULGER'S CABINET WAREROOMS, No. 45 SMITHFIELD STREET Residence, 213 Lacock street, Allegheny City. Orders may be left AT CHARLES' LIVERY STABLE, Allegheny City.
se21-6md-2p

☞ TEABERRY TOOTHWASH,
Teaberry Toothwash,
Teaberry Toothwash,
Teaberry Toothwash.
Teaberry Toothwash,
Teaberry Toothwash,

This elixer is one of the most valuable preparations of the day for preserving the Teeth and Gums.

By its regular use you are insured Teeth free from acid and tartar.

It will cure ulcers in the mouth and gums.
It will arrest decay of the teeth.
It will cure bleeding gums.
It will make soft, spongy gums hard and healthy
It will neutralise all offensive secretions of the mouth, and impart a delightful aroma to the teeth.

Prepared by
JOSEPH FLEMING,
de23 corner of the Diamond and Market st.

☞ NOTICE TO STEAMBOAT OWNERS.—The Insurance Companies of this city, represented by the undersigned, hereby give notice to all parties insured in the respective companies that, under their policies of insurance, it is required that there shall be kept on board of each boat, whilst lying up, a day watchman and a night watchman and also, that there shall be, on each boat at least twenty-five buckets, continually filled with water, to be distributed forward and aft, and upon the several decks. These are not intended as new regulations, but as the proper and legal interpretations of clauses in the policies which do not appear to be perfectly understood.

R. Miller, Jr., President Western Insurance Company; Samuel Rea, Secretary Citizens' Insurance Company; James A. Hutchison, President of Monongahela Insurance Company; Robert Finney, Secretary Eureka Insurance Company; D. M. Stock, Secretary Allegheny Insurance Company; F. A. Rinehart, Secretary Pittsburgh Insurance Company; P. A. Maclera, Agent Dil. M. S. Insurance Company; A. A. Carrier, President Pennsylvania Insurance Company
de28-1w

☞ DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK,
NO. 65 FOURTH STREET.
Deposits made with this Bank BEFORE the
FIRST DAY OF JANUARY,
Will draw interest from that date.
de28 CHAS. A. COLTON, Treasurer.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

1862. NEW YEARS. 1862.

NOW IS THE TIME
TO SECURE PRESENTS
—FOR—
NEW YEARS.

Embroidered Collars,
Embroidered Handkerchiefs,
Embroidered Setts,
Lace Collars,
Lace Handkerchiefs,
Lace Setts,
Linen Handkerchiefs,
Linen Collars,
Linen Setts, for 50 cents,
Woolen Hoods,
Skating Caps,
Nubias and Sontags,
Hoop Skirts,
French Corsets for 62,
Mechanic Corsets for $1,00
Gents Merino Shirts,
Gents Merino Drawers,
Collars, Neck Ties, &c.,

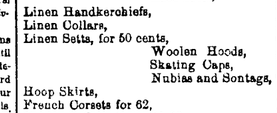
CHEAP FOR CASH
—AT—
CHARLES GIPNER'S,
No. 78 Market Street.
de30

JUST OPENED AT
W. & D. HUGUS',
A LARGE STOCK OF
PRINTS,
GINGHAMS,
DRESS GOODS,
SHAWLS AND CLOAKS,
BALMORAL
—AND—
HOOP SKIRTS,
All at the lowest CASH PRICES.
W. & D. HUGUS,
CORNER FIFTH AND MARKET STREETS.
de30

PROPOSALS WANTED—TO FURNISH 3,000 BARRELS GOOD EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR, round hoop, at PITTSBURGH DEPOT, in lots of not less than 500 barrels. Cash Treasury Notes on receipt of each lot in Washington City.
D. M. BARBOUR,
de30-tt Box 189, Pittsburgh, Pa

DWELLINGS, WAREHOUSES AND STORES FOR RENT—A comfortable Dwelling House on Ross street, a large house on Third street; a dwelling house, No. 80 Liberty street; a large warehouse on Wood street; two small store rooms with good show window and cellar on Market street; 8 small dwelling houses at $5 a month; 2 dwellings of 8 rooms each, at $8 per month; a house of 3 rooms for $6 per month. Apply to
de30 S. CUTHBERT & SON, 51 Market st.

SMITH & PITCAIRN,
MERCHANT TAILORS
No. 48
ST CLAIR STREET.



CORNER OF PENN AND ST. CLAIR STREETS,

Specimens of Prof. Cowley's Plain and Ornamental Penmanship; a catalogue of 88 pages, and a large engraving containing 8 square feet, will be mailed, post-paid, to any address, enclosing 25 cents in stamps to the principals.
de23-3tdalw JENKINS & SMITH, Pittsburgh.

GENTS
FINE FRENCH BOOTS,
Of Brooks' Manufacture,
SELLING AT NEW YORK PRICES,
FOR CASH,
At 31 Fifth Street,
W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.
se16

J. D. HANCOCK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
NO. 73 GRANT STREET
PITTSBURGH, PENNA.
de13-tf

CHECKS.
CHECKS OF A SUPERIOR QUALITY
are offered for sale at the office of the WESTERN PENITENTIARY.
no2-2m JOHN BIRMINGHAM, Warden

HORNE'S HOLIDAY SALE
—AT—
No. 77 Market Street.

THE BEST BARGAINS IN THE CITY IN
EMBROIDERIES & LACE GOODS,
LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS,
GLOVES, GAUNTLETS, HOSIERY,
WORKED SLIPPERS,
—AND—
FANCY GOODS,

Having marked our stock from
25 to 50 PER CENT
below former prices, we are now offering
GREAT INDUCEMENTS
to persons who wish to supply themselves with
HOLIDAY GIFTS.

Our stock of
Embroidered and Plain Linen Handkerchiefs, of very large and varied; Embroidered Handkerchiefs at 25 cents, up to $3,50; Lace Trimmed Handkerchiefs at cost
Pure Linen Handkerchiefs for 6¼ cents; Gents' Fine Linen Handkerchiefs 15¼.
Wide Hemmed,
Revere Bordered, Corded,
Border, Scolloped, and all other kinds of Silks for Ladies; French worked sets at 50, 60, 75, 80, $1,00, $1,25, and all other price to $5,00; Cambric and Snip Collars, at all prices; Ladies', Gentlemens, Misses' & Boys Gloves & Gauntlets; Woolen Hoods
SKATING CAPS,
TOW TOW CAPS, SLEEVES,
SONTAGS, SCARFS,
CLOUDS AND TWILIGHTS.
HOOP SKIRTS,
of all kinds and at all prices;
French and Mechanic Corsets.

An entirely new stock of
EMBROIDERED SLIPPERS,
PORTMONAIES AND CABAS,
Ladies Leather Bags, &c., &c.
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
n all qualities and colors.

☞ Hair Netts, Head Dresses, Shell Turk Combs, Shawl Pins, Garters and all kinds of Fancy Goods.

☞ An examination of our stock is solicited from all persons who wish to buy
CHEAP GOODS.
JOSEPH HORNE,
dec18 2w 77 MARKET STREET.

WHITE KID
—AND—
SATIN SLIPPERS, HEELED,
suitable for balls, parties and wedding, just received by
W. E. Schmertz & Co.,
No. 31 Fifth Street.
de18

TIERNAN & GETTY,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
TEAS, WINES, LIQUORS, &c.,
North east corner of
OHIO STREET AND THE DIAMOND,
no30-1y ALLEGHENY CITY.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS—
Just received a large assortment of
GENTS' SLIPPERS,
VERY CHOICE PATTERNS,
and selling low by
W. E. Schmertz & Co.,
de18 No. 31 Fifth street.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS,
25 PIECES
NEW DRUGGETS,
75 PIECES
NEW BRUSSELS CARPET
☞ These have just been received and are of the LATEST AND RICHEST PATTERNS, at the lowest prices.
W. M'CLINTOCK,
de19 113 Market Street.

SPALDING'S
THROAT CONFECTIONS
BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.
BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.
AYERS' CHERRY PECTORAL.
SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP.
SELLERS' COUGH SYRUP.
For sale by
CHAS. H. SUPER,
AT HIS DRUG STORE,
Cor. Penn and St. Clair Sts.
no2

★ ★ ★

TO HORSE OWNERS.—DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT FOR HORSES is unrivalled by any, in all cases of Lameness, arising from Sprains, Bruises, or Wrenching, its effect is magical and certain. Harness or Saddle Galls, Scratches, Mange, &c., it will also speedily cure. Spavin and Ringbone may easily be prevented and cured in their incipient stages, but confirmed cases are beyond the possibility of a radical cure. No case of the kind, however, is so desperate or hopeless but it may be alleviated by this Liniment, and its faithful application will always remove the Lameness, and enable the horse to travel with comparative ease.

Every horse owner should have this remedy at hand, for its timely use at the first appearance of Lameness will effectually prevent those formidable diseases mentioned, to which all horses are liable, and which render so many otherwise valuable horses nearly worthless.

R. E. SEILERS & CO.,
de27-1y-daw-sow Agents for Pittsburgh.

SEALED PROPOSALS until the 30th December, 1861, are invited for furnishing the U. S. Quartermaster's Department with FLOUR.

About 12,000 barrels will be required, of a high grade of Extra Flour, to be delivered in Washington, at the Railroad Depot, or at Warehouses in Washington or Georgetown, sometime between the first and 10th of January, 1862.

Each barrel of the Flour to be inspected just before it is received. The Flour must be equal in quality to the samples to be obtained at the Capitol Bakery, Washington City.

Bids to be directed to Major A. BECKWITH, C. S. U. S. A., and endorsed "Proposals."
dec24-td

CHEESE—100 boxes prime Cutting Cheese received and for sale by
JAMES A. FETZER,
de28 corner of Market and First streets

THE GREAT QUESTION OF THE DAY
For the next two weeks will be,
WHAT OUGHT I TO BUY
FOR A
CHRISTMAS
—OR—
NEW YEAR'S PRESENT.

All the friends and customers of
REINEMAN, MEYGAN & SIEBLE,
That have not yet determined on what to buy will please look over the following list of articles, when they will be sure to find something to suit:

Gold Vest Chains,	Silver Table Spoons,
" Gents' Breastpins,	" Tea Spoons,
" Bracelets,	" Forks,
" Spectacles,	" Butter Knives,
" Watch Seals,	" Soup Ladles,
" Pens and Cases,	" Cream Ladles,
" Lockets for Minatures,	" Sugar Tongs,
" Necklace,	" Salt Spoons,
" Studs,	" Mustard spoons,
" Sleeve Buttons,	" Child's Knife & Fork,
" Crosses,	" Cups,
" Finger Rings,	" Thimbles,
" Chatelain Chains,	" Snuff Boxes,
" Ear Rings,	" Napkin Rings,
" Ear Drops,	Plated Castors,
" Guard Chains,	" Cake Baskets,
" Keys,	" Tea Setts
" Charms,	" Coffee Setts,
" Armlets,	" Molasses Pitchers,
" Pencils, &c., &c.	Plated Ice Pitchers,
	Plated Soups and Oyster Ladles, etc., etc.

☞ Gold and Silver Watches of every imaginable style and price.

☞ French German and American Clocks, Spy Glasses, Musical Boxes, 2 to 12 tunes; Bronze, Statuary, Portmonaies and fancy articles in general too numerous to mention. All we ask is a call at our establishment, NO. 4½ FIFTH STREET, one door from Wood, and examine our goods and prices.

RATES OF
EL DORADO LIME,
AT THE
White Lime Depot,
No. 401 Liberty Street.

IN BARRELS.	
By the single Barrel	$1 00 per bbl
By the Draw Load	90 "
By lots of 10 and less than 20 bbls,	85 "
By lots of 20 bbls. or more,	80 "
By the Car Load,	75 "
IN BULK.	
By the Half Peck,	10 cts.
By the Peck	15 "
By the Half Bushel,	20 "
By the Bushel,	30 "
By the Cart or Wagon Load,	28 per bush
By lots of 50 bushels, or more,	25 " "
By the Car Load,	22 " "

A liberal discount given on contracts for supplying Glass Houses, and other manufacturing establishments, and to retailers.

Lime in barrs shipped to any point on the Allegheny, Monongahela or Ohio rivers. Lime either in barrels or in bulk shipped to any station on any of the railroads leading from Pittsburgh.

Terms—NET CASH, unless otherwise agreed upon.

ROBERT H. CANAN & CO.
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THE GREAT CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

THE PROPRIETOR OF THIS MEDICINE having made it the study of years to concentrate the life of the Pine Tree into a Medicine for diseases of the Lungs and Throat, is now offering to suffering humanity the result of his experience. This truly great and good medicine is prepared with much care, the tar being distilled expressly for it, is therefore free from all impurities of common tar.

It has cured more cases of Consumption than any known remedy on earth

It will cure BRONCHITIS.
It will cure ASTHMA.
It will cure SORE THROAT AND BREAST.
It will cure COUGHS AND COLDS, and is an invaluable remedy for diseases of the KIDNEYS and URINARY COMPLAINTS.

☞ Beware of Counterfeits. ☜

If you have the Dyspepsia use WISHART'S DYSPEPSIA PILLS, and if they do not cure you go to the agent of whom you purchased them, and receive your money.

Please call at his store and get a descriptive circular. A box of Pills sent by mail, post-paid on receipt of One Dollar.

No. 10, South Second street, Phila.,
R. S. C. WISHART, Proprietor.
Sold by DR. KEYSER, No. 140 Wood street.
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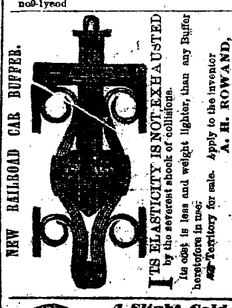

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

A Slight Cold, Cough, Hoarseness or Sore Throat, which might be checked with a simple remedy, if neglected, often terminates seriously. Few are aware of the importance of stopping a Cough or Slight Cold in its first stage; that which, in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if not attended to, soon attacks the lungs.

Brown's Bronchial Troches were first introduced eleven years ago. It has been proved that they are the best article before the public for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, the Hacking Cough in Consumption, and numerous affections of the Throat, giving immediate relief.

Public Speakers & Singers *will find them effectual for clearing and strengthening the voice.*

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine, at 25 cents per box.
de9-6m daw

IMPORTANT
—TO—
INVENTORS.

PATENT AGENCY.	PATENT AGENCY.
Dewit C. Lawrence For Twelve Years an Officer of the Patent Office—the last four as a Member of the Board of Appeal.	Robt. W. Fenwick. For the past four years Manager of the Washington Branch of the Scientific American Patent Agency and for Fifteen Years in the Patent Agency Business.

NOTE—All information necessary to procure a Patent and a copy of the Patent Laws sent free of charge.

Refer to present Commissioner of Patents, Hon. David P. Holloway.
de27-tf

CLOAKS, SHAWLS, FURS, and DRY GOODS, closing out at reduced prices, and a large lot of Muslins, Calico, Canton Flannels, Irish Linen, &c. selling much less than market prices. Call soon and get Bargains at
H. J. LYNCH'S,
de6 of Market street, between 5th and the Diamond.

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.
LESSEE AND MANAGER.....WM. HENDERSON.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.—Private Boxes, $8,00; Single Seat in Private Box, $1,00; Parquette and Dress Circle, chairs, 50 cents; Family Circle, 25 cents; Colored Gallery, 25 cents; Colored Boxes, 50 cents; Gallery, 15 cents.

THIS EVENING.
TWO MUSICAL DRAMAS.
THE FORTY THIEVES.
JACK ROBINSON AND HIS MONKEY.

☞ Look out for the NEW YEARS DAY AND EVENING PROGRAMME.

TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES.
PENN STREET, NEAR ST. CLAIR
THIS EVENING will be presented
FAMILY JARS.
Delph.....Mr. Jennings
Diggory.....Mr. Rourke
Liddy.....Fanny Denham

After which songs by Ida Duval; Dances by Mlle Louise, Miss Emma and Master Charles; Gymnastic Feats by Messrs. Donovan and Worland. To conclude with a MERRY EXTRAVAGANZA, in which J. L. Davis will appear.

SCALE OF PRICES—Private Boxes $1,50; Single Seats in Boxes, 25 cents; Parquette 15 cents; Gallery 10 cents.

Doors open at 8½. Curtain rises ¾.

CANTERBURY HALL.
LATE ATHENEUM, LIBERTY STREET.
IMMENSE SUCCESS.
IMMENSE SUCCESS.
JIM FLAKE,
JIM FLAKE,
MISS MAGGIE BOWERS.
MISS MAGGIE BOWERS.
MISS MARY NEWTON,
and the full company.

GRAND PANORAMA
OF THE
THE WAR.
EMBRACING THE
FALL OF FORT SUMTER,

and all the prominent battles up to the present time. The exhibition will commence on MONDAY, DECEMBER 30th, and continue every evening during the week, at MASONIC HALL. Doors open at 6½ o'clock. Panorama will move at 7½.

Admission 25 cents; Children under 12 years of age, half price.

The panorama will be on exhibition NEW YEARS AFTERNOON. Doors open at 2½ o'clock.

There will be exhibitions on FRIDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS, for the benefit of Schools and Families.
dec30-1wd.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.
ITALIAN OPERA AND CONCERT.

By the celebrated Artistes of the New York Academy of Music.

Mr. Henderson has the honor to announce that he has effected an engagement with Mr. J. GRAU, the Director of the Italian Opera, for TWO GRAND OPERATIC PERFORMANCES, which will take place on THURSDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, January 2d and 3d. On this occasion

MISS ISABELLA HINKLEY,

the distinguished American Prima Donna, whose success since her arrival from Europe, at the Academy of Music of New York, Brooklyn, Boston, Philadelphia and other cities, has been without precedent, will make her debut in this city, and appear in combination with the celebrated artists

SIGNOR BRIGNOLI, the Renowned Tenor,
SIGNOR MANCINI, the Eminent Baritone,
SIGNOR SUSINI, the Great Basso,
HERR MOLLENHAUER, the celebrated Violinist.

The entire combination will be under the direction of the distinguished Conductor of the New York Academy of Music, CARL ANSCHUTZ.

THURSDAY the programme will consist part 1st

GRAND CONCERT OF SONGS.

PART II.

The second act of Donizetti's Celebrated Tragic Opera

LUCREZIA BORGIA, in full costume.

Miss Isabella Hinkley in the tragic role of Lucrezia Borgia.
Sig. Brignoli as.....Gennaro
Sig. Susini as.....Duke Alfonso

PART III.

The last act of Donizetti's Grand Opera

LUCIA DI LAMMERMOOR.

Miss Isabella Hinkley in her celebrated role, (the mad scene) as.....Lucia
Sig. Brignoli in his famous role as.....Edgardo

☞ SECOND PERFORMANCE ON FRIDAY EVENING, JANUARY 3d, when will be presented Donizetti's celebrated Opera, L'E L I S I R D'A M O R, which was pronounced for the first time in America last month on the benefit night of Mr.